The Times

VOL. II. NO. 371. OTTAWA C. W. THURSDAY, MARCH 1, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

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ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House. ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MORAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Garner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 37-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Cases in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. P. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c. (RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.) SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 15. 260y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Ottawa, 18th May, 1866. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s Grocery.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
(References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hamps's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 6tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 76-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Cresent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 73-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, December 13, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's flour store, corner of York and Sussex Street. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sussex and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registry Office. Account books made to order for any kind of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-

N. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 73-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. R. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for Monumental Brasses and Monuments executed; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Keefer Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 293-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1-

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. H. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fox's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Wahan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa.

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 25. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 43-at

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they cansell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
IGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1865. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c.
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.	
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.	
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,	
&c.,	&c.,	&c

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1866. J. CARVEY, M. D. 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This house is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 233tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand.
Jy6.170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 26. 250tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
May 25. 135-y

NOTICE.
Finance Department, Customs, Ottawa, 6th November, 1866.
WHEREAS the power given to Collectors of Customs by the Customs Act, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, Chapter 17, of retaining the invoices produced on the passing of Entries, has not been generally exercised, and that it has been found advisable to make it incumbent upon Collectors to retain the official custody, and place on file all such invoices—
Notice is hereby given that upon and after the FIRST day of JANUARY next, all invoices of goods, presented for entry at any of he Custom Houses in the Province, will be retained and put on file by the Collector of the Port, in conformity with the 12th section of the 29 and 30 Victoria, Cap. 6, and that certified copies thereof will be given by the Collector or proper officer, when required under the conditions therein mentioned.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.
280tf

Finance Department, Customs, Ottawa, 3rd October, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Gulf of Mexico—United States.
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
THE following important Notice to Navigators has been issued from the Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, in reference to a fixed Light on Cape St. George, Gulf of Mexico, United States, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.
The substance of this Notice, as soon as it is received on board, is to be inserted in red ink on the Charts affected by it; and introduced into the margin or otherwise in the page, of the Sailing Directions to which it relates. See instructions, Navigation and Pilotage, p. 172.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
[No. 51.]
Gulf of Mexico—United States
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
Information has been received at the Admiralty, that the Light on Cape St. George, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 1st day of August, 1864.
This light is a fixed white light, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 15 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT ON CAPE SAN BLAS.
Also, that the light on Cape San Blas, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 23rd day of July, 1866.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 16 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT AT JUPITER INLET.
Also, that the light at Jupiter Inlet, East Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 28th day of June, 1866.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half.

NORTH ATLANTIC.
FOG SIGNAL AT WEST QUODDY HEAD, STATE OF MAINE.
Also, that on and after the 15th day of August, the fog signal at West Quoddy Head, Coast of Maine, would be made by means of a Daboll trumpet, operated by a Roper hot air engine, giving blasts of 5 seconds duration, with intervals of 20 seconds between the blasts.
The trumpet is placed in a small white building, a short distance south of the lighthouse, at an elevation of 75 feet above the mean level of the sea.
By command of their Lordships,
GEO. HENRY RICHARDS, Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, 30th August, 1866.
This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: St. George's sound, No. 2,808; West Indies, &c., No. 592 d; Lights in West Indies, No. 390, Bay of Fundy, No. 352; Halifax to Delaware, No. 2,670. 241tf

JUST ARRIVED!
AND
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47tsf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNETS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS, COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN, Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF, OTTAWA, September 12.
O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa
H. MEADOWS & CO.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
OUR STOCK OF THE ABOVE IS NOW COMPLETE, COMPRISING A GREAT variety of all the different patterns, with every real improvement which the advancing requirements of Central Canada have shown to be needed. The assortment is the largest and most varied in this market. Special attention has been given to the selection of STOVES, suitable for Farmers and to residents of the city. The
ELEVATED OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Of which we have about twenty different sizes and patterns, including the following celebrated names: Protectionist, Large and Small King of Stoves, Improved Farmer's, (2 sizes), Fortune, Housekeeper, Sunny Side, &c., &c., all of which are splendid bakers. Our
LOW OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Are unrivalled for city use, being very economical for fuel, and likewise good baking Stoves. The following well known Stoves comprise part of the stock: Monitor, (3 sizes), Empire State, (3 sizes), Queen City, Hotel, Charter Oak, St. Lawrence, Forest, Premium, &c., &c., &c.
PARLOR STOVES!
We have all the latest and best patterns, open and close fronts, elegant in design, durable for use and cheap in price.
BOX STOVES!
A very large stock of these Stoves just received, including the Black Giant, Rambler, Rover, Lioness, Lion, Fulton, &c., all sizes, suitable for the smallest bedroom or the largest hall, warehouse, or church, (a liberal discount made on all Stoves sold to Churches.)
DOUBLE STOVES!
Different patterns, with single or double Ovens.
DUMB STOVES AND STOVE PIPES!
Of the best Russian and other Iron, also Gallows Pipe, T Pipes, Elbows, Key Pipes, and all kinds of Tin, Sheet, Iron, and Copper Ware on hand and made to order.
Builders' Job Work, Hot Air Furnaces, Eavetroughs, &c.,
Made to order. The best of material used and none but first-class workmen employed.
Camp Kettles, Bake Pans, Shanty Plates, and all kinds of Lumberer's Supplies on Hand.
Iron Bedsteads. Iron Bedsteads.
BIRD CAGES. BIRD CAGES CHEAP.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.—Parties about furnishing houses would do well to call and examine our tock in this department, as there is almost every requisite for the Housekeeper, especially in the culinary branch.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
Best Pennsylvania Kerosene and No. 1 Canada Oils. No inferior article kept.
LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS.
Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Hall Lamps—a great variety on hand.
Bedroom Toilet Setts, Baths, Sponge, Plunge, Sitz and Children's Baths, Chamber Pails, and all kinds of Japanned and plain Tinware.
REMEMBER
WHEN YOU WANT TO EXAMINE ANYTHING IN THE ABOVE LINE, GO DIRECT TO THE
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1866. 62-y

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread..... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with fresh bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 6. 306tf

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 28. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 28. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 28. 135-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON, Bezzerer Street.
Ottawa, December 26. 314tf

Finance Department, Customs.

OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

No. 122, 1866.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.

By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.

The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.

The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.

It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House; vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlaas River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ¼ S., distant 1 mile.

W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.

PRESENT:

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:

Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.

And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

(Signed,)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum, which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 85th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

PROVINCE OF CANADA.
By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor-General of British North America, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

India Warehouse—Browne & Hardy.

List of Letters—G. P. Baker, Postmaster.

Physician, Surgeon, &c.—Dr. Dorion.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSES.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.30 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on	9.00 a. m. and	11.30 a. m. and 5.00 p. m.
North side of the Ottawa. Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa.	11.30 a. m.	6.00 p. m. 8.30 a. m.
Cross Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	8.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Original, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage,	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway,	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau,	3.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 1, 1867.

We understand that the Hon. Mr. CAMPBELL will leave this city to-day for Kingston.

We are glad to learn that the publication of the letter of "Publicola" in our columns a short time ago, has had a salutary influence, as several of the stragglers have already returned to their respective duties in the Public Departments, and others have indicated their intention to do so immediately.

It is reported that the Nova Scotian Legislature will meet for the despatch of business on the 16th of next month. This step is rendered necessary, as the customs tariff of that colony is only enacted from year to year, and the existing law expires on the 31st of March. The passage of the Confederation Bill will not affect the constitution of the Nova Scotian Legislature, so that its meeting or continuing to sit after the proclamation of the Confederate Constitution would merely have the effect of curtailing its powers within the limits which the bill assigns to the Local Legislatures. The same is the case also with regard to New Brunswick.

Political matters are stirring in the West. We understand that Mr. HENRY PRINCE, son of the gallant Col. PRINCE, so long known as a staunch and sturdy upholder of British interests in the Western Peninsula, and for many years a prominent member of the Legislature, has been invited to become a candidate for the representation of the new County of Bothwell, in the Canadian House of Commons, and the invitation has been accepted. Mr. PRINCE is closely identified with the material interests of the county, being a large proprietor of wells and oil-lands, and also an extensive refiner; and as he inherits the thoroughly British principles of his father, he will be in all respects a fitting representative of the county in the Legislature of the new Kingdom of Canada. We are glad to learn that his prospects of success are of a most encouraging character.

It is also stated that Mr. McKELLAR will not have it all his own way in Kent. R. STEPHENSON, Esq., of Chatham, is spoken of as an opponent and with the probabilities of success strongly in his favor. In other Western constituencies, considerable activity in political circles is being displayed, and the campaign may be said to have fairly commenced.

The readers of the *Globe* are enjoying a rare intellectual treat. The editor is reprinting copious extracts from the "ministerial explanations" of the gentleman who first occupied the honorable position of President of the Council in the Coalition Government, whom he familiarly terms "Mr. Brown." "Mr. Brown" being a somewhat common name, and the distinguished personage from whose speeches the *Globe* now quotes, having heretofore been so seldom mentioned in its columns, the editor of that journal should explain that this "Mr. Brown" is the same person who expressed his willingness that the country should pay the cost of FIVE INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAYS rather than fail in securing Confederation; and as the aforesaid editor is notoriously "great on figures," it might also lend an additional charm to his columns if he would shew the readers of the *Globe* the difference between the extra local subsidies which are to be paid, and the cost of four additional Intercolonial Railways which Mr. Brown was willing to have paid, to secure Confederation. The great question of whether the thing is really worth the money might then be settled by a standard to which somebody we wot of has no ground of objection. Meantime we congratulate the readers of the *Globe* on being permitted to peruse extracts "from Mr. Brown's ministerial explanations!" Their value is immensely enhanced from the fact that Mr. Brown deserted the Government before the policy to which they refer was carried out.

Already the greatness of the KINGDOM OF CANADA, that is to be, has been made manifest. The "tarnal Yankee nation" trembles in its boots, at the bare prospect of the creation of such a Kinglom. Our republican neighbors, confessing the rottenness of their own political system, or fearing that it will suffer by close contrast with that of "a powerful monarchy," appeal to their President for a "remonstrance" against the impending danger. Petitions in opposition to Confederation from a few expatriated French Canadians, headed by a quack of very bad repute and two or three crack-brained fellows of no repute at all, have been gravely entertained by the American Congress and some of the State Legislatures. The worthy Governor of the *Maniacs*, in his annual message, protested against it as a terrible attempt to strangle liberty upon this continent, and now we find that even Mr. RAYMOND has taken alarm and moved in the House of Representatives that the President be questioned as to the means adopted to prevent the dreaded consummation.

Mr. RAYMOND's resolution will be found under the telegraphic heading. It displays an amount of alarm which we cannot believe to be otherwise than simulated, even on the part of the mover, who is remarkable for moral weakness and political vacillation. We are utterly at a loss to understand why the "Imperial rule of an English prince," over territory under the sway of the British crown, can be construed into a menace against the safety of the Republic, and still more puzzled to find out for what reason the consent of the Washington government should be deemed necessary to the consummation of any political changes which the people of this country and the Imperial government see fit to make. We pass over the insolence of the interference as being something so truly characteristic of our neighbors as not to call for any remark. They are accustomed to doing that sort of thing, and we are so well used to seeing them do it, that it would be the merest affectation to say we are surprised.

What we rather like about Mr. RAYMOND's resolution, and what has kept us all along in good humor with our neighbors concerning their anxieties about our future, is the evidence afforded of the estimate they form of our importance. Mr. Raymond confesses that the Kingdom of Canada is to be "a powerful monarchy," and in this we entirely agree with him; he sees, no doubt, that with the formation of this monarchy, all hopes of the annexation of the Provinces already colonized, or the acquisition of the North-west territory, which the Americans have been in the habit of regarding as already almost their own, are for ever gone, or at the least indefinitely postponed, and in this too we agree with him; but to say that the formation of this monarchy is "hostile to the peace, and menacing the safety of" the Republic is utterly ridiculous, and can only have been brought in for effect. There is but one rational conclusion to be drawn from this movement on the part of Mr. Raymond—that seeing it is "now or never" with the Republic whether British America shall or shall not be annexed, he wishes to take the sense of the Legislature and evoke the opinion of the Executive upon the point. There is of course, from this, as from all other American movements, another conclusion to be drawn, namely, that it is a movement for bunkum, an attempt on the part of the mover to recover his lost popularity with the fire-eaters of his party. But in either case, and whether the resolution is adopted by the House or not, the result will be practically the same—the Kingdom of Canada will become a fixed fact, and no amount of American or pro-Yankee Canadian "remonstrances" can prevent it.

GATINEAU MACADAMISED ROAD.

The company formed for the construction of a road from Union bridge to Craik's ferry, a distance of about eleven miles, is preparing for immediate action. A board of directors was recently organized, viz: Allan Gilmour, Esq., (President,) Alonzo Wright, Esq., M. P. P., Thomas Watson, Esq., Thos. McGoey, Esq., Mayor of Hull, and Nicholas Sparks, Esq. John Aylen, Esq., Aylmer, was appointed Secretary and H. V. Noel, Esq., of this city, Treasurer. The stock already taken up amounts to about $27,000, and as the capital of the company is limited to $36,000, there is little doubt but that the balance will soon be taken up as the prospects of a profitable investment offered by the road are of the most satisfactory character. The directors propose to hold a meeting on Monday next, at Hull, we believe, when in all probability it will be decided to advertise at once for tenders for the construction of the road, as it is intended that the work shall be pushed forward without delay.

The importance of this undertaking to the district to be accommodated by it, as well as to the trade of this city, can hardly be over estimated. Though the road itself will be short, it will open up a valuable and extensive district of country, forming an outlet to market for no less than eighteen Townships. It passes through the new village of Ironsides at the Hull Iron Mines, and will of necessity be the channel for an immense amount of traffic. The trade thus to be accommodated offers an ample guarantee that the stock holders will be well remunerated for their outlay, and with such a Board of Directors as above mentioned there can be no fear that the work will be allowed to flag. As an enterprise of great local importance and calculated to contribute to the development of the resources of an important section of the country, we are glad that energetic men have taken it in hand, and hope the approaching season will witness great progress towards its completion.

THE REPRESENTATION OF CARLETON.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

DEAR SIR,—Permit me to say, through the columns of your journal, that I was not a little surprised to perceive an announcement appearing in your paper of yesterday that I am in the *field* as a candidate for the representation of Carleton in the Local Parliament.

I beg to say, and wish it to be understood that I never authorised, or consented to that announcement being made. A request having been made to me, to meet a number of influential gentlemen from the county and city, I agreed to do so.

For a period of over *thirty* years I have occupied the *field* of industry and enterprise with my fellow-citizens of Ottawa and Carleton; to what effect or purpose the public have a right to judge.

I may be permitted here to say, that at the call of my country in 1837, I shouldered my musket and marched to the *field* in defence of our province and constitution.

In 1867—if the freeholders of Carleton should think my intelligence such as is required to know and to aid in developing the resources of our rising kingdom,—and my abilities sufficient to advocate their rights and interests on the floor of Parliament, their call would receive my grateful attention, and would be respectfully replied to. But at my age, to drum me into the traces, or to foist the political sack on me and send me begging, is a course of proceedure not in accordance with my taste or principles.

Rather than follow such a course I would prefer to continue to cultivate the field of industry and enterprise.

With due respect I remain, Mr. Editor,

Your obedient servant,

P. A. ETLESON, Senr.

Ottawa City, 1st March, 1867.

Per Montreal Line.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, Feb. 28, 1867.

A soldier belonging to the 17th Regiment, named Duggan, an apparently incorrigible thief, was flogged yesterday for stealing. He had previously repeatedly received milder punishments for the same offence.

Last evening a meeting was held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in connection with the subject of the Georgian Bay Canal. Resolutions were passed strongly recommending the enterprise to public consideration. It is the intention of the projectors to petition government for a grant of ten million acres of wild lands on the shores of the upper lakes, to assist in carrying out the scheme. Also to ask the city of Toronto to take up half a million dollars of stock. Several parties, however, spoke against the project.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Per Cable and Montreal Line.

Reduction in the Atlantic Cable Toll.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—The directors of the Atlantic Cable Company hold a meeting on the 12th of March to determine what reduction shall be made in the tolls on the Atlantic Cable.

The Turks Evacuating Servia.

VIENNA, Feb. 28.—The Turkish garrisons are to be withdrawn from the ports in the principality of Servia.

Distrust in Financial Circles.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—A general feeling of distrust prevails in financial circles, and the stock market is prostrated.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Rossan Sheet-Iron.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, Feb. 28.—The famous Rossan sheet-iron was for the first time in this country, made at an iron work in this city.

Steamer Burnt.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 28.—The steamer *Laura Fenton*, lying at Evansville, this morning caught fire and was burned to the water's-edge. She had a large cargo for Memphis, and was valued at $23,000. No lives lost.

Raymond's Resolution Referred to Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Mr. Raymond's resolution, offered last night, making enquiry relative to the Canadian Confederation was referred to the committee on foreign affairs.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The *Post's* financial article says: The loan market is easy and unchanged. Accommodation on call at 6 per cent. discount, demand small; choice bills at 6½ to 8. Gold 139¼.

Still They Come.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The *Commercial's* special says the President announced to a Senator this morning, he was preparing vetoes on the reconstruction, tenure of office and army appropriation bills.

Outrage by a Negro.

FRANKFORT, KY., Feb. 27.—A negro was confined in jail last night, for attempting to violate and seriously injuring a little white girl, a few miles out in the country. It is thought he will be hanged to-night.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

COUNTY COURT HOUSE, Feb. 28.

Pursuant to adjournment the council met at nine o'clock, p. m.

Present the Warden, Messrs. Cowan, Church, Dow, Hinton, Neil, Storey, Sykes, Mills, Tomkins, and Smith.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

Moved by Dr. Church, seconded by Mr. Sykes, that the by-law to regulate accounts and demands preferred against the County of Carleton be read a second and third time and passed, suspending any rule to the contrary.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cowan, seconded by Mr. Morgan, that this council do now adjourn till two o'clock to-morrow, so as to allow time for the different committees to adjust all matters referred to them, and report on the same.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW, January, 1867. New York: L. Scott & Co., publishing company. Ottawa: J. Durie & Son. The number before us contains several articles of more than ordinary interest. The following are the contents: Charles Lamb and some of his companions—The Cholera Conference—Books of fiction for children—Crime in the State of New York—The Week's Republic at Palermo, 1866—Game and Game Laws—Ultra Ritualism—Yankee Humor—English Democracy and Irish Fenianism.

ORCHARD AND NURSERY.

Did you carefully plant an orchard last autumn, and think there is nothing to do but wait for the fruit thereof? If so, in five years from now we shall have letters asking what is the matter with the orchard. The setting of a tree or plant of any kind involves a promise to take care of it. Unless these conditions are accepted, plant no more trees.

Young Trees, from the beginning, need constant supervision. Were the trees properly planted, no stakes will be needed, but if from careless planting or accident, any tree has been thrown out of the perpendicular, straighten it up and tie it to a stake.

Horses or Cattle often do much damage in young plantations, and must be kept out; indeed hogs are the only animals ever to be allowed in the orchard. There are some annoying wild animals.

Rabbits are easily kept off by anything that is distasteful to them. Blood is found to be as efficacious as anything else, and is easily obtained and applied. A small sprinkling only is necessary.

Mice will girdle small trees and shrubs. They work under cover, and all dead weeds and such rubbish must be removed from around the trees. Clasping the trees with a girdle of sheet iron or old tin, will be found to pay where mice are annoying. Tramp down loose snow.

Drains should be opened on the surface, wherever water accumulates upon the surface. In properly drained orchards this ought not to occur.

Insects can now be successfully headed off The eggs of the Tent-caterpillar seem to be especially arranged with a view to their ready removal. If a swelling is seen near the end of a twig, it should be looked to, as it is likely that there is a deposit of eggs glued in a band around it. These clusters are readily seen while the trees are leafless, and may be removed by the aid of a step-ladder, on trees of moderate size, and on larger ones a pair of shears may be arranged at the end of a pole to work by a string. Any time and labor required to remove these eggs will be profitably expended.

Cions are to be cut at any time in winter when the trees are not frozen. Be careful to label every parcel. Saw-dust, fresh from the log, is the best material for preserving cions. Its amount of moisture is just what is required to keep them from drying, and it is not sufficient to cause injury. It is preferable to sand, as the knife is not injured.

Root Graft at any time during winter, and set the grafted roots in boxes of sand or earth.

In *Nurseries*, the young stock is headed back and brought into shape. Never let two limbs start so near together as to form a crotch. Make every preparation for the spring trade, and have all packing material and labels ready for use.

Manure may be carted out while the ground is frozen, and be ready to spread in spring.

Labels on trees received from the nursery are, for safety, bound on tightly. In this time of leisure go over the orchard and see that no strangulation can result from tight wires.

HOW THEY GET LIQUOR IN NEW ORLEANS.—With a gimlet, a hollow cane familiarly known in the Crescent City as a "joker," and a few pegs, one need never lack liquor in New Orleans. The method is simple. Stroll along the levee; when no one is looking, slip in among the liquor casks; bore a hole with the gimlet and apply the "joker"; having enough, fill the hole with a peg and walk away. Nothing could be simpler or more effectual.

LOCAL NEWS.

PAY UP PROMPTLY.—Those whose licenses for the sale of liquor have not been renewed will be liable to fine for selling without license, after Saturday the 2nd inst., if they have not paid for their new licenses.

AIDING DESERTION.—Yesterday afternoon one of the city carters was arrested upon the information of O'Neill for aiding and abetting the desertion of a soldier of the 100th. The case will be before the police court this morning for investigation.

THE BAZAAR.—In consequence of the absence of the Mayor the cane ballot-box cannot be opened till this evening. It was not intended to continue the fair to-day. This evening everything will positively be disposed of at auction and raffle.

POLICE COURT.—Mary Ann Thompson was charged with vagrancy, having applied for shelter at the City Hall on the previous night; one week in jail.—Mary Durnan, vagrancy; one week in jail.—Mary Woolfred found drunk outside the barracks; one week in jail.

COUNTY COUNCIL.—The session of the county council yesterday was necessarily very short, in consequence of most of the committees being in session on important matters committed to them, and the time occupied in business connected with the Manotic bridge.

THE BRIDGE AT MANOTIC.—The County Council yesterday waited upon the Hon. Mr. Campbell, in the absence of the Hon. Commissioner of Public Works, to urge forward the construction of the bridge at Manotic. We understand the interview was satisfactory to the members of the council.

FORTITUDE IN A CHILD.—Yesterday morning as a little girl, a daughter of Mrs. Grant of the George-street restaurant, was standing with her hand on the sill of a raised window the sash fell on it, and at first it was thought some of the small bones were broken. Dr. Dorion was called in, and while dressing it was astonished by the unusually brave endurance of the child, who encouraged him with her smiles to proceed.

THE MINSTRELS AND PANORAMA THIS EVENING.—This evening will appear, for the first time in this city, Skiff and Gaylord's Minstrels with their Panorama of Sherman's Great March to the Sea. This company have travelled with their exhibition over a much greater extent of territory than that traversed by Sherman's grand army, and they say, with equal success. They have been in California and we are told have crossed the Rio Colorado delighting all sorts of audiences in their course. We shall see.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, Feb. 28th, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 8 above zero.

9 a. m., 18 above zero.
Noon, shade, 26 above zero.
Noon, sun, 43 above zero.
6 p. m., 28 above zero.

BROKE JAIL.—The two members of the gang of juvenile thieves who were committed to jail last week succeeded in making good their escape yesterday afternoon. The police were notified immediately afterwards, and there is little doubt but they will be in quarters again before the public will read this paragraph. They were in charge of the turnkey, working in the yard, the gates of which were necessarily open at the time for the getting in of wood and water when they effected their escape, and consequently no blame can be attached to the jailer.

BURGLARY.—Some time between Wednesday night and Thursday morning, the boot and shoe store of Joseph Lawrence, on Sussex-street, was burglariously entered by the rear of the premises and a quantity of the best of the stock stolen. On examination of the premises it appeared that the burglar or burglars had cut out a large pane of glass in the back window, by which the entrance was made. After packing a large trunk, which the burglar or burglars found in the store, with the best selection of ladies' and gentlemens' boots and shoes to be found, amounting to 34 pairs, the screws of the lock of the back door were drawn and by that means the robbers escaped. On the discovery of the robbery yesterday morning, Mr. Joseph Lawrence applied to Detective O'Neill, who was then at the R. R. depot, sending Constable Brown in search of a person for another offence. O'Neill immediately examined the premises of Mr. Lawrence and telegraphed to Brown to look out for the burglar at the different stations. About one o'clock, p.m., O'Neill received a telegram from Brown, stating that he had the prisoner with the boots and shoes, and would return with him in the afternoon train. It appears, however, that when the train arrived at Kemptville, on the way to Ottawa, while taking in wood, the prisoner, who was handcuffed, made a sudden jump through one of the windows, and ran for the woods. Constable Brown struggled to hold his man in his transit through the window, and got his hands badly cut in his efforts to do so. Chase was given, but to no purpose for a long time, and it was not till near seven o'clock that the prisoner was re-captured. This morning Brown and the prisoner will be seen at the Police Court. O'Neill, who has not seen the prisoner for years, professes to know all about him, and that he has served a term in the penitentiary.

A WORD TO THE WISE.

The formation of the Civil Service Rifle Regiment has caused some dissatisfaction amongst certain of the civil servants, and several of the number have not hesitated to convey their disapprobation by non-attendance at drills, parades, &c.

All sorts of reasons are given by the delinquents accounting for their absence, while several of the most foolish have openly refused to obey the orders of their officers, and have characterized the entire movement as a farce.

I believe there is one intelligent individual, a clerk of about two years' service, who objects to the regiment because he was not offered a commission, grounding his claims on the fact of his having served an ungrateful country in the fierce capacity of an officer of "*the Sedentary Militia.*"

Another says that he is opposed to the system adopted by the Government in forming the regiment, and therefore will not bestow the *prestige* of his presence upon the corps, and is accordingly reported absent without leave upon all occasions.

Being a small man, perhaps he is not much missed, but his name goes down all the same, despite his minuteness.

A third characterizes the officers of the regiment as "a set of muffs," and won't serve under them on any account.

This infantine swell evidently has a latent idea that the government made a fatal mistake in not selecting him as an officer. In fact with a certain class this martial feeling rages with an almost epidemic virulence.

They feel that they are specially intended by nature for places of authority, and they cannot brook the inhuman treatment of being placed in the ranks. Their vanity is only exceeded by their obstinacy, whilst their stupidity throws both qualities far into the shade.

Can these grumblers not understand that the government are quite in earnest about this Civil Service Rifle Regiment?

Are they aware that a list of absentees is kept for a certain purpose, with ugly marginal notes attached?

Do they know that the approaching Confederation of the provinces will afford an excuse for weeding the government flower garden.

In a word, are they dependent on the government, or not?

If not, of course they can do exactly as they please and condemn Ministers, if it please them, to the fullest extent.

But if, on the other hand they wish to hold their present positions, then their plan of action is unwise, impolitic, and most dangerous to their individual interests.

In any case their "kicking against the pricks" is not likely to be productive of good, and it is always easier to swim with the tide, than against it.—[COMMUNICATED.

THE EMPRESS EUGENIE.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—You will pardon me for addressing you, even when I do so in order to correct an error, as I take up the pen for a moment in the interest of historical truth.

A writer from the far West—an ex-Governor of Illinois—in a passage quoted in your impression of yesterday, gives a glowing description of the graces, chiefly physical, of that illustrious lady, the Empress Eugenie. To this I have nothing to say. An American, or any other tourist, may talk as flippantly as he pleases, for anything I care about the public characters it may have been his lot to behold in the course of his travels. But when in a work, which curiosity, if nothing else, will induce many people to read, I meet with a notable historical inaccuracy, I think I am entitled to enter my protest, lest a new fallacy should be added to the many which already pass current among superficial readers. The author in question appears to have made himself perfectly familiar with the personal appearance of the celebrated Empress. But he shows complete ignorance of her genealogy, a matter that is not unimportant, considering that so many high dignities are still hereditary, notwithstanding the practice of our republican neighbors. Ex-Governor Koerner states, that the Empress Eugenie is the daughter of an Irish lady. If the Countess Monteja's descent from Celtic ancestors, through the Dalriad Kings, can entitle her to be so designated, there is nothing to be said. But as the said Celtic heroes of remote antiquity cannot claim to be *Irish* in the modern sense of the term, it cannot be admitted that that distinguished person, the mother of Eugenie, was an Irish lady; she was on the contrary the daughter of an ancient and eminent family of Scotland, the Kirkpatricks of Closeburn. When there was question of her marriage with a Grandee of Spain, of the highest rank, in the time of King Ferdinand, it was necessary according to the laws of the country, that that monarch should be consulted before the marriage could take place. When the lady's genealogy was laid before him, and it was shown that the countess could prove descent through the Kirkpatricks from a still more eminent and more ancient family of Scotland, one which yields not in point of antiquity to that of the Duke of Sutherland which, I believe, dates from the year of 80 of our era, the learned monarch at once said: "Let the good man marry the daughter of Fingal." This fact is so well known that I need only apologise for troubling you with the relation of it. Neither the Governor, nor the people of Illinois may care about hearing it, but it may nevertheless prove interesting to some of the readers of your widely circulated journal.

I have the honor to remain, &c.,

VINDEX.

Feb. 27, 1867.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—You will please give publicity to the following in your worthy columns:

On the evening of Friday the 22nd inst., a public temperance meeting was held in connection with the Plantagenet Division No. 124 S. of T., in North Plantagenet.

The meeting was held in the Town Hall, and was every way a success. The evening was not as favorable as it might have been, had not the snow, which had fallen through the day, been drifted into the roads, thereby rendering travelling disagreeable; notwithstanding, the hall was crowded with a respectable audience of all classes, all seemingly alive to the importance of the great cause which had called them together. The hall was well lighted, and a suitable choir was in attendance, which was led by Mr. Chamberlain. The members of the division appeared in their regalia, and on the whole the meeting presented a lively appearance.

At the appointed hour (7, p.m.,) Lieut. Jas. VanBridger, Worthy Patriarch of the Division, took the chair, and the meeting was opened by the choir singing "Speak Kindly," and prayer by the Rev. W. E. Johnson, M. M. E. Church, Riceville.

The chairman then made a few well connected and concentrated remarks, and called upon the choir, which sang "Touch not the Cup."

James Anderson, Esq., was then called upon to address the meeting. This gentleman read an essay on the strength and influence of Union, which we trust was not without its effect.

Choir—"Maltese Boatman's Song."

Rev. Mr. Higgins, Papineauville, next addressed the meeting. The speaker argued conclusively that, notwithstanding the freedom of Canada when compared with many other nations, that we are free, in the true sense of the word, when a hydra-headed monster is lurking round and about us, holding despotic sway in many parts of our otherwise free Canada, wrenching talent, intellect, virtue and property from the sons of our soil. Furthermore he argued that Canada would not be altogether free, in the true sense of the word, so long as are to be found written in the statute books provisions to grant men license to scatter the seeds of misery, bloodshed and pauperism through the land.

Choir—"Nae luck about the house."

Rev. Mr. Ross, Clarence, next took the platform, and treated largely on the ravages of intemperance, as being the arch enemy of our otherwise peaceful land, and urged that as Canadians showed their willingness to repel Fenian invaders, and loyally volunteered to fight for their country, so should we, as philanthropists, volunteer to repel this gigantic scorpion, King Alcohol.

Choir—"Lift not the wine cup."

As a change of exercise, an ode was read by W. J. Day, T.C.S., addressed to "Pure Water." After which the Rev. Mr. Johnson addressed the audience. He said, in beginning, that he was sometimes accused of being a loud speaker, and long-winded, (which before he was, done no one doubted) but he hoped his friends would bear with him. He went largely into figures, and otherwise, to show the amount of crime and misery caused either directly or indirectly by the liquor traffic, and urged that it was our duty to ourselves and to future generations, to drive this evil beyond the limits of our country, and to this end three things were necessary, viz: 1st, agitation; 2nd, agitation; and 3rd, agitation! and ended by bidding the friends of temperance "Go on, go on, go on." The meeting closed by all present singing the National Anthem.

ALPHA.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.—It is a well attested fact confirmed by the experience of thousands that "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine" for horses is superior to anything of the kind now or ever known. We know that it has been used in many cases where the horse has been considered almost worthless, with the most satisfactory result, the horse having been restored to perfect soundness or so much benefited that the complaint could scarcely be observed. Many such horses have afterwards been sold for from $50 to $100 more than they would have previously brought, and were well worth the difference; let all interested consider this. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

(*Per Montreal Line.*)

Violating the Civil Rights Bill.

FORT MONROE, Feb. 27.—U. S. Commissioner B. B. Foster issued warrants this morning for the arrest of five magistrates of the Corporation Court of Norfolk, for violation of the Civil Rights Bill, by refusing colored testimony in legal proceedings.

A Resolution against Confederation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—In the House to-day Mr. Raymond asked leave to offer a resolution declaring the establishment in immediate proximity to the United States, of a powerful monarchy under the support of a foreign nation cannot be regarded otherwise than as being hostile to the peace and menacing the safety of this republic, and requesting the President to inform the House whether any remonstrance has been made by his government against the proposed consolidation of all the British North American Provinces into a single Confederation, under the imperial rule of an English prince, and whether the consent of this government has been given in any way to the consummation of that project? Mr. Conkling objected. Mr. Raymond moved to suspend the rules. On the vote being taken, there was no quorum, and then the House adjourned; this resolution remaining as unfinished business to come up to-morrow morning.

A Plan for Smuggling.

The *Herald's* special says: Information has been received by the Secretary of the Treasury that steps have been taken towards forming an organisation among the merchants in England for the purpose of smuggling goods into the United States through Canada, if the high tariff bill becomes law.

Political.

The *Times'* special says: The President's veto of the Reconstruction Bill is prepared; its tone is firm and respectful. The veto of the tenure of office bill is also prepared; besides objecting to the section, including members of the cabinet, the President objects to making the tenure of other officers during good behavior or for life. It is reported that Postmaster-General Randall is to resign, and go to Vienna as minister, in place of Mr. Motley. The person who endeavored to obtain an interview with Surratt proves to be really his brother, who went to Texas in 1859. Failing to see him he left the city.

A couple of important witnesses in the impeachment matter arrived in Washington from the South last night.

Found Dead.

LEXINGTON, KY., Feb. 27.—James Robertson, a son of the chief justice, was found dead this morning in the suburbs. Intemperance and exposure were the causes.

Confusion in Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 27.—Vera Cruz dates to the 24th inst., have been received. The greatest confusion prevails, and communication with the city of Mexico is entirely cut off. The Liberals hold all important lines, and by prompt action have thrown the Imperialists into dismay. The French troops and foreigners are leaving the country as fast as possible, and it is believed that Maximilian leaves soon.

A Case of Successful Forgery.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The particulars of a gold swindling operation in May 1865, by which a broker named John Ross, fraudulently obtained $600,000 in gold from various bankers in this city, have finally come to light. The money was obtained by gold certificates, apparently signed by the Continental Bank. Ross escaped with his booty in a vessel named the *Dakota*, which was kept in readiness for the purpose of carrying him away. He is now presumed to be in Brazil, where he is safe from the clutches of the United States officials, there being no extradition treaty between the two countries. Several suits have grown out of the case. Two firms sueing the Continental Bank for sums named on the certificates, and claiming the signatures are genuine.

THE FENIANS AT CHESTER (ENGLAND.)

[From the London Times, Feb. 13.]

* * * Chester Castle was not actually attacked, but it was seriously threatened, and the inhabitants of the city were in the greatest anxiety. It was, indeed, a strange picture of consternation which Monday's telegrams presented, and one which suggested singular reminiscences. The old border city, which in its time has witnessed many raids, and has played an important part in many a civil struggle, was suddenly startled with the apprehensions that a scene from its former history was about to be repeated. Hundreds of strangers "poured into it" with an ominous air of mystery, and dispersed silently through its quaint streets. The magistrates, the volunteers, the soldiers, and all the guardians of the peace that could be enrolled, were preparing, as in old times, to watch all night, and were on the alert for a sudden attack.

From the statements made last night in the two Houses of Parliament, as well as from our correspondence, we possess to-day a sufficiently clear knowledge of what occurred; and it is plain that the danger had been in no degree exaggerated. Notwithstanding some idle expressions of incredulity let fall in the House of Commons last night, it is impossible to doubt that the attempt was due to a deliberate conspiracy of the Fenians. The chief police officers both of Liverpool and Chester appear to have received conclusive information on this point, for the invaders were not without the general Fenian characteristic of having a traitor in their camp. Our correspondent adds some significant pieces of circumstantial evidence; and the mere look of some of the strangers was sufficient to indicate their character, if not their purpose. We must certainly give the Fenians credit for having formed a bold plan, and for having put it into execution with considerable promptitude. If it had not been for the inevitable traitor there is too much reason to fear they would have had at least a partial success. They began to arrive from different quarters, but principally from Liverpool, about two o'clock on Monday morning, and before daybreak several hundreds of them were in Chester. At this moment the castle was protected by a single company of the Fifty-fourth regiment. The Fenians seem to have entertained a belief that this regiment would not offer them a very strenuous resistance. But, however staunch the troops might have been, it is probable their number would have been quite sufficient to resist an attack by two or three hundred men in a place almost indefensible, and if the first arrivals from Liverpool had marched promptly upon the castle they would scarcely have failed to obtain possession of it. In that case they would, according to our correspondent, have secured 9,000 stand of arms, 4,000 swords, 900,000 rounds of ammunition, besides powder in bulk and the arms of the militia.

* * * Still the Fenians showed no signs of dispering, and the Mayor was obliged to send to London a still more urgent request for troops. To this, at ten o'clock on Monday night, Mr. Walpole resolved to accede. The first battalion of Scotts Fusileer Guards was summoned at half-past one, was ready to march at two, and left Euston-square station at forty-five minutes past two. At a quarter to eleven yesterday morning they reached Chester. Before they had arrived, however, the strangers had begun rapidly to disperse, and before evening they had disappeared. By an examination of the railway tickets it seems that between 1,300 and 1,400 had arrived by train, and it is worthy of notice that they all disappeared, chiefly towards Birkenhead, on foot.

Such is the narrowness with which we have escaped an outbreak which, though it would have been of course promptly suppressed, might have cost much loss of life. The government last night adopted rather a tone of apology for having thought it necessary to take decided measures. On the contrary, if fault is to be found with them, it is for not having acted with that promptitude. Of course if would be idol to complain that Chester was insufficiently garrisoned. It was protected as much as any other provincial city—in other words not at all. But it is also clear that if the Fenians had been a little more resolute the troops would have arrived too late. That Chester was saved from pillage is due mainly to the people of Chester themselves; and the energy, the courage and the patriotism they displayed merit the warmest recognition. As Mr. Walpole, according to his own statement, had good reason to fear on Monday morning that matters had assumed a threatening aspect, it would surely have been only prudent to augment the inadequate force in Chester and its neighborhood. It is not probable that any similar attempt will be soon repeated, but it will obviously be desirable that an additional number of troops should be maintained for some time in the neighborhood of Liverpool and Chester.

—Learn the luxury of doing good. Rev. E. Evans, Delhi, Ohio, writes:—"I have used Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylopalsamum. They have changed my hair to its natural color, and stopped its falling off." Could anything more be said in favor of any article? Sold by all druggists. Depot, 193 Greenwich Street New York.

SUBSTITUTE FOR COFFEE.—Get some rye scald it, dry it, and brown it; then mix two parts of it with one of coffee, and you will have as good a cup of coffee as you ever drank. If you are troubled with colds, rheumatism, tooth-ache, nervousness, or any summer complaints, try first of all a bottle of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." You can get it of any medicine dealer, for 25cts. per bottle.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs and irritations of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or cough and vice lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Carrying in prices from 50c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS,
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd. do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Elemo Figs,

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock, such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

☞Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.
OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BRING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Recorder's Court.

CITY OF OTTAWA,
To wit:

Public Notice is hereby Given,

THAT THE
QUARTER SESSIONS
Of the Recorder's Court,
For the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the
County Court-House
(OLD JAIL,) IN SAID CITY,
ON MONDAY,
The 4th day of March next.

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in anywise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office,
February 22nd, 1867. 365d

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO.

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

☞ See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot
For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS,

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365td

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED, The Volunteer's Active Service Manual; by Major Dixon.

The King's Own Borderers; by Grant. Woman against Woman; by Miss Maryatt. Too Good for Him; by Miss Maryatt. The Village on the Cliff; by Miss Thackeray. The Claverings; by Anthony Trollope. Dinks, Mayien, and Hutchinson on the Dog. The Blood of Jesus; by Rev. Wm. Reid. The Apostolic Rite of Confirmation; by T. Bedford Jones, M. A., L. L. D.

The English Magazines FOR FEBRUARY. The American Magazines FOR MARCH.

The Nautical Almanac for 1867.

A most complete stock of Pew, Pocket, and Family Bibles, Prayer Books, Services, and Hymn Books.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
46, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 22. 314y

AUCTION SALES.

TO THE TRADE!

AT THE

VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street,

I AM NOW MAKING SUCH ADDITION to my stock as enables me to offer to dealers and Country Merchants

A Large Quantity of Crockery,

In common ware such as Cups, Saucers, Plates, Pitchers and Dishes of all kinds suitable for the trade at extremely low prices. My stock of White Granite Ware, Colored Ware and China, is very complete, and will be sold at less than usual prices and a large assortment of Cut and Pressed Glassware. Hotel Keepers will do well to examine my Tumblers as they are of the best pattern. Also a

Large Quantity of Furniture,

AND WOODEN WARE.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves.

All of which will be sold at panic prices. One trial will convince you that the Variety Hall is the place to purchase to advantage good goods, and good packing guaranteed to all purchasers at a distance.

☞ All kinds of Furniture and Household Goods purchased as usual, and the best prices paid by

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, Feb. 7. 337y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 350y

STOVES

AT A BIG DISCOUNT.

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stoves in Canada.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

GOOD NEWS.

COAL OIL!

DOWN AGAIN TO

40 Cents

FOR GOOD CANADA ROCK OIL.

NON-EXPLOSIVE.

OR 50 CENTS DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE CITY.

SEND YOUR CANS TO THE

Market Drug Store,

York Street.

WM. HEARN.

Ottawa, January 24, 1867. 320tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

county of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbaceous Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 159y

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Hotel,

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Stree

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitsky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Norma and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; E. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 350d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WITH A VIEW TO CLEAR THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS PREVIOUS TO STOCK-TAKING HAVE RE-MARKED THEIR REMNANTS IN SOME CASES DOWN TO COST, AND IN OTHERS BELOW COST, AND WILL OFFER THE WHOLE

On Monday, the 11th day of February,
AND FOLLOWING DAYS:

THEY COMPRISE REMNANTS OF

Cloths, Tweeds, Coatings, Mantle Cloths, French Merinoes, Cobourgs, Winceys, Alpacens, Poplins, Delaines, Prints, Cottons, Shirtings, Flannels, Silks, Ribbons, Velvets, Carpettings, Oil Cloths,

AND OTHER GOODS TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

☞ All Goods marked in plain figures. No second price.

Wholesale & Retail.] [20 Sparks Street

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, February 11. 355y

WHOLESALE.

2,000 Superior Brain Bags.
1,000 Streetsville Linen Bags.
200 bls. American Cotton Warp.
75 ps. Burritt's Etoffes and Tweeds.
20 " Brown and Blue Serges.
10 " White Serges.
20 " Glasgow "Striped" Druggetts.
1 bale "Lybster Mills" Grey Cotton.
1 " A 1 Dundas Grey Cotton.
1 " A 2 Dundas Grey Cotton.
100 ps. Imported Grey Cotton.
75 ps. Bleached Grey Cotton.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA, JANUARY 19, 1867. 336t1M

FOR BARGAINS
—IN—
DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &C.,
SHAWLS & MANTLES,
Hats, Bonnets and Millinery!
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS and FEATHERS,
—SEE—
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
No. 14, Rideau Street

OTTAWA, JANUARY 17, 1867. 334y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,
MANTLE CLOTHS TWEEDS &c., &c.
SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

THIS BEING THE SEASON FOR Merry-Making, Balls, Parties, &c., &c., to meet the demand for DRESS SUITS, I have on hand a choice assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS!

And of everything necessary to get up orders in a style that defies competition.

Also a choice selection of

Beavers,
Coatings,
Trouserings.
&c. &c.

Ten per cent. off for Cash transactions.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Elgin Street,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1867. 331y

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 260-3m

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$3,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$3,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,839.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION!

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.
No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,
Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!
AND
Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 298y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TO LET,
A TWO STORY STONE HOUSE

CONTAINING TWELVE ROOMS, with Kitchen and Cellar complete, situated on Main street, Aylmer.

Apply to

MRS. RADMER,
Aylmer, C. E.

February 19, 1867. 362tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN.

Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w8-3m

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:

W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences, and other improvements.

Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa, with a house containing four tenements.

Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.

Apply at the Law Office of

LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf.

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

☞ Remember the Place,
204 Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 368y

WANTED,

A FARMER to take charge of Stock and a small Farm, and to make himself generally useful.

Best testimonials required.

Apply to

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont,
Aylmer Road.

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

TO RENT, FROM 1st OF May next, a large STONE HOUSE, furnished, situated in one of the pleasantest localities in Ottawa. Terms reasonable. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 363n

To Let,

FROM 1st MAY NEXT, a large comfortable Stone Dwelling, situated on the Bank of the Ottawa, near the landing of the steamer *Victoria*, and now occupied by T. B. Stanton, with good stable, coach-house, &c., attached.

ALSO, FROM 1st MAY,

A dwelling on Rideau-street, with good outbuildings.

—ALSO,—

Three comfortable cottages, of which immediate possession may be had.

Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
SOLICITOR,
Sussex-street.

Ottawa, February 21, 1867. 364-10

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to

MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.

Apply to

JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.

Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

TO LET A DWELLING House, containing Ten Rooms in the Desbarats' Block, Sparks Street, next to Mrs. Trotter's Restaurant. Possession immediate. Apply to

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Queen's Printer's Office.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

TO LET, A HOUSE CONtaining nine rooms, on Ottawa Street, south of Mathew's Hotel. Apply on the premises, to

THOS. G. BURNS.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND,

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf.

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and W. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Bissell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

WANTS.

WANTED.—A Situation in a General Store by a person of 20 years' experience. Speaks French and English; also thoroughly understands Book-keeping. References if required. Please address to A. B., at the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 27. 188tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 356tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

FOR SALE,
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

Aug. 16-290tf E. McGILLIVRAY

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323tf

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 356-3m

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance
COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1ST, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,756 26
1861	81,230 60	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,150 85
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 356tf

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BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

FOR SALE,
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

Aug. 16-290tf E. McGILLIVRAY

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,
NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests Old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDARIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 6d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry.

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Bakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS.

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessy.
75 " United Vinquels.

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOODS LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAYS LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOPS PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOWS CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAWS SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAWS CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England.

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Carillon and Grenville CANALS.

SEALED TENDERS,

ADDRESSED TO THE UNDERSIGNED Will be received at this office, until

Monday, the 4th of March next,

AT NOON,

For the execution of certain works on the Carillon and Grenville Canals.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, where forms of tender may be obtained.

Tenders must be endorsed,

"*Tender for works on the Carillon and Grenville Canals.*"

The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
SECRETARY.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 363ftd

Sealed Tenders

ADDRESSED TO THE UNDERSIGNED will be received at this office, until

Tuesday, the 5th March next,

AT NOON,

For the Construction of a

BULKHEAD DAM
And Timber Slide,
AT THE
DES CHENES RAPIDS!

Between an Island and the North Shore of the Ottawa River.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, where forms of Tender may be obtained.

Tenders must be endorsed—

"*Tender for work at Des Chenes Rapids.*"

The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
SECRETARY.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 361td

PROVINCE OF CANADA, }

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil-disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorised the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866,

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. } d353-w7tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Until Monday, the 24th Instant,

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A

Wooden Bridge with Swing

To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to

JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.

Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.

JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

Post Office Department,
Ottawa, 9th November, 1866.

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd of November, 1866:

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority of the 17th Chap. of the Con. Stat. Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following articles which, under the provisions of the Act, intituled: "An Act to amend the duties of Customs and the Tariff of Duties payable under them," are to be admitted free of duty when imported by Shipbuilders for Shipbuilding purposes, viz.:

Ships' Blocks and patent bushes for blocks.
" Binnacle Lamps.
" Bunting.
" Sail Cloth or Canvass, from No. 1 to No. 6.
" Compasses.
" Dead Eyes.
" Dead Lights.
" Deck Plugs.
" Pumps and Pump Gear.
" Shackles.
" Sheaves.
" Signal Lamps.
" Travelling Trucks.
Yellow Metal in Bars or Bolts and Yellow Metal Sheathing.
Steering Apparatus.
Composition Spikes and Nails.
Sheathing Copper and Nails.
Iron Knees and Riders.
Wire Rigging.
Cordage.
Treenails and Wedges.
Iron Masts or parts of Iron Masts.

May be and they are hereby authorised to be taken out of Bond free of duty, when purchased by Shipbuilders exclusively for Shipbuilding purposes, subject to such orders and regulations for the protection of Revenue as may be from time to time imposed and sanctioned by the Hon. the Minister of Finance.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
280tf Asst. C. E. C.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, }
January 26. } 36-ut

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints: **Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.**

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla: the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
OTTAWA, 19th March, 1866.

SIR,—I have it in command to call your special attention to the annexed copy of a Despatch from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the Governor-General of this Province, conveying Her Majesty's Orders that no *Chilian or Spanish armed Vessels* be allowed to bring their prizes into British Waters.

I am, sir,
Your obedient servant,
R.S.M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise.

The Collector of Customs,
At Sea Ports in Canada.

The Earl of Clarendon to Mr. Cardwell.
FOREIGN OFFICE, 2nd February, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty's Government being desirous of observing the strictest neutrality in the contest between Spain and the Republic of Chili, they propose, with the view of more effectually carrying into effect this principle, to interdict the Armed Ships, and also the Privateers of both parties, from carrying Prizes made by them into the Ports, Harbours, Roadsteads or Waters of the United Kingdom, or any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Possessions abroad.

I have accordingly to acquaint you that the Queen has been pleased to direct that orders in conformity with the principles above stated, should forthwith be addressed to all proper authorities in the United Kingdom, and to Her Majesty's Naval or other authorities in all quarters beyond the United Kingdom, for their guidance in the circumstances. I have, &c.,

[Signed,] CLARENDON.

The Right Honorable
Edward Cardwell, M. P.,
&c., &c., &c.

[COPY.]
Circular.

DOWNING STREET,
February 26th, 1866.

SIR,—Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of Neutrality during the existing hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's Harbors, Ports, and Coasts, and the Waters within Her Majesty's Territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either Belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to you, for your guidance, the following Rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's Orders and Directions:—

Her Majesty has been pleased to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, on and after Friday, the 2nd of March next, and in Her Majesty's Territories and Possessions beyond seas six days after the day when the Governor or other Chief Authority of each of such Territories or Possessions respectively shall have notified and published the same, stating in such notification that the said Rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

I. During the continuance of the present Hostilities between Her Catholic Majesty and the Republics of Chili and Peru, all ships of War and Privateers of either Belligerent are prohibited from making use of any Port or Roadstead in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, or of any Waters subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a Station or a place of resort for any warlike purposes, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities of warlike equipment, and no Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to British jurisdiction, from which any Vessel of the other Belligerent (whether the same shall be a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least Twenty-four hours from the departure of such last mentioned Vessel beyond the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

II. If any Ship of War or Privateer of either Belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, and in the Channel Islands, and in the several Colonies and Foreign Possessions or Dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any Port Roadstead, or Waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom or in the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's Colonies or Foreign Possessions or Dependencies, such Vessel shall be required to depart and put to sea within Twenty-four hours after her entrance into such Port, Roadstead, or Waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her Crew, or repairs, in either of which cases the Authorities of the Port or of the nearest Port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of Twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies, beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such Vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British Waters for the purpose of repairs shall continue in any such Ports, Roadsteads, or waters, for a longer period than Twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed; Provided nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any Vessel (whether Ships of War, Privateers, or Merchant Ships) of the said Belligerent parties in the same Port, Roadstead, or Waters within the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than Twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a Ship of War, a Privateer, or a Merchant Ship) of the one Belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any Ship of War or Privateer of the other Belligerent, and the times hereby limited for the departure of such Ships of War and Privateers respectively, shall always in case of necessity be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but not further or otherwise.

III. No Ship of War or Privateer of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted while in any Port, Roadstead or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions, and such other things as may be requisite for subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such Vessel to the nearest Port of her own country, or to some nearer destination; and no coal shall be again supplied to any such Ship of War or Privateer in the same or any other Port, Roadstead, or Waters, subject to the Territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of Three months from the time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British Waters as aforesaid.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your most humble servant,
(Signed) EDWARD CARDWELL.
The Officer Administering
the Government of Canada.
Ottawa, April 3, 1865. 90-t

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;

And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—

His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.

W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

CROWN LAND DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 6th December, 1866.

NOTICE is hereby given that the vacant Public Lands in the Townships of Rawdon, Huntingdon, Hungerford, Marmora, Madoc, Elzevir, Lake and Tudor, are offered for sale as mineral lands at $2 per acre, cash.

Applications to purchase to be made to Alfred A. Campbell, Esquire, Crown Land Agent, Belleville. 302tf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

ALSO

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN
For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

A Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say:

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(e) The place wherein is then stored.
(f) The place to which it is to be removed.
(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(i) The time at which it is to be removed.
(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner.
(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6 The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3)
of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4)
at (5) to (6) by the (7) , there to be delivered into the possession of (8) of (9)
The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody the Spirits will be during removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 } [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No
{ Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1]
from [2]
to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6]
and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]
The duty having been [9]
This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks, kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 . Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division.

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the strength proof for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Asst. C. E. C.

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE, }
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866. }

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each deed, instrument or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents.*

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents.*

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents.*

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
208-tf C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY, THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.
January 1 1866. 19tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER,

NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, }
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867. }

Letters, Newspapers,

&C., &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS—RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
BRAZIL { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
CENTRAL AMERICA { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
CHILI—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
CUBA { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	
NICARAGUA { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
NICARAGUA { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
PERU—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
VENEZUELA { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
WEST INDIES—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
WEST INDIES,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand *via* New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to show that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
367dw9-tf Postmaster-General.

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT has been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON.

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.
Post-Office Inspector's Office, }
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. } 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
208tf Commissioner of Customs and Excise

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT EXACTED BY THE CORPORATION of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach, and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor. [L.S.]

Certified,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365e

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

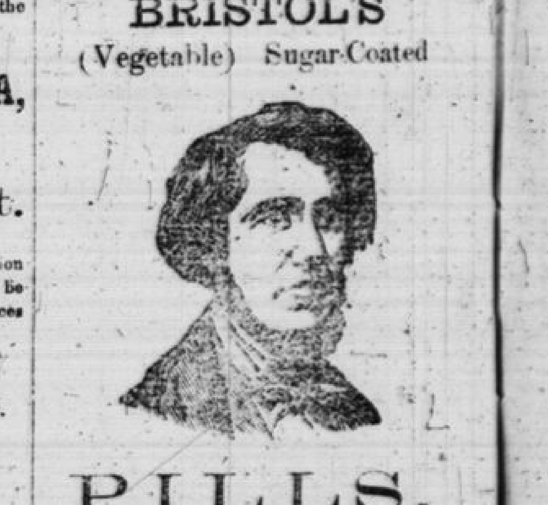
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48utf

At a Council held in the City of Quebec, on Monday, 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL,

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency was pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared that the item, "Iron Wire," "round or flat," mentioned in the Schedule E of the Act 29th, 30th Vic. Cap. 6, was intended to include, and is hereby declared to extend to and include flat wire for crinolines uncovered.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245tf Assist. C. E. C.

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1866:

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed in the 29th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled: "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that so much of the Order in Council of the 20th day of February last, as prohibits the importation or introduction of Horses into this Province, or into any part of it, by sea, be and the same is hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
280tf Asst. C. E. C.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 372. OTTAWA C. W. SATURDAY, MARCH 2, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only	$6.00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line	3c
All subsequent insertions, per line	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER LAPIERRE. ALBERT HAYCOCK.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-uf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employers, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the sittings in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A., B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-uf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Garner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 33ly

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, April 29. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 31-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1865. 43-uf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-uf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. P. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-uf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289-y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 37-y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-uf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-uf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 500y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over his office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Ottawa; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-uf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 3-uf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 7. 43-uf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully cured if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-uf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 20, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Food store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 8. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-uf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lacdine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 229-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Anglet Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one in the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. S. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleming's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire, and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 19. 3194

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.,
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS.—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. Y. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they counsel at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given on than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
IGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16, 1866. 98-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.	
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.	
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,	
&c.,	&c.,	&c

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'r.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 29-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Prince Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Dosharats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN.
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 282tf

MRS. GRANTS SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. 3y6.170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
Ottawa, November 26. SUPERINTENDENT. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Oglensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at	8.00 A.M.
Night do do at	8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at	9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.	
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.	

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c.	5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at	6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at	8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond	2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at	3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at	10.10 P.M.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
G. J. BRYDGES,
May 26. Managing Director. 135-y

NOTICE.
Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 6th November, 1866.
WHEREAS the power given to Collectors of Customs by the Customs Act, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, Chapter 17, of retaining the invoices produced on the passing of Entries, has not been generally exercised, and that it has been found advisable to make it incumbent upon Collectors to retain the official custody, and place on file all such invoices—
Notice is hereby given that upon and after the FIRST day of JANUARY next, all invoices of goods, presented for entry at any of the Custom Houses in the Province, will be retained and put on file by the Collector of the Port, in conformity with the 13th section of the 29 and 30 Victoria, Cap. 6, and that certified copies thereof will be given by the Collector or proper officer, when required under the conditions therein mentioned.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
283tf Commissioner of Customs.

Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 3rd October, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Gulf of Mexico—United States.
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
THE following important Notice to Navigators has been issued from the Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, in reference to a fixed Light on Cape St. George, Gulf of Mexico, United States, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

The substance of this Notice, as soon as it is received on board, is to be inserted in red ink on the Charts affected by it; and introduced into the margin or otherwise in the page, of the Sailing Directions to which it relates. See instructions, Navigation and Pilotage, p. 172.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
[No. 51.]
Gulf of Mexico—United States
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
Information has been received at the Admiralty, that the Light on Cape St. George, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 1st day of August, 1864.
This light is a fixed white light, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 15 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT ON CAPE SAN BLAS.
Also, that the light on Cape San Blas, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 23rd day of July, 1866.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 16 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT AT JUPITER INLET.
Also, that the light at Jupiter Inlet, East Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 28th day of June, 1866.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half.
NORTH ATLANTIC.
FOG SIGNAL AT WEST QUODDY HEAD, STATE OF MAINE.
Also, that on and after the 15th day of August, the fog signal at West Quoddy Head, Coast of Maine, would be made by means of a Daboll trumpet, operated by a Roper hot air engine, giving blasts of 5 seconds duration, with intervals of 20 seconds between the blasts.
The trumpet is placed in a small white building, a short distance south of the lighthouse, at an elevation of 75 feet above the mean level of the sea.
By command of their Lordships,
GEO. HENRY RICHARDS,
Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty,
London, 30th August, 1866.
This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: St. George's sound, No. 2,898; West Indies, &c., No. 392 d; Lights in West Indies, No. 390. Bay of Fundy, No. 352; Halifax to Delaware, No. 2,676. 281tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47utf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,	COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,	MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

BLANKETS.
ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa
H. MEADOWS & CO.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
OUR STOCK OF THE ABOVE IS NOW COMPLETE, COMPRISING A GREAT variety of all the different patterns, with every real improvement which the advancing requirements of Central Canada have shown to be needed. The assortment is the largest and most varied in this market. Special attention has been given to the selection of STOVES, suitable for Farmers and to residents of the city. The
ELEVATED OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Of which we have about twenty different sizes and patterns, including the following celebrated names: Protectionist, Large and Small King of Stoves, Improved Farmer's, (2 sizes), Fortune, Housekeeper, Sunny Side, &c., &c., all of which are splendid bakers. Our
LOW OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Are unrivalled for city use, being very economical for fuel, and likewise good baking Stoves. The following well known Stoves comprise part of the stock: Monitor, (3 sizes), Empire State, (3 sizes), Queen City, Hotel, Charter Oak, St. Lawrence, Forest, Premium, &c., &c., &c.
PARLOR STOVES!
We have all the latest and best patterns, open and close fronts, elegant in design, durable for use and cheap in price.
BOX STOVES!
A very large stock of these Stoves just received, including the Black Giant, Rambler, Rover, Lioness, Lion, Fulton, &c., all sizes, suitable for the smallest bedroom or the largest hall, warehouse, or church, (a liberal discount made on all Stoves sold to Churches.)
DOUBLE STOVES!
Different patterns, with single or double Ovens.
DUMB STOVES AND STOVE PIPES!
Of the best Russian and other Iron, also Gallows Pipe, T Pipes, Elbows, Key Pipes, and all kinds of Tin, Sheet, Iron, and Copper Ware on hand and made to order.
Builders' Job Work, Hot Air Furnaces, Eavetroughs, &c.,
Made to order. The best of material used and none but first-class workmen employed.
Camp Kettles, Bake Pans, Shanty Plates, and all kinds of Lumberer's Supplies on Hand.
Iron Bedsteads. Iron Bedsteads.
BIRD CAGES. BIRD CAGES CHEAP.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.—Parties about furnishing houses would do well to call and examine our tock in this department, as there is almost every requisite for the Housekeeper, especially in the culinary branch.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
Best Pennsylvania Kerosene and No. 1 Canada Oils. No inferior article kept.
LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS.
Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Hall Lamps—a great variety on hand.
Bedroom Toilet Setts, Baths, Sponge, Plunge, Sitz and Children's Baths, Chamber Pails, and all kinds of Japanned and plain Tinware.
REMEMBER
WHEN YOU WANT TO EXAMINE ANYTHING IN THE ABOVE LINE, GO DIRECT TO THE
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET,
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1866. 62-y

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY.
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread ..... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 8. 300tf

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind: We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
DUVERNAY BROS.
5tf

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 22. 314tf

TELEGRAPHIC

Per Montreal Line.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, March 1, 1867.

A gentleman, residing in this city, has received through the post-office, by mistake, a letter addressed to a party of the same name, which goes to prove that the Fenians in the States are secretly preparing to renew their attempts in Canada on a very extensive scale as soon as the season permits of active operations. The writer apparently lived in this city formerly, and belonged to the Hibernian Society of this city, the members of which he wishes to be prepared to assist in their contemplated movement. The genuineness of the letter seems to be beyond doubt.

John Smith, an old resident, and ex-Alderman of this city, died this morning.

The Typographical Society, of Toronto, are having a re-union at the Terrapin this evening, and are apparently having a good time of it.

Corporal Robinson, of the Queen's Own, died yesterday of disease contracted at the front last summer. He will be buried tomorrow with military honors.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 1, 1867.

Hon. J. A. Macdonald was married to Miss Bernard, at St. Georges church, Hatchyer Square, on February the 16th. Bishop Fulford the Metropolitan of Canada officiating.

The 23rd regiment, Welsh Fusilers, mounted the leek in their caps to-day, it being the anniversary of their patron Saint. The officers of the regiment gave an entertainment this evening at the St. Nicholas Hall.

Brevet-Major Van Straubenzee of the 9th regiment, is Gazetted to the Majority of the 100th, vacated by the dismissal of Major Clery.

The Bachelors ball last night, was a magnificent affair and went off with great eclat. Between five and six hundred guests were present—among them many officers, both regular and volunteer, in full uniform.

The American Consul-General held a levee yesterday, which was attended by a good number of citizens.

FROM EUROPE.

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

The Confederation Bill Read Twice in the House of Commons.

LONDON, March 1—Noon.—The bill for the British North American Provinces Confederation has been read twice in the House of Commons.

Illness of Artemus Ward.

Chas. F. Browne, the American humorist, better known as Artemus Ward, is lying very ill at Southampton, whither he had gone for the benefit of his health. His life is despaired of.

Garibaldi Aiding the Cretans.

VENICE, March 1.—The sons of Gen. Garibaldi have gone to Candia to help the Cretans in their battles against the Turks.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

(Per Montreal Line.)

An Alarm of Fire in a Public School.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The alarm of fire in the public school in Jersey city to-day caused great consternation among the children, some two or three hundred in number. Several jumped out of windows and were severely injured, others with one or two teachers, were trampled beneath the feet of the panic stricken mass, and fatally injured.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

CAIRO, Feb. 28.—A boiler in the saw mill near Jonesboro, Ill., exploded yesterday and killed one person and severely scalded several others.

Riot and Murder in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Feb. 28.—The Legislature has adopted a resolution calling on the Federal Government through its military force to keep the peace and restore order and quiet in the State. The preamble asserts that in several counties violence prevails over civil law, and riot and murder go unpunished.

Capital Punishment Abolished in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Feb. 28.—A bill virtually abolishing capital punishment has passed both Houses of the Legislature.

Opening of the Chicago Tunnel.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—The first water was let into the Lake Tunnel on Thursday. The city will be supplied through the new channel in about four weeks.

Horace Greeley to be Hanged.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The *Herald's* Charleston telegram says: Horace Greeley, the negro who murdered R. Barnwell Rhett, last fall, will be hanged to-day.

Cabinet Changes at Washington.

The *Herald's* special says: There was a rumor in Washington last night, that the President contemplates a clean sweep of his Cabinet with but one exception. It is said Judge Black is to become Secretary of State. The one exception is Judge Stanberry, Attorney-General.

Closing of the Equitable Life and Marine Insurance Company.

BOSTON, March 1.—The Equitable Life and Marine Insurance Co., closed their doors yesterday afternoon, in consequence of their heavy losses. They have been 28 years standing.

$16,000 Subscribed in Boston for the South

BOSTON, March 1.—Up to yesterday nearly $16,000 had been subscribed by citizens in aid of the destitute of the South.

LOCAL NEWS.

ANOTHER JAIL-BIRD FLED.—Yesterday afternoon the Frenchman who robbed the store of Pierre Poulin got out of the jail by forcing back the bolt of a defective lock.

POLICE COURT, 4 P. M.—The prisoner Lefebre who committed the burglary at J. Lawrence's, was committed to take his trial at the Recorder's Court. The case of the carter for enticing a soldier to desert, was adjourned until this morning.

FIRE IN HULL.—Yesterday afternoon a fire broke out in one of the drying houses attached to the manufactory of E. B. Eddy, Esq., in Hull. The fire, by the exertions of the employees, was confined to the building in which it originated. A quantity of staves and other material was consumed. Loss about $800.

LAST OF THE BALLOT-BOX.—The ballot-box on which the fate of the first member in the Confederate Parliament for Ottawa probably depends, will not be opened until 8 o'clock this evening. Mr. D. O'Connor, the lady who has it in charge, not wishing to have it opened until his Worship the Mayor will be present, who will return from Montreal to-day.

THE MINSTRELS LAST NIGHT.—At an early hour the house was crowded—and be it remembered with one of the most orderly audiences we have ever had the pleasure of seeing

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Card—Thomas Morrow.
Houses to Let—R. H. McGreevy.
Pork Packers—Herrick, Brush & Co.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 2, 1867.

For Local Matter—Correspondence—Special Telegrams—American and Cable Despatches; see First Page.

By private letters received in this city, we learn that DR. TACHE had arrived at Paris, and had at once gone to work to prepare for the coming Exhibition. He reports the space allotted to Canada as very limited, but that the site is a very good one.

A telegram from Montreal announces that the marriage of the HON. JOHN A. MACDONALD to MISS BERNARD, took place on the 16th ult., the Lord Bishop of Montreal officiating. We are aware that private letters from London had stated that to be the date when the marriage was intended to have taken place, and presume, therefore, that the news is authentic. The many friends of the ATTORNEY-GENERAL will heartily join in wishing him and his bride long life and happiness.

We learn by a cable despatch that the Confederation Bill was read a second time in the House of Commons on the 28th ult. The rapidity with which this great measure is being pushed through shows how closely Imperial and Colonial views harmonise with regard to it. There is a report circulated on the strength of a private letter received by the last steamer, that an attempt was to have been made in the Commons to amend the bill by establishing the Confederacy as a separate Kingdom with Prince Arthur (Alfred?) on the throne. We have no faith that any such quixotic notion would find apologists in the House of Commons, unless among the enemies of the colonies, and we take the fact of the bill, having been read a second time, without any mention being made of such amendment, as conclusive that the idea was never seriously entertained by those in authority.

We are enabled this morning to lay before our readers the full text of the "BRITISH NORTH AMERICA BILL," as introduced into the House of Lords by EARL CARNARVON, and ordered to be printed on the 12th of last month. This is no "advance copy," but the veritable document which reached us from London by the last English mail. The bill is not likely to have undergone any change in the House of Lords, nor do we think its provisions will be interfered with by the Commons.

We publish the bill *in extenso* because of the numerous inaccuracies in the reported bill as published a few days ago by the *Globe*. Though the main features of the scheme were there correctly given, the shape in which they were presented was utterly disguised, and some important points altogether omitted or totally misrepresented. The *Globe's* "advance copy" must have dropped inadvertantly from the pocket of an incautious Delegate, or otherwise surreptitiously found its way into the hands of the *Globe's* correspondent, for no responsible party would have put it forward as the text of the bill. Undoubtedly it may have been a rough draft, or the copy of a draft, which had been before the committee appointed to frame the bill, but in no sense was it entitled to the name of an "advance copy," as any one may discover who takes the trouble to compare the two documents. Such an extraordinary stretch of journalistic enterprise under such pretences is calculated to throw discredit on the reliability of "early news," and induce the public to prefer intelligence duly authenticated, even if they have to await the arrival of another mail.

The first important change to be noted from the *Globe's* version of the bill is that the "Kingdom of Canada" is not the designation of the Confederated Provinces, but simply "CANADA," or as it is phrased—to elevate us somewhat above our old provincial status—"THE DOMINION OF CANADA," the word "dominion" being evidently used where it is used at all, merely to characterize the status of the country, as distinguished from "Province" on the one side and "Kingdom" on the other, but otherwise forming no part of the title. This change will considerably allay the feelings of MR. RAYMOND and his brethren in terror on the other side of the line. The "powerful monarchy" under the Imperial rule of an "English Prince" is for a time postponed—it will not come upon the boards this season; and before it does the manager of the concern at Washington is likely to have a fresh company and an entirely new programme.

It is also to be noted that the names of the first Senators are to be inserted in the Queen's proclamation of union. This is an important provision and calculated to enhance the dignity of the office. The early promulgation of the names of the gentlemen thus favored will have the advantage of giving those who may have anticipated, but failed to secure a nomination, time to look around them for a constituency; and it will relieve the Executive Government or Privy Council of the Confederation of a duty, which, however faithfully discharged, must have exposed Ministers to many serious difficulties. It also makes the second of the three estates, second in the order of creation as well as of rank, the Commons House coming into being at a later period on the return of the writs for the first election.

With regard to the school law, a change of a very important character from the *Globe's* "advance copy" cannot fail to arrest attention. It will be seen by the bill that the Upper Canada Separate School laws are by the Act of Confederation extended to the Dissentient Schools of Lower Canada—a provision in strict accordance with the understanding on which the Quebec scheme was adopted, and to which Mr. Brown himself was a party, and one that will have a tendency to prevent any danger of a revival of the agitation on that question. On other points we must reserve comments until a future day, bespeaking in the meantime a careful perusal of the bill itself, which appears on a cursory glance to be singularly clear and comprehensive in its provisions and free from unnecessary verbosity.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Per Cable and Montreal Line.

Nebraska Admitted as a State.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The President has issued a proclamation declaring and proclaiming the fact that the fundamental conditions imposed by Congress on the State of Nebraska, to enable that State to admission into the Union, have been ratified and accepted, and that the admission of said State into the Union is now complete.

PHILADELPHIA, March 1.—Thos. V. Scott was found dead in Seventh-street this morning. His death was caused by blows supposed to be from a sling shot; no clue has been obtained to the perpetrator.

Death of Horace Greeley.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 1.—The negro murderer, Horace Greeley, was executed this morning. He admitted his guilt.

British North America Bill.

A BILL

INTITULED

An Act for the Union of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, and the Government thereof; and for Purposes connected therewith.

WHEREAS the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick have expressed their desire to be federally united into one dominion under the Crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, with a constitution similar in principle to that of the United Kingdom:

And whereas such a Union would conduce to the welfare of the Provinces and promote the interests of the British Empire:

And whereas on the establishment of the Union by authority of Parliament it is expedient, not only that the constitution of the Legislative authority in the dominion be provided for, but also that the nature of the Executive Government therein be declared:

And whereas it is expedient that provision be made for the eventual admission into the Union of other parts of British North America:

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND DECLARED BY THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same as follows:—

PRELIMINARY.

1. This Act may be cited as "The British North America Act, 1867."

2. The provisions of this Act referring to her Majesty the Queen extend also to the heirs and successors of her Majesty, Kings and Queens of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

II.—UNION.

3. It shall be lawful for the Queen, by and with the advice of her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, to declare by proclamation that, on and after a day therein appointed, not being more than six months after the passing of this Act, the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick shall form and be one dominion under the name of Canada; and on and after that day these three provinces shall form and be one dominion under that name accordingly.

4. The subsequent provisions of this Act shall, unless it is otherwise expressed or implied, commence and have effect on and after the Union, that is to say, on and after the day appointed for the Union taking effect in the Queen's proclamation; and in the same provisions, unless it is otherwise expressed or implied, the name Canada shall be taken to mean Canada as constituted under this Act.

5. Canada shall be divided into four provinces, named Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

6. The parts of the province of Canada (as it exists at the passing of this Act) which formerly constituted respectively the Provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada shall be deemed to be severed, and shall form two separate provinces. The part which formerly constituted the Province of Upper Canada shall constitute the Province of Ontario; and the part which formerly constituted the Province of Lower Canada shall constitute the Province of Quebec.

7. The Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick shall have the same limits as at the passing of this act.

8. In the general census of the population of Canada which is hereby required to be taken in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and in every tenth year thereafter, the respective populations of the four provinces shall be distinguished.

III.—EXECUTIVE POWERS.

9. The Executive Government and Authority of and over Canada is hereby declared to continue and be vested in the Queen.

10. The provisions of this Act referring to the Governor-General extend and apply to the Governor-General for the time being of Canada, or other the Chief Executive Officer or Administrator for the time being carrying on the government of Canada on behalf and in the name of the Queen, by whatever title he is designated.

11. There shall be a Council to aid and advise in the government of Canada, to be styled the Queen's Privy Council for Canada; and the persons who are to be members of that Council shall be from time to time chosen and summoned by the Governor-General, and sworn in as Privy Councillors, and members thereof may be from time to time removed by the Governor-General.

12. All powers, authorities and functions which under any Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, or of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of the Legislature of Upper Canada, Lower Canada, Canada, Nova Scotia, or New Brunswick, are at the Union vested in or exerciseable by the respective Governors or Lieutenant-Governors of those provinces, with the advice, or with the advice and consent of the respective Executive Councils thereof, or in conjunction with those councils or with any number of members thereof, or by those Governors or Lieutenant-Governors individually, shall, as far as the same continue in existence and capable of being exercised after the Union in relation to the government of Canada, be vested in and exerciseable by the Governor-General with the advice, or with the advice and consent of, or in conjunction with, the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, or any members thereof, or by the Governor-General individually, as the case requires, subject, nevertheless (except with respect to such as exist under Acts of the Parliament of Great Britain, or of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland) to be abolished or altered by the Parliament of Canada.

13. The provisions of this Act referring to the Governor-General in Council shall be construed as referring to the Governor-General acting by and with the advice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada.

14. It shall be lawful for the Queen, if her Majesty thinks fit, to authorize the Governor-General from time to time to appoint any person, or any persons jointly or severally, to be his deputy or deputies within any part or parts of Canada, and in that capacity to exercise during the pleasure of the Governor-General such of the powers, authorities and functions of the Governor-General as the Governor-General deems it necessary or expedient to assign to him or them, subject to any limitations or directions expressed or given by the Queen; but the appointment of such a deputy or deputies shall not affect the exercise by the Governor-General himself of any power, authority or function.

15. The command-in-chief of the land and naval Militia, and of all Naval and Military Forces, of and in Canada, is hereby declared to continue and be vested in the Queen.

16. Until the Queen otherwise directs the seat of government of Canada shall be Ottawa.

IV.—LEGISLATIVE POWER.

17. There shall be one parliament for Canada, consisting of the Queen, an Upper House styled the Senate, and the House of Commons.

18. The privileges, immunities and powers to be held, enjoyed and exercised by the Senate and by the House of Commons, and by the members thereof respectively, shall be such as are from time to time defined by Act of the Parliament of Canada, but so that the same shall never exceed those at the passing of this Act held, enjoyed and exercised by the Commons House of Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and by the members thereof.

19. The Parliament of Canada shall be called together not later than six months after the Union.

20. There shall be a Session of the Parliament of Canada once at least in every year, so that twelve months shall not intervene between the last sitting of the Parliament in one Session and its first sitting in the next Session.

THE SENATE.

21. The Senate shall, subject to the Provisions of this Act, consist of seventy-two members, who shall be styled Senators.

22. In relation to the Constitution of the Senate, Canada shall be deemed to consist of three divisions—

1. Ontario.
2. Quebec.
3. The Maritime Provinces, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick; which three divisions shall (subject to the provisions of this Act) be equally represented in the Senate as follows: Ontario by twenty-four Senators; Quebec by twenty-four Senators; and the Maritime Provinces by twenty-four Senators, twelve thereof representing Nova Scotia, and twelve thereof representing New Brunswick.

In the case of Quebec each of the twenty-four Senators representing that province shall be appointed for one of the twenty-four electoral divisions of Lower Canada specified in schedule A. to chapter one of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada.

23. The qualifications of a Senator shall be as follows:

(1.) He shall be of the full age of thirty years:

(2.) He shall be either a natural born subject of the Queen, or a subject of the Queen naturalized by an act of the Parliament of Great Britain, or of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of the Legislature of one of the Provinces of Upper Canada, Lower Canada, Canada, Nova Scotia, or New Brunswick, before the Union, or of the Parliament of Canada after the Union:

(3.) He shall be legally or equitably seised as of freehold for his own use and benefit of lands or tenements held in free and common socage, or seised or possessed for his own use and benefit of lands or tenements held in franc alleu or in roture, within the province for which he is appointed, of the value of four thousand dollars, over and above all rents, dues, debts, charges, mortgages, and incumbrances due or payable out of or charged on or affecting the same:

(4.) His real and personal property shall be together worth four thousand dollars over and above his debts and liabilities.

(5.) He shall be resident in the province for which he is appointed:

(6.) In the case of Quebec he shall have his real property qualification in the electoral division for which he is appointed, or shall be resident in that division.

24. The Governor-General shall from time to time, in the Queen's name, by instrument under the great seal of Canada, summon qualified persons to the Senate; and, subject to the provisions of this act, every person so summoned shall become and be a member of the Senate and a Senator.

25. Such persons shall be first summoned to the Senate as the Queen by warrant under her Majesty's royal sign manual thinks fit to approve, and their names shall be inserted in the Queen's proclamation of Union.

26. If at any time on the recommendation of the Governor-General the Queen thinks fit to direct that three or six members be added to the Senate, the Governor-General may by summons to three or six qualified persons (as the case may be), representing equally the three divisions of Canada, add to the Senate accordingly.

27. In case of such addition being at any time made the Governor-General shall not summon any person to the Senate, except on a further like direction by the Queen on the like recommendation, until each of the three divisions of Canada is represented by twenty-four Senators and no more.

28. The number of Senators shall not at any time exceed seventy-eight.

29. A Senator shall, subject to the provisions of this act, hold his place in the Senate for life.

30. A Senator may by writing under his hand addressed to the Governor-General resign his place in the Senate, and thereupon the same shall be vacant.

31. The place of a Senator shall become vacant in any of the following cases:

(1.) If for two consecutive sessions of the Parliament he fails to give his attendance in the Senate:

(2.) If he takes an oath or makes a declaration or acknowledgment of allegiance, obedience, or adherence to a foreign power, or does an act whereby he becomes a subject or citizen, or entitled to the rights or privileges of a subject or citizen, of a foreign power:

(3.) If he is adjudged bankrupt or insolvent or applies for the benefit of any law relating to insolvent debtors, or becomes a public defaulter:

(4.) If he is attainted of treason or convicted of felony or of any infamous crime:

(5.) If he ceases to be qualified in respect of property or of residence; provided, that a Senator shall not be deemed to have ceased to be qualified in respect of residence by reason only of his residing at the seat of the government of Canada while holding an office under that government requiring his presence there.

32. When a vacancy happens in the Senate by resignation, death, or otherwise, the Governor-General shall by summons to a fit and qualified person fill the vacancy.

33. If any question arises respecting the qualification of a Senator or a vacancy in the Senate the same shall be heard and determined by the Senate.

34. The Governor-General may from time to time, by instrument under the great seal of Canada, appoint a Senator to be Speaker of the Senate, and may remove him and appoint another in his stead.

35. Until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provides, the presence of at least fifteen Senators, including the Speaker, shall be necessary to constitute a meeting of the Senate for the exercise of its powers.

36. Questions arising in the Senate shall be decided by a majority of voices, and the Speaker shall in all cases have a vote, and when the voices are equal the decision shall be deemed to be in the negative.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

37. The House of Commons shall, subject to the provisions of this act, consist of one hundred and eighty-one members, of whom eighty-two shall be elected for Ontario, sixty-five for Quebec, nineteen for Nova Scotia, and fifteen for New Brunswick.

38. The Governor-General shall from time to time, in the Queen's name, by instrument under the great seal of Canada, summon and call together the House of Commons.

39. A Senator shall not be capable of being elected or of sitting or voting as a member of the House of Commons.

40. Until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provides, Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick shall, for the purposes of the election of members to serve in the House of Commons, be divided into Electoral Districts as follows:—

1.—ONTARIO.

Ontario shall be divided into the counties, ridings of counties, cities, parts of cities and towns enumerated in the first schedule to this act, each whereof shall be an Electoral District, each such District as numbered in that schedule being entitled to return one member.

2.—QUEBEC.

Quebec shall be divided into sixty-five Electoral Districts, composed of the sixty-five Electoral Divisions into which Lower Canada is at the passing of this act divided under chapter two of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, chapter seventy-five of the Consolidated Statutes for Lower Canada, and the act of the Province of Canada of the Twenty-third Year of the Queen, chapter one, or any other act amending the same in force at the Union, so that each such Electoral Division shall be for the purposes of this act an Electoral District entitled to return one member.

3.—NOVA SCOTIA.

Each of the eighteen counties of Nova Scotia shall be an Electoral District. The county of Halifax shall be entitled to return two members, and each of the other counties one member.

4.—NEW BRUNSWICK.

Each of the fourteen counties into which New Brunswick is divided, including the city and county of St. John, shall be an Electoral District. The city of St. John shall also be a separate Electoral District. Each of those fifteen Electoral Districts shall be entitled to return one member.

41. Until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provides, all laws in force in the several Provinces at the union relative to the following matters or any of them, namely,—the qualifications and disqualifications of persons to be elected or to sit or vote as members of the House of Assembly or Legislative Assembly in the several Provinces, the voters at elections of such members, the oaths to be taken by voters, the returning officers, their powers and duties, the proceedings at elections, the periods during which elections may be continued, the trial of controverted elections, and proceedings incident thereto, the vacating of seats of members, and the execution of new writs in case of seats vacated otherwise than by dissolution,—shall respectively apply to elections of members to serve in the House of Commons for the same several Provinces.

Provided that, until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provides, at any election for a member of the House of Commons for the District of Algoma, in addition to persons qualified by the law of the Province of Canada to vote, every British subject, aged twenty-one years or upwards, being a householder, shall have a vote.

42. For the first election of members to serve in the House of Commons the Governor-General shall cause writs to be issued by such person, in such form, and addressed to such returning officers as he thinks fit.

The person issuing writs under this section shall have the like powers as are possessed at the union by the officers charged with the issuing of writs for the election of members to serve in the respective House of Assembly or Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, Nova Scotia, or New Brunswick and the returning officers to whom writs are directed under this section shall have the like powers as are possessed at the union by the officers charged with the returning of writs for the election of members to serve in the same respective House of Assembly or Legislative Assembly.

43. In case of vacancy in the representation in the House of Commons or any electoral district happens before the meeting of the Parliament, or after the meetings of the Parliament before provision is made by the Parliament in this behalf, the provisions of the last foregoing sections of this act shall extend and apply to the issuing and returning of a writ in respect to such vacant district.

44. The House of Commons for its first assembling after a general election shall proceed with all practicable speed to elect one of its members to be Speaker.

45. In case of a vacancy happening in the office of Speaker by death, resignation, or otherwise, the House of Commons shall with all practicable speed proceed to elect another of its members to be Speaker.

46. The Speaker shall preside at all meetings of the House of Commons.

47. Until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provides, in case of the absence for any reason of the Speaker from the chair of the House of Commons for a period of forty-eight consecutive hours, the House may elect another of its members to act as Speaker, and the member so elected shall during the continuance of such absence of the Speaker have and execute all the powers, privileges, and duties of Speaker.

48. The presence of at least twenty members of the House of Commons shall be necessary to constitute a meeting of the House for the exercise of its powers; and for that purpose the Speaker shall be reckoned as a member.

49. Questions arising in the House of Commons shall be decided by a majority of voices other than that of the Speaker, and when the voices are equal, but not otherwise, the Speaker shall have a vote.

50. Every House of Commons shall continue for five years from the day of the return of the writs for choosing the House (subject to be sooner dissolved by the Governor-General, and no longer.

51. On the completion of the census in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and of each subsequent decennial census, the representation of the four Provinces shall be re-adjusted by such authority, in such manner, and from such time, as the Parliament of Canada from time to time provides, subject and according to the following rules:

(1.) Quebec shall have the fixed number of sixty-five members:

(2.) There shall be assigned to each of the other Provinces such a number of members as will bear the same proportion to the number of its population (ascertained at such census) as the number sixty-five bears to the number of the population of Quebec (so ascertained):

(3.) In the computation of the number of members for a Province, a fractional part not exceeding one-half of the whole number requisite for entitling the Province to a member shall be disregarded; but a fractional part exceeding one-half of that number shall be equivalent to the whole number:

(4.) On any such re-adjustment the number of members for a province shall not be reduced unless the proportion which the number of the population of the province bore to the number of the aggregate population of Canada at the then last preceding re-adjustment of the number of members for the province is ascertained at the then latest census to be diminished by one-twentieth part or upwards:

(5.) Such re-adjustment shall not take effect until the termination of the then existing parliament.

52. The number of members of the House of Commons may be from time to time increased by the parliament of Canada, provided the proportionate representation of the provinces prescribed by this Act is not thereby disturbed.

MONEY VOTES; ROYAL ASSENT.

53.—Bills for appropriating any part of the Public Revenue or for imposing any Tax or Impost, shall originate in the House of Commons.

54.—It shall not be lawful for the House of Commons to adopt or pass any vote, resolution, address or bill for the appropriation of any part of the Public Revenue, or of any Tax or Impost, to any purpose that has not been first recommended to that House by message of the Governor-General in the Session in which such vote, resolution, address or bill is proposed.

55.—Where a Bill passed by the Houses of Parliament is presented to the Governor-General for the Queen's assent, he shall declare according to his discretion, but subject to the provisions of this Act and to her Majesty's instructions, either that he assents thereto in the Queen's name, or that he withholds the Queen's assent, or that he reserves the Bill for the signification of the Queen's pleasure.

56.—Where the Governor-General assents to a Bill in the Queen's name, he shall by the first convenient opportunity send an authentic copy of the act to one of Her Majesty's principal Secretaries of State, and if the Queen in Council within *two* years after receipt thereof by the Secretary of State thinks fit to disallow the Act, such disallowance (with a certificate of the Secretary of State of the day on which the Act was received by him) being signified by the Governor-General, by speech or message to each of the Houses of the Parliament, or by proclamation, shall annul the Act from and after the day of such signification.

57. A bill reserved for the signification of the Queen's pleasure shall not have any force unless and until within *two* years from the day on which it was presented to the Governor-General for the Queen's assent, the Governor-General signifies by speech or message to each of the Houses of the Parliament, or by proclamation, that it has received the assent of the Queen in Council; an entry of every such speech, message, or proclamation shall be made in the Journal of each House, and a duplicate thereof duly attested shall be delivered to the proper officer to be kept among the records of Canada.

V.—Provincial Constitutions.

EXECUTIVE POWER.

58. For each province there shall be an officer, styled the Lieutenant-Governor, appointed by the Governor-General in Council by instrument under the great seal of Canada.

59. A Lieutenant-Governor shall hold office during the pleasure of the Governor-General; but any Lieutenant-Governor appointed after the commencement of the first session of the parliament of Canada shall not be removeable within five years from his appointment, except for cause assigned, which shall be communicated to him in writing within one month after the order for his removal is made, and shall be communicated by Message to the Senate and to the House of Commons within one week thereafter if the parliament is then sitting, and if not then within one week after the commencement of the next session of the parliament.

60. The salaries of the Lieutenant-Governors shall be fixed and provided by the Parliament of Canada.

61. Every Lieutenant-Governor shall, before assuming the duties of his office, make and subscribe before the Governor-General or some person authorized by him oaths of allegiance and office similar to those taken by the Governor-General.

62. The provisions of this Act referring to the Lieutenant-Governor extend and apply to the Lieutenant-Governor for the time being of each province or other, the chief executive officer or administrator for the time being carrying on the Government of the province, by whatever title he is designated.

63. The Executive Council of Ontario and of Quebec shall be composed of such persons as the Lieutenant-Governor from time to time thinks fit, and in the first instance of the following officers, namely,—the Attorney-General, the Secretary and Registrar of the Province, the Treasurer of the Province, the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and the Commissioner of Agriculture and Public Works, within Quebec, the Speaker of the Legislative Council and the Solicitor-General.

64. The constitution of the executive authority in each of the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, continue as it exists at the Union until altered under the authority of this Act.

65. All powers, authorities, and functions which under any Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, or of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of the Legislature of Upper Canada, Lower Canada, or Canada, were or are before or at the Union vested in or exerciseable by the respective Governors or Lieutenant-Governors of those provinces, with the advice, or with the advice and consent, of the respective Executive Councils thereof, or in conjunction with those councils, or with any number of members thereof, or by those Governors or Lieutenant-Governors individually, shall, as far as the same are capable of being exercised after the Union in relation to the Government of Ontario and Quebec respectively, be vested in and shall or may be exercised by the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario and Quebec respectively, with the advice or with the advice and consent of, or in conjunction with the respective Executive Councils, or any members thereof, or by the Lieutenant-Governor individually, as the case requires, subject nevertheless (except with respect to such as exist under Acts of the Parliament of Great Britain, or of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland), to be abolished or altered by the respective Legislatures of Ontario and Quebec.

66. The provisions of this Act referring to the Lieutenant-Governor in council shall be construed as referring to the Lieutenant-Governor of the province acting by and with the advice of the Executive Council thereof.

67. The Governor-General in council may from time to time appoint an administrator to execute the office and functions of Lieutenant-Governor during his absence, illness, or other inability.

68. Unless and until the Executive Government of any province otherwise directs with respect to that province, the Seats of Government of the provinces shall be as follows, namely,—of Ontario, the city of Toronto; of Quebec, the city of Quebec; of Nova Scotia, the city of Halifax; and of New Brunswick, the city of Fredericton.

Legislative Power.

1.—ONTARIO.

69. There shall be a Legislature for Ontario consisting of the Lieutenant-Governor and of one House, styled the Legislative Assembly of Ontario.

70. The Legislative Assembly of Ontario shall be composed of eighty-two members, to be elected to represent the eighty-two Electoral Districts set forth in the first schedule to this Act.

2.—QUEBEC.

71. There shall be a Legislature for Quebec consisting of the Lieutenant-Governor and of two Houses, styled the Legislative Council of Quebec and the Legislative Assembly of Quebec.

72. The Legislative Council of Quebec shall be composed of twenty-four members, to be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in the Queen's name, by instrument under the Great Seal of Quebec, one being appointed to represent each of the twenty-four Electoral Divisions of Lower Canada in this Act referred to, and each holding office for the term of his life, unless the Legislature of Quebec otherwise provides under the provisions of this Act.

73. The qualifications of the Legislative Councillors of Quebec shall be the same as those of the Senators for Quebec.

74. The place of a Legislative Councillor of Quebec shall become vacant in the cases, mutatis mutandis, in which the place of Senator becomes vacant.

75. When a vacancy happens in the Legislative Council of Quebec by resignation, death, or otherwise, the Lieutenant-Governor, in the Queen's name, by instrument under the Great Seal of Quebec, shall appoint a fit and qualified person to fill the vacancy.

76. If any question arises respecting the qualification of a Legislative Councillor of Quebec, or a vacancy in the Legislative Council of Quebec, the same shall be heard and determined by the Legislative Council.

77. The Lieutenant-Governor may from time to time, by instrument under the great seal of Quebec, appoint a member of the Legislative Council of Quebec to be Speaker thereof, and may remove him and appoint another in his stead.

78. Until the Legislature of Quebec otherwise provides, the presence of at least ten members of the Legislative Council, including the Speaker, shall be necessary to constitute a meeting for the exercise of its powers.

79. Questions arising in the Legislative Council of Quebec shall be decided by a majority of voices, and the Speaker shall in all cases have a vote, and when the voices are equal the decision shall be deemed to be in the negative.

80. The Legislative Assembly of Quebec shall be composed of sixty-five members, to be elected to represent the sixty-five electoral divisions or districts of Lower Canada in this Act referred to, subject to alteration thereof by the Legislature of Quebec; provided that it shall not be lawful to present to the Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec for assent any bill for altering the limits of any of the electoral divisions or districts mentioned in the second schedule to this Act, unless the second and third readings of such bill have been passed in the Legislative Assembly with the concurrence of the majority of the members representing all those electoral divisions or districts, and the assent shall not be given to such bill unless an address has been presented by the Legislative Assembly to the Lieutenant-Governor stating that it has been so passed.

3.—ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.

81. The Legislatures of Ontario and Quebec respectively shall be called together not later than six months after the union.

82. The Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario and of Quebec shall from time to time, in the Queen's name, by instrument under the great seal of the province, summon and call together the Legislative Assembly of the province.

83. Until the Legislature of Ontario or of Quebec otherwise provides, a person accepting or holding in Ontario or in Quebec any office, commission, or employment, permanent or temporary at the nomination of the Lieutenant-Governor, to which an annual salary, or any fee, allowance, emolument, or profit of any kind or amount whatever from the province is attached, shall not be eligible as a member of the Legislative Assembly of the respective province, nor shall he sit or vote as such; but nothing in this section shall make ineligible any person being a member of the Executive Council of the respective province, or holding any of the following offices, that is to say, the offices of Attorney-General, Secretary and Registrar of the Province, Treasurer of the Province, Commissioner of Crown Lands, and Commissioner of Agriculture and Public Works, and in Quebec Solicitor-General, or shall disqualify him to sit or vote in the House for which he is elected, provided he is elected while holding such office.

84. Until the Legislatures of Ontario and Quebec respectively otherwise provide, all laws which at the Union are in force in those provinces respectively, relative to the following matters, or any of them, namely,—the qualifications and disqualifications of persons to be elected or to sit or vote as members of the Assembly of Canada, the qualifications or disqualifications of voters, the oaths to be taken by voters, the returning officers, their powers and duties, the proceedings at elections, the periods during which such elections may be continued, and the trial of controverted elections and the proceedings incident thereto, the vacating of the seats of members and the issuing and execution of new writs in case of seats vacated otherwise than by dissolution, shall respectively apply to elections of members to serve in the respective Legislative Assemblies of Ontario and Quebec.

Provided that until the Legislature of Ontario otherwise provides, at any election for a member of the Legislative Assembly of Ontario for the District of Algoma, in addition to persons qualified by the law of the Province of Canada to vote, every British subject, aged twenty-one years or upwards, being a householder, shall have a vote.

85. Every Legislative Assembly of Ontario and every Legislative Assembly of Quebec shall continue for four years from the day of the return of the writs for choosing the same (subject nevertheless to either the Legislative Assembly of Ontario or the Legislative Assembly of Quebec being sooner dissolved by the Lieutenant-Governor of the province), and no longer.

86. There shall be a session of the Legislature of Ontario and of that of Quebec once at least in every year, so that twelve months shall not intervene between the last sitting of the Legislature in each province in one session and its first sitting in the next session.

87. The following provisions of this act respecting the House of Commons of Canada shall extend and apply to the Legislative Assemblies of Ontario and Quebec, that is to say—the provisions relating to the election of a Speaker originally and on vacancies, the duties of the Speaker, the absence of the Speaker, the quorum, and the mode of voting, as if those provisions were here re-enacted and made applicable in terms to each such Legislative Assembly.

4.—NOVA SCOTIA AND NEW BRUNSWICK.

88. The constitution of the Legislature of each of the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick shall, subject to the provisions of this act, continue as it exists at the Union until altered under the authority of this act; and the House of Assembly of New Brunswick existing at the passing of this act shall, unless sooner dissolved, continue for the period for which it was elected.

5.—ONTARIO, QUEBEC, AND NOVA SCOTIA.

89. Each of the Lieutenant-Governors of Ontario, Quebec, and Nova Scotia shall cause writs to be issued for the first election of members of the Legislative Assembly thereof in such form and by such person as he thinks fit, and at such time and addressed to such returning officer as the Governor-General directs, and so that the first election of member of Assembly for any electoral district or any subdivision thereof shall be held at the same time and at the same places as the election for a member to serve in the House of Commons of Canada for that Electoral District.

6.—THE FOUR PROVINCES.

90. The following provisions of this act respecting the Parliament of Canada, namely—the provisions relating to appropriation and tax bills, the recommendation of money votes, the assent to bills, the disallowance of acts and the signification of pleasure on bills reserved, shall extend and apply to the Legislatures of the several provinces as if those provinces were here re-enacted and made applicable in terms to the respective provinces and the Legislatures thereof, with the substitution of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province for the Governor-General, of the Governor-General for the Queen and for a Secretary of State, of one year for two years, and of the Province for Canada.

VI.—Distribution of Legislative Powers.

POWERS OF THE PARLIAMENT.

91. It shall be lawful for the Queen, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons, to make laws for the peace, order, and good government of Canada, in relation to all matters not coming within the classes of subjects by this act assigned exclusively to the Legislatures of the Provinces; and for greater certainty, but not so as to restrict the generality of the foregoing terms of this section, it is hereby declared that (notwithstanding anything in this act) the exclusive Legislative authority of the Parliament of Canada extends to all matters coming within the classes of subjects next hereinafter enumerated; that is to say,—

1. The public debt and property.
2. The regulation of trade and commerce.
3. The raising of money by any mode or system of taxation.
4. The borrowing of money on the public credit.
5. Postal service.
6. The census and statistics.
7. Militia, military and naval service and defence.
8. The fixing of and providing for the salaries and allowances of civil and other officers of the Government of Canada.
9. Beacons, buoys, lighthouses, and Sable Island.
10. Navigation and shipping.
11. Quarantine and the establishment and maintenance of marine hospitals.
12. Sea coast and inland fisheries.
13. Ferries between a Province and any British or foreign country or between two Provinces.
14. Currency and coinage.
15. Banking, incorporation of Banks, and the issue of paper money.
16. Savings Banks.
17. Weights and measures.
18. Bills of exchange and promissory notes.
19. Interest.
20. Legal Tender.
21. Bankruptcy and Insolvency.
22. Patents of invention and discovery.
23. Copyrights.
24. Indians and lands reserved for the Indians.
25. Naturalization and aliens.
26. Marriage and divorce.
27. The criminal law, except the constitution of courts of criminal jurisdiction, but including the procedure in criminal matters.
28. The establishment, maintenance and management of Penitentiaries.
29. Such classes of subjects as are expressly excepted in the enumeration of the classes of subjects by this act assigned exclusively to the Legislatures of the Provinces, and any matter coming within any of the classes of subjects enumerated in this section shall not be deemed to come within the class of matters of a local or private nature comprised in the enumeration of the classes of subjects by this act assigned exclusively to the Legislatures of the Provinces.

EXCLUSIVE POWERS OF PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURES.

92. In each Province the Legislature may exclusively make laws in relation to matters coming within the classes of subjects next hereinafter enumerated; that is to say:—

1. The amendment from time to time, notwithstanding anything in this act of the constitution of the Province, except as regards the office of Lieutenant-Governor.
2. Direct taxation within the Province in order to the raising of a revenue for provincial purposes.
3. The borrowing of money on the sole credit of the Province.
4. The establishment and tenure of provincial offices, and the appointment and payment of provincial officers.
5. The management and sale of the public lands belonging to the Province and of the timber and wood thereon.
6. The establishment, maintenance and management of public and reformatory prisons in and for the Province.
7. The establishment, maintenance and management of hospitals, asylums, charities and eleemosynary institutions in and for the Province, other than marine hospitals.
8. Municipal institutions in the Province.
9. Shop, saloon, tavern, auctioneer and other licenses in order to the raising of a revenue for provincial, local, or municipal purposes.
10. Local works and undertakings other than such as are of the following classes:—
   a. Lines of steam or other ships, railways, canals, telegraphs and other works and undertakings connecting the Province with any other or others of the Provinces, or extending beyond the limits of the Province:
   b. Lines of steamships between the Province and any British or foreign country:
   c. Such works as, although wholly situate within the Province, are before or after their execution declared by the Parliament of Canada to be for the general advantage of Canada or for the advantage of two or more of the Provinces.
11. The incorporation of companies with provincial objects.
12. The solemnization of marriage in the Province.
13. Property and civil rights in the Province.
14. The administration of justice in the Province, including the constitution, maintenance and organization of provincial courts, both of civil and criminal jurisdiction, and including procedure in civil matters in those courts.
15. The imposition of punishment by fine, penalty, or imprisonment for enforcing any law of the Province made in relation to any matter coming within any of the classes of subjects enumerated in this section.
16. Generally all matters of a merely local or private nature in the Province.

EDUCATION.

93. In and for each Province the Legislature may exclusively make laws in relation to education, subject and according to the following provisions:—

(1.) Nothing in any such law shall prejudicially affect any right or privilege with respect to denominational schools which any class or persons have by law in the Province at the Union:

(2.) All the powers, privileges and duties at the Union by law conferred and imposed in Upper Canada on the separate schools and school trustees of the Queen's Roman Catholic subjects shall be and the same are hereby extended to the dissentient schools of the Queen's Protestant and Roman Catholic subjects in Quebec:

(3.) Where in any province a system of separate or dissentient schools exists by law at the Union or is thereafter established by the Legislature of the Province, an appeal shall lie to the Governor-General in Council from any act or decision of any provincial authority affecting any right or privilege of the Protestant or Roman Catholic minority of the Queen's subjects in relation to education:

(4.) In case any such Provincial Law as from time to time seems to the Governor-General in Council requisite for the due execution of the provisions of this section is not made, or in case any decision of the Governor-General in Council on any appeal under this section is not duly executed by the proper Provincial Authority in that behalf, then and in every such case, and as far only as the circumstances of each case require, the Parliament of Canada may make remedial laws for the due execution of the provisions of this section, and of any decision of the Governor-General in Council under this section.

UNIFORMITY OF LAWS IN ONTARIO, NOVA SCOTIA AND NEW BRUNSWICK.

94. Notwithstanding anything in this Act, the Parliament of Canada may make provision for the uniformity of all or any of the laws relative to property and civil rights in Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and of the procedure of all or any of the courts in those three provinces, and from and after the passing of any act in that behalf the power of the Parliament of Canada to make laws in relation to any matter comprised in any such act shall, notwithstanding anything in this Act, be unrestricted; but any Act of the Parliament of Canada making provision for such uniformity shall not have effect in any province unless and until it is adopted and enacted as law by the Legislature thereof.

AGRICULTURE AND IMMIGRATION.

95. In each province the Legislature may make laws in relation to agriculture in the province, and to immigration into the province; and it is hereby declared that the Parliament of Canada may from time to time make laws in relation to agriculture in all or any of the provinces, and to immigration into all or any of the provinces; and any law of the Legislature of a province relative to agriculture or to immigration shall have effect in and for the province as long and as far only as it is not repugnant to any Act of the Parliament of Canada.

VII.—JUDICATURE.

96. The Governor-General shall appoint the Judges of the Superior, District, and County Courts in each province, except those of the Courts of Probate in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

97. Until the laws relative to property and civil rights in Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and the procedure of the courts in those provinces are made uniform, the Judges of the courts of those provinces appointed by the Governor-General shall be selected from the respective Bars of those provinces.

98. The Judges of the Courts of Quebec shall be selected from the bar of that province.

99. The Judges of the Superior Courts shall hold office during good behaviour, and shall be removable by the Governor-General, on address of the Senate and House of Commons.

100. The salaries, allowances and pensions of the Judges of the Superior, District and County Courts (except the Courts of Probate in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick,) and of the Admiralty Courts in cases where the Judges thereof are for the time being paid by salary, shall be fixed and provided by the Parliament of Canada.

101. The Parliament of Canada may, notwithstanding anything in this Act, from time to time provide for the constitution, maintenance and organization of a General Court of Appeal for Canada, and for the establishment of any additional courts for the better administration of the laws of Canada.

VIII.—REVENUES, DEBTS, ASSETS, TAXATION.

102. All duties and revenues, over which the respective Legislatures of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick before and at the Union had and have power of appropriation, except such portions thereof as are by this Act reserved to the respective Legislatures of the provinces, or are raised by them in accordance with the special powers conferred on them by this Act, shall form one consolidated revenue fund to be appropriated for the public service of Canada in the manner and subject to the charges in this Act provided.

103. The consolidated revenue fund of Canada shall be permanently charged with the costs, charges and expenses incident to the collection, management and receipt thereof, and the same shall form the first charge thereon, subject to be reviewed and audited in such manner as shall be ordered by the Governor-General in Council until the Parliament otherwise provides.

104. The annual interest of the public debts of the several Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick at the Union shall form the second charge on the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada.

105. Unless altered by the Parliament of Canada, the salary of the Governor-General shall be ten thousand pounds sterling money of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, payable out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada, and the same shall form the third charge thereon.

106. Subject to the several payments by this Act charged on the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada, the same shall be appropriated by the Parliament of Canada for the Public Service.

107. All stocks, cash, banker's balances, and securities for money belonging to each Province at the time of the Union, except as in this Act mentioned, shall be the property of Canada, and shall be taken in reduction of the amount of the respective debts of the Provinces at the Union.

108. The public works and property of each Province, enumerated in the third schedule to this Act, shall be the property of Canada.

109. All lands, mines, minerals, and royalties belonging to the several Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick at the Union, and all sums then due or payable for such lands, mines, minerals, or royalties, shall belong to the several Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick in which the same are situate or arise, subject to any trusts existing in respect thereof, and to any interest other than that of the Province in the same.

110. All assets connected with such portions of the public debt of each Province as are assumed by that Province shall belong to that Province.

111. Canada shall be liable for the debts and liabilities of each Province existing at the Union.

112. Ontario and Quebec conjointly shall be liable to Canada for the amount (if any) by which the debt of the Province of Canada exceeds at the Union sixty-two million five hundred thousand dollars, and shall be charged with interest at the rate of five per centum per annum thereon.

113. The assets enumerated in the Fourth Schedule to this Act belonging at the Union to the Province of Canada shall be the property of Ontario and Quebec conjointly.

114. Nova Scotia shall be liable to Canada for the amount (if any) by which its public debt exceeds at the Union eight million dollars, and shall be charged with interest at the rate of five per centum per annum thereon.

115. New Brunswick shall be liable to Canada for the amount (if any) by which its public debt exceeds at the Union seven million dollars, and shall be charged with interest at the rate of five per centum per annum thereon.

116. In case the public debts of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick do not at the Union amount to eight million and seven million dollars respectively, they shall respectively receive by half-yearly payments in advance from the Government of Canada interest at five per centum per annum on the difference between the actual amounts of their respective debts and such stipulated amounts.

117. The several Provinces shall retain all their respective public property not otherwise disposed of in this Act, subject to the right of Canada to assume any lands or public property required for fortifications or for the defence of the country.

118. The following sums shall be paid yearly by Canada to the several Provinces for the support of their Governments and Legislatures:

Ontario	$80,000
Quebec	70,000
Nova Scotia	60,000
New Brunswick	50,000
	$260,000

and an annual grant in aid of each Province shall be made, equal to eighty cents per head of the population as ascertained by the census of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and in the case of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, by each subsequent decennial census until the population of each of those two Provinces amounts to four hundred thousand souls, at which rate such grant shall thereafter remain. Such grants shall be in full settlement of all future demands upon Canada, and shall be paid half-yearly in advance to each Province, but the Government of Canada shall deduct from such grants, as against any Province, all sums chargeable as interest on the public debt of that Province in excess of the several amounts stipulated in this act.

119. New Brunswick shall receive by half yearly payments in advance from Canada for the period of ten years from the Union, an additional allowance of sixty-three thousand dollars per annum. But as long as the public debt of that Province remains under seven millions of dollars, a deduction equal to the interest at five per centum per annum on such deficiency shall be made from that allowance of sixty-three thousand dollars.

120. All payments to be made under this Act, or in discharge of liabilities created under any Act of the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick respectively, and assumed by Canada, shall, until the Parliament of Canada otherwise directs, be made in such form and manner as may from time to time be ordered by the Governor-General in Council.

121. All articles of the growth, produce or manufacture of any one of the Provinces shall from and after the Union, be admitted free into each of the other Provinces.

122. The customs and excise laws of each Province shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, continue in force until altered by the Parliament of Canada.

123. Where customs duties are, at the Union, leviable on any goods, wares, or merchandises in any two Provinces, those goods, wares, and merchandises may, from and after the Union, be imported from one of those Provinces into the other of them on proof of payment of the customs duty leviable thereon in the Province of exportation, and on payment of such further amount (if any) of customs duty as is leviable thereon in the Province of importation.

124. Nothing in this Act shall affect the right of New Brunswick to levy the lumber dues provided in chapter fifteen, of title three of the revised statutes of New Brunswick, or in any Act amending that Act before or after the Union, and not increasing the amount of such dues; but the lumber of any of the Provinces other than New Brunswick shall not be subject to such dues.

125. No lands or property belonging to Canada or any Province shall be liable to taxation.

126. Such portions of the duties and revenues over which the respective Legislatures of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick had before the Union power of appropriation as are by this Act reserved to the respective Governments or Legislatures of the Provinces, and all duties and revenues raised by them in accordance with the special powers conferred upon them by this Act, shall in each Province form one consolidated revenue fund to be appropriated for the public service of the Province.

IX.—Miscellaneous Provisions.

GENERAL.

127. If any person being at the passing of this Act a member of the Legislative Council of Canada, Nova Scotia, or New Brunswick, to whom a place in the Senate is offered, does not within thirty days thereafter, by writing under his hand addressed to the Governor-General of the Province of Canada, or to the Lieutenant-Governor of the Nova Scotia or New Brunswick (as the case may be), accept the same, he shall be deemed to have declined the same; and any person who, being at the passing of this act a member of the Legislative Council of Nova Scotia or New Brunswick accepts a place in the Senate shall thereby vacate his seat in such Legislative Council.

128. Every member of the Senate or House of Commons of Canada shall before taking his seat therein take and subscribe before the Governor-General or some person authorized by him, and every member of a Legislative Council or Legislative Assembly of any Province shall before taking his seat therein take and subscribe before the Lieutenant-Governor of the Province or some person authorized by him, the oath of allegiance contained in the fifth schedule to this Act; and every member of the Senate of Canada and every member of the Legislative Council of Quebec shall also, before taking his seat therein, take and subscribe before the Governor-General, or some person authorized by him, the declaration of qualification contained in the same schedule.

129. Except as otherwise provided by this act, all laws in force in Canada, Nova Scotia, or New Brunswick at the union, and all courts of civil and criminal jurisdiction, and all legal commissions, powers, and authorities, and all officers, judicial, administrative, and ministerial, existing therein at the union, shall continue in Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick respectively, as if the union had not been made; subject nevertheless (except with respect to such as are enacted by or exist under acts of the Parliament of Great Britain or of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland), to be repealed, abolished, or altered by the Parliament of Canada, or by the Legislature of the respective Province, according to the authority of the Parliament of that Legislature under this act.

130. Until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provides, all officers of the several Provinces having duties to discharge in relation to matters other than those coming within the classes of subjects by this act assigned exclusively to the Legislatures of the Provinces shall be officers of Canada, and shall continue to discharge the duties of their respective offices under the same liabilities, responsibilities, and penalties as if the union had not been made.

131. Until the Parliament of Canada otherwise provides, the Governor-General in Council may from time to time appoint such officers as the Governor-General in Council deems

necessary or proper for the electoral execution of this act.

132. The Parliament and Government of Canada shall have all powers necessary or proper for performing the obligations of Canada or of any Province thereof, as part of the British Empire, towards foreign countries, arising under treaties between the Empire and such foreign countries.

133. Either the English or the French language may be used by any person in the debates of the Houses of the Parliament of Canada and of the Houses of the Legislature of Quebec; and both those languages shall be used in the respective records and journals of those Houses; and either of those languages may be used by any person or in any pleading or process in or issuing from any court of Canada established under this act, and in or from all or any of the courts of Quebec.

The acts of the Parliament of Canada and of the Legislature of Quebec shall be printed and published in both those languages.

ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.

134. Until the Legislature of Ontario or of Quebec otherwise provides, the Lieutenant-Governors of Ontario and Quebec may each appoint under the great seal of the Province the following officers, to hold office during pleasure, that is to say,—the Attorney-General, the Secretary and Registrar of the Province, the Treasurer of the Province, the Commissioner of Crown Lands, and the Commissioner of Agriculture and Public Works, and in the case of Quebec the Solicitor-General; and may, by order of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, from time to time prescribe the duties of those officers and of the several departments over which they shall preside or to which they shall belong, and of the officers and clerks thereof; and may also appoint other and additional officers to hold office during pleasure, and may from time to time prescribe the duties of those officers, and of the several departments over which they shall preside or to which they shall belong, and of the officers and clerks thereof.

135. Until the Legislature of Ontario or Quebec otherwise provides, all rights, powers, duties, functions, responsibilities, or authorities at the passing of this act vested in or imposed on the Attorney-General, Solicitor-General, Secretary and Registrar of the Province of Canada, Minister of Finance, Commissioner of Crown Lands, Commissioner of Public Works, and Minister of Agriculture and Receiver-General, by any law, statute, or ordinance of Upper Canada, Lower Canada, or Canada, and not repugnant to this act, shall be vested in or imposed on any officer to be appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor for the discharge of the same or any of them; and the Commissioner of Agriculture and Public Works shall perform the duties and functions of the office of Minister of Agriculture at the passing of this act imposed by the law of the Province of Canada, as well as those of the Commissioner of Public Works.

136. Until altered by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, the great seals of Ontario and Quebec respectively shall be the same, or of the same design, as those used in the Provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada respectively before their union as the Province of Canada.

137. The words "and from thence to the end of the then next ensuing session of the Legislature," or words to the same effect, used in any temporary act of the Province of Canada not expired before the union, shall be construed to extend and apply to the next session of the Parliament of Canada, if the subject matter of the act is within the powers of the same, as defined by this act, or to the next sessions of the Legislatures of Ontario and Quebec respectively, if the subject matter of the act is within the powers of the same as defined by this act.

138. From and after the union the use of the words "Upper Canada" instead of "Ontario," or "Lower Canada" instead of "Quebec," in any deed, writ, process, pleading, document, matter, or thing, shall not invalidate the same.

139. Any proclamation under the great seal of the Province of Canada issued before the union to take effect at a time which is subsequent to the union, whether relating to that province, or to Upper Canada, or to Lower Canada, and the several matters and things therein proclaimed shall be and continue of like force and effect as if the union had not been made.

140. Any proclamation which is authorized by any act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada to be issued under the great seal of the Province of Canada, whether relating to that province, or to Upper Canada, or to Lower Canada, and which is not issued before the union, may be issued by the Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario or of Quebec, as its subject matter requires, under the great seal thereof; and from and after the issue of such proclamation the same and the several matters and things therein proclaimed shall be and continue of the like force and effect in Ontario or Quebec as if the union had not been made.

141. The penitentiary of the Province of Canada shall, until the parliament of Canada otherwise provides, be and continue the penitentiary of Ontario and of Quebec.

142. The division and adjustment of the debts, credits, liabilities, properties, and assets of Upper Canada and Lower Canada shall be referred to the arbitrament of three arbitrators, one chosen by the Government of Ontario, one by the Government of Quebec, and one by the Government of Canada; and the selection of the arbitrators shall not be made until the parliament of Canada and the Legislatures of Ontario and Quebec have met; and the arbitrator chosen by the Government of Canada shall not be a resident either in Ontario or in Quebec.

143. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time order that such and so many of the records, books, and documents of the Province of Canada as he thinks fit shall be appropriated and delivered either to Ontario or to Quebec, and the same shall thenceforth be the property of that province; and any copy thereof or extract therefrom, duly certified by the officer having charge of the original thereof, shall be admitted as evidence.

144. The Lieutenant-Governor of Quebec may from time to time, by proclamation under the great seal of the province, to take effect from a day to be appointed therein, constitute townships in those parts of the Province of Quebec in which townships are not then already constituted, and fix the metes and bounds thereof.

X.—INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

145. Inasmuch as the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick have joined in a declaration that the construction of the Intercolonial Railway is essential to the consolidation of the union of British North America, and to the assent thereto of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and have consequently agreed that provision should be made for its immediate construction by the Government of Canada: Therefore, in order to give effect to that agreement, it shall be the duty of the Government and Parliament of Canada to provide for the commencement, within six months after the union, of a railway connecting the river St. Lawrence with the City of Halifax in Nova Scotia, and for the construction thereof without intermission, and the completion thereof with all practicable speed.

XI.—ADMISSION OF OTHER COLONIES.

146. It shall be lawful for the Queen, by and with the advice of her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, on addresses from the Houses of the Parliaments of Canada, and from the Houses of the respective Legislatures of the Colonies or Provinces of Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island, and British Columbia, to admit those colonies or provinces, or any of them, into the union, and on address from the Houses of the Parliament of Canada to admit Rupert's Land and the North-western Territory, or either of them, into the union, on such terms and conditions in each case as are in the addresses expressed and as the Queen thinks fit to approve, subject to the provisions of this Act; and the provisions of any order in Council in that behalf shall have effect as if they had been enacted by the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

147. In case of the admission of Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, or either of them, each shall be entitled to a representation in the Senate of Canada of four members, and (notwithstanding anything in this Act) in case of the admission of Newfoundland the normal number of Senators shall be seventy-six and their maximum number shall be eighty-two; but Prince Edward Island when admitted shall be deemed to be comprised in the third of the three divisions into which Canada is, in relation to the constitution of the Senate, divided by this Act, and accordingly, after the admission of Prince Edward Island, whether Newfoundland is admitted or not, the representation of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick in the Senate shall, as vacancies occur, be reduced from twelve to ten members respectively, and the representation of each of those provinces shall not be increased at any time beyond ten, except under the provisions of this Act for the appointment of three or six additional Senators under the direction of the Queen.

SCHEDULES.

The First Schedule.

ELECTORAL DISTRICTS OF ONTARIO.

A.

EXISTING ELECTORAL DIVISIONS.

COUNTIES.

1. Prescott.
2. Glengarry.
3. Stormont.
4. Dundas.
5. Russell.
6. Carleton.
7. Prince Edward.
8. Halton.
9. Essex.

RIDINGS OF COUNTIES.

10. North Riding of Lanark.
11. South Riding of Lanark.
12. North Riding of Leeds and North Riding of Grenville.
13. South Riding of Leeds.
14. South Riding of Grenville.
15. East Riding of Northumberland.
16. West Riding of Northumberland (excepting therefrom the Township of South Monaghan.)
17. East Riding of Durham.
18. West Riding of Durham.
19. North Riding of Ontario.
20. South Riding of Ontario.
21. East Riding of York.
22. West Riding of York.
23. North Riding of York.
24. North Riding of Wentworth.
25. South Riding of Wentworth.
26. East Riding of Elgin.
27. West Riding of Elgin.
28. North Riding of Waterloo.
29. South Riding of Waterloo.
30. North Riding of Brant.
31. South Riding of Brant.
32. North Riding of Oxford.
33. South Riding of Oxford.
34. East Riding of Middlesex.

CITIES, PARTS OF CITIES, AND TOWNS.

35. West Toronto.
36. East Toronto.
37. Hamilton.
38. Ottawa.
39. Kingston.
40. London.
41. Town of Brockville, with the Township of Elizabethtown thereto attached.
42. Town of Niagara, with the Township of Niagara thereto attached.
43. Town of Cornwall, with the Township of Cornwall thereto attached.

B.

NEW ELECTORAL DIVISIONS.

44. The Provincial Judicial District of Algoma.

The County of Bruce, divided into two ridings, to be called respectively the North and South Ridings:—

45. The North Riding of Bruce to consist of the Township of Bury, Lindsay, Eastnor, Albemarle, Amabel, Arran, Bruce, Elderslie, and Langeen, and the Village of Southampton.

46. The South Riding of Bruce to consist of the Townships of Kincardine (including the Village of Kincardine), Greenock, Brant, Huron, Kinross, Culross, and Carrick.

The County of Huron, divided into two ridings, to be called respectively the North and South Ridings:

47. The North Riding to consist of the Townships of Ashfield, Wawanosh, Turnberry, Howick, Morris, Grey, Colborne, Hullett, including the Village of Clinton and McKillop.

48. The South Riding to consist of the Town of Goderich, and the Township of Goderich, Tuckersmith, Stanley, Hay, Usborne, and Stephen.

The county of Middlesex, divided into ridings, to be called respectively the North, West, and East Ridings:

49. The North Riding to consist of the Townships of McGillivray and Biddulph (taken from the county of Huron), and Williams East, Williams West, Adelaide, Lobo.

50. The West Riding to consist of the Townships of Delaware, Carradoc, Metcalfe, Mosa, and Ekfrid, and the Village of Strathroy.

51. The East Riding to consist of the townships now embraced therein, and be bounded as it is at present.

52. The county of Lambton to consist of the Townships of Bosanquet, Warwick, Plympton, Sarnia, Moore, Enniskillen, and Brooke, and the Town of Sarnia.

53. The county of Kent to consist of the Townships of Chatham, Dover, East Tilbury, Romney, Raleigh, and Harwich, and the Town of Chatham.

54. The county of Bothwell to consist of the Townships of Sombra, Dawn, and Euphemia (taken from the county of Lambton), and the Townships of Zone, Camden with the Gore thereof, Orford, and Howard (taken from the county of Kent).

The county of Grey, divided into two ridings, to be called respectively the South and North Ridings:

55. The South Riding to consist of the Townships of Bentinck, Glenelg, Artemesia, Osprey, Normanby, Egremont, Proton, and Melancthon.

56. The North Riding to consist of the Townships of Collingwood, Euphrasia, Holland, Saint Vincent, Sydenham, Sullivan, Derby, and Keppel, Sarawak and Brooke, and the Town of Owen Sound.

The county of Perth, divided into two ridings, to be called respectively the South and North Ridings:

57. The North Riding to consist of the Townships of Wallace, Elma, Logan, Ellice, Mornington, and North Easthope, and the Town of Stratford.

58. The South Riding to consist of the Townships of Blanchard, Downie, South Easthope, Fullarton, Hibbert, and the villages of Mitchell and Ste. Marys.

The county of Wellington, divided into three ridings, to be called respectively North, South, and Centre Ridings:

59. The North Riding to consist of the Townships of Amaranth, Arthur, Luther, Minto, Maryborough, Peel, and the village of Mount Forest.

60. The Centre Riding to consist of the Townships of Garafraxa, Erin, Eramosa, Nichol, and Pilkington, and the villages of Fergus and Elora.

61. The South Riding to consist of the Town of Guelph, and the Townships of Guelph, and Puslinch.

The county of Norfolk, divided into two ridings, to be called respectively the South and North Ridings:

62. The South Riding to consist of the Townships of Charlotteville, Houghton, Walsingham, and Woodhouse, and with the Gore thereof.

63. The North Riding to consist of the Townships of Middleton, Townsend, Windham, and the town of Simcoe.

64. The county of Haldimand to consist of the Townships of Oneida, Seneca, Cayuga North, Cayuga South, Raynham, Walpole, and Dunn.

65. The county of Monck to consist of the Townships of Canborough and Moulton, and Sherbrooke, and the village of Dunnville (taken from the county of Haldimand), the townships of Caistor and Gainsborough, taken from the county of Lincoln), and the townships of Pelham and Wainfleet (taken from the county of Welland).

66. The county of Lincoln to consist of the townships of Clinton, Grantham, Grimsby, and Louth, and the town of St. Catherines.

67. The county of Welland to consist of the Townships of Bertie, Crowland, Humberstone, Stamford, Thorold, and Willoughby, and the villages of Chippewa, Clifton, Fort Erie, Thorold, and Welland.

68. The county of Peel to consist of the Townships of Chinguacousy, Toronto, and the Gore of Toronto, and the village of Brampton and Streetsville.

69. The county of Cardwell to consist of the Townships of Albion and Caledon (taken from the county of Peel), and the Townships of Adjala and Mono (taken from the county of Simcoe.)

The county of Simcoe, divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the South and the North Ridings:—

70. The South Riding to consist of the Townships of West Gwillimbury, Tecumseth, Innisfil, Essa, Tosorontio, Mulmur, and the village of Bradford.

71. The North Riding to consist of the Townships of Nottawasaga, Sunnindale, Vespra, Flos, Oro, Medonte, Orillia and Matchedash, Tiny and Tay, Balaklava and Robinson, and the towns of Barrie and Collingwood.

The county of Victoria, divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the South and North Ridings:—

72. The South Riding to consist of the Townships of Ops, Mariposa, Emily, Verulam, and the town of Lindsay.

73. The North Riding to consist of the Townships of Anson, Bexley, Carden, Dalton, Digby, Eldon, Fenelon, Hindon, Laxton, Lutterworth, Macaulay and Draper, Sommerville, and Morrison, Muskoka, Monck and Watt (taken from the county of Simcoe), and any other surveyed Townships lying to the north of the said North Riding.

The county of Peterborough, divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the West and East Ridings:—

74. The West Riding to consist of the Townships of South Monaghan (taken from the county of Northumberland), North Monaghan, Smith, and Ennismore, and the town of Peterborough.

75. The East Riding to consist of the Townships of Asphodel, Belmont and Methuen, Douro, Dummer, Galway, Harvey, Minden, Stanhope, and Dysart, Otonabee, and Snowden, and the village of Ashburnham, and any other surveyed Townships lying to the north of the said East Riding.

The county of Hastings, divided into three Ridings, to be called respectively the West, East, and North Ridings:—

76. The West Riding to consist of the town of Belleville, the Township of Sydney, and the village of Trenton.

77. The East Riding to consist of the Townships of Thurlaw, Tyendinaga, and Hungerford.

78. The North Riding to consist of the Townships of Rawdon, Huntingdon, Madoc, Elzevir, Tudor, Marmora and Lake, and the village of Stirling, and any other surveyed Townships lying to the north of the said North Riding.

79. The county of Lennox to consist of the Townships of Richmond, Adolphustown, North Fredericksburg, South Fredericksburgh, Ernest Town, and Amherst Island, and the village of Napanee.

80. The county of Addington to consist of the Townships of Camden, Portland, Sheffield, Hinchinbroke, Kaladar, Kennebec, Olden, Oso, Anglesea, Barrie, Clarendon, Palmerston, Effingham Abinger, Miller, Canonto, Denbigh, Loughborough, and Bedford.

81. The county of Frontenac to consist of the Townships of Kingston, Wolfe Island, Pittsburg and Howe Island, and Storrington.

The county of Renfrew, divided into two Ridings, to be called respectively the South and North Ridings:—

82. The South Riding to consist of the Townships of McNab, Bagot, Blithfield, Brougham, Horton, Admaston, Grattan, Matawatchan, Griffith, Lyndoch, Raglan, Radcliffe, Brudenell, Sebastopol, and the villages of Arnprior and Renfrew.

83. The North Riding to consist of the Townships of Ross, Bromley, Westmeath, Stafford, Pembroke, Wilberforce, Alice, Petawawa, Buchanan, South Algona, North Algona, Fraser, McKay, Wylie, Rolph, Head, Maria, Clara, Haggerty, Sherwood, Burns, and Richards, and any other surveyed Townships lying north-westerly of the said North Riding.

Every town and incorporated village existing at the Union, not specially mentioned in this schedule, is to be taken as part of the County or Riding within which it is locally situate.

The Second Schedule.

ELECTORAL DISTRICTS OF QUEBEC SPECIALLY FIXED

Counties of—
Pontiac,
Ottawa,
Argenteuil,
Huntingdon,
Missisquoi,
Brome,
Shefford,
Stanstead,
Compton,
Wolfe and Richmond,
Megantic.
Town of Sherbrooke.

The Third Schedule.

PROVINCIAL PUBLIC WORKS AND PROPERTY TO BE THE PROPERTY OF CANADA.

1. Canals, with Lands and Water Power connected therewith.
2. Public Harbors.
3. Lighthouses and Piers, and Sable Island.
4. Steamboats, Dredges and public vessels.
5. Rivers and Lake Improvements.
6. Railways and Railway Stocks, Mortgages and other Debts due by Railway Companies.
7. Military Roads.
8. Custom Houses, Post-offices and all other Public Buildings, except such as the Government of Canada appropriate for the use of the Provincial Legislatures and Governments.
9. Property transferred by the Imperial Government, and known as Ordnance Property.
10. Armories, Drill Sheds, Military Clothing and Munitions of War, and Lands set apart for general public purposes.

The Fourth Schedule.

ASSETS TO BE THE PROPERTY OF ONTARIO AND QUEBEC CONJOINTLY.

Upper Canada Building Fund.
Lunatic Asylums.
Normal Schools.
Court Houses, Lower Canada.
Aylmer.
Montreal.
Kamouraska.
Law Society, Upper Canada.
Montreal Turnpike Trust.
University Permanent Fund.
Royal Institution.
Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund, U. C.
Do. do. do. L. C.
Agricultural Society, Upper Canada.
Lower Canada Legislative grant.
Quebec Fire Loan.
Temiscouata Advance Account.
Quebec Turnpike Trust.
Education—East.
Building and Jury Fund.
Municipalities Fund.
Lower Canada Superior Education Income Fund.

The Fifth Schedule.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

I, A. B., do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty, Queen Victoria.

Note.—The name of the King or Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the time being is to be substituted from time to time with proper terms of reference thereto.

DECLARATION OF QUALIFICATION.

I, A. B., do declare and testify, that I am by law duly qualified to be appointed a member of the Senate of Canada (*or as the case may be*), and that I am legally or equitably seised as of freehold for my own use and benefit of lands or tenements held in free and common socage [*or seised or possessed for my own use and benefit of lands or tenements held in franc-alleu or in roture* (*as the case may be*), in the Province of Nova Scotia (*or as the case may be*) of the value of four thousand dollars over and above all rents, dues, debts, mortgages, charges, and incumbrances due or payable out of or charged on or affecting the same, and that I have not collusively or colourably obtained a title to or become possessed of the said lands and tenements or any part thereof for the purpose of enabling me to become a member of the Senate of Canada (*or as the case may be*), and that my real and personal property are together worth four thousand dollars over and above my debts and liabilities.

—A meerschaum pipe, manufactured in the United States, and designed for the Paris Exhibition, is now to be seen in New York. The pipe itself is eleven inches in length, and the amber mouthpiece eight inches long and two inches thick. The carving on the trunk of the pipe represents the meeting of Macbeth and Banquo with the witches, on their way from the battle field. The figures and horses are two inches in height. Surmounting the bowl! Shakspeare is represented seated in a chair, looking down upon the scene.

—Learn the luxury of doing good. Rev. E. Evans, Delhi, Ohio, writes:—"I have used Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum. They have changed my hair to its natural color, and stopped its falling off." Could anything more be said in favor of any article? Sold by all druggists. Depot, 193 Greenwich Street, New York.

SUBSTITUTE FOR COFFEE.—Get some rye, scald it, dry it, and brown it; then mix two parts of it with one of coffee, and you will have as good a cup of coffee as you ever drank. If you are troubled with colds, rheumatism, tooth-ache, nervousness, or any summer complaints, try first of all a bottle of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." You can get it of any medicine dealer, for 25cts. per bottle.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

H. M. THEATRE.

POSITIVELY TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

THE CELEBRATED

Skiff and Gaylord's Minstrels

AND

GRAND MUSICAL PANORAMA

OF

SHERMAN'S MARCH TO THE SEA.

Friday and Saturday, March 1st and 2nd.

BEING A TRUTHFUL REPRESENTATION of the scenes and events connected with that celebrated campaign, and pronounced by the press and public to be the most amusing and instructive series of paintings ever exhibited.

Admission—Box 50 cts.; Gallery 25 cts.

Gentlemanly ushers will be in attendance under the personal supervision of Mr. J. W. STEEL, the original Coal Oil Johnny.

WM. FOOT, JR.,
C. J. RICHARDSON, Agents.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1867. 365-td

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,

(*Late of Chicago.*)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

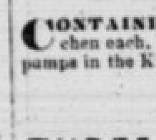
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wy

CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEGS TO RETURN his sincere thanks to his neighbors, the public in general, and the members of the different Fire and Hook and Ladder Companies for their services at the fire on his premises on the 23rd of February.

THOMAS MORROW,
Patrick-street.

Ottawa, March 2, 1867. 372-1



TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

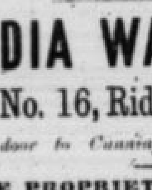
THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

1867.  1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have, never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS,
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.

Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DeKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS,

Candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pantry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

LIFE

ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that

THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS

are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's

PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME,

with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.

The Policy-holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE

OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY,

without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.

CANADA.—*MONTREAL*,—PLACE D'ARMES.

Directors,

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E. Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen., C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Com. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (J. Redpath & Son.)
Solicitors,—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer,—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary,—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies,—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.
Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer, ...Mr. A. Driscoll.
Arnprior, ...Vacant.
Almonte, ...Mr. James Rosamond.
Buckingham, ...Mr. A. McNaughton.
Kemptville, ...Mr. R. Leslie.
Pembroke, ...Mr. A. Irving.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

STOVES

AT A BIG DISCOUNT

AT

ESMONDE BROS

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stoves in Canada.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

GOOD NEWS.

COAL OIL!

DOWN AGAIN TO

40 Cents

FOR GOOD CANADA ROCK OIL.

NON-EXPLOSIVE.

OR 50 CENTS DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE CITY.

SEND YOUR CANS TO THE

Market Drug Store,

York Street.

WM. HEARN.

Ottawa, January 24, 1867. 346tf

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO.

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD

THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

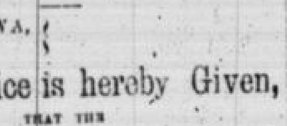
Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 321y



Recorder's Court.

CITY OF OTTAWA,
To wit:

Public Notice is hereby Given,

THAT THE

QUARTER SESSIONS

Of the Recorder's Court,

For the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the

County Court-House

(OLD JAIL,) IN SAID CITY,

ON MONDAY,

The 4th day of March next.

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in anywise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
HIGH BAILIFF.

High Bailiff's Office,
February 22nd, 1867. 368td

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8.3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

21, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WITH A VIEW TO CLEAR THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS PREVIOUS TO STOCK-TAKING HAVE RE-MARKED THEIR REMNANTS IN SOME CASES DOWN TO COST, AND IN OTHERS BELOW COST, AND WILL OFFER THE WHOLE

On Monday, the 11th day of February,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS:

THEY COMPRISE REMNANTS OF

Cloths, Tweeds, Coatings, Mantle Cloths, French Merinoes, Cobourgs, Winceys, Alpaccas, Poplins, Delaines, Prints, Cottons, Shirtings, Flannels, Silks, Ribbons, Velvets, Carpettings, Oil Cloths,

AND OTHER GOODS TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

All Goods marked in plain figures. No second price.

Wholesale & Retail.] [20 Sparks Street

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, February 11. 355y

WHOLESALE.

2,000 Superior Grain Bags.	20 " Glasgow "Striped" Druggetts.
1,000 Streetsville Linen Bags.	1 bale "Lybster Mills" Grey Cotton.
200 bds. American Cotton Warp.	1 " A 1 Dundas Grey Cotton.
75 ps. Burritt's Etoffes and Tweeds.	1 " A 2 Dundas Grey Cotton.
20 " Brown and Blue Serges.	100 ps. Imported Grey Cotton.
10 " White Serges.	75 ps. Bleached Grey Cotton.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA, JANUARY 19, 1867. 336t1M

FOR BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &C.,

SHAWLS & MANTLES,

Hats, Bonnets and Millinery!

RIBBONS,

FLOWERS and FEATHERS,

—SEE—

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, JANUARY 17, 1867. 334y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLE CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

THIS BEING THE SEASON FOR Merry-Making, Balls, Parties, &c., &c., to meet the demand for DRESS SUITS, I have on hand a choice assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS!

And of everything necessary to get up orders in a style that defies competition.

Also a choice selection of

Beavers,
Coatings,
Trowserings,
&c. &c.

Ten per cent. off for Cash transactions.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Elgin Street,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1867. 331y

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19 2603m

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

200 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 2s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's "
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE.
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot

For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS,

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 159 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365td

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity.

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "Pulmonic Wafers," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE.

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*: also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

$ $ $ $ $ $

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for those complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for farther supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

Carillon and Grenville CANALS.

SEALED TENDERS,

ADDRESSED TO THE UNDERSIGNED Will be received at this office, until

Monday, the 4th of March next,

AT NOON,

For the execution of certain works on the Carillon and Grenville Canals.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, where forms of tender may be obtained.

Tenders must be endorsed,

"*Tender for works on the Carillon and Grenville Canals.*"

The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 358wtd

Sealed Tenders

ADDRESSED TO THE UNDERSIGNED will be received at this office, until

Tuesday, the 5th March next,

AT NOON,

For the Construction of a

BULKHEAD DAM

And Timber Slide,

AT THE

DES CHENES RAPIDS!

Between an Island and the North Shore of the Ottawa River.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, where forms of Tender may be obtained.

Tenders must be endorsed—

"*Tender for work at Des Chenes Rapids.*"

The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 21, 1867. 371

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866,

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Until Monday, the 24th Instant,

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A

Wooden Bridge with Swing

To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.

Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge,*" and addressed to

JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.

Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.

309-td

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

ALSO

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

FREEHOLD CITY PROPERTY FOR Sale very cheap and on reasonable terms. LOT NO. 25, North side of York Street, Ottawa upon which is erected a large house 66 × 33 feet, containing four tenements, bringing a yearly rent of £84.

For particulars, apply to

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor, &c.

Ottawa, December 19. 311-3m

WANTED,

A FARMER to take charge of Stock and a small Farm, and to make himself generally useful.

Best testimonials required.

Apply to

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont,
Aylmer Road.

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-ut

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPREsented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

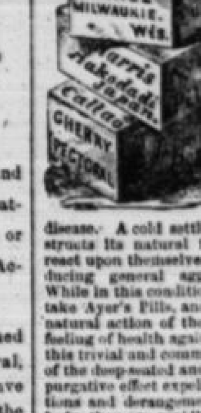
PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Billious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say:

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.

(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.

(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.

(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.

(e) The place wherein it is then stored.

(f) The place to which it is to be removed.

(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.

(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.

(i) The time at which it is to be removed.

(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner.

(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and

(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal.

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) by the (7) into the possession of (8) , there to be delivered of (9)

The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be removed.

Requisition made at this day of 186 } [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.

(2) His place of residence.

(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.

(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.

(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.

(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."

(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.

(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.

(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."

(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.

(11) To be signed by the person making he requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]

The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before he expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks, kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 . Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.

[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."

[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."

[4] The total gallons of the trength proo for which the permit is granted.

[5] The owner's name and occupation in full

[6] His place of business.

[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.

[8] His place of business.

[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.

[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.

[11] The period named for the removal.

[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servantt
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each deed, instrument or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents.*

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents.*

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents.*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents.*

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

208-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1 1866. 12tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER,

NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz.
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand *via* New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "Too Late" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT has been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON,

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.

Post-Office Inspector's Office,
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise

208tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 0" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

154tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining, the same, forming part of Lot No. 28, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

TO RENT, FROM 1st OF May next, a large STONE HOUSE, furnished, situated in one of the pleasantest localities in Ottawa. Terms reasonable.

Apply at this office.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365a

To Let,

FROM 1st MAY NEXT, a large, comfortable Stone Dwelling, situated on the Bank of the Ottawa, near the landing of the steamer *Victoria*, and now occupied by T. B. Stanton, with good stable, coach-house, &c., attached.

ALSO, FROM 1st MAY,

A dwelling on Rideau-street, with good outbuildings.

—ALSO,—

Three comfortable cottages, of which immediate possession may be had.

Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
Solicitor,
Sussex-street.

Ottawa, February 21, 1867. 364-10

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to

MRS. LAFDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 367tf

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.

Apply to

JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.

Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

TO LET A DWELLING House, containing Ten Rooms in the Desbarats' Block, Sparks Street, next to Mrs. Trotter's Restaurant. Possession immediate. Apply to

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Queen's Printer's Office.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

TO LET, A HOUSE CONtaining nine rooms, on Ottawa Street, south of Mathew's Hotel. Apply on the premises, to

THOS. G. BURNS.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,

Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf.

FOR SALE.--THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 16ltf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

WANTS.

WANTED.--A Situation in a General Store by a person of 20 years' experience. Speaks French and English; also thoroughly understands Book-keeping. References if required. Please address to A. B., at the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 27. 188tf

WANTED.--TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

BOARDING.---MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-

FOR SALE.

2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

E. McGILLIVRAY

Aug. 10-200tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Daily Times

VOL. II. NO. 373. | OTTAWA C. W. MONDAY, MARCH 4, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times;

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 8 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 268y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
M. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lake Carner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 15, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
OTTAWA, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 42, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Town Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telograph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s Grocery.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11 -

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex-Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-e

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman, Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for ornamental Iron-work and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attentian given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus's Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flocks patent and improved Tayler Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-tf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne:
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they cansell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
IGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 222tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6.170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1:7

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

NOTICE.
Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 6th November, 1866.
WHEREAS the power given to Collectors of Customs by the Customs Act, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, Chapter 17, of retaining the invoices produced on the passing of Entries, has not been generally exercised, and that it has been found advisable to make it incumbent upon Collectors to retain the official custody, and place on file all such invoices—
Notice is hereby given that upon and after the FIRST day of JANUARY next, all invoices of goods, presented for entry at any of the Custom Houses in the Province, will be retained and put on file by the Collector of the Port, in conformity with the 13th section of the 29 and 30 Victoria, Cap. 6, and that certified copies thereof will be given by the Collector or proper officer, when required under the conditions therein mentioned.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
280tf Commissioner of Customs.

Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 3rd October, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Gulf of Mexico—United States.
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
THE following important Notice to Navigators has been issued from the Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, in reference to a fixed Light on Cape St. George, Gulf of Mexico, United States, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

The substance of this Notice, as soon as it is received on board, is to be inserted in red ink on the Charts affected by it; and introduced into the margin or otherwise in the page, of the Sailing Directions to which it relates. See Instructions, Navigation and Pilotage, p. 172.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
[No. 51.]
Gulf of Mexico—United States
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
Information has been received at the Admiralty, that the Light on Cape St. George, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 1st day of August, 1864.
This light is a *fixed* white light, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 15 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT ON CAPE SAN BLAS.
Also, that the light on Cape San Blas, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 23rd day of July, 1866.
The light is a *fixed* white light, varied by a *flash* every minute and a half, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 16 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT AT JUPITER INLET.
Also, that the light at Jupiter Inlet, East Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 28th day of June, 1866.
The light is a *fixed* white light, varied by a *flash* every minute and a half.
NORTH ATLANTIC.
FOG SIGNAL AT WEST QUODDY HEAD, STATE OF MAINE.
Also, that on and after the 15th day of August, the fog signal at West Quoddy Head, Coast of Maine, would be made by means of a Daboll trumpet, operated by a Roper hot air engine, giving blasts of 5 seconds duration, with intervals of 20 seconds between the blasts.
The trumpet is placed in a small white building, a short distance south of the lighthouse, at an elevation of 75 feet above the mean level of the sea.
By command of their Lordships,
GEO. HENRY RICHARDS,
Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty,
London, 30th August, 1866.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: St. George's sound, No. 2,808; West Indies, &c., No. 392; Lights in West Indies, No. 396. Bay of Fundy, No. 332; Halifax to Delaware, No. 2,676. 251tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment o
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 237-47utf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
☞ They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,
BEAVERS,
PETERSHAMS,
DEVONS,
WHITNEYS
IRISH FRIEZE,
CANADIAN DO.,
BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS,
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,
Do. do. TROWSERINGS,
BEDFORD CORDS,
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,
BANNNOCKBURN DO.,
HALIFAX DO.,
KERSEYS,
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS.

COATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
SMOCKS,
SOCKS,
MITTS, WOOLLEN
Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK,
BAGS, LINEN,
Do., TRAVELLING,
COTTONS, STRIPED,
Do., BLUE,
Do., GREY,
TRUNKS,
VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF, O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa
H. MEADOWS & CO.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
OUR STOCK OF THE ABOVE IS NOW COMPLETE, COMPRISING A GREAT variety of all the different patterns, with every real improvement which the advancing requirements of Central Canada have shown to be needed. The assortment is the largest and most varied in this market. Special attention has been given to the selection of STOVES, suitable for Farmers and to residents of the city. The
ELEVATED OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Of which we have about twenty different sizes and patterns, including the following celebrated names: Protectionist, Large and Small King of Stoves, Improved Farmer's, (2 sizes), Fortune, Housekeeper, Sunny Side, &c., &c., all o which are splendid bakers. Our
LOW OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Are unrivalled for city use, being very economical for fuel, and likewise good baking Stoves. The following well known Stoves comprise part of the stock: Monitor, (3 sizes), Empire State, (3 sizes), Queen City, Hotel, Charter Oak, St. Lawrence, Forest, Premium, &c., &c., &c.
PARLOR STOVES!
We have all the atest and best patterns, open and close fronts, elegant in design, durable for use and cheap in price.
BOX STOVES!
A very large stock of these Stoves just received, including the Black Giant, Rambler, Rover, Lioness, Lion, Fulton, &c., all sizes, suitable for the smallest bedroom or the largest hall, warehouse, or church, (a liberal discount made on all Stoves sold to Churches.)
DOUBLE STOVES!
Different patterns, with single or double Ovens.
DUMB STOVES AND STOVE PIPES!
Of the best Russian and other Iron, also Gallows Pipe, T Pipes, Elbows, Key Pipes, and all kinds of Tin, Sheet, Iron, and Copper Ware on hand and made to order.
Builders' Job Work, Hot Air Furnaces, Eavetroughs, &c.,
Made to order. The best of material used and none but first-class workmen employed.
Camp Kettles, Bake Pans, Shanty Plates, and all kinds of Lumberer's Supplies on Hand.
Iron Bedsteads. Iron Bedsteads.
BIRD CAGES. BIRD CAGES CHEAP.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.—Parties about furnishing houses would do well to call and examine our tock in this department, as there is almost every requisite for the Housekeeper, especially in the culinary branch.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
Best Pennsylvania Kerosene and No. 1 Canada Oils, No inferior article kept.
LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS.
Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Hall Lamps—a great variety on hand.
☞ Bedroom Toilet Setts, Baths, Sponge, Plunge, Sitz and Children's Baths, Chamber Pails, and all kinds of Japanned and plain Tinware.
REMEMBER
WHEN YOU WANT TO EXAMINE ANYTHING IN THE ABOVE LINE, GO DIRECT TO THE
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, *SUSSEX STREET.*
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1866. 62-y

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread ..... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 6. 306tf

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod Liver Oil, always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 22. 314tf

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 56" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 76 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9¼ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam,
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is herby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,) EDMUND HARRISON.
317tf

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

To Builders—T. Fuller, Architect

Salesman Wanted—Grant & Henderson.

One Hundred Dollars Reward—Wm. F. Powell.

American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIVER.	CLOSE.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.30 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on	8.00 a. m. and 11.30 a. m.	11.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.
North side of the Ottawa. Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.,	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Original, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage,	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway,	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau,	5.30 p. m.	3.00 p. m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and Country Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867.

We understand that a requisition was in circulation on Saturday, and generally signed by all classes, calling upon the Hon. John A. Macdonald to allow himself to be nominated as the representative of Ottawa in the Local Parliament of Ontario. Should the Attorney-General accept the nomination, there can be no doubt of his return by acclamation. It is the most graceful compliment which the citizens of Ottawa can pay to him for his faithful adherence to its interests, as well as for his services to the country at large.

We are glad to notice that the County Council at its Saturday's sitting reversed its action of the previous day with reference to the office of jail physician, re-electing Dr. Grant, whose services heretofore have given the utmost satisfaction.

The *Globe* gives notice that it is about to obtain the opinion of eminent legal counsel as to the interpretation of the education clause of the Confederation Bill, and that it has bottled up its wrath until that opinion is given. We are glad to hear this; and in order that the opinion may be all the more satisfactory, we would respectfully suggest that our contemporary should submit the clause as it is in the bill, and not the parody contained in the "advance copy," otherwise, the "opinion" will have as little value as many other opinions and assertions which reach the public through the columns of the *Globe*.

The Hon. George Brown has again taken leave of Parliamentary life. At all events he is reported to have informed his constituents of South Oxford on Thursday last that he did not intend to run for the Confederate Parliament. This is not the first time Mr. Brown has "retired," and probably it may not be the last. For his own sake, we could have wished that the closing session of his Parliamentary career had been characterized by the same elevation of tone and liberality of sentiment that distinguished him in the sessions of '64-5, though judging from his course in the session of '66 and since, we cannot but confess that we rejoice at his decision. Did the consciousness of his inability to marshall the Reform party under his own leadership help him to the determination at which he has arrived?

Many names have been mentioned in connection with the representation of the city in the Canadian House of Commons, but until Saturday we had not learned that any one was positively in the field, though we knew that several were anxiously awaiting an invitation. The friends of Edward McGillivray, Esq., merchant, have commenced the canvas, and we learn that the requisition calling upon that gentleman to allow himself to be put in nomination, met with a very encouraging reception on Saturday. We heard a rumor that another requisition was out, though we cannot vouch for the statement. In the meantime it is more than probable that the sitting member, Mr. Currier, will have something to say in the matter, though there appears at present to be very little generally known by the public as to whether he intends to offer himself for re-election.

After all the efforts to enact a higher or more protective tariff in the American Congress, the tariff bill has at length been dropped—"killed in the house of its friends," as the *Tribune* expresses it. The competition between conflicting interests has naturally led to this result. The cry for protection had ceased to be confined to one class; every interest was alike clamorous, and amongst them all it was impossible to come to an agreement. As the new Congress meets to-day, however, it is quite likely the protectionists will immediately revive the bill.

The *Tribune* is quite lachrymose over the loss of its pet measure. It affects to see nothing for it but the ruin of American industry, and the consequent diminution of internal revenue to a degree that will deprive the government of the power to meet its obligations, thereby leading to national bankruptcy. It says the repeal of the international revenue bill would be but a reasonable supplement to the failure to enact the new tariff, from which it is to be inferred that the fiscal system in the neighboring republic is not evenly adjusted. Under these circumstances a lightening of the pressure of internal taxes would be a far more sensible policy than the periodical increase of customs duties, which will only bring at most but a temporary relief, coupled with the danger of still more injurious consequences in the future.

The Feinians owning allegiance to President Roberts promise that the second annual invasion of Canada by the wearers of the green shall come off again this season, but at an earlier date than last year, and with accompaniments far more grand and imposing. The receipt of a letter in Toronto from a western city of the Union from a Fenian, and addressed in confidence to a sympathiser, but accidentally opened by another party bearing the same name, indicates that in the West the dupes of the party still entertain the notion that the conquest of Canada is the first step towards the liberation of Ireland, and that, therefore, they should make the attempt. The recent *fiasco* in Ireland has also helped to throw a temporary dash of vitality into the Roberts party and loud threats are indulged in from headquarters, New York, that the preparations for an invasion in the early summer are upon a scale of heretofore unequalled extent.

We have not the slightest dread that these threats will be carried into execution. The invasion of June, 1866, was planned and carried out under several delusions, all of which have since been dissipated. The first delusion, and the one perhaps for which Fenian foresight is the least to be blamed for having been deceived by, was that the American Government would have winked at the whole movement to the end. This was not done though the Fenians had very good reason to expect it from the encouragement extended to them by all political parties, and from the very general impression that at some former period they or some one on behalf of them had received something like a pledge from those in the confidence of a former Washington Executive, that they would be permitted to carry out their plans. They cannot under present circumstances hope for a more favorable interpretation of the American neutrality laws than they received last summer; on the contrary, the restoration of District Attorney Dart to his former office, which was popularly believed to have been forfeited because of his anti-Fenian zeal last summer, as well as the altered tone of the American press, the declaration of the President in his message that he was bound to execute these laws, and the refusal of Congress to entertain his hint for their modification, all point to the probability that far less indulgence will be given them in future than has been in the past, on the other side of the lines.

Another delusion under which the Fenians labored last summer has been ruthlessly dispelled by experience. They believed that when they came to Canada they would be welcomed as deliverers by a large number of the population, and that the balance was too cowardly and destitute of spirit to offer any serious resistance. They cannot have forgotten how completely they miscalculated in this particular, and they will not readily risk the consequences which such a miscalculation entails. Then again their former faith in the utter defencelessness of the province cannot now stand them instead to prop their courage up. They are not unaware of the large number of her Majesty's regular forces now quartered in this country, nor do they underestimate the danger of facing such a body, while on the other hand they must also be cognizant of the fact that the volunteer force of the province has increased in numbers and in efficiency of drill and equipment to a degree that renders them far more formidable as enemies than they were twelve months ago.

Against these discouraging circumstances the Fenians have nothing within their own ranks to inspire confidence. The repeated treacheries of their leaders, and the successive failures of all their plans, must in the very nature of things have operated seriously to the diminution of the strength of the organisation. The pretence of "greater secresy" with which the society is now conducted is a most transparent sham. On every occasion, and at every spot where it is likely that any credit will be attached to the statement, announcements are made of the fighting strength, the arms and war material in their possession; yet nowhere is there the record of an army or its equipment equal to that which mustered on the frontier last June. President Roberts may, and no doubt will keep up an appearance of activity, so long as there is any hope of drawing money from the people, but beyond this there does not appear the remotest danger, so long as the Provinces are maintained in an efficient state of defence. It is quite likely that the pending negociations between Great Britain and the American Government in relation to the questions now in dispute, may afford the British Government an opportunity, that will not be thrown away, of coming to some definite understanding regarding the Fenian marauders. It is also to be remembered, that independent of any such understanding, it has been positively stated that Great Britain will regard all Fenians who are subjects of the United States, or any other foreign power, as pirates, and treat them accordingly. These considerations, though perhaps but imperfectly understood by the members of Fenian circles, cannot fail to be of some weight with the more intelligent leaders, so that the threats of a second invasion may be dismissed as so much idle bombast.

The subject of "H. M. s" letter is not one fitted for our columns, nor one that should be treated anywhere over an anonymous signature.

The publication of "Chauderian's" communication would only give the medium of the statement he wishes to correct a degree of notoriety, to which we do not think it is entitled. "Oh, no! we never mention it."

The author of a "rejected letter" writes us ....."should you think the enclosed not worthy a place, don't notice it in your paper." That is sensible. Editors should not as a general rule be expected to give their reasons for rejecting communications, and so far as we are concerned, we do not generally give them.

—The Queen of Spain is the last of the Bourbons on a throne, and she bids fair to follow her kindred.

—The Rev. Mr. A—— was more eminent in his day for the brilliance of his imagination than the force of his logic. At one time he preached on "The Ministration of Angels," and in the peroration he suddenly observed, "I hear a whisper!" The change of tone started the deacon, who sat below, from a drowsy mood, and springing to his feet he spoke: "I guess it is the boys in the gallery."

For Montreal Line.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 2, 1867.

A number of Spencer rifles were served out yesterday to the Queen's Own.

The officers of the Grand Trunk Battalion passed a satisfactory examination before Col. McKinstry yesterday, and were complimented on the efficiency of their drill.

Hon. George Brown addressed a number of his constituents at Tilsonburg on Thursday, on the subject of changes that would arise from Confederation of the provinces. He stated that he did not intend running for the Confederate Parliament, but would nevertheless use every exertion in the coming election to support the cause of the Liberal party in Upper Canada. He was afterwards entertained at a public dinner, at which a good number were present.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 2, 1867.

About one thousand carpenters are on a strike here, and they paraded some of the principal streets to-day. They are asking a considerable advance in wages.

The *Evening Telegraph* of to-day in an article on the Babin case says it has seen fragments of the letter found by Pierce, and supposed to have been written by Ledoux, and on comparing them with Babin's handwriting, declares distinctly that the letter in question was written by Babin himself.

The new Masonic Hall will be opened by a grand ball on the 16th of next month.

Several gentlemen are named as likely to succeed Judge Smith, among whom are mentioned Messrs. Ramsay and Ouimet.

LOCAL NEWS.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 2, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 16 above zero.

9 a. m., 36 above zero.
Noon, shade, 39 above zero.
Noon, sun, 44 above zero.
6 p. m., 13 above zero.

Presentation.—At the last regular meeting of the L. O. L., No. 55, of Huntly, the members presented a massive signet ring to their late Worshipful Master, R. R. Richardson, as a token of respect and esteem. Mr. Richardson has occupied the position of Master of 55 for many years, and has, by his manly principles and wise counsel, endeared himself to the members, who all deeply regret his retirement. The ring has a suitable inscription.

Police Court.—Killoran, the carter who was charged with enticing a soldier of the 100th to desert, was called up on remand. A number of witnesses were called for the prosecution, but nothing satisfactory was elicited. The witnesses generally professed entire ignorance of the facts relied upon by the prosecution, and after an investigation which lasted several hours, there appearing nothing to criminate the accused beyond a moral conviction of guilt somewhere, the case was dismissed.

The Escaped Prisoner.—St. Julien, the Frenchman who, last summer, and during the fall, systematically robbed the store of Mr. Pierre Poulin of goods to the value of $1,000 is still at large. On Saturday, Mr. Sheriff Powell issued handbills, offering a reward of $100 for his apprehension. This fellow knows the woods well, and doubtless there will be very great difficulty experienced by the officials in his apprehension. For a full description of the man, see advertisement.

The Dog and Hand-Sleigh Nuisance.—Scarcely a day passes but foot passengers are annoyed and injured by the nuisance hand-sleighs and dog-sleighs. The parties who monopolise the side-walk either have not sense enough to know that they are doing wrong, or have no regard for the rights of others. We have heard many bitter complaints from all sorts of people touching this matter; we have seen respectable people, some of them ladies, who have been knocked down or had their legs bruised by these things striking against them, when passing along the side-walks, to which they have an undoubted right. The side-walks belong exclusively to pedestrians, and all kinds of vehicles as wheel-barrows, hand-carts and hand and dog-sleighs, if they must be used at all, should be kept in the streets, and we take it that it is the duty of the police to abate the nuisance by causing the offenders to be fined.

Donations.—The steward of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges with thanks the following donations, to be applied to the wants of needy patients on their being discharged from hospital:—From J. G. Leslie, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer of the Ottawa & Prescott Railway, 2 caps, 2 coats, 2 vests, 2 pairs pants, 2 pairs boots, and 2 pairs stockings; From Jas. Buchannan, Esq., Merchant, Sussex-street, 2 pairs pants and 2 vests; and from Henry Grist, Esq., Parliamentary Agent, 2 coats, 2 hats, 1 pair of pants, 1 vest, 2 pairs socks, and sundry articles of female apparel. The steward, more than ordinarily thankful for the response which his appeal to the public on behalf of the patients has met with, would nevertheless suggest that underclothing for the poor people is almost absolutely necessary at this season, for although the outer man may be covered, he is yet only like a painted sepulchre, beautiful without and hollowness within.

That Cane Again.—The ballot-box was opened in due form and according to notice, at the Russell House, on Saturday evening, by his Worship the Mayor, and in presence of some of the lady managers and several gentlemen. The votes were carefully scrutinized and honestly counted up, shewing that Mr. Joyce headed the poll, Mr. Friel, a good second, and Mr. Egleson, a fair third; Messrs. Currier, John A. Macdonald, McGillivray, Dr. Grant, Mayor Lyon, and several others, making but a very poor run. The lady who was the custodian of the cane, handed it over to his Worship, to be delivered to the winner after the formalities had been gone through with. The whole party drank the successful competitor's health in champagne, wishing him long life and health to enjoy the prize. It is not expected that Mr. Joyce will surrender the lucrative post of "*Bill Sticker*" for the small honor of being a member of Parliament.

Substitute for Coffee.—Get some rye, scald it, dry it, and brown it; then mix two parts of it with one of coffee, and you will have as good a cup of coffee as you ever drank. If you are troubled with colds, rheumatism, tooth-ache, nervousness, or any summer complaints, try first of all a bottle of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." You can get it of any medicine dealer, for 25cts. per bottle.

—Twenty years experience in using Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have proved them to be the most effectual remedy for coughs and irritations of the throat, caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs; public speakers and singers will find them most beneficial. The entire freedom from all deleterious ingredients renders Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers, or cough and vice lozenges, a safe remedy for the most delicate person, and has caused them to be held in high esteem by all who have used them. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per box.

A WORD TO THE UNWISE.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—Hard things are said about civil servants and militia drill. There are three sets of dissentients:

1. Those who object, for various reasons, voluntarily to join the organisation.

2. Many who are legally exempted from serving in the ranks, and plead such exemption because of injudicious and unfair features in the organisation.

3. Some who are willing, but cannot attend either voluntary or compulsory drill.

A few do not believe in the thing at all, and feel very much disinclined, after being all day baked in the hot-air ovens occupied as public offices, to spend their leisure hours in a dusty garret, or in a cob-webbed old saw-mill.

It is to No. 3 that I belong. There is a difficulty here which even our civil superiors recognise; namely—to reconcile the exigencies of official duty with the imperativeness of militia drill. Men like Mr. "Communicated" are not likely to assist in its practical solution. Persons of common sense, and of spirit enough to be soldiers, can never be *dragooned* through any such difficulty. I doubt if the scaring process is likely to prove successful. It may avail among the jackdaw lot to which "Communicated" belongs, who, in time of need, will probably be found strutting about the safe precincts and corridors of the government buildings—"officer of the day," or watch and patrol in that high type of active service, for which men now being put through regular and compulsory drill are destined; but not among men who will cheerfully make any sacrifice when loyal hearts and ready hands shall be wanting at the front.

Yours,
Scout.

Marchist, 1867.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

Friday, March 1, 1867.

Pursuant to adjournment, the council met at 2 o'clock p. m.

Present.—The Warden, Messrs. Dow, Cowan, Blackburn, Berry, Dawson, Mills, Tompkins, Storey, Smith, Church, Sykes, Neil, Cummings, Morgan.

The minutes of yesterday were read.

The Warden read a communication from Sheriff Powell, concerning the improvements in his office.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Sykes, that the communication from Sheriff Powell be referred to the committee that was appointed to look after the furnishing of the Sheriff's office, and that they report to-morrow morning.—Carried.

The clerk read the opinion of the County Solicitor, concerning the petition of James Kennedy, praying for reimbursement for monies expended in the purchase of lands at Nepean, when illegally sold for taxes.

Moved by Dr. Church, seconded by Mr. Neil, that the opinion of J. B. Lewis, Esq., County Solicitor, in reference to the petition of James Kennedy, be received, and a copy of the same be sent to the said petitioner forthwith.—Carried.

The clerk read a petition from W. H. Thompson, asking the council to reimburse him certain monies expended in the purchase of lands in Gloucester, when illegally sold for taxes.

Moved by Mr. Neil, seconded by Mr. Mills, that the petition of W. H. Thompson now read, be received and placed on file.—Carried.

The clerk read an application from Dr. Sweetland, for the position of physician to the county jail.

Moved by Mr. Neil, seconded by Dr. Church, that Dr. Sweetland be and is hereby appointed physician to the county jail in the room of Dr. Grant, who is hereby removed.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Berry, that this council is quite satisfied with the conduct of Dr. Grant, its present physician, and that this council is not aware of any reason why he should be removed.—Lost.

Mr. Morgan called for the yeas and nays. Nays—Messrs. Dow, Blackburn, Smith, Morgan, Berry, Cummings and Tompkins—7.

Nays—Messrs. Cowan, Church, Neil, Mills, Sykes, Dawson and Storey—7.

The Warden voted nay and declared the amendment *lost*.

The original motion was then put and carried on the same division.

The committee on education presented their report.

Moved by Mr. Neil, seconded by Dr. Church, that the report of the Committee on Education just read, be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Blackburn, seconded by Mr. Smith, that on the petition of John Nihill he be allowed an addition to his salary for this year of twenty-five dollars, also that Catherine Graham be allowed a like sum.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Blackburn, that whereas Robert Hardy, of the city of Ottawa, petitioned this Council at its sitting in June last, claimed payment of the price of certain lands bought at the sale of lands for taxes in 1859, and alleged by him to have been erroneously sold, the said lands being in the townships of Torbolton, Nepean and Marlboro', which claim was refused by the advice of the county solicitor; and whereas the said Robert Hardy having sued the township of Torbolton, for the price of the land in that township alleged by him to have been erroneously sold: Judge Armstrong, in January last, gave his judgment against Hardy's claim: therefore it is resolved, that, as in the opinion of this council the question decided is one of great importance to every township in the county, the treasurer be ordered to repay to the township of Torbolton the expense of defending the suit, amounting to $26.75.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Neil, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that this council do now adjourn till 9 o'clock to-morrow.—Carried.

Saturday, March 2, 1867.

Pursuant to adjournment, the council met at 9 a.m.

Present: the Warden, Messrs. Dow, Cowan, Neil, Dawson, Morgan, Blackburn, Berry, Storey, Cummings, Tompkins, Smith and Church.

The minutes of yesterday were read. The clerk read the report of the special committee on improvements to the sheriff's office.

Moved by Mr. Morgan, seconded by Mr. Dawson, that the report from the committee on improvements to the sheriff's office be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Storey, seconded by Mr. Berry, that the report of the Building and Jail Committee, be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Neil, seconded by Dr. Church, that motion No. 22 for the appointment of Dr. J. Sweetland, be reconsidered at the June session, as this council are perfectly satisfied with the manner in which Dr. Grant has performed the services of jail physician since his appointment.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cummings, seconded by Mr. Tomkins, that an order be drawn upon the Treasurer in favor of E. Wood for $30, being the amount of his account against this council for making a table for the court-room.—Carried.

The report of the committee on printing having been read, Mr. Morgan moved, seconded by Mr. Smith, that the report on printing, be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Berry, that the Treasurer be ordered to furnish a statement of all taxes remaining unpaid, and that the said statement be printed along with the Treasurer's accounts.—Carried.

Moved by Dr. Church, seconded by Mr. Neil, that the county clerk be and is hereby directed to procure an office for six months.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dawson, seconded by Mr. Neil, that this council do now adjourn till the fourth Monday in June at 2 o'clock p. m.—Carried.

—Learn the luxury of doing good. Rev. E. Evans, Delhi, Ohio, writes:—"I have used Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum. They have changed my hair to its natural color, and stopped its falling off." Could anything more be said in favor of any article? Sold by all druggists. Depot, 193 Greenwich Street New York.

THE FENIANS—THEIR MOVEMENTS AND INTENTIONS.

(From the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.)

We detailed a squad of our pearl-handled reporters the other day for special duty.

Their instructions were to look after the Fenians and the Fenian movements generally.

And to give the result of their investigations, with such facts as they might be able to collect, without regard to expense or authenticity.

How they acquitted themselves, let the public, who pays its money and takes its paper, decide.

We carefully compiled the various accounts submitted, erasing such statements and speculations as might appear contradictory or inconsistent.

The grand combined total figured up somewhere about as follows:

The Fenian movement, from head centre to circumference, may be considered as played.

Though the wildest excitement still prevails in this and other localities, and active preparations are making for the coming campaign.

Which is supposed to be coming faster and faster every day.

At the present time the leaders are reported to be coming through the old rye.

The number of troops already enrolled and uniformed is estimated at three hundred and seventy-five millions.

Or thereabouts.

Each of whom is to have a farm when Canada is gobbled.

Every man on joining the organization, swears—

(In fact they all swear more or less.)

—That he will remember the glories of Brian the Brave, and strike wherever he sees a hat—

—That he will also strike for his home on the first convenient opportunity—

—That he will have his rights, forcibly if he can, peaceably if he must—

—That he believes St. Patrick to have been a better man than ever the Fourth of July was—

—That "God Save the Queen" can't hold a candle to "Garryowen" nor "Rule Britannia" to the "Shan Van Vocht"—

—That the "Harp that once through Tara's Halls" lays clear over the "Harp of a thousand strings"—

—And that he will deliver Ireland or die, or perish in the attempt.

The men are all armed with repeating shamrocks and breech-loading shillelahs.

The latter being of an improved pattern, and warranted never to miss fire.

The uniform to be worn consists principally of coats and trowsers.

The coats are of a green color.

While the trowsers, by way of contrast, are much the same.

The stripes and trimmings being of green.

Each Fenian, when fully equipped, will carry, in addition to his other traps, a saddle and bridle.

To supply the Canadians, who are understood to be short of these articles.

The various Fenian regiments in this city meet for drill fourteen nights in a week.

One of our reporters accepted an invitation to visit the headquarters a few nights since.

He went in company with Gen. O'Neill, President Roberts, and Mr. O'Day, whose Christian name, as we have had occasion to state heretofore, is Patrick and not Peep.

Our reporter, though not of the Irish belief himself, has a friend who had a cousin from the county Down.

Therefore he was regarded as sound, and admitted to the confidence of the leaders.

Who told him everything in relation to their future plans.

And gave him a programme.

Of course he is not at liberty to disclose anything calculated to injure the cause.

And is therefore only able to give a few unimportant facts.

The great flank movement upon the kingdom of Canada will take place early some fine morning.

The army of invasion will be concentrated on Bird Island pier the night previous.

And will be conveyed over the river by the steamers *Michigan*, *Commodore Perry* and *Fessenden*.

Which have been chartered for the purpose.

These vessels will also be on hand with open scows, to receive the Fenianists on their return.

The artillery, which will be spiked to prevent accidents, will be dismounted and floated across.

On reaching the other side forty rounds of pamphlets on the sufferings of Ireland will be issued to the troops.

Together with one day's rations of cold Queen's Own and mountain dew.

They will then move for the interior.

The horses for the cavalry being kindly loaned for the occasion by the inhabitants.

Who will all appear against the Fenians when they are put upon trial.

After blowing up the Welland canal, in retaliation for seven hundred years of wrongs inflicted upon their ancestors, they will march upon Suspension Bridge.

Having captured and paroled the bridge, the next thing will be something else.

And then, in succession, Toronto, Hamilton, Quebec and Montreal will rapidly fall.

So will Niagara Falls.

In the battles which are to take place, no quarter to be shown.

As no one of the men is expected to have one about him.

The captured cities will be garrisoned and guards placed around the banks.

To prevent the soldiers from taking the bills to light their pipes with.

President Roberts will be detailed to act as Controller of currency.

And it is pretty generally conceded that he can control currency, if anybody can.

It would be mighty hard currency to control, if he couldn't.

On reaching Kingston, the army under Gen. John O'Neill will be welcomed by Father McMahon and Col. Lynch.

Who will sing—

"In the prison cell we sat,
Thinking, Johnny dear, of you."

To which Gen. O'Neill will respond by tendering them the freedom of the city.

And agreeing to take charge of their interest in the puddling business.

After blowing all the smaller cities and towns into smithereens, preparations will be made for paying a visit to Ottawa, the capital.

This will be a capital idea.

After the place has capitulated, Gen. O'Neill will occupy the Parliament Buildings as his headquarters.

And proceed to establish a new government which will be known as the United State of Ireland.

With new scenery and music.

Air "Kingdom Coming."

No Constitution will be adopted.

This, it is thought, will effectually euchre all attempts at amendment.

And thus enable the new republic to avoid the rock upon which America split.

A law will be immediately enacted forbidding the circulation of anything except counterfeit postal currency.

Which will be furnished from this side, and be recognised as a legal tender.

Every man will be appointed to a fat office, and his salary will be paid in advance.

Neither Thad. Stevens, Sumner nor Gen. Butler, will be allowed to enter the country.

Consequently the government will never be broken up, nor the silver-ware be found missing.

And all the people will spend their lives in peace, and die happily.

—It would appear from the reports in the Belgian newspapers that the cattle plague has been committing frightful ravages in some districts of that country.

To Owners of Horses.—It is a well attested fact confirmed by the experience of thousands that "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine" for horses is superior to anything of the kind now or ever known. We know that it has been used in many cases where the horse has been considered almost worthless, with the most satisfactory result, the horse having been restored to perfect soundness or so much benefited that the complaint could scarcely be observed. Many such horses have afterwards been sold for from $50 to $100 more than they would have previously brought, and were well worth the difference; let all interested consider this. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

TELEGRAPHIC

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

Late Mexican Affairs.

Paris, March 2.—Cuban despatches have been received here from Vera Cruz, which state that communication between that city and the capital has been entirely cut off. The Emperor Maximilian has consequently forbidden the transmission of despatches to Europe giving opinions on the state of the country, lest they may fall into the hands of the Liberals.

Brazilian News.

London, March 1.—Lord Stanley, the Secretary of Foreign Affairs, in answer to an inquiry made in the House of Commons, stated that neither Brazil nor Paraguay had ever invoked the mediation of England.

Rumored Russian Intervention.

St. Petersburg, March 2.—The morning papers to-day announce that the Czar of Russia has strongly urged the Sublime Porte to cede the Island of Candia to Greece.

Latest London Markets.

London, March 2—Noon.—Consols, 91; Erie, 36¼; Ill. Cen. ex-div., 76½.

Latest Liverpool Markets.

Liverpool, March 2—Noon.—Cotton opened firm, and is unchanged. Breadstuffs unchanged; California wheat firm at 16s. 3d. per cental. Lard quiet and steady, at 30s. 6d. per cwt. Bacon, 43s. per cwt., for American middles. Pork, 77s. 6d. per 200lbs., for prime city mess. Petroleum, 1s. 7d. per gal. for Pennsylvania refined. Spirits have advanced 1d. and are saleable at 11d. per gallon. Ashes 34s. for Pots. Spirits Turpentine 37s. 6d. per cwt. For Carolina linseed cakes, £10 10s. per ton.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

(*Per Montreal Line.*)

Suicide of an Incendiary.

Boston, March 1.—A man named William Horne, convicted to-day at East Cambridge of setting fire to a public building, stabbed himself in court with a jackknife three times. It is not probable he will recover.

A $20,000 Fire.

Boston, March 1.—A fire in Amoskeag, N. H., to-day, destroyed property to the amount of $20,000.

Refusing Negro Testimony.

Norfolk, Va., March 1.—The magistrates who refused to receive negro testimony have been bound over to appear before the United States District Court.

A Long Delayed Execution.

Elmira, March 1.—Henry E. Gardner, who was convicted of murder in 1864, was hung to-day.

Fatal Affray.

Manchester, N. H, March 1.—James Mefu was killed in an affray on Thursday night by Adams Myres.

Political.

New York, March 2.—The *Times* special says: The cabinet has determined to nominate Mrs. Frances Lord Bond, of New York, to a consular position in some British port, she having long since made application for such an appointment.

The *Times* special learns that the testimony in the impeachment matter, thus far, is of the most flimsy and irrelevant nature.

The reports of cabinet changes are gossip.

New York, March 1.—The *World's* special says: Horace Greeley had a long interview with the President yesterday, and urged him to sign the Reconstruction Bill. It is also said he told the President there should be an entire cabinet change.

Bank Swindle in Boston.

Boston, March 2.—There is great trouble in financial circles here. The branch of the First National Bank, of Newton, Mass., is short $110,000. The president of the bank gave notice that the cashier started for Boston yesterday, at 11 o'clock, and has not since been heard of.

Burning of the Steamer "Columbus."

Hudson, March 2.—The towboat *Columbus* was totally destroyed by fire last night. Loss $20,000.

Another Bank Defalcation.

The First National Bank of this city was closed to-day for examination, it being alleged that the cashier is a defaulter to a large amount. The directors of the bank are now investigating the matter, and will report the amount of deficiency as soon as ascertained. The cashier makes a clean breast of it, and acknowledges that he has lost heavily by speculating in fancy stock.

Military Reconstruction Bill Vetoed.

Washington, March 2.—The President has sent his veto of the military reconstruction bill to the House.

Passage of the Bankrupt Bill.

New York, March 2.—The *Post's* special says the bankrupt bill has passed the Senate, and goes to the President.

The Buffalo Mystery.

Buffalo, March 2.—In relation to the discovery of the five dead bodies, found at the Grand Trunk depot in barrels, Dr. F. B. Madden, resident physician at the poor-house, admits that he packed them for transportation to Ann Arbor, Michigan. He has been admitted to bail in the sum of $1,000.

Passing of the Reconstruction Bill.

Washington, March 2.—The reconstruction bill has passed the House, and will pass the Senate to-night.

RAISING CLOVER SEED.

(From the American Agriculturist.)

This is one of the most profitable crops raised by northern farmers. It is not generally large in quantity, but so far as it goes, it yields large returns for the labor and money expended on it. From three to five bushels per acre may generally be expected, and this, selling at from $8 to $12 a bushel, is a good return for the labor. The culture of clover is simple and easy. The ground should be well plowed and harrowed fine, the manuring moderate. Such lands as bring good crops of wheat, oats, and barley, will produce good crops of clover. The seed should be sown early, the earlier the better. As clover does not last usually more than one year for a full crop, it is generally best to seed down the land to timothy at the same time; the latter to form the main crop of the second year. When the clover has got well established, it is the practice of many to turn in their cattle and sheep upon it. This furnishes excellent feed, and the cropping of it does no harm to the clover, but rather helps it. The stock are kept here until the middle of June, when they are taken out and the crop allowed to take a new start. If kept on longer, the clover would not have time to mature seed before the frost. By being fed down pretty closely over the whole field, the plants now start uniformly, and all blossom and ripen their seeds nearly at once, which is a very important matter. Attention to this point can hardly be urged too much. The closer and evener the feeding off, the better and more uniform the filling and ripening of the seed. Sheep will feed closer than cattle, and they should be relied upon for finishing off. As soon as the stock are taken from the field, plaster should be applied, which will give the plants a vigorous growth. A spell of dry weather may be usually expected during the mid-summer season, and then plaster will be particularly useful.

The seed will generally be ripe by the time of the first frosts, and then is the time to harvest it. It is mown, and when wilted well, raked into small cocks in which it is left to dry—the cocks being occasionally turned over by passing a rake handle under them, and with one hand on the top, inverting them. When dry enough, let it be hauled to the barn, where it may be threshed and cleaned in a mill, provided for the purpose. Or after beating the seed off from the stalks it may be left in a heap with the closely adhering chaff to heat slightly, when the seed is rubbed out and separated in a common fan mill.

—A bill has passed the U. S. House of Representatives providing for the payment of $190,000 to Commodore Winslow and the crew of the *Kearsage*, as the estimated value of the *Alabama*.

—A Colonel of volunteers repeatedly insisted as a condition of his offer of service, "Mind we are not to go out of the country, Mr. Pitt; we are not to go out of the country." "Except, I suppose," said the minister, coldly, "in the case of actual invasion."

AULD LANG SYNE.

DONE UP IN TARTAN.

The following *jeu d'esprit* was written by the minister of a small rural parish, near Perth, with reference to the Highland belief in the antiquity of the Gaelic language.

Should Gaelic speech be e'er forgot,
An' never brocht to min',
For she'll be spoke in Paradise
In the days o' auld lang syne.

When Eve, all fresh in beauty's charms,
First met fond Adam's view,
The first words that he'll spoke till her,
Was "Cumar ashum dha."

And Adam, in his garden fair,
Whenever the day did close,
The dish that he'll to supper tenk
Was always Athole brose.

When Adam from his leafy bower,
Cam out at break o' day,
He'll always for his morning teuk
A quaich o' usquebae.

An' when wi' Eve he'll had a crack,
He'll tent his sneeshin, horn,
An' on the tap ye'll weel micht mark
A pony braw cairngorm.

The sneeshin' mull is fine, my frien's
The sneeshin' mull is grand;
We'll teuk it hearty sneesh my frien's
An' pass't frae hand to hand.

When man first fand the want o' claes,
The wind and cauld to fleg,
He twisted round and about his waist
The Tartan philabeg.

An' music first on earth was heard
In Gaelic accents deep;
When Jubal in his oxter squeezed
The blether o' a sheep.

The braw bagpipes is grand, my frien's
The braw bagpipes is fine;
We'll teukit anither pibroch yet,
For the days o' auld lang syne.

Grand Trunk Railway of Canada.—Return of traffic for week ending February 23rd, 1867:

Passengers,	30,781
Express Freight, Mails and Sundries,	5,250
Freight and Live Stock,	80,751
Total,	$116,782
Corresponding week of 1866,	111,715
Increase,	5,067

JOSEPH HICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Flesh-Devouring Maladies.—Of these cancer is one of the most horrible. As soon as there is the slightest reason to suspect its fatal presence, resort to **Bristol's Sarsaparilla.** Whether the external appearances that excite suspicion are cancer or not, they assuredly betoken the presence of unhealthy matter in the blood; and this unequalled depurative will eradicate them, by eradicating their causes in the circulation. Every tumorous, cancerous, and ulcerous malady, and every scrofulous, erysipelatic, scorbutic, and leprous eruption, can be controlled by this wonderful detergent. It may be called almost a certain remedy, which is more than can be said of any other known medical agent. By using **Bristol's Vegetable Pills** at same time with the **Sarsaparilla,** a cure will be much hastened. 345m

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the receipt for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultanas,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Elemo Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange.
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kilfoed Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.
Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DeKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS,
Candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pantry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company,

Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370dd

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LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

ounty of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbacious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 82-tf

FOR SALE.

150 Barrels Bess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples.
20 do. Choice Cheese.

On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 321y

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines
Shop Fittings, Dyestuffs,
Perfumery, Dye Goods,
Drugs, Colors,
Paints, Lozenges,
Glassware, Chemicals,
Medicine Stocks, Oilmen's Stores,
Storekeepers Veterinary
Sundries. Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

AUCTION SALES.

TO THE TRADE!

AT THE

VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street.

I AM NOW MAKING SUCH ADDITION to my stock as enables me to offer to dealers and Country Merchants

A Large Quantity of Crockery,

In common ware such as Cups, Saucers, Plates, Pitchers and Dishes of all kinds suitable for the trade at extremely low prices. My stock of White Granite Ware, Colored Ware and China, is very complete, and will be sold at less than usual prices and a large assortment of Cut and Pressed Glassware. Hotel Keepers will do well to examine my Tumblers as they are of the best pattern. Also a

Large Quantity of Furniture,

AND WOODEN WARE.

New and Second Hand Cooking Stoves,

All of which will be sold at panic prices. One trial will convince you that the **Variety Hall** is the place to purchase to advantage good goods, and good packing guaranteed to all purchasers at a distance.

☞ All kinds of Furniture and Household Goods purchased as usual, and the best prices paid by

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent.

Ottawa, Feb. 7. 352y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

STOVES

AT A BIG DISCOUNT.

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stoves in Canada.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

GOOD NEWS.

COAL OIL!

DOWN AGAIN TO

40 Cents

FOR GOOD CANADA ROCK OIL.

NON-EXPLOSIVE.

OR 50 CENTS DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE CITY.

SEND YOUR CANS TO THE

Market Drug Store,

York Street.

WM. HEARN.

Ottawa, January 24, 1867. 340tf

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO.

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

☞ See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD *THROUGH* 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Recorder's Court.

CITY OF OTTAWA, To wit:

Public Notice is hereby Given,

THAT THE

QUARTER SESSIONS

Of the Recorder's Court,

For the City of Ottawa, will be holden in the

County Court-House

(OLD JAIL,) IN SAID CITY,

ON MONDAY,

The 4th day of March next.

At the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all City Coroners, Justices of the Peace, Constables, Jurors, and all others in anywise concerned, are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

RODERICK ROSS,
High Bailiff.

High Bailiff's Office,
February 22nd, 1867. 368d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WITH A VIEW TO CLEAR THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS PREVIOUS TO STOCK-TAKING HAVE RE-MARKED THEIR REMNANTS IN SOME CASES DOWN TO COST, AND IN OTHERS BELOW COST, AND WILL OFFER THE WHOLE

On Monday, the 11th day of February,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS:

THEY COMPRISE REMNANTS OF

Cloths, Tweeds, Coatings, Mantle Cloths, French Merinoes, Cobourgs, Winceys, Alpacas, Poplins, Delaines, Prints, Cottons, Shirtings, Flannels, Silks, Ribbons, Velvets, Carpettings, Oil Cloths,

AND OTHER GOODS TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

☞ All Goods marked in plain figures. No second price.

Wholesale & Retail. [20 Sparks Street

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, February 11. 355y

WHOLESALE.

2,000 Superior Grain Bags.
1,000 Streetsville Linen Bags.
200 bls. American Cotton Warp.
75 ps. Burritt's Etoffes and Tweeds.
20 " Brown and Blue Serges.
10 " White Serges.
20 " Glasgow "Striped" Druggetts.
1 bale "Lybster Mills" Grey Cotton.
1 " A 1 Dundas Grey Cotton.
1 " A 2 Dundas Grey Cotton.
100 ps. Imported Grey Cotton.
75 ps. Bleached Grey Cotton.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA, JANUARY 19, 1867. 336(1M

FOR BARGAINS

—IN—

DRESS GOODS, WINCEYS, &C.,

SHAWLS & MANTLES,

Hats, Bonnets and Millinery!

RIBBONS,

FLOWERS and FEATHERS,

—SEE—

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

No. 14, Rideau Street

OTTAWA, JANUARY 17, 1867. 334y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLE CLOTHS TWEEDS &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

THIS BEING THE SEASON FOR Merry-Making, Balls, Parties, &c., to meet the demand for DRESS SUITS, I have on hand a choice assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS!

And of everything necessary to get up orders in a style that defies competition.

Also a choice selection of

Beavers, Coatings, Trouserings.

&c., &c.

Ten per cent. off for Cash transactions.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Elgin Street,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1867. 331y

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* of all, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
36 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bain's.

Ottawa, December 19. 260dm

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shown above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.

China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TO LET,

A TWO STORY STONE HOUSE

CONTAINING TWELVE ROOMS, with Kitchen and Cellar complete, situated on Main street, Aylmer.

Apply to

MRS. RADMER,
Aylmer, C. E.

February 19, 1867. 362tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,

Clarence Street,

Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN.

Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w8-3m

Farm and City Lots

FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:

W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences, and other improvements.

Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa, with a house containing four tenements.

Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.

Apply at the Law Office of

LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

☞ Remember the Place,

264 Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 368y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,

56, Sparks Street

O'awa, November 27. 292t

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - 85,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES.

London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets over liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,756 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323tf

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

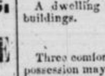
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

TO RENT, FROM 1st OF May next, a large STONE HOUSE, furnished, situated in one of the pleasantest localities in Ottawa. Terms reasonable.

Apply at this office.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365a



To Let,

FROM 1st MAY NEXT, a large comfortable Stone Dwelling, situated on the Bank of the Ottawa, near the landing of the steamer *Victoria*, and now occupied by T. B. Stanton, with good stable, coach-house, &c., attached.

ALSO, FROM 1st MAY,

A dwelling on Rideau-street, with good outbuildings.

—ALSO,—

Three comfortable cottages, of which immediate possession may be had.

Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
SOLICITOR,
Sussex-street.

Ottawa, February 21, 1867. 364-10

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.

Apply to

JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.

Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

TO LET A DWELLING House, containing Ten Rooms in the Desbarats' Block, Sparks Street, next to Mrs. Trotter's Restaurant. Possession immediate. Apply to

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Queen's Printer's Office.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

TO LET, A HOUSE CONtaining nine rooms, on Ottawa Street, south of Mathew's Hotel.

Apply on the premises, to

THOS. G. BURNS.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

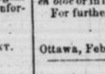
ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf



FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

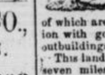
This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf.



FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

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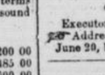


TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 19, 1866. 46-utf

WANTS.

WANTED.—A Situation in a General Store by a person of 20 years' experience. Speaks French and English; also thoroughly understands Book-keeping. References if required. Please address to A. B., at the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 27. 188tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

FOR SALE.

2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY.

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shilings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot

For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS.

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365d

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 276tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "Pulmonic Wafers," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind, and all diseases ... prevent the horse from being ... while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

Carillon and Grenville

CANALS.

SEALED TENDERS,

ADDRESSED TO THE UNDERSIGNED Will be received at this office, until

Monday, the 4th of March next,

AT NOON,

For the execution of certain works on the Carillon and Grenville Canals.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, where forms of tender may be obtained.

Tenders must be endorsed,

"Tender for works on the Carillon and Grenville Canals."

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 3638wtd

Sealed Tenders

ADDRESSED TO THE UNDERSIGNED will be received at this office, until

Tuesday, the 5th March next,

AT NOON,

For the Construction of a

BULKHEAD DAM

And Timber Slide.

AT THE

DES CHENES RAPIDS!

Between an Island and the North Shore of the Ottawa River.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, where forms of Tender may be obtained.

Tenders must be endorsed—

"Tender for work at Des Chenes Rapids."

The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 364

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21ST AUGUST, 1866,

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Until Monday, the 24th Instant,

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A

Wooden Bridge with Swing

To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town-Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.

Tenders to be endorsed *"Tender for Bridge,"* and addressed to

JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.

Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.

JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

ALSO

24 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

FREEHOLD CITY PROPERTY FOR Sale very cheap and on reasonable terms. LOT NO. 25, North side of York Street, Ottawa upon which is erected a large house 66 x 33 feet containing four tenements, bringing a yearly rent of £84.

For particulars, apply to

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor, &c.

Ottawa, December 19. 311-3m

WANTED,

A FARMER to take charge of Stock and a small Farm, and to make himself generally useful.

Best testimonials required.

Apply to

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont,
Aylmer Road.

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY OF FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.

Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26.

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

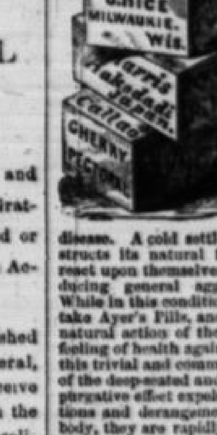
PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst headache any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of bilious complaints than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb, 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of bilious disease so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for bilious dysentery and diarrhœa. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and purify the fountains of the blood.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of costiveness. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe costiveness to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the natural secretion when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to cleanse the stomach and expel worms. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating neuralgic pains, which ended in chronic rheumatism. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of Rheumatic Gout—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.

(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.

(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.

(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.

(e) The place wherein is then stored.

(f) The place to which it is to be removed.

(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.

(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.

(i) The time at which it is to be removed.

(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner.

(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and

(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6 The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) , there to be delivered the (7) into the possession of (8) of (9) The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody the Spirits will be during removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 . [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.

(2) His place of residence.

(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.

(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein he spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.

(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.

(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."

(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.

(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.

(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."

(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.

(11) To be signed by the person making he requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6] and about o be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8] The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before he expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No Wine Galons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 . Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division.

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.

[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J. P. at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."

[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."

[4] The total gallons of the trength proo for which the permit is granted.

[5] The owner's name and occupation in full

[6] His place of business.

[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.

[8] His place of business.

[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.

[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.

[11] The period named for the removal.

[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude general character of the business carried on such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Asst. C. E. C.

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each land, ment or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents.*

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents.*

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents.*

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
208-tf C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. K. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1 1866. 184

DEPARTMENT ORDER,

NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers,

&C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.		LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
		Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco		10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall		10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia		34	5	5 p oz
Brazil	Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador		34	5	5 p oz
Central America	Costa Rica, Guatemala	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso		34	5	5 p oz
Cuba	Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Pu rto Principe	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras		34	5	....
Mexico		10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana		34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama		18	5	....
Nicaragua	Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
	Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama		10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima		22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet		10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana		34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela	Laguayra, P. Cabello	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,		10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.		34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month		22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "Too LATE" to show that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
367dw9-tf Postmaster-General.

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON,

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.

Post-Office Inspector's Office,
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation:

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1 .

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
208tf Commissioner of Customs and Excise

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
164tf Commissioner of Customs.

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORation of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

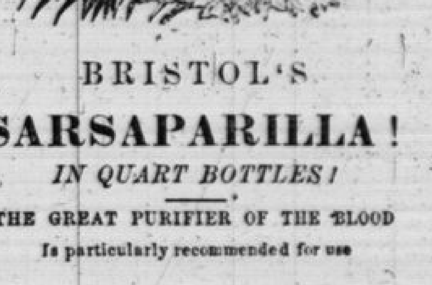
(Signed,)

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365e



BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

☞ USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK, ☜

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

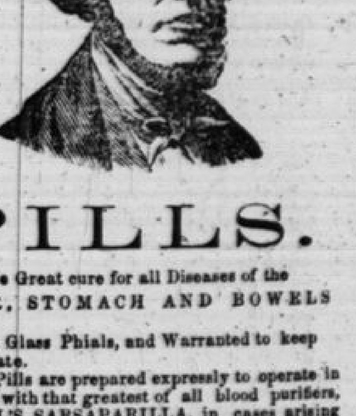
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48utf

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At a Council held in the City of Quebec, on Monday, 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL,

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency was pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared that the item, "Iron Wire," "round or flat," mentioned in the Schedule E of the Act 29th, 30th Vic. Cap. 6, was intended to include, and is hereby declared to extend to and include flat wire for crinolines uncovered.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245tf Assist. C. E. C.

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1866:

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed in the 29th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled: "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that so much of the Order in Council of the 20th day of February last, as prohibits the importation or introduction of Horses into this Province, or into any part of it, by sea, be and the same is hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
280tf Asst. C. E. C.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 374. | OTTAWA C. W. TUESDAY, MARCH 5, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $5 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements, for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 36fy

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
R. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-ntf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
J. J. COLMAN. W. MOWAT WRIGHT, B.A. B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-ntf

R. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lake Ozmer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the immediately occupied by the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 1. 37-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aylmer's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 15, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C. E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ntf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-ntf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-ntf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 37ly

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-ntf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-ntf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bermanville; Reg. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Tordale; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-ntf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to R. W. W. Browne's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43ntf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa, Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 160-y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-ntf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 75-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 10, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, Corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-ntf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Signs, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 293-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, beside Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attending given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 122-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.-

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. K. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 21ytf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire: and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 25. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 44-ntf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THIS SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
IGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET.
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c.,	&c.,

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 16. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1866. 47-ntf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tor.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 8, 1867. 337y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pulteney Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game &c., &c.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE,
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-179t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night-and-day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 2.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Bonaventure and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

NOTICE.
Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 6th November, 1866.
WHEREAS the power given to Collectors of Customs by the Customs' Act, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, Chapter 17, of retaining the invoices produced on the passing of Entries, has not been generally exercised, and that it has been found advisable to make a incumbent upon Collectors to retain the official custody, and place on file all such invoices—
Notice is hereby given that upon and after the FIRST day of JANUARY next, all invoices of goods, presented for entry at any of he Custom Houses in the Province, will be retained and put on file by the Collector of the Port, in conformity with the 13th section of the 29 and 30 Victoria, Cap. 6, and that certified copies thereof will be given by the Collector or proper officer, when required under the conditions therein mentioned.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
280tf Commissioner of Customs.

Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 3rd October, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Gulf of Mexico—United States.
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
THE following important Notice to Navigators has been issued from the Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, in reference to a fixed Light on Cape St. George, Gulf of Mexico, United States, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
The substance of this Notice, as soon as it is received on board, is to be inserted in red ink on the Charts affected by it; and introduced into the margin or otherwise in the page, of the Sailing Directions to which it relates. See instructions, Navigation and Pilotage, p. 172.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
[No. 31.]
Gulf of Mexico—United States
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
Information has been received at the Admiralty, that the Light on Cape St. George, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 1st day of August, 1854.
This light is a fixed white light, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 15 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT ON CAPE SAN BLAS.
Also, that the light on Cape San Blas, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 23rd day of July, 1856.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 16 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT AT JUPITER INLET.
Also, that the light at Jupiter Inlet, East Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 28th day of June, 1856.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half.
NORTH ATLANTIC.
FOG SIGNAL AT WEST QUODDY HEAD, STATE OF MAINE.
Also, that on and after the 15th day of August, the fog signal at West Quoddy Head, Coast of Maine, would be made by means of a Daboll trumpet, operated by a Roper hot air engine, giving blasts of 5 seconds duration, with intervals of 20 seconds between the blasts.
The trumpet is placed in a small white building, a short distance south of the lighthouse, at an elevation of 75 feet above the mean level of the sea.
By command of their Lordships,
GEO. HENRY RICHARDS,
Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty,
London, 30th August, 1866.
This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: St. George's sound, No. 2,598; West Indies, No. 392 d; Lights in West Indies, No. 390. Bay of Fundy, No. 352; Halifax to Delaware, No. 2,670. 241tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment o
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47ntf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashions, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,	COATS,
BEAVERS,	PANTS,
PETERSHAMS,	VESTS,
DEVONS,	SHIRTS,
WHITNEYS	DRAWERS,
IRISH FRIEZE,	SMOCKS,
CANADIAN DO.,	SOCKS,
BROADCLOTHS,	MITTS, WOOLLEN
BLACK DOESKINS,	Do. BUCK,
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,	MOCCASINS, BUCK,
Do. do. TROWSKRINGS,	BAGS, LINEN,
BEDFORD CORDS,	Do., TRAVELLING,
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,	COTTONS, STRIPED,
BANNNOCKBURN DO.,	Do., BLUE,
HALIFAX DO.,	Do., GREY,
KERSEYS,	TRUNKS,
FLANNELS,	VALISES,
BLANKETS.	

ALEX. DUFF,
OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 225tf

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa
H. MEADOWS & CO.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
OUR STOCK OF THE ABOVE IS NOW COMPLETE, COMPRISING A GREAT variety of all the different patterns, with every real improvement which the advancing requirements of Central Canada have shown to be needed. The assortment is the largest and most varied in this market. Special attention has been given to the selection of STOVES, suitable for Farmers and to residents of the city. The
ELEVATED OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Of which we have about twenty different sizes and patterns, including the following celebrated names: Protectionist, Large and Small King of Stoves, Improved Farmer's, (2 sizes), Fortune, Housekeeper, Sunny Side, &c., &c., all o which are splendid bakers. Our
LOW OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Are unrivalled for city use, being very economical for fuel, and likewise good baking Stoves. The following well known Stoves comprise part of the stock: Monitor, (3 sizes), Empire State, (3 sizes), Queen City, Hotel, Charter Oak, St. Lawrence, Forest, Premium, &c., &c., &c.
PARLOR STOVES!
We have all the latest and best patterns, open and close fronts, elegant in design, durable for use and cheap in price.
BOX STOVES!
A very large stock of these Stoves just received, including the Black Giant, Rambler, Rover, Lioness, Lion, Fulton, &c., all sizes, suitable for the smallest bedroom or the largest hall, warehouse, or church, (a liberal discount made on all Stoves sold to Churches.)
DOUBLE STOVES!
Different patterns, with single or double Ovens.
DUMB STOVES AND STOVE PIPES!
Of the best Russian and other Iron, also Gallows Pipe, T Pipes, Elbows, Key Pipes, and all kinds of Tin, Sheet, Iron, and Copper Ware on hand and made to order.
Builders' Job Work, Hot Air Furnaces, Eavetroughs, &c.,
Made to order. The best of material used and none but first-class workmen employed.
Camp Kettles, Bake Pans, Shanty Plates, and all kinds of Lumberer's Supplies on Hand.
Iron Bedsteads. Iron Bedsteads.
BIRD CAGES. BIRD CAGES CHEAP.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.—Parties about furnishing houses would do well to call and examine our tock in this department, as there is almost every requisite for the Housekeeper, especially in the culinary branch.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
Best Pennsylvania Kerosene and No. 1 Canada Oils. No inferior article kept.
LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS.
Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Hall Lamps—a great variety on hand.
Bedroom Toilet Setts, Baths, Sponge, Plunge, Sitz and Children's Baths, Chamber Pails, and all kinds of Japanned and plain Tinware.
REMEMBER
WHEN YOU WANT TO EXAMINE ANYTHING IN THE ABOVE LINE, GO DIRECT TO THE
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1866. 62-y

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread.....9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod Liver Oil, always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
8tf DUVERNAY BROS.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 22. 314tf

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
H. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 59" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 22" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlan River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
317tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,) EDMUND HARRISON.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Bunch of Keys Lost.
Notice—Joseph T. McQuaig.
Great Bargains! Great Bargains!—Jos. Boyden.
Notice—A Few Electors.
New Spring Goods—Cunningham & Lindsay.
House Wanted to Hire—Address A. J.
St. Patrick's Literary Association—J. McCarron.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.20 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa.	8.00 a. m. and 11.30 a. m.	11.30 a. m. and 3.50 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage.	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway.	6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau,	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper.
OTTAWA, MARCH 5, 1867.

We learn by the cable news of yesterday, that the Colonial Minister had resigned for reasons connected with the Reform question. This announcement will be received with profound regret generally throughout the colonies. EARL CARNARVON had given ample proof of an enlightened appreciation of colonial interests, and his withdrawal from their administrative control at this particular juncture cannot but be matter of regret. As, however, the Reform bill upon which the difference between him and his colleagues had arisen, is to be presented to the House of Commons on the 11th inst., it may be presumed that his resignation does not involve a ministerial crisis, and as the Confederation bill had already passed from his hands to the care of the Chancellor of the Exchequer who has brought it to its last stage in the House of Commons, there need be no fear that its passage will be delayed by EARL CARNARVON'S retirement.

It is also reported that a war has broken out in India, and that the redoubtable Col. O'Connor, the leader of the Fenian insurgents in Kerry, has been captured.

The Anti-Confederate papers of the Maritime Provinces out-do the *Globe* entirely in their abuse of the Confederation project. The St. John, N. B., *Freeman* says: "It will unquestionably be a great wrong, a gross outrage, a violation of the most sacred rights of freemen, if the scheme now before parliament forces Nova Scotia into Confederation without even such a pretence of appeal to public opinion, as was made in this Province" (*i. e.* New Brunswick.)

The Halifax (N. S.) *Citizen* is if possible more indignant. After scouting at the idea of the bills being passed without being referred back to the people of the colonies, it says: "They will surely give us the miserable mockery of at least referring the matter back to that truckling majority in the Legislature, who have already sold their birthright; but will the people of Nova Scotia, the manly men and noble women of this land be content with such a mockery of fair play? We shall see when the yoke comes upon their necks, how meekly it will be borne." This is a terrible remonstrance. These *manly men* will not even have to undergo the humiliation of "the miserable mockery" invoked by the *Citizen*; while the *noble women*—well; we don't precisely know their part in Nova Scotian politics, but we hope they will not be thrown into hysterics when "the yoke comes upon their necks!" Had we other words of consolation we should gladly administer them.

The Toronto *Globe*, as we have said, is outdone in zeal by the anti-confederate organs of the Maritime Provinces, nevertheless the *Globe* finds vent for its indignation in the following words: "There is no intention of waiting to hear from Canada before pushing the measure through with all its very serious deviations from the scheme sanctioned by the Quebec Conference and the Canadian Parliament—a scheme which, it was solemnly promised, should be adhered to in the framing of the Imperial bill; that promise has been violated, and yet the bill is being rushed through at such a rate that—but for the vigilance of the *Globe*—it would have been law almost before a single copy had seen light in Canada." So the *Globe* spoke on Saturday, in ignorance, we may presume, of the fact that its too vigilant correspondent had palmed off a bogus document upon the country as an "advance copy" of the Confederation Bill!

Elsewhere we copy from the *Leader* a well conceived article on the "Policy of the Hour." The case presented by our contemporary hardly admits of an argument. The reorganisation of any party in Upper Canada to prosecute party warfare can only have for its allies the HOWE-ANGLIN-ANNAND party of the Maritime Provinces, with the DORION-HOLTONITES of Lower Canada. This is just as true as that the representatives of the people in Parliament must either vote "yea" or "nay" to every question before the House. The first election must either go with the "Confederate" party or against it. Of this there can be no question, for, as the *Leader* justly remarks, no one can suppose for a moment that the GOVERNOR-GENERAL of the new and enlarged "Canada" will call to his councils a Ministry composed of members belonging exclusively to either of the parties as they existed anterior to the Coalition of 1864. The new Ministry will, as a matter of necessity, comprise within its ranks men belonging to both of the old parties, and the only designation that will appropriately express the composition of the new Canadian Cabinet must perforce be the "Confederate party." Against this party every province in the Confederation may be expected to furnish a fragmentary opposition, but it is right that the electors should understand that the party reorganisers in Upper Canada will be driven by the force of circumstances either into a stultification of their professions, or into an alliance with Messrs. Dorion, Anglin, & Co. From either one of these there is no escape.

This leads us, therefore, to repeat the question we raised a few days ago.—Under whose leadership is the Reform party to be organised? Mr. Brown, we are glad to learn, has concluded not to enter the Confederate Parliament; but he promises to work with more than his wonted activity to "reorganise" the party of which he once was the leader, and of which, many believe, he was the destroyer. Will he assist in its reorganisation under the leadership of Messrs. BLAIR, HOWLAND and McDOUGALL, its acknowledged representatives in the existing Cabinet? If he does, there will be little room left to find fault with his policy; but judging from his recent bearing towards these gentlemen, the presumption is, that he desires the reorganisation of the party for the express purpose of alienating public confidence from the Reform section of the present Ministry. For what end then is this re-organization? To help MR. HOWE to fight out at Ottawa, the battle so unsuccessfully waged in England! There cannot be any other result. The "Reform party" will be compelled either to ally themselves with the Anti-Confederates—the discontented factions from all the provinces, or to follow the leadership of their present representatives in the Cabinet. They cannot escape either one of these consequences, and we think it is only fair that the rank and file should be informed in time for which of these objects they are being organized. Will the *Globe* be kind enough to enlighten them?

The New York *Albion*, anxious no doubt to justify its former position on the question of Confederation, says: "That the so-called 'Quebec scheme' *was in danger* as we announced some six weeks since, we think our Government contemporaries in Canada, will now clearly see and candidly admit, since they see that four or five changes have been made in it. They will moreover further perceive that the British Government only propose consolidating, so far as it can be clearly ascertained that the Provinces interested concur in the proposed change."

As one of those who joined issue with the *Albion* as to the course that shall be pursued in the premises, we must emphatically protest against the inferences above drawn. The very fact that only "four or five changes"—and not one of them of a radical character have been, is proof positive that the Quebec scheme was "not in danger"; while with regard to the consolidating only of those Provinces which concur in the change, it was actually a provision of the Quebec constitution that it should be submitted to and approved by the Legislatures of the several Provinces before the Imperial Government should be asked to make it law. We do not know of a paper, ministerial or opposition, in Canada which has advocated the forcing of the scheme upon Prince Edward Island or Newfoundland; and therefore on behalf of ourselves and contemporaries we beg to say that we see nothing we have to "candidly admit," as inconsistent with the position we have all along held upon the subject.

Where we did dissent from our New York contemporary, and where we think he will yet have to confess he was in error, was when he argued that the scheme should first be submitted to the people of all the colonies and *in all its details* before becoming law. To this we decidedly objected, as we considered it thoroughly un-British, and we maintained, as we still maintain, that the action of the Legislature of each province is the only way to express in a constitutional manner the desires of the people. To show that our views accord in this instance with British practice, we have only to remind the *Albion* of the fact that the Imperial Parliament has acted so far upon the principle as to confederate Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, without any further appeal to these Colonies, whereas in the case of Prince Edward and Newfoundland they may come into the arrangement so soon as their Legislatures can agree with the Government of Canada upon the terms of Union. No action could have been more positively confirmatory of the soundness of the views we urged in opposition to those of the *Albion* some few weeks ago. We must add, however, that despite the Yankee notions of our contemporary, which sometimes obscure his better judgment, we are bound to bear testimony to the many able criticisms on the future of British America which have appeared from time to time in his columns, though we cannot sympathise with him in his haste for the establishment of an "independent monarchy"—the Monarch of the British Empire is the only one these colonies desire to see exercising the prerogatives of royalty over them. We are also surprised to note our contemporary regretting that the act does not embrace "the whole of British North America," seeing that in the first place the people of the excluded portions have not asked for admission, and that in the second place the act does provide for the extension of the Confederation over the whole of British America, just as soon as it can be carried out according to British constitutional practice, as understood in these latitudes. Surely that will be soon enough. The *Albion* would have us go too fast entirely.

A serious accident occurred on the Grand Trunk railway near Arthabaska on Thursday evening last, when three cars of the train from Quebec were thrown off the track by the breaking of a rail. Eleven persons were injured, two of them seriously.

SKATING RINK.—The following is the musical programme of the band of the 100th at the Skating Rink this (Tuesday) evening:

1.—March ....
2.—Overture....Op. Le Macon.....Auber.
3.—Quadrille.......Flotie Bensche....Suppe.
4.—Mazurka..........Arma.......Kuhner.
5.—Tilephon..Op Un Ballo Maschera, Vendi.
6.—Waltz..Uber Lana qua Meer....Gung'l.
7.—Lancers..........
8.—Galop, Ohne Rast and Ohne Ruh, Doppler.

Per Montreal Line.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, March 4, 1867.

Fourteen more Fenians, who have had their sentences commuted to twenty years imprisonment, left for Kingston this morning in a car specially engaged for them, but attached to the day express. Only one of the Fenian prisoners, Patrick McGrath, remains in jail here.

The cars of the street railway are running again from the corner of Queen and Yonge-streets to the outskirts of the city, but the company has been prevented from clearing the track between King and Queen-streets, as it would interfere too much with traffic.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 4, 1867.

A fracas occurred at the St. Lawrence Hall on Saturday between two Americans named Edson and Switzinger, arising from some private dispute. The former assaulted the latter, beating him severely about the head with a horsewhip. Edson was brought before the Police Magistrate and fined four dollars and costs, as he appears to have been the aggressor throughout. The smallness of the fine excites some comment.

Mr. Brydges leaves for England in a few days. During his absence the management of the Grand Trunk Railroad will be in the hands of Mr. Hickson.

It is understood that Lord Monck will return to this country in May.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Per Cable and Montreal Line.

Newspaper Liberty in France.

PARIS, March 4.—The government has commenced legal proceedings in the Correctional Court against M. Emil DeGireld, for a leading editorial in his journal boldly criticising the policy of the Emperor.

Changes in the English Cabinet.

LONDON, March 4.—Lord Brougham has made a speech strongly urging the adoption of the principle of household suffrage. The following changes have been made in the English Cabinet:—The Duke of Richmond Colonial Secretary; Sir John Packington Secretary of War; Sir Stafford Northcote First Lord of the Admiralty; Right Hon. H. J. Courry Under Secretary for the Colonies; and Steven Cave President of Board of Trade.

New Constitution for Germany.

BERLIN, March 4.—Bismarck to-day laid before the North German Parliament the draft of a new constitution for the confederation of the North German States.

Liverpool Cotton Market.

LIVERPOOL, March 4.—Cotton improved during the afternoon, and closed steady at an advance of ⅛d., and middling upwards at 13⅛d. per pound.

London Money Market.

LONDON, March 4.—Consols closed at 91 for money; 5-20's 72¾; Illinois Central, 76¾; Erie, 36¾.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

An $80,000 Fire.

BINGHAMPTON, N. Y., March 4.—A fire broke out in this village early this morning, and before it could be subdued destroyed four large grocery stores with their contents; and the livery stables connected with the Exchange Hotel, in which were 17 horses, 33 hogs, and a large stock of wagons, cutters, harness, &c. Total loss $80,000, insured for $48,200. The fire supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Died.

MILWAUKIE, March 4.—Hon. Jackson Hadley, an old and prominent citizen of this city, died yesterday afternoon.

CITY COUNCIL.

The minutes were read.

A number of petitions were presented. Among others, an important petition from the Central Hook and Ladder Company, praying for a tower to be erected for hanging their bell, upon which it was

Moved by Ald. Langford, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the petition of the Central Hook and Ladder Company just read be received, and the Fire Committee be and are hereby authorised to have the work done forthwith at a cost not exceeding $150.—Carried.

The Mayor read the memorial drawn up according to the instruction of the council at the last meeting, praying his Excellency the Administrator of the Government to continue the headquarters of the 100th regiment in Ottawa, to which his Worship has received the following answer:

GOVERNOR'S SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
MONTREAL, March 1st, 1867.

SIR,—I am directed by the Administrator of the Government to acknowledge the receipt of a memorial from the Corporation of Ottawa, requesting that the portion of the 100th Regiment now at Ottawa may not be removed from their present quarters.

I am to inform you, in reply, that the decision to station the 100th Regiment at Montreal having been adopted for military reasons, his Excellency regrets that he cannot comply with the wishes of the memorialists. I am further to state that it is his Excellency's intention to maintain such a garrison at Ottawa, as will be sufficient, both for the protection of the public buildings and property, and also for the due performance of such duties as the establishment of the Seat of Government in that city may render necessary.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient humble servant,
DENIS GODLEY,
Governor's Secretary.

His Worship the Mayor of Ottawa.

Various other matters were presented before the council which will appear in our official report.

SEIZURE OF GAME.—On information received by the police authorities of some gentleman in this city having in his possession game killed during the close season, an officer proceeded to the place indicated, where he found the head only of a moose, which was taken away. We understand the case will be investigated to-day before Mr. Whitcher, Superintendent of Game and Fisheries.

THE ADVANTAGE OF ADVERTISING.—The Houston (Texas) *Telegraph*, in illustrating the advantages of advertising, states that a gentleman advertised the loss of a fifty dollar note in the *Telegraph* not long since, and found it in his vest pocket before he reached home from that office.

A PAPER FOR EVERY FAMILY.—And we mean not only every family, but single people as well, when we commend to all the *American Agriculturist*, the most valuable and the cheapest journal in the world. We have received the first number of the new volume, which begins the second quarter century, and find it of unexampled excellence and beauty, while the publishers announce still greater things to come. Mr. Clift, one of the most popular and practical writers of the country, is to join the already large and strong editorial force of the *Agriculturist*, and regular contributions are promised from the well-known "Timothy Bunker, Esq." the "Down East Farmer." The *Agriculturist* is a marvel of value and cheapness. Each number has 36 or 40 large double-octavo pages, containing 25 to 35 or more costly, beautiful and instructive engravings, and is packed full of useful, reliable information. The publishers promise to expend the present year at least $10,000 in engravings alone, and $15,000 in procuring and preparing sterling matter, adapted to the work of the farm, the garden and the household, including an entertaining and instructive department for children and youth. Nothing less than a circulation of over 150,000, which reduces the expenses to a small sum each, could enable the publishers to furnish such a journal, for only $1.50 a year.—We again advise every person to subscribe for the *Agriculturist*. It is adapted to city, village and country. Orange Judd & Co., publishers, 41 Park-row, N. Y. City.

LOCAL NEWS.

BARGAINS.—Mr. Joseph Boyden, of *Variety Hall*, Sussex-street, being about to remove, to more commodious premises, offers the entire stock at greatly reduced prices. See advertisement.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.—Winter, old and cold winter, is rapidly passing away, and Spring, balmy Spring, with its genial showers, is rapidly approaching. We are forcibly reminded of this fact by the advertisement of Messrs. Cunningham & Lindsay, announcing the arrival of their first instalment of fashionable Spring goods.

THE RECEPTION LAST EVENING.—Mr. and Mrs. Hamondi, teachers of dancing and deportment, had a reception at the new hall of the Russell House last evening. It was well attended by many of the most respectable ladies and gentlemen of Ottawa, chiefly parents, guardians and friends of the pupils. The latter shewed a high degree of culture in dancing and deportment, and proved most satisfactorily the capability of Mr. and Mrs. Hamondi, to accomplish the great object of their profession, namely, to impart a free and easy grace, and a correct knowledge of dancing and general deportment.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, March 3, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 5 below zero.
9 a. m., 1 below zero.
Noon, shade, 11 above zero.
6 p. m., 11 above zero.

MARCH 4TH.

Greatest degree of cold during previous night, 9 above zero.
9 a. m., 15 above zero.
Noon, shade, 24 above zero.
Noon, sun, 63 above zero.
6 p. m., 23 above zero.

RECORDER'S COURT.

The Recorder's Court for the city commenced its sittings yesterday at 11 o'clock a.m., before John Bower Lewis, Esq.

The Grand Jury was impannelled as follows: C. R. Cunningham, foreman; Wm. Amoble, W. G. Cordingly, Samuel Christie, James Dalgleish, Francis Duignan, Hugh Denis, Thomas Isaac, Patrick A. Loftus, John McGillivray, Alex. Mowatt, John Neville, Thos. Patterson, John Sweetman, Wm. Shoolbred, William Sutherland and J. B. Turgeon.

As soon as the Grand Jury were impannelled the Recorder delivered his charge, in which, after giving the Grand Jury the necessary instructions on the principles which should govern them in dealing with the cases that might be submitted to them, said one of the prisoners who should have been here to take his trial for larceny had escaped, and it became their duty as the grand inquest of the city to enquire *how* he had escaped, and whether any persons were to blame. Within a few days past two other prisoners had escaped, but had been retaken. The Grand Jury would, therefore, have full power to summon witnesses and take such measures as were necessary to enable them to form a correct judgment, as to whether the escapes had been effected through the fault of any person, because if they had not, no blame should be against any one.

Ellen Stewart was arraigned for the larceny of two turkeys, three geese and three bottles of wine from W. F. Powell, Esq.

The prisoner pleaded guilty and begged for mercy. His Honor the Recorder said, in the hope that she would reform he would pass upon her a light sentence, which was that she be imprisoned for two weeks at hard labor in the common jail.

John McGerry was arraigned for the larceny of three dollars, the property of David Gardner.

The prisoner pleaded guilty.

At the moment His Honor was about to pass sentence, the prisoner's mother appeared in court, and asked to be permitted to speak a word, stating that she was his mother, and had come from Montreal on Saturday last to be present at his trial. She admitted that her boy had been rather wild, but had never before been charged with theft.

The Recorder said it had been stated that he had several times appeared in the courts at Montreal, charged with similar offences, but he could not take notice of these rumors. He informed the prisoner that if after this he were ever convicted of larceny he would surely be sent to the penitentiary. He would pass a light sentence on this occasion, and hoped his mother would be able to keep him from going to the penitentiary. Sentence: Three weeks in jail at hard labor.

William Lefebvre was arraigned for the larceny of boots and shoes from the store of Joseph Lawrence, of the city of Ottawa, plea: Not guilty. The trial then proceeded. Several prisoners were examined, and the goods identified. For the prosecution, County Crown Attorney; for defence, Mr. Boulton. The jury after being out an hour, returned with the verdict of "Guilty."

In the case of Wilson *vs.* Clow, the jury returned a verdict not guilty.

The Grand Jury came into court at about four o'clock with their last bills, and presented a report, in which they stated their opinion to be that the recent escapes from jail was matter for investigation by the Prison Inspectors. His Honor said he was very sorry the Grand Jury should have taken such a view of the subject, for here was a case in which they themselves had found a true bill of indictment against a man (St. Julien) for the crime of larceny, and he was not here to be tried. The prisoner had escaped from jail, and other escapes had recently occurred. The Grand Jury had been instructed that it was their duty to investigate the subject as to the means by which those escapes had been effected, and now they present a report in which they refuse to take that trouble. The foreman said they did not know how to proceed in the matter, but if his Honor desired they were willing to withdraw their report, and enter upon the investigation.

The Recorder said he had told them in the morning that they had power to examine witnesses, and would receive all necessary assistance in the discharge of that duty. They were then allowed to withdraw their report and proceeded to enter upon the work of investigation.

John Mahony was charged with having committed an assault upon one Theodore Currie, and that he did him grievous bodily harm on the 17th of January last.

Theodore Currie sworn—Said, I went to shew a man to Ciappi's shop at the Chaudiere, when the prisoner came in and wanted to quarrel; he took hold of me by the shoulders and shook me, and said he had a mind to give me one (meaning a blow). I endeavored to avoid him, but when I found I could not I took hold of him and threw him into a box of peas and held him there, and then appealed to him to have no fighting. I saw there was, however, no way to escape afterwards without fighting through it. A Frenchman then came in and I hoped he would part us; he called on us to stop fighting. I then let Mahony up; while I was holding the prisoner he bit and chewed my fingers in a most scandalous manner; I was attended by a doctor and it took three weeks to heal.

John Ciappi sworn—Said, he was present when the parties were, in his shop and saw Mahony strike Currie on the shoulder, and ordered them to go out of doors; I got them out, and shut the door, and I saw no more of it.

Verdict—Guilty of common assault.

His Honor then passed sentence on Lefebvre for robbing the boot and shoe store of Mr. Joseph Lawrence—three years in the Provincial penitentiary.

The Court adjourned till ten o'clock a. m., this morning, when the Grand Jury will make their presentment on the escapes from the county jail.

—Statistics show that a widower is twice as likely to marry as a widow.

THE POLICY OF THE HOUR.

[From the Toronto Leader.]

Few countries have had the good fortune to pass peaceably through great political changes. Most revolutions make their way through storms of passion and seas of blood. British America now presents to the world a spectacle calculated to excite admiration. The Provinces are passing through a revolution with the tranquility with which the ordinary affairs of a settled government are carried on. There is no extraordinary excitement; no disturbance of regular business; every thing goes on as usual. If there be any ground for misgiving it is that the great changes through which our political institutions are passing were too little canvassed, too lightly criticised. But it was seen from the first that some change had become necessary; besides, from the moment the leaders of the two parties joined hands, the people were powerless and all opposition was hopeless. Had it not been for the general conviction that things could not go on as they were, so tame an acquiescence in what may be called an official revolution would not have occurred. But if it was felt that the drawing of the Provinces together was inevitable, it is not the less understood that it is necessary to arrest the revolution at the point indicated by the scheme of union. In demolishing the old institutions with the working of which we were acquainted, our public men found it necessary to substitute new ones in their place. This substituted machinery will want the smoothness which practice gives; there will be an excess of friction at first; an increase of complication, greater delicateness, more difficulty of adjustment. Not only will the governmental machine be new; it is one to which those who will have to work it are unaccustomed.

But what is the want of the hour? Not the faculty of destruction, which exists wherever there is brute force, but the talent of construction, adaptation to the new state of things, and the power of conservation. We want, in the public councils, in the halls of legislation, men who can utilize, perfect and consolidate the new system. We do not want men who approach us with a menace of perpetual revolution; and who seem to think never-ending changes rapidly and violently effected, constitute the normal condition of things. If we had great and crying abuses to reform, it would hardly be possible to have men too earnest or too enthusiastic in that work. But the work in hand is of a different kind. The new and enlarged union requires to be perfected in all its parts, consolidated and made a success. The duty of those who may be entrusted with that task will not be a light one; and they will require all the aid which they can derive from the confidence and good will of the population to whose hands their destiny will be committed. No one can pretend to give the names of the first administration of the Canadian Kingdom; but there are circumstances which point to the extreme improbability of their being all selected from only one of the old political parties as it existed prior to the Coalition of 1864. The Governor-General, whoever he may be, will naturally trust those by whom the changes have been carried out; especially as there will be, at the outset, no political issues to determine the selection. Neither in Canada nor in Nova Scotia have these been confined to one political party. In New Brunswick, the leaders of what formed the old Liberal party were found so greatly in the ascendant, when an appeal was made to the constituencies, a few months ago, as to make it all but certain that they will, when the elections take place under Confederation, be equally victorious. But it was not Liberalism or Conservatism that formed the issue in 1866; nor will it be in 1867. Last year, the New Brunswick electors decided to unite their fortunes to those of the other Provinces; this year they will determine in favor of the men whom they can most safely trust to carry the pre-determined policy into effect. But it is not only possible but probable that, looking at the matter in the light of past political organizations, there will be a different result in one or two of the other Provinces. Everywhere the public men who are known to be most determined to do all in their power to make the new union a success, will naturally be preferred by electors in favor of that union. They formerly belonged to different parties; and as no Governor-General would be mad enough to fail to avail himself of their services, it is impossible that the first Federal Government can be composed wholly of men who have hitherto belonged to one political party, as parties were formed before the Coalition broke them to pieces. Call them by what name you may, they will be Confederates; and it will be above all things their aim to give such strength and solidity to the new institutions as to enable them to resist alike the assaults of open foes and the more insidious attacks of disguised opponents, whose antecedents or the pressure of public opinion will make it prudent for them to fight under a mask and false colors. Already the dim outlines of future parties may be descried in the distance. Mr. Howe has long since given us the key to his future position. He has from the first moment, when he thought it prudent to make public avowal of his sentiments denounced Confederation; nor does he show the least sign of relenting, when he has become aware that the bases of the plan of union have been retouched with the consent of all parties. In New Brunswick, there is equally an anti-union party; a party which twice went to the polls on that issue; which gained power as the result of the first appeal, and lost it as the result of the second. It is true they were nearly annihilated; but the remnant is active, vigorous and vicious. One has only to look at their organs in the press to see that they retain all their old bitterness. They will serve as a reinforcement of the Howe-Annand clique. The two united will form the nucleus of an opposition. What then will the Canadian opposition do? It will have no choice but to join these destructive Radicals. Stripped of all disguise, this is what is meant by the cry for reorganising the old party of opposition. We trust no one will be so simple as to be deluded by the appeals which the old wire-pullers and their agents are making to the public on this subject.

—A lottery is to be organised in France during the Exhibition. The capital prize will be $200,000, and the price of a ticket two cents.

—Prentice, of the Louisville *Journal* tenders this advice to the public:—"Never buy goods of those who don't advertise. They sell so little they have to sell dear."

—Safe is he who serves a good conscience. Merick Woods, Londonderry, Vermont, writes: "Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum have restored my hair to its original color and beauty. One year ago my hair was very thin and quite gray. I have now as fine a head of hair as I ever had." Sold by all druggists.

—Never be ashamed of confessing your ignorance, for the wisest man upon earth is ignorant of many things, insomuch that what he knows is a mere nothing in comparison to what he does not know. But we apprehend very few are ignorant of the wonderful effects of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer;" it is a most sure and rapid cure for colds, rheumatism, pleurisy, cholic, cholera morbus, and all summer complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per bottle.

POOR HORSES.—There are thousands of poor horses dragging out a miserable existence, suffering from a variety of diseases, rendering them almost worthless, that would be restored to a healthy and sound condition, and a value given to them of which their owners never dreamed, would they but use the means within their reach. From one to three packages of Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine will in all cases produce a satisfactory result; hundreds have testified to this fact. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds, if not attended to, sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

TELEGRAPHIC

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

Resignation of the Colonial Minister.

LONDON, March 3.—The Colonial Minister has resigned, for reasons connected with the Reform question.

The Reform Bill.

The Reform Bill promised by the government will be presented to Parliament on the 11th instant.

War in India.

LONDON, March 3.—It is reported that despatches have been received announcing that war has broken out in India.

Capture of the Leader of the Late Fenian Revolt.

LONDON, March 4.—Despatches have been received from Dublin which announce the capture of the famous Colonel O'Connor, the leader of the late Fenian revolt in Ireland; he was pursued by the authorities to Athlone, West Meath county, nearly two hundred miles from the scene of insurrection.

Labor Strikes in France.

PARIS, March 4.—Strikes for higher wages among the operatives of France are very frequent. The cause is traceable to the increased price of bread.

Garibaldi Promises to Help the Cretans.

FLORENCE, March 4.—General Garibaldi having sent his sons to Crete promises now to go himself and take up arms.

London Money Market.

LONDON, March 4—Consols steady, 91; Ill. ex-div. 76½; 5-20s 73¾. The bonds opened before official hours at 73½ for the issue of 1862, and 72 asked for the issue of 1865.

Liverpool Provision Market.

LIVERPOOL, March 4.—Noon.—Cotton declined ⅛d. Since last report Middling Uplands 13s. ⅛d.; Middling Orleans 14d; Breadstuffs quiet; California wheat firm at 13s. 3d. per cwt.; Corn declined, 36s. 3d. per qr. for Mixed Western; Provisions unchanged; Lard 50s. 6d. per cwt.; American pork and bacon unchanged; Spirits Petroleum 11d. per gallon; Refined Petroleum 1s. 6d.; Spirits Turpentine 37s. 6d. per cwt.; Carolina ashes unchanged.

LATEST AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

News from Mexico.

NEW ORLEANS, March 3.—Dates from the city of Mexico to the 8th February, have been received. Maximilian had left, going to the Northward, with 6,000 men. His destination is the scene of war. Mejia was again in command, and with the 6,000 men met Caravajal with 2,000 men. He killed or slaughtered the whole force, taking their cannons and baggage. Within three weeks the Liberals have lost 74 cannon in six considerable battles. They were victorious once over the French. Bazaine destroyed the guns, military stores and arms, at Peubla and other places, rather than turn them over to the Imperialists. The Imperialists have won several battles, and reclaimed 300 miles of territory, but the Liberals are rapidly investing their capital and contracting their lines.

Failures and Swindling.

BOSTON, March 3.—The whole loss resulting from the suspension of Miller, Ward & Co. is said to be nearly one million dollars.

The First National Bank of Newtonville closed its doors, having suffered to the extent of two million dollars.

BALTIMORE, March 3.—A heavy defalcation is discovered in the Mechanics' National Bank of this city, running through a period of 20 years, and amounting to upwards of $300,000. The bank will meet all liabilities.

TROY, N. Y., March 3.—Gary Bros., turners, have failed. Liabilities $10,000.

Enormous Frauds in the New York Custom House.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The committee on alleged frauds in the New York custom house, exposes the most reprehensible conduct on the part of the present collector, Mr. Smythe. There appears to have been established what was called a general order business, which Mr. Smythe sold out, and that P. A. Van Bergen, Geo. Thompson, Senators Doolittle and Patterson and a Mrs. Perry had interests in the business. Mr. Smythe obtained $40,000 per annum for this business from Messrs. Milter and Conger. The $40,000 were divided as follows:—Geo. F. Thompson, Senators Doolittle and Patterson, $5,000 each. Other parties from two to three thousand each.

The Impeachment Business.

The majority of the impeachment committee reported they had examined a large number of witnesses and collected a large number of documents, but have not concluded their labors. They state that sufficient testimony has been taken to justify and demand a further prosecution of the investigation. Mr. Rogers and a minority of the committee reported there was not a particle of evidence to sustain the charges.

No It Isn't.

Minister King informs the State Department that there is no truth in the statement that the chapel had been removed by direction of the Papal authorities, outside of the walls of Rome.

Yes It Is.

A letter from Amos Kendall, however, says the chapel was ordered closed and the congregation accordingly sought accommodation outside the walls.

Southerners Aiding the Mexican Imperialists.

NEW YORK, March 4.—The *Herald's* Mexico correspondent says: Miramon recently informed a gentleman that the Southern Confederates were yet hand in hand with the Imperialists, and that Gen. Hindman was corresponding with them in the hope that the two defunct establishments might so work together as to make both a success.

Another Great Battle in Mexico.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The Mexican legation has official information of the capture of Guanajuat by the Liberals, together with 1,000 prisoners, 6000 muskets, 22 cannon, ammunition and war material. The battle lasted six hours.

A New Impeachment Committee.

NEW YORK, March 4.—The *Tribune's* special says an effort will be made immediately upon the assembling of the 40th Congress, to have the impeachment project referred to a special committee, with Generals Covode, Butler and Logan in the committee.

A New Telegraph Line to Havana.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Havana advices of the 27th state that the expedition to sound for the proposed submarine telegraph cable, which started from Havana on the 22nd, had returned with a satisfactory report.

The small-pox continued to abate at Matanzas.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, March 4.—Gold 138¼. The *Post's* financial article says: The loan market is easy at 6 to 7. Stock market unsettled. Governments firm but dull. R. R. shares closed firm. Foreign exchange dull.

Officers of the New Congress.

The *Commercial's* special says: The Hon. Schuyler Colfax was re-elected Speaker of the House *viva voce*. Hon. P. F. Wade has been chosen President *pro tem.* of the Senate.

—There are now thirteen cotton factories in operation in Tennessee, representing nearly a million of dollars, and giving employment to over nine hundred operatives. There are also in the State several flourishing factories for the manufacture of steam engines, cotton presses and agricultural implements.

ACCLIMATISATION.—The recent importation of salmon ova to stock the Tasmanian rivers has so far succeeded that a fine young salmon smolt (which, however, has not found its way to the sea) has been caught and sent over to Victoria. The Acclimatisation Society has received notice that a dozen jungle-birds have been shipped from India by the *Charles Palmer*. At a meeting of the society, held on November 10, Professor M'Coy stated that one of the moths from the ailanthus cocoons, which arrived with the salmon ova in last April, had hatched out on the previous Monday; this was a male, but as more of the *pupæ* were living, it was hoped that fertile eggs might be obtained. Upon opening the cocoons of those which had died, Professor M'Coy found that death had been caused by the insects never having assumed the proper state; they consequently could never have come to life, even had they been retained in Europe. Attention has been called to the fact that English skylarks can be heard every morning in the neighborhood of Mount Erica.—*Melbourne Argus.*

1867. New Spring Goods. 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14, Rideau-street,

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF

New Spring Dress Goods,
New Spring Skirtings,
New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867. 374y

—A man out West who always pays for his paper in advance writes that he has never had a sick day in his life. Happy mortal.

—A silver mine was discovered in Front-street, Toronto, on Thursday last, and caused great excitement; the product was in the metallic form, in the shape of small change, laid bare by the melting of the snow. Some prospectors made as much as $1 by searching the gutters.

CANADIAN PRINTING PRESS.—The first sheet printed on a press of Canadian manufacture, was printed on Saturday last. The Hall Works, on that day, set up their first press. It is a Washington No. 5 of the Hoe pattern, is made of the best material, and finished in beautiful style. It did good work, and when completed will be unexcelled. They will, at once, proceed to manufacture Gordon Power Presses of different sizes, and will be able to furnish them, like the Hoe Presses, at a cheaper rate than they can be purchased from American manufacturers. They have already received several orders and inquiries, and we hope that every Canadian printer will see it to be his interest, as well as his duty, to support home manufactures.—*Oshawa Vindicator.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Flesh-Devouring Maladies.—Of these cancer is one of the most horrible. As soon as there is the slightest reason to suspect its presence, resort to **Bristol's Sarsaparilla.** Whether the external appearances that excite suspicion are cancer or not, they assuredly betoken the presence of unhealthy matter in the blood; and this unequalled depurative will eradicate them, by eradicating their causes in the circulation. Every tumorous, cancerous, and ulcerous malady, and every scrofulous, erysipelatic, scorbutic, and leprous eruption, can be controlled by this wonderful detergent. It may be called almost a certain remedy, which is more than can be said of any other known medical agent. By using **Bristol's Vegetable Pills** at same time with the **Sarsaparilla,** a cure will be much hastened. 345a

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge.*

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself
Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 29 237-y

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are DAILY sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-d

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator.*

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

BIRTH.

On Saturday, the 2d inst., Mrs. James W. Russell, of a son.

DIED.

At his residence, Goshen Bank, Gloucester, on the 1st inst., David Thomson, aged 66 years, a native of Ayrshire, Scotland.

At Point Levi, suddenly, on the night of the 28th ult., Wm. Spink, Esq., late of the Routine and Record Department, Ottawa, aged 54 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

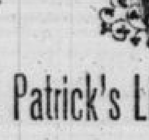
LOST, A BUNCH OF KEYS.—THE finder will oblige by leaving them at this office.

Ottawa, March 5. 374-3

WANTED,

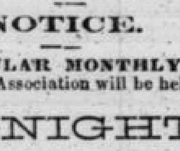
AN Experienced Salesman.
Apply to
373-4 GRANT & HENDERSON.

Wanted to Hire,



A GOOD HOUSE, CONTAINING from nine to twelve rooms.
Address A. J., Box 25, Post-office.

Ottawa, March 5. 374tf



St. Patrick's Literary Association.

NOTICE.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of the Association will be held

TO-NIGHT,

When the election of officers takes place.

J. McCARRON,
SECRETARY.

Ottawa, March 5. 374-1

NOTICE.

THE BYTOWN DIVISION, NO. 224, Sons of Temperance, hold a Public Meeting in the Methodist Episcopal Church, (Rev. Mr. Stone) THIS EVENING, (TUESDAY) the 5th MARCH.

AN ESSAY

Will be read by John Murphy, Esq., and other speakers will address the meeting. The Chair will be taken by the Rev. Mr. Wardrope, at half-past seven. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

JOSEPH T. McQUAIG,
Chairman of V. Committee.

Ottawa, March 5. 374-1

NOTICE.

A MEETING OF THE

CONSERVATIVE ELECTORS

OF FITZROY,

WILL BE HELD IN THE

DRILL SHED, FITZROY,

ON

Thursday, the 14th Instant,

AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.,

For the purpose of taking into consideration matters having reference to the representation of the County of Carleton, at the coming election.

A large attendance of those interested is expected.

Fitzroy, March 5. A FEW ELECTORS.
374d-w10-1

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

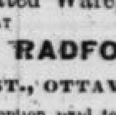
No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEMANDS of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

New Watches & Clocks,



New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

LIFE
ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

FOUNDED 1838, FOR
LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:
PLACE D'ARMES,........MONTREAL.

INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A. THE BONUSES
Are paid in Money to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made *every year* in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 62½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy holders during their own lives.

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES
Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a
Most Important Provision in Old Age
to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £1560, making the sum assured £2560, instead of £1000.

Or, he may then exchange this large Bonus Addition for One Cash Payment of about £1000 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £102 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM
Can anything like the same amount of benefits be obtained, whether as regards increase of sum Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment or Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year in Class B. will receive, at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than later Entrants—the difference being probably so much as £40 on a £1000 policy.

The 28th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WARDLAW,
SECRETARY.

Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,..........Mr. A. DRISCOLL.
Arnprior,..........Vacant.
Almonte,..........Mr. JAMES ROSAMOND.
Buckingham,..........Mr. A. McNAUGHTON.
Kemptville,..........Mr. R. LESLIE.
Pembroke,..........Mr. A. IRVING.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's,

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.
Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety;
Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.
Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.
Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.
Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.
Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.
ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS,
Candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.
PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.
Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.
Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.
N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received until WEDNESDAY, the 13th INST., for the erection of a STONE CHURCH, in the Village of Hull, according to the plans and specifications to be seen on applying at the office of T. FULLER, ESQ., Architect, Barrack Hill.

Separate Tenders for the various trades will be received.

Ottawa, March 4. 373-3

One Hundred Dollars REWARD!

A REWARD OF

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

Will be paid by me, to any person that will give such information as will lead to the capture of

EDWARD ST. JULIEN,

An escaped prisoner from the County of Carleton Gaol.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff of Carleton.

Ottawa, March 2nd, 1867.

DESCRIPTION.—Height 5 feet 7 inches, compactly built. Hair light; and moustache so light as to be scarcely perceptible. Pleasing expression of countenance; lips dry and compressed. Aged about 36 years. French, but speaks English fluently, and without foreign accent. 373-3

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wy

FOR SALE.

150 Barrels Mess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples,
20 do. Choice Cheese.

On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

STOVES

AT A BIG DISCOUNT

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stoves in Canada.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

GOOD NEWS.

COAL OIL!

DOWN AGAIN TO

40 Cents

FOR GOOD CANADA ROCK OIL.

NON-EXPLOSIVE.

OR 50 CENTS DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE CITY.

SEND YOUR CANS TO THE

Market Drug Store,

York Street.

WM. HEARN.

Ottawa, January 24, 1867. 34tf

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores, No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street, Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO.

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

☞ See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the facts and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

List of Letters

REMAINING IN THE OTTAWA POST OFFICE, 1st of March, 1867:

Ackers Jos	Leonard Winifred
Akin Miss Ann	Lillico R, Gloucester
Alderson Miss Ann	Lindsay M D
Biagi Antonia	Logan Wm
Bissell Miss Mary	Louth Wm jun
Boyle Mrs Jos	Marety Wm
Brennan Miss Cath	Marra Jos
Bresette Mrs Cath	Martin Miss Cath
Brown George	Meagher Mary
Brown Alex	Merrill Mrs S
Burns Mrs	Miller Robert
Burns W H	Morgan Mrs Wm
Campbell Alex	Morrison J S
Casey Miss Mary	Murphy T C
Campbell & Mowatt	Murry W
Clark Kate	Nicholls Robert
Clark Euphemia	Nolan Peter
Cleary Sarah Jane	Nugent Miss E
Codd Richard	O'Keefe Wm
Colton Michael	Patterson John
Connor Miss Ellen	Peiler E
Copley Eugene	Petrie Mary
Cosgrove Alice	Potter Mrs Robt
Coulson G A	Quail John
Cowan James	Rayed Mrs
Cox Miss Ellen	Riley Patrick
Crooks James	Robinson W G
Curran Michael	Roche Wm
Cusack Susan Mary	Ross Andrew
Davis Mrs	Ross & Co
Davis T J	Ryan H
Dawson Wm	Ryan P C
Degan Michael	Sebastian Clara
Dolby H	Shannon Larry
Donnelly Ellen	Sharp Peter
Duncan Miss Ann	Shaw James
Egan Miss Annie	Sheppard Mrs
Eldridge Mrs Martha	Smith Alfred
Fraser Miss Sarah	Smith A W
Fraser Miss Anna M	Smith Dan
Fullerton Isaac	Smith Mrs Ellen
Gervin Wm	Smith Mary
Gillissie A	Spinnet, H P
Gleason Vina, Nepean	Stewart Miss M
Gordon Cath	Stiles Mary Ann
Gordon J M	Summer Wm & John
Green Mrs	Taylor W G
Griffin F M	Thompson J E
Hall Miss Selena	Tiernay John
Hall Mrs Wm, Gloucester	Tiernay Miss Mary
Hannan & McCormick	Walker Peter
Harty Mrs Mary	Walsh Geo, Gloucester
Heathson David	Walsh Pat
Henderson Martha	Wamsley Wm
Hogan Wm	Welsh Margaret
Houghton H B	Wiggins Margaret
Howlet Mrs Ann	Wood Dr G B
Hudson Sam	Wright Henry
Hughman Jos	Wright Wm
Hustis S, Gloucester	Wright Mrs Mary
Hutchinson Alice	Wright Miss Ellen
James Mrs Eliza	McCarnan Margaret
Jamieson Jas S	McDougal Peter
Kelly P	McDonald W A
Kennedy Wm, Nepean	McElroy Mary Ann
Kierskowski A	McGee Terence
King Arthur	McGuive T
Kirkbridge James	McKenny Susan
Lafontaine L N	McLean Neil
Latchford Mary A	McLeod D, Nepean
Lee Wm, Gloucester	McMillan Jos

371-3 G. P. BAKER.

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

GREAT REMNANT SALE.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

WITH A VIEW TO CLEAR THEIR STOCK OF REMNANTS PREVIOUS TO STOCK-TAKING HAVE RE-MARKED THEIR REMNANTS IN SOME CASES DOWN TO COST, AND IN OTHERS BELOW COST, AND WILL OFFER THE WHOLE

On Monday, the 11th day of February,

AND FOLLOWING DAYS:

THEY COMPRISE REMNANTS OF

Cloths, Tweeds, Coatings, Mantle Cloths, French Merinoes, Cobourgs, Winceys, Alpaccas, Poplins, Delaines, Prints, Cottons, Shirtings, Flannels, Silks, Ribbons, Velvets, Carpettings, Oil Cloths,

AND OTHER GOODS TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

☞ All Goods marked in plain figures. No second price.

Wholesale & Retail.] **[20 Sparks Street**

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA, February 11. 355y

WHOLESALE.

2,000 Superior Grain Bags.	**20** " Glasgow "Striped" Druggetts.
1,000 Streetsville Linen Bags.	**1** bale "Lybster Mills" Grey Cotton.
200 bls. American Cotton Warp.	**1** " A 1 Dundas Grey Cotton.
75 ps. Burritt's Etoffes and Tweeds.	**1** " A 2 Dundas Grey Cotton.
20 " Brown and Blue Serges.	**100** ps. Imported Grey Cotton.
10 " White Serges.	**75** ps. Bleached Grey Cotton.

MAGEE & RUSSELL,
SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA, JANUARY 19, 1867. 336t1M

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLE CLOTHS TWEEDS &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

THIS BEING THE SEASON FOR Merry-Making, Balls, Parties, &c., &c., to meet the demand for DRESS SUITS, I have on hand a choice assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS!

And of everything necessary to get up orders in a style that defies competition.

Also a choice selection of

Beavers,

Coatings,

Trouserings,

&c., &c.

Ten per cent. off for Cash transactions.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Elgin Street,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1867. 331y

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet, of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 260 3m

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Green-house Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley; Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE HOURS from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.

China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TO LET,

A TWO STORY STONE HOUSE

CONTAINING TWELVE ROOMS, with Kitchen and Cellar complete, situated on Main street, Aylmer.

Apply to
MRS. RADMER,
Aylmer, C. E.

February 19, 1867. 362tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,

Clarence Street,

Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN.

Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w8-3m

Farm and City Lots

FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:

W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences, and other improvements.

Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa, with a house containing four tenements.

Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.

Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 368y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bate's,

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,

56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:

London,...... Liverpool,...... Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Montgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, Vice-Presidents.

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—**W. WADE, Agent.**

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ...... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323tf

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

TO RENT, FROM 1st OF May next, a large STONE HOUSE, furnished, situated in one of the pleasantest localities in Ottawa. Terms reasonable.

Apply at this office.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365a

To Let,

FROM 1st MAY NEXT, a large comfortable Stone Dwelling, situated on the Bank of the Ottawa, near the landing of the steamer *Victoria,* and now occupied by T. B. Stanton, with good stable, coach-house, &c., attached.

ALSO, FROM 1st MAY,

A dwelling on Rideau-street, with good outbuildings.

—ALSO,—

Three comfortable cottages, of which immediate possession may be had.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
SOLICITOR,
Sussex-street.

Ottawa, February 21, 1867. 364-10

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to
MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.

Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.

Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

TO LET A DWELLING House, containing Ten Rooms in the Desbarats' Block, Sparks Street, next to Mrs. Trotter's Restaurant. Possession immediate. Apply to

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Queen's Printer's Office.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

TO LET, A HOUSE CONtaining nine rooms, on Ottawa Street, south of Mathew's Hotel. Apply on the premises, to

THOS. G. BURNS.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf.

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

WANTS.

WANTED.—A Situation in a General Store by a person of 20 years' experience. Speaks French and English; also thoroughly understands Book-keeping. References if required. Please address to A. B., at the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 27. 188tf

WANTED.—TWO YOUNG LADIES are desirous of obtaining situations as RESIDENT GOVERNESSES, or as Teachers of Junior Pupils, either together, or separately, in Academies. No choice of place, whether in Canada or in the States. Address, by letter, stating particulars,

J. or J. E., THREE RIVERS,
Co. St. Maurice, Canada East.

Ottawa, April 2, 1866. 89-tf

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases	Otard Brandy,
50 "	Martell's
150 "	Hennessey,
75 "	United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot

For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS,

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365td

NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED, The Volunteer's Active Service Manual; by Major Dixon.

The King's Own Borderers; by Grant. Woman against Woman; by Miss Maryatt. Too Good for Him; by Miss Maryatt. The Village on the Cliff; by Miss Thackeray. The Claverings; by Anthony Trollope. Dinks, Mayten, and Hutchinson on the Dog. The Blood of Jesus; by Rev. Wm. Reid. The Apostolic Rite of Confirmation; by T. Bedford Jones, M. A., L. L. D.

The English Magazines FOR FEBRUARY. The American Magazines FOR MARCH.

The Nautical Almanac for 1867.

A most complete stock of Pew, Pocket, and Family Bibles, Prayer Books, Services, and Hymn Books.

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 22. 314y

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "Pulmonic Wafers," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES-CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 23, 1867. 322-3m-dw

Sealed Tenders

ADDRESSED TO THE UNDERSIGNED will be received at this office, until

Tuesday, the 5th March next,

AT NOON,

For the Construction of a

BULKHEAD DAM

And Timber Slide,

AT THE

DES CHENES RAPIDS!

Between an Island and the North Shore of the Ottawa River.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at this office, where forms of Tender may be obtained.

Tenders must be endorsed—

"*Tender for work at Des Chenes Rapids.*"

The Department will not be held to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 321

PROVINCE OF CANADA,

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away; Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: Witness, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant-General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorised the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21ST AUGUST, 1866,

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Until Monday, the 24th Instant,

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A

Wooden Bridge with Swing

To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to

JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.

Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 30[illegible]

POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.

309-td

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

ALSO

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
Barrister,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

FREEHOLD CITY PROPERTY FOR Sale very cheap and on reasonable terms. LOT NO. 25, North side of York Street, Ottawa, upon which is erected a large house 56 × 34 feet, containing four tenements, bringing a yearly rent of £84.

For particulars, apply to

R. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor, &c.

Ottawa, December 19. 311-3m

WANTED,

A FARMER to take charge of Stock and a small Farm, and to make himself generally useful.

Best testimonials required.

Apply to

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont,
Aylmer Road.

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 332tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa 23rd March, 1866 31-tf

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 29-ct

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPREsented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada; His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say:

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(*a*) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.

(*b*) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.

(*c*) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.

(*d*) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.

(*e*) The place wherein is then stored.

(*f*) The place to which it is to be removed.

(*g*) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.

(*h*) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.

(*i*) The time at which it is to be removed.

(*j*) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner,

(*k*) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and

(*l*) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal.

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) by the (7) , there to be delivered into the possession of (8) of (9)

The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be during removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 } [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.

(2) His place of residence.

(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.

(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.

(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.

(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."

(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.

(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.

(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."

(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.

(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]

The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks, kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 } Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.

[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."

[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."

[4] The total gallons of the strength proof for which the permit is granted.

[5] The owner's name and occupation in full

[6] His place of business.

[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.

[8] His place of business.

[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.

[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.

[11] The period named for the removal.

[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 12th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each deed, instrument or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents*.

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents*.

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents*.

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

208-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing *in transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1 1866. 13tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER,

NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers,

&C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Printed Matter.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Pu rto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British— Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas— Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	4	5	....
Australia and New Zealand *via* New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York*.)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "Too Late" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT has been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses,
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.

TENDERS

addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON.

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.

Post-Office Inspector's Office,
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. } 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Healy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,

208tf Commissioner of Customs and Excise

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORation of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 34[illegible]

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated

PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 4outf

At a Council held in the City of Quebec, on Monday, 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL,

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency was pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared that the item, "Iron Wire," "round or flat," mentioned in the Schedule E of the Act 29th, 30th Vic. Cap. 6, was intended to include, and is hereby declared to extend to and include flat wire for crinolines uncovered.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. C. E. C.

245tf

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1866:

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed in the 29th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled: "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that so much of the Order in Council of the 20th day of February last, as prohibits the importation or introduction of Horses into this Province, or into any part of it, by sea, be and the same is hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

280tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II, NO. 375. | OTTAWA C. W. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 6, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000: and Weekly over 4,000: making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000: thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

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LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1867. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
C. H. Haycock. R. H. Haycock.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. E. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE, Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. Bouchette attends regularly the circuits and for the district of Quebec.
December 22, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
Jas. Colman. W. Mokay Wright, B.A., B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Carner's, Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 26. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
Office: Armour's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Offices: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
Joseph Lees. John J. Gemmell.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-3m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Offices: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
Wm. Clegg. Thos. F. Nellis.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 15. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 35-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 35-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Hope's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lavergne, Orléans; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 3. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 7. 43tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 79-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 75-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 15, 1866. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 29, 1866. 78-y

R. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 8. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lacchine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
Office: At the House of Augustus Keefer, Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 276-tf

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada. Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (postpaid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Arlington Street, next door to Russell Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 115-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN.
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flocks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-tf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne:
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they cansell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & Co., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & Co.
Ottawa, September 21. 270tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
THE SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 18, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
11 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
CORRECTLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. Represents all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.
OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES, COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES, CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES ever offered at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 47-tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Jesse Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 1-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 31, 1866. 26-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 227y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
AT CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES B. GOUIN.
Lately, and for many years connected with Rasselo's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Dusharme' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared to accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1865. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.
Ottawa, November 27. 273tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. 3vd-17tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 308tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.30 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ..... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ..... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

NOTICE.
Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 6th November, 1866.
WHEREAS the power given to Collectors of Customs by the Customs Act, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, Chapter 17, of retaining the invoices produced on the passing of Entries, has not been generally exercised, and that it has been found advisable to make it incumbent upon Collectors to retain the official custody, and place on file all such invoices—
Notice is hereby given that upon and after the FIRST day of JANUARY next, all invoices of goods, presented for entry at any of he Custom Houses in the Province, will be retained and put on file by the Collector of the Port, in conformity with the 13th section of the 29 and 30 Victoria, Cap. 6, and that certified copies thereof will be given by the Collector or proper officer, when required under the conditions therein mentioned.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
280tf

Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 3rd October, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Gulf of Mexico—United States.
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
THE following important Notice to Navigators has been issued from the Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, in reference to a fixed Light on Cape St. George, Gulf of Mexico, United States, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
The substance of this Notice, as soon as it is received on board, is to be inserted in red ink on the Charts affected by it, and introduced into the margin or otherwise in the page, of the Sailing Directions to which it relates. See instructions, Navigation and Pilotage, p. 172.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
[No. 51.]
Gulf of Mexico—United States
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
Information has been received at the Admiralty, that the Light on Cape St. George, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 1st day of August, 1866.
This light is a fixed white light, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 15 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT ON CAPE SAN BLAS.
Also, that the light on Cape San Blas, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 23rd day of July, 1866.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 16 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT AT JUPITER INLET.
Also, that the light at Jupiter Inlet, East Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 28th day of June, 1866.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half.
NORTH ATLANTIC.
FOG SIGNAL AT WEST QUODDY HEAD, STATE OF MAINE.
Also, that on and after the 15th day of August, the fog signal at West Quoddy Head, Coast of Maine, would be made by means of a Daboll trumpet, operated by a Roper hot air engine, giving blasts of 3 seconds duration, with intervals of 20 seconds between the blasts.
The trumpet is placed in a small white building, a short distance south of the lighthouse, at an elevation of 75 feet above the mean level of the sea.
By command of their Lordships,
GEO. HENRY RICHARDS,
Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty,
London, 30th August, 1866.
This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: St. George's sound, No. 2,898; West Indies, &c., No. 392; Lights in West Indies, No. 399. Bay of Fundy, No. 352; Halifax to Delaware, No. 2,676. 281tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
AND BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Ball, Calf, Kid, Cloth, and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at C. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN, Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.
ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa
H. MEADOWS & CO.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
OUR STOCK OF THE ABOVE IS NOW COMPLETE, COMPRISING A GREAT variety of all the differest patterns, with every real improvement which the advancing requirements of Central Canada have shown to be needed. The assortment is the largest and most varied in this market. Special attention has been given to the selection of STOVES, suitable for Farmers and to residents of the city. The
ELEVATED OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Of which we have about twenty different sizes and patterns, including the following celebrated names: Protectionist, Large and Small King of Stoves, Improved Farmer's, (2 sizes), Fortune, Housekeeper, Sunny Side, &c., &c., all o which are splendid bakers. Our
LOW OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Are unrivalled for city use, being very economical for fuel, and likewise good baking Stoves. The following well known Stoves comprise part of the stock: Monitor, (3 sizes), Empire State, (3 sizes), Queen City, Hotel, Charter Oak, St. Lawrence, Forest, Premium, &c., &c., &c.
PARLOR STOVES!
We have all the latest and best patterns, open and close fronts, elegant in design, durable for use and cheap in price.
BOX STOVES!
A very large stock of these Stoves just received, including the Black Giant, Rambler, Rover, Lioness, Lion, Fulton, &c., all sizes, suitable for the smallest bedroom or the largest hall, warehouse, or church, (a liberal discount made on all Stoves sold to Churches.)
DOUBLE STOVES!
Different patterns, with single or double Ovens.
DUMB STOVES AND STOVE PIPES!
Of the best Russian and other Iron, also Gallows Pipe, T Pipes, Elbows, Key Pipes, and all kinds of Tin, Sheet, Iron, and Copper Ware on hand and made to order.
Builders' Job Work, Hot Air Furnaces, Eavetroughs, &c.,
Made to order. The best of material used and none but first-class workmen employed.
Camp Kettles, Bake Pans, Shanty Plates, and all kinds of Lumberer's Supplies on Hand.
Iron Bedsteads. Iron Bedsteads.
BIRD CAGES. BIRD CAGES CHEAP.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.—Parties about furnishing houses would do well to call and examine our tock in this department, as there is almost every requisite for the Housekeeper, especially in the culinary branch.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
Best Pennsylvania Kerosene and No. 1 Canada Oils. No inferior article kept.
LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS.
Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Hall Lamps—a great variety on hand.
Bedroom Toilet Setts, Baths, Sponge, Plunge, Sitz and Children's Baths, Chamber Pails, and all kinds of Japanned and plain Tinware.
REMEMBER
WHEN YOU WANT TO EXAMINE ANYTHING IN THE ABOVE LINE, GO DIRECT TO THE
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1866. 62-y

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 45-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread ..... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 308tf

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. & C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Hesserer Street.
Ottawa, December 21. 314tf

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 26th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 7' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 30 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlaz River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
Admiralty Surveyor.
337tf

At the Court at Windsor, the 30th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury; the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and carcasses should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the FIRST day of MARCH next, the importation or introduction into this Province, or any part thereof, by sea, of cattle, sheep, horses, swine, asses and mules, neat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of such animals, hay, straw, and fodder, be, and the same is prohibited; save and except such cargo or cargoes, or part of cargo, as His Excellency in Council may hereafter see fit to exempt from such prohibition.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
February 28, 1866. 66-tf

THO. RUSSELL & SON

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Wet Nurse Wanted—Dr. Wood.

New Spring Tweeds—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

Return of Convictions—Robert Lees.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.20 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa.	8.00 a. m. and 11.30 a. m.	11.30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage,	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway,	6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau,	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MARCH 6, 1867.

We understand that Mr. William Graham, lumber merchant of the Township of Gloucester, will be a candidate for the representation of the County of Russell in the Canadian House of Commons. Mr. Graham is a Conservative in politics, and a native of the county, his father having been one of the earliest settlers. He is one of the largest property holders in the county, and a popular man among the electors. He will, therefore, be a formidable opponent to any one who may contest the constituency with him.

To-day being Ash Wednesday will be observed as a holiday in all the public departments.

Mr. Worthington, Assistant Commissioner of Customs and Excise, issued a circular yesterday in reply to the question, "whether it is incumbent on the merchants "or dealers in spirits to obtain a permit for "the delivery of every package of spirits "sold containing over five gallons," in which he states "that a permit is only required "when the removal takes place from the "distillery where the spirits have been manu-"factured, or from the warehouse in which "they have been bonded or stored, and that "no permit is required to be shown when "the spirits are removed from the premises "of the dealers or traders."

The *Globe* has said a great deal in condemnation of the financial provisions of the British North America Bill. It may not be altogether out of place, therefore, to examine this portion of the Confederation Act with a view to discover whether the censures now vented by the *Globe* are really warranted under the circumstances. In this inquiry it must not be forgotten that, as Mr. Brown contends, the Reform party of Upper Canada contributed largely to the bringing about of Confederation; that in fact the measure was designed as a means to accomplish certain reforms for the carrying out of which the Reformers had been contending for years—so much so that Mr. Brown now calls upon that party to place itself in "battle array," to the end that they may be able to apply the principles which they have engrafted on the new constitution.

There may be some who will object to the Reformers receiving such a large share of credit for bringing about the peaceful revolution which is now almost accomplished, but, for the present, it is sufficient to note that this credit is claimed on their account, and that it is so far justified by the fact that two Reformers and only one Conservative formed the Western section of the Canadian delegation to London, the former party having thereby a controlling voice in everything relating to the interests of Upper Canada.

Now, as to the departure from the Quebec scheme in the financial arrangement. That scheme provided for an allowance of eighty cents per head of the population, as determined by the census of 1861, to each Province for the carrying on of the Local Governments, with an additional allowance to New Brunswick of $63,000 per annum for ten years; and the reservation to Nova Scotia of the right to levy an export duty on coals and other minerals. This right has not been preserved to Nova Scotia in the Confederation bill, and therefore it might reasonably be concluded that some compensation ought to have been made for its surrender. So in the case of New Brunswick, the right to levy export duty on lumber is not absolute, as provided by the Quebec scheme, but limited to the enactments of an existing statute. Here, too, it may fairly be assumed, that submission to this restriction was worth a money compensation, but on these two points we beg merely to remark that the *Globe* with characteristic dishonesty passed them over in silence, while commenting on the financial aspect of the bill, though the importance to the Confederacy of the limit of the export duty in the one case, and its entire abolition in the other, must be of very great importance. We proceed now to the financial aspect of the arrangement, as presented in the bill.

By the *Globe's* calculation the subsidies to the Local Governments, calculated on the census of 1861, give to Upper Canada 85½ cents per head; to Lower Canada 86½ cents per head; to Nova Scotia $1.19 per head and to New Brunswick $1.47 per head; making a total excess over the grants provided by the Quebec scheme of $447,508. The reader should remember that the maximum of this expenditure is not reached until the populations of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick shall each have reached 400,000; though we hope for the sake of the Confederacy that may soon be, for the smallest head in the country is worth more than eighty cents per annum.

The extra subsidies provided by the act when the maximum of payment has been reached represents a rate per head of the whole population of nearly 14½ cents, and as Upper Canada will receive just 5½ cents of this sum, according to the *Globe*, it follows that nearly nine cents per head per annum, according to the population of 1861, will have to be paid "for all time to come" by the people of Upper Canada, for the benefits, or supposed benefits, of Confederation. Is it worth the money? We have already referred to the privileges surrendered by Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, which doubtless were taken into the account in the readjustment of the financial part of the Union scheme; but our present purpose is not to enter on an argument to justify the changes made, but merely to show what they are, and to test them by the basis upon which the settlement at Quebec was effected. We shall, therefore, put Mr. Brown in the witness box and allow him to speak for himself and his colleagues at Quebec. The first question to be answered is, why should there have been a subsidy at all provided for the Local Legislatures? Mr. Brown answers that Confederation without these subsidies "could "neither have been carried in the Conference, "nor yet in any one of the Provincial Legis-"latures." Evidently then the case stood, either the Local subsidies or no Confederation. Mr. Brown next stated that the annual sum required for the Local Governments as at first made up in the Conference was something like "five millions of dollars," but a committee of Finance Ministers, by paring down the estimates, managed to reduce the amount of $2,630,000 which determined the subsequent action of the Conference. As to the additional grant to New Brunswick, which was sanctioned at Quebec, Mr. Brown stated "we had either to find that sum for her *or* "*give up the Union*," and rather than give up the Union, Mr. Brown heartily approved of granting the additional subsidy. May not the same kind of arguments have been presented in London? The Delegates of the Maritime Provinces, and the people whom they represent no doubt remember the extravagant value which some of our public men put upon Confederation—they no doubt bethought them that one gentleman, the President of the Council, Mr. Brown, himself declared Confederation worth the price of five Intercolonial Railways, and we cannot, therefore, blame them if they tried to make a somewhat better bargain than the Quebec scheme offered—a scheme, be it remembered, that never received the approval of any Colonial Legislature, but that of Canada. Very likely the extravagant enthusiasm of Mr. Brown may have been one of the chief inducements to the representatives of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, to hold out for larger subsidies than those assigned them at Quebec; and we may also be permitted to add that had Mr. Brown been in the London Conference, he would have found that the arguments which convinced him at Quebec in favor of the subsidies would have been equally irresistible in London in convincing him of the necessity of their increase.

We shall take one other piece of evidence from Mr. Brown himself on this subject of the subsidies: "The great trouble was," he said, "that some of the governments were vastly "more expensive than others—extensive "countries, with sparse populations neces-"sarily requiring more money per head for "local government than countries more "densely populated." This is doubtless true, and being so, upon what principle of justice should the provinces thus forced into an expensive local government, only receive the same *rate* as others which could be governed much cheaper? Assuming that the local governments had no existence, would not the charge on the general government be larger *per head* for administration in the sparsely settled, than in the densely populated portions of the country? In fact, if any of the Ministers, especially any one of the unfortunate trio, who are being "organised" out of the Reform party, desire to get up a conclusive defense of the subsidy scheme of the London Conference, he cannot do better than adopt that of Mr. Brown in vindication of the Quebec subsidies. The general arguments are all well laid down, and nothing additional would be required beyond the amplification of the figures, and a brief allusion to the surrender of the export duties on coal by Nova Scotia, and their limitation on lumber in New Brunswick, to prove that the arrangement was fair in every particular.

Speaking of the Confederation scheme, the New York *Commercial Advertiser* makes the following sensible and very neighborly remarks:—

"It may be somewhat too centralizing in its tendencies, according to the American idea, but it will probably be acceptable to the provincialists. It is far-reaching in its views and objects, and is intended by its authors to establish a great and powerful nationality, larger and vaster even than the present boundaries of the United States. We hope that it may answer the desired ends, and that it may be the means of developing the industrial resources of the vast territories of British North America. The time has happily gone by forever when it was supposed that national prosperity depended upon the ruin and misery of surrounding and rival nations. The continent is wide enough for the "Kingdom of Canada" and the United States, and there is no reason why our neighbors should not be allowed to seek 'life, happiness and prosperity' in their own way with our best wishes."

—The Dundas *True Banner*, in speaking of the Confederation Bill, is unkind, after the following fashion:—"The *Globe* contends that by this arrangement the Lower Provinces have obtained a decided advantage of about $180,000 per annum more than they were entitled to receive. It may be well enough to point out these and other objectionable features in the Bill, but we fancy it is entirely useless to create any feeling of opposition to the Bill now that it is near completion. We must just take it as we get it, and work it out to the best possible advantage. Had Mr. Brown stuck to his post, as he should have done, so that he could have had the provisions of the Bill under his direct supervision, he might have remedied these defects, but at this late hour fault-finding and carping is entirely useless, and may as well be dispensed with."

Destitution Among Freedmen in Yorktown, Va.

New York, March 5.—Advices from Yorktown, Va., state that there are large numbers of freedmen there in great destitution. The Freedmens' Bureau have taken measures to supply them with food, and remove and scatter many of them where their labor will be in demand, and they can support themselves.

New York Money Market.

New York, March 5.—The *Commercial's* financial article says, money is unchanged. Governments dull and generally weak. Gold inclined to reach downward, and quoted at 137.

TELEGRAPHIC

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 5, 1867.

The Provincial Telegraph line has passed, by purchase, into the hands of the Montreal Company.

A new banking institution is about to be established in this city under the title of the "Bank of Commerce." The capital is fixed at one million dollars. Subscription books will be opened to-morrow. No difficulty whatever is apprehended in getting stock taken up. Mr. Greer, formerly connected with the Montreal Bank, will be cashier.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 5, 1867.

The carpenters' strike has resulted in their demands for an increase of wages being complied with.

The Edson and Switzenger case is not yet ended, the former having been brought before Mr. Brehaut to be bound over to keep the peace. He made application that Dr. Switzenger be examined as to the cause of the *fracas*. The doctor's counsel denied the right of Edson to examine his client. The matter was postponed till Thursday.

The carnival at the Victoria Rink to-night was magnificent; several hundred persons in costume were on the ice, and an immense concourse of spectators were present.

Some excitement has been caused by discovering that a number of bodies have been stolen from the graveyard at Berthier and brought to Montreal. Several students are implicated and warrants have been issued for their arrest.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

The New Colonial Minister.

London, March 5.—The Duke of Richmond has declined the Colonial Secretaryship, and the Duke of Buckingham, to whom it was subsequently tendered, has accepted the position. The Government promises that the provisions of the Reform Bill, which it is preparing for submission to Parliament, will be liberal in its character.

The Eastern Question.

Vienna, March 6.—The Eastern question is becoming more complicated. Despatches have been received from the South, which indicate that a general rising of the Christians throughout Turkey is feared.

Rumor Denied.

London, March 5.—A despatch from Dublin says that the rumored capture of the Fenian Colonel O'Connor at Athlone is untrue; the arrested man proves to be altogether another party.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

Paris, Me., March 5.—The morning train from Portland, ran over and killed B. B. Hakell, of Oxford, at Richard's Crossing.

Mexican News.

Washington, March 5.—A Mexican letter to the Mexican legation, states that on the 12th Marques and Maximilian left the City of Mexico for the interior with 4,000 men. The general impression seems to be that their object is to reach the coast; others, however, believe that Maximilian is going to capitulate with Juarez, or to see whether an armistice can be had for the purpose of consulting the people. It has been reported, too, and with a shadow of reliability that Miramon, Maximilian and the supporters of the empire and all their troops started from Ruerstaro, and were met and completely defeated at Abaco on the 16th by Gen. Escobedo. There is a regular stampede of Imperialists. Almost all the men who acted as Maximilian's Ministers have either left the country or are on their way abroad.

Arrest of a Noted Thief.

St. Louis, March 5.—A. W. Lee, who stole about $45,000 in Government bonds from the Treasury Department at Washington, last January, was arrested in this city to-day.

Fenian Meeting in Albany, N. Y.

Albany, March 5.—A very large Fenian meeting was held in the City Hall to-night. Speeches were made by Senator Morrison and others, and a liberal collection taken up.

The Elections in Alexandria, Va.

Washington, March 5.—A telegram from Alexandria received to-night, says the election passed off without disorder. Catham was re-elected Mayor by 64 of a majority. The negro vote was not received by the Commissioners, but recorded by the Radical candidates for municipal officers. The Radical white vote is 56; it is reported that more than 1,000 negro votes were recorded.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Triumph of the Liberals in Germany.

New York, March 5.—The *Herald's* Berlin correspondence chronicles the splendid triumph of the Liberal Democracy of Germany at the general election, held under the universal suffrage franchise. The city returns from Berlin show that Count Bismarck, with every general of the late, or Prussian, war here, were signally defeated by the constituencies to which they were nominated.

Yellow Fever in Panama.

The *Herald's* Panama correspondence of the 28th says: The subject of a war with Ecuador is being canvassed. The yellow fever had almost entirely disappeared from Panama. Several of the *Jamestown's* crew had died of it. The cholera had disappeared from Nicaragua.

From Peru.

The *Herald's* Lima (Peru) correspondence of the 14th ult., says: It is reported that four Spanish iron-clads were coming round the Horn. A small rebellion in Chili had been suppressed.

The Indian War in British Honduras.

The *Herald's* advices from British Honduras, dated Belize 12th ult., says the Indians were still in arms against the English troops, and marching on Belize with such steady progress that the worst consequences were feared. Despatches had been forwarded to the Consul-General of England, in Havana, asking the immediate support of a man-of-war from that station, but as there was not a royal vessel within easy communication it is said that the Consul-General of the United States in Cuba was about to send an American gun-boat to Belize, to aid the English. This Anglo-Indian affair assumes a serious aspect, and in a territorial point of view, as a boundary right dispute between an English planter and the Indians hinges it to, and mixes it up with, the Mexican question.

Ortega's Fate.

The *Herald's* Mexican correspondent says: In regard to the fate of Ortega, now a prisoner of Juarez, the chances are good for his being shot.

Large Arrival of Treasure.

New York, March 5.—The steamer *Henry Chauncey* with San Francisco dates of the 9th ult., arrived last night bringing $828,514 treasure. The *Times* Panama correspondent gives a report that the President of the State of Bolivia was killed by his own body-guard while travelling in the interior, and that in consequence a revolution had occurred at Carthagena.

Mortality in New York.

New York, March 5.—There were 423 deaths last week, 23 from scarletina and 15 from typhus and typhoid fever.

Negro Votes in Alexandria, Va.

Washington, March 5.—Considerable feeling exists in our neighboring city, Alexandria, Va. It is being said that the colored people intend to offer votes for candidates of their own selection for municipal officers, to be chosen to-day. The Commissioners of Election yesterday appointed the Mayor of Alexandria and Judge Moore to proceed to Washington, and consult the Attorney-General of the United States upon the question of the legality of negro votes, should any be offered. The Alexandria *Gazette* says, the idea that negroes have a right to vote, grows out of the passage by Congress of the reconstruction bill.

LOCAL NEWS.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 5, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 9 above zero.

9 a. m., 18 above zero.
Noon, shade, 32 above zero.
6 p. m., 28 above zero.

The Game Laws.—The parties charged with having game in their possession, killed in the close season, were yesterday brought before W. F. Whitcher, Esq., of the Fisheries Department. They denied the killing, and pleaded "lawful excuse" to cover possession, alleging that the moose's head under seizure was procured in Lower Canada, not for sale, but to be stuffed for a private collection of animal specimens. The magistrate did not admit the plea, as the recent killing was evident from the condition of the head; he therefore held the parties amenable to conviction, but reserved judgment as to the amount of fine and cost until the result of the proceedings against other parties for the primary offences of killing the moose, and selling parts of the meat to different individuals.

The Union Quadrille Club.—The third monthly festival in connection with this weekly private Quadrille Assembly took place last Monday evening in their hall in Besserer-street, and was a decided success, outdoing altogether the previous assemblies. The music was excellent, Gowan having for the occasion furnished a full quadrille band; the devotees of Terpsichore to the number of thirty couple tripped it till the *wee sma-hours ayont the twal*, well pleased with the evening's entertainment. During intermission all partook with good cheer of the nice things provided by Mrs. Proderick, and amid the din of cups and saucers might be heard the merry laugh and jovial conversation, which indicated that all were enjoying themselves. We understand that the club so far this season has met with great success.

The Wood Market.—In our school boy days we were all taught that a cord of wood meant a pile eight feet long, four feet wide, and four feet high, and upon this hypothesis we worked out innumerable sums and made them all come right. Our juvenile successors at the slate and blackboard are being sedulously taught the same ingenious fiction. As this, however, is an eminently practical age—a matter-of-fact age—in which we are wont to boast, a sort of philosophical scepticism which before being entered into the category of facts, things are required to be examined, and tried by all sorts of experiments. Would it not be well that our school children should be taken to the wood market and taught by actual measurement that there is a material difference between a cord of wood in their books and a cord of wood in the market? If they are not so taught they may, as we have done, grow up in the expectation of getting an *arithmetical* cord of wood for their money instead of a *market* cord. They would then, as others have done, feel hurt and call honest wood merchants dishonest scoundrels and impostors. If they have been taught to do as they would be done by, and that it is right to give a pennyworth for a penny, they will not like to be taken undue advantage of, and if they happen to be poor they will think it very hard if they are obliged to deprive themselves and families of necessary food and clothing in order to purchase fuel, and then get no more than two-thirds or three-fourths of what they have bargained and paid for. Let any one go to the wood market and measure the wood exposed for sale every day, and it will be found that the wood which ought to be four feet long, varies from about 2 feet 9 inches to 3 feet 6 inches. The parties having it for sale will give all sorts of reasons for the length, but with such reasons we have nothing to do. A cord of wood is what we require when we pay for a cord, and we hope that before another winter such a law will be enacted as will put an end to the shameful imposition which is being practiced upon the public. Another cause of complaint is, that wood of inferior quality is daily sold to people, who are not good judges of it—oftenest to the poorest people—for sound hardwood of good quality. Poor widows and those who have little means are often imposed on in this way, and until a wood inspector shall be appointed there is no reason to hope for a better state of things. Our city council will confer a great good by taking action in this matter, and the public will be grateful to them for it.

RECORDER'S COURT.

Francois Xavier Laroche and Catherine Laroche, his wife, were put on their trial, charged with the larceny of $150 from Adolphe St. Pierre, tavern-keeper, of Murray-street, while they were boarding at his house. St. Pierre being sworn, said the prisoners had been employed by him at small wages, and after being in his service some weeks they were married. About that time he missed some $36 from a box in his bed-room, in which he had put away about $400. He did not then say anything about his loss, because he hoped they would not steal any more. Afterwards a further sum or sums, amounting altogether to about $150 were stolen. When arrested by Paul Favereau, a number of bills and some silver were found upon them, chiefly in the possession of the male prisoner, who stated that he got it from his wife.

Witness further stated that while in custody at his house, both prisoners declared their willingness to work for him all their life time if he would not proceed against them.

Paul Favereau's evidence went to show the mode of arrest and the amount of money found on the male prisoner. When he arrested them he at once asked for the money which they had stolen from St. Pierre. The woman said she had no money, but that her husband had it, and ordered him to give it up, begging, at the same time, that they might not be arrested. When asked what she had done with the money, she said she did not know all that she had spent, but she gave some of it to be married. The male prisoner, on being asked the same question, said he had spent about $20 of it. The sum of money recovered from the prisoners was $29 and some cents. When accosted by witness, the male prisoner fainted. Favereau said he had said to the prisoners, in French, "Give me the money which you have stolen from Mr. St. Pierre, or else I will take you before the magistrate."

Mr. Gibb, for the defence, contended that the confession was made under the influence of Paul Favereau's threat, and that therefore it was entirely inadmissable, for although Favereau was not a constable, the reputation he had of having been for eighteen years a constable made him a kind of terror among the French Canadians. The learned gentleman quoted "Roscoe's criminal evidence," to show that this was a virtual threat within the meaning of the law. The text is as follows: "Inasmuch as in cases of felony, any person may upon reasonable suspicion apprehend the suspected party, it follows that a person in no way connected with the position of a person in authority." This was Favereau's case, and in this position he had used the threat by which the confession was obtained.

His Honor ruled the confession inadmissible. His Honor ruled in favor of the prisoners, holding that a judge could not receive a confession extorted by means of a threat. Verdict, not guilty.

John Mahony, for assault, was then called up to receive sentence, when the Recorder said he did not mean to be particularly severe. The sentence of the court was that the prisoner be imprisoned for one week at hard labor, and to pay a fine of five pounds and costs, or to remain in jail until said fine be paid.

The Grand Jury came into court with the following presentment:—

To his Worship the Recorder:

The Grand Jury of our lady the Queen, on their oath, present that they have taken into consideration that portion of your Worship's address in regard to the escape of the prisoners, John McGary and John McEwen, who have since their escape been recaptured, and of Edouard St. Julien, who is still at large, and beg leave to report that they have examined the jail, also Mr. Bailiff, the deputy-sheriff, Mr. Higgins, jailer, J. Nile, turnkey, Detective O'Neill, Serjeant Davis and the two prisoners, John McGary and John McEwen, W. B. Russell, locksmith, and Wm. McEwen, turnkey, and further evidence, which is herewith annexed. They find, that there are no separate yards for the receipt of wood and water for the use of the jail, except that in which the prisoners are employed at hard labor; and that the gates of the prison yard are left open the greater part of the day, contrary to the orders given to the jailer by the deputy-sheriff; that the prisoners, when in this open yard, at hard labor, are under the charge of one turnkey. They also find that on Thursday, the 28th day of February, 1867, the two prisoners, McGary and McEwen, were out in the yard, and when the turnkey went into the carpenter's shop they ran out of the gate, no one preventing them; and in their evidence they also state they could frequently have gone out of the gate before that time. That on Friday the 1st day of March, the prisoner St. Julien was at work in the carpenter's shop, the door of which leads out into the yard, and that the lock of the door in the carpenter's shop was so defective that it could be easily opened on the inside by a small stick with a hook on the end of it. And that at 4 p. m. of that day the gates of the yard were all open, and information of the fact given to the turnkeys, who stated that the prisoners were all locked up and had no recourse to the yard, but shortly after that time it was found that the prisoner St. Julien was missing. That the lock of the door at the entrance of the prison is also defective, having the same fault as that in the carpenter's shop. And for the better security of the prisoners in the jail the Grand Jury would recommend that the place where the prisoners are kept at hard labor, should be separate from that in which the water and wood is kept for the use of the jail; that the entrance to the jail yard should be always kept shut, unless when the wood and water carts are passing in and out. That the two outer doors of the prisoners' entrance to the jail should be changed, the iron gate put where the wooden one is and *vice versa*. That we further find that the instructions of the Sheriff or his Deputy with regard to the management of the prisoners have not been carried out as they should have been, and we are of opinion that the management of the jail and prisoners has been very lax.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

C. R. Cunningham, Foreman.

Grand Jury Room, March 5, 1867.

Turgeon *vs.* Herbert; this was an appeal from the Police Court for selling liquor without license. Verdict Not Guilty. R. Lees, Esq., County Crown Attorney, for Turgeon; A. Ross for Herbert.

THE SUEZ CANAL.

Passage of Vessels from Cairo to Suez.

It having been announced that the canal across the Isthmus of Suez is open, and that steam vessels have already passed through it, a description of the work in its present state will be interesting:

Starting from the Mediterranean, the ship canal passes through Lake Mensaleh and Balleh, the Mounds of El Guiar; Lake Tismah, the sandy "Serapeum," and the Bitter Lakes to the Red Sea at Suez, a distance of something less than 100 miles. Only 38 of these, however, rise above the sea level; the remainder are either below it or at the same height. The lakes on the route offer facilities—like those offered by Lakes Nicaragua and Leon on our Isthmus—compensating partly for the heavy steam dredging on the sandy part, and of the mud of the northern entrance. Lake Tismah, half-way across, is proposed for a central harbor. On its shores already stands the village of Ismaila, named by the French in honor of the Viceroy of Egypt.

The Canal Company attest their faith in the scheme by the money already expended here on the fine hotel and public buildings, which, according to English travellers in 1864 and 1865, show the life, elegance and comfort of a European settlement amid the sands of the desert. Ismaila may become in our day the emporium of the eastern world, and the lake may witness the meeting of ships from the Indian seas and the far Atlantic, as here they dip their flags to each other in good will.

The Isthmus from sea to sea is only 70 miles. Ismaila is exactly 41 miles from Port Saïd, and from Suez. The depth of the canal is said to be everywhere 28 feet; its width will vary from 190 to 260 feet. It will have no locks. The transit of merchandize by boats and lighters through the whole line, has been going on for some time; a regular daily postal service is organized, and telegraphic wires communicate with Europe. So far as contracts may be trusted, the year 1868 may be named for the celebration over the completed work; for the President of the Chamber of Commerce of Malta, in his report in 1865, stated that each contractor is bound in that date by a penalty of $20,000 per month if he delay, or he is to get a like sum for every month gained.

The "fresh water canal" is a large cutting, from Cairo northeast, curving through a fertilized tract called the Ouady, from Ismail to Lake Tismah, and then turning south, parallel with the Maritime Canal, to Suez. This large aqueduct was an absolute necessity, if the larger work was to be done; for all the fresh water for Suez and for the labor on the whole line must be supplied from the Nile. The traveler by the overland route to India has been accustomed to see these supplies for Suez carried in iron tanks by the long trains on the railroad. Water pipes now convey the supply brought to Suez throughout the line of the Maritime Canal to the Mediterranean. The length of the fresh water canal is 137 miles, and its width 60 feet, at a level of 90 feet above the great canal. It is to serve a further valuable purpose, by irrigating considerable land upon its borders. The company were, indeed, about to realize a revenue from these redeemed lands, when the Viceroy who had conceded them, "became alarmed at seeing a large territory falling into the hands of a company having its head office at Paris." By new contracts, the Viceroy agreed to pay an indemnity of about £1,500,000, and receive back the domain and produce of the land.

The Egyptian government is completing that part of this canal which extends from Cairo north-east to the Ouady. According to M. Lesseps' report in August last, 80,000 natives were in the trenches during the year.

The whole of this great enterprise, the object of which is to shorten the route for freight to Asia by 7,000 to 10,000 miles, and save passing around the stormy cape, is in the hands (under Napoleon) of the engineer Lesseps, the founder of the Universal Company. Its disposable capital, at first $40,000,000, has been increased by the total indemnity from the Egyptian government to about $56,000,000, of which $30,000,000 was reported available in August, 1866.

Tourists who visit this canal will find a busy multitude of 18,000 Maltese, Greeks, Arabs and northern Europeans, plying the steam dredges along the whole line, and the beginning of shipments even of coal for the Red Sea steamers directly across the neck. They will pass close, if not directly through the land of Goshen, and the line of the flight of Joseph and Mary from Egypt.

They may find themselves saying with Lynch, "Strange it will be if the trade shall return to channels of old, when, at the rising of the dog star, or at midsummer the Arab of southern Arabia launched his frail bark before a wind that he knew would waft him to the shores of spice-bearing India, to return home with as propitious a gale from the opposite quarter."

—Safe is he who serves a good conscience. Merick Woods, Londonderry, Vermont, writes: "Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum have restored my hair to its original color and beauty. One year ago my hair was very thin and quite gray. I have now as fine a head of hair as I ever had." Sold by all druggists.

Written for the Ottawa Times.

CONFEDERATION SONG.

Air—*Bessy Baker.*

Come one and all, assemble now,
And hold a great oration;
The news has come from England here,
We've got Confederation.

Our Yankee neighbors may go South,
Rig up their old plantation;
And leave us here, true British sons,
To cut down annexation.

Then come, brothers, make up your minds
For further cultivation;
Let's send for one of England's sons
And hold our coronation.

This British Prince, as soon's he's King,
Will then enlarge our nation,
With Dukes, and Lords, and belted Knights,
That beats Confederation.

Then long live the Queen, likewise *our* King,
With health to rule this nation,
Till future ages echo back,
Well done Confederation.

Ottawa, March 6, 1867. W. S.

A STARTLING ILLUSTRATION OF THE DARWIN THEORY—SPONTANEOUS GENERATION OF ANIMAL LIFE.

[The following "fancy creation" of a newspaper "local" is from the Hamilton *Times*, and is so far ahead of the ordinary conceptions of the fraternity, that we give it a place in our columns.—Ed.]

"The theory of Prof. Darwin that all animal life has its origin in the primary cell, and that its variety only presents the different stages of development, from the lowest orders to the most perfect creation, man, has been apparently sustained by a startling example in this city, which will be likely to engage in a high degree the attention of the scientific. During last fall Mr. Charles Motzer, a German citizen, residing on Bay-street, put up a large quantity of his favorite article of diet, known as *sauer kraut*, in the preparation of which he tested the efficacy of a receipt suggested to him by a friend. The experiment proved a failure, as the introduction of some description of alkali had the effect of reducing the cabbage into a mash and causing a strong fermentation, rendering the commodity entirely unfit for use as an article of diet. The mixture was left standing in the cellar undisturbed until Thursday last, when a curious circumstance led to an examination of the tubs in which it was deposited, resulting in a most wonderful discovery. On the day mentioned a cat emerged from the cellar into Mr. Motzer's kitchen, having in custody a large reptile of the lizard species, which wriggled violently and seemed extremely tenacious of life. Mr. Motzer at once proceeded to the cellar and found some dozen or more of the same description of reptiles, which were exceedingly lively and sought to secret themselves under boards, etc., on the approach of a light. While prospecting about for the source of these strange creatures, the tubs in which the *sauer kraut* had been deposited were examined, and presented a sight truly startling. The substance had been transformed into a mass of life and animation, and the curious reptiles were observed in every stage of development. The smallest specimens were about two inches in length, and seemed to be acquiring the least degree of animation. Of these, the bodies were quite transparent, with a slight yellowish tinge, and about the consistency of jelly. Specimens in a more advanced stage assumed a pink hue, with bodies more opaque. The fully developed reptiles measured from six to eight, and even ten inches in length, with bodies hard and fleshy, of a brilliant crimson color. The back deepens into a black line from the head to the tip of the tail, while the belly is of a delicate pink merging into white. The form of the reptile is said to be very similar to the chameleon, having four legs, with indications of claws, and its movements are very lively. The eyes are sharp and serpent like, and surrounded with a yellowish ring merging into black. Several specimens have been secured by a medical gentleman, and are preserved in spirits. A microscopic examination shows a fine coating of scales, and serried formation of the back and tail. Mr. Motzer still allows the tubs to remain undisturbed, and is watching the progress of this curious freak of nature, it being evident that the entire stock of the dainty commodity, which was intended to supply his table through the winter will ultimately take to itself legs, if not wings, and travel off on its own account, in which action the kingdom of reptalia is augmented by another very interesting species, if the climate of Canada will permit its propagation. This remarkable case presents a grave warning to consumers of *sauer kraut*, to take great care that its preparation is not congenial to the generation of animal life, else a malady more fearful than the *tirchina spiralis* may yet be engendered.

CHINESE DOCTORS.

(From the Cincinnati Gazette.)

Dr. Wiley, who has been a number of years in China, delivered a lecture to the members of the Academy of Medicine in Cincinnati, recently at the Ohio Medical College, on the state of medicine in that country. He spent most of his time in the city of Fouchow, containing about 900,000 of a population within its walls. He established an hospital there treating every one free, and came in contact with the Chinese physicians. The physician and priest treat the patient at the same time. The principal treatment consists in charms, both for curing and preventing the disease, although they have many good remedies and theories in regard to the proper treatment. The physician cures the disease with his remedies, the priest by firing off crackers, beating instruments, making the patient jump out of bed and run about the room, &c., helps to cure him by driving away evil spirits that cause the disease. The medical profession is more of a trade than a profession. There are no medical schools, and students learn from private teachings. Every one who discovers a remedy keeps it a secret, and hands it down to his friends, who also keep it a secret. The physician there, as here, ranks as a gentleman, yet he does not rank with the literary men of the country. There is no science in their profession, and their practice consists in an accumulation of facts from observation.

They have no anatomy. The dissection of the human body is forbidden by law, and any one found doing it is put to death. Neither do they know anything of physiology. And the circulation of the blood and the beating of the pulse is not understood. Their theory in regard to the pulse is, that it is caused by a swinging back and forth of the blood. They consider the pulse in one part of the body different from that of another. They have two hundred different kinds of pulse. Mania is referred to the influence of the moon, and a Chinaman could not be bribed to sleep out in the moonlight, for fear of its evil effects.

They have a large materia medica, but most of their remedies are very foolish. For instance, the blood of a lion or tiger would be prescribed for him who needed some of the tiger about him. Mercury and iron are the only mineral medicines used, but these are used extensively. They are fine botanists and have a large collection of herbs for medicines. In prescribing, fifteen to twenty remedies are mixed in one prescription. If the patient dies, the physician can be prosecuted, and, if found guilty of malpractice, will have to support the family of the deceased from his own purse. Instead of bleeding, as practised here, the arm is scarified with a many-bladed knife, and then a certain class of persons are employed to suck the blood from the arm. Incredible as it may seem, they also suck matter from sores, abscesses and boils.

The Chinese have a horror for water, and never drink it except as medicine. Their drink is tea altogether. The Chinese physician is superior to all others in one particular, at least; he has a sure cure for hydrophobia; but the remedy is kept secret. A great many among the population have some affection of the eye, owing to shaving off the eyebrows and lashes, and also from the filth in which they live. Surgery is but little practised. Amputation is never thought of; and for a dislocation of the elbow, a chicken pounded to death, and made into a poultice, is used, which of course, seldom effects a cure. But with all their absurdities, they have some good remedies, which if we can only find out, will add greatly to our own list of curatives.

—It was reported at Sherbrooke last week that a number of men employed cutting wood at Windsor, Canada East, by Messrs. Angus & Logan, had been poisoned by the cook of the shanty.

NEW

SPRING TWEEDS!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CANADIAN TWEEDS!

Comprising the Choicest Goods, and Newest Styles, produced by the principal manufacturers in Canada.

All purchased on the most favorable terms, and offered at a moderate advance, at either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Sparks-street, - - OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 6. 375y

—Never be ashamed of confessing your ignorance, for the wisest man upon earth is ignorant of many things, insomuch that what he knows is a mere nothing in comparison to what he does not know. But we apprehend very few are ignorant of the wonderful effects of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer;" it is a most sure and rapid cure for colds, rheumatism, pleurisy, cholic, cholera morbus, and all summer complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per bottle.

Poor Horses.—There are thousands of poor horses dragging out a miserable existence, suffering from a variety of diseases, rendering them almost worthless, that would be restored to a healthy and sound condition, and a value given to them of which their owners never dreamed, would they but use the means within their reach. From one to three packages of Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine will in all cases produce a satisfactory result; hundreds have testified to this fact. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds, if not attended to, sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself

Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 2? 237-y

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-d

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!

—AND—

HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

BIRTH.

At Orchard Hill, on the 5th instant, the wife of Wm. McKay Wright, Esq., of a son.

DIED.

In this city, on the 5th inst., Joseph Roumald Boulet, of the Militia Department, aged 23 years.

Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend his funeral this afternoon (Wednesday) at 4 o'clock, from the General Hospital to the place of interment, without further notice.

At his father's residence, Inkermann Cottage, Nepean, on the 4th inst., George William Patterson, eldest son of George Patterson, aged 21 years and 6 months.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral to-day at 2 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Wanted Immediately,

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
Sparks-street.

Ottawa, March 6. 375tf

RETURN OF CONVICTIONS

Made by Justices of the Peace in and for the County of Carleton, to the Clerk of the Peace for the said County during the Quarter ending on the Eleventh Day of December, A.D. 1866.

Name of Prosecutor.	Name of Defendant.	Nature of Charge.	Date of Conviction.	Name of Convicting Justice.	Amount of Fine, Penalty, or Damage.	Fine when Paid, or to be Paid to said Justices.	To whom Paid over by said Justices.	If not Paid over, why not, and General Remarks, if any.
Edward Rock	Thomas Carrol	Rescue	1866. October 5th	James Seivright	$0.50	Immediately	Township Treasurer	Paid.
Jonathan Everts	Peter Grant	Assault	November 13th	Clarke Moses and Arthur Allen	$2.00	One month from Conviction	Township Treasurer of Osgoode, when received	The time given for payment is not yet expired.

ROBERT LEES,
Clerk of the Peace, County of Carleton.

Clerk of the Peace's Office,
Ottawa, December, 1866.

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD

THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

LOST, A BUNCH OF KEYS.—THE finder will oblige by leaving them at this office.

Ottawa, March 5. 374-3

AUCTION SALES.

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 34, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at [illegible] per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great Bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

FOUNDED 1838, FOR LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:

PLACE D'ARMES, MONTREAL.

INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A. THE BONUSES

Are paid in Money to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made *every year* in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 62½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy-holders during their own lives.

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES

Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a

Most Important Provision in Old Age

to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a

VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £1560, making the sum assured £2560, instead of £1000.

Or, he may then exchange this large Bonus Addition for One Cash Payment of about £1000 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £102 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM

Can anything like the same amount of benefits be obtained, whether as regards increase of sum Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment or Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year in Class B. will receive, at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than later Entrants—the difference being probably as much as £40 on a £1000 policy.

The 28th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer ... Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior ... Vacant
Almonte ... Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham ... Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville ... Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke ... Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores, No. 14 and also No. 93, Rideau street, Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO.

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1. 270tf

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's,

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,
(Varying in prices from 40c per lb. upwards.)
SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:
Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.

Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE;
English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kippered Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:
Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:
DeKuyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.
Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:
Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS,
Candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice.
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received until WEDNESDAY, the 13th INST., for the erection of a STONE CHURCH, in the Village of Hull, according to the plans and specifications to be seen on applying at the office of T. FULLER, ESQ., Architect, Barrack Hill.

Separate Tenders for the various trades will be received.

Ottawa, March 1. 373-3

GOOD NEWS.

COAL OIL!

DOWN AGAIN TO

40 Cents

FOR GOOD CANADA ROCK OIL.

NON-EXPLOSIVE,

OR 50 CENTS DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE CITY.

SEND YOUR CANS TO THE

Market Drug Store,
York Street.

WM. HEARN.

Ottawa, January 24, 1867. 340tf

List of Letters

REMAINING IN THE OTTAWA POST OFFICE, 1st of March, 1867:

Ackers Jos
Akin Miss Ann
Alderson Miss Ann
Biagi Antonia
Bissoil Miss Mary
Boyle Mrs Jos
Brennan Miss Cath
Bresette Mrs Cath
Brown George
Brown Alex
Burns Mrs
Burns W H
Campbell Alex
Casey Miss Mary
Campbell & Mowatt
Clark Kate
Clark Euphemia
Cleary Sarah Jane
Codd Richard
Colton Michael
Connor Miss Ellen
Copley Eugene
Cosgrove Alice
Coulson G A
Cowan James
Cox Miss Ellen
Crooks James
Curran Michael
Cusack Susan Mary
Davis Mrs
Davis T J
Dawson Wm
Degan Michael
Dolby E
Donnelly Ellen
Duncan Miss Ann
Egan Miss Annie
Eldridge Mrs Martha
Fraser Miss Sarah
Fraser Miss Anna M
Fullerton Isaac
Gervin Wm
Gillissie A
Gleason Vina, Nepean
Gordon Cath
Gordon J M
Green Mrs
Griffith F M
Hall Miss Selena
Hall Mrs Wm, Gloucester
Hannan & McCormick
Harty Mrs Mary
Heathson David
Henderson Martha
Hogan Wm
Houghton H B
Howlet Mrs Ann
Hudson Sam
Hughman Jos
Hustin S, Gloucester
Hutchinson Alice
James Mrs Eliza
Jamieson Jas S
Kelly P
Kennedy Wm, Nepean
Kierskowski A
King Arthur
Kirkbridge James
Lafontaine L N
Latchford Mary A
Lee Wm, Gloucester
Leonard Winifred
Lillico R, Gloucester
Lindsay M D
Logan Wm
Louth Wm jun
Marety Wm
Marra Jos
Martin Miss Cath
Meagher Mary
Merrill Mrs S
Miller Robert
Morgan Mrs Wm
Morrison J S
Murphy T C
Murry W
Nicholls Robert
Nolan Peter
Nugent Miss E
O'Keefe Wm
Patterson John
Peiler E
Petrie Mary
Potter Mrs Robt
Quail John
Raved Mrs
Riley, Patrick
Robinson W G
Roche Wm
Ross Andrew
Ross & Co
Ryan H
Ryan P C
Sebastian Clara
Shannon Larry
Sharp Peter
Shaw James
Sheppard Mrs
Smith Alfred
Smith A W
Smith Dan
Smith Mrs Ellen
Smith Mary
Spinnet, H P
Stewart Miss M
Stiles Mary Ann
Summer Wm & John
Taylor W G
Thompson J E
Tiernay John
Tiernay Miss Mary
Walker Peter
Walker Geo, Gloucester
Walsh Pat
Wamsley Wm
Welsh Margaret
Wiggins Margaret
Wood Dr G B
Wright Henry
Wright Wm
Wright Mrs Mary
Wright Miss Ellen
McCarnan Margaret
McDougal Peter
McDonald W A
McElroy Mary Ann
McGee Terence
McGuire T
McKenny Susan
McLean Neil
McLeod D, Nepean
McMillan Jos

371-3 G. P. BAKER.

1867. New Spring Goods. 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14, Rideau-street,

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF

New Spring Dress Goods,
New Spring Skirtings,
New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867. 374y

R. S. WILLIAMS' FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m.

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLE CLOTHS TWEEDS &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

THIS BEING THE SEASON FOR Merry-Making, Balls, Parties, &c., &c., to meet the demand for DRESS SUITS, I have on hand a choice assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS!

And of everything necessary to get up orders in a style that defies competition.

Also a choice selection of

Beavers,
Coatings,
Trouserings.
&c., &c.

Ten per cent. off for Cash transactions.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Elgin Street,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1867. 331y

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 2693m

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wy

FOR SALE.

150 Barrels Mess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples,
20 do. Choice Cheese.

On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

One Hundred Dollars

REWARD!

A REWARD OF

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

Will be paid by me, to any person that will give such information as will lead to the capture of

EDWARD ST. JULIEN,

An escaped prisoner from the County of Carleton Gaol.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff of Carleton.

Ottawa, March 2nd, 1867.

DESCRIPTION.—Height 5 feet 7 inches, compactly built. Hair light; and moustache so light as to be scarcely perceptible. Pleasing expression of countenance; lips dry and compressed. Aged about 36 years. French, but speaks English fluently, and without foreign accent. 373-3

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

STOVES

AT A BIG DISCOUNT,
AT
ESMONDE BROS.

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stoves in Canada.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4 075,839.55
Increased Assets in 6 months	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses.

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

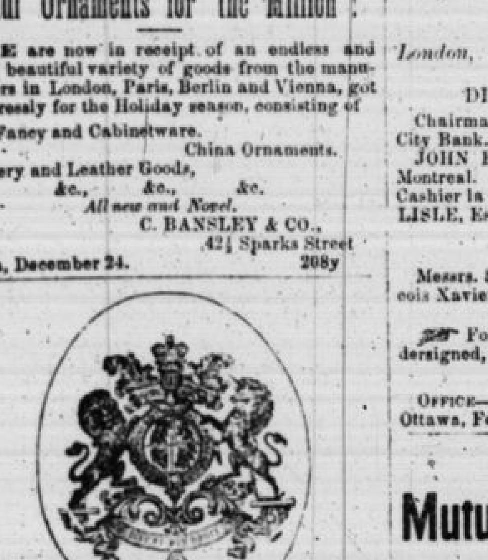
Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!
AND
Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware. China Ornaments. Jewellery and Leather Goods, &c., &c., &c. *All new and Novel.*

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y



Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TO LET,

A TWO STORY STONE HOUSE

CONTAINING TWELVE ROOMS, with Kitchen and Cellar complete, situated on Main street, Aylmer.

Apply to MRS. RADMER,
Aylmer, C. E.

February 19, 1867. 362tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,

Clarence Street,

Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN.

Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w8-3m

Farm and City Lots FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:

W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences, and other improvements.

Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa, with a house containing four tenements.

Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.

Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 368y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.

Capital. - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
Agent.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
Medical Examiner.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO., OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,150 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 01
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,391 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, }
CHARLES WILSON, } Vice-Presidents.
SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, }

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Agents,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323tf

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO.

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamental grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

TO RENT, FROM 1st OF May next, a large STONE HOUSE, furnished, situated in one of the pleasantest localities in Ottawa. Terms reasonable.

Apply at this office.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365a

To Let.

FROM 1st MAY NEXT, a large comfortable Stone Dwelling, situated on the Bank of the Ottawa, near the landing of the steamer *Victoria*, and now occupied by T. B. Stanton, with good stable, coach-house, &c. attached.

ALSO, FROM 1st MAY,
A dwelling on Rideau-street, with good outbuildings.

—ALSO,—
Three comfortable cottages, of which immediate possession may be had.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
Solicitor,
Sussex-street.

Ottawa, February 21, 1867. 364-10

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.

Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.

Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

TO LET A DWELLING House, containing Ten Rooms in the Desbarats' Block, Sparks Street, next to Mrs. Trotter's Restaurant Possession immediate. Apply to

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Queen's Printer's Office.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

TO LET, A HOUSE CONtaining nine rooms, on Ottawa Street, south of Mathew's Hotel. Apply on the premises, to

THOS. G. BURNS.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,

Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell

Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf.

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

WANTS.

Wanted to Hire,

A GOOD HOUSE, CONTAINING from nine to twelve rooms. Address A. J., Box 25, Post-office.

Ottawa, March 5. 374-3

WANTED,

AN Experienced Salesman.
Apply to GRANT & HENDERSON.
373-4

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb. each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's "
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquets

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!
AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot
For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS,

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365td

NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED, The Volunteer's Active Service Manual; by Major Dixon. The King's Own Borderers; by Grant. Woman against Woman; by Miss Marryatt. Too Good for Him; by Miss Maryatt. The Village on the Cliff; by Miss Thackeray. The Claverings; by Anthony Trollope. Dinks, Mayten, and Hutchinson on the Dog. The Blood of Jesus; by Rev. Wm. Reid The Apostolic Rite of Confirmation; by T. Bedford Jones, M. A., L. L. D.

The English Magazines FOR FEBRUARY. The American Magazines FOR MARCH.

The Nautical Almanac for 1867.

A most complete stock of Pew, Pocket, and Family Bibles, Prayer Books, Services, and Hymn Books.

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
16, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 22 214y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*: also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief, when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

$37\frac{1}{2}$ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity.

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants, for Borders; also Herbaceous Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866. 83-tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 228y

PROVINCE OF CANADA,

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

34w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866,

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. } 353-w7tl

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Until Monday, the 24th Instant,

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A

Wooden Bridge with Swing

To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to

JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.

Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.

309-td

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

ALSO

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

FREEHOLD CITY PROPERTY FOR Sale very cheap and on reasonable terms. LOT NO. 25, North side of York Street, Ottawa, upon which is erected a large house 66 x 33 feet, containing four tenements, bringing a yearly rent of £81.

For particulars, apply to

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor, &c.

Ottawa, December 19. 311-3m

WANTED,

A FARMER to take charge of Stock and a small Farm, and to make himself generally useful.

Best testimonials required.

Apply to

JOHN ASHWORTH,
Belmont,
Aylmer Road.

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf

NOTICE.--PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 28. } 33-ut

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity make it expedient to do so to them—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be shown to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85; His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls, Healey's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb. 1856. }

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and J. Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368dw3y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say:

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.

(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.

(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.

(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.

(e) The place wherein is then stored.

(f) The place to which it is to be removed.

(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.

(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.

(i) The time at which it is to be removed.

(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner.

(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and

(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal.

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed form supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) , (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , to (6) , from (4) at (5) , there to be delivered into the (7) possession of (8) of (9) . The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be removed.

Requisition made at this day of 186 . } [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.

(2) His place of residence.

(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.

(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.

(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.

(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."

(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.

(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.

(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."

(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.

(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8] The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, Casks, or Puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 . Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division.

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B.

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.

[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."

[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."

[4] The total gallons of the strength of proof for which the permit is granted.

[5] The owner's name and occupation in full

[6] His place of business.

[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.

[8] His place of business.

[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.

[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.

[11] The period named for the removal.

[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At a Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 22nd day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shown to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Asst. C. E. C.

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866. }

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and, in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the Authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each deed, instrument or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents.*

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $100, *Thirty Cents.*

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents.*

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

283-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. K. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1 1866. 12tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER,

NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867. }

Letters, Newspapers,

&C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Printed Matter.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil — Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America — Costa Rica, Guatemala	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba — Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua — Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua — Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela — Laguayra, P. Cabello	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York*.)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 21 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post, Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
367dw9-tf Postmaster-General.

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINTS having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due;
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON,

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.

Post-Office Inspector's Office,
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. } 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1 .

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
208tf Commissioner of Customs and Excise

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORation of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night-soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of, or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for, such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)
ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365a

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

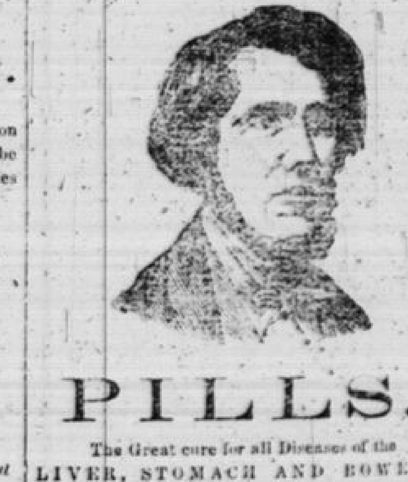
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headaches, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48uff

At a Council held in the City of Quebec, on Monday, 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency was pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared that the item, "Iron Wire," "round or flat," mentioned in the Schedule E of the Act 29th, 30th Vic. Cap. 6, was intended to include, and is hereby declared to extend to and include flat wire for crinolines uncovered.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245tf Assist. C. E. C.

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1866:

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed in the 29th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled: "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that so much of the Order in Council of the 20th day of February last, as prohibits the importation or introduction of Horses into this Province, or into any part of it, by sea, be and the same is hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
280tf Asst. C. E. C.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 66, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 376. | OTTAWA C. W. THURSDAY, MARCH 7, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$5 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 34, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
S. B. Haycock. R. H. Haycock.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, Ste Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit round for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COUGLAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COUGLAN. W. MOLAT WRIGHT, B.A. B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 1-tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Carner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1861. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 37-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Hornet's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court-House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 15. 230y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
Reference: Revs. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 9 tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 73-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 285-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. tf.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. S. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1865. 2-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer.
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flocks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 216tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 19. 319tf

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 46-tf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they cancell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 330tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c.,	&c

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Cold, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand). OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which my strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOLDEN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This house is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
MCKAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 24tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand.
Jy6.170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 28. 300tf

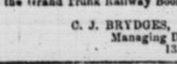
RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs throught to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y



NOTICE.
Finance Department, Customs, Ottawa, 6th November, 1866.
WHEREAS the power given to Collectors of Customs by the Customs Act, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, Chapter 17, of retaining the invoices produced on the passing of Entries, has not been generally exercised, and that it has been found advisable to make it incumbent upon Collectors to retain the official custody, and place on file all such invoices—
Notice is hereby given that upon and after the FIRST day of JANUARY next, all invoices of goods, presented for entry at any of the Custom Houses in the Province, will be retained and put on file by the Collector of the Port, in conformity with the 13th section of the 29 and 30 Victoria, Cap. 6, and that certified copies thereof will be given by the Collector or proper officer, when required under the conditions therein mentioned.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
280tf Commissioner of Customs.

Finance Department, Customs, Ottawa, 3rd October, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Gulf of Mexico—United States.
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
THE following important Notice to Navigators has been issued from the Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, in reference to a fixed Light on Cape St. George, Gulf of Mexico, United States, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
The substance of this Notice, as soon as it is received on board, is to be inserted in red ink on the Charts affected by it; and introduced into the margin or otherwise in the page, of the Sailing Directions to which it relates. See instructions, Navigation and Pilotage, p. 172.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
[No. 51.]
Gulf of Mexico—United States
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
Information has been received at the Admiralty, that the Light on Cape St. George, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 1st day of August, 1864.
This light is a fixed white light, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 15 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT ON CAPE SAN BLAS.
Also, that the light on Cape San Blas, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 23rd day of July, 1866.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 16 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT AT JUPITER INLET
Also, that the light at Jupiter Inlet, East Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 28th day of June, 1866.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half.
NORTH ATLANTIC.
FOG SIGNAL AT WEST QUODDY HEAD, STATE OF MAINE.
Also, that on and after the 15th day of August, the fog signal at West Quoddy Head, Coast of Maine, would be made by means of a Daboll trumpet, operated by a Roper hot air engine, giving blasts of 5 seconds duration, with intervals of 20 seconds between the blasts.
The trumpet is placed in a small white building, a short distance south of the lighthouse, at an elevation of 75 feet above the mean level of the sea.
By command of their Lordships,
GEO. HENRY RICHARDS,
Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, 30th August, 1866.
This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: St. George's sound, No. 2,826; West Indies, &c., No. 392 d; Lights in West Indies, No. 399. Bay of Fundy, No. 352; Halifax to Delaware, No. 2,676. 251tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment o
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
89 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-4ful

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,	COATS,
BEAVERS,	PANTS,
PETERSHAMS,	VESTS,
DEVONS,	SHIRTS,
WHITNEYS	DRAWERS,
IRISH FRIEZE,	SMOCKS,
CANADIAN DO.,	SOCKS,
BROADCLOTHS,	MITTS, WOOLLEN
BLACK DOESKINS,	Do. BUCK,
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,	MOCCASINS, BUCK,
Do. do. TROWSERINGS,	BAGS, LINEN,
BEDFORD CORDS,	Do., TRAVELLING,
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,	COTTONS, STRIPED,
BANNOCKBURN DO.,	Do., BLUE,
HALIFAX DO.,	Do., GREY,
KERSEYS,	TRUNKS,
FLANNELS,	VALISES,

BLANKETS.
ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa
H. MEADOWS & CO.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
OUR STOCK OF THE ABOVE IS NOW COMPLETE, COMPRISING A GREAT variety of all the different patterns, with every real improvement which the advancing requirements of Central Canada have shown to be needed. The assortment is the largest and most varied in this market. Special attention has been given to the selection of STOVES, suitable for Farmers and to residents of the city. The
ELEVATED OVEN COOKING STOVES!
of which we have about twenty different sizes and patterns, including the following celebrated names: Protectionist, Large and Small King of Stoves, Improved Farmer's, (4 sizes), Fortune, Housekeeper, Sunny Side, &c., &c., all of which are splendid bakers. Our
LOW OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Are unrivalled for city use, being very economical for fuel, and likewise good baking Stoves. The following well known Stoves comprise part of the stock: Monitor, (3 sizes), Empire State, (3 sizes), Queen City, Hotel, Charter Oak, St. Lawrence, Forest, Premium, &c., &c., &c.
PARLOR STOVES!
We have all the latest and best patterns, open and close fronts, elegant in design, durable for use and cheap in price.
BOX STOVES!
A very large stock of these Stoves just received, including the Black Giant, Rambler, Rover, Lioness, Lion, Fulton, &c., all sizes, suitable for the smallest bedroom or the largest hall, warehouse, or church; (a liberal discount made on all Stoves sold to Churches.)
DOUBLE STOVES!
Different patterns, with single or double Ovens.
DUMB STOVES AND STOVE PIPES!
Of the best Russian and other Iron, also Gallows Pipe, T Pipes, Elbows, Key Pipes, and all kinds of Tin, Sheet, Iron, and Copper Ware on hand and made to order.
Builders' Job Work, Hot Air Furnaces, Eavetroughs, &c.,
Made to order. The best of material used and none but first-class workmen employed.
Camp Kettles, Bake Pans, Shanty Plates, and all kinds of Lumberer's Supplies on Hand.

Iron Bedsteads. Iron Bedsteads.
BIRD CAGES. BIRD CAGES CHEAP.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.—Parties about furnishing houses would do well to call and examine our tock in this department, as there is almost every requisite for the Housekeeper, especially in the culinary branch.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
Best Pennsylvania Kerosene and No. 1 Canada Oils. No inferior article kept.
LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS.
Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Hall Lamps—a great variety on hand.
Bedroom Toilet Setts, Baths, Sponge, Plunge, Sitz and Children's Baths, Chamber Pails, and all kinds of Japanned and plain Tinware.
REMEMBER
WHEN YOU WANT TO EXAMINE ANYTHING IN THE ABOVE LINE, GO DIRECT TO THE
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1866. 62-y

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 500tf

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
DUVERNAY BROS.
5tf

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 29 314tf

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 56" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 36" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S.¼ 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59° E.—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9¼ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8¼ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ¼ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, whom within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,)
377tf EDMUND HARRISON.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Lighthouse Supplies—F. Braun.
Notice—Thomas Wiggins.

THE POSTOFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIVER.	CLOSE.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.30 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on	8.00 a. m. and	11.30 a. m. and
North side of the Ottawa—Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa, Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	11.30 a. m. 6.00 p. m.	5.30 p. m. 8.30 a. m.
Buckingham, L'Original, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage,	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Lempriville, Osgoode, & Lower Ottawa and Prescott Railway,	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Choices, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau,	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Templeton and East Templeton	5.30 p. m.	8.00 a. m.
	12.30 p. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 3 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times
City and Country Official Paper.
OTTAWA, MARCH 7, 1867.

It may be mentioned as among the consequences of the progress made by the Confederation Bill, and the provision therein contained, declaring Ottawa the Capital of the Confederacy, that several prominent officers of the Government are now making arrangements for permanently settling their families here. Ottawa has heretofore suffered, to a small extent, from absenteeism, but it may be expected now that matters are assuming a permanent shape, this grievance will be abated.

The denizens of Montreal do not like the notion of having henceforth to bear the provincial name of "Quebeckers." It is but natural that they should object to being brought *nominally* under the sway of the ancient capital, and we may therefore conclude that their provincial distinction will be left in the back ground, and the more national term of "Canadian" will remain in general use. We think this will be the case to a great extent with the Province of Ontario as well. The names Upper Canada and Lower Canada, being still so far legal under the new Act as not to invalidate any instrument in which they may be used, will no doubt give them greater currency than they would have had, had their use been prohibited by law. And it is also worthy of remark, that though the name "Canada" has been given to the Confederation of the four Provinces, the Act itself is to be known and cited as the "British North America" Act, so that the term "British North America" is by no means abandoned. We may still anticipate that "B. N. A." will continue to be used as the general term for the British possessions upon this Continent, notwithstanding that the new Confederation is to be called "Canada;" and seeing that in point of territory, but a small part of British America is actually included in the Confederation, it was perhaps as well to leave that term open to future use, when in the progress of time its whole extent may be embraced under one Government.

We copy elsewhere an interesting article from the New York *World* on the subject of cheap ocean postage. Now that the British Government is about to withdraw the subsidy from the Cunard line of steamers, the present is a favorable time to agitate the question of a reduction in the postal rates between this Continent and Europe. It is contended and with every appearance of justice, that a rate of one penny would be amply sufficient to pay for the carriage of letters across the ocean, while another penny on each side should cover the whole cost of the postal service, so that a rate of three pence or five cents is all that ought to be exacted per half ounce. Experience has shown that every reduction in the rate of postage has been followed by such an increase in the amount of correspondence as to soon compensate for the reduction of rate, and doubtless this would be the case in an eminent degree were a reduction to two pence or three pence effected between this country and England. There appears no reason why all the established lines of steamers might not be allowed to compete for the carrying of the mails across the Atlantic. Certain precautions must of course be taken, to ensure speed and safety, but beyond these the Governments on either side of the ocean have nothing else to look for, except economic carriage.

With the adoption of Confederation and the extension of our own Post Office Department to all the Provinces, a reform in the way of cheapening postage in this country might also reasonably be looked for. It is probable that a uniform rate of three cents for prepaid, and five cents for unpaid letters per half ounce, would in a short time be found to furnish as large a revenue to the department as the present rate, while the reduction would certainly be appreciated by the public.

The Fortieth Congress was duly organised at Washington on Monday last, Mr. Wade being elected President of the Senate, and the notorious Schuyler Colfax re-elected Speaker of the House. The election of Mr. Wade is said to have been in view of the impeachment of the President, the presiding officer of that body being by the constitution the "heir apparent" to the Presidential chair. It may be presumed, therefore, that the Radicals having their own man ready to put into Mr. Johnson's place, will lose no time in pushing forward the case against the unfortunate President. If nothing else can be said in favor of Mr. Johnson, it must be said that he has displayed a degree of firmness and an adherence to principle which mark him as a man of strong nerve, and indomitable courage. Even the last hope of restoring the South in time to vote at the next Presidential election was sacrificed by him, in so far as he could sacrifice it, by the veto of the reconstruction bill, which, however, was passed by the over-ruling two-thirds majority. It is barely possible, but improbable in the highest degree that the Southern States will be reorganised under that bill in time to make their votes tell on the next Presidential election, for the Radicals do not want them, and the Southern people will not willingly accept the terms now offered, so that the chances of the Democratic party are very much imperilled, if not entirely thrown away by the continuance of the deadlock up to the present time. The Republicans see the value in a party sense of the absence of the Southern vote; they calculate not unreasonably that they will have a large majority in the Northern States, and as a consequence a President to their own liking is almost as good as elected for 1868, unless some sudden revulsion of feeling occurs, of which there are not at present any indications. We doubt, however, whether this improvement in their prospects will induce them to abandon the impeachment policy. On the contrary it appears to have grown in favor with the party, and if abandoned now it would cause a loss of prestige which the leaders are too shrewd to incur.

At the organization of the House of Representatives Mr. Brooks, of New York, entered a protest against the constitutionality of its proceedings, because of the fact that certain States were unrepresented in that body. This step provoked but little discussion, and the document was not even received by the clerk. Mr. Colfax on being conducted to the chair delivered a brief oration which is a model of spread eagleism and Radical self laudation. He tells the representatives that "the years have never dropped their sands on mortal issue, vast and grand, as ours to-day." That was very pretty and poetic, though not over scrupulously true. The "issue" can hardly be said to be a very new one, nor yet, perhaps, very grand. It is, in fact, quite an old struggle, though brought up in a somewhat novel form—a struggle to bend the law and the constitution to the will of a faction, to set aside the rights of others and erect the despotism of a mob in the place of the liberties guaranteed by the constitution. It is a revolution not against the oppression of the Government, but to make of the Government an instrument of oppression. In all this there is nothing either strikingly new or astonishingly grand, and if the boly over whom Mr. Colfax has again been called upon to preside pursues the course of its predecessor, whose conduct he so warmly eulogised, it will not be a record of "unity, liberty, and law," as he predicts, but one of anarchy, tyranny, and dissension.

A correspondent sends us some doggerel verses conceived in a very amorous mood, as may be seen from the following couplet—the only smooth lines in the lot:

"Though in a foreign land I dwell,
My heart with love for thee will swell,"

and writes at their head—"*Poetry* for the OTTAWA TIMES!" The swelling we fear is rather in "the head than the heart." The writer should try the effect of a warm foot bath and a dose of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup when he goes to bed o' nights. Perhaps the "poetry" might yield to this treatment if persevered in. At all events, he cannot find an escape for it through the columns of the "OTTAWA TIMES."

REPRESENTATION OF RUSSELL.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

DEAR SIR,—Observing in your issue of yesterday a paragraph stating that I intended to offer myself as a candidate for the representation of the county of Russell, in the Confederate Parliament of Canada; in reply, I beg to say that in conversation with many of the voters of that county, in which I live, they kindly proffered me their support, and wished me to become a candidate. Believing, as I do, that the people themselves ought to select their own representatives, and these from among themselves, I shall not intrude myself on the constituency, but await the result of their action in the matter, before issuing any address. Should I be their choice, and receive from them that support which my long residence amongst, and early acquaintance with, the people generally of that county, entitle me to, I shall use all legitimate means to secure my election; if not, then I shall bow to their decision.

As some time will elapse before an election will take place, I intend to call personally on the voters of the county, and ascertain their views.

I am, Sir,
Yours truly,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
Junction Gore, Gloucester.

March 6, 1867.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—In looking over your issue of the 4th inst., I was somewhat surprised to find in the minutes of the County Council for the county of Carleton a resolution stating that whereas the County Council at its sitting in June last, had by advice of the County Solicitor rejected a petition of mine asking to be refunded certain monies paid by me for lands purchased at Sheriff's Sale for taxes in 1859, being 199 acres of lot No. 23 in the first concession of the township of Torbolton, one hundred and sixty acres of which had been erroneously sold, as at the time of sale there had been no account of it neither being leased, located or patented, but has since in 1862 been sold, and patented by the Government. On my petition to the County Council being rejected, as it appeared the money from the sale had been paid over by them to the township of Torbolton, I petitioned the township council, not once, supposing that they would be found so dishonorable as not to refund that which they had so erroneously received. When on the refusal of the prayer of my petition, I sued the Township Council to the Division Court, what think you, sir, was the defence—the statutes of limitation! Surely no honest man could be found to take such advantage of a creditor, and what must you think of the corporation in our boasted county of Carleton who could be found capable of doing so. It was stated that the Judge decided against my claim. Now, sir, the decision of the Judge was, that in his opinion the township was not liable, as with the officers of the township I had nothing to do; but that if I did not get a good title to all the lands I purchased, I should look to the county for my right, and that as there appears to have been an error in the county or township officials he gave judgment in favor of the defendant without costs, and that I might take a new suit and carry it to a Superior Court. In conclusion, Mr. Editor, I ask you, and through you the public, have the council of the county of Carleton or the Township Council of Torbolton acted honestly in the matter. I purchased at public sale the lands sold by order of the county officials, for which I paid my money; and when they found they had made a mistake in selling lands they had no right to sell, was it not their duty to refund me my money with interest, supposing there was no law but that of honesty, to do unto another as you would they should do unto you.

ROBERT HARVEY.

Ottawa, March 6th, 1867.

TELEGRAPHIC

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, March 6, 1867.

It is reported that orders have been received from headquarters to have two thousand volunteers ready to be called to the frontier at a moment's notice. It is also stated that officers are already at Fort Erie, Windsor, Port Dalhousie and several other points along the frontier preparing barrack accommodation for troops, and are quietly preparing to meet the Fenians should they make another attempt at invasion.

Fred. Cumberland, Managing Director of the Northern Railway, is expected to return from England this week.

The annual meeting of the Canadian Yacht Club took place last evening, at which officers were elected.

The Police Magistrate delivered his decision to-day in the Hunter assault case. He stated that the evidence clearly showed that the assault had been committed on Dr. Hunter, and he had no other course than to commit Mosier for trial. In the meantime he would accept his own bail to appear at the next assizes.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 6, 1867.

Yesterday being the last day for marriages till after Lent, fifty took place in the Parish Church, and in St. Patrick's Church about half that number.

A skating carnival came off last night at the Victoria Rink. It was the gayest and most splendid of the season. The skaters were all in fancy dress and costumes gorgeous and varied. About six hundred ladies and gentlemen were present, and two regimental bands.

The strike of the carpenters has been put an end to in this city, by the masters raising their wages.

Several informations have been laid by the police against barbers for keeping shops open on Sunday. Their trials will come off to-morrow.

The number of burials during the past week in the Protestant Cemetery was six, and in the Catholic Cemetery sixty-four.

A warrant was issued against Edson, the Boston operator, by Dr. Switzenger, upon whom he committed a brutal assault in a public street.

Mr. Devlin appeared for Edson, and had a subpœna for the doctor. The case comes on to-morrow, and spicy developments are expected.

A telescope is being constructed in Paris for the Laval College, Quebec, the finest and largest in Canada, and perhaps one of the most complete and powerful in America. Its cost will be about $1,200.

Mr. Speaker Wilbridge does not intend to fill up the vacancy created by the death of Mr. Spink, clerk of routine and records, as Confederation is soon to be consummated.

It is positively asserted that John A. Macdonald will come out for Ottawa in the Local Legislature.

Government surveyors are at work on Murray Bay Canal, preparatory to commencing that important provincial work in the Spring.

It is intended to have a grand field day for the curlers next Monday, on the Victoria Rink.

Two women named Brennan and a man named O'Connor, were to-day committed for trial for larceny. A purse with two $100 notes, stolen yesterday, led to their detection, but other pocket-books, having in them gold and silver, were found in the den where the prisoners lived.

The weather is beautiful; thermometer 15 above zero.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Terrific Storm in Tennessee.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., March 6.—We have had a four days storm, and the bridges are down in all directions. The bridge of the Nashville and Chattanooga railroad, at Whiteside Station, 110 feet high, has been carried off. Communication, North and East, is entirely cut off; and the bridge over the Tennessee river, at this place, has been carried off. It is nine hundred yards long. The country is flooded.

Death of Bishop Soule.

BALTIMORE, March 6.—A despatch has been received here to-day announcing the death, at Nashville, of Bishop Joshua Soule, of the Methodist Church, at the age of 84 years.

The Bank Swindle at Newton, Mass.

BOSTON, March 6.—It is said that the First National Bank of Newton has not paid checks by its cashier, and may wind up without great loss.

Mexican News.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 6.—The city of Acapulco was abandoned by the Imperialists Feb 19th. The greatest order and confidence prevailed among the people. Toluca, the capital of the State of Mexico, having been occupied by the Liberals, General Zavora, Imperialist, was sent to recapture the place. About seven leagues from the city of Mexico, he was met by forces under Gen. Francisco Vélez, who completely defeated the Imperialists.

A Republican Caucus.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—A Republican caucus to-night voted to refer the impeachment question to the Judiciary Committee when appointed, and to take a recess next Monday till 1st of May.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

ST. PAUL, MINN., March 5.—The boiler in H. Rocking's city mills exploded on Saturday, killing two men.

From Mexico.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The *Herald's* Mexican correspondent says: The American Consul at Vera Cruz had protested against quartering French troops upon resident Americans, but his protest was apparently ignored. One American citizen was arrested for refusing to supply quarters when called upon. The protest finally had some effect, and the quartering was discontinued.

From Chili.

The *Herald's* Chilian correspondence says: The English and French ministers have advised their countrymen to refuse payment of the contributions that have been ordered to be forced by the Chilian Government. There appears to be a lack of hearty sympathy between Peru and Chili. Chili had authorized the issue of two million dollars in treasury notes, and it was probable it would be augmented to five millions.

An Extra Session of Congress.

The *Times* special says: Gen. Butler's plan concerning impeachment is to appoint a select committee to sit during the recess, and at the same time pass a bill authorizing the Speaker to convoke Congress in extra session at the call of the committee.

Extensive Seizure of Smuggled Goods.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The *Herald's* special says: Thirty thousand dollars' worth of smuggled goods have been seized at Belfast, Me. They were consigned to merchants of high standing in the city.

Another Gambling-House Broken Up.

NEW YORK, March 6.—For the first time, one of the most fashionable gambling-houses on Broadway was entered last night by the police, and a large number of gamblers arrested. It was kept by John Hart.

Burning of the S.S. "Andalusia."

CHARLESTON, March 6.—The steamship *Manhattan* arrived this morning, bringing Captain West and part of the crew and passengers of the steamship *Andalusia* from New York for Charleston, which was burned at sea, off Hatteras, on Sunday evening. In the confusion Edward North, purser, of Charleston, James McMullin, third assistant engineer, Frank Doherty, Jacob Lack, a New York pilot, Michael Draphen, Roderick Hather, and four gentlemen passengers, names not ascertained, became missing, and are supposed to be lost. The *Andalusia* and cargo are a total loss.

Suicide of a Merchant.

BOSTON, March 6.—J. Clement, recently head of the dry-goods firm of Clement, Tusker & Co., Federal-street, committed suicide by taking a dose of laudanum. He had previously exhibited signs of insanity.

POLITICAL MEETING IN RUSSELL.

On Tuesday evening last a well attended meeting was held at Daze's Hotel, Osgoode Road, Gloucester, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent the County of Russell in the Parliament of Ontario.

Ex-Councillor Sieveright, having taken the chair and explained the object of the meeting, called on Mr. Dunning, the candidate for parliamentary honors, who on rising explained the course he intended to pursue, should he be elected as their representative. After a long and very able address, which was listened to with the greatest attention, he sat down amid great cheering and applause.

It is evident that Mr. Dunning is a great favorit among the electors, judging from the frequent bursts of applause with which many of his remarks were greeted.

The meeting was then addressed by Messrs. Wilson, Ross, and other gentlemen present in favor of Mr. Dunning.

It was then moved by Mr. Hine, seconded by Mr. Wood, that this meeting having every confidence in the ability and integrity of Mr. Dunning, do nominate him as a fit and proper person to represent the County of Russell in the Parliament of Ontario, which was carried unanimously.

Mr. Wood having taken the chair, a vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Sieveright for the able manner in which he had presided over the meeting.—(*Com.*)

LOCAL NEWS.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, March 6, 1867.

Highest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 6 above zero.

9 a. m., 10 above zero.
Noon, shade, 25 above zero.
Noon, sun, 56 above zero.
6 p. m., 20 above zero.

RUNAWAY.—Yesterday forenoon two horses with a sleigh attached ran along Rideau-street at a most violent pace, to the imminent danger of all that came in their way. Not coming with the street, they turned off on to the sidewalk and kept possession of it for a good distance. When it suited their whim, they stopped as if by mutual consent, and allowed themselves to be led back to the starting place far less fit for a long journey than if they had not taken that useless race. So far as we have heard no damage was done.

THE NUISANCES OF THE SIDEWALK.—We are informed that orders have been given to the policemen to arrest all persons having hand and dog sleighs or other vehicles on the side-walks. Parents should caution their boys against such practices. It is an infringement upon the rights of pedestrians, and if persisted in the offenders will find, when too late, that it is against the law. It is proper enough for boys to amuse themselves with their playthings, but suitable places must be found where the convenience of the public is not interfered with, nor their limbs endangered.

THE MARCH FAIR.—Yesterday being the first Wednesday in March, the quarterly fair was held in the market, without in the least interfering with its ordinary business; the latter, indeed, was much greater than the fair. The result, in fact, proved that farmers are quite satisfied to keep all their live stock, for there were no more than three or four cows, three calves and two horses at ten o'clock, and at three not one of either. For the cows, $30 to $40 was demanded. The owners of the horses asked, one $60 and the other $120. Whether either was sold, our reporter had not the curiosity to enquire. The thing was too insignificant.

BEWARE OF HALL THIEVES.—Within the last week or two several persons have complained of having coats and other articles stolen from their halls. On the evening of the 28th of February, Mr. Wm. Porter, who resides on Queen-street, missed one overcoat and one shooting jacket. On the evening of the third of the present month, Mr. G. F. Austin lost two overcoats, one black fur cap, and one pair of gloves. All these articles were stolen from the halls of the above gentlemen. On Tuesday the police received information that certain articles of clothing had been found deposited on the previous evening between the outer and inner doors of the Bank of Montreal. The bell had been rung in the evening, and on going to answer the door, a heap of clothing had been found deposited there. The articles were handed over to Sergeant Davis, and found to be those described as lost by Messrs. Porter and Austin, with the exception of one coat, which the thief had probably found to be the only one that fitted him. It is seldom that we are robbed by such considerate thieves. A more certain means of restoring the superfluous articles to their rightful owners, consistent with the thief's safety, could hardly have been devised than depositing them in the bank. It is to be hoped that having a decent coat the thief may henceforth pursue the decent and honest course towards which he seems inclined. If found doing so, and that the coat were the means, what would the loser like to do in the matter?

THE MADOC GOLD REGION.

The Belleville *Intelligencer* says the gold excitement in the northern part of the county of Hastings still continues, and the brightest hopes are indulged in as to the wealth that will be discovered as soon as spring shall open. Large crowds are constantly passing to and from the village and neighboring mines, and the greatest bustle and activity prevails. A town site has been laid out and lots are being sold at enormous prices. A large number of buildings are being put up for the accommodation of miners, and no less than six hotels have been erected since the gold excitement commenced. A correspondent of the *Intelligencer* writes from Madoc on the 27th ult:—"I have just received a reliable information that gold has been found on lot No. 30 in the 5th con., owned by Mr. McCance, and not in small quantities either, in the dust and in black quartz. The party saw it in the quartz as it was still fast in the mine. This, as a matter of course, makes some excitement."

—Decayed cabbage is said to be the source of a delicious perfume, sold at the rate of $1.50 per bottle.

—Bulls constituting the Rev. M. J. Langevin Principal of the Normal School, Bishop of Rimouski, have reached Quebec.

—Safe is he who serves a good conscience. Merick Woods, Londonderry, Vermont, writes: "Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum have restored my hair to its original color and beauty. One year ago my hair was very thin and quite gray. I have now as fine a head of hair as I ever had." Sold by all druggists.

POOR HORSES.—There are thousands of poor horses dragging out a miserable existence, suffering from a variety of diseases, rendering them almost worthless, that would be restored to a healthy and sound condition, and a value given to them of which their owners never dreamed, would they but use the means within their reach. From one to three packages of Dailey's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine will in all cases produce a satisfactory result; hundreds have testified to this fact. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hard & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

INTERNATIONAL POSTAGE.

(From the New York World.)

The price paid for the carriage of letters across the Atlantic, at the rate of one penny for each half ounce, would be for each ton £292 13s. 4d., or nearly £300. It is evident that this price would be amply remunerative to the owners of the vessels, for letters occupy much less space than the same weight of human beings require for the various purposes of sleep, motion and ventilation; and, reckoning the average weight of the different individuals of the human cargo at a hundred and fifty pounds each—considerably more than the actual average of the men, women, and children—and taking the fare at £5 sterling each, (it often is advertised at $30 in currency), the price for steerage passengers is £75 per ton, or one quarter of the proposed rate for a new and reformed system of letter carrying. But the steerage passenger requires and receives, in food, water, &c., for an ordinary passage of fourteen days, all of which are practically a portion of the freight included in the £5, carriage for an additional hundred and fifty pounds, at least. Besides this, he is allowed to take with him to a cubic foot—a quarter of a ton—of baggage, and receives, also, medical attendance if ill, the services of stewards, and is supplied with as much good, plain, wholesome food, warm and already cooked, as he can consume. The cost of all these must be deducted from the £75. The freight on the food, water and baggage, would reduce the £75 to at least £30, and the cost of the provisions and the other services rendered bring down the freight for the fifteen human beings to £20 at least, being fifteen times less than the amount proposed to be paid for cheap ocean postage. As yet, at the existing rate of a shilling for each half ounce, the amount paid per ton is £3,584.

The proposed rate for letters is thus seen to be at least fifteen times greater than that actually realized for the same weight of steerage passengers, requiring, with their various necessary accommodations, a much greater space than the same weight of letters, which do not require the elaborate conveniences provided for passengers in the first cabin. The rate of a penny, or three-currency cents, for each ordinary letter, would thus leave a large sum to provide extra care of the mail and whatever assorting of letters might be required, although the latter would be defrayed by the inland postage in each country with less time and attention than the usual delivery of letters, even at the offices in town or country.

Taking the common rate of £2 a ton for freight, and the actual rate now paid for letters, £3,584 a ton, we find the public actually pay one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two times as much as the price for which the work might be actually performed, the assortment of letters forming a portion of the inland delivery system in both countries, as with letters actually posted in them.

When we speak of ocean postage, the real subject, with slight variations of circumstances and detail, is international postage. No one would think of perpetuating a high postage to Mexico, or one of ten cents in specie from Canada to the United States, if only a penny were paid for a similar letter to Europe. The other changes would follow as natural and necessary corollaries to the practical proof of the larger proposition.

There are few subjects on which the writer for the press feels more closely, under the guise of practical details, figures, and computations of dollars and cents, the great hopes for the grandeur of human progress and the future welfare of our race. Desires and expectations of "the good time coming" have no better temporal foundation than the universal diffusion of mutual knowledge and the knowledge of mutual interests among mankind, in such a way that the sentiments of the heart may be united with the opinions of the mind; and no other means of thus promoting the free concourse of individual thought so efficacious as cheap international postage, remains to be added to the victories of modern civilization. The reality is the same whether the vision looms up in the mental horizon under the form of an universal republican fraternity, or dwells in our minds expressed in the hopes of Tennyson for the "Parliament of man, the federation of the world," or the more simple words of Burns:

"It's coming yet for a' that,
Their tails obscure and a' that—
That men to men, the world o'er,
Shall brothers be and a' that."

THE DELERY GOLD MINING COMPANY.

It should be a cause for profound satisfaction to the citizens of Lower Canada, and especially to those of Quebec, that our mineral resources are at length to be tested in a manner worthy of their importance. After all the flourishes of the various companies organised for the ostensible purpose of working our gold mines, one—the DeLery Gold Mining Company—has at least given evidence of sincerity and practical wisdom. An exception so marked, deserves an equally marked attention from our people and the local press. When a journal like the New York *Tribune* can afford to make it the subject of a column of complimentary editorial comment like that re-published in the *Chronicle* last week, the press of Quebec will be careless of the public interest, if they neglect to notice efforts so important to the whole community. Many of our readers are aware that this company, organised under Canadian laws for the development of Canadian mines, is really of an international character, drawing its capital from New York, Montreal and Quebec, and mingling in its directory some of the soundest business men of the three cities. The field of operations in the Seignlory of *Rigaud Vaudreuil*—so long famous as the original gold-field of Canada; and the careful prospecting of the company since its organisation, reveals an abundance and richness of alluvial and quartz deposits, that has never been exceeded in any equally extensive portion of California and Australia. The consequence is that, while other parties have been talking, this company has felt itself justified in acting, and has proceeded in the erection of a quartz crushing mill, equal in the quantity of its work to any in America, which is now within a few days of completion, and which will commence regular work about the first of May. Quartz rock is now being raised on several ledges for the supply of this mill; and the echoes of the Chaudiere valley will be startled during the coming summer by the unwonted sound of the stamp mill, and its precincts invaded by a new element of population drawn from all parts of the world by the fascinating pursuits of the miner.

In the more expensive preparations for quartz-mining, the company, however, is not forgetful of the value of the alluvial deposits. These have heretofore been worked casually and without their authority, by adventurers who of course have had neither the means nor the warrant for the application of capital and science. These trespasses, it is the purpose of the company at once to terminate; their good nature and pacific disposition costing them rather dearly in the loss of the tens of thousands of dollars which have been taken from the Gilbert region without authority during the last few months. An arrangement has been made for the extensive use of a new English invention of great efficiency for gold washing; and parties experienced in California *placers* and having abundant capital, have contracted for working large tracts on joint account as soon as the season will permit.

Thus the spring seems destined to see a complete change in the business on the Seignlory, and one in which every citizen has the deepest interest.

The presence here of the General Manager, J. M. Winchell, Esq., for the purpose of giving the whole business the closest personal attention, is an earnest of the determination of the company to lose no time in securing practical results.—*Quebec Mercury.*

The Alexandria Elections.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The *Post's* special says the Alexandria elections create much talk in Congress. It is now believed that the President will insist on equal suffrage as soon as he takes full military possession of the States lately in rebellion, under the reconstruction law.

NAPLES AND VENICE.—Fears are entertained of disturbances at Naples, where the misery is great, and where for the last six months prices have augmented to a considerable degree. Something is also dreaded at Venice, where forty thousand persons are receiving public relief, and where certain details have caused great discontent, for example, the forced currency of bank notes, against which the protest is such that the chamber of commerce itself, after having applied to the ministry, announced a solemn petition to the parliament on the subject.

THE JAFFA COLONY.

The Sunny Side of the Question.

The Bangor (Me.,) *Times* publishes extracts from private letters from some of the Jaffa colonists, giving what it calls "the other side of the picture." These letters do not present the colony in such a dismal and poverty-stricken garb as previous reports had made it appear. One letter states that some of the colonists were clamorous to get back to America, "because they could not get pork and beans, pound cake and such like. There is enough here to eat, but the articles are not of so fine quality as in America. Seed wheat is $1.20 per bushel; flour (good) is from $7 to $10; rice 5 cents per pound; eggs 8 cents per dozen; and other things in proportion. I am well pleased with the country." Another letter states that ten or eleven houses had been built, and others were in process of erection. Over 150 bushels of grain had been planted, some of which was looking first rate. The weather there was as pleasant as Summer in Maine. The writer is in ecstacies and thinks "it a glorious thing to live in a country where once dwelt the prophets, patriarchs, and the Messiah himself. We have had a hard time in relation to some things, but it is as well as I expected. We are favored by every one. They offer us land and grain and everything that they have, and tell us we may pay them when we get ready. The Arabs are our warmest friends. I have faith to believe that more will come out here next year who can make up their minds to bear trials and hard work for the first year or two. In a few years there will be more business carried on in Palestine than in any other country in Asia, for the French are coming in another year to build a harbor here and a railroad to Jerusalem. The natives already begin to see that we are friendly to them. They are glad to have us come to their gardens, and nothing they have is too good for us. The orange and lemon trees are breaking down under the weight of fruit. If anybody wants to live in such a sin-cursed country as the United States, let them, but I prefer living in this land. You must not think we are all discontented; it is only a few bobbies."

A third letter, of a more recent date, is equally jubilant in tone. The writer says: "What a country to live in, where there is a plenty of fruit and flowers all through the winter! There has been about 300 bushels of grain sowed already, and Rev. Adams has about 1,200 bushels on hand now, and they can raise all they wish to. If what the natives say is true, we can raise more wheat here in one year than they can in Maine in five. The people of every name and creed are glad to meet us and help us, except the sectarians, and they are trying to injure us, but we shall come off conqueror!"

The Turkish Government, contrary to previous reports, has granted the colonists many privileges, among others the right to pre-empt unoccupied lands on the same terms as the natives, and permitting them to land their goods free of duty. Their land is very rich and they can have just as much as they want. The soil is dark. There was some sickness among them at first, and a few children died. This discouraged some of them a little, but the majority are now contented with their lot, and they are expecting an increase of numbers by fresh arrivals. Their meetings are attended by many strangers and foreign consuls. The mass of the people are friendly. An old Turk, next door neighbor of the writer of these letters, voluntarily offered him wheat and barley at the lowest price, with the privilege to pay when convenient. Another, worth a million dollars, said they could have all the money they wanted. Their lot is not all fenced in, and any one can come in that chooses—lumber, laths, &c., laying about unguarded, yet none is stolen. Fruit gardens are all about them loaded with oranges and all kinds of fruit. Altogether they think they have again got the land "flowing with milk and honey," "the glory of all lands," and they mean to stay there and prosper."

A HOG IN HOOPS.

The Vergennes *Vermonter* tells the following ludicrous story:

A few days since a lady residing in the eastern part of the State, having just returned from an evening's entertainment, hearing a noise on the back stoop—a long and very narrow one—she stepped out to ascertain the cause. At the further end she discovered the intruder in the shape of a good sized hog. She at once assumed a belligerent attitude and commenced screaming "Whoe! whoe!" The hog took the alarm and made for the door, and, discovering the largest space to be between the lady's two feet, pitched for that, and she instantly assumed a horizontal position and movement for the door. But to prevent a premature elopement she caught hold of a post and her hoops caught the hog. His swineship found himself at once incarcerated in hoops. Then came the struggle—a woman's determination against a hog's will—a contest not unequal, but as persistent as it was ludicrous. The noise brought the lady's good mother to the scene, but what could she do! although the squealing of the pig and the positive assertion that she "should be killed" was hard for a fond mother to hear without lending assistance. A compromise was unavoidable, and, to effect this, the hoops were unfastened, and away went his pigship, arrayed in his new attire, lacking only one thing to make him respectably dressed, viz.—a waterfall.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Gold 136¼. The *Post's* financial article says the loan market is easy but moderately active. The stock market is unsettled. Governments were lower, but recovered at the close; 7-30's being the strongest on the list; railroad shares better; foreign exchange dull.

—A man in Connecticut obtained a winter's supply of excellent potatoes in the following singular manner: He gave out word that he was desirous of obtaining a specimen of the best sort of potatoes, and would pay three dollars for a peck of such, himself to be the judge. Potatoes poured into his cellar from all the country round, and when the avalanche had subsided, the man handed over his three dollars for the best peck, and the next spring sold potatoes enough to cover the original outlay, besides having had a first rate quality for house use all the winter.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will ensure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds, if not attended to, sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

COMMERCIAL

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, March 6, 1867.

The markets during this week have been much better supplied than of late. Mostly, however, the prices remain at our last quotations.

FLOUR—Extra	8 50	@	9 00
No. 1	7 50	@	7 75
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 25	@	4 50
" Spring "	3 62	@	3 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 60	@	1 75
Spring " "	1 50	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 28	@	0 30
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@	1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	19 00	@	20 00
Prime Mess per do	15 00	@	16 00
Hog per 100 lbs	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 16
Beef	5 25	@	6 25
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	@	0 08
Lamb—per qr	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 00	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 90	@	1 25
Fowl—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 16	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 20	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	0 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 00	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do	2 50	@	2 75

—Never be ashamed of confessing your ignorance, for the wisest man upon earth is ignorant of many things, insomuch that what he knows is a mere nothing in comparison to what he does not know. But we apprehend very few are ignorant of the wonderful effects of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer;" it is a most sure and rapid cure for colds, rheumatism, pleurisy, cholic, cholera morbus, and all summer complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per bottle.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I

AUCTION SALES.

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 34, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in FREDERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, in purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware; White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware of all descriptions. I have this day received one bbl. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $1 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; also a large assortment of new and second hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 2. 374y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling of their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 359y

LIFE ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that

THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS

are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's

PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME,

with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.

The Policy-holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE

OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY,

without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Annual Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.

CANADA.—*MONTREAL*,—PLACE D'ARMES.

Directors.

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E. Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen., C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Com. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (P. Redpath & Son.)

Solicitors—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 29th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Taché, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.

Medical Officer—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer.....Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior.....Vacant
Almonte.....Mr. James Richmond
Buckingham.....Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville.....Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke.....Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-3A

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, my buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 321y

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned, at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE HOURS from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO.

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

☞ See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE. ☜

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, Similes, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

Wanted Immediately, A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
Sparks street.

Ottawa, March 6. 375tf

GOOD NEWS.

COAL OIL!

DOWN AGAIN TO

40 Cents

FOR GOOD CANADA ROCK OIL.

NON-EXPLOSIVE.

OR 50 CENTS DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE CITY.

SEND YOUR CANS TO THE

Market Drug Store,

York Street.

WM. HEARN.

Ottawa, January 24, 1867. 340tf

List of Letters

REMAINING IN THE OTTAWA POST OFFICE, 1st of March, 1867:

Ackers Jos
Akin Miss Ann
Alderson Miss Ann
Biagi Antonia
Bissell Miss Mary
Boyle Mrs Jos
Brennan Miss Cath
Bresette Mrs Cath
Brown George
Brown Alex
Burns Mrs
Burns W H
Campbell Alex
Casey Miss Mary
Campbell & Mowatt
Clark Kate
Clark Euphemia
Cleary Sarah Jane
Codd Richard
Colton Michael
Connor Miss Ellen
Copley Eugene
Cosgrove Alice
Coulson G A
Cowan James
Cox Miss Ellen
Crooks James
Curran Michael
Cusack Susan Mary
Davis Mrs*
Davis T J
Dawson Wm.
Degan Michael
Delby E
Donnelly Ellen
Duncan Miss Ann
Egan Miss Annie
Eldridge Mrs Martha
Fraser Miss Sarah
Fraser Miss Anna M
Fullerton Isaac
Gervin Wm
Gillissie A
Gleason Vina, Nepean
Gordon Cath
Gordon J M
Green Mrs
Griffin F M
Hall Miss Selena
Hall Mrs Wm, Gloucester
Hannan & McCormick
Harty Mrs Mary
Heathson David
Henderson Martha
Hogan Wm
Houghton H B
Howlet Mrs Ann
Hudson Sam
Hughman Jos
Hustin S, Gloucester
Hutchinson Alice
James Mrs Eliza
Jamieson Jas S
Kelly P
Kennedy Wm, Nepean
Kierskowski A
King Arthur
Kirkbridge James
Lafontaine L N
Latchford Mary A
Lee Wm, Gloucester
Leonard Winifred
Lillico R, Gloucester
Lindsay M D
Logan Wm
Louth Wm jun
Marety Wm
Marra Jos
Martin Miss Cath
Meagher Mary
Merrill Mrs S
Miller Robert
Morgan Mrs Wm
Morrison J S
Murphy T C
Murry W
Nicholls Robert
Nolan Peter
Nugent Miss E
O'Keefe Wm
Patterson John
Peiler E
Petrie Mary
Potter Mrs Robt
Quail John
Rived Mrs
Riley Patrick
Robinson W G
Roche Wm
Ross Andrew
Ross & Co
Ryan H
Ryan P C
Sebastian Clara
Shannon Larry
Sharp Peter
Shaw James
Sheppard Mrs
Smith Alfred
Smith A W
Smith Dan
Smith Mrs Ellen
Smith Mary
Spinnet, H P
Stewart Miss M
Stiles Mary Ann
Summer Wm & John
Taylor W G
Thompson J E
Tiernay John
Tiernay Miss Mary
Walker Peter
Walsh Geo, Gloucester
Walsh Pat
Wamsley Wm
Welsh Margaret
Wiggins Margaret
Wood Dr G B
Wright Henry
Wright Wm
Wright Mrs Mary
Wright Miss Ellen
McCaruan Margaret
McDougal Peter
McDonald W A
McElroy Mary Ann
McGee Terence
McGuire T
McKenny Susan
McLean Neil
McLeod D, Nepean
McMillan Jos

371-3 G. P. BAKER.

NEW SPRING TWEEDS!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CANADIAN TWEEDS!

Comprising the Choicest Goods, and Newest Styles, produced by the principal manufacturers in Canada.

All purchased on the most favorable terms, and offered at a moderate advance, at either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Sparks-street, - - OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 6. 375y

1867. New Spring Goods. 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14, Rideau-street.

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF

New Spring Dress Goods,

New Spring Skirtings,

New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867. 374y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

THIS BEING THE SEASON FOR Merry-Making, Balls, Parties, &c., &c., to meet the demand for DRESS SUITS, I have on hand a choice assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS!

And of everything necessary to get up orders in a style that defies competition.

Also a choice selection of

Beavers,
Coatings,
Trouserings.
&c., &c.

Ten per cent. off for Cash transactions.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Elgin Street,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1867. 331y

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wy

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 2603m

FOR SALE.

150 Barrels Mess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples,
20 do. Choice Cheese.

On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.

DUVERNAY BRO

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.

China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.

All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TO LET,

A TWO STORY STONE HOUSE

CONTAINING TWELVE ROOMS, with Kitchen and Cellar complete, situated on Main street, Aylmer.

Apply to

MRS. RADMER,
Aylmer, C. E.

February 19, 1867. 362tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,

Clarence Street,

Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN.

Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 3o3-w8-3m

Farm and City Lots FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:

W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences, and other improvements.

Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa, with a house containing four tenements.

Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.

Apply at the Law Office of

LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, February 26. J. ROOS. 368y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,

56, Sparks Stree

Ottawa, November 27, 292t

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:

London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. rec'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,454 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323tf

PHŒNIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to

R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

TO RENT, FROM 1st OF May next, a large STONE HOUSE, furnished, situated in one of the pleasantest localities in Ottawa. Terms reasonable.

Apply at this office.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365a

To Let,

FROM 1st MAY NEXT, a large comfortable Stone Dwelling, situated on the Bank of the Ottawa, near the landing of the steamer *Victoria*, and now occupied by T. R. Stanton, with good stable, coach-house, &c., attached.

ALSO, FROM 1st MAY,

A dwelling on Rideau-street, with good outbuildings.

—ALSO,—

Three comfortable cottages, of which immediate possession may be had.

Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,
SOLICITOR,
Sussex-street.

Ottawa, February 21, 1867. 364-10

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to

MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.

Apply to

JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.

Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

TO LET A DWELLING House, containing Ten Rooms in the Desbarats' Block, Sparks Street, next to Mrs. Trotter's Restaurant. Possession immediate. Apply to

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Queen's Printer's Office.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

TO LET, A HOUSE CONtaining nine rooms, on Ottawa Street, south of Mathew's Hotel.

Apply on the premises, to

THOS. G. BURNS.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf.

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10, 1866. 46-utf

WANTS.

Wanted to Hire,

A GOOD HOUSE, CONtaining from nine to twelve rooms.

Address A. J, B x 25, Post-office.

Ottawa, March 5. 374-3

WANTED,

AN Experienced Salesman.

Apply to

GRANT & HENDERSON.

373-4

FOR SALE.

2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 6s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily.

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 322y

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot

For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS.

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY,

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365td

NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED, The Volunteer's Active Service Manual; by Major Dixon.

The King's Own Borderers; by Grant. Woman against Woman; by Miss Maryatt. Too Good for Him; by Miss Maryatt. The Village on the Cliff; by Miss Thackeray. The Claverings; by Anthony Trollope. Dinks, Mayten, and Hutchinson on the Dog. The Blood of Jesus; by Rev. Wm. Reid. The Apostolic Rite of Confirmation; by T. Bedford Jones, M. A., L. L. D.

The English Magazines FOR FEBRUARY. The American Magazines FOR MARCH.

The Nautical Almanac for 1867.

A most complete stock of Pew, Pocket, and Family Bibles, Prayer Books, Services, and Hymn Books.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 22. 314y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers.
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers.
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canadian Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED ! acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 4, 1866 85-tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments,	Patent Medicines
Shop Fittings,	Drysalteries,
Perfumery,	Dye Goods,
Drugs,	Colors,
Paints,	Lozenges,
Glassware,	Chemicals,
Medicine Chests,	Oilmen's Stores,
Storekeepers	Veterinary
Sundries,	Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

PROVINCE OF
CANADA,

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866,

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d333-w7tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Until Monday, the 24th Instant,

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A

Wooden Bridge with Swing

To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.

Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to

JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving tenders for the abov Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.
309-td

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

ALSO

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,
Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

FREEHOLD CITY PROPERTY FOR Sale very cheap and on reasonable terms. LOT NO. 25, North side of York Street, Ottawa upon which is erected a large house 66 x 33 feet, containing four tenements, bringing a yearly rent of £84.

For particulars, apply to

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor, &c.
Ottawa, December 19. 311-3m

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with ful board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY OF FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa,
Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26, 33-ut

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, because where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realised with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(e) The place wherein it is then stored.
(f) The place to which it is to be removed.
(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(i) The time at which it is to be removed.
(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner,
(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper specially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) of (2) (3)
of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4)
at (5) to (6) , there to be delivered by the (7) into the possession of (8) of (9)
The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be during removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 } [S4. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2]
to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6]
and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]
The duty having been [9]
This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, Casks, or Puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 . Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the trength proo for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion; and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servantt
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each instrument or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents.*

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents.*

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents.*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents.*

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

208-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,

WM. K. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1 1866. 75tt

DEPARTMENT ORDER,

NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers,

&C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.		LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
		Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco		10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall		10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia		34	5	5 p oz.
Brazil	Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador		34	5	5 p oz
Central America	Costa Rica, Guatemala	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso		34	5	5 p oz
Cuba	Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Pu rtoPrincipe	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras		34	5	....
Mexico		10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana		34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama		18	5	....
Nicaragua	Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua	Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama		10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima		22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet		10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana		34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela	Laguayra, P. Cabello	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,		10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.		34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month		22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINTS having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON.

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

— EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.

Post-Office Inspector's Office,
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. } 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise

208tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46", N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs

154tf

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other noxious and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORATION of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and, there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT.
City Clerk.
Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 362

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK. THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK.

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers;

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

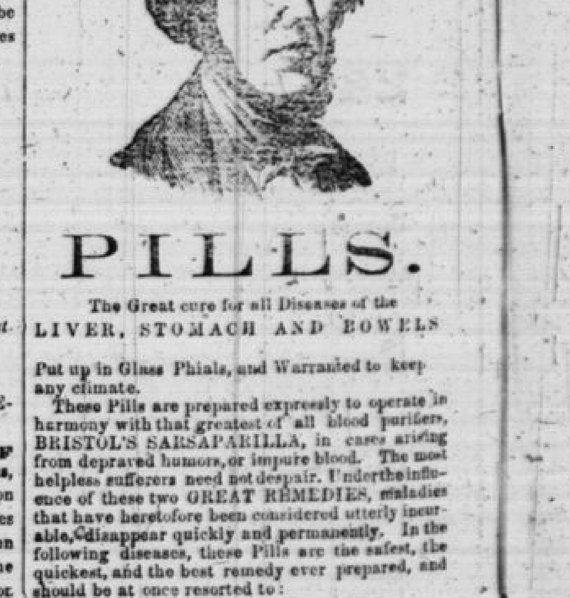
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 4sutf

At a Council held in the City of Quebec, on Monday, 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency was pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared that the item, "Iron Wire," "round or flat," mentioned in the Schedule E of the Act 29th, 30th Vic. Cap. 6, was intended to include, and is hereby declared to extend to and include flat wire for crinolines uncovered.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. C. E. C.

245tf

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1866:

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed in the 29th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled: "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that so much of the Order in Council of the 20th day of February last, as prohibits the importation or introduction of Horses into this Province, or into any part of it, by sea, be and the same is hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

280tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 377. | OTTAWA C. W., FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the largest circulation of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. N. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 28, 1867. 356y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 356-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. Haycock. R. H. Haycock.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
S. COLMAN. W. McKAY WRIGHT, B.A., B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lake Corner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 349y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the same lately occupied as the Customs House.
Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1866. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
Office: Armand Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Hamilton's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. Office: Aylmer House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Offices: In the Court House, OTTAWA, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
W. A. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c., (RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 37y

DR. WOLFE,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 150a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., A. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, recording Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Musgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Gilmour's. Entrance on Musgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 3. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 1866

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CAVEATS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 76-y

SIDNEY R. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. C. & T. W. KER,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 99y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1866. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books kept to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

R. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highlanders and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR INVENTORS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and Working Models of approvable materials prepared; Designs for monuments turned and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
Office: At the Rooms in Auditor Lever Block, Elgin street, opposite the Post office.
Ottawa, December 1. 298-m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada. Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys in every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the Banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Dressing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN.
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleeks' patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 210tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY-SURGEON, begs again to inform the public that he has resumed his business at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319y

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
PUPIL OF VERNER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 135tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
Office Hours—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 45-tf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET AND NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE called
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to, what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN.
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c.
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES is now on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Best, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1866. 47-tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 1-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 28-y

DUGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN.
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Paisley Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., fait

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodation of guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, Proprietor.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. 3y6.170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 280tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.30 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been rearranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Laclede at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ..... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 5.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ..... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

NOTICE.
Finance Department, Customs, Ottawa, 6th November, 1866.
WHEREAS the power given to Collectors of Customs by the Customs Act, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, Chapter 17, of retaining the invoices produced on the passing of Entries, has not been generally exercised, and that it has been found advisable to make a moonlight upon Collectors to retain the official custody, and place on file all such invoices—
Notice is hereby given that upon and after the FIRST day of JANUARY next, all invoices of goods, presented for entry at any of the Custom Houses in the Province, will be retained and put on file by the Collector of the Port, in conformity with the 15th section of the 29 and 30 Victoria, Cap. 6, and that certified copies thereof will be given by the Collector or proper officer, when required under the conditions therein mentioned.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
298tf Commissioner of Customs.

Finance Department, Customs, Ottawa, 3rd October, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Gulf of Mexico—United States.
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
THE following important Notice to Navigators has been issued from the Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, in reference to a fixed Light on Cape St. George, Gulf of Mexico, United States, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
The substance of this Notice, as soon as it is received on board, is to be inserted in red ink on the Charts affected by it; and introduced into the margin or otherwise in the page, of the Sailing Directions to which it relates. See instructions, Navigation and Pilotage, p. 172.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
[No. 51.]
Gulf of Mexico—United States
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
Information has been received at the Admiralty, that the Light on Cape St. George, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 1st day of August, 1864.
This light is a fixed white light, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 15 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT ON CAPE SAN BLAS.
Also, that the light on Cape San Blas, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 22nd day of July, 1866.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 16 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT AT JUPITER INLET.
Also, that the light at Jupiter Inlet, East Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 28th day of June, 1866.
The light is a fixed white light, varied by a flash every minute and a half.

NORTH ATLANTIC.
FOG SIGNAL AT WEST QUODDY HEAD, STATE OF MAINE.
Also, that on and after the 15th day of August, the fog signal at West Quoddy Head, Coast of Maine, would be made by means of a Daboll trumpet, operated by a Roper hot air engine, giving blasts of 5 seconds duration, with intervals of 20 seconds between the blasts.
The trumpet is placed in a small white building, a short distance south of the lighthouse, at an elevation of 75 feet above the mean level of the sea.
By command of their Lordships,
GEO. HENRY RICHARDS,
Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, 30th August, 1866.
This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: St. George's sound, No. 2,808; West Indies, &c., No. 392 d; Lights in West Indies, No. 399; Bay of Fundy, No. 332; Halifax to Delaware, No. 2,676. 216tf

JUST ARRIVED!
AND
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at O. HOWE & SON,
89 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 237-4Tuth

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES.

ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa
H. MEADOWS & CO.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
OUR STOCK OF THE ABOVE IS NOW COMPLETE, COMPRISING A GREAT variety of all the different patterns, with every real improvement which the advancing requirements of Central Canada have shown to be needed. The assortment is the largest and most varied in this market. Special attention has been given to the selection of STOVES, suitable for Farmers and to residents of the city. The
ELEVATED OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Of which we have about twenty different sizes and patterns, including the following celebrated names: Protectionist, Large and Small King of Stoves, Improved Farmer's, (2 sizes), Fortune, Housekeeper, Sunny Side, &c., &c., all of which are splendid bakers. Our
LOW OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Are unrivalled for city use, being very economical for fuel, and likewise good baking Stoves. The following well known Stoves comprise part of the stock: Monitor, (3 sizes). Empire State, (3 sizes), Queen City, Hotel, Charter Oak, St. Lawrence, Forest, Premium, &c., &c., &c.
PARLOR STOVES!
We have all the best and best patterns, open and close fronts, elegant in design, durable for use and cheap in price.
BOX STOVES!
A very large stock of these Stoves just received, including the Black Giant, Rambler, Rover, Lioness, Lion, Fulton, &c., all sizes, suitable for the smallest bedroom or the largest hall, warehouse, or church, (a liberal discount made on all Stoves sold to Churches.)
DOUBLE STOVES!
Different patterns, with single or double Ovens.
DUMB STOVES AND STOVE PIPES!
Of the best Russian and other Iron, also Gallows Pipe, T Pipes, Elbows, Key Pipes, and all kinds of Tin, Sheet, Iron, and Copper Ware on hand and made to order.
Builders' Job Work, Hot Air Furnaces, Eavetroughs, &c.,
Made to order. The best of material used and none but first-class workmen employed.
Camp Kettles, Bake Pans, Shanty Plates, and all kinds of Lumberer's Supplies on Hand.
Iron Bedsteads. Iron Bedsteads.
BIRD CAGES. BIRD CAGES CHEAP.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.—Parties about furnishing houses would do well to call and examine our tock in this department, as there is almost every requisite for the Housekeeper, especially in the culinary branch.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
Best Pennsylvania Kerosene and No. 1 Canada Oils. No inferior article kept.
LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS.
Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Hall Lamps—a great variety on hand.
Bedroom Toilet Sets, Baths, Sponge, Plunge, Sitz and Children's Baths, Chamber Pails, and all kinds of Japanned and plain Tinware.
REMEMBER
WHEN YOU WANT TO EXAMINE ANYTHING IN THE ABOVE LINE, GO DIRECT TO THE
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1866. 62-y

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa.
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY.
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread ..... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 301tf

MONTREAL CARDS.
J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c. &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Rideau Street.
Ottawa, December 29 314tf

Finance Department, Customs.
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 0" S. and Longitude 31° 3' 30" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E.—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlaz River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can hand in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
Admiralty Surveyor.
357tf

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 130y*

GOVERNMENT HOUSE
Ottawa, Wednesday, 7th June, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL
HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Memorandum from the Hon. the Minister of Finance, recommending that Peas, Barley, and Oats, as well as Petroleum which have paid full Toll through the Welland Canal, be permitted to pass through the St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Chambly Canals free of Toll.
Whereupon His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation aforesaid, and under and by virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 34th section of the 28th Chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that on, from and after the TWENTIETH day of JUNE instant, Peas, Barley, Oats and Petroleum, which have paid full Toll on the Welland Canal, be and the same are hereby allowed to pass free through the St. Lawrence Canal, the Rideau and Ottawa Canals, the St Ann's Lock and the Chambly Canal
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council

PROVINCE OF CANADA
By His Excellency the Right Honorable CHARLES STANLEY VISCOUNT MONCK, Baron Monck of Ballytramon, in the County Wexford, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor-in-Chief in and over the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and the Island of Prince Edward, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.
To all to whom these presents shall come—Greeting:
A PROCLAMATION.
GEO. E. CARTIER, Att.-Gen.
WHEREAS, by the thirty-sixth chapter of Consolidated Statutes of Canada, intituled: "An Act respecting the preservation of the Public Health," it is amongst other things enacted, that whenever this Province or any part thereof, or place therein, appears to be threatened with any formidable epidemic, endemic, or contagious disease the Governor may, by Proclamation, to be by him from time to time issued, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the Province declare the said Act to be in force in this Province, or in any part thereof, or place therein, mentioned in such Proclamation, and it shall thereupon be in force accordingly; and the Governor may in like manner from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Proclamation extends, revoke or renew any such Proclamation; and, subject to such revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Proclamation shall have effect for six months after the date of the same in such Proclamation expressed; And Whereas, although there exists no reason for serious alarm, the Province appears to be so far threatened with Asiatic Cholera, a disease within the meaning of the said Act, as to render it expedient that all necessary precautions should be taken for the protection of the Public Health, and it is therefore expedient to declare the said Act to be in force in the said Province. Now Know Ye, that by virtue of the power in Me vested by the said Act, I, the said Governor of the Province by and with the advice of the Executive Council of the said Province, do hereby declare the said Act herein before mentioned to be in force in this Province, from and after the date of these

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

House to Let—Thomas McCord.
Geology of Canada, 1866—Geo. E. Desbarats.
Spring Medicine—William Hearn.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.	1.00 p.m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a.m.	7.20 a.m. and 1.00 p.m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a.m. and 6.00 p.m.	7.20 a.m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa	8.00 a.m. and 11.30 a.m.	11.30 a.m. and 5.50 p.m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p.m.	8.30 a.m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c	5.30 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage	8.00 a.m.	6.00 p.m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway	6.00 p.m.	7.20 a.m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	5.20 p.m.	8.00 p.m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a.m.	12.30 p.m.

BRITISH MAILS.
British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p.m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p.m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper.
OTTAWA, MARCH 8, 1867.

We understand that IRA MORGAN, Esq., of Metcalfe, intends to offer himself as a candidate for the representation of the County of Russell in the Local Parliament of Ontario. MR. MORGAN takes the field in the Conservative interest.

We learn that William Craig, Esq., of Duncanville, Township of Russell, and Warden of Prescott and Russell, will be a candidate for the representation of the County of Russell in the Commons of Canada. Mr. Craig, besides occupying the position of Warden, is a merchant of many years standing, and is very popular with the people of Russell, and as there seems in this section a determination to elect local men, Mr. Craig's chances of success appear to be good.

The Montreal *Telegraph's* bowels of compassion are moved, not only towards Ottawa, but towards his own city, and any of our readers who wish to learn the cause are referred to our Montreal despatches for particulars. We condole with our sympathising *confrere*, but beg of him to assuage his excess of feeling as there is no imminent danger of the occurrence of the double calamity he dreads. At all events the people of Ottawa would gladly see Montreal preserved from the infliction, the bare prospect of which has so moved the *Telegraph*. In the meantime Ottawa does not intend to "hang up its fiddle" on such short notice.

MR. BROWN has promised to retire from parliamentary, but not from political life—that is to say, he will not seek a seat in the Confederate Legislature, nor perhaps in the Local Assembly of Ontario, but he has pledged himself to more than his wonted activity in political affairs for the future, especially during the approaching elections. He is to play the part of a modern WARWICK, as nearly as the institutions of the country will permit. MR. BROWN has long ago boasted of his power of "killing" political leaders—he promised even beforehand that he would kill the Hon. J. S. MACDONALD and he kept his word. The member for Cornwall was the last but one of the political leaders that Mr. Brown did succeed in killing, and the last one was himself. As the leader of a party he confesses himself either killed, or dead from natural causes, otherwise his retirement from Parliament at a time when he is able and willing to work with even greater energy than ever before, would be totally inexplicable. The last session of Parliament convinced him that he was no longer able to cope with the leaders either of his own or the Conservative party; against both he ran atilt with all the headlong impetuosity of his nature, but if he felt that he was still a political Sampson, it was abundantly evident to everybody else that he had been shorn of his locks. He has given up the contest "on the floor of the House;" he will no longer button-hole Western members in the lobbies, or try to undermine their allegiance to a Government to which he had been the means of inducing them to pledge their support; but for this he promises to make up by increased activity in the approaching elections. He will not attempt to fight the political leaders in Parliament, but he will attack their supporters at the polls. He will "reorganize" the Reform party by the old local machinery of associations and conventions, and wherever possible the ancient party hacks will be trotted out. Will Reformers, as a party, or the country at large, gain anything by the assumption, on the part of Mr. Brown, of the office of Dictator-General to the electors of Ontario?

The great constitutional change which has been effected in this country is not the work of a political party. Partyism confessed itself incompetent to the task, and it surrendered to the Coalition the duty of curing those evils of Government, which it had failed even to mitigate. George Brown himself pronounced its *requiem*, and declared its death a blessing to the country; he pictured in glowing colors the new and enlarged field of political action that would be opened up by Confederation, and gloried over the prospect of the disappearance of sectional quarrels from the political arena. If, then, partyism could not carry Confederation; if the pestiferous thing had even to be buried before Confederation could be entertained as a practicable project, will any rational man say that its dead carcase should now be exhumed, that George Brown should breathe into it the breath of political being, and that the representative of her Majesty should hand over to this galvanised impostor the power of putting the new constitution into force? Yet this is plainly the modest proposition, but poorly-concealed in Mr. Brown's reorganisation scheme.

The Queen's Privy Council of Canada will no doubt be selected by the Governor-General with a due regard to the known antecedents of the public men of the Colonies—not with regard to their party alliances previous to the agitation for colonial union, but with especial reference to their conduct on that measure. It would be absurd to suppose that a Cabinet composed of HOWES, and ANNANDS and HOLTONS and DORIONS, would be called upon to give the new constitution effect; and equally absurd to imagine that the records of old party allegiance will be searched to find a Cabinet of Clear Grits or Tories pure and simple. The first Government will, undoubtedly, embrace the leading men of the existing Provincial Governments, and by consequence, in so far as Ontario is concerned, we may fairly assume it will embrace representative men of both the old parties that have heretofore so equally divided political power in Upper Canada. What course will MR. BROWN'S candidates pursue towards a Government so constituted?

We do not dispute the existence, nor deny the necessity, of political parties. What we protest against in Mr. Brown's scheme is that the Dictator-General shouts, "as you were!" when the circumstances have so changed as to render obedience impossible. How can we be *as we were* when the old issues have passed away, and when those who led the fight over them have joined hands and become political allies? Mr. Brown's ukase is impossible of fulfilment, and those who attempt to carry it out will find themselves floating helplessly on the surface, as so much political driftwood, to be picked up and utilized by the first adventurer in search of material for a new platform. Men who were Reformers, as well as men who were Conservatives, before Confederation became the policy of the Government, may, and no doubt will, cling to the old party names because of their convenience, but it does not therefore follow that the political hatred and party hostility which formerly characterised them, when they differed, should still be preserved now that they have agreed. For anything that has occurred, *except Mr. Brown's quarrel with the Government*, the Reformers and the Conservatives would still have been united as they were in '64 and '65, that is, as parties they would have been still consenting to the Union or Coalition of their *leaders*, and why in the name of common sense should the quarrels of one man with his colleagues be made the cause of a return to old party divisions? Our own impression is that though dissentients may be found on both sides, Conservatives and Reformers will as a general rule work together to give practical effect to the great constitutional changes, for the bringing about of which they are equally responsible, leaving to future events the development of fresh party combinations, as political issues, or if you will, personal ambitions may be able to sway the minds of the public.

Mr. Dunsford it is said will be opposed in South Victoria by Mr. Cottingham, of Omemee, a Conservative.

The Reformers of North Waterloo have reorganized their Reform Association. A convention is shortly to be held to nominate a candidate. It is probable the sitting member, Mr. Bowman, may be chosen.

Mr. E. McGiverin, M. P. P., for Lincoln, has issued an address to the electors stating that in deference to the requirements of his business, he is compelled to withdraw from political life.

The Mount Forest *Examiner* announces on authority, that G. A. Drew, Esq., of Elora, will offer himself as a candidate for North Wellington, should no local man be brought out in the Conservative interest.

A requisition is in circulation in the old Boro' of Niagara, calling upon Mr. Thompson to offer himself as a candidate for the Canadian Commons as "a sterling Reformer." Should Mr. Angus Morrison conclude to offer again for Niagara, Mr. Thompson's chances of success will be poor indeed.

MARRIAGE OF THE HON. J. A. MACDONALD.

The Montreal *Gazette* says:—Our readers will find in the usually interesting portion of our paper devoted to that kind of intelligence an announcement of the marriage of the Hon. John A. Macdonald, to Miss Susan Agnes Bernard. From our private letters we learn that the ceremony was performed at St. George's, Hanover-square, by his Lordship, the Most Rev. the Bishop of Montreal and Metropolitan, by special dispensation of the Archbishop of Canterbury. There were present: Lord, Lady, and the Honble Misses Monck; Lieut.-Col. the Hon. R. and Mrs. Monck; the Hon. Auberon Herbert; Sir Henry and Lady Harnage; Sir Charles and Lady Cuyler; Sir Richard and Lady Mayne; Sir Joshua and Lady Rowe; the Lord Bishop of Montreal and Metropolitan; His Excellency Governor Hincks, C.B.; the Honbles. G. E. Cartier, W. MacDougall, T. D'Arcy McGee, Mr. and Mrs. Howland, and H. L. Langevin; the Honbles. Mr. and Mrs. Tupper, Mr. and Miss Archibald, Mr. and Mrs. Ritchie, McCully Johnson, Henry, Wilmot, Fisher, Tilley, and Mitchell, from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick; Montague Bernard, Esq., D.C.L.; Messrs. E. R. Bernard, Fearon, Chapman, Lieut.-Col. Mayne, Captain Mayne, R.N., and Mrs. Mayne, J. H. Daley, Esq.—in all 80 guests.

The bridesmaids were: Miss Mayne, Miss MacDougall, Miss Tupper, Miss Archibald; and the groomsman: D. Bruce Gardyne, Esq.

The bride, our correspondent tells us, looked her best; and the ceremony was performed in a very impressive manner. She was given away by her brother Col. Bernard—her mother and several relatives in England being present.

After the wedding ceremony, the party partook of breakfast at the Westminster Palace Hotel. This, we are told, was very brilliant.

The health of the bride and bridegroom, the only toast drank, was proposed by Lieutenant-Governor, the Hon. Francis Hincks, C. B., in a neat and appropriate speech. The Hon. John A. Macdonald responded in his most felicitous manner. He stated, that his public mission in London was in favour of union, and that, as a conscientious man, he felt bound to carry out his own theory,—at which there was merriment.

The breakfast party broke up at about two o'clock, and the happy couple left by the three o'clock train for Oxford, where it was their intention to spend a few days.

The bride received very valuable and elegant presents as well from her English connections as the colonists in London.

The *Leader's* London correspondent thus alludes to the event:—

Hon. Mr. Macdonald (Kingston) was married this morning, at St. George's, Hanover-square. As the lady is a Canadian, I need do no more than mention her name, Miss Bernard. The ceremony was performed by the Metropolitan of Canada. All the delegates and their families were present, with some of the few Canadians who are now in London. I append an account of the dresses of the bride and bridesmaids, which was kindly given me by a lady who was present: The four bridesmaids were dressed in white silk, with white grenadine peplums, and trimmed with blue silk; two with rose bonnets to match the trimmings and white tulle bells falling over the back. The bride was in white satin, with tulle bell and orange blossom wreath.

TELEGRAPHIC

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

THE FENIANS.

They Attack the Troops in Drogheda Barracks.

The Rising around Dublin Number 4000.

They Attack Castle Martyr.

The Rails Torn up between Cork and Dublin.

Renewal of the Fenian Agitation.

LONDON, March 7—Eve.—The Fenian agitation in Ireland has been renewed, and is increasing. Meetings of several hundred Irishmen near Dublin have been dispersed by the troops. The telegraph wires have been cut in various parts of the country.

In the case of the United States against Wagner, *et al*, the court has decided that the American Government must appear in court by some person.

Death of Dr. Livingston.

Advices from the Cape of Good Hope bring the sad intelligence that Dr. Livingston, the celebrated African explorer, has been killed by the Caffres.

The Fenian Rising Number 4,000.

LONDON, March 6—Eve.—In the House of Commons Lord Naas, Chief Secretary of Ireland, stated to-day that the Fenian rising around Dublin was supposed to number from one to four thousand.

Encounter Between the Troops and Fenians.

DUBLIN, March 7.—An attack was made by a body of Fenians upon the Drogheda barracks yesterday. The attacking party was received with great gallantry by the military and police stationed in the barracks, and several volleys were given the assailants who retired in confusion, losing a number killed and wounded whom they took from the field. The repulse was complete. Several of the government force were wounded, including three of the police.

The Fenians Attack Castle Martyr.

LIVERPOOL, March 7.—Despatches have been received by the Government, stating that an attack was made by a small force of Fenians upon Castle Martyr yesterday, but the enemy was repulsed and driven off. One of the attacking force, said to be an American officer, was shot.

LONDON, March 7.—The Fenians have torn up the rails and blocked up the road between Cork and Dublin, completely suspending railway travel between those cities. The Government does not feel any alarm at the aspect of affairs, as very efficient measures have been made, and are now making, to suppress all attempts at insurrection throughout Ireland. There have been as yet no serious outrages committed by Fenians, either upon persons or property of private subjects, the rebels appearing to be in a quasi state of strict military discipline. At four o'clock this evening, reports received at Government headquarters state that all is quiet.

The Reform Bill.

LONDON, March 7.—The Government has postponed the day fixed for the presentation of its Reform bill, from the 11th to the 18th of March. The Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company is about to send a committee to America to promote the interests of the enterprise.

General Massey, a supposed Fenian leader, has been arrested in Limerick.

Another Suit Decided in Favor of the U. S. Government.

LONDON, March 7.—The case of the United States Government against the ex-Confederate steamer *Alexandria*, has been decided by the Admiralty Court in favor of the American Government.

Turkey.

Advices from Turkey state that the Servian Princes have been summoned to Constantinople by the Porte.

Japan.

Intelligence has been received from Japan, that the Tycoon has requested an interview with the ambassadors of the United States and European powers.

Arrival Out of the "Nestorian."

LONDONDERRY, March 6—Noon.—The Canadian steamship *Nestorian*, from Portland, Me., has arrived.

London Money Market.

LONDON, March 6—Noon.—Consols 91; 5-20's, 64; Ill. Cen., 77½; Erie, 36.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS
To the Ottawa Times.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 7, 1867.

C. J. Brydges, Managing Director of the Grand Trunk, is to sail from Portland in the *Peruvian* on Saturday.

The case of contempt of court, arising out of the Lamirande case, in the Court of Queen's Bench, between T. K. Ramsay and Judge Drummond, came on for decision.

For contempt of court, Mr. Ramsay objected to Justice Drummond sitting with his brother judges in a case where he was both complainant and witness in the court below. Decision on these preliminary points will be rendered to-morrow.

Mr. Edson, who horse-whipped Dr. Switzenger in front of the St. Lawrence Hall, and was fined only five dollars by the Police Magistrate, was yesterday bound over to keep the peace in £100 and two sureties of £50 each.

This evening's *Telegraph* says: The Madoc gold deposit has got the geologists into the worst scrape they have been in this half century. New discoveries are reported every day. We have the certainty not only of a widely extended gold field in Central Canada, but one of immense wealth. What is required is for the Government to take possession of all the lands where gold is discovered, reimburse the proprietors as is done in Nova Scotia and other countries, and throw them open to miners paying a small license. If it allows the Madoc gold district to be engrossed by the class of speculating scoundrels that got possession of the Chaudiere in return for their votes in Parliament, enterprise will be strangled, and the discovery will be fruitless.

The *Telegraph* has also the following despatch: Ottawa may hang up its fiddle; the Confederate Parliament will sit there only until it can procure suitable buildings at Montreal. We are sorry for Ottawa, but more sorry for Montreal, about to be cursed with that sublime snob—the departmental clerk.

FROM PLANTAGENET.

PLANTAGENET, March 7, 1867.

A fire occurred at the house of Xavier Lalonde, situated in the eighth concession of this township, caused by defection of the stove-pipes, whereby the dwelling and three of its inmates, all children, were destroyed.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Arrival of the S. S. "Cuba."

NEW YORK, March 7.—The steamer *Cuba* from Liverpool 23rd, has arrived.

Mr. Tracy, reporter of the Cork *Herald*, has been arrested for telegraphing false reports of sedition among English troops.

The Government in reply to an enquiry in the House of Commons, stated it was considering the subject of assuming the control of telegraph lines in England.

Both Houses adopted addresses of congratulation to the Queen on the Princess of Wales having given birth to a Princess.

A $30,000 Fire.

BUFFALO, March 7.—Briggs & Gilbert's malt-house was destroyed by fire this morning. About 150,000 bushels of malt was destroyed. Loss $30,000.

LOCAL NEWS.

ANNIVERSARY DINNER.—We learn that the Irishmen of Ottawa design celebrating the national anniversary by a dinner at the Russell House, on Monday the 18th inst. Particulars will be made public in a few days.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, March 7, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 15 above zero.
9 a. m., 20 above zero.
Noon, 22 above zero.
6 p. m., 22 above zero.

THE ROADS.—From the few country people who ventured to undertake the journey to town yesterday, we learn that the roads are, in many places, almost impassable. The drifts of snow encountered are said to present difficulties to travel, which will prevent farmers from coming to market from far in the country this week. Next week, however, it is believed, that, unless a thaw should come, travelling will be good.

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE, FEBRUARY, 1867.—*New York: L. Scott Publishing Co. Ottawa: J. Durie & Son.*

The contents of the present number are The Army—Ayrshire Curling Song—The Gay Science—Colonel Gordon's Chinese Force—Eaves Dropping at Biarritz—The Turret Ships of England and America—The Working Classes—Blackie and Jones' Democracy in America—The Union Realised, or the Cure for Irish Evils—Brownlows, Part 2—and a note of apology to Mr. Potter, the Secretary of the Trades Unions.

MORE RELIEF FOR QUEBEC.—It is gratifying to learn that in the Roman Catholic diocese of Ottawa the necessities of the sufferers by the great fire of Quebec have enlisted a full share of sympathy which has assumed a substantial manifestation. In addition to $757.00, formerly raised for the relief of the sufferers, a further sum of $154.79 has been received, making a total of $911.79. The following is a list of the parishes at which the additional subscriptions were taken: Calumet, $26; Montebello, $11.90; Gloucester, $13.96; Gatineau, $7.20; Onslow, $11; Nepean, $20.63; Richmond (addition), $1; St. Joachim, $[illegible]; Springtown, $5; Eganville, $47.90; Lapasse, $3.

POLICE COURT.—Alexander Stewart was charged with being drunk on the public street on Wednesday, contrary to By-law No. 161. No hope seems to be entertained of Sandy's reformation. His friends fear he will remain a legal subject of King Alcohol, until his devotion shall ensure his introduction to the King of Terrors. In default of $5 and costs, Sandy is to break stones in the jail for three weeks.—Pierre Boyer was charged with leaving the employ of Messrs. Wright & Batson without their permission, contrary to the agreement entered into between the parties. Boyer said he had received permission to leave from a person named Kane, who kept a store for the complainants. The latter contended, however, that Kane had no authority or right to discharge men. Fine $10 and costs, or in default two weeks in jail at hard labor.—Andre Barque was brought up on a similar charge by the same parties, who complained that they suffered very great inconvenience in their business by men leaving their employ during the busy season; they generally did so when offered by other employers two or three dollars a month in advance of what they had stipulated for with the parties for whom they were working at the time. The only defence of Barque, was that he had been ill-used by the foreman, who insulted him, and gave him the worst place to make timber in. The other defendant, Boyer, was called to prove the ill-treatment. The magistrate imposed a fine similar to that in the above case, $10 or two weeks.

DEER HUNTING OUT OF SEASON.—It would appear, that notwithstanding recent examples having been made of exposure and punishment of persons who have violated the laws for the protection of game, other parties have left this city for the purpose of shooting deer. Now, it is well known that the carcasses of these animals at this season are comparatively worthless. The fact that the poor animals stand little chance of escape from the dogs, because they break through the crust of frozen snow on which dogs can run with ease, may tempt the cupidity of unprincipled persons, but no true sportsman would take advantage of this, especially when he knows that the does are with young. As these generally bring forth two young ones, every doe killed at this season is the destruction of three, and unless the laws be enforced against their wanton destruction during the close season, as we have reason to believe they will be, the time is not far distant when we shall have no deer in the country. No one can complain that the close season extends over too long a period. On the contrary, it is well known to those acquainted with the habits of the animal, that it should commence at least fifteen days earlier than it does; namely, on the fifteenth of December. Lest any person should affect ignorance we give them the words of the law upon the subject: "No deer, or fawn, elk, moose or cariboo shall be hunted, taken, or killed, between the first day of any year and the first day of September." Not many days ago we saw it stated in a newspaper that partridges were plentiful near Chelsea, and we have reason to believe that many of them were killed. It should be remembered that this is also the close season for this species of game, as well as for wild turkeys, grouse and pheasants, and will continue till the first of September. The close season for quail is from the first of February till the first of October. The act provides that "every offence against these laws shall be punished summarily on conviction before a justice of the peace, by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars, nor less than five dollars; or in default two months in the common jail; or in the discretion of the justice the offender may be imprisoned, without imposing a fine, for three months." It is to be hoped that every justice of the peace will co-operate with the superintendent of game and fisheries, by inflicting the full penalty of the law for every infraction of it which may be brought under his notice.

—In London, C. W., a lady has recently died who to her dying day affirmed that she was the daughter of His Majesty King George IV., her mother dying when she was only two weeks old. She was born in England in 1820 and was brought up in the family of Lord Pemberton, unconscious of the high position which her father occupied. When sixteen years of age she married Frederick Theodore St. Felix, who was government secretary in one of the South African colonies. Passing through some adventurous scenes in that colony the young couple finally emigrated to the States, where Mr. St. Felix died. The widow then removed to Lower Canada where in 1851 she married Mr. Chas. Wetherbee. It was not until the year 1856 that she became acquainted with the secret of her birth, which was revealed by Lady Pemberton upon her death-bed, ample documentary evidence of the fact being also produced. The day before her decease she wrote the following epitaph to be inscribed on her tombstone:—"Sacred to the memory of Lavinia Hermonie Geraldine Amanda Guelph, born July 1st, 1820, daughter of George IV., King of England." The London *Prototype* gives an extended notice of this lady's career, from which we extract the facts given above.

L'UNION ST. JOSEPH.

General Meeting.

On Tuesday evening, a general meeting of the St. Joseph's Friendly Society (L'Union St. Joseph) was held in their hall, Sussex-street. There was a numerous attendance of members, many of whom brought their families.

The Right Rev. the Bishop (R. C.) of Ottawa and several of the Rev. clergy occupied seats on the platform. After a good deal of routine business, reading of reports, making grants to the infirm, balloting for new members, &c., the Bishop made an eloquent and encouraging address in the French language.

Having had no French reporter at the meeting we cannot pretend to give a complete idea of this discourse, which showed how great an interest his Lordship takes in the well-being of the working classes. After commenting on the general objects of the society, and the orderly and almost parliamentary way in which, as the proceedings of the evening testified, their business was conducted, the Bishop continued to observe that such a society would be an advantage and a blessing to the community, if it were only on account of the rational entertainment which, on occasion of its meetings, was afforded to the members and their friends. How, indeed, could their time be better spent than in taking counsel together for one another's comfort and happiness? It would be consoling for them when they reviewed the actions of the day, to reflect that almost the whole of their leisure time was usefully employed. Such were the recreations commonly indulged in, that he was sure many would have some faults the less to accuse themselves of, on account of being profitably engaged at these meetings. When he built the house in which they were assembled, he foresaw that good would arise from its erection. The proceedings which he had just witnessed realized his expectation, and he was more than rewarded when he reflected that in another hall of the same building were held the meetings of the St. Vincent of Paul Society, which was also devoted to benevolence, and based on non-political principles. Such societies could not fail to enjoy the best auspices of religion, the blessing of the church, and the protection of the civil power. They had his best wishes, and he would always do everything in his power to encourage and promote the laudable objects which they had in view.

The Bishop's remarks were received with enthusiasm and respectful applause.

The Rev. Mr. Dawson, on the President and Vice-President insisting that he should address the meeting, said that he was wholly unprepared, especially to discourse in French. He would, however, congratulate them on the great success of their most laudable endeavors. The society had been scarcely three years in existence, and as he had been informed since he took his seat, it numbered already 180 members. These were all regular contributors to its funds with the exception of a few who on account of sickness were obliged to have recourse to the general fund. That they could do so in time of need was undoubtedly a great benefit. Without the aid provided by the society, and to which they were in all justice entitled, they must have become a burthen to their relatives, or have been obliged to rely on such a measure of charity as the cold world metes out to the children of misfortune. But the society did more than assist the living, it caused its members to live for those who were dearest to them long after they were gone. It provided a certain maintenance for the widows and families of its departed members.

He had knowledge of several such societies, and they had all prospered. They were non-political in the common acceptation of the term, and yet they were eminently political. For he was not aware of anything that tended so much to sustain the body politic as the good conduct of the members of the community—their moral good conduct individually, which, in this society, was a condition of membership, and the admirable efforts to which they were held bound by the principle of their association, for promoting in so many ways the good of numerous families, and, as a consequence, the general happiness of the neighborhood to which those families belonged. The members of this society were setting an example which he hoped would be widely followed. Their conduct raised the laboring classes to whom they belonged, in the estimation of their fellow-townsmen and fellow-countrymen of all ranks; it entitled them particularly to the consideration of those whose more liberal education enabled them to appreciate the intelligence, the industry, the kindly feeling, and other qualities which distinguished the members of this mutual aid society. Some philosophers discoursed learnedly in these our times, on the progress of humanity—progress, as they held, entirely distinct from religion and moral principle. But here was real progress, the inspirations in which it originated and by which it was promoted, belonging wholly to the religious and moral order. Charity was its vivifying principle, and it disdained not to proceed under the auspices of religion and to deserve the blessing of the church. Certain people were of opinion, that more pleasure could be enjoyed and more good done by listening to the orations of popular leaders and political agitators. Such things only tended to embarrass the important work of civil government, whilst they left the people where they found them, buoyed up, mean time with the vain idea of an illusory progress. But let the sons of toil study to improve their minds and their temporal condition, as he was so delighted to observe, the members of this society were doing, and they would all the sooner assume that position in the community which belongs of right to the intelligent, the educated and the moral. These sentiments were very cordially applauded.

Dr. Valade on being called on, said that as it was now so late he would only congratulate the society on its success. This the learned doctor accomplished in very appropriate terms, when a short prayer having been recited, the meeting separated.

—A woman in Indiana recently sold her hair for one dollar, in order to obtain food for her starving children.

—The *Great Eastern*, when leaving England for America, on the 29th of March, will have accommodation for no less than 2,800 passengers.

—Mr. Galt and a deputation from the North American Provinces had an interview with the Chancellor of the Exchequer in Downing-street on the 14th.

—The Hon. D. L. Macpherson is now making a tour through the county of Bruce, which forms part of the large constituency he represents in the Legislative Council. Everywhere he is received with great enthusiasm.

—A new newspaper is mentioned among the enterprises of the coming spring, in the interests of women's rights. All the work, editorial and typographical, is to be done by women, and its advocacy of the enlarged freedom of the sex is to be of the most ardent and ultra character.

POOR HORSES.—There are thousands of poor horses dragging out a miserable existence, suffering from a variety of diseases, rendering them almost worthless, that would be restored to a healthy and sound condition, and a value given to them of which their owners never dreamed, would they but use the means within their reach. From one to three packages of Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine will in all cases produce a satisfactory result; hundreds have testified to this fact. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

HEALTH IS STRENGTH.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds, if not attended to, sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Malt-House Burnt.

ST. LOUIS, March 6.—The malt-house of Tinker, Bros. & Co., containing about six thousand dollars' worth of malt, was burned this evening. Loss about $10,000.

Illness of Gen. W. K. Strong.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Gen. W. K. Strong lies seriously ill in this city, from paralysis.

Reconstruction.

The *Herald's* special says the President, his Cabinet and Gen. Grant are very busy preparing to put the military reconstruction law in shape, and this correspondent is reliably informed Gens. Thomas, Sheridan, Sickles and Schofield will be District Commissioners.

The *Herald's* Georgia correspondent says that a strong party, enunciating the principles contained in ex-Governor Brown's recent letter, favoring the acceptance of Sherman's military reconstruction plan, has sprung up and bids fair to be the controlling party in the State.

From South America.

Advices from Rio Janeiro, of the 25th, state that the French and English agents are making strong efforts in favor of a cessation of hostilities; they are satisfied that the United States alone has the confidence of the South American Republics. The revolution in Mendozi was spreading. General Pannera was compelled to ask for reinforcements from Buenos Ayres.

Fenianism in Ireland.

The *Herald's* Dublin and Cork correspondence of the 21st ult., gives special reports of the political situation existing in the south of Ireland, subsequent to the dispersion of the Fenian insurgents in Kerry. No arrests had been made, and the country remained in a state of very unhealthy excitement. Ten thousand troops were held ready to be launched against any spot where treason may again show itself in arms.

James Stephens is said to have landed at Dingle Bay, and gone to the interior.

The Government continued its precautions against any show of active sympathy with the Fenians in England, and it is asserted that the Cabinet had good reason, by reliable information, to fear trouble at Woolwich, if not an attack on the navy-yard.

Lord Carnarvon's Speech on Confederation.

Lord Carnarvon, in moving the second reading of the Bill for the Confederation of the British North American Colonies, made one of the most important speeches to the House of Lords which has been delivered in Parliament for many years, in his capacity of Colonial Secretary. He went minutely into the details of the measure, and combatted the objections urged against it. There are no state rights reserved, the Bill being one of compromise, Confederation emanating from and perfected at the royal centre. Speaking of the future of the Kingdom of Canada, Lord Carnarvon said the territory would become greater than England and second only to Russia.

The Trial of Surratt.

The *World's* special says: The government and the defence are ready to proceed with the trial of Surratt. It will probably commence on Monday next.

The St. John's (N. F.) Sealing Fleet.

ST. JOHN, N. F., March 7.—The greater portion of the sealing fleet, including ten steamers, which sailed from here on the 2nd inst., are now jammed in the ice off this port. The weather is very cold.

A $50,000 Fire.

CLEVELAND, March 7.—A large fire occurred last night at Youngstown, Ohio, destroying property to the amount of $60,000, on which there is an insurance of $50,000.

Extensive Fire and Loss of Life.

OSWEGO, March 7.—A fire last night destroyed the Old Baptist Church on West Twenty-street, the basement of which was occupied by S. A. Webb as a machine shop. The flames spread to the extensive foundry and machine shop owned by John A. King & Co., which was soon destroyed together with three dwellings on Third-street. The loss will reach nearly $100,000 with an insurance of $35,000. The body of a man was discovered this morning among the ruins; he has not been identified.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Gold 134¼. The *Commercial's* financial article says, money continues easy at 5 to 6 on call. Discounts are active at 6½ to 7 and 8 to 10. Stock market steady. Governments unchanged notwithstanding the decline in gold. Foreign exchange more active, and rates at ¼ to ½ per cent. higher.

The Adjournment of Congress.

NEW YORK, March 7.—The *Post's* special says the indications in the Senate caucus this morning are that it will insist on an adjournment over to October.

A $20,000 Fire.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, March 7.—A fire at Toledo this morning, destroyed the block of frame buildings on Summit-street, between Madison and Jefferson-streets; total loss $20,000. Insured for $16,000.

AMALGAMATION OF TELEGRAPH LINES.

We understand that an amalgamation has taken place between the Montreal and Provincial Telegraph Companies, by which the former take possession and control of the property of the latter. The Montreal Telegraph Company will now have five wires, and three separate and distinct sets of posts between London and Quebec. Arrangements are also being made, and will likely be completed in a few days, for direct communication with Halifax, Nova Scotia, under the management of the Montreal company. The wires have already been extended to Sackville, N.B., and arrangements are made in anticipation of the increased business likely to be promoted by the Confederation of the Provinces for its extension from the latter point to Halifax and other places in the Eastern Provinces. The Montreal Telegraph Company are also building a number of branch lines through this province, which will be completed early in the season. Among these are an extension from Belleville to the gold regions in Madoc, and the iron works in Marmora; also from Barrie to Orilla, from Owen Sound (where the company opened an office last fall) to Saugeen and other adjacent points. From Port Stanley to Victoria and Port Rowan, and also to other points on Lake Erie. A branch was recently opened between Hamilton and Milton, the county town of Halton. Other branch lines are also in completion. The company have between three hundred and four hundred offices, and the number is constantly being increased. The arrangements by which the purchase of the Provincial Company's wires has been made, has also given the Montreal Company the control of all the telegraph lines in Northern New York, where the Montreal Company had already made extensions. This gives greatly increased facilities and additional connections with the system of American telegraphs. The offices of the Provincial Company will in some places be closed, and all those will be kept open where the Montreal Company had not previously extended. They will now have four distinct routes to Ottawa—one by the Ottawa river, one by way of the Prescott and Ottawa railway, another by the Brockville and Ottawa road, and another from Kingston to Ottawa, which also extends to the lumber regions on the Upper Ottawa.—*Globe.*

—Safe is he who serves a good conscience. Merick Woods, Londonderry, Vermont, writes: "Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum have restored my hair to its original color and beauty. One year ago my hair was very thin and quite gray. I have now as fine a head of hair as I ever had." Sold by all druggists.

—The heaviest losers by the great Portland fire were Messrs. J. B. Brown & Son, whose immense sugar-house, with its entire contents, was burned down. This energetic firm, however, have erected a new building, nearly 150 feet square, and nine stories high, on the site of the old sugar-house. The extensive machinery has been put in, and work has been resumed. All this has been done in less than eight months.

—Never be ashamed of confessing your ignorance, for the wisest man upon earth is ignorant of many things, insomuch that what he knows is a mere nothing in comparison to what he does not know. But we apprehend very few are ignorant of the wonderful effects of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer;" it is a most sure and rapid cure for colds, rheumatism, pleurisy, cholic, cholera morbus, and all summer complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per bottle.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge.*

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself
Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 2' 237-y

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are DAILY sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-d

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator.*

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing, and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

MARRIED.

On Saturday, 16th February, at St. George's Church, Hanover-square, London, by the Right Reverend the LORD BISHOP of Montreal, Metropolitan of Canada, assisted by the Rev. G. DICKSON, the Honorable JOHN ALEXANDER MACDONALD, Her Majesty's Attorney-General for Upper Canada, to SUSAN AGNES, daughter of the late Honorable T. J. BERNARD, Member of Her Majesty's Executive Council of the Island of Jamaica. No cards.

DIED.

At the residence of her son-in-law Alexander Graham, Esq., Rideau-street, Sandy Hill, on the 6th inst., Elizabeth, widow of the late John Frost, Esq., at the advanced age of 81 years and 4 months.

The funeral will take place from her late residence to Christ Church, and from thence to the place of interment, on Saturday, the 9th inst., at 2 o'clock, p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

JUST PUBLISHED,
AND FOR SALE BY
George E. Desbarats,
Corner of Sparks and O'Connor-sts.,
"GEOLOGY OF CANADA, 1866,"
BEING A
Report of the Geological Survey of Canada, from 1863 to 1866, under the Direction of Sir Wm. E. Logan, F.R.S., F.G.S.
PRICE $1.50.
Ottawa, March 8, 1867. 377a

To Let, AT AYLMER.

THE COMMODIOUS AND pleasantly situated house and premises on the Court House Square, corner of Main-street—8 rooms besides kitchen and pantry, stabling for four horses, large outbuildings. Rent £35. A good piece of land in rear may also be leased.
Apply, if by letter postpaid, to
THOMAS McCORD, ESQ.,
MONTREAL.
Or to JAMES COLMAN, ESQ.,
AYLMER.
377-eodM1

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,
For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by
W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa.
377tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street.
Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 303-w8-3m

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,

AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N.B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.
December 1, 1866. 296y

LIFE ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND.

INVESTED FUNDS: UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that
THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS
are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's
PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME,
with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.

The Policy-holder thus obtains
A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,
OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE
OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY,
without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.

CANADA.—*MONTREAL*,—PLACE D'ARMES.
Directors.
David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E. Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen. C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Com. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (J. Redpath & Son.)
Solicitors,—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer,—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary,—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies,—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.
Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as at *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.
Honorary Directors.
Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.
Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.
Aylmer,..........Mr. A. D[illegible]
Arnprior,..........Vacant
Almonte,..........Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham,..........Mr. A. McN[illegible]
Kemptville,..........Mr. R. L[illegible]
Pembroke,..........Mr. A. I[illegible]
Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-3A

STOVES
AT A BIG DISCOUNT.
AT
ESMONDE BROS.

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stoves in Canada.
ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(*Late of Chicago.*)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.
HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wy

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be, and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—

For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.
AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-tf

AUCTION SALES.

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 — 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.
STILL WE PROGRESS.
OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 321y

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE HOURS from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO.

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Until Monday, the 24th Instant,

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A

Wooden Bridge with Swing

To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.

Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to

JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.

Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving tenders for the abov Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.

309-td

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,
(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA,

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.

Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kinend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum.
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DeKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, andles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

Wanted Immediately,

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
Sparks street.

Ottawa, March 6. 375tf

GOOD NEWS.

COAL OIL!

DOWN AGAIN TO

40 Cents

FOR GOOD CANADA ROCK OIL.

NON-EXPLOSIVE,

OR 50 CENTS DELIVERED IN ANY PART OF THE CITY.

SEND YOUR CANS TO THE

Market Drug Store,

York Street.

WM. HEARN.

Ottawa, January 24, 1867. 340tf

List of Letters

REMAINING IN THE OTTAWA POST OFFICE, 1st of March, 1867:

Ackers Jos	Leonard Winifred
Akin Miss Ann	Lillico R, Gloucester
Alderson Miss Ann	Lindsay M D
Biagi Antonia	Logan Wm
Bissell Miss Mary	Louth Wm jun
Boyle Mrs Jos	Marety Wm
Brennan Miss Cath	Marra Jos
Bresette Mrs Cath	Martin Miss Cath
Brown George	Meaghar Mary
Brown Alex	Merrill Mrs S
Burns Mrs	Miller Robert
Burns W H	Morgan Mrs Wm
Campbell Alex	Morrison J S
Casey Miss Mary	Murphy T C
Campbell & Mowatt	Murry W
Clark Kate	Nicholls Robert
Clark Euphemia	Nolan Peter
Cleary Sarah Jane	Nugent Miss E
Codd Richard	O'Keefe Wm
Colton Michael	Patterson John
Connor Miss Ellen	Peiler E
Copley Eugene	Petrie Mary
Cosgrove Alice	Potter Mrs Robt
Coulson G A	Quail John
Cowan James	Raved Mrs
Cox Miss Ellen	Riley Patrick
Crooks James	Robinson W G
Curran Michael	Roche Wm
Cusack Susan Mary	Ross Andrew
Davis Mrs	Ross & Co
Davis T J	Ryan H
Dawson Wm	Ryan P C
Degan Michael	Sebastian Clara
Dolby E	Shannon Larry
Donnelly Ellen	Sharp Peter
Duncan Miss Ann	Shaw James
Egan Miss Annie	Sheppard Mrs
Eldridge Mrs Martha	Smith Alfred
Fraser Miss Sarah	Smith A W
Fraser Miss Anna M	Smith Dan
Fullerton Isaac	Smith Mrs Ellen
Gervin Wm	Smith Mary
Gillissie A	Spianet, H P
Gleason Vina, Nepean	Stewart Miss M
Gordon Cath	Stiles Mary Ann
Gordon J M	Summer Wm & John
Green Mrs	Taylor W G
Griffith F M	Thompson J E
Hall Miss Selena	Tiernay John
Hall Mrs Wm, Gloucester	Tiernay Miss Mary
Hannan & McCormick	Walker Peter
Harty Mrs Mary	Walsh Geo, Gloucester
Heathson David	Walsh Pat
Henderson Martha	Wamsley Wm
Hogan Wm	Welsh Margaret
Houghton H B	Wiggins Margaret
Hewlet Mrs Ann	Wood Dr G B
Hudson Sam	Wright Henry
Hughman Joe	Wright Wm
Hustin S, Gloucester	Wright Mrs Mary
Hutchinson Alice	Wright Miss Ellen
James Mrs Eliza	McCarnan Margaret
Jamieson Jas S	McDougal Peter
Kelly P	McDonald W A
Kennedy Wm, Nepean	McElroy Mary Ann
Klerskowski A	McGee Terence
King Arthur	McGuive T
Kirkbridge James	McKenny Susan
Lafontaine L N	McLean Neil
Latchford Mary A	McLeod D, Nepean
Lee Wm, Gloucester	McMillan Joe

371-3 G. P. BAKER.

NEW

SPRING TWEEDS!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CANADIAN TWEEDS!

Comprising the Choicest Goods, and Newest Styles, produced by the principal manufacturers in Canada.

All purchased on the most favorable terms, and offered at a moderate advance, at either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Sparks-street, - - OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 6. 375y

1867. New Spring Goods. 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14, Rideau-street,

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF

New Spring Dress Goods,
New Spring Skirtings,
New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867. 374y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned, Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitsky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

THIS BEING THE SEASON FOR Merry-Making, Balls, Parties, &c., &c., to meet the demand for DRESS SUITS, I have on hand a choice assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS!

And of everything necessary to get up orders in a style that defies competition.

Also a choice selection of

**Beavers,
Coatings,
Trouserings.**
&c., &c.

Ten per cent. off for Cash transactions.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Elgin Street,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1867. 331y

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries. Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 22wy

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas. Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Miráscopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 2603m

FOR SALE.

**150 Barrels Mess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples,
20 do. Choice Cheese,**

On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

Aug. 10-260tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses.

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.

China Ornaments.

Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TO LET,

A TWO STORY STONE HOUSE

CONTAINING TWELVE ROOMS, with Kitchen and Cellar complete, situated on Main street, Aylmer.

Apply to

MRS. RADMER,
Aylmer, C. E.

February 19, 1867. 362tf

Farm and City Lots

FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:

W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences, and other improvements.

Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa, with a house containing four tenements.

Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.

Apply at the Law Office of

LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

**Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.**

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices,

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 368y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st *Door West of Bates'*,

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.,
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

FREEHOLD CITY PROPERTY FOR Sale very cheap and on reasonable terms. LOT NO. 25, North side of York Street, Ottawa upon which is erected a large house 66 × 33 feet. containing four tenements, bringing a yearly rent of £84.

For particulars, apply to

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor, &c.

Ottawa, December 19. 311-3m

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES.
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Montgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvage	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 65	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—**W. WADE, Agent.**

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ...... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323tf

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

TO RENT, FROM 1st OF May next, a large STONE HOUSE, furnished, situated in one of the pleasantest localities in Ottawa. Terms reasonable.

Apply at this office.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365a

To Let,

FROM 1st MAY NEXT, a large comfortable Stone Dwelling, situated on the Bank of the Ottawa, near the landing of the steamer *Victoria*, and now occupied by T. B. Stanton, with good stable, coach-house, &c., attached.

ALSO, FROM 1st MAY,

A dwelling on Rideau-street, with good outbuildings.

—ALSO,—

Three comfortable cottages, of which immediate possession may be had.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
SOLICITOR,
Sussex-street.

Ottawa, February 21, 1867. 364-10

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.

Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.

Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

TO LET A DWELLING House, containing Ten Rooms in the Desbarats' Block, Sparks Street, next to Mrs. Trotter's Restaurant Possession immediate. Apply to

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Queen's Printer's Office.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

TO LET, A HOUSE CONtaining nine rooms, on Ottawa Street, south of Mathew's Hotel. Apply on the premises, to

THOS. G. BURNS.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,

Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell

Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf.

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Jo2-141-tf

TO RENT.---A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted or a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For furthe particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

ALSO

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 58-tf

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

**100 cases Otard Brand,
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels**

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily.

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot

For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS.

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365td

NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED, The Volunteer's Active Service Manual; by Major Dixon.

The King's Own Borderers; by Grant. Woman against Woman; by Miss Maryatt. Too Good for Him; by Miss Maryatt. The Village on the Cliff; by Miss Thackeray. The Claverings; by Anthony Trollope. Dinks, Mayten, and Hutchinson on the Dog. The Blood of Jesus; by Rev. Wm. Reid. The Apostolic Rite of Confirmation; by T. Bedford Jones, M. A., L. L. D.

The English Magazines FOR FEBRUARY. The American Magazines FOR MARCH.

The Nautical Almanac for 1867.

A most complete stock of Pew, Pocket, and Family Bibles, Prayer Books, Services, and Hymn Books.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 22. 214y

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 28 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376td

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S
PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "Pulmonic Wafers," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.
JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the
CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c, &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.
Ottawa, November 1 270tf

NOTICE.
GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!
SO AS TO USE
COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil
WILL BE SUPPLIED AT
37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil
Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity
BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 20th February, 1867.
Present:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid.
Acetic Ether.
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne.
Talapin.
Podophyllin.
Lip Tandrin.
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic.
Compound Spirits of Lavender.
Do do of Juniper.
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds.
Cordials.
Bitters.
Syrups.
Compounding of Brandies.
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys.
Proprietary preparations.
Patent Medicines.
Resinoids.
Chemicals.
Pharmaceutical Preparations.
Auline Dyes.
Hair Oils.
Hair Washes.
Powders.

Wm. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

PROVINCE OF CANADA.
J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—
Greeting:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD
OF
Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

In Testimony Whereof, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: Witness, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved Sir John Michel, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY OF OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.
d&w

NOTICE.
VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE
Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL
DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866,
BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. 353-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the close proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of the Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby excepted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Tuesday, 13th August, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:
Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.
J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,
ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.
DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.
Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.
DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(e) The place wherein it is then stored.
(f) The place to which it is to be removed.
(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(i) The time at which it is to be removed.
(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner.
(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal.

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) y the (7) , there to be delive into the possession of (8) of (9)
The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be removal.

Requisition made at } [Sd. 11]
this
day of 186 }

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:
(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No
{ Local No

EXCISE PERMIT
Permit the removal in [1]
from [2]
to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]
The duty having been [9]
This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before he expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks, kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B
[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as "Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the trength proo for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid", or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:
Drugs—including Essences and Extracts.
Perfumery.
Vinegar,
Varnishes.
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Asst. C. E. C.

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servantt
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each l[illegible] ment or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents.*

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents.*

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents.*

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
208-tf C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
Wm. H. LEE, C. E. C.
[J]anuary 1 1866. 1tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER,
NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, }
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867. }

Letters, Newspapers,
&C. &C.,
FOR THE
WEST INDIES,
SOUTH AMERICA.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT
Of the following rates by
CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Printed Matter.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Pu rtoPrincipe	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18		....
Nicaragua { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello	18	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
367dw9-tf Postmaster-General.

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
Assistant Auditor.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.
TENDERS

addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,
UNTIL
FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867
AT NOON.

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.
Post-Office Inspector's Office, }
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. } 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.
Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
208tf Commissioner of Customs and Excise

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORATION of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish or any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.
(Signed,)
ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.
L.S.

Certified.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 35tc

BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA!
IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD
Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S
(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated

PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the
LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48otf

At a Council held in the City of Quebec, on Monday, 24th September, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency was pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared that the item, "Iron Wire," "round or flat," mentioned in the Schedule E of the Act 29th, 30th Vic. Cap. 6, was intended to include, and is hereby declared to extend to and include flat wire for crinolines uncovered.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245tf Assist. C. E. C.

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1866:
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed in the 29th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled: "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that so much of the Order in Council of the 20th day of February last, as prohibits the importation or introduction of Horses into this Province, or into any part of it by sea be and the same is hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
280tf Asst. C. E. C.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 378. | OTTAWA C. W. SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Colton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000!! and Weekly over 4,000!! making a total circulation in the week of over 6,000!! thus outstripping all competitors, and offering the best medium for business men to advertise in.

Advertisements inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Resident Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 80

All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 25

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37 Park Row, New York, and 10 State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
BARRISTERS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 28, 1867. 56-y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Chambers, Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 266-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
BARRISTERS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
BARRISTERS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
January 7, 1866. 45-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the district and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
W. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A. B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 42-tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Comer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the house lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 26. 37-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
Office: Russell Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Home's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Office: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends all the Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 45-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, &c. Conveyancers, &c.
Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 45-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Original.
February 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.
Offices: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
W. H. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 45-tf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 18. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 37ly

DR. WOLFE,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square.
Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST—Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Mosgrove, Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Rhodent Spray Producer. 350y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Home's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., Jr. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's Brewery on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 3. 1-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 160-y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 16, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANT, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 72-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 115-y

MRS. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. 7

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ Office: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angas' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Application to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flock's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319tf

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 43-tf

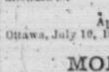
Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they cansell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & Co., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
21 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!



Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c.,	&c., &c

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in the city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 17, 1866 47-tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 321y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which no effort shall be wanting to ensure the comfort of its guests, and he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 74, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand.
J'y6.170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.30 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Nood, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ..... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at .. 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

NOTICE.
Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 6th November, 1866.
WHEREAS the power given to Collectors of Customs by the Customs Act, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, Chapter 17, of retaining the invoices produced on the passing of Entries, has not been generally exercised, and that it has been found advisable to make it incumbent upon Collectors to retain the official custody, and place on file all such invoices—
Notice is hereby given that upon and after the FIRST day of JANUARY next, all invoices of goods, presented for entry at any of he Custom Houses in the Province, will be retained and put on file by the Collector of the Port, in conformity with the 13th section of the 29 and 30 Victoria, Cap. 6, and that certified copies thereof will be given by the Collector or proper officer, when required under the conditions therein mentioned.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
280tf

Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 3rd October, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Gulf of Mexico—United States.
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
THE following important Notice to Navigators has been issued from the Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, in reference to a fixed Light on Cape St. George, Gulf of Mexico, United States, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
The substance of this Notice, as soon as it is received on board, is to be inserted in red ink on the Charts affected by it; and introduced into the margin or otherwise in the page, of the Sailing Directions to which it relates. See instructions, Navigation and Pilotage, p. 172.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
[No. 51.]
Gulf of Mexico—United States
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
Information has been received at the Admiralty, that the Light on Cape St. George, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 1st day of August, 1864.
This light is a *fixed* white light, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 15 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT ON CAPE SAN BLAS.
Also, that the light on Cape San Blas, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 23rd day of July, 1866.
The light is a *fixed* white light, varied by a *flash* every minute and a half, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 16 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT AT JUPITER INLET.
Also, that the light at Jupiter Inlet, East Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 28th day of June, 1866.
The light is a *fixed* white light, varied by a *flash* every minute and a half.
NORTH ATLANTIC.
FOG SIGNAL AT WEST QUODDY HEAD, STATE OF MAINE.
Also, that on and after the 15th day of August, the fog signal at West Quoddy Head, Coast of Maine, would be made by means of a Daboll trumpet, operated by a Roper hot air engine, giving blasts of 5 seconds duration, with intervals of 20 seconds between the blasts.
The trumpet is placed in a small white building, a short distance south of the lighthouse, at an elevation of 75 feet above the mean level of the sea.
By command of their Lordships,
GEO. HENRY RICHARDS,
Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty,
London, 30th August, 1866.
This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: St. George's sound, No. 2,898; West Indies, &c., No. 392 of Lights in West Indies, No. 390. Bay of Fundy, No. 312; Halifax to Delaware, No. 2,670. 241tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment o
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
of every description suitable for the season, in leading Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISHFRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS.
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.
ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 225tf

Go to the "CAPITAL!"
"Capital" Stove Depot, 35, Sussex St., Ottawa
H. MEADOWS & CO.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
OUR STOCK OF THE ABOVE IS NOW COMPLETE, COMPRISING A GREAT variety of all the different patterns, with every real improvement which the advancing requirements of Central Canada have shown to be needed. The assortment is the largest and most varied in this market. Special attention has been given to the selection of STOVES, suitable for Farmers and to residents of the city. The
ELEVATED OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Of which we have about twenty different sizes and patterns, including the following celebrated names: Protectionist, Large and Small King of Stoves, Improved Farmer's, (2 sizes), Fortune, Housekeeper, Sunny Side, &c., &c., all o which are splendid bakers. Our
LOW OVEN COOKING STOVES!
Are unrivalled for city use, being very economical for fuel, and likewise good baking Stoves. The following well known Stoves comprise part of the stock: Monitor, (3 sizes), Empire State, (3 sizes), Queen City, Hotel, Charter Oak, St. Lawrence, Forest, Premium, &c., &c., &c.
PARLOR STOVES!
We have all the latest and best patterns, open and close fronts, elegant in design, durable for use and cheap in price.
BOX STOVES!
A very large stock of these Stoves just received, including the Black Giant, Rambler, Rover, Lioness, Lion, Fulton, &c., all sizes, suitable for the smallest bedroom or the largest hall, warehouse, or church, (a liberal discount made on all Stoves sold to Churches.)
DOUBLE STOVES!
Different patterns, with single or double Ovens.
DUMB STOVES AND STOVE PIPES!
Of the best Russian and other Iron, also Gallows Pipe, T Pipes, Elbows, Key Pipes and all kinds of Tin, Sheet, Iron, and Copper Ware on hand and made to order.
Builders' Job Work, Hot Air Furnaces, Eavetroughs, &c.,
Made to order. The best of material used and none but first-class workmen employed.
Camp Kettles, Bake Pans, Shanty Plates, and all kinds of Lumberer's Supplies on Hand.
Iron Bedsteads. Iron Bedsteads.
BIRD CAGES. BIRD CAGES CHEAP.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.—Parties about furnishing houses would do well to call and examine our tock in this department, as there is almost every requisite for the Housekeeper, especially in the culinary branch.
COAL OIL. COAL OIL. COAL OIL.
Best Pennsylvania Kerosene and No. 1 Canada Oils. No inferior article kept.
LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS.
Parlour, Bedroom, Kitchen and Hall Lamps—a great variety on hand.
☞ Bedroom Toilet Setts, Baths, Sponge, Plunge, Sitz and Children's Baths, Chamber Pails, and all kinds of Japanned and plain Tinware.
REMEMBER
WHEN YOU WANT TO EXAMINE ANYTHING IN THE ABOVE LINE, GO DIRECT TO THE
"THE CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT.
35, SUSSEX STREET.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1866. 62-y

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets,
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 239y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread ..... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 306tf

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
DUVERNAY BROS.
tf

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Bellevue Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 18th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 36" S., and Longitude 31° 2' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 21 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E.—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 2½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed.)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

MONTREAL, 20th day of February, 1866
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS, BY AN ACT PASSED IN the twenty-ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals," authority is given to the Governor in Council to take such measures as may appear to be necessary in order to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious disorders affecting sheep, cattle, horses, and other animals, and check such disorders from spreading, if introduced;
And whereas a contagious disease or epidemic affecting cattle prevails in many parts of Europe, and is increasing and extending its ravages, and whereas it is expedient, in order to prevent the introduction of the same into this Province, that the importation by sea of certain animals and articles should be prohibited—
His Excellency in Council, on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under the authority given and conferred by the said Act, has been pleased to order

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

THE FENIANS.

A Fenian Proclamation.

Another Fight near Kilfinane.

Death of Some of the Fenian Leaders.

The Town of Tipperary Threatened.

An Action at Clonmel.

Railroads Running into Waterford Destroyed.

Troops being sent to Ireland

A Fenian Proclamation.

LONDON, March 8—Noon.—Several Irish and English newspapers have received and published a proclamation, purporting to come from the Government of the Irish Republic. It declares that after ages of outrage and of vain appeals to reason and justice, they have at last resolved to appeal to arms to rescue Ireland from serfdom, and establish national union, public safety, and political freedom, and bring about the consequent security of church and state as a republic. They appeal to republicans throughout the world for sympathy and support.

Storm in Dublin.

DUBLIN, March 8.—A heavy storm prevailed in this vicinity the night before last. Large quantities of snow fell. It is said that the insurgents, who took refuge in the mountains, are suffering severely from cold and exposure.

Death of some of the Fenian Leaders.

Donohue, the leader of the Fenians in the fight at Fallagh, has since died, and three of his companions are also dead. A police constable has been killed by the Fenians in Cork.

The rails on the roads running into Waterford have been torn up.

Large quantities of ammunition and material for the production of Greek fire have been discovered and seized by the soldiers and the police in various parts of the country.

Troops Sent to Ireland.

LONDON, March 8—Noon.—Troops are being rapidly despatched to Ireland from all available points.

The Town of Tipperary Threatened.

LATER.—Despatches from Dublin, Cork, and other parts of Ireland, received during the morning and afternoon, give the following intelligence:—A body of Fenians, 1,500 strong, are reported to be threatening the town of Tipperary. The troops had a battle with a band of insurgents near Kilfenane, in the county of Limerick, and defeated them, killing one man, wounding several, and taking thirty prisoners; among the latter was the Fenian chief, Gen. Lane.

Another Fight with Fenians.

A force of rebels, some 300 strong, was also beaten by the soldiers at Clonmel. Several of the former were killed, 18 prisoners were taken, and a quantity of arms were captured.

The Fenians strip private houses of all guns and other weapons.

Armed bands of men are moving through the counties of Clare, Tipperary and Limerick, and have frequent conflicts with the police and constabulary. A Dr. Cleary is reported to have been killed at Kilmallock. Incendiary fires are frequent in the county of Limerick.

Americans in Ireland.

LONDON, March 8—Evening.—The Irish correspondent of the London *Times* says Ireland is full of Irish Americans, and urges that severe punishment in their case is imperatively necessary, but he adds that it is very difficult to apprehend them, for the people, though they give them no aid, refuse to betray them to the authorities. He states that Col. Dunn led the Irish in their attack on the Station of Kilmallock. He concludes by saying that the present raid is considered a failure in Dublin.

An Editor Fined.

PARIS, March 8.—Emile de Girardin has been fined 5000 francs in the Correctional Court, for violation of the law of the press.

AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Sympathy for the Fenians.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—In the House today Mr. Fernando Wood moved the suspension of the rules that he might introduce a joint resolution expressive of sympathy for the people of Ireland, as follows:—"*Resolved*, that this House extend its sympathy to the people of Ireland in their pending struggle for constitutional liberty. If the despotic governments of Europe shall be allowed to establish monarchial institutions in America, so should the United States foster and promote the extension of republican institutions in Europe." The rules were suspended; the joint resolution was introduced.

Mr. Banks asked Mr. Wood to have the joint resolution referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, stating that he would move for the immediate appointment of that committee.

Mr. Wood expressed his regret that he could not assent to that proposition. It was a simple resolution, expressive of sympathy for the people of Ireland, and he believed the House was prepared to act upon it now. He moved the previous question. Yeas, 33; nays, 88. Whereupon Mr. Banks moved to refer the resolution to the Committee of Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Wood said he had no objections to the latter part of the resolution being so referred.

Mr. Stevens and others demanded that the whole of it be referred.

Mr. Banks remarked that the marked expression of sympathy for Ireland amounted to very little. *There was not a member of the House who did not entertain that sentiment* as strongly as the gentleman from New York, but the resolution was coupled with other questions affecting the interest of the country, and which should be considered by the Committee of Foreign Affairs. He should ask the House to consent to the immediate appointment of that committee by the Speaker. The resolution was deferred.

Mr. Banks thereupon offered the following resolution:—*Resolved*, that in view of events transpiring on the Northern frontier of the United States, it is expedient that the standing Committee on Foreign Affairs shall now be appointed by the Speaker, for the purpose of considering the foreign relations of the United States.

Mr. Banks, in offering the resolution, said that a bill had recently come before the House of Lords in England, contemplating the establishment of an empire in the British Provinces, which might hereafter surpass in power that of England herself, or might equal that of the United States, or, as had been well said by its mover, second only to that of Russia. The Legislature of Maine, more interested in the movement than any other State, had, through its Committee on Federal Relations, made a report adverse to the project, which he would ask to have read to the House. The stage into which the bill had passed in the House of Lords was the most important of any of the stages through which bills pass, as all its fundamental principles were under consideration. He did not doubt that persons of this country would look with intense solicitude upon the progress of this great movement in the British Provinces which contemplated the establishment of an Empire founded on monarchial principles, so far as to control the public opinion, and which could not fail to have in the future a material, if not a controlling influence and power over the affairs of the American continent.

Mr. Eldridge remarked that it seemed rather inopportune for this country to be protesting against the establishment of an Empire, when Congress had just placed under military rule ten of our own States; it seemed to him that our remonstrances would have much more force and effect if we were to wait until we had the Republic restored, and until those States were relieved from the despotic rule under which the late Congress had placed them.

The report of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Maine Legislature [illegible] been read, Mr. Banks said that it [illegible] tended at this time to present [illegible] against the Confederation of the Br[illegible] inces. He merely desired that the [illegible] tee on Foreign Relations should be appointed so that any resolutions or expressions of opinion on the part of the House might find an appointed committee.

Mr. Blair enquired of Mr. Banks whether the only action contemplated now was not merely a protest, and whether he considered it as within the realm of possibility that Congress would do anything more than that, even if so much.

Mr. Banks replied, that he did not contemplate any present action, but simply the appointment of a committee to which the subject might be referred. He moved the previous question on the adoption of the resolution.

The previous question was seconded, and under its operation the resolution was adopted.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Auction Sale of Houses and Building Lots.

Exchange Brokers—O'Connor & Waller.

House for Sale—John Macaulay.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 9, 1867.

JAMES KEYS, Esq., of Russell, the present Registrar, desires us to say that he is a candidate for the representation of the county in the Canadian House of Commons, in the Conservative interest. ADAM J. BAKER, Esq., of Metcalfe, is out as a candidate for the same county, as its representative in the Parliament of Ontario. Mr. Baker also runs on the Conservative ticket.

When DR. TACHE landed at Havre, he had an interview with the BRITISH CONSUL, who, *inter alia*, enquired if Head Centre Stephens was on board. The Doctor replied that he was not aware of the fact, but on the British Consul producing a photograph of Stephens, Dr. Tache at once recognised it as the portrait of one of his fellow passengers. This would seem confirmatory of the general impression that Stephens had at length crossed the ocean.

The news from Ireland is again of an exciting character, and this time we are sorry to say with more appearance of being true than on the two previous occasions. Yesterday morning we published the particulars in so far as they had been made known through the cable, and such additional information as has yet come to hand unfortunately wears the aspect of being confirmatory of the existence of a more unsatisfactory state of affairs than we had hitherto anticipated. As formerly we have to note that in New York "the excitement has materially aided recruiting," but whether for Irish or Canadian service we are not told. Further intelligence from Ireland will be looked for with interest.

"Artemus Ward" is no more. The facetious CHARLES F. BROWN, who has achieved a wide reputation by his humorous compositions, died at Southampton on the 6th instant. The announcement will be received with very general regret. Mr. Brown was quite a young man; he could scarcely yet have reached the age of 37, so fatal to men of genius. His literary career commenced on the Cleveland *Plaindealer*, where in the capacity of "Local" he began the inimitable series of letters by the venerable exhibitor of "moral wax figgers." As a lecturer Mr. Brown was no less successful in winning public favor; and having made the tour of this continent, he went to England where he accepted an engagement on *Punch*. His letters as well as his lectures were no less heartily welcomed in England than in this country, but like many other men of budding genius he has been cut off in the very spring time of life. We hardly think his literary labors will bring him lasting fame, but wherever he is remembered it will be with the most kindly feelings, and that is fame enough. Poor "Artemus!"

The Hon. J. H. CAMERON has been handsomely *fetted* by his constituents at Brampton, and judging from the enthusiasm reported to have been displayed we should fancy that he will have no difficulty in securing his election for the Canadian House of Commons. Elsewhere we give some extracts from his speech, as also from that of MR. M. C. CAMERON, which will no doubt be read with interest. The "Cameron Men," though few, in Canadian politics have always occupied a prominent position.

As straws are said to show the way the wind blows, so we see by the *Globe's* cookery of the proceedings at the Brampton banquet the kind of treatment which it designs to give to all who do not bow the knee to the Dictator-General. Professing as it does to be a live *newspaper*, one would have expected to have found in its columns a report of what actually did take place at the gathering, and that the editor would then have dealt with the proceedings in his own way. No one would have blamed the *Globe*, if, after giving a report of the proceedings at the banquet, the editor had exhausted his powers of invective to destroy whatever of political capital Mr. Cameron might be supposed to have made out of it. As the "organiser" of the Reform party, such a course would have been legitimate enough, but when we find a column of miserable burlesque palmed off on the public as a report; when we find that the ingenuity of a very small wit has been strained to its utmost capacity to cover the whole affair with ridicule, we are at no loss to discover that the same dishonest course which formerly disgraced the *Globe* is still to be pursued by that paper. The press cannot blame Mr. M. C. Cameron for his censures with such a glaring example before it as that furnished by the *Globe*, of the prostitution of "the mighty engine" to the meanest of purposes. Had its caricature been possessed of such merits as would have commended it to the pages of a professedly comic paper, we could have pardoned its publication, but a column of the baldest drivel and most unmitigated nonsense, to be palmed off upon the readers of the *Globe* as a report indicates an editorial faith in the gullibility of its readers, which is, to say the least of it, a few years out of date. There was a time when the *dicta* of the *Globe* [illegible] as gospel with a great many [illegible] that time is past. Lying and [illegible] tation have lost their potency in the game of Canadian politics. The man who made his bed with the Conservative leaders, who condoned for years of abuse and insult, by months of incessant praise of their statesmanship and political virtues, can hardly hope to turn the tide of popular feeling against his recent allies, by such clumsy attempts at wit and ridicule as those with which the Brampton banquet has been treated in the columns of the *Globe*. There is a confession of weakness in our big brother's affected merriment; a nervous twitching about the mouth, as if the laugh, in spite of him, would get upon the wrong side; an out-cropping sense in the consciousness of a failing cause which spoils the heartiness of his glee. It was very clever no doubt to proclaim "the Tory party exhumed"—"John Hillyard Cameron leader!"—"Alderman Harrison follower!"—"Mat. C. Cameron caves in!" No man of ordinary clear (Grit) capacity could fail to find a mint of pungent wit and spicy sarcasm under these sententious utterances, when guided to the discovery by the aid of points of exclamation, and big black letters, and though it may be hard to determine precisely just where Mr. M. C. Cameron "caves in," there cannot be a doubt, but that Chief Organiser-of-the-Reform-Party Brown—which "for short" we shall call C. O. R. P. B. to distinguish C. O. Brown from C. O. Stephens—there cannot be a doubt but that the chief organiser will have an easy victory over a "Tory party" so constituted, whether the other Cameron has "caved" to his namesake or his ancient enemy. But the very small wit of the *Globe* will not screen the false position of the Chief Organiser. The "Tory party" did not seek the alliance with the Reformers; they accepted it in the interests of the country's peace and prosperity, and their leaders have shewn to the Reformers of the West a fidelity to the compact of 1864 which puts the twisting, shifting conduct of Mr. Brown to the blush. Had Mr. Brown been as faithful to that compact as the Conservative leaders there would not be the breach in the Reform ranks that there is to-day, nor would we have witnessed the *Globe's* awkward attempts at wit to drown the effect upon the country which Mr. Cameron's speech, if fairly reported by it, could not have failed to produce. The Conservative leaders, we have said, did not seek the alliance, though they accepted it; they are satisfied now that the sacrifices they then made—great as they were—in joining hands with Mr. Brown, have been well repaid by the results of the Coalition; and they are certainly not now desirous of rejecting that alliance at a time when unity, moderation, and the best judgment of the best men of all parties are needed to place our new and untried constitution in harmonious working order. Nor do we think that Conservatives will despair of their country if a few constituencies throughout the West may still allow themselves to be bamboozled by the stale tricks of a broken down demagogue who, conscious of his own self destruction, no longer aspires to the proud and honorable position of a leader of the people's representatives, but contents himself in his newly found littleness with planning political destruction for better men by trading on the prejudices of rural voters, and playing the dirty *role* of a professional electioneerer.

LOCAL NEWS.

LEFT OVER.—Several local and other items.

ST. PATRICK'S DINNER.—A meeting of the gentlemen favorable to the getting up of a dinner in celebration of the anniversary of Ireland's patron saint, are invited to attend a meeting at Kavanagh's saloon this afternoon at four o'clock.

A VALUABLE ADDITION TO OUR ALBUM.—We have to acknowledge the receipt from Spencer's photographic gallery, Sparks-street, Centre Town, of a neatly executed photograph of JAMES STEPHENS, the Head Centre and Chief Organizer of the Irish Republic.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, March 8, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 1 above zero.

9 a. m., 9 above zero.
Noon, shade, 27 above zero.
Noon, sun, 67 above zero.
6 p. m., 29 above zero.

ROAD MEETING AT METCALFE.—On Thursday last, a meeting of the inhabitants was held at the village of Metcalfe. Mr. Dow, Reeve of the township, occupied the chair, and there was a large attendance of freeholders. The following gentlemen from this city were also present: Hon. J. Skead, R. Bell, Esq., M.P.P., Judge Armstrong and E. McGillivray, Esq. All the speeches made were strongly in favor of the extension of the Macadamized road to Metcalfe village. Mr. McGillivray, who is largely interested in similar enterprises, showed conclusively that the road would prove remunerative to the stockholders. The ratepayers of the township were opposed to the municipality taking stock, so a resolution, which had been moved to that effect, was withdrawn. Many expressed their willingness to subscribe for stock, but it was thought advisable to postpone further action until the matter had been more fully considered. The meeting passed a vote of thanks to the gentlemen from Ottawa who had attended and given them so much information, and the meeting broke up. We hope the enterprise will not be allowed to drop, as it is a pity that the people of Metcalfe should not have ready access to the city at all seasons of the year.

MORE TROUBLE IN THE FLOATING BATTERY.—It is known to many people that there is on the ice in McKay's Bay a house kept by Francois Ouilette, and known as the Floating Battery. This establishment consists of a shanty built on a boat, which in summer is moored to the shore, and in winter floats out to its present locality. The Floating Battery, so far as the sale of liquor, continual fighting, and other improper conduct are concerned, is to all intents and purposes a tavern, and one of the very lowest character. Not long since it became our duty in reporting the proceedings of the Police Court, to record some of the details of the trial of the landlady of that delectable retreat, for inhumanly beating a poor woman, who happened to call at the floating nuisance on her way to the Gatineau Point. In that case the complainant accused the husband of aiding and abetting his wife in the assault, by promising her a new dress if she would kill her. Mrs. Ouillette was fined, but there being no overt act charged against the husband, he escaped punishment. Two or three weeks after the above occurrence, Ouillette beat his wife, for which she caused him to be fined $5 and costs, amounting to $9.50. Yesterday, if the woman is to be credited, her husband came home from a four days' debauch, when she accused him of infidelity. He reminded her, in no very choice terms, of her former course of life; she retorted; he seized her by the throat, to choke her, when she broke loose from his grasp, and, seizing a pitcher, hurled it at his head with all her might; her aim was true, and he fell bleeding on the floor. A fearful wound was inflicted on his head, and it was said his skull was fractured. Dr. St. Jean was sent for. The news was conveyed to the police. The Chief and Sergeant Davis hastened to the house with all speed. Mr. Langrell took the depositions of Ouilette, and the woman was brought away a prisoner and lodged in jail to await the result of the injury. Francois Ouilette's floating battery is not an unlicensed grog-hole. On the contrary, he is duly licensed. But when the character of the place is known to the authorities, ought he to be?

Military Soiree and Concert at Metcalfe.

A MOST SUCCESSFUL AFFAIR.

Military Enthusiasm in Russell.

On Wednesday evening, 5th inst., we had the pleasure of visiting the enterprising Village of Metcalfe, in the County of Russell, for the purpose of attending a Soiree, got up by Captain Ira Morgan, of Metcalfe Infantry Co., 43rd Battalion.

On reaching the village, that ever welcome emblem, the flag of old England, was to be seen floating over almost every house; the whole population, not only of the village, but the surrounding neighborhood, for a distance of over twenty miles were roused up, and turned out *en masse* to give eclat and force to Capt. Morgan's exertions for the permanent establishment of the military organization in that locality.

At an early hour the spacious hall was filled to its utmost capacity, there being about 500 people present, and the serving of tea might justly be put down as sailing under great difficulties. This part of the programme having been gone through with, the meeting was called to order, and Judge Armstrong requested to occupy the chair.

The hall was decorated in a beautiful manner. Elevated seats for the accommodation of the ladies had been raised at the sides and foot of the hall; evergreens, interspersed with artificial flowers, were festooned round the walls, and at the lower end a canopy was formed of Royal Ensigns; in the centre a white flag with the "V. R." and Prince of Wales' plume in blue; underneath, the words "Canada," "Our Canadian Volunteers," "Ridgway, June, 1866." At the head of the room, over the speakers' platform, a festooned canopy of flags; in the centre a large portrait of Queen Victoria, under which, on a half-circle, the words "God Save the Queen;" two rifles crossed forming a guard over the picture, while, to the right and left an ornamental star formed of bayonets; the whole forming a grand military trophy. On the right and left of the room were conspicuous the words "Ontario," "Quebec," "New Brunswick," "Nova Scotia," thus showing that the great Confederation, just consummated, had not been overlooked.

On Judge Armstrong taking the chair, he thanked Capt. Morgan and the gentlemen present for the honor conferred upon him. On his right we noticed Lieut.-Col. Brigade-Major Jackson, Capt. Smythe, 100th Regiment; Capt. Sheppard, Burritt's Rapids; Capt. Bryson, Richmond; Lieut. Bouchette, C. S. On the left Hon. Malcolm Cameron, Major Scale, Robt. Bell, M.P.P., Z. Wilson, Esq., Capt. Johnson, North Gower, Lieut. Hanna, and several others whose names we did not learn.

The proceedings were opened by Mrs. Miles rendering, in her most effective style, that exquisite song, "The Queen's Letter," which was received with cheers, and at the conclusion the lady's efforts were again greeted with round after round of well-merited applause.

After the applause had subsided, the chairman rose and said: Ladies and gentlemen, permit me to compliment you on the immense success of your military festival—not only for the number of people got together, but for the respectable and happy appearance of all. Captain Morgan deserves great praise for the energetic manner in which he has worked the soiree up to so successful an issue. To the volunteers of Russell I must now say a word. I feel proud of you—and you deserve well at your country's hands; the noble and enthusiastic manner in which you rushed from your labor, in June last, when that old flag was assailed, and grasped the firelock to protect your altars and your firesides, cannot be soon forgotten. There is one secret to a nation's greatness—independence; their bravery! No nation ever gained respect by acts of cowardice, and such no man could lay to the threshold of Canadians. It gives me infinite pleasure to see the ladies turn out in such force as they have done. Ladies, remember that your bright and happy faces, those countenances which I now behold, beaming with intelligence, is one of the greatest and most powerful incentives, to stimulate our volunteers to do their duty, to do it fearlessly; and I trust that you will bear this in mind, that while the mothers, wives, sweethearts, and sisters of our Canadian volunteers, lend their countenance to support the movement, as our country grows so will the force, and the more perfect will be its organization. The Judge here apologised for detaining them, and introduced to their notice Brigade-Major Jackson, who would address them upon the subject and importance of our volunteer movement.

Brigade-Major Jackson on coming forward was enthusiastically received by the volunteers. After thanking them for the reception they had given him, he said, as a matter of course he took a lively interest in the volunteer movement, and in the volunteers of the 43rd Battalion in particular. His share in the movement was no new idea; he had been connected with the volunteers since the first attempt at organising over twelve years ago; at that time he f[illegible] to say that he was one of Capt. Smy[illegible]'s company of Brockville volunteers. The volunteers throughout Canada had during the past twelve months made gigantic strides in the march of military perfection. He had made use of the expression before, and felt compelled to do so again—the volunteers of Carleton and Russell were as fine a body of men as could be desired; when he took into consideration the time they had been enrolled into companies, the opportunities for drill, many having, after their day's labor, to go 6, 7 and even 10 miles to attend duty, it was a matter of astonishment to see the state of proficiency at which they had arrived. Our country had now been augmented by Confederation, and from this date our march would be onwards and upwards as a Kingdom. He felt confident the Canadian Volunteers would not lag, but be up and doing, and in a military point of view keep pace with, if not out do our great Republican neighbors. He could not conclude without thanking the volunteers of Capt. Morgan's company for the warm-hearted reception they had given him, and at the same time congratulate them on the success they had achieved on this occasion. Not only were our volunteers loyal, but he looked upon the mass of the people of Canada, no matter what others might assert to the contrary, as a truly loyal people. As a proof of this assertion he would refer them to the enthusiastic move during the *Trent* difficulty. When the news was flashed across the land that that flag was about to be assailed, the whole population arose, and voluntarily placed their services at the command of the mother country. (Applause.) We had now an organisation of over 35,000 efficient men, hardy sons of the soil; men who from their daily avocations were inured to hardship and toil; men who when the hour of need came, would be found at the front, and to any enemy a dangerous foe. (Cheers). He observed several other gentlemen present who would address them this evening, and he would therefore close his remarks by calling their attention to an important fact. Almost every society or organisation in the country had some publication to defend their interests, but until recently the Canadian volunteers had not been so favored. He rejoiced to say that now they had such, and as he observed that the proprietor, Mr. Moss, was present, he would take the liberty of recommending his sheet, *The Volunteer Review*, to their special patronage, and hoped both officers and men would take a lively interest in supporting it.

Violin and piano duett—Lieut. and Mrs. Hanna.

Song with piano accompaniment—"I Cannot Sing the Old Songs"—Mrs. Miles.

Capt. Smythe of the 100th, or Prince of Wales' Royal Canadian Regiment was next called upon by the chairman, and on coming forward was received with cheers.

Capt. Smythe—Ladies and gentlemen, don't expect a speech from me—a soldier's duty is to act, not to speak; however, he would do his best to say something. Major Jackson had referred to his getting up the first volunteer company in Brockville—at that time we certainly had great difficulties—the men did not like to be seen in the military coat on the streets—people ridiculed them and some said they were aping the regular soldier; however, he had persevered, and with the assistance of of the now Brigade-Major Jackson, who had at that time had great influence in Brockville, he succeeded in raising a company that His Excellency the Governor-General had been pleased to speak very favorably of, and through which in a great measure he owed his nomination to the regular service. I have been absent over nine years on duty in foreign climes; when I left Canada the volunteer organization was but a mere cipher, now it is a magnificent body. (Cheers.) Men are not now ashamed or afraid to appear in a scarlet coat, and I feel proud of them. Such a company as I have looked upon to-day, should necessity demand their service in the field, I should like to stand side by side with. (Prolonged cheers.) They would give a good account of themselves. Canada was now a great country—and her volunteers, with a little setting up would prove commensurate with her wants. They are just the men to endure the hardship of a campaign, their natural calling or occupations, imparted to them fine sinews, and a robust constitution. (Applause.)

Song—Mr. Orme.

Major Scale, of the 43rd Battalion, was next introduced by the chairman.

Major Scale—Mr. Chairman, ladies, and gentlemen, I feel highly gratified at being present, and particularly to see so many red coats here to-night. There is no danger of the volunteer force in Russell falling off—especially when they are backed by the ladies; their presence here to-night was a proof of the manner in which they appreciated the volunteers. I regret the absence of Col. W. F. Powell, who desired me to apologise for his not being on hand—if he were here, they would get a good speech. My forte is not at speaking. I would rather sing a song at any time than attempt a speech—(cheers and loud calls—a song—a song.) I will give you a song, but first permit me to contradict one statement that has been freely indulged in by our friends on the other side—that is, that all, or most all our Irish volunteers were dissatisfied, and were ready to assist the Fenians. It was a foul slander. I behold here to-night many of the sons of dear old Ireland—and with red coats on their backs, and willing hearts in their bodies, to protect the flag of old England when assailed by a foe, no matter who he be (loud cheers). I am the son of an Irishman, and proud of it (cheers), and should the Fenians ever again attempt to pollute our soil, they will find they have counted without their host. There are 10,000 just such Irishmen in Canada ready to defend its soil against any foreign foe (cheers). Major Scale then sung in capital style, "The fine old Irish gentleman."

Highland Pipes—D. McKercher—"Scots wa hae," and "Tullochgorum."

Ensign Carson, assisted by several juveniles, rendered in a delightful manner "Our Beloved Canadian Home."

The chairman, in a very laudatory manner, introduced the next speaker to the audience, the Hon. Malcolm Cameron.

The hon. gentleman, as usual, addressed the volunteers at considerable length, remarking *en passant* that many labored under the hallucination that not only the Irish, but the French Canadian volunteers were not loyal; but he would remind such that twice in the history of this country had it been preserved to the British Crown by the pluck and devotion of the French Canadians, and the Irish volunteers had spoken in a most audible way as to their loyalty, during the past summer, by the manner in which they had rushed to the front. He was a Canadian, and he was proud of it. (Cheers.) Canada had contributed her quota and had ever evinced the strongest desire to preserve this confinent intact to the British Crown. He could name, with just feelings of pride, a Dunn, a Corbett, and many other young Canadians, whose bravery had become world wide in the Crimea, and they were an honor to their country. He congratulated Capt. Morgan and his men on their fine soldier-like appearance, and hoped to see them on some future occasion. The hon. gentleman resumed his seat amidst applause.

Bag Pipes—"Bonnie Jean," and "Duncan Gray."

Song—Lieutenant Hanna—"We all wear cloaks," which was loudly encored.

Capt. Sheppard, of the Burritt's Rapids Company, was next called on. The Captain on coming forward said that he had not anticipated being called upon to speak, and had but little to say. In his opinion, our volunteers deserved well at the country's hands, for they were as a body, a noble and self-sacrificing one. The men of which the companies were principally composed, were working men, and after their day's labor was through with, many of those in the country or rural districts had miles to go in order to receive instructions in the drill, yet they done it, and cheerfully, too. When the order reached him in June last, that his men were required at the front, it was late in the evening, and although to get his men together in some cases a distance of ten miles had to be traversed, yet at daylight next morning I had my full company on hand, and when the muster roll was called over, the firm, defiant shout of "here" was given as each name was called out, showed what they meant. (Loud cheers.) I am now getting advanced in years, but like the old war horse, when the trumpet sounds, there is a thrill in my blood, and I feel young again, and should necessity demand it, the Burritt's Rapids Volunteers will be on hand to serve their country at a moment's notice. Capt. Morgan deserves great credit for the exertions, the sacrifices he has made, not only to get up this company, but for the soiree, which to-night has proved so successful for their amusement. One thing was certain, the people of Metcalfe appreciated his services, and he really was deserving of it. (Applause.)

Mrs. Miles, with piano accompaniment, then sang—in her usual pleasing manner "Happy be Thy Dreams," which was encored to the echo.

Captain Bryson, of Richmond, was next called upon to address the meeting.

In a few well timed remarks he referred to our destined future greatness as a nation, and felt confident that at no distant day we would be called upon to furnish a standing army. He also complimented Capt. Morgan on the success he had achieved; he believed that whatever he took in hand was bound to prove a success, for he went to work in that determined manner that precluded all possibility of a failure. Our future greatness to a certain degree would depend upon the bold fighting front we should put on. No nation would be respected that did not stand up boldly and demand a proper respect to its position and institutions, not that it was necessary to fight—we were not a fighting, quarrelsome people—but rather one that cultivated a closer acquaintance with the arts and sciences—we preferred cultivating good friendship with all the world, and especially our soil—(applause.) But the Fenians would not act wise by indulging too fondly in the hopes that as we were not a war-loving people, they could take possession of our soil, if they did it would be to find a resting place—a quiet one—beneath its sod. (Cheers.) In June last there was not a volunteer company in this quarter—he believed Capt. Morgan was the first to move in the matter. Now there were five full companies good men and true. (Loud cheers.)

The company were again delighted with "I'm a Merry Zingara" by Mrs. Miles. Mrs. Hanna also sang in a very effective and pleasing manner, "Tenting on the old Camp Ground."

The chairman then called the attention of the audience to the fact that it was growing late, that a very sociable as well as instructive evening had been passed—one that, no doubt, would be productive of much good in the future—to him it had been a round of pleasure; however, ere they separated he felt it to be his duty to pay a tribute of respect where it was deservedly merited. The ladies and gentlemen who had contributed in so great a degree to the evening's festivities were deserving of all praise—the speaking was all very well in its way; but without that enchanting spell—lent by the power of music—the whole of the object for which they had assembled together would have proved a dull, tame affair—but thanks to the ladies, it had been given a force to by their kind assistance, it had been stamped on the memory, and its pleasing recollections would be enduring. He would therefore request as a mark of approval the audience should rise, and tender them a cordial vote of thanks. (Cheers.)

Capt. Smythe then called upon the audience to give a vote of thanks to his Honor Judge Armstrong, for the able manner in which he had discharged the duties of chairman. This proposition was received with three hearty cheers.

The company, standing, then joined in singing the National Anthem, thus bringing to a happy termination the Metcalfe Military Soiree.

After the company had dispersed, Captain Morgan entertained his brother officers and friends from Ottawa with an Oyster Supper. When they had regaled the inner man, the usual loyal and patriotic toasts were proposed and duly responded to; that of the Army and Navy, and Our Canadian Volunteers, by Capt. Smythe; the Administrator of the Government, Gen. Sir John Michel, by Judge Armstrong; the Press, by Mr. James Cotton, of the TIMES; the Member for Russell, by R. Bell, Esq., the sitting member, in an excellent speech. The health of Capt. Morgan and prosperity to the Metcalfe Volunteers was proposed by Capt. Smythe. Capt. Morgan returned thanks; after which the party separated, with a general expression of "happy to meet, sorry to part, and happy to meet again."

BANQUET AT BRAMPTON IN HONOR OF HON. J. H. CAMERON.

On Tuesday evening a grand banquet was given in honor of the Member for Peel, at the village of Brampton, at which some 300 or 400 persons were present. We make the following extracts from the *Leader's* report of Mr. Cameron's speech:

At the time that the Confederation of all the British North American Provinces was proposed they had seen men of different parties, who had been the most bitter political opponents, binding down their passions, yielding up their prejudices, and standing on one common platform for the public good. (Cheers.) If that sight was a spectacle for the applause of gods and men, why was the union to cease at the very moment when it was most required? It to construct Confederation required the fusion of parties, and the uniting together of the ablest minds of both, surely the well trained crew were not to desert the new vessel of state the moment that it was launched on an untried sea; then would be the time when all their skill would be required in its pilotage, and the good-will that brought these men together should keep them united if they valued the safety of their vessel as they ought. They knew that the old party cries were dead, that the very men who had raised many of them had helped to kill them, and why should they be again revived? (Cheers.) In truth no one could revive them in their integrity, no one could bring back the old asperities that used to distinguish our party warfare. When men had been acting together for a length of time, when they had shaken hands in fellowship, and sat together in council, they could not wage these wars as of yore, and he hoped that no man, nor any body of men, would be able to effect it, but if we are to divide again as we used to do, let us at any rate do it in a better spirit, and fight only the battle for good government. (Cheers.) He made these observations because he thought it was a proper time for them, not because he sought favor from those who called themselves Reformers. Many of them had given him their support before and there were more whom he knew would support him again, (cries of "Yes, we will, Cameron,") but if he were to have a contest, in whichever part of the county he might stand, upon the old party grounds, he was prepared to take the issue, and under the old Conservative banner gain a victory, as he had done twice before. (Vociferous cheering.)

After stating his preference for a Legislative instead of a Federal union, Mr. Cameron continued: They were told that the Imperial government was giving its assent to this scheme, because they said that they were thereby likely to get rid of them, as the cords by which they were held were those of gold, and not of affection—that their only desire was to have their towns filled by Imperial money, and their resources supplemented by Imperial funds, and that this extended government would give them a desire to complete independence, and rid Great Britain of an incumbrance which was helping to weigh her down. It might well suit the new school of politicians in England to depreciate the colonies, and to blot out the old motto of ships, colonies and commerce, which went hand in hand together, but neither their theories nor their taunts could root out the affection from Canadian hearts for the old land beyond the sea, or make them trust it ever otherwise than as strong and large hearted men would treat an old and loving parent. (Enthusiastic cheers). He certainly believed that the more extended government they were about to enter upon, would be likely to lead to an earlier independence of any Imperial control, but it would be an independence gradual in its growth, and when it was attained, would leave no heart-burnings on one side, nor recollections of oppression on the other, but be for the united protection and support of both the mother land and the great country that had grown into a nation under its fostering care. It did seem strange to him always that English statesmen were so fond of continually referring to the United States, and endeavoring to draw examples from the institutions there for the better working of their own. They would be wiser in many respects, if they would sometimes look at their colonies, and particularly this colony, with the United States at their door, and ask themselves, why it was that the Canadians had not adopted their views and made those alterations which seemed so beneficial to them in the distance. At the very moment that the British isles were convulsed almost by a Reform movement for the extension of its suffrage, they had by the unanimous consent of all parties adopted greater restrictions to their's for the future government, and while many enlightened men were seeking universal suffrage and vote by ballot at home, we in this colony were unanimous in rejecting both. Why was this? It was because we loved our monarchial institutions, we had free and open voting in the sunlight, we thought that the possession of a property qualification was some guarantee for a careful exercise of the voting power, and we saw that the laws for the protection and security of life and property were administered among us with an honesty and fidelity that we could not find in the United States. (Cheers.) The Canadian colonists glory in their names as Britons, they can never forget the glorious stock from which they sprung, and how in the battle, in the field of fight, or the sterner duty of dying as our soldiers did in the *Birkenhead*, to save the lives of women and children, that name is as imperishable as the fame which those achievements have left on every page of history. (Cheers.) It should not be forgotten that in our new existence, we were destined more than ever to rival the United States in our political institutions, but in all the material things that make up national prosperity. They had already found that the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty was making more mischief to them than it was to us, they discern in the distance, and not in the far distance either, that our intercolonial intercourse is about to increase, and that new facilities were to be given to our trade and new openings made for our commerce which would injure them, while it built us up. The Americans had discovered that the Confederation would have the finest harbors and channels of internal communication in America, and that as a naval power it would be the finest in the world (cheers), and their jealousy was already showing itself even in the halls of Congress, where it was stated that the Monroe doctrine was to be applied to us, and we were not even to be allowed to govern ourselves in our own fashion, and call things after our old names. These may be but idle threats, but should they prove realities, Canada will prove itself worthy of its ancient name, and armed men spring up from Sandwich to Halifax to maintain our rights to a free government according to our own choice. (Loud cheers.) The hon. gentleman then alluded to the changes made in the Imperial bill from the Quebec scheme, and expressed his approval of them, as they must still further tend to hasten a legislative union. He then spoke upon local matters, and congratulated the electors upon the separation of Peel from York, which had been at last accomplished, and which had been the immediate occasion of this general festive gathering. He entered into a history of the question and showed his attention to their local wants, and concluded amid loud and hearty cheers, that he was prepared to retire from Peel, as he always said he would, if there was any man in the county upon whom his friends would unite, but if not, and they wished to have his services again, he was prepared to do his duty as he had hitherto done as their representative. (Loud and long continued cheering.)

Hon. M. C. Cameron, M. P. P., responded on behalf of the Parliament of Canada. We make the following extract:

"Reformers and Conservatives were alike desirous of defending our free institutions. It was only demagogues who were ready to vilify good men in hopes of being able to replace them themselves. He contended that certain demagogues who controlled newspapers in this country, were a curse to society, instead of being a blessing as they should be; and if there were any reporters present he wished them to take a note of his views on this subject—that he believed that the press of this country—with certain honorable exceptions, was a curse to society. (Laughter—in which the reporters joined to join.) He meant to say that the press was a curse to the country when it departed from what was honorable, straightforward and manly in the full British sense of the term. (Loud cheers.) As other gentlemen were to follow him he did not wish to occupy too much of their time. (Cries of "go on.") Well, when he was about to go into Parliament he was told that he would come out again without a character. (Laughter.) This, he contended, was very complimentary to him, as it showed at any rate that he had a character to lose. (Cheers). He had gone into Parliament, and he had received a few slaps now and then from the press, and he was honest enough to confess that perhaps he sometimes earned what he had received. (Laughter.) Perhaps it was well, however, to have Mentors like the press to correct people when they went wrong. (Laughter and cheers.) When he was about to offer himself for his present constituency, North Ontario men of both sides of politics took an interest in him and they invited him out to see them. It so happened that the very morning on which he went to the country a newspaper, which he admitted might be used as a great engine for good, got there as soon as he did, and he saw that there was something wrong with those whom he looked upon as friends. He could not make out the cause of the clouds on the features of his friends; but after a while he found out the cause of the trouble. He discovered that the *Globe* had reached his friends that morning with a flaming announcement that Mr. Cameron had gone to run in Ontario, but that he would run back again faster than he had gone out. (Laughter.) Well, that aroused his Highland blood, or as the proposer of the toast would do

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JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

NOTICE.

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BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

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OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

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THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

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Medical Officer.—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary.—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies.—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.
Medical Officer.—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents.—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer, ... Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior, ... Vacant
Almonte, ... Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham, ... Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville, ... Mr. R. Lemon
Pembroke, ... Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

Wanted Immediately,

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
Sparks-street.

Ottawa, March 6. 374tf

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 3 3-ut

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE BY

George E. Desbarats,

Corner of Sparks and O'Connor-sts.,

"GEOLOGY OF CANADA, 1866,"

BEING A

Report of the Geological Survey of Canada, from 1863 to 1866, under the Direction of Sir Wm. E. Logan, F.R.S., F. G.S.

PRICE $1.50.

Ottawa, March 8, 1867. 377a

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa, 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 50c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultanas,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Elemo Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffenll Herrings, Loch fyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum.
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Stree

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

STOVES

AT A BIG DISCOUNT,

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stoves in Canada.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO.

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

☞ See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

county of Carleton, calls the attention of the inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbacious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

NEW

SPRING TWEEDS!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CANADIAN TWEEDS!

Comprising the Choicest Goods, and Newest Styles, produced by the principal manufacturers in Canada.

All purchased on the most favorable terms, and offered at a moderate advance, at either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
Sparks-street, - - OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 6. 375y

1867. New Spring Goods. 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14, Rideau-street,

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF

New Spring Dress Goods,

New Spring Skirtings,

New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867. 374y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware; Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

— AT —

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

THIS BEING THE SEASON FOR Merry-Making, Balls, Parties, &c., &c., to meet the demand for DRESS SUITS, I have on hand a choice assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS!

And of everything necessary to get up orders in a style that defies competition.

Also a choice selection of

Beavers,
Coatings,
Trouserings.

&c., &c.

Ten per cent. off for Cash transactions.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Elgin Street,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1867. 331y

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wy

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 260-3m

FOR SALE.

150 Barrels Mess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples,
20 do. Choice Cheese.

On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	**$3,000,000.00**
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,178,100.74**
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,178,100.74**
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	**$4,075,830.55**
Increased Assets in 6 months	**$ 102,270.19**

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shown above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, put up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.

China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.

All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 298y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

TO LET,

A TWO STORY STONE HOUSE

CONTAINING TWELVE ROOMS, with Kitchen and Cellar complete, situated on Main street, Aylmer.

Apply to

MRS. RADMER,
Aylmer, C. E.

February 19, 1867. 362tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 368y

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Until Monday, the 25th Instant,

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A

Wooden Bridge with Swing

To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge,*" and addressed to

JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.

Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.

JAMES D. SLATER,
Supt. R. Canal.

309-td

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,

Clarence Street,

Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.

☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.

P. GORMAN.

Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 3o3-w8-3m

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital. - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES.

London,.....Liverpool,.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets over liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 187, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgage, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 85
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. rec'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 50	$ 20,785 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,150 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 01
1865	775,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323tf

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each: Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to

R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to

MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.

Apply to

JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Tea,
Sussex Street.

Ottawa February 7, 1867. 348-3m

TO LET A DWELLING House, containing Ten Rooms in the Desbarats' Block, Sparks Street, next to Mrs. Trotter's Restaurant. Possession immediate. Apply to

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Queen's Printer's Office.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

TO LET, A HOUSE CONtaining nine rooms, on Ottawa Street, south of Mathew's Hotel.

Apply on the premises, to

THOS. G. BURNS.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf.

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Bosserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 16, 1866. 46-utf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

ALSO

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City,

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots

FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:

W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, 9. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences, and other improvements.

Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa, with a house containing four tenements.

Lot No. 18, South Bowler street.

Apply at the Law Office of

LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327tf

FREEHOLD CITY PROPERTY FOR Sale very cheap and on reasonable terms. LOT NO. 25, North side of York Street, Ottawa, upon which is erected a large house 66 x 33 feet, containing four tenements, bringing a yearly rent of £84.

For particulars, apply to

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor, &c.

Ottawa, December 19. 311-3m

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 2d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.	
50 "	Martell's "
150 "	Hennessey. "
75 "	United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOODS LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting

AND FANCY GOODS,

is all very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot

For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS,

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 360d

NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED, The Volunteer's Active Service Manual; by Major Dixon.

The King's Own Borderers; by Grant. Woman against Woman; by Miss Maryatt. Too Good for Him; by Miss Maryatt. The Village on the Cliff; by Miss Thackeray. The Claverings; by Anthony Trollope. Duke, Mayien, and Hutchinson on the Dog. The Blood of Jesus; by Rev. Wm. Reid. The Apostolic Rite of Confirmation; by T. Bedford Jones, M. A., L. L. D.

The English Magazines FOR FEBRUARY. The American Magazines FOR MARCH.

The Nautical Almanac for 1867.

A most complete stock of Pew, Pocket, and Family Bibles, Prayer Books, Services, and Hymn Books.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House

Ottawa, February 22. 314y

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RE- ceived at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and Inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
SECRETARY.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376td

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S
PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTAB- lished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HA. now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

NOTICE.
GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE.

COAL OIL.

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD
OF
Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.
VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866,

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d358-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRE- sented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say:

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.

(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.

(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.

(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.

(e) The place wherein is then stored.

(f) The place to which it is to be removed.

(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.

(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.

(i) The time at which it is to be removed.

(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner.

(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and

(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed form supplied by the Department of Finance. Such forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) , (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) , there to be delivered to the (7) into the possession of (8) of (9) . The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be during the removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 } [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.

(2) His place of residence.

(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.

(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.

(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.

(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."

(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.

(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.

(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."

(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.

(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]. The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks, kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation, in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 | Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.

[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."

[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."

[4] The total gallons of the strength of proof for which the permit is granted.

[5] The owner's name and occupation in full

[6] His place of business.

[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.

[8] His place of business.

[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.

[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.

[11] The period named for the removal.

[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude general character of the business carried on such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servantt
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.

February 10. 62-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each deed, ment or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents.*

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents.*

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents.*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents.*

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

208-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1 1866. 12tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER,
NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers,
&C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,
SOUTH AMERICA,
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
Via New York.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT
Of the following rates by
CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
BRAZIL { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
CENTRAL AMERICA. { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
CHILI—Valparaiso	24	5	5 p oz
CUBA { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Pu rto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	
NICARAGUA { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
NICARAGUA { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
PERU—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
VENEZUELA { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
WEST INDIES—British— Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad	10	2	2 p 4oz
WEST INDIES,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas— Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	14	5	....
Australia and New Zealand *via* New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities:
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000.

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.
TENDERS

addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON,

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.

Post-Office Inspector's Office,
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. } 367dw9-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise

208tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE ED- ward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPOR- ation of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or trash or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the Police Court, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

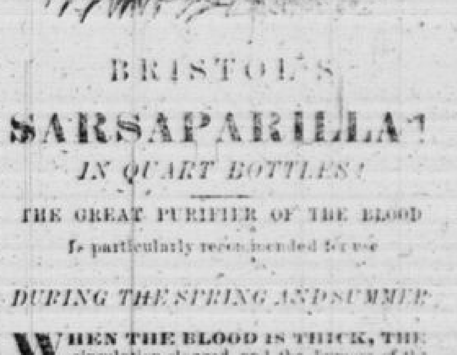
(Signed,)

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867.



BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA!
IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers.

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

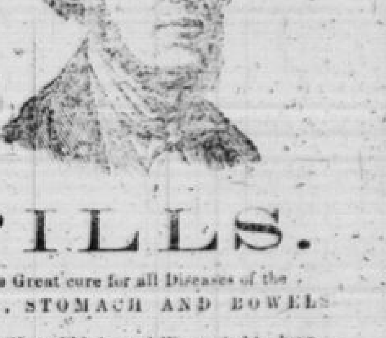
It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S
(Vegetable) Sugar Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS.

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale, by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, De Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48tf

At a Council held in the City of Quebec, on Monday, 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council was pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared that the item, "Iron Wire," "round or flat," mentioned in the Schedule E of the Act 29th, 30th Vic. Cap. 6, was intended to include, and is hereby declared to extend to and include flat wire for crinolines uncovered.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. C. E. C.

245tf

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1866:

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed in the 29th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled: "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that so much of the Order in Council of the 20th day of February last, as prohibits the importation or introduction of Horses into this Province, or into any part of it, by sea, be and the same is hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

280tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays Excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 379. | OTTAWA C. W. MONDAY, MARCH 11, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10 State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 285y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 256-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 182-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
S. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE, Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 2-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Lanner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 331y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 5th. 37-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c.
OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada.
OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C. E.
☞ Attends to all Law Cases in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 3

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 49, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-e

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.

DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, of Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus; the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. S. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flecks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa.

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any diseases of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they cansell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 230tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c.
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P.S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 232tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy6-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 5.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at..... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at..... 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

NOTICE.
Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 6th November, 1866.
WHEREAS the power given to Collectors of Customs by the Customs Act, Consolidated Statutes of Canada, Chapter 77, of retaining the invoices produced on the passing of Entries, has not been generally exercised, and that it has been found advisable to make it incumbent upon Collectors to retain the official custody, and place on file all such invoices—
Notice is hereby given that upon and after the FIRST day of JANUARY next, all invoices of goods, presented for entry at any of he Custom Houses in the Province, will be retained and put on file by the Collector of the Port, in conformity with the 13th section of the 29 and 30 Victoria, Cap. 6, and that certified copies thereof will be given by the Collector or proper officer, when required under the conditions therein mentioned.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
280tf

Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, 3rd October, 1866.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
Gulf of Mexico—United States.
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
THE following important Notice to Navigators has been issued from the Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London, in reference to a fixed Light on Cape St. George, Gulf of Mexico, United States, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
The substance of this Notice, as soon as it is received on board, is to be inserted in red ink on the Charts affected by it; and introduced into the margin or otherwise in the page, of the Sailing Directions to which it relates. See instructions, Navigation and Pilotage, p. 172.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
[No. 51.]
Gulf of Mexico—United States
FIXED LIGHT ON CAPE ST. GEORGE.
Information has been received at the Admiralty, that the Light on Cape St. George, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 1st day of August, 1866.
This light is a *fixed* white light, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 15 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT ON CAPE SAN BLAS.
Also, that the light on Cape San Blas, West Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 23rd day of July, 1866.
The light is a *fixed* white light, varied by a *flash* every minute and a half, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 16 miles.
FIXED AND FLASHING LIGHT AT JUPITER INLET.
Also, that the light at Jupiter Inlet, East Coast of Florida, was re-established on the 28th day of June, 1866.
The light is a *fixed* white light, varied by a *flash* every minute and a half.
NORTH ATLANTIC.
FOG SIGNAL AT WEST QUODDY HEAD, STATE OF MAINE.
Also, that on and after the 15th day of August, the fog signal at West Quoddy Head, Coast of Maine, would be made by means of a Daboll trumpet, operated by a Roper hot air engine, giving blasts of 5 seconds duration, with intervals of 20 seconds between the blasts.
The trumpet is placed in a small white building, a short distance south of the lighthouse, at an elevation of 75 feet above the mean level of the sea.
By command of their Lordships,
GEO. HENRY RICHARDS,
Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty,
London, 30th August, 1866.
This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts: St. George's sound, No. 2,898; West Indies, &c., No. 392 & 5; Lights in West Indies, No. 390. Bay of Fundy, No. 352; Halifax to Delaware, No. 2,670. 281tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment o
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
49 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47utf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.
Cloths and Clothing.
PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.
ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Con Lives Ont. always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 22 314tf

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread.....9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
☞ Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 306tf

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w8-5m

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the lateence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will no necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

DRUGS, &c.
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.
Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, ree of all charge, monthly, by
Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 239y

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 26th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHIDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may nder the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be appreh

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.
Capital Stove Depot—H. Meadows & Co.
Victoria Hotel to Let—Francis Clemow, Esq.
First-Class House to Let—George J. Marston.
American Invoices—R. S. M. Bouchette.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.30 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa	8.00 a. m. and 11.30 a. m.	11.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa,	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Original, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Up per Gatineau	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Pompleton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12.30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, *via* Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, *via* Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper.
OTTAWA, MARCH 11, 1867.

There appears to be no end of candidates for the representation of the County of Russell. Already we have announced some three or four aspirants for the honor of representing it in each Legislature, and we have now been informed on credible authority that it is the intention of Dr. Robert Hunter to again appeal to the electors for an expression of their confidence. Dr. Hunter will offer for the Canadian House of Commons.

The action of the American House of Representatives as reported in Saturday's Times, with reference to the Fenian outbreak in Ireland, is one of the most infamous exhibitions of international discourtesy ever perpetrated by any Legislative body. The notorious Fernando Wood was perhaps a fitting exponent of the sympathy towards the Fenian conspirators entertained by the American people, and his plan of expressing it had at least the double merit of being direct and intelligible. He wished to put on record an empty expression of sympathy involving no obligation of future aid to the Fenian party—a direct insult to the Imperial Government so plain and gross that it could not be noticed at all, unless by indignantly throwing the gauntlet in Jonathan's face. It was a plain, vulgar insult, containing neither promise to those with whom it sympathised, nor menace to those against whom it was directed. The latter clause, put hypothetically, about "the despotic governments of Europe" establishing monarchical institutions in America," merely signifies that when his hand was in he wished to have a fling at France as well as England. He did thorough justice to American political instincts by justifying the propagandism of American institutions in Europe, because of the transplanting of European institutions in America. His logic is unmitigated Yankee logic; he says, "in effect, "the despotic governments of England and "France have attempted the establishment "of monarchical institutions on this contin-"ent, which is a great crime against human "liberty and a violation of the Monroe doc-"trine; therefore, we Americans are fully "justified in interfering in European affairs, "with which we have not the slightest concern, "and in which we are forbidden by our laws "and the spirit of our institutions to inter-"fere." The *sequitur* is too self-evident to need elucidation. Mr. Wood is a brawling Democrat, the pet of the "corder grocery" and kindred institutions; he goes point blank to his mark, and you know at once that he means an insult, and he means nothing more.

With Mr. Banks and the Radical majority who spoiled Mr. Wood's plain way of dealing with the case, it is far more difficult to come to an understanding. Professing equal, or even greater sympathy with the Fenian cause, and equal horror at the prospect of "monarchical institutions" taking root on American soil, they were not satisfied with a blunt expression of opinion, but must in a manner challenge diplomatic notice by referring the resolution to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. It follows, therefore, that "in view "of events transpiring on the Northern fron-"tier of the United States," the foreign relations of the Union are at once referred to a standing Committee of the House. This proceeding may perhaps be as barren of result as the adoption of Fernando Wood's resolution certainly would have been, but it has the additional demerit of leaving the door open for the perpetuation of further impertinences in the same direction, and may be used, should occasion offer, as a means of leading to active interference in our affairs. Mr. Banks, as the author of the famous bill for the incorporation of these Colonies with the United States, may naturally be expected to look with jealousy on the "British North America Act," as designed to defeat his project, and knowing, as we have had such good reason to know, the kind of morality by which the dominant party in the United States are actuated, we cannot suppose that they would hesitate to adopt more active measures to influence our destiny, if they saw any reasonable prospect of success.

But the immediate effect of this parade of Fenian sympathy on the part of the American House of Representatives, whether as expressed by Wood or Banks, will be to raise the hopes of the Fenian conspirators in the United States. They cannot be expected to regard as so much transparent humbug, these professions of sympathy with "the cause of Ireland," nor to believe that these cunning politicians are only bidding for the Irish vote for their party. On the contrary they will believe that they mean a great deal more, instead of a great deal less than they really say, and that consequently the United States are only waiting the opportunity to strike a blow against England. This belief will doubtless give an impetus to Fenian recruiting that cannot fail to inspire the leaders with fresh hopes, and may by possibility be the cause of fresh annoyances to us. It is here that the cunning malignity of Banks excels the outspoken hatred of Wood. The former sees that a mere expression of sympathy with rebellion in Ireland, which was all that the latter contemplated, is of but trifling effect, either as against England, or as tending to the fulfilment of "manifest destiny," when compared with the encouragement of the belief among the Fenians, that the United States may, and probably will, interfere to prevent the consummation of Confederation. This belief settled in the minds of the Fenians will lead them to consider themselves as but fulfilling the desires of the American Government, by harassing these Colonies, and making way for their annexation to the United States. Mr. Banks no doubt wished by his action to show that his sympathies were more actively engaged with those who made the British Colonies the point of attack, and hence his reference to the committee "in view of events "transpiring on the Northern frontier." In so far as the Americans are concerned we anticipate nothing but talk on the subject, but we cannot be deceived as to the pernicious influence which such talk has in keeping alive an organization, the very toleration of which is a blot on the character of the American people.

The Hon. Joseph Howe, as already announced, has declared his determination to renew the anti-Confederate fight at Ottawa, and we learn from a parting shot which he and his co-labourers, Messrs. Annand and Macdonald, also of Nova Scotia, have jointly discharged at the colonial office, what his policy is to be. This parting shot is in the shape of a letter to the Colonial Secretary, protesting against Confederation, and threatening that if Great Britain would only permit them, the Nova Scotians would fight the Canadians rather than unite with them. As, however, Great Britain will hardly indulge Mr. Howe in this dangerous pastime, it is to be presumed that he will confine himself to the ordinary weapons in use by political demagogues, and fortunately in this instance at all events for the Canadians, they know what these are, and have seen them used already, so that they will not be altogether unprepared for Mr. Howe's onslaught. He attributes the Fenian movement and the hostile conduct of the American Government to the inception and carrying out of the Confederation scheme, thereby substantially agreeing with Messrs. Raymond, Banks, Wood and other violent "anti-Britishers" in the United States, that our Confederation is a menace to their institutions.

The point of chief interest in the letter of the trio, is, however, to be found in the passage where the benefits conferred upon Nova Scotia by the Confederation Bill, are contrasted with those offered by Mr. Banks's Annexation Bill of last year. On this subject Mr. Howe says:—

"The terms offered to the Maritime Provinces are far more liberal than those grudgingly yielded by the Canadians. Let us contrast them. By General Banks's bill Nova Scotia would at once secure free trade with thirty-four millions of people, whose markets are accessible at all seasons, instead of with three millions, who are frozen up for half the year, and in summer can only be got at by a long tedious river navigation. They would participate in the American fishing bounties, so long as these last. They would secure protection abroad, which the Canadians cannot give them. Capital would flow in, from Boston and New York, to work their mines and employ their water power. Canada has none to spare. Turning from material to political interests, how would matters stand? Nova Scotia would enter the Union as a State, clothed with the accustomed rights, and guarded by recognised securities. She would select her own governors, judges and senators, uncontrolled by any Federal authority. All these, by the Quebec scheme, are to be selected for her by the ruling parties at Ottawa; and while she elected all her own state legislators and officers, the Supreme Court should protect her in case of collision or encroachment."

These propositions are clenched with further arguments to the same effect, but the above will show that Mr. Howe prefers the bill of Mr. Banks to the bill of Lord Carnarvon, and as he has promised to renew the fight at Ottawa, we are forced to the conclusion that he comes here as the avowed advocate of annexation. Mr. Howe is one of the "leading Reformers" of the Maritime Provinces with whom the re-organised Reformers of the West are called upon to be ready to unite. Are they prepared to support his views? Their chief organiser is steadily pitching into the Confederation Bill, and thus far he and Mr. Howe are at one, though arriving at the same conclusion for different reasons. Will they be able also to agree upon the merits of the annexation scheme as propounded by Mr. Banks?

The *Leader* states that Mr. Seymour Hubertus has been endeavoring to secure the support of the electors of East York, for election to the Local Parliament, one of his qualifications being that he is a clerk of the Legislative Council.

Mr. Geo. K. Chisholm and Mr. John White, M. P. P., are about to settle which of them shall have "the best of three" in the game of winning the confidence of the electors of Halton. Each have had a victory and a defeat in the two former contests between them. The coming battle promises to be a keen one.

Fire on Sunday Morning.—About a quarter to four on Sunday morning, the Lower Town bells gave forth the alarm of fire. On proceeding to the scene, on the corner of George and Dalhousie-streets, we found that a small frame cottage, and the building adjoining known as "Ebenezer's Chapel" were on fire. Both having been unoccupied for some time, plainly indicates that the demon hand of the incendiary has again been at work. The frame cottage was burned to the ground, and the chapel roof burned out. The want of systematic management was as usual plainly observable, not that we have any fault to find with the firemen, for on all occasions they discharge their duty manfully and fearlessly, but the brigade cannot help feeling that their efforts, to a very great extent, are paralyzed, from the want of an engineer, whose duty it would be to husband and direct their energetic labors. We hope, ere long, to see our new council take up this matter, and in unison with the brigade's feelings on the subject, appoint an engineer, and thus save a large amount of money to the city, and at the same time give greater force and eclat to the labors of the firemen.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

THE FENIANS.

They Hold the Police Barracks at Ketteel.

Bands of Fenians in Cork, Waterford, Tipperary and Limerick Counties.

STEPHENS IN PARIS.

The Town of Tipperary still Threatened.

Large Quantities of Arms and Ammunition Discovered.

Dublin, March 8.—A despatch from Waterford reports that the Fenians had appeared in force on Devil's Bit Mountain, in Tipperary County. Troops with artillery had been despatched to dislodge them The result of the battle is not yet known. The insurgents muster in strong force, particularly in the County of Tipperary. No bands have yet appeared in Wicklow County, and the town of Wicklow is quiet. Reports from Drogheda state that there has been no further disturbance in that city up to this hour. Twelve of the foremost rebel leaders have been captured. The Fenians have captured and hold possession of the police barracks at Ketteel, in the County of Kildare.

London, March 9—Evening.— Despatches from Dublin state that small bands of Fenians are patrolling the counties of Cork, Waterford, Tipperary, and Limerick, pressing the people into their ranks, and committing robberies everywhere. The taverns in the city of Cork are to be closed every evening at dark.

James Stephens is reported to be still in Paris.

London, March 9—Noon.—It is reported from Ireland to-day that tranquility has been restored throughout the province of Leinster, and that there has been no recent disturbance in the county of Kerry, the scene of the abortive outbreak of last month.

Dublin, March 9.—Despatches from Waterford state that the Galy Mountains on the border of Tipperary and Cork counties are swarming with Fenians, and it is feared that an attack will be made upon the town of Tipperary, the inhabitants of which are disaffected and strongly disposed to help them.

London, March 9.—An official despatch received from Ireland says that loads of arms have been discovered and seized by the military, and that this fact seems to confirm the reports that the rising of the Irish has failed to be general.

Mediation between Turkey and her Christian Subjects.

London, March 8—Evening.—It is stated that the leading powers of Europe have united in urging upon the Ottoman government the immediate enforcement of the provisions of the treaties of 1856, and the granting of liberal concessions to its Christian subjects.

A New Atlantic Cable Line.

London, March 9.—Mr. Cyrus W. Field has communicated the purpose on which chiefly he came hither a few weeks ago, by contracting for a submarine cable, to be laid from Placentia, Newfoundland, to Sydney, Cape Breton. This enterprise looks to still greater security for regular and prompt transmission of cable news between the United States and the old world.

Reorganisation of the Derby Government.

London, March 9—Evening.—The reorganisation of the Derby Government has been completed; the Duke of Marlborough becomes Lord President of the Privy Council in place of the Duke of Buckingham who was appointed Colonial Secretary, and the Duke of Richmond will take the chair at the head of the Board of Trade.

Burial of Chas. F. Browne.

The funeral of Chas. F. Browne, "Artemus Ward," took place to-day; the remains were followed to the grave by a great number of literary gentlemen and friends, including many Americans.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

A Switch-Tender Found Guilty of Manslaughter.

Newark, N. J., March 9.—Edward O'Brien, a New Jersey Railroad switch-tender, has been convicted of manslaughter and fined six hundred dollars, and sentenced to three months' imprisonment for negligence, causing an accident by which two passengers were killed last summer.

Congress.

Washington, March 9.—It appears to be conceded to-day, that this session of Congress will continue for several weeks; but with the understanding that no new financial measures shall be agreed upon.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 9, 1867.

The Roman Catholic Bishop Lynch again offers to take charge of the General Hospital here, and manage it without expense to the city. The Bishop proposes that institution shall be kept under the present Board of Directors, and that clergy of all denominations shall have free access to the same, as heretofore; but that the domestic management of the hospital shall be in the hands of the Sisters of Mercy; that 85 poor patients shall be maintained on yearly Government grants, instead of 50, as at present, and that all other revenues of the hospital be applied to pay debts, and put it in more comfortable order.

A man was robbed in Stanley-street yesterday of $150. He was intoxicated at the time.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 9, 1867.

Yesterday afternoon the match for the Ogilvie snuff-box was played by the Caledonia Club. The President, A. A. Stephenson, carried off the prize.

The Seminary has sold the Recollect Church property in Notre Dame-street, to Lewis, Kay & Co., for $81,000.

A desperate affray took place yesterday evening, opposite the American House, between a French Canadian and two Englishmen. A dispute arose about a horse the former had purchased, and blows followed afterwards, and the Canadian was knocked down and kicked, and it is feared dangerously hurt.

A Law Student Society has been organized in this city.

The inauguration of Mr. Starnes as Mayor of the city, takes place on Monday.

In the Queen's Bench yesterday, what is popularly known as the Carter's Case was commenced. Henry Stuart opened the case on behalf of the carters. The object is to prevent the Grand Trunk from carting goods transported on their railway, to the stores of merchants and citizens of Montreal.—This service is performed by the Grand Trunk Company, in virtue of a tariff imposing tolls for freight. The pretension of the appellant is that the tolls, including cartage rates, cannot be imposed legally. The decision of the Court below appealed from was that the service was essentially part of the work of the company as common carriers, and they could impose tolls covering cartage rates. The same system is pursued in Toronto and Kingston. Mr. Stuart had not concluded his argument when the Court rose. He will resume to-day, and be followed by Mr. Dorion, for the carters. Mr. Ritchie will reply, for the Grand Trunk.

—The Chairman of the U. S. Committee on Foreign Relations requested to be discharged on Thursday from the consideration of the memorial against Confederation presented to Congress by some Canadians residing in the States. Leave was granted, and, so far as Congress is concerned, the matter falls through.

MR. AND MRS. HAMONDI'S PUPILS.

Minutes of a meeting of the pupils attending Mr. and Mrs. Hamondi's evening class held at Mrs. Hackett's school-room on Thursday evening, the 7th of March, 1867.

Moved by Mr. Clemow, seconded by Mr. Dobbs, that Mr. James Fraser do take the chair, and that Mr. Davis do act as Secretary.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Leslie, seconded by Mr. Hodgson, that the thanks of the pupils attending Mr. and Mrs. Hamondi's classes are due to and are hereby tendered to Daniel McLachlin, Esq., for his kindness in allowing them to have the use of the magnificent dining hall of the Russell House on Monday evening last, for the purpose of having their juvenile ball.—Carried unanimously.

Moved by Mr. Clemow, seconded by Mr. Rose, that the thanks of the pupils aforesaid are also due, and are hereby tendered to Mr. Gouin and Mr. Dow, for their kindness and assistance on that occasion.—Carried unanimously.

Moved by Mr. Davis, seconded by Mr. Dobbs, that the thanks of the meeting are due, and are hereby tendered to the proprietors and editors of the Ottawa Times and *Citizen* newspapers for the pleasing notice given by them respectively of such juvenile ball, and that the foregoing resolutions be forwarded by the Secretary to those gentlemen.—Carried unanimously.

James Fraser, Chairman.

Moved by Mr. Rose, seconded by Mr. Leslie, that the thanks of the meeting be given to Mr. James Fraser, for the very able manner in which he has presided.—Carried.

SOCIAL MEETING AND PRESENTATION.

The gentlemen of the Congregational Church gave a social tea-party to their friends on Friday evening, which was numerously attended, and passed off pleasantly, every one seeming to enjoy themselves to the utmost. The opportunity was made use of to present a very handsome, well-filled purse to the pastor, Mr. Elliott; also, a highly-finished Bible, for pulpit use, which was accompanied by the following address:

Rev'd Sir,—I have been deputed to present a Bible for the use of the pulpit of this church. It is the result of a subscription by a few friends, members of this church and congregation, in whose behalf I now beg acceptance.

Rev'd Sir, in doing this I beg to state in all sincerity that this donation has been induced mainly from a feeling of high respect and esteem entertained by us, for you, not only in your capacity as our pastor and spiritual teacher, but likewise for your qualities as a kind, sympathizing and affectionate friend.

This, Sir, is the Book, and may it please Providence to spare you many years, to expound the great truths it contains to this people, which you do so well and so ably, and may your heart be cheered and your hands strengthened in the work, by having, on all occasions, before you attentive, appreciative and edified listeners, and may you have the pleasure of seeing the church well filled and that right speedily.

This was replied to by Mr. Elliot, in a neat and appropriate manner. The book is bound in a very handsome style, we understand, and its splendid workmanship does great credit to the establishment of our enterprising townsman, Mr. G. E. Desbarats, where it was executed. Several gentlemen addressed the meeting in a very happy manner.

THE ADDRESS TO THE REV. MR. PHILLIPPS.

[Mr. W. A. Maingy informs us that the following letter "was sent to the *Citizen* and refused publication;" and he asks us to insert it in the Times. Though disapproving the settlement of "family quarrels" by newspaper correspondence, as Mr. Maingy, and those for whom he writes, conceive they have been placed in a wrong position by a communication already published in the *Citizen*, and since they have been denied the opportunity of making a reply through the same channel, we have deemed it only fair to comply with Mr. Maingy's request. The letter, as sent to the *Citizen*, had the signature of another party attached, which has since been withdrawn at his own request.—Ed. Times.]

To the Editor of the Ottawa Citizen:

Dear Sir,—In your issue of this morning the Revd. Mr. Lauder informs you that "there "is a slight mistake in the address to the "Revd. Mr. Phillipps, published in the Otta-"wa *Citizen* of this morning: it is that his ser-"vices at New Edinburgh have been *gratuitous*," thus giving a flat contradiction to those ladies who signed the address on behalf of the ladies of New Edinburgh. Very courteous certainly, on the part of the Rector! Notwithstanding, however, we still maintain that Mr. Phillipps has performed, *gratuitously*, the duties of assistant minister. The proof? He has received no salary—was not promised one—nor did he volunteer those services with any expectation of a salary. Mr. Lauder again says: "At my afternoon service in New "Edinburgh Mr. Phillipps assists me *alternately*," "for which he receives the whole proceeds of "the offertory." Here again the worthy Rector is at fault—'tis true that knowing Mr. Phillipps performed the duties of assistant minister *gratuitously*, he *very generously* permitted him to hold the whole of those proceeds for his personal benefit—but that those services were performed *alternately* is in fact a mistake.

From 1st October, 1865, to present date:—

Mr. Lauder read prayers	21	Sundays.
Mr. Phillipps "	54	"
Mr. Lauder preached	30	"
Mr. Phillipps "	45	"

Moreover, for eight consecutive Sundays Mr. Lauder did not appear at New Edinburgh.

The worthy Rector also stated that, "for the "year ending Oct. 1st, last, he (Mr. Phillipps,) "received on an average, very nearly four dol-"lars for each service performed by him." Here again is a mistake—the collections on seventy-five Sundays (for nearly a year and a half) amounted to, (deducting expenses) one hundred and eighteen dollars seventy cents—average about one dollar fifty-eight cents.

And lastly—you are informed by Mr. Lauder that "my services there, have been, and "still are gratuitously given."

(I fear, Mr. Editor, the ladies have been guilty of a great oversight, in not presenting Mr. Lauder with a surplice and stole.)

To this we will merely reply, that New Edinburgh being most persistently included by the Rector in his Parish, he, as such, is in receipt of an annual salary, and if he cannot afford church accommodation in the city, to those of his parishioners who reside in New Edinburgh, it is but proper he should give them the means of attending Divine service at least once on every Sunday in New Edinburgh; this he has done, and we sincerely thank him, at the same time we maintain, that for each extra service performed by himself personally, he is paid in his capacity as Rector.

In conclusion we here remark how desirable it is that our clergy should follow the example of their Revd. Brethren of the Roman Catholic church, who never make public exposures, through newspapers, or otherwise, of any petty annoyance or misunderstanding which may unhappily occur between themselves, or those over whom they have charge.

We are, dear sir,
Your obedt. servt.
W. Anstruther Maingy.

New Edinburgh, March 7, 1867.

—Three brothers of the name of Mizer were tried and hung in Jasper County, Missouri, lately. The next morning two more of the band of horse thieves were lynched. One made confession, and a list of persons involved in their crimes was taken. One of the Mizer brothers stated that while making a trip to and returning from Texas, he killed and helped to kill fifteen men, and that he killed every man he met who appeared to have any money, and that the last victim had but $7.50.

—There is a rumor prevailing that Mr. Justice Caron is to be the Lieut.-Governor of the Province of Quebec. We are unable to make any announcement touching the truth of this rumor; but there is this to say, Judge Caron has strong political claims for such promotion. Shortly after the Union of 1841, he was a man of note in the Lafontaine-Baldwin party; and the position which he has occupied would make such promotion a natural one.—*Montreal Gazette.*

LOCAL NEWS.

The Royal Victoria Hotel.—We understand that the Hon. Mr. Skead, and Messrs. Heney and Pritchard have become the owners of this fine property, and that it is designed to have it fitted up and opened for business as soon as possible. An advertisement offering it to let, will be found elsewhere.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 9, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 9 above zero.

9 a. m., 26 above zero.
Noon, shade, 32 above zero.
6 p. m., 27 above zero.

The St. Patrick's Dinner Committee.—Through the kindness of the Hon. Mr. Skead and Mr. Heney, the Royal Victoria Hotel has been placed at the service of the committee, for the purpose of holding the anniversary dinner on this day week.—The committee are requested to meet this morning at eleven o'clock sharp, at Kavanagh's Saloon, to complete arrangements.

Will be Tried To-morrow.—Mrs. Ouilette for breaking her husband's head, will probably be brought up to-morrow morning at the Police Court. When told that her husband might die from the effects of his wound, she expressed herself quite easy on the score, saying that he would eat under any circumstances, sick or well, and she was quite sure that a person who ate as much as he did would not die, and that she should not be hanged. She is very uneasy in her present quarters, however, and believes that her husband will be glad to pay the fine, however heavy it may be, which the magistrate may impose.

"Twa Dogs" Killed.—One day last week considerable bad feeling was engendered between two friends, through the misconduct of a dog, of which one of them was the owner. The offended party poisoned the offending dog, the owner of which killed a dog owned by the other. The owners of the two dogs discussed the question in such angry terms, loud tones and menacing gestures, that some timid friends began to fear that another corpse or two might be added to the number. Discretion prevailed in the end, and though the dogs are dead, the men live. Ottawa could afford to lose a hundred or two of dogs, and be quite as well off as with them. Another troublesome dog scrape occurred on Friday.

A Runaway.—On Saturday a gentleman who had great faith in the training which he had given his horse allowed him to go with his cutter on Rideau-street unattended, thinking to convince the by-standers that he would be perfectly obedient to his call, and it was thought at first that he would, for he two or three times turned as if to obey and come to hand. The lightness of the load behind, however, tempted him to take an unrestrained airing by himself, and he walked leisurely off towards the bridge. The shouting which was raised to stop him, induced him to trot at a fast pace, when a youth who saw him coming threw himself into the cutter, seized the reins, and brought the disobedient horse to his owner.

Donations.—The Committee of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum, beg to acknowledge with many thanks, the following donations towards the support of the institution, collected in the Township of Hull by Messrs. John Quain and Michael Shea, J. P.:—M. Shea, Esq., J.P., span of horses two days; A. Wright, M. P. P., $20; John Foran, Esq., 5; Wm. Battison, Esq., 1; Mrs. A. Leamy, 2; Thos. McGoey, Esq., J. P., Mayor, 2; Mrs. Thos. McGoey, 1; Miss E. McGoey, 50c; Miss M. McGoey, 50c; Master J. McGoey, 50c; Miss E. Cotherel, 50c; H.J. Coll, Esq., 2; Joseph Cote, Esq., 50c; Miss Watson, 2; Mr. Donnelly, 75c; Mr. Burk, 50c; Mr. Martin Maloney, 50c; Richard Burk, Esq., 2; Mrs. M. Burk, 60c; Mrs. Cashman, 50c; Maurice Foley, Esq., 1; Mr. John Kirk, 50c; Mr. Wm. Pool, 50c; Ed. Farrell, Esq., 1; Mr. J.R. Hamilton, 50c; Mr. D. Evans, 50c; G. L. Chilley, Esq., 1; James Grogan, Esq., 1; Mr. Michael Burk, 50c; Mr. James Meath, 50c; Mr. Wm. Shehion, 50c; D. L. Kendall, Esq., 1; Mr. G. Church, 50c; Thos. Moore, Esq., 1; Mr. George Link, 50c; Mr. R. McKenzie, 25c; H. B. Prentiss, Esq., 1; Mr. M. Hoey, 50c; Mr. Wm. Patterson, 50c; Mr. Jerh. Sheahon, 25c; Mrs. M. Walsh, 50c; Michael Grimes, Esq., 1; John Grimes, Esq., 1; Mrs. M. Grimes, 1; Mrs. J. Grimes, 1; Mrs. McGoey, Aylmer, 1; Mr. M. Forin, 50c; Mr. A. M. Holt, 25c; Mr. John Christy, 25c; A Friend, 25c; Mr. John Murphy, 50c; John Mulligan, Esq., 1; Mr. Wm. Quirk, 25c; Henry Christy, Esq., 1; Mr. D. B. McDonnell, 50c; Mrs. D. B. McDonnell, 50c; Mr. Thos. Kelly, 50c; Mr. Felix McDonnell, 25c; Mr. Wm. Bradley, 50c; Mr. John McGinnis, 50c; Mr. James Burk, 25c; Mr. Garrel Fortune, 25c; Mr. Michael McClusky, 50c; Mr. U. Lynott, 50c; Mr. P. Hanratty, 50c; Mr. Jno. Stapleden, 25c; Mr. E. Dean, 50c; Mr. Thos. O'Meara, 20c; Mr. A. Farrell, 50c; Mrs. John Carrigan, 1; Mrs. A. Carrigan, 1; A. Carrigan, Esq., 1; Mrs. McCluskey, 25c; Patrick Walsh, Esq., 1; Miss C. Walsh, 20c; Mr. Jer. Blake, 50c.

BOARD OF R. C. S. S. TRUSTEES.

Ottawa, March 7, 1867.

The Board met at 7½ o'clock, p.m.

Present:—Rev. J. L. O'Connor, chairman; Messrs. Peachy, McGreevy, Goode, Triolle, Proulx, and Duhamel.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

A communication from P. G. Leyden, teacher, was read and laid on the table; as also accounts from Pierre Rocque, J. McCarthy, and J. O'Reilly.

Moved by R. H. McGreevy, seconded by E. Proulx, that the Rev. J. J. Collins be, and he is hereby appointed Local Superintendent of the Roman Catholic Separate Schools for this city.—Carried.

Moved by D. Goode, seconded by J. W. Peachy, that the communication of Mr. Leyden be received, and that he be furnished with desks, benches, and firewood, on the same footing as the other schools.—Carried.

Moved by M. Duhamel, seconded by D. Goode, that the chairman be and he is hereby authorised to sign cheques in favor of John McCarthy for $30, rent of school-house in Upper-town, and J. O'Reilly, secretary, for $35.60, for firewood and sawing, as per receipts.—Carried.

Moved by R. H. McGreevy, seconded by E. Proulx, that the account of Mr. Rocque be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by J. W. Peachey, seconded by C. Triolle, that the secretary be and he is hereby instructed to notify the members of the Finance and Assessment Committee to meet on Thursday next, 14th instant, and the chairman is hereby authorised to sign cheques for such accounts as may be recommended by them.—Carried.

The meeting then adjourned.

John O'Reilly, Secretary.

—Lord Ernest Vane Tempest, who has lately been sentenced to three months' imprisonment for an assault committed on a brother officer, upwards of ten years ago, served in the Confederate army during the late civil war, under his own family name of Captain Stewart. He appears to have been a most distinguished cavalry officer in the Southern army, and was very much liked by his comrades in arms.

TELEGRAPHIC

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Immense Freshet in the South.

Macon, Ga., March 8.—The whole Virginia and Tennessee valley has just been visited with the heaviest freshet that has occurred within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. The whole valley from Lynchburg to Chattanooga has been swept by the swollen streams. It rained incessantly for three days, from the 2nd instant, overflowing all the streams in Virginia. The Virginia and Tennessee railroad is badly damaged and the trains blockaded.

Loss of the ship "Washington."

San Francisco, March 8.—A Victoria telegram says that during a heavy storm the ships *Mary Glover* and *Washington* went ashore on Vancouver's Island. The *Washington* was abandoned, but the *Glover* may be saved.

The Indian War in Idaho.

The Idaho *Avalanche* of the 16th says: Gen. Cook is prosecuting the Indian war with great vigor, notwithstanding the winter season. At the battle of Stern Mountain, 60 Indians were killed and 30 taken prisoners.

Fire and Loss of Life in Washington.

Washington, March 8.—A fire to-night destroyed the building on the south-west corner of Rome Avenue and 6th street. Six or seven persons it is supposed were killed by falling walls; two dead bodies have been found.

Gen. Thomas Declines the Presidential Nomination.

New York, March 9.—A letter from Gen. Geo. H. Thomas, is published declining the nomination for President, proposed by the Union men of Tennessee.

The Fenian Movement in Ireland.

The *Herald's* Dublin correspondent of Feb. 22nd says: The greatest preparations to guard against any attempt at outbreak in Dublin are still kept up. The soldiers are rarely let out of barracks, and not at all during the night. Meetings of the Privy Council are held almost daily, presided over by the Lord-Lieutenant, and daily reports of the state of the country submitted to them.

An Interview with Jeff. Davis.

Fortress Monroe, March 9.—Three of the most prominent merchants of New York city, on a general tour of observation to the Southern States, spent yesterday afternoon in an interview with Mr. Davis. On leaving the Fort they expressed their surprise that Mr. Davis was so comfortably provided for.

How the Freedmen's Bureau Works.

A communication to the Richmond *Examiner* dated Williamsburg, Va., says: The Freedmen's Bureau protegee near Williamsburgh are in arms. It seems that a highly respected citizen of that neighborhood rented his plantation to certain of the Bureau officers, who sublet it to the negroes, or who perhaps rented it in the first instance for the negroes, a large number of whom took possession a few days ago. The proprietor went to the Bureau to collect his rents, and was referred to the negroes, who declined paying him anything, claiming that they had a right to the land. The aid of the Bureau officers was invoked, who proceeded to the plantation. On arriving there they were met by a large number of the negroes armed, who refused to disband, and repeated their refusal to pay any rent. At last accounts messengers had been sent to Old Point with a request for a military force large enough to put down the trouble.

Shocking Loss of Life at a Fire.

Washington, March 9.—Four dead bodies have thus far been taken from the ruins of the fire, which occurred last night. Among them were that of P. Merrick, the keeper of an adjoining restaurant, who, with others, was killed by the falling of the walls of his own back building. Several persons who, by the same cause, were precipitated into the cellars, succeeded in escaping without material damage.

New York Money Market.

New York, March 9.—The *Post's* financial article says the loan market is easy at 6 per cent. Discounts unchanged. Stocks unsettled and irregular with more inclination to speculate. Governments steady. Railroad shares closed with an upward tendency.

Shipment of Specie.

The European steamers to-day took out $55,962.

Burning of a Steamer.

The steamer *Gypsey* took fire at the Long Dock, Jersey City, early this morning and was destroyed to the water's edge. She was an old vessel and not of much value.

$20,000 for the Defence of Jeff. Davis.

New York, March 9.—The *Commercial's* special says: The Mississippi Legislature has appropriated $20,000 to be expended in the defence of Jeff. Davis.

VOLUNTEER MILITIA.

Headquarters, Ottawa, March 8, 1867.

General Orders.

No. 1.—Serjeant-Major John Brown appointed provincial storekeeper at Hamilton, vice Lt.-Col. Booker, who resigns that appointment.

Ottawa Provisional Brigade Garrison Artillery—No. 1 Battery.—To be 1st Lieutenant: 2nd Lieutenant Wm. George Bedard, vice Parsons, promoted.

Ottawa Provisional Battalion—No. 2 Company.—To be Captain: Lieutenant Griffiduis Mann, vice Potter, resigned.

To be Lieutenant, acting till further orders: Ensign Ebenezer McGillivray, vice Mann, promoted.

To be Ensign, acting till further orders: William Cherry, gentleman, vice McGillivray, promoted.

Grand Trunk Railway Brigade, 1st Battalion Montreal.—Lieut. and Adjutant Townsend to have the rank of Captain.

No. 3.—The following officers of the Volunteer Militia, having appeared before a board of officers at Toronto, for the purpose of having their qualifications tested, have received second class certificates, viz:—Captain James Stephenson, 4th Batt. G. T. R. Brigade; do. Henry C. Bourlier, do.; do. Charles C. Banks, do.; do. Edward Hardman, do.; 1st Lieut. John A. Carlaw, do.; do. Edward Parkinson, do.; do. James F. Johnson, do.; do. Robert Ferguson, do.; 2nd Lieut. Walter M. Tenny, do.; do. James Murray, do.; do. James Hardman, do.; do. W. H. Boxall, gentleman, do.

By command of His Excellency the Administrator of the Government of the Province of Canada.

P. L. MacDougall, Colonel,
Adjutant-General of Militia, Canada.

—Never be ashamed of confessing your ignorance, for the wisest man upon earth is ignorant of many things, insomuch that what he knows is a mere nothing in comparison to what he does not know. But we apprehend very few are ignorant of the wonderful effects of the "Canadian Pain Destroyer;" it is a most sure and rapid cure for colds, rheumatism, pleurisy, cholic, cholera morbus, and all summer complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cents per bottle.

Health is Strength.—To prevent or conquer disease is one of the grandest attainments ever aimed at by man; and Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers will as sure cure coughs, colds, tickling in the throat and pulmonary complaints, as war and pestilence will destroy. Severe colds, if not attended to, sooner or later lead to incurable consumption, and the strength of the strongest soon fails if neglected. The readiest and best means known for the cure of these complaints is "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers," which have been thoroughly tried for the last twenty years, and have never been known to fail. Singers and public speakers will also derive great benefit from the use of them. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

Poor Horses.—There are thousands of poor horses dragging out a miserable existence, suffering from a variety of diseases, rendering them almost worthless, that would be restored to a healthy and sound condition, and a value given to them of which their owners never dreamed, would they but use the means within their reach. From one to three packages of Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine will in all cases produce a satisfactory result; hundreds have testified to this fact. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

"Capital" Stove Depot!

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF

Houses and Building Lots

IN THE

Village of New Edinburgh and City of Ottawa.

THE MACKAY ESTATE WILL OFfer for sale by public auction, at the office of the Estate in the Village of New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 16th DAY OF MARCH, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, about Thirty desirable Building Lots, some with dwellings thereon in the Village of New Edinburgh. Six of these Lots front upon the Rideau River, and six (which will be sold as Villa Lots, if desired) front upon the Park and Cricket Ground of the Governor-General's residence.

Also, at the same time and place, Twelve Lots in Lower Town, Ottawa, three with dwelling houses thereon, and one on Dalhousie-street having a large building suitable for a factory. The Lots are on St. Andrew, Cathcart, Bolton, Botelor, Baird and Dalhousie-streets—three being Ordnance Lots.

TERMS: One-third cash; balance by instalments at 7 per cent. interest, payable in 3 or 5 years, to suit purchasers. Conditions made known at day of sale.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, March 7. 378td

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

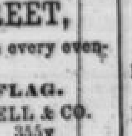
NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y



New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.
STILL WE PROGRESS.
OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 321y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold By
W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa.
377tf

STOVES

AT A BIG DISCOUNT,

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stoves in Canada.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

Wanted Immediately,

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
Sparks-street.
375tf

Ottawa, March 6.

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless, do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.

Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety;
Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DeKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS,
andles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE BY

George E. Desbarats,

Corner of Sparks and O'Connor-sts.,

"GEOLOGY OF CANADA, 1866,"

BEING A

Report of the Geological Survey of Canada, from 1863 to 1866, under the Direction of Sir Wm. E. Logan, F.R.S., F.G.S.

PRICE $1.50.

Ottawa, March 8, 1867. 377a

LIFE

ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that

THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS

are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's

PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME,

with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.

The Policy-holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE

OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY, *without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.*

CANADA.—*MONTREAL*,—PLACE D'ARMES.

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THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

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M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.
Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,..........Mr. A. DRISCOLL
Arnprior,..........Vacant
Almonte,..........Mr. JAMES ROSAMOND
Buckingham,..........Mr. A. MCNAUGHTON
Kemptville,..........Mr. R. LESLIE
Pembroke,..........Mr. A. IRVING

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO.

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

☞ See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE. ☜

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

NEW

SPRING TWEEDS!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CANADIAN TWEEDS!

Comprising the Choicest Goods, and Newest Styles, produced by the principal manufacturers in Canada.

All purchased on the most favorable terms, and offered at a moderate advance, at either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Sparks-street, - - OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 6. 375y

1867. New Spring Goods. 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14, Rideau-street,

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF

New Spring Dress Goods,
New Spring Skirtings,
New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867. 374y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

THIS BEING THE SEASON FOR Merry-Making, Balls, Parties, &c., &c., to meet the demand for DRESS SUITS, I have on hand a choice assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS!

And of everything necessary to get up orders in a style that defies competition.

Also a choice selection of

Beavers,
Coatings,
Trouserings.
&c., &c.

Ten per cent. off for Cash transactions.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Elgin Street,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1867. 331y

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 2603m

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,

(*Late of Chicago.*)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.
372-10wy

Ottawa, March 2.

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 3.3-ut

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up..........$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867..........$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867..........$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866..........$4,075,830.55

Increased Assets in 6 months,....$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.

China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st *Door West of Bates',*

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,

56, Sparks Stree

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE HOURS from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

FOR SALE.

150 Barrels Mess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples,
20 do. Choice Cheese.

On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

TO LET,

A TWO STORY STONE HOUSE

CONTAINING TWELVE ROOMS, with Kitchen and Cellar complete, situated on Main street, Aylmer.

Apply to

MRS. RADMER,
Aylmer, C. E.

February 19, 1867. 362tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.
368y

Ottawa, February 26.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:

London,.......*Liverpool*,.......*Montreal.*

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over*-liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—**W. WADE, Agent.**

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ......Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323tf

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO.,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to
MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.

Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.

Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

TO LET A DWELLING House, containing Ten Rooms in the Desbarats' Block, Sparks Street, next to Mrs. Trotter's Restaurant. Possession immediate. Apply to

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Queen's Printer's Office.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

TO LET, A HOUSE CONtaining nine rooms, on Ottawa Street, south of Mathew's Hotel. Apply on the premises, to

THOS. G. BURNS.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,

Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell

☞ Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf.

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to

J. L. P. O'HANLY,
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

CITY PROPERTY!

FOR SALE,

CONSISTING OF

LOTS & HOUSES.

ALSO

25 ACRES OF LAND

IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to

WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots

FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:

W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences, and other improvements.

Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa, with a house containing four tenements.

Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.

Apply at the Law Office of

LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327tf

FREEHOLD CITY PROPERTY FOR Sale very cheap and on reasonable terms. LOT NO. 25, North side of York Street, Ottawa upon which is erected a large house 66 × 33 feet, containing four tenements, bringing a yearly rent of £84.

For particulars, apply to

H. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor, &c.

Ottawa, December 19. 311-3m

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada,

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot

For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS,

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365td

NEW BOOKS.

JUST RECEIVED, The Volunteer's Active Service Manual; by Major Dixon.

The King's Own Borderers; by Grant. Woman against Woman; by Miss Marryatt. Too Good for Him; by Miss Maryatt. The Village on the Cliff; by Miss Thackeray. The Claverings; by Anthony Trollope. Dinks, Mayten, and Hutchinson on the Dog. The Blood of Jesus; by Rev. Wm. Reid. The Apostolic Rite of Confirmation; by T. Bedford Jones, M. A., L. L. D.

The English Magazines FOR FEBRUARY. The American Magazines FOR MARCH.

The Nautical Almanac for 1867.

A most complete stock of Pew, Pocket, and Family Bibles, Prayer Books, Services, and Hymn Books.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House
314y

Ottawa, February 22.

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376td

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.
BRYAN'S
PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "Pulmonic Wafers," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.
Ottawa, November 1 270tf

NOTICE.
GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!
SO AS TO USE
COAL OIL.

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil
WILL BE SUPPLIED AT
37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil
Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lp Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD
OF
Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c, &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.
44w

NOTICE.
VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE
Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL
DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866,
BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 8, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-wtu

At a Council held in the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.
312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,
ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. [illegible] M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhea or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the *Scrofulous diathesis*. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhea by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla: the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say:

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—
(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(e) The place wherein is then stored.
(f) The place to which it is to be removed.
(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(i) The time at which it is to be removed.
(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner,
(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6 The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.
245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) of (2) (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) , there to be delivered (7) into the possession of (8) of (9)
The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be during the removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 . [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:
(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein he spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making he requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]
The duty having been [9]
This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks, kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 . Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B
[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as "Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the trength proo for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:
Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude [illegible] general character of the business carried on [illegible] such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.
245-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Customs with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.
February 10. 62-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each [illegible] ment or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents.*

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents.*

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents.*

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.
208-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
His Excellency the Administrator of the Government in Council.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing *in transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.
January 1 1866. 12tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER,
NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers,
&C. &C.,
FOR THE
WEST INDIES,
SOUTH AMERICA,
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT
Of the following rates by
CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Printed Matter.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies.—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "Too Late" to show that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.
367dw9-tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
Assistant Auditor.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.
TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,
UNTIL
FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867
AT NOON,

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,
To commence on the
1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.
Post-Office Inspector's Office, Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.
312tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS
DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.
Ottawa, 15th August, 1[866].

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise
208tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.
154tf

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORATION of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of, or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.
(Signed,)
ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.
L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365e

BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA!
IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD
Is particularly recommended for use
DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER.

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK.

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

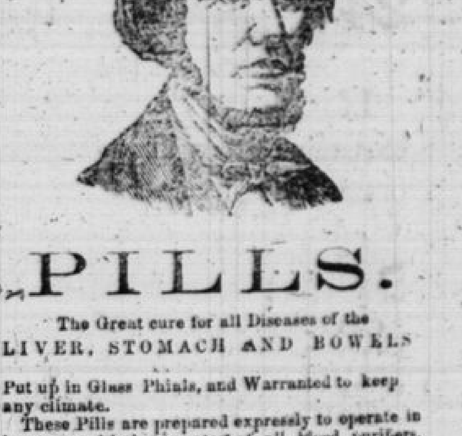
It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S
(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the
LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 4[illegible]tf

At a Council held in the City of Quebec, on Monday, 24th September, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency was pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared that the item, "Iron Wire," "round or flat" mentioned in the Schedule E of the Act 29th, 30th Vic. Cap. 6, was intended to include, and is hereby declared to extend to and include flat wire for crinolines uncovered.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. C. E. C.
245tf

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1866:
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed in the 29th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled: "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that so much of the Order in Council of the 20th day of February last, as prohibits the importation or introduction of Horses into this Province, or into any part of it, by sea, be and the same is hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.
280tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 380. | OTTAWA, C. W. TUESDAY, MARCH 12, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotten, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000 and Weekly over 4,000 making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000 thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 365y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,

LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 356-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,

ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,

ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
A. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A. B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Comer's Boot and Shoe store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,

BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Armond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,

BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 15, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,

BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C. E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

LEES & GEMMELL,

BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,

BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFE,

LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,

DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,

DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,

HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 3. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,

SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,

YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,

PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Marie Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,

EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,

BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,

ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,

ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,

AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 16, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S

AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,

BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,

BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,

CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-

R. H. McGREEVY,

CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,

ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,

COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 3, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,

Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.

DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Layer Esq., Elgin street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 248-3m

R. SPARKS,

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester street, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,

P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attentian given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,

PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Gamp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent is one.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,

PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. E. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa, Dec. 28, 1865. y

CHARLES ESPLIN,

Millwright and Engineer

MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,

GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Wafer Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,

VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire, and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,

Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK

A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of

Four Dollars and Upwards.

OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-tf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.

LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED

Canadian Champagne!

WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they cancell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 230tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,

41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he

HAS REMOVED

To the premises situated next door EAST,

SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR

Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S

Apothecaries Hall!

41 Sussex Street,

Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!

PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest

English & French Chemicals,

DRUGS, PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES, &c

Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best-ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA

DRUG WAREHOUSE,

RIDEAU STREET

1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.

A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c.,	&c., &c

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the

Ottawa Drug Warehouse.

A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,

AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tor.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S

UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 29-y

DUIGNAN'S

PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,

RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,

LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,

NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,

M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,

LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.

MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,

Aumond's Block,

Rideau Street, Ottawa.

P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 222tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,

GEORGE STREET.

Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars

Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. 3y6-170t

Private Boarding House.

PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company

OF CANADA.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 2.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified;
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
276tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS

WILL BE RECEIVED

Until Monday, the 24th Instant,

FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A

Wooden Bridge with Swing

To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.

AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem

Silver Mounted Harnesses.

To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,

NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,

Importers of Dry Goods.

AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN

READY-MADE CLOTHING!

ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, MAUDIERE TWEEDS, HANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.

COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Groceries, Liquors,

AND PROVISIONS,

Wholesale and Retail.

SPARROW'S BUILDING,

Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets

OTTAWA.

August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!

"Capital" Tinware Depot!

"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!

AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,

IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,

DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also

Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.

Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!

We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.

BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!

Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.

CULINARY UTENSILS.

Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Busters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,

IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,

PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,

SUCCESSORS to Cozzo & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,

CENTRAL FACTORY

Bank St., Ottawa,

IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of

Carriages, Sleighs, &c.

And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,

Clarence Street,

Opposite the Market.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w3-3m

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

county of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbacious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries. Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

FOR SALE.

2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 19-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment.
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,

OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

No. 122, 1866.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 58" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlaas River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 16th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,) EDMUND HARRISON.
317tf

JUST ARRIVED!

—AND—

FO

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Mechanics' Institute and Athenaeum—E. P. Remon.
The Latest in Books—John Durie & Son.
New Spring Dry Goods—Magee & Russell.
Public Meetings—Francis Jones, M.P.P.
Money to Loan—J. Pennington Macpherson.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12, 1867.

MR. FRANCIS JONES, the sitting member for the North Riding of Leeds and Grenville, has made his preparations for a vigorous canvass in view of the approaching election. As will be seen by the notice published elsewhere, MR. JONES boldly invites his opponents to attend his meetings and discuss their differences with him in the presence of the electors. This is the right course and will no doubt be duly appreciated by the constituency. Some of the local papers of the "organising" persuasion are calling upon the Reformers to bring out a *Conservative* in opposition to him, conscious that no man of their own party would stand the ghost of a chance against him. We do not anticipate that the course indicated will meet with much favor from either party. MR. JONES is a candidate for the representation of the Riding in the Canadian House of Commons.

The Fenian rising in Ireland has again been quelled, and peace, it is stated, prevails throughout the country. We may take it for granted that the despatches have considerably exaggerated recent events, though an attempt at revolution of a most serious character was undoubtedly made, under the leadership of the Irish-Americans who, in the guise of returning emigrants, have for months past been leaving New York for Ireland. The share which the Irish people, apart from the floating scum allured into the Fenian trap by Yankee gold, or the prospect of plunder, have had in the late troubles cannot very clearly be made out from the despatches. "Large bodies of Fenians"—"Fenians congregated in great numbers," &c., &c., from the pen of an American correspondent, conveys but the faintest idea of what may actually have taken place, and we shall have to await the arrival of the mails before anything like a correct estimate can be formed of the extent of the "rebellion." In the meantime among the prisoners already captured are many American citizens whose offence, being "eminently political" will receive the protection of the American Government to the extent—well; we hardly venture to predict how far Mr. Seward's diplomatic insolence may carry him—but not we think to the extent it did in the case of Lynch and McMahon, with Earl Carnarvon's rebuke still tingling in his ears. The British Government will surely deal promptly with these prisoners, and the American Government will be compelled to define its position in regard to the measure of protection it will afford its cut-throat citizens. It will be of some advantage to have this point tested, and we cannot think that the British Government will shrink from its duty in meting out to these land pirates the measure of punishment which their infamous crimes have so richly earned.

"We hear much from the Tory press about the acerbity infused into political discussions and the personalities indulged in by the Liberal press; but the first to betake themselves to personalities, and the most reckless in their choice of weapons, and the most bitter in the epithets they apply to their opponents, are the Tory editors. For regular Billingsgate, commend us to the Hamilton *Spectator*, or the Montreal *Gazette and Telegraph*, or the Ottawa *Times*, or the Toronto *Leader*."—*Toronto Globe, March 9th.*

There is no accounting for tastes, though we do think the *Globe*, when in search of "regular Billingsgate," might find it nearer home. Its own contributions to the political literature of the country have not been of a character to warrant it in acting the part of censor, but we pass that over merely noting that the above complimentary allusion to us and several of our *confreres* is incidentally thrown in to give additional spice to a *critique* on the proceedings at a political meeting in Halton, reported in the *Leader*, and at which MR. GEO. K. CHISHOLM accepted a nomination to contest the constituency in opposition to MR. WHITE. The *Globe* urges, in favor of Mr. White, or rather as a reason why Mr. Chisholm should not oppose him, that Mr. White has been a long time in Parliament; that he supported the Coalition of 1864; that he "has gone heartily for Confederation, and "goes for it now." There may or may not be reasons sufficient to satisfy the electors of the county of Halton that they do not require a change in their representative; but certainly they are not the kind of arguments that would convince the organizers of defunct partyism, under whose banner Mr. White has ranged himself, and therefore challenged the opposition of MR. CHISHOLM and those who think with him. We have not discussed the merits of the case as between MR. WHITE and MR. CHISHOLM, these we leave to be disposed of by the principals and their supporters as the contest proceeds; but we may be permitted to point out the utter fallacy underlying the *Globe's* logic on the subject. Denouncing what it calls the "no party humbug," it assumes that MR. CHISHOLM's candidature is a cunning device of the Tories, and it argues that if the advocates of "no party" views were sincere they would accept MR. WHITE as their candidate. This, sifted of its "regular Billingsgate" and other extraneous matter, is its whole case.

Those who contend that the maintenance of *old* party lines, under an entirely new condition of things is a policy detrimental to the best interests of the country and calculated to jeopardise the harmonious working of the new constitution, can have, in the present state of Canadian politics, but one class of opponents, namely, those who advocate a return to the political *status quo* before the Coalition; in other words, their only opponents as yet revealed are the "organisers" of the Reform party. Mr. White is the nominee of a convention of these "organisers;" he is, therefore, and as a matter of necessity, in a position of antagonism with all, whether they be Reformers or Conservatives, who believe that the old party organizations are not adapted to the new condition of things, and thus he challenges the opposition of the very men, who the *Globe* says should support him. Had Mr. White taken other grounds, had he recognised "the logic of events" and appealed to his constituents without distinction for their support, in giving effect to the new constitution which he helped to frame, he would then have taken the sound party ground and one that would have deprived his opponents of *political* arguments against him, however the matter of personal preference would have stood.

We are reminded by the *Globe* that Mr. White has been in Parliament for a long time. Mr. Chisholm has been in Parliament, too; and we remember that in 1854 the *Globe* exerted its utmost influence in Halton for the election of Mr. Chisholm, and the defeat of Mr. White. We do not think Mr. Chisholm is much more of a "Tory" now than he was then, and we might ask the *Globe* why it does not extend him the same measure of support now it did in 1854. At that time the *Globe* had a scheme of party "organisation" on hand, and the Reformers of the West would do well to remember where they were landed by it. Though the old parties are necessarily broken up by the changed condition of the country, the lessons taught by the experiment of old party leadership may still be profitably studied. The *Globe* cannot object to this political reminiscence; it is struggling for the re-organization of the Reform party, though it confesses that the issues which then divided parties have been settled, and we desire to carry it back to the good old days of 1854, when George K. Chisholm, though a "Tory" was better in its eyes than John White, who had even then been sometime "in Parliament." If the Reformers will organise, we submit that it is time they should tell us under whose leadership; it they are to concede to Mr. Brown the office of chief organizer and dictator of the party what "checks and guarantees" have they got that he will not serve them again as he has before? Perhaps even John White may yet incur the *Globe's* displeasure, and by the next general election it may be found supporting some "Tory fossil" as the representative of Halton. The Reformers should beware, lest the "party humbug" in the person of Mr. Brown become in reality the sham which he affects to believe the "no party humbug" to be.

A flattering requisition has been transmitted to O. R. GOWAN, Esq., calling upon him to allow himself to be put in nomination for the North Riding of Leeds and Grenville, as a candidate for the House of Assembly of Ontario. Though no answer has as yet been received, we hope that MR. GOWAN may accept the call from his old constituents. He represented the county before the Union, in the Parliament of Upper Canada, and again in the Parliament of United Canada. He was also connected with the counties for many years as Warden, and distinguished himself in the troubles of '38, at the head of the volunteers, having been wounded three times at the battle of the Windmill. It is, therefore, but renewing an old and very intimate association to recall him to their services in the Local Legislature, when Upper Canada will again have a Parliament of its own.

MR. GOWAN'S great experience and admitted abilities will make him a valuable acquisition to the Local Legislature, and we think the requisitionists have acted wisely in inviting him to become their representative. The following is a copy of the requisition which has been transmitted for MR. GOWAN's acceptance:

To Lieutenant-Colonel Gowan, Toronto:

SIR,—Our country is on the eve of great changes, our old Constitution is about to be taken away, and its place supplied by what is, as yet, an untried theory. What may be done in our Local Legislature, when cut off from the Lower Province; or what may be the result of Federal Legislation is a question which time alone can unravel. While all must hope for the best, it should be the duty of every good man; of every loyal man; and of every lover of his country to put the oldest heads, the truest hearts, and the most experienced minds into the new Parliament.

Under such circumstances we respectfully request you to permit us, to call you out once more into the public service as a candidate to serve in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, for the North Riding of Leeds and Grenville, under the new Constitution about to be adopted, and we pledge ourselves to use our best endeavors to secure your return.

ROBT. GOODFELLOW, J. P. of Elmsley,
DANIEL FRANKLIN, J. P. of Kitley,
ED. F. WEEKES, J. P. of Lombardy,
WM. C. READ, J. P. of Merrickville,
JOHN EDGAR, J. P. of Kitley,
GILBERT STOREY, J. P. of Elmsley,
JAMES MAXWELL, J. P. of Kitley,
JOS. THOMPSON, J. P. of Elmsley, and 326 other electors.

CHAUDIERE GOLD MINES.

MR. POPE, the Inspector, reports for January and February, that alluvial mining has been actively prosecuted on the Gilbert River during the last two months. That since 13th of Dec. last—date of his last statement—$7,906 49 have been taken out of the twelve shafts sunk on 16, 17, 18 and 19 in DeLery concession, Seigniory Rigaud Vaudreuil, of which the *minimum* yield from any one of the shafts is $54.07, the result of three weeks' labor; and the *maximum* $1,402 from a shaft worked since 13th of December last.

An average of seven men are employed in each of these shafts, but the work is not carried on continuously from different causes incident to preliminary mining.

In quartz mining the DeLery Company are engaged in sinking a shaft on $3 in 1 N. U. Seigniory Rigaud Vaudreuil, known as Riggs' Vein, since 13th of December, twelve men being employed in excavating the shaft, which has now attained a depth of eighty-four feet, and a large quantity of quartz rock has been hoisted ready to be crushed by the Company's mill, now nearly completed and expected to be in operation in the early part of May.

The *Volunteer Review* says "it has not yet been decided on to call out the volunteers as reported. If the necessity for doing so, however, should arise, the military authorities are prepared to act promptly and effectively."

MONEY ON LOAN.—J. Pennington Macpherson, Esq., Agent in this city for the Trust and Loan Company of Upper Canada, is now prepared to negotiate loans of money in sums of from $400 to $5,000 at 8 per cent. interest; payable half-yearly. The expenses for the transaction of business are much lower than those of any other Company in Canada, and in order to accommodate the borrower, arrangements can be effected so as to have the principal made payable in one sum at the expiration of term, or in from four to seven equal annual instalments, and the amount of interest on the sum paid always deducted from running principal. Parties desiring further information, will find Mr. Macpherson at his office, Metcalfe-street.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

The Fenian Revolt Ended.

A Reward Offered for the Arrest of Dunn.

LONDON, March 11—Evening.—Ireland is quiet. The Government, however, is organising the forces into six flying columns, for the pursuit of the scattered bands of Fenians, and for active service in case the necessity should arise. The band of Fenians which was recently encamped on the Gaty Mountains has vanished, leaving no trace of their whereabouts. The Government has offered a reward for the apprehension of Dunn, one of the Fenian leaders.

The Right Hon. Sir H. Walpole, Secretary of State for the Home Department, announced in the House of Commons, this evening, that the news from Ireland was good. Mr. Walpole also stated that the government will not proclaim martial law in Ireland, but will try the Fenians by special commission.

The Elections in Italy.

FLORENCE, March 11.—The elections for members of the Italian Parliament have generally resulted in favor of the government, which carried a majority of the electoral districts.

AMERICAN CONGRESS.

More Sympathy with the Fenians.

A Resolution Proposing to Acknowledge them as Belligerents!

WASHINGTON, March 11.—In the House today Mr. McDonnell asked leave to offer the following preamble and resolution: "Whereas the Government of Great Britain did, so soon as an armed rebellion appeared within the limits of the United States, hasten to accord to the rebels belligerent rights, and thereafter during the whole course of the war continue to give moral and material aid to the rebels, furnishing them with arms and munitions and vessels of war, inflicting thereby incalculable injury on our foreign commerce, and greatly increasing our sacrifices of men and money in the suppression of the rebellion; and whereas the said Government of Great Britain has hitherto refused to pay to the Government of the United States any part of the enormous damages inflicted upon the commerce of the United States; and whereas the Irish people after having suffered for centuries, the burdens of an hereditary aristocracy, an established church, and a system of laws designed expressly for their impoverishment, have at last risen in rebellion and are now engaged in a gallant, though unequal, contest with the government of Great Britain. Therefore *resolved*, that the sympathy of the American people are enlisted in behalf of the people of Ireland in their efforts to establish a republican government in Ireland on a basis of universal suffrage, and a total separation of the church and state; and *resolved*, that the Committee on Foreign Affairs is hereby instructed to report to this House what legislation is necessary to enable the executive of the United States to accord to the people of Ireland belligerent rights, and generally to enable the executive to follow in every particular the precedents established by Great Britain in the recent rebellion."

Mr. McDonnell moved to suspend the rules in order to enable him to introduce it; pending that resolution the House adjourned.

Resumed Business.

HUDSON, N. Y., March 11.—The First National Bank of this city will resume business to-morrow morning. Robt. B. Shephard, Esq., a gentleman who enjoys the highest confidence in financial and business relations, has been appointed cashier. The losses by the defaulting cashier Hasbrouck, are not so serious as to impair the operations of the Bank.

ARRIVAL OF THE S. S. "NORTH AMERICAN."

PORTLAND, ME., March 11.—The steamer *North American* from Liverpool 28th of Feb., and Londonderry 1st of March, has arrived.

The Reform prospects continue to be the leading theme of the press, the Government withdrawal of the resolutions, and promised introduction of the bill met all that was demanded by the Liberals, and the details of the bill were awaited with much interest. The Reform league showed signs of increased agitation. They have adopted resolutions for a mass meeting in Trafalgar-square, on the evening of March 11, with district meetings in the interval; as also one inviting the people of London to assemble in Hyde Park for the purpose of recreation on Good Friday.

In the House of Commons, on the 24th ult., a bill having for its object the throwing open the offices of the Lord Chancellors of England and Ireland and the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to Roman Catholics and Jews, by amending the oath required, was passed to a second reading by 102 majority, as was also another bill opening the professorships in Dublin University to Roman Catholics.

ARRIVAL OF THE S. S. "AMERICA."

NEW YORK, March 10.—The steamer *America* from Southampton 27th, has arrived.

In the House of Lords on the 25th, Derby moved the second reading of the bill to continue the suspension of the *habeas corpus* in Ireland.

Earl Russell gave cordial assent to the bill, which he considered fully justified by recent events, and commented strongly on the conduct of the Fenian leaders in the United States, especially deprecating the interference of the American Government in relation to the trial of Fenian invaders in Canada.

Lord Derby gave explanations on the part of the Irish Attorney-General and promised that the correspondence relative to the paragraph in the American President's message concerning Fenian troubles in Canada, should be laid before parliament. The Bill was then read a second time.

Two Irish Americans, arrested on board of a vessel at Cardiff, from Cork, were both at Chester.

A powder magazine at Pursilippo, Italy, exploded. Many were killed and wounded.

A railway accident between Koslow and Kazan, in Russia, has occurred. Ten persons were killed and forty wounded.

The new French Press Law is expected to be greatly modified.

The Polish confiscated property will be sold by public auction in December.

Advices from China state that the rebels threatened Hankow.

A Corfu telegram of Feb. 24, states on good authority that 8,000 Turks were defeated on the 13th and 14th in the western portion of Crete, losing two guns and many prisoners. The Ottomans were also beaten on the 11th and 13th in another part of the Island. Fresh massacres reported by Turks. The Cretans elected as delegates to Constantinople refuse to go, and the Cretan assembly persists [illegible] in demand for annexation to Greece.

Death of Dr. Edward Ruggles.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Dr. Edward Ruggles, the artist, died at his residence in Brooklyn last night.

Arrival of the S. S. "St. Patrick."

PORTLAND, March 11.—The S. S. *St. Patrick* arrived here at one p.m.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, March 11.—Stocks at the second board stronger with an advance. Gold 135.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is, protect it; it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which, if not checked immediately, lead to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect a permanent cure when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the province, at 25cts. per box.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, March 11, 1867.

Mr. Oliver, flour merchant of this city, has fallen heir to property in England valued at half a million sterling.

A man named Coulter living near this city, was killed on Saturday night by a freight train on the Northern Railway. He was crossing the track when the train overtook him, cutting his head and legs off and otherwise mutilating him most horribly. The unfortunate man was a shoemaker, middle aged, and leaves a wife and family.

A lamp trimmer at the Grand Trunk Station here, has just discovered that a farm he owned in Madoc, but which he had abandoned some years ago as worthless, is now valued at from twelve to fifteen thousand dollars, and has left to resume possession of his property.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 11, 1867.

The *North American* arrived at Portland at 4 p.m.

The jail at St. Johns has been broken open, and three prisoners have escaped. They are reported to have got to Rouse's Point on horses which they stole from farmers on the road.

A billiard match for fifty dollars and the championship of Canada, is to come off in May between Cyrel Dion and Crown of Quebec.

It is stated that two battalions of the Montreal volunteers will soon be called out for frontier duty.

P. C. Thompson, long known in this city under the soubriquet of three-fingered Jack, is dead. He was a collector, principally of doubtful debts, and the most indefatigable *dun* ever known.

The case between the carters and the Grand Trunk has been put off till next term.

Le Pays publishes, in the largest type, a memorial from some insignificant French Canadian refugees in the States, to the American Congress, urging it to use coercive measures to prevent Confederation.

Weather very mild, snow going fast, and streets terribly slushy.

YESTERDAY'S CABLE NEWS

The Fenians Drove out of Ketteel Barracks.

DUBLIN, March 10.—The band of Fenians which was previously reported to have taken possession of the barracks at Ketteel, in Kildare, have been dispersed by the troops.

Mount Mellick Barracks Attacked.

The insurgents made an attack on the barracks at Mount Mellick, at the foot of Slieve-Bloom Mountain, and were repulsed; two of the attacking party were shot.

The Uprising in Queen's County.

The rebels are said to have assembled in the neighborhood of Aberl's Abbey-Laix, in the Queen's County. Troops have been sent out to disperse them.

Arrest of the Fenian Council in Dublin.

DUBLIN, March 10.—The existence of a Fenian council, which has been secretly in session in this city, has been discovered, and its members have been arrested by the police.

Capture of General Burke, a Fenian Leader.

Gen. Burke, one of the Fenian leaders in the south, has been captured at Tipperary.

The French Troops out of Mexico.

PARIS, March 10.—The *Moniteur* states that by this time all the French troops must have left Mexico, and that the departure of the Emperor Maximilian from Vera Cruz, was to have taken place on the 8th of March.

The Fenian Excitement in New York.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The Fenian excitement is unabated. Numerous donations accepted, but owing to lowness of funds hundreds who offered to volunteer were refused. An enthusiastic meeting of Irish-American officers was held at the Masonic Hall, last night. The members of the brotherhood in Washington and elsewhere are also moving in the matter of aid to the men at the front.

Termination of Martial Law in Spain.

MADRID, March 10.—A royal proclamation announces the termination of Martial Law in Spain.

Attempt to Assassinate the King of Italy.

FLORENCE, March 10.—An attempt was made to assassinate the King of Italy near Milan, which failed.

Earthquake and Fearful Loss of Life in Greece.

ATHENS, March 10.—A terrible earthquake has taken place in the Island of Mytilene. All the habitations on the Island are in ruins, and hundreds of lives have been lost.

Turkey makes Satisfactory Concessions.

LONDON, March 10.—A despatch from Constantinople states that the Sultan has made concessions which are satisfactory to the people of Servia, and has promised to carry into effect the firman of 1856. The Cretan deputation has reached Constantinople.

Illness of the Princess Alexandria.

LONDON, March 11.—The Princess Alexandria is reported to be very ill this morning.

A Proposed Canadian Railway Subsidy.

LONDON, March 11.—A subsidy to the Canadian Railway is to be proposed in Parliament this week.

The Fenians Quieting Down.

All the accounts from the scene of the disturbances in Ireland represent that matters have become quiet, and that order reigns once more. There have been no fresh conflicts between the armed police and the Fenian bands, who are fleeing to the mountains, and hiding from the pursuit of the military.

Artemus Ward's Will.

LONDON, March 11.—Artemus Ward has directed in his will that his property shall go, after the death of his mother, towards the erection of an asylum for printers.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Sinking of the Steamer "Derwent."

MEMPHIS, March 9.—The steamer *Derwent* struck a log last night, and sunk six miles below this city. The cargo consisted of 200 bales of cotton, which, with the boat, is a total loss. Crew and passengers, except one, were saved.

Melancholy State of Affairs in Georgia.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Further accounts from Alabama and Georgia represent destitution greater than heretofore stated. Deaths are reported from starvation in Alabama, while a leading paper in Georgia estimates the total number starving there at 50,000.

The Fenian Excitement in New York.

NEW YORK, March 11.—The Fenian excitement in this city continues unabated owing to the strong hope of hearing further good news from Ireland. Several prominent Irish-American officers in the late war, some of them being prominent members of the Roberts' branch, tendered their services to the executive committee in Chatham-street yesterday.

News from Central America.

The steamship *Santiago De Cuba*, which arrived from Greytown, Nicaragua, yesterday, reports the Isthmus of Nicaragua perfectly healthy.

Advices from Venezuela note the arrival of the French man-of-war *Destaing*, at Laguayra, and remark that on the third of February Venezuela has to pay $150,000 to the order of the French legation, and is unable to do it. This fact being fully appreciated by France no doubt accounts for the presence of her man-of-war.

St. Domingo advices to the 16th ultimo state that several captures of prominent rebels have been made, and four sentenced to death.

A Significant Resolution.

The *Times'* telegram says:—It is understood General Butler will to-morrow offer in the House a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to enquire whether a civil officer can hold his office, or must be suspended during his trial on impeachment.

Fenian Meeting in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, March 11.—The Fenians of this city have called a mass meeting for Monday night, to consider the present condition of affairs in Ireland, and promising aid to their struggling brethren.

Snow Storm in Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, March 10.—A snow storm prevailed through Western Wisconsin and Minnesota last night; 6 to 10 inches of snow fell. There is no snow here.

LOCAL NEWS.

COUNTY COURT AND QUARTER SESSIONS.—This court opens this morning, Judge Armstrong presiding. The criminal business is comparatively light.

SUNDAY FUNERALS.—We learn that the Clergymen of the Presbyterian, Congregational, Episcopal Methodist and Baptist denominations have come to a common understanding that they will hereafter discontinue Sunday funerals, except in cases of absolute necessity, as they interfere with the religious exercises appertaining to the day.

PAY FOR YOUR LICENSES.—The inspector of licenses has commenced vigorous operations against those who have not paid for their licenses. A fine of ten dollars and costs would materially increase the expense. If we are rightly informed very few unlicensed houses and shops will escape this year. Some cases will be up before the police magistrate this morning.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, March 11, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 29 above zero.

9 a. m., 38 above zero.
Noon, shade, 40 above zero.
Noon, sun, 50 above zero.
6 p. m., 35 above zero.

THE RINK.—The following is the programme of the music to be played by the band of the 100th regiment at the Skating Rink this evening:

1.—March........
2.—Overture....Op. Sicilian Vespers..Verdi.
3.—Quadrille........Pretty Bird.......Coote.
4.—Schottische.......Calypso.......Riviere.
5.—Selection..Op. Il Flanto Magico..Mozart.
6.—Waltz, Obschred Von Munschen, Gung'l.
7.—Lancers........Echoes of London....Coote.
8.—Galop....Great Excitement.......Laroche.

THE ST. PATRICK'S DINNER.—At a meeting of Irishmen held yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, at the "Queen" Saloon, arrangements were made with Mr. Kavanagh to furnish the dinner for the 18th, which as we stated yesterday is to be held in the Victoria Hotel Building. Mr. Kavanagh's reputation as a caterer is a sufficient guarantee that the entertainment in so far as he is concerned will be worthy the occasion, and we hope that there will be a general turn out of Irishmen, without distinction of creeds or politics, to honor the national anniversary.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.—It is our painful duty again to record another fatal result from careless handling of firearms. On Sunday morning, two sons of Mr. R. Taylor, of Nepean front, while in their bed-room, took down a rifle that was hanging against the wall, and the elder of the two, after having snapped the lock two or three times, knocked off an old cap that was on the nipple, then holding the gun so that it pointed at the younger brother, aged about 14 years, snapped it again, when the charge in the gun exploded, the whole entering just above the eye, blowing off a portion of the skull. Of course death was almost instantaneous. George Patterson, Esq., Coroner, was at once notified, a jury summoned, and after a thorough investigation returned the following verdict: "That Rufus Taylor came to his death from the accidental discharge of a gun, whilst in the hands of himself and brother."

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL, March 4, 1867.

Present: His Worship the Mayor—Ald. Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Traversy, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Martineau, Heney.

The minutes were read.

Ald. Abbott presented the petition of Patrick Coleman for exemption from taxes.

Moved by Ald. Abbott, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the petition of Patrick Coleman just read, be received and referred to the Court of Revision, and Committee on Assessment, with instructions to report thereon at the next meeting of this council.—Carried.

Ald. Abbott presented the petition of Robert Richardson and others, lessees of stalls in Wellington Ward Market for gas-light in the market.

Moved by Ald. Abbott, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the petition of Robert Richardson and others, lessees of stalls in the Wellington Ward Market, be referred to the Market Committee, with instructions to have the repairs prayed for done as soon as possible.—Carried.

Ald. Robinson presented the petition of Duncan Graham, Thos. G. Burns, H. H. Duffill and J. Bouchette relating to taxes.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the petition of T. G. Burns, H. H. Duffill and J. Bouchette, be received and referred to the Assessment Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Bangs presented the petition of Mary Bryant and Martha Jones, for remission of taxes.

Moved by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the petition of Mary Bryant and Martha Jones be referred to the Assessment Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Robinson presented the petition of Patrick McKeever and others, for a reduction of rental on some of the butchers' stalls in the By Ward Market.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the petition now read from Patrick McKeever and others be received and referred to the Market Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Bate presented the petition of J. D. Slater and others, for remuneration for a platform constructed by them on Albert-street.

Moved by Ald. Bate, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the petition of J. D. Slater, Gouldthrite and others, for remuneration for a sidewalk built on Albert-street, be laid on the table.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Abbott, seconded by Ald. Traversy, that the petition of Gouldthrite and others, just read, be referred to a special committee, composed of Ald. Bangs, Robinson and Goulden, with instructions to report thereon at the next meeting of this council.—Carried.

Ald. Bate presented the petition of Edward McGillivray and others, for improvements on Bank-street.

Moved by Ald. Bate, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the petition of Edward McGillivray, Garland, Mutchmor & Co., James Skead, and others, asking for improvements on Bank-street, be laid on the table.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented the petition of Wm. Cousens, Assessor, on behalf of the Assessors respecting certain Field Assessment Books required by them.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the communication of Mr. Cousens be received, and that the City Clerk be and he is hereby authorised to make immediate demand on all parties having old Assessment Rolls or other books or papers belonging to the Corporation, and if the same are not handed over to him at once, he is to take such legal proceedings as the law provides to recover said books and papers from such parties as persist in illegally detaining the same.—Carried.

Ald. Langford presented the petition of the Central Hook and Ladder Company for the erection of a Belfry for their bell at the rear of the City Hall.

Moved by Ald. Langford, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the petition of the Central Hook and Ladder Company, just read, be received, and the Fire Committee be and they are hereby authorised to have the work done forthwith at a cost not exceeding $150.—Carried.

Ald. Martineau presented the petition of Mrs. Gauthier for remission of taxes.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Traversy, that the petition of Mrs. Gauthier praying for remission of taxes for 1866, just read, be received and referred to the Court of Revision.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy presented an account from the Ottawa and Prescott Railway Co.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the account of the Ottawa and Prescott Railway Co., just read, be received and referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented Report No. 1 of the Finance Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Finance Committee in this their first Report beg leave to submit that they have examined the following accounts, and recommend that his Worship the Mayor do sign cheques for the same.

ELECTION EXPENSES.

Ottawa Ward—Thos. Costello, four days' rent of house, city and school elections, $16; John Myers, Returning Officer, $32.50.

By Ward—Dr. St. Jean, Returning Officer, city and school elections, $27.50; Oliver F. O'Connor, rent of house and firewood, $18.

St. George's Ward—James Joynt, Returning Officer, city and school, $32; Thomas G. Burns, do. do., $22; Mrs. Gallagher, rent of house and firewood, one day, $6; Andrew Graham, do., do., four days, $20.

Wellington Ward—A. Graham, Returning Officer, city and school elections, $18.25; G. Megan, posting bills, $1; John Porter, Returning Officer, city and school elections, $18.

Victoria Ward—James Clarke, Returning Officer, city and school elections, $29; George Megan, posting bills, $1—Total, $231.25.

Miscellaneous—J. Hope, stationery account to 31st December, 1866, $78.85; Thomas Woodburn, 18¼ cords of wood, at $3.75, $68.43; George Cotton & Co., printing contract to 1st March, 1867, per account, $250; R. E. O'Connor, rent of engineer's office, 3 months, to 19th February, $30; Thomas Isaac, rent in full, 3 months, late registry office, to 1st Feb., $30; *Canada Gazette*, one year's subscription, to 14th April, 1867, $5; John Bell, 6 months' rent of new registry office, to 1st March, 1867, $100; James Joyce, to posting bills in full to 1st January, 1867, $35; Ottawa and Prescott Railway Company, 60 passages of paupers, three months, to 1st January, 1867, $71.25; Elie Damour, blacksmith's work for engines, $19.50; Hon. James Skead, plankwalk on George-street, $24.39—Total, $714.42.

Streets Improvements—J. M. Currier & Co., for lumber got during 1866, $1,490.17; Workman & Griffin for spikes, hardware and platform scales in 1866, $374.19; Wm. Doran rebuilding part of Nicholas-street sidewalk, $12.40—1876.76; Total $2,815.43.

An account of I. B. Taylor, $70.48, for advertising by-law appointing returning officers, meeting for relief of Quebec sufferers, &c., has been presented, but no orders having been given for the work, your committee recommend that the amount be not paid.

Your committee recommend that with a view to centralizing the officers of the corporation, they in connexion with the engineer be authorised to have an office fitted up for the city engineer in the south wing of the City Hall.

The petition of the chairman of the Board of Grammar School Trustees, asking a grant for the City Grammar School for 1867 has been under the consideration of your committee, but not being able to agree upon the propriety of recommending the same, they leave the matter in the hands of the whole council.

Considering the long and faithful services of the City Chamberlain and City Clerk, your committee are of the opinion that their salaries for the current year should be increased to the sum of three hundred pounds each, and recommend this for the favorable consideration of the council.

The petition of the City Collector for an increase of salary for 1865, will be considered by your committee as soon as he returns his rolls for 1866.

The petition of Messrs. Brown & Hardy and Amelia Graham, asking for a drawback in the amount paid by them for shop and tavern licenses, respectively, owing to their not having taken out the same until late in the season cannot be recommended, as there is no precedent for making any such drawback, although several other parties have in former years been similarly situated. And your committee believe it would be wrong to allow any parties to take out licenses for a less period than the current year.

Your committee are of opinion that some arrangement might be made with the Ottawa and Prescott Railway Company for the conveyance of paupers across their line at half price, as is believed to be the practice followed in other localities, and would recommend that his Worship the Mayor be requested to confer with the railway authorities on the subject.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Signed,) JAMES CUNNINGHAM,
ISIDORE TRAVERSY,
JAMES G. ROBINSON.

Ottawa, March 4, 1867.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that Report No. 1 of the Finance Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented Report No. 5 from the city collector, and a communication from him.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the communication from the city collector be referred to the Finance Committee, and that his Report No. 5, for 1866, taxes collected, be entered on the minutes.—Carried.

MONTHLY REPORT No. 5.—Municipal Loan Fund, 5 cents, $10,126.78; Common School, 2¼ cents, $3971.18; City Rate, 11¼ cents, $23,417.63; By-law No. 172—Interest, 2¼ cents, $5597.28—S. Fund, 1¼ cents, $3040.58; By-law No. 180, 2 1-6 cents, $4413.47; Arrears of Taxes, $682.59; Statute Labor, $226.00; Total, 51,475.51.

G. H. PRESTON, City Collector.

Ottawa, March 4, 1867.

His Worship the Mayor made a special report of his mission to Montreal to memorialise the Commander-in-Chief of the Forces, respecting the stay of the headquarters of the 100th Regiment in Ottawa, with the reply of his Excellency Sir John Michel to said memorial.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the special report of his Worship the Mayor, respecting the retention of the 100th Regiment, be received and placed on file, and the thanks of this council are hereby tendered to his Worship the Mayor for his efforts towards this end.—Carried.

Ald. Friel presented Report No. 1 of the By-law Committee:—

The By-law Committee, in this their first report, beg leave to submit that, in reference to the petition in relation to the carters' stand on George-street, they would recommend that the solicitor of the city be requested to prepare a by-law to establish the carters' stand on George-street, in the following manner: a four-foot plank track in the centre of George-street, commencing twenty feet from the pump on George-street, and continuing eastward to the By-wash creek; the carters for loading to occupy the north side of said plank walk, wheels to the plank walk. The carriage, cab and buggy drivers to occupy the south side of said plank walk. That each carter and carriage driver shall take his place in order as they arrive upon the ground, commencing at the western end of the platform, and ranging eastward; moving westward as vacancies occur.

The whole respectfully submitted.

HENRY J. FRIEL,
CHARLES GOULDEN,
C. W. BANGS,
J. P. FEATHERSTON.

Ottawa, March 4th, 1867.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the Report of the By-law Committee just read, be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Robinson presented the Report of the Special Committee on improvements.

To His Worship the Mayor and the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Special Committee appointed at the last meeting of this Council for the purpose of attending to business referred to the late Streets and Improvements Committee, beg to Report as follows:

That after mature deliberation on the petition of Messrs. Hunter & Co., Dr. Hill and others, for a drain near Pooley's Bridge, they cannot recommend its construction at present.

The case of Duncan McMaster they have enquired into, and at the suggestion of the City Solicitor have agreed to settle the matter with McMaster on the payment of fifty dollars. The Committee would suggest that the City Engineer should strictly enforce the By-laws of the city to protect the public and prevent accidents for the future. The Committee would also report, that having inspected the Church-street drain they find that the Government have excavated through the rock some five or six hundred feet, and as the said drain can be made available at a small outlay for street draining, the Committee would recommend the completion of it by the Council as early as the season will permit, and that the City Engineer be required to furnish plans and estimates for the work by next meeting of this Council.

All which is respectfully submitted.

JAMES G. ROBINSON, Chairman.
CHARLES GOULDEN,
C. W. BANGS.

March 4, 1867.

Moved by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. Robinson, that the Report of the Special Committee now read, be received and adopted, and that his Worship the Mayor be requested to sign a cheque in favor of Duncan McMaster for fifty dollars in full of all demands for damages sustained, suspending all rules of order to the contrary.—Carried.

YEAS—Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Traversy, Heney, Martineau.

NAYS—Langford.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that in order to promote the cause of education in this city, and to enable the grammar school to participate in the Government grant for educational purposes, this council hereby complies with the petition of the grammar school trustees, by making them a grant of $625 for the current year, the amount being similar to that granted for the past year, and that his Worship the Mayor be authorised to sign a cheque for the same, suspending rule of order for this purpose.—Carried as amended.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the following words be added to the motion before the chair, and that it then pass, that the sum of $250 be paid in support of the separate schools of the city by the cheque of the corporation, as an equivalent for the sum voted to the city grammar school.—Lost.

YEAS—Friel, Traversy, Heney and Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott and Goulden.

Moved in amendment by Ald Traversy, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the following words be added to the original motion, "and that the sum of $150 be granted to the school of the Christian Brothers, as an equivalent to the grant to the grammar school, and the original motion as so amended do pass."—Carried.

YEAS—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Friel, Traversy and Martineau.

NAYS—Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott and Goulden.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the By-law Committee be requested to procure a By-law from the City Solicitor, and report a By-law at the next meeting of this council, for limiting the number and regulating victualling houses, ordinaries and houses where fruit, oysters, clams or victuals are sold to be eaten therein, and all other places for the reception, refreshment or entertainment of the public, and for licensing the same where no other provision exists therefor; and for fixing the rates of such licenses, not exceeding $20, as provided by the late municipal act of Upper Canada.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Friel, that this council do appoint the City Chamberlain to countersign all receipts for taxes received by the ratepayers of the city from the City Collector, and keep a record of the same.—Lost.

YEAS—Goulden, Friel.

NAYS—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Traversy, Martineau.

Moved by Ald. Robinson, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the resolution granting the sum of $625 to the grammar school, and $150 to the separate schools of this city be now reconsidered.—Carried.

A motion to adjourn was then lost on the following division:

YEAS—Langford, Cunningham, Bate.

NAYS—Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Martineau, Traversy, Goulden.

The original motion to re-consider was then carried on the following division:

YEAS—Bangs, Robinson, Featherston, Goulden, Traversy, Martineau.

NAYS—Langford, Cunningham, Bate, Friel.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the motion granting the sum of $625 to the grammar school, and $150 to the separate schools of this city be rescinded.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Langford, that the whole of the motion be expunged, and the following substituted:

That this council do adjourn till this day fortnight.

Moved in amendment to the amendment by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Langford, that the grant to the grammar school and Christian Brothers' school be not rescinded, as it is unfair to reconsider the question after so many members have left the board.

The council then adjourned.

Election Troubles in New Orleans.

NEW YORK, March 11.—The *Times'* Washington telegram thus states the situation in New Orleans, prior to General Sheridan's order prohibiting the election:—There being indications of a riot, General Sheridan made all necessary preparations to meet and suppress any disturbance. He has four regiments, two batteries of artillery, and a battalion of cavalry. The trouble originated in the fact that Governor Wells recognised the Reconstruction Bill, considering the State Government reduced to a Provisional Government, and himself to be military Governor only. The municipal authorities, however, did not recognise this change, inasmuch as the Reconstruction Bill had not yet been received in official form, and Mayor Monroe and the chief of police ordered the police to obey no orders not issued by them. An election for City Councilmen was to take place on Monday, and Governor Wells in his proclamation ordered that the freedmen enfranchised under the Reconstruction Bill should vote, and the class disfranchised should not vote. Here was an opportunity for a re-enactment of the former riots, but Sheridan's order postponing the elections until they are appointed under the Reconstruction Bill, or special instructions covering the case are received, has restored peace.

Immense Quantities of Bullion in Nevada.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—The accumulation of bullion for the last three weeks in the State of Nevada, has commenced to arrive in this city. The quantity is enormous, amounting to a great many tons. A military escort has been detailed for the purpose of protecting the treasure across the mountains.

BIRTH.

On the 11th inst., the wife of Edward C. Barber, Esq., Finance Department, of a daughter.

DIED.

In this city, on the 11th inst., Mary Ann Frances, only daughter of John Philion, aged two years and six months.

Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral this afternoon, at four o'clock, from the residence of her father, Bolton-street, without further notice.

OVER 50 PACKAGES

NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum

Election of Officers.

THE MEMBERS OF THIS INSTITUTE are notified that the

ANNUAL MEETING

FOR THE

Election of Office-Bearers,

TAKES PLACE ON

Wednesday Eve'ng, the 13th Inst.

Chair to be taken at 7½ p.m.

E. P. REMON,
Rec. Secretary.

Ottawa, March 12, 1867. 380-2

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "The Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

☞ The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Mr. Francis Jones, M.P.P.

WILL BE HAPPY TO MEET HIS friends and the public generally at the following times and places, for the discussion of political subjects; and he earnestly requests his opponents, if any, to meet him openly before the Electors at these places:

Heckston, Monday, March 18th, at 11 o'clock, a. m.
Bishop's Mills, Monday, March 18th, at 7 o'clock, p. m.
Kirkland's Schoolhouse, Tuesday, March 19th, at 11 a. m.
Easton's Corners, Tuesday, March 19th, at 3 o'clock, p. m.
Irish Creek, Tuesday, March 19th, at 7 o'clock, p. m.
New Bliss, Wednesday, March 20th, at 11 o'clock, a. m.
Toledo, Wednesday, March 20th, at 3 o'clock, p. m.
Frankville, Wednesday, March 20th, at 7 o'clock, p. m.
Lombard's Corners, Thursday, March 21, at 11 o'clock, a. m.
Merrickville, Thursday, March 21, at 7 o'clock, p. m.
Burritt's Rapids, Friday, March 22, at 3 o'clock, p. m.
Oxford Mills, Friday, March 22, at 7 o'clock, p.m.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

March 12. d380-2-w11-1

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

A Fancy Dress Entertainment

WILL BE HELD

AT THE RINK,

ON

Tuesday ev'g. next, the 19th Inst.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in Costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress, a slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No Masks allowed except by special permission.

No Gentlemen to appear in Female attire.

Those desirous of appearing in Costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary when applying for their ticket.

ADMISSION—25 cents. Skaters in Costume Free. Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock.

Ottawa, March 11. 379d

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa.

377tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application. For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.

March 9. 380d

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF
Houses and Building Lots
IN THE
Village of New Edinburgh and City of Ottawa.

THE MACKAY ESTATE WILL OFfer for sale by public auction, at the office of the Estate in the Village of New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 16th DAY OF MARCH, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, about Thirty desirable Building Lots, some with dwellings thereon in the Village of New Edinburgh. Six of these Lots front upon the Rideau River, and six (which will be sold as Villa Lots, if desired) front upon the Park and Cricket Ground of the Governor-General's residence.

Also, at the same time and place, Twelve Lots in Lower Town, Ottawa, three with dwelling houses thereon, and one on Dalhousie-street having a large building suitable for a factory. The Lots are on St. Andrew, Cathcart, Bolton, Boteler, Baird and Dalhousie-streets—three being Ordnance Lots.

TERMS: One-third cash; balance by instalments at 7 per cent. interest, payable in 3 or 5 years, to suit purchasers. Conditions made known at day of sale.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, March 7. 378td

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!
TO AVOID REMOVAL.
AT THE VARIETY HALL,
No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China, Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

NOTICE.
O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

Call and see for yourselves,

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.
STILL WE PROGRESS.
OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

JUST PUBLISHED,
AND FOR SALE BY
George E. Desbarats,
Corner of Sparks and O'Connor-sts.,
"GEOLOGY OF CANADA, 1866,"
BEING A
Report of the Geological Survey of Canada, from 1863 to 1866, under the Direction of Sir Wm. E. Logan, F.R.S., F.G.S.

PRICE $1.50.

Ottawa, March 8, 1867. 377a

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tt

FOR SALE.

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET, A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

First-Class House to Let.

TO LET from 1st May one 3-story first-class cut Stone House, in Hull Village. Also a few pleasantly situated Villa Lots for sale on easy terms.

GEO. J. MARSTON.

Ottawa, March 11. 379-1

TO LET,
A TWO STORY STONE HOUSE
CONTAINING TWELVE ROOMS, with Kitchen and Cellar complete, situated on Main street, Aylmer.

Apply to
MRS. RADMER,
Aylmer, C. E.

February 19, 1867. 362tf

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-Street,
Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,
(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)
SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:
Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.
Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.
Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety;
Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:
English, American and Canadian.
Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.
Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:
Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:
DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.
Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.
Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:
Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.
ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS,
Candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.
PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.
Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.
Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

LIFE
ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.
FOUNDED 1838, FOR
LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.
HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:
PLACE D'ARMES........MONTREAL.
INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A. THE BONUSES
Are paid in Money, to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made every year in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 62½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy-holders during their own lives.

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES
Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a

Most Important Provision in Old Age

to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £1560, making the sum assured £2560, instead of £1000.

Or, he may then exchange this large Bonus Addition for One Cash Payment of about £1000 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £102 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM
Can anything like the same amount of benefits be obtained, whether as regards increase of sum Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment or Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year, in Class B. will receive, at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than later Entrants—the difference being probably so much as £40 on a £1000 policy.

The 28th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WARDLAW,
SECRETARY.

Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,	Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior,	Vacant
Almonte,	Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham,	Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville,	Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke,	Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

NEW
SPRING TWEEDS!
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.
ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CANADIAN TWEEDS!
Comprising the Choicest Goods, and Newest Styles, produced by the principal manufacturers in Canada.

All purchased on the most favorable terms, and offered at a moderate advance, at either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,
Sparks-street, - - OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 6. 375y

1867. New Spring Goods. 1867.
CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,
14, Rideau-street,
HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF
New Spring Dress Goods,
New Spring Skirtings,
New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867. 374y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitsky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.
E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.
Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine, Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!
—AT—
GRANT & HENDERSON'S.
WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING
New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,
MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.
SPLENDID VALUE.
A LARGE STOCK OF
New Whitney and Horse Blankets!
OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

PEG TOP DEPOT.

THIS BEING THE SEASON FOR Merry-Making, Balls, Parties, &c., &c., to meet the demand for DRESS SUITS, I have on hand a choice assortment of

BROAD CLOTHS!

And of everything necessary to get up orders in a style that defies competition.

Also a choice selection of

Beavers,
Coatings,
Trouserings,
&c., &c.

Ten per cent. off for Cash transactions.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Elgin Street,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, January 14, 1867. 331y

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wy

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town*. Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 2663m

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-ut

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866. 81-tf.

STOVES
AT A BIG DISCOUNT,
AT
ESMONDE BROS.

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stoves in Canada.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Incorporated 1819.---Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses.

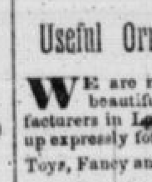
THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m



C. BANSLEY & CO.
No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,
Santa Claus Depot.
TOYS! TOYS!
AND
Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

Royal Canadian Bank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!
Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office!
1st Door West of Bates',
AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

Ottawa and Gloucester Road
COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,
The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE HOURS from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

FOR SALE.
150 Barrels Mess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples,
20 do. Choice Cheese.
On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

Wanted Immediately,
A WET NURSE.
Apply to
DR. WOOD,
Sparks-street.

Ottawa, March 6. 375tf

TOBACCOS.
Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 368y

INSURANCE.
Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital. - - - $5,000,000.
HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:
Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DE-LISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance
COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.
W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.
OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1ST, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Montgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 65	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—**W. WADE, Agent.**

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.
R. S. Cassels, Esq. ...... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323tf

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782
GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FOR SALE, THAT ELIgible property, beautifully situated on the Banks of the Ottawa, in the Township of Nepean, distant from the City of Ottawa about three miles on the macadamized road, together with the STONE DWELLING-HOUSE thereon erected, at present occupied by William Thomson, Esquire, and the garden and ornamented grounds adjoining the same, forming part of Lot No. 29, in the 1st concession, Ottawa front. A most desirable private residence and vacant Lots adjoining the same also for sale at reasonable prices.

For particulars and terms apply to John and William Thomson on the premises, or to

LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369y

Three Houses to Let,

ON VICTORIA TERrace, Richmond Road, containing eight rooms each. Possession given May 1st.

Apply to
MRS. LAUDER.

Ottawa, February 13, 1867. 357tf

House to Let,

CONTAINING SEVEN Rooms and Stone Cellar, situated in Augusta Street, Sandy Hill.

Apply to
JAS. G. ROBINSON,
Tea Pot,
Sussex Street.

Ottawa February 2, 1867. 348-3m

TO LET A DWELLING House, containing Ten Rooms in the Desbarats' Block, Sparks Street, next to Mrs. Trotter's Restaurant. Possession immediate. Apply to

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Queen's Printer's Office.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

TO LET, A HOUSE CONtaining nine rooms, on Ottawa Street, south of Mathew's Hotel. Apply on the premises, to

THOS. G. BURNS.

Ottawa, September 29. 242tf

FOR SALE.—Lots 9 and 10 South Side Sparks Street, nearly opposite the lot on which the new Bank of Montreal is to be erected, and within five minutes' walk of the other Banks. Lots 9 and 10 on north side of Queen Street in rear of the above.

ALSO, 23 ACRES OF LAND.

In the Township of Gloucester, situated about half a mile from Billings Bridge. This land can be sold *en bloc* or in lots of 5 acres.

For further particulars, apply to
FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
City of Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 10, 1866. 46-utf

FARM FOR SALE.—One Hundred and Ninety Acres of Land, in the Township of Nepean (the property of the late George Bell One Hundred and Fifty Acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation with good Dwelling House, Barn, and other outbuildings thereon.

This land is of the best quality, and situated seven miles from Ottawa City on macadamized road leading to Richmond.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

JOHN BELL,
WILLIAM GRAHAM,
JAMES BEARMAN,
Executors of the Estate of the late George Bell
Address Bell's Corners P.O.

June 20, 1866. 156-tf.

FOR SALE.—THE WESTerly one-third of Lot No. 27, in First Concession Ottawa, Front Nepean, and Lots Nos. 26 and 28, in the same Concession, at present in the occupation of Wm. T. Aylen, Esq. For further particulars apply to JOHN and WM. THOMSON, Nepean, and LEWIS & PINHEY, Barrister, Ottawa. Je2-141-tf

TO RENT.—A BAKE House, with working utensils, with a good house and yard, stabling; and a good run of customers; also, for sale a good baker's wagon, horse and harness. Possession immediately. Rent moderate. Apply at this office for particulars.

Ottawa, June 26. 161tf

FOR SALE.

THAT VALUABLE PROperty known as T. M. Blasdell's Homestead, containing about Two Acres, beautifully situated on the Ottawa River, being Lot One, North side Wellington Street, City of Ottawa, with the Dwelling and outhouses thereon.

Apply to
LEWIS & PINHEY,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

February 10, 1866. 46-utf

Dwellings to Let.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMmediately. A new Brick Building on Besserer Street, Sandy Hill, near the residence of Hon. Malcolm Cameron. This building contains Seven Bed-rooms, and is furnished with all modern improvements.

A large Two storey Wooden Building, on the corner of Murray Streets. This House is lined with Brick, furnished with double doors and windows and Venetian Blinds. There is a large Kitchen and Shed attached, with Pumps, Stables and other buildings in the yard. This House is well adapted for a Store, Hotel, Boarding House, or private residence.

For further particulars apply to
J. L. P. O'HANLY.
Sandy Hill.

Ottawa, February 10. 1866. 46-utf

CITY PROPERTY!
FOR SALE,
CONSISTING OF
LOTS & HOUSES.
ALSO
25 ACRES OF LAND
IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN

WITHIN TWO-AND-A-HALF MILES of the City Limits, with A DWELLING HOUSE erected thereon. One half of the land is cleared and well fenced. These properties are worthy the attention of intending purchasers, and be sold CHEAP.

INDISPUTABLE TITLES WILL BE GIVEN

For further particulars apply to
WM. CLEGG, ESQ.,
BARRISTER,
Telegraph Building, Ottawa City.

Ottawa, Feb. 22, 1866. 56-tf

Farm and City Lots
FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING VALUABLE PROperty is offered for sale at private contract, on terms very favorable to the purchaser:

W ½ of Lot 23, in 3rd Concession, O. F. Gloucester, a Farm of good land, of about 120 acres—about 40 acres cleared, with a good Barn, Fences, and other improvements.

Lot No. 30, South side Patrick street, Ottawa, with a house containing four tenements.

Lot No. 18, South Boteler street.

Apply at the Law Office of
LEES & GEMMELL,
Court House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327tf

FREEHOLD CITY PROPERTY FOR Sale very cheap and on reasonable terms. LOT NO. 25, North side of York Street, Ottawa upon which is erected a large house 66 × 33 feet, containing four tenements, bringing a yearly rent of £84.

For particulars, apply to
E. LAPIERRE,
Solicitor, &c.

Ottawa, December 19. 311-3m

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,
NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.
500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 4s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lbs each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS,

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of,

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100	cases	Otard Brandy,
50	"	Martell's
150	"	Hennessey,
75	"	United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.
DUBLIN STOUT!
BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.
Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

RETIRING!
Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,
AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores, **No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,** Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO.

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

Sand Point Depot.
PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE.
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!
AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 328y

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot
For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS,

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365td

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence, between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10td

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the House.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New-York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY OF OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866,

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w71f

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the close proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S

CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d1w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say:

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(e) The place wherein is then stored.
(f) The place to which it is to be removed.
(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(i) The time at which it is to be removed.
(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner,
(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) by the (7) , there to be delivered into the possession of (8) of (9)

The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be during the removal.

Requisition made at [Sd. 11]
this day of 186

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]

The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before he expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 — Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the strength proof for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At a Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude general character of the business carried on such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief A. S.

February 10. 62

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each deed, ment or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents.*

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents.*

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents.*

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

208-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.

Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.

PRESENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 34, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing *in transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1 1866. 12tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER.

NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers,

&C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto, and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
BRAZIL { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
CENTRAL AMERICA { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
CHILI—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
CUBA { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	......
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
NICARAGUA { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Gulf of Mexico side }	34	5	......
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
PERU—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
VENEZUELA { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
WEST INDIES—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
WEST INDIES,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand *via* New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to show that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000.

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.

TENDERS

addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON,

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.

Post-Office Inspector's Office,
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise

208tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 40" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ices or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORATION of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish or any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of, or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

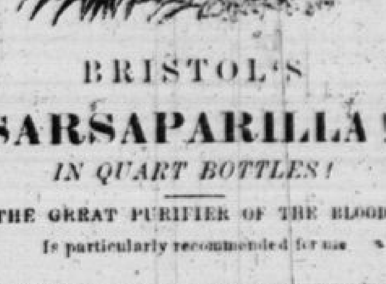
Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)
ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365e



BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

☞ USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK. ☜

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

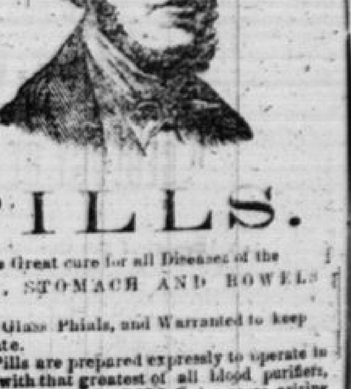
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48otf

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At a Council held in the City of Quebec, on Monday, 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency was pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared that the item, "Iron Wire," "round or flat," mentioned in the Schedule E of the Act 29th, 30th Vic. Cap. 6, was intended to include, and is hereby declared to extend to and include flat wire for crinolines uncovered.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. C. E. C.

245tf

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1866:

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed in the 29th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled: "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that so much of the Order in Council of the 20th day of February last, as prohibits the importation or introduction of Horses into this Province, or into any part of it, by sea, be and the same is hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

280tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 381. | OTTAWA C. W. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the largest circulation of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the district in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Culmer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 353y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-3m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
JAS. CLEGG. THOS. E. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c. (RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.) SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 13 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST, Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hanton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Musgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Musgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Marb Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 13, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the Banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on this Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. K. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleeks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire: and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-tf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accomodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
Ottawa, November 26. SUPERINTENDENT. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ..... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ..... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
May 26. Managing Director. 155-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Ottawa, December 29 Besserer Street. 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.
Cloths and Clothing.
PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES.
ALEX. DUFF, OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.

H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w6-3m

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field
county of Carleton, calls the attention of the inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbacious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

DRUGS, &c.
Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries, Patent Medicines Dyestuffs, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.
Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by
Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 10-300tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
6tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,

OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Office, Colonial Secretary.
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59. E.,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9¼ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
337tf Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed.)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Ætna Life Insurance Co.—R. Smith, Agent.

Peg Top Depot—G. M. Holbrook.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.30 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa.	8.00 a. m. and 11.30 a. m.	11.30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke, & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa.	6.00 p. m.	8.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage.	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway	6.00 p. m.	7.30 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12.30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12:30 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, via Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland, via Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MARCH 13, 1867.

We learn on reliable authority that James Boyd, Esq., J. P., of Vankleek Hill, is being brought out as a candidate for the representation of the County of Prescott in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario. Mr. Boyd, we understand, is a gentleman of considerable ability and personally popular throughout the county.

The elections in Prince Edward Island have resulted in the return of some nineteen or twenty Liberals to ten or eleven Conservatives. Though Confederation was not an issue at the polls, some half a dozen advocates of Confederation have been returned, two of them Liberal and four Conservatives. Three newspaper men who offered their services to the people, and claimed their confidence in virtue of their opposition to Confederation were all rejected, and the St. John, N. B., *Telegraph* says that one of the local papers admits that on the whole, the Confederate party have gained by the elections. In the meantime the papers of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, are promising to keep Prince Edward's four seats in the Senate "warm" until the Islanders can make up their minds what course they will pursue. No doubt they will soon see the propriety of joining the Confederation, and we think that they will find every disposition on the part of the Confederate Government to receive them on equitable terms.

How delightful to see the brethren dwelling together in unity! The Toronto *Globe* and the Hamilton *Times* remind us of the touching spectacle so pathetically described by "Artemus Ward" where his mother and Betsy Jane's, were engaged together in the congenial occupations of "bilin' soap and "abusin' the naburs!" One day the *Times* will reveal the vile plots of the "Tories" to get hold of "all the offices"; on the next out comes the *Globe* with the flattering announcement that "the Hamilton *Times* has well said," so and so. The *Globe* "commends" itself to a few journals as the fountain of "regular Billingsgate," and straightway the Hamilton *Times*, carried off its feet in a fit of enthusiastic admiration, and bidding good-bye to grammar and common sense together, exclaims: "The conclusion of the "*Globe* is well drawn, and the order in which "they are given is perfectly correct. The "morals or tastes of no community are like-"ly to be improved by the general style of "the lucubrations of such journals." The very obscurity of this paragraph testifies to the intensity of the admiration in which the *Times* holds the wisdom of the *Globe*. It is not only that "the conclusion of the *Globe is well drawn*," as *Globular* conclusions generally are, and sometimes "very far fetched" besides, but then—and this is the point that puzzles us—"the order in which *they are given* is perfectly correct!" Verily, we say with the *Globe*, "the Hamilton *Times* has well said," and we say with the *Times*—"the "conclusion of the *Globe* is *well drawn*"—the *conclusion* in the case being an unsupported assertion from one who is sometimes "o'er economic o' the truth."

It would be malicious to mar the harmony of the two organised Reform sheets by referring to their former uncomplimentary bearing towards each other, and if we now remind our readers that a few months since these two organs were "bilin' their soap" in different kettles, and "abusin'" each other instead of their neighbors, it is only to bring out in stronger contrast the happy effects of "organising the Reform party." Since the *Times* has submitted to the process of organising, it and the *Globe* can affectionately work together, "bilin' soap and abusin' their neighbors"—the Tories—to their hearts' content. It is a great improvement on the relations subsisting between them last fall, and for our part we shall be glad to see them quoting and requoting their good sayings and well-drawn conclusions so long as it may please them, being satisfied that the "Tories" will be as little affected by their abuse as they were not a great while ago by their "soap," when it was administered very liberally and of the softest quality. These "organising" gentry are alike understood whether their *role* is patriotism or party, for the country has seen them in both.

The Kingston *News* states that it is not the present intention of the Government to erect the Townships now withdrawn from sale to the rear of Madoc into a Gold Mining District, under the Act of 1864, but that the withdrawal of the lands from sale is to permit the whole matter of land management and the adjustment of the rival claims of the lumberers and gold miners to be settled by the Legislature of Ontario.

Assuming that our contemporary is correctly informed, we cannot but remark that the delay incident to this policy may have the effect of retarding mining operations or giving rise to complications which will cause much confusion in the future. It should not have been supposed that the putting in force of the Act of 1864, in regard to the Madoc region, would have been esteemed an undue stretch of authority on the part of the Government of Canada, for though these lands will soon pass under the control of the Legislature of Ontario, yet the Canadian Act of 1864 will still be in force in that province, until it is repealed or amended by the Local Legislature. It will take some time, the lapse of one season at least, before the Local Legislature will be in a position to deal intelligently with the revision of the Crown Lands policy of the country, and in the meantime we cannot see that any mistake would have been made in proclaiming the Madoc region, a Gold Mining District, under the Act, especially since the discoveries actually made, and reported to have been made, would seem to call for such a step without delay. If we are to rely upon the accounts that are almost daily reaching the public from Belleville and the back country, there will be a great influx of miners, speculators and prospectors during the coming summer, and the operations of these we fancy could be more satisfactorily conducted if the course we have indicated were followed.

Our Kingston contemporary gives another reason for the withdrawal of the back townships from sale, namely, to promote the settlement of the older townships; and we presume he might have added another, to prevent complications in the future, should it be found that these back townships also contain the auriferous deposit in paying quantities. It is certainly desirable that the Legislature of Ontario should be as little hampered as possible in its mode of dealing with the gold region of Madoc, as well as with the rich iron and other mineral regions on the North Shore of Lake Superior, and, except that we conceive there is a pressing necessity for action in regard to the Madoc region, we can heartily approve of allowing all other contemplated reforms, some very desirable ones of which were indicated in the last report of the Honorable Commissioner, to await the action of the Local Legislature. Even regarding the Madoc region, if the Confederation bill is soon put in force, the Local Government could place it at once under the operation of the Act of 1864, pending future legislative action on the part of the House of Assembly.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 12, 1867.

Snow to the depth of four inches fell last night, but has since disappeared, leaving the roads and walks in a very bad condition.

Preparations are being made for the opening of a branch co-operative store in the West End of the city.

A large and well attended sale of unclaimed goods lying at the Express office took place yesterday. Parcels were put up without an opportunity given to examine their contents; in consequence there were some unlucky purchasers, one gentleman paying $18 for a box of matches.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 12, 1867.

The *Minerve* of this morning says, the Canadian Delegates are very busy in London, with the exception of John A., who is on a visit to Prince Alfred. The rumor gains ground that he is to be the first Governor-General of the new Dominion of Canada.

It is stated the delegates will sail from England on the 20th inst. Messrs. Galt and Howland are actively occupied in finishing the pecuniary arrangements which will be rendered necessary by Confederation. They have frequent consultations with the Chancellor of the Exchequer, who is to introduce into Commons the bill for granting a loan of twenty million dollars for the Intercolonial road, which is to be paid off by a sinking fund in not less than thirty years nor more than forty-five years.

Mr. Starnes was inaugurated as Mayor, and the new members of the council were sworn in last night. Mr. Starnes made a speech in favor of election of Mayor by the council instead of by the people, and congratulated the city on its improved state of finances.

LOCAL NEWS.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 12, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 27 above zero.

9 a. m., 31 above zero.
Noon, shade, 37 above zero.
6 p. m., 31 above zero.

Attempted Suicide.—On Sunday or Monday last a woman, whose name we do not publish, attempted to commit suicide by poison. We understand that Dr. McGillivray was sent for and has succeeded in saving her life. The woman resides some distance from the city, and the effects of the poison had assumed an alarming character before the doctor could reach her. She is now, however, out of danger.

Dishonesty.—On Monday a boy in the employ of Judge Armstrong was sent into town on business, with a team of fine horses and a sleigh. Instead of getting his load and returning home, the boy went and sold the whole concern to Andre Riopelle for sixty dollars. Riopelle sold them to another man for one hundred and twenty dollars. The Judge found out where his property was, and went yesterday morning, taking Constable Litle with him, and found the last purchaser just in the act of driving the team out of Riopelle's yard. The right owner seized his team and sent his man home with them. So at present the matter rests. The boy is supposed to have crossed the lines.

The Ouilette Case.—The case of Louise Ouilette came up before Thos. Langrell, Esq., J. P., yesterday at 2 o'clock, p.m. The prisoner was charged by her husband with having on the 6th instant assaulted, beat, and ill-used him to do grievous bodily harm. The complainant detailed the manner in which the attack was made on him, in substance as it appeared in the Times the day after the occurrence. The investigation was proceeded with at some length, when it was found necessary to adjourn it till Thursday. Ouilette's head is still far from being well, and he looks somewhat pale from the loss of blood. The prisoner is a mild, innocent looking young woman of seventeen. When spoken of as "the prisoner," Ouilette did not seem to understand who was meant, and persisted all through in calling her "my wife," and in such tones as would lead one to think he would be willing to pay a pretty heavy fine to get her home again.

Belgravia for February, 1867.—The February number of Miss Braddon's new magazine is fully equal in interest to any of its predecessors. The story of "Birds of Prey" is continued, and the number before us contains besides, some twelve or thirteen shorter articles in prose and poetry, in which the instructive, the interesting and the amusing are charmingly blended. "Belgravia" may be obtained at the book store of Messrs. Durie & Son.

St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum.—We have pleasure in announcing that the bazaar lately held at the Russell House, in aid of the funds of the above institution, realized the very handsome sum of one thousand dollars and eighty cents, the expenses being no more than $40.98. Sister Fitzmaurice tenders her thanks to Col. Campbell and to the band of the 100th; to the St. Patrick's band, and also to Mr. Gouin, and to those ladies who took so active a part in the bazaar, and to the public in general.

The Central Bell.—We congratulate the Central Hook and Ladder Company on the result of their late action in regard to their bell. The action of the City Council in the matter was prompt, and the committee are doing all in their power to have the work completed at the earliest possible moment. The timbers are on the ground, in rear of the City Hall, where the belfry is to be erected, and we trust no unnecessary time will be lost by those engaged to do the work. A single day's delay in putting the bell in its place may cause the loss of thousands of dollars, as might have been the case any day since it has been lying useless under the steps of the City Hall.

Ætna Life Insurance Co.—We beg to call the attention of the public to the advertisement of the Ætna Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., which will be found in our advertising columns. This popular and prosperous company has insured over 14,000 persons during the year 1866, and is still rapidly increasing its business. The success this company has attained in Canada is no doubt owing to the fact that the Fire Branch (though not now connected with the Life, the laws of the States wisely compelling them to sever their business) has been long and favorably known as a prompt and honorable company. The management of the Ætna Life being to a great extent under the control of the gentlemen who have brought the Fire office to its present position, is the best guarantee that persons insuring in the Ætna Life will be entering a sound and reliable company. Mr. R. Smith is the agent for this city.

Police Court.—Robert Hilliard and Felix Dubie, were charged with having committed a breach of the peace in the house of Margaret Gravelle by beating her and dragging her on the floor, for which they were fined ten dollars and costs. The witnesses were afterwards called to prove that the house kept by Margaret Gravelle was a house of ill fame. They both gave very unwilling testimony, but sufficient was elicited from them to warrant his Worship in inflicting on the defendant three months in jail and to pay fifty dollars, or remain in jail six months longer.—Annie Lee, who has been living with Mrs. Gravelle, was brought up and her case adjourned till this morning. Annie says she is from South Carolina, but people who are acquainted with the people of that latitude, would be slow to believe her. She swore that she had been engaged as a house servant with Margaret Gravelle, and that she had never seen any improper conduct in the house, which, however, was contradicted by the reluctant testimony of Hilliard and Dubie.—On information sworn by Francis Ritchie, Constable, Cyril Goslin and Andre Gervin, were brought up charged with depositing nightsoil on the ice of the Ottawa. Ritchie said that there could be no less than a hundred barrels of that material on the ice, not far from the place where the water is obtained to supply the city. The culprits, who get their living by this kind of work, were ordered to remove it by this morning and give proof of its being done, or go to jail. This they promised to do, and were allowed to proceed to their work.—Pierre Lariviere was charged by Simon John Clark, with using abusive and threatening language towards him—case adjourned.—John Bird, an old soldier, was charged with being drunk and disorderly on the street. On promise of amendment he was discharged.

Sturdy Beggars.—It is by no means unusual for beggars, many of them women, to knock at a door, and when opened, of course to ask for relief; very frequently while the person who answers the door goes back into the house to procure the wherewithal to satisfy their demands, the beggar picks up some article in the hall and secretes it under her shawl or cloak, or follows the person into the interior of the house and looks about for some moveable which finds a place, if opportunity offers, under her clothing, and it is seen in its place in the house no more. Sometimes the beggar woman prevails on the good woman of the house to go into another room, perhaps up stairs, to find for her customer an article of cast off clothing, and that in her chance for purloining something perhaps of considerable value. Instances of this kind not unfrequently occur. Sometimes the beggar is rather dainty, and will ask you for a cup of tea. We know a tender-hearted woman who made tea for a beggar the other day which was complained of as *not being strong enough*. A day or two after she was waited on by a big fellow to whom she gave stockings and shoes; the following week he came for a hat, and something to eat. The woman who relieved those persons is herself in but middling circumstances, and can ill afford to give relief. Her husband is absent most of the day, and having no one but herself in the house she is frequently victimised. Having nothing to give away yesterday, she advised an applicant for charity to go to her rich neighbor next door, but he assured her that no beggar ever went there. It was no good. On reading an account of the mode of procedure by the beggars of New York, and their method of designating their houses of call, this woman's husband was led to examine certain hieroglyphics in chalk on the house, which he thinks may have some significance in connexion with his wife's beggars. Some New York cadger has revealed, or some modern Champollion has deciphered the meanings of some of the marks used by the fraternity on fences, steps, and door-posts of Gotham as follows: Two straight lines, forming a right angle, is a sign of generosity, and that victuals can be easily obtained there. An arrow warns the cadgers of liability to arrest. Two lines crossed like an X signifies that there is no use in calling. Both of the latter signs have been put on the house of our friend, but the cadgers can't read them. "Still they come." He says he'll get a dog. She pleads that the dog shall be chained.

—The Adventists of Connecticut are preparing to "go up" on or about June 16.

Deodorizing India-Rubber.—India-rubber is useful for an infinity of purposes, but it always has an evil odor. An English inventor purposes to overcome this defect by subjecting the rubber to the action of animal charcoal, which has an affinity for gasses and smells. The mode of application varies according to the description of articles. Generally speaking, they are laid in shelves or trays in a hot chamber, with a thin stratum of charcoal beneath and on top, and exposed to a temperature of from one hundred and twenty to one hundred and eighty degrees for from three to six hours, after which they are removed from the charcoal, having sustained no other alteration than being rendered devoid of smell, and incapable of imparting any taste to liquids or other substances they may touch.

A MELANCHOLY FATE.

A House Burned and Two Children Consumed in the Conflagration.

On Wednesday evening the 6th inst., a farmer of the name of Lalonde, residing in the eighth concession of Plantagenet, went with his wife on a visit to a friend's house, distant about four miles, and left the house in charge of a hired man and three children, the oldest a girl about nine years of age. At two o'clock a.m. the house caught fire, while the inmates were in a deep slumber, rendered no doubt more profound by the dense smoke; however the man awoke and escaped with difficulty, likewise the eldest girl, who made an effort to take the youngest child with her, but was met by a volume of smoke, and dropped the child, making her way out with a struggle. The two youngest perished in the flames.

A Correspondent

Riceville, March 9, 1867.

COUNTY COURT.

The County Court was opened in the Court House yesterday at 12 o'clock noon, before Judge Armstrong. The Grand Jury was empannelled as follows: Mr. James Moodie, foreman; Alexander Anderson; James Blair; Geo. Baird; Thomas Borthwick; George Bell; Jno. Bradley; David Barrow; James Crozier; John Colbert; Abraham Doxey; William Glover; William Gourley; William Johnson; Thomas Johnson; John Remey; James Moodie; Donald McLaughlin; Horace O'Dell; William White; David Wilson; Thomas Wilson.

His Honor then delivered an eloquent charge, in which he expressed his great pleasure in informing the Grand Jury that there were no criminal cases to be tried. It was highly gratifying he said to contemplate the absence of crime in the County, which he trusted might long continue to be the case. His Honor also spoke of the wide field which was now opened up to us by the Act of Confederation, the preamble to which he read. Allusion was also made to the probability of another invasion of our country, and entire reliance placed in our brave volunteers to repel it.

The following is a list of the civil cases disposed of yesterday:—

Chaffy *et al*, *vs.* the Ottawa & Prescott Railway Co. W. H. Walker; Ed. P. Remon; verdict for Plff. $655.30.

Rorke *et al*, *vs.* Beach *et al.* J. B. Lewis, Ed. P. Remon; verdict for Plff. $359.74.

Leach *vs.* Beach *et al.* W. H. Walker, Ed. P. Remon; verdict for Plff. $150.60.

The Quebec Bank *vs.* Bell *et al.* Thos. F. Nellis, John J. Gemmell; verdict for Plff. $1122.86.

The Quebec Bank *vs.* Irvine *et al.* Thos. F. Nellis, H. Lapierre.

Court *vs.* Jones. J. P. Bucke, O. Bethune; verdict for Plff. $105.23.

The Ontario Bank *vs.* Beach *et al.* Ed. P. Remon, J. P. Bucke; verdict for Plff. $396.12.

The Ontario Bank *vs.* Beach *et al.* Ed. P. Remon, J. P. Bucke; verdict for Plff. $343.26.

Angus *vs.* Belcourt *et al.* H. Lapierre, G. Taillon; verdict by consent for $280.14.

Asher *vs.* Beach *et al.* D. O'Connor, Ed. P. Remon; verdict for Plff. $194.90.

Coombs *vs.* Clemow. A. I. Dunning, J. B. Lewis; verdict for Plff. $12.

THE GALLANT POLICEMAN AND THE PATRIOT PRIEST.

In the House of Commons, on the 18th ult., Mr. Walrond wished to ask the noble lord whether he could confirm the published reports of the gallant conduct of Police Constable Duggan, who was attacked by the rioters while carrying despatches. He would also enquire whether the noble lord could confirm the report of the loyal conduct of the Rev. Mr. McGinn, a Roman Catholic priest, who, it was stated, gave notice to the police of the intentions of the rioters, endeavored to dissuade the party from their mad enterprise, and on being charged by their leader with having given information against them, boldly and loyally acknowledged that he had done so.

Lord Naas—The statement which appeared in the *Times* of this morning with regard to Police Constable Duggan is entirely correct. He showed the greatest possible gallantry and devotion to his duty. After being wounded, and after falling from his horse, he then endeavoured to struggle on as best he could in order to perform his duty. He was, unfortunately, unable to accomplish this, and was obliged to take refuge in a house, whether he was followed by some of his assailants. With respect to the conduct of the Rev. Mr. McGinn, the information in the hands of the Government leads us to believe that the statement which has been published is perfectly correct. (Hear, hear.) Shortly after the attack on the policeman, the same party designed to attack the police barracks at Rosbeg, not very far off. On meeting Mr. McGinn they stopped and addressed him. He warned them of the perilous and wicked course they were pursuing, and endeavoured to dissuade them from carrying out the project which he had been led to believe they entertained. They advanced, however, some little distance further, but wiser counsels ultimately prevailed, and when they got to within two hundred yards of the barracks they turned off the roads and over the mountains. The reverend gentleman then proceeded to the help of the wounded man, and, I believe, remained with him a considerable time, until further assistance arrived. (Cheers.)

TERRIBLE CURSE ON THE FENIANS.

While preaching to his people a few weeks ago, the Rev. Dr. Moriarty, Roman Catholic Bishop of Kerry, used the following strong language regarding the Fenians:—

"If we must condemn the foolish youths who have joined in this conspiracy, how much must we not execrate the conduct of those designing villains who have been entrapping innocent youth, and organizing this work of crime! Thank God they are not our people; or, if they were, they have lost the Irish character in the cities of America. But beyond them there are criminals of a far deeper guilt—the men who, while they send their dupes into danger, are fattening on the spoils in Paris and New York—the execrable swindlers, care not to endanger the necks of the men who trust them, who care not how many are murdered by the rebel or hanged by the strong arm of the law, provided they can get a supply of dollars either for their pleasures or for their wants. Oh! God's heaviest curse—His withering, blasting, blighting curse—is on them. I preached to you last Sunday on the eternity of hell's torments. Human reason was inclined to say, 'It is a horrid word, and who can bear it?' But when we look down to the fathomless depth of this infamy of the heads of the Fenian conspiracy, we must acknowledge that eternity is not long enough nor hell hot enough to punish such miscreants."

Is Health worth Having?—If it is, protect it; it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which, if not checked immediately, lead to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect a permanent cure when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the province, at 25cts. per box.

Very Natural.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended, he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse-medicine known as "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy"—all are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a Condition Medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

Arrests of Fenians in Ireland.

Dublin, March 12—Evening.—Arrests of Fenians are being made in all parts of the country, and large quantities of arms have been seized by the police. A despatch from Cork states, that a detachment has been sent in pursuit of a large number of insurgents who were reported to have gathered in the vicinity of Mallow Junction, an important railroad centre in the County of Cork.

Emperor of Austria.

Vienna, March 12—Eve.—The Emperor of Austria left this city to-day, on a visit to the Hungarian capital.

London Money Market.

London, March 12—Eve.—Consols closed at 90½; a decline of ¼ per cent.; 5-20's 74¼; I. C. 77¾; Erie 40.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.

Liverpool, March 12—Evening.—Breadstuffs firm and strong. Corn, 38s, per quarter for mixed Western. Oats, American and Canadian, 3s. 5d. per 45lbs. Ashes, 33s. per 100 lbs. for Pots.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Supplementary Reconstruction Bill.

New York, March 12.—The *Commercial's* special says: The Supplementary Reconstruction Bill will doubtless be sent to the President on Friday. It can hardly be expected that he will sign it, but if he vetoes it promptly, Congress will at once enact it over the veto, and adjourn until October.

Fatal Magazine Explosion.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 12.—King's powder mill at Oldtown, near Xenia, exploded at nine o'clock this morning. The report was heard 20 miles off; two men were killed.

Extensive Fire in Boston.

Boston, March 12.—Early this morning a fire broke out in the Planing Mill of Everett & Co., South Boston, which was partially destroyed. Loss $3,000. In the same building was the establishment of Geo. W. Lafford used for the manufacture of furniture. Loss of Mr. Lafford is estimated at $15,000 to $20,000.

Railroad Accident.

New York, March 12.—An accident occurred at one o'clock this morning, on the Camden and Amboy Railroad, at Bristol, Pa., twenty miles this side of Philadelphia. The third passenger car of the Washington mail train was thrown off the track; fortunately none of the passengers were injured.

Wife Desertion and Murder.

Buffalo, March 12.—Charles S. Wright, a brakesman on the Lake Shore road, was killed at Evans Centre, in this county, yesterday. Wright was with a party who intended to lynch his brother-in-law, who had deserted his wife and child.

A Noble Appropriation.

Baltimore, March 12.—The Maryland Senate to-day, by a vote of 17 to 1 passed a bill appropriating $100,000 for the relief of the suffering South.

ARRIVAL OF THE S. S. "AFRICA."

Halifax, March 12.—The steamship *Africa* arrived here at 3 o'clock.

All the Nova Scotian delegates, except Henry and Howe, have returned. None of the New Brunswick or the Canadians yet.

YESTERDAY'S CABLE NEWS

Tranquility in Ireland.

London, March 12—Noon.—The Fenian bands in Ireland have all been dispersed, and the entire island is tranquil. The authorities, however, have good reason to fear another rising, and have taken the necessary measures to frustrate it.

Laborers' Strike in Paris.

Paris, March 12.—The laborers employed in preparing the grounds and buildings for the approaching universal exhibition, have struck for higher wages.

Bismarck on the New Constitution.

Berlin, March 12.—Count Von Bismarck recommends a compromise between the several factions in the German Parliament, in order to adopt the new constitution.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Snow Storm at Buffalo.

Buffalo, March 12.—About three inches of snow fell this morning. Still snowing at 9.30 a.m.

Murderers Disposed of.

Saco, Me., March 11.—Mrs. Sweet was sentenced to six years imprisonment for poisoning her husband; Chas. Wilkinson for the murder of Spear, has been sentenced to the State prison for life.

Two Men Accidentally Killed.

Wm. Quirk and Fred. King, employed in a rolling mill, were instantly killed by being caught in the gearing to-day.

Fenian Meeting in Washington.—General Buncomb and Fillibustering Speeches.

Washington, March 11.—A large meeting of the friends of Ireland took place to-night. Speeches were made by Mr. McMahony, of this city, Hon. Wm. E. Robinson, of Brooklyn, and Hon. Wm. A. Darling, of New York. Their remarks elicited enthusiastic responses. The address issued by the Irishmen of New York, appealing for aid in this hour of Erin's trial, was read by a gentleman of that city, and received with general applause. The meeting unanimously adopted a preamble and resolutions, pledging themselves to sustain by all honorable means what appears to be a general uprising in Ireland until the consummation shall be rendered certain, and calling on the federal authorities to recognize as belligerents their countrymen now in the field. A band played Irish tunes during the intervals of the proceedings. Gen. Gleeson was introduced, not as an orator but as a fighting man. He said he had drilled some of the men now battling against the oppressor, and seemed to regard the chances of success as more hopeful than the meagre cable telegrams would indicate. Subscriptions of money were then taken up, as affording the best evidence of sympathy for the cause.

Juarez Proclaims a General Amnesty.

San Francisco, March 11.—The steamer *Sierra Nevada*, from Mazatlan, February 28, arrived to-day. The report is current in Mazatlan that Juarez had proclaimed a general amnesty for all political offences prior to that date. The defeat of Miramon in two engagements by Escobedo is confirmed.

Fenian Convention in Chicago.

President Roberts is expected to arrive at midnight to attend the State Convention of the Fenians to be held in this city to-morrow. A large attendance is expected. Seventy-five circles have reported and forwarded their certificates of delegates.

The "Herald's" Irish Correspondent on the Recent Outbreak.

New York, March 12.—The *Herald's* Athlone, Ireland, correspondence of the 12th ult., contains matter which goes to prove that the Fenian insurrection in that country forms part of a revolutionary movement, which is daily becoming more imminent in Great Britain, and in which the Irish military organisation acts according to a clearly defined and strictly ordered plan. Anticipating the last rising by many days, he states the very day on which it occurred, and sketches pretty freely the coming operations, such as the destruction of the telegraph lines and railroads, and respecting the safety of the Atlantic cable on account of the American interest. Of the affair at Chester, he says officers left their hiding places, ammunition was being collected in convenient magazines, and hundreds of young men prepared to leave their homes to participate in the struggle. At the same time 2,000 stalwart men in the workshops of Manchester, Liverpool, Staleybridge and Birmingham threw down their tools and started for Chester, where was situated an antiquated castle, in which were stored 33,000 stand of rifles, and a very large quantity of ammunition, guarded by about 40 infantry men of very doubtful loyalty. The men arrived in Chester, and the Government was terribly frightened. Just at this moment James Stephens having been deposed, an energetic officer appointed to direct the movement, arrived in England, and learning the condition of affairs, immediately sent an officer to Chester with orders to prevent an attack on the place. He arrived just in time. Other officers were sent throughout Ireland to stay the movement, and they all were successful except in Kerry, which was not reached in time. This correspondent further says: I am prepared to state, and the result will show the correctness of the assertion, that in several counties of Ireland every able-bodied man, excepting some priests, all the parsons, some soldiers, policemen, landlords and other persons dependent upon the Government, is ready to join the insurgent forces, or tender them assistance. The principal officer in command of the Fenians was formerly an officer in the English service, and lately of the American rebel army. His Adjutant-General was formerly in the French service and lately a Brigadier-General of U. S. Volunteers. There are others of like standing and experience.

Attempt to Raise a Fleet of Fenian Privateers.

New York, March 12.—Efforts are making in this city by the Fenians to raise money enough to set afloat a fleet of Fenian privateers.

Campeachy, Yucatan, Bombarded.

The *Herald* has city of Mexico dates of the 16th ultimo, and Sissal, 22nd. The Liberals were bombarding Campeachy, in Yucatan, and had captured the artillery sent to the relief of the Imperialists in the town.

Political and Fenian Movements at Washington.

New York, March 12.—The *Herald* says: The appointment of the southern district commanders still hangs fire. The President hesitates to appoint Sheridan. Some say he is too much a soldier, and too little of a politician, for the place. Sherman is largely commended, and will probably be appointed.

Large numbers of Fenians are in Washington, urging Congressmen to immediately recognise their rights as belligerents. They will appear before the Committee on Foreign Affairs as soon as that committee is organized.

The Turks Abandoning Crete.

New York, March 12.—The *Tribune's* correspondent in Crete confirms the news that the Turks have virtually abandoned the larger portion of the Island, and that they were not expected to be able to renew the war. The result of the latest engagements has been favorable to the Christians. In the meantime a new ministry has been appointed in Constantinople which is favorable to thorough reform.

Subscription in Aid of the Fenians.

Washington, March 12.—About 1,000 dollars were subscribed for the aid of Ireland at a public meeting held last week.

THE SENTENCES OF THE FENIANS—SCENES IN A DUBLIN COURT.

[From the Irish Times, Feb. 20.]

Baron Fitzgerald and Baron Hughes took their seats at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning, in the Court-house, Green-street, and resumed the business of the Commission.

Edward Power, John Devoy, Edward Sinclair, William Moore Stack, George Browne, Thomas Baines, Michael Stanley, and John B. Walsh, were placed at the bar to receive sentence. Having been severally asked had they anything to say why sentence should not be passed.

Stanley said the informations against him were to a great extent false, and that if the government would allow him he was prepared to go to America at once.

Stack tendered an affidavit to the effect that he was in bad health, but Dr. Thornhill having been sworn deposed that he was in very good health. Barnes also was in good health.

Walsh handed in an affidavit that was not read, and Cashman denied the truth of the charges against him.

Baron Fitzgerald said: You and each of you have been convicted on your own confession of treason-felony—of acts showing a manifest intention on your part to separate your country from the domination of your Sovereign. So far as we think, you know as little as we do of the men to whom you have submitted yourselves for the purpose of carrying out that object. It is clear that none of these men ever really and sincerely hoped or believed that any one of their monstrous objects could ever be accomplished; and there is not a shadow of ground for believing that they had any notion, however remote, of the form of government they would substitute for that which they conspired to destroy. They would have, if they succeeded, mere anarchy in place of a government, which every one knows effectually protects the property, the person and the reputation of every man, and leaves it open to every individual to follow whatever occupation or business he may choose, and enjoy the fruits of his industry. It is for that you would substitute anarchy. It is hardly possible to suppose that the individuals who compose this Fenian body in America ever hoped with the means at their disposal to effect anything save a temporary disturbance and a continuance of a state of agitation in this country for their own purposes. They succeeded in raising considerable sums of money by issuing pretended bonds or securities on a supposed Irish republic, and a portion of the money seems to have been applied for the purchase of arms and ammunition in a sufficient quantity to impose upon their dupes. The conspiracy has acted most unhappily on the progress of the country. The very efforts necessary to prevent even a partial disturbance have prevented the progress of your country in the van of progress and of wealth. That, however, affects every person of property; but what weighs upon my mind, and I think ought to weigh upon yours, is that by the means adopted by you, hundreds, and perhaps thousands, of your ignorant and excitable countrymen have been diverted from the pursuit of their honest industry, carried to public-houses, induced to adopt habits of intemperance, and to leave their ordinary honest occupations in the hope of bettering themselves by a rebellion wholly hopeless, as your projects have been, for ultimate success. The slightest and most trivial insurrection, with the aid of these half intoxicated soldiers and persons of that kind might result in the destruction and ruin of families innumerable. You, Edward Power, have been at the head of this in Dublin.

Power—That does not appear on the face of the informations.

Baron Fitzgerald—It appears from the informations that you assumed to yourself the power of appointing centres.

Power—That is merely upon the information of the soldier Atkinson.

Baron Fitzgerald—You have pleaded guilty, and I have only to look to the informations. You appear, also, to have taken an active part in procuring funds, and in seducing soldiers from their allegiance, and one cannot read without horror the proposal you made to these ignorant and intoxicated men about murder and massacre.

Power—I must contradict that; I will not allow it to go before the public. There was nothing about massacre.

Baron Fitzgerald—You appear also to have been actively engaged in the distribution of arms. You, John Devoy, were appointed centre for the military, and were engaged in the seduction of soldiers from their allegiance. You, Sinclair, and you, Baines, appear to have been active to an extraordinary extent. You, Stanley, Stack and Browne, were most active in the distribution of rifles and procuring of funds. You, Cashman, and you, Walsh, appear to have attended these Fenian meetings, and to have been concerned in the distribution of arms.

Walsh—I was not.

Baron Fitzgerald—You have pleaded guilty.

Walsh—I withdraw the plea.

Baron Fitzgerald—It has been recorded, and cannot be withdrawn. It is a matter of consideration with us that you have wives and families, but we feel that we must protect the wives and families of those who would have been the victims of any success however trivial on your part. The sentence of the court is that you, Power, and you, Devoy, be kept in penal servitude for fifteen years; that Sinclair, Baines, Stack, Stanley, and Browne, be kept in penal servitude for ten years, and Cashman and Walsh, for seven years.

The prisoners seemed to be struck with astonishment at the length of their terms of imprisonment, and exhibited much emotion. Power's face assumed an almost deadly hue, and Baines burst out into tears. They, however, said nothing. The galleries were filled with the wives, children, and relatives of the prisoners. Some of their wives and sisters became hysterical, and called loudly on their husbands or brothers, declaring they were innocent. One old man called out, amid sobs, "that they deserved it," but he was slapped in the face by a woman, who appeared to be his wife. All had to be removed from the court.

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing have no equals, and should be used at this season. Sold by all druggists.

Lever, the Novelist.—We see by the *Asia's* mails that Lever has been promoted to the Consulate at Trieste. A change of *locale* in the O'Dowderies may soon be expected.

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons, Long Striped Tweeds.
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins.
&c. &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

OVER 50 PACKAGES

NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

—It is stated that Messrs. Lewis and A. H. Walbridge have sold one hundred acres of land in Madoc for thirty thousand dollars, payable in sixty days.

Acting Up to Their Principles.—It is rumored that the President will nominate to the Senate a negro for an important office. The rumor grows out of the fact that a petition has been presented to the President, asking him to appoint Fred. Douglas Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau.

Two Follies.—First, to eat a hearty supper for the pleasure experienced during the brief time it is passing down the throat, at the expense of a whole night of disturbed sleep, and a weary waking in the morning. Second, to try all the remedies in existence for rheumatism, pains in the back and sides, coughs, colds, cramps, sprains, bruises, &c., before trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle

—A Paris paper tells the following anecdote of Lord Gray, of Gray, whose death has caused so much regret in the English society of that capital: Lord Gray was one evening returning from his club, when he perceived the loss of his pocket-book, containing forty bank notes of 1,000f. each (£1,600). Lord Gray searched the pockets of his great coat, but in vain. He quietly returned home. Next morning his servant went to his room at an early hour, and informed him that a lady in deep mourning wished to speak to him. Lord Gray desired that she should be shown into his drawing-room. "My Lord," said his visitor, "you dropped your pocket-book containing 40,000f.; I bring it back to you." The voice was sweet and low, but so closely was the lady velled that it was impossible to guess her age or appearance. "Madame," replied Lord Gray, "you have rendered me a service for which I heartily thank you. Allow me to ask if I may venture to offer you some remembrance of my gratitude." The lady then hesitatingly confessed that she had recently lost her husband, whose death had left her the charge of three little children, and that so utter was her destitution that she had actually been tempted to keep the pocket-book. Lord Gray returned it to her, merely saying, "you are my creditor—you or your children will repay me later." Lord Gray received a visitor five years after this scene occurred, who appeared a total stranger to him. It was a lady. She handed him a velvet portemonnaie, on which his cypher and coronet were embroidered in gold; within lay forty notes of 1,000f. "You will allow me to retain the old purse in memory of your munificent generosity," she remarked.

NEW POST-OFFICES.

THE FOLLOWING NEW POST-OFFICES WERE ESTABLISHED IN CANADA ON THE 1ST MARCH, 1867.

NAME OF OFFICE.	TOWNSHIP.	ELECTORAL COUNTY.	POSTMASTER.
Clarence Creek	Clarence	Russell	Firmin Neaubert
Corinth	Bayham	Elgin, E. R.	Fred. A. Best
Dalkeith	Lochiel	Glengary	Wm. Robertson
Dornoch	Oxford North	Oxford, S. R.	Peter Gardner
Evelyn	Nissouri West	Middlesex, E. R.	George Henshaw
Fairview (re-op	Goreof Downie	Perth	Richard Forrest
Harmony	South Easthope	Perth	Edmund Corbett
Langevin	Langevin	Dorchester	Louis Vernet
New Ross	Matilda	Dundas	Thos. Currie
Peterson (re-op	Anson	Victoria	Peter Dawson

The name of the "East Potton" Post-Office has been changed to "Herbert."

Post Office Department,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867.

COMMERCIAL

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, March 12, 1867.

Flour—Extra	8 50	@	9 00
No. 1	7 50	@	7 75
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs	4 25	@	4 50
" Spring "	3 62	@	3 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 60	@	1 75
Spring " "	1 50	@	1 50
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 28	@	0 30
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@	1 50
Pork—Mess—per barrel	19 00	@	20 00
Prime Mess per do	15 00	@	16 00
Hog per 100 lbs	6 50	@	7 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 16
Beef	5 25	@	6 25
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	@	0 08
Lamb—per qr.	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 00	@	0 00
Turkeys—Each	0 90	@	1 25
Fowl—Per pair	0 50	@	0 60
Butter—Choice Table	0 16	@	0 20
No. 1 Firkin	0 15	@	0 18
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 20	@	0 25
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	0 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 00	@	0 40
Hay—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00
Wood—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do	2 50	@	2 75

Grand Trunk Railway of Canada.—Return of traffic for week ending March 2nd, 1867:

Passengers	33,160
Express Freight, Mails and Sundries	5,250
Freight and Live Stock	90,491
Total	$128,901
Corresponding week of 1866	126,026
Increase	2,875

JOSEPH HICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself

Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 24 237-y

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-4

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!

—AND—

HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

This preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *restorator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Ætna Life Insurance Company.

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

This most successful life insurance company divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits ... $43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year ... 25.31

And each subsequent year ... 26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.

R. SMITH, Agent.
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

A Fancy Dress Entertainment

WILL BE HELD

AT THE RINK,

ON

Tuesday ev'g. next, the 19th Inst.

Regulations:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in Costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress, a slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No Masks allowed except by special permission.

No Gentlemen to appear in Female attire.

Those desirous of appearing in Costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary when applying for their ticket.

ADMISSION—25 cents. Skaters in Costume—Free. Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock.

Ottawa, March 11. 379td

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF

Houses and Building Lots

IN THE

Village of New Edinburgh and City of Ottawa.

THE MACKAY ESTATE WILL OFfer for sale by public auction, at the office of the Estate in the Village of New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 16th DAY OF MARCH, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, about Thirty desirable Building Lots, some with dwellings thereon in the Village of New Edinburgh. Six of these Lots front upon the Rideau River, and six (which will be sold as Villa Lots, if desired) front upon the Park and Cricket Ground of the Governor-General's residence.

Also, at the same time and place, Twelve Lots in Lower Town, Ottawa, three with dwelling houses thereon, and one on Dalhousie-street having a large building suitable for a factory. The Lots are on St. Andrew, Cathcart, Bolton, Boteler, Baird and Dalhousie-streets—three being Ordnance Lots.

TERMS: One-third cash; balance by instalments at 7 per cent. interest, payable in 3 or 5 years, to suit purchasers. Conditions made known at day of sale.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, March 7. 378d

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Mr. Francis Jones, M.P.P.,

WILL BE HAPPY TO MEET HIS friends and the public generally at the following times and places, for the discussion of political subjects; and he earnestly requests his opponents, if any, to meet him openly before the Electors at these places:

Hockston, Monday, March 18th, at 11 o'clock, a. m.

Bishop's Mills, Monday, March, 18th, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

Kirkland's Schoolhouse, Tuesday, March 19th, at 11 a. m.

Easton's Corners, Tuesday, March 19th, at 3 o'clock, p. m.

Irish Creek, Tuesday, March 19th, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

New Bliss, Wednesday, March 20th, at 11 o'clock, a. m.

Toledo, Wednesday, March 20th, at 3 o'clock, p. m.

Frankville, Wednesday, March 20th, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

Lombard's Corners, Thursday, March 21, at 11 o'clock, a. m.

Merrickville, Thursday, March 21, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

Burritt's Rapids, Friday, March 22, at 3 o'clock, p. m.

Oxford Mills, Friday, March 22, at 7 o'clock, p. m.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

March 12. d380-2-w11-1

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH," a Novel. "Played Out," by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry," by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.,

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

☞ The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum

Election of Officers.

THE MEMBERS OF THIS INSTITUTE are notified that the

ANNUAL MEETING

FOR THE

Election of Office-Bearers,

TAKES PLACE ON

Wednesday Eve'ng, the 13th Inst.

Chair to be taken at 7½ p.m.

E. P. REMON,
Rec. Secretary.

Ottawa, March 12, 1867. 380-2

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-0

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

1867. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Elemo Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.
Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety;
Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffand Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum.
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, candles, Soap, Barley, Tapioca, Sago, Ground Rice, Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

FOUNDED 1838, FOR

LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:

PLACE D'ARMES.....MONTREAL.

INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A. THE BONUSES

Are paid in Money to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made *every year* in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 42½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy-holders during their own lives.

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES

Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a

Most Important Provision in Old Age

to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a

VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £1560, making the sum assured £2560, instead of £1000.

Or, he may then exchange this large Bonus Addition for One Cash Payment of about £1000 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £102 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM

Can anything like the same amount of benefits be obtained, whether as regards increase of sum Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment or Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year in Class B. will receive, at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than later Entrants—the difference being probably so much as £40 on a £1000 policy.

The 28th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WARDLAW,
SECRETARY.

Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,.....Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior,.....Vacant
Almonte,.....Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham,.....Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville,.....Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke,.....Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application.

For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.

March 9. 380d

NEW

SPRING TWEEDS!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CANADIAN TWEEDS!

Comprising the Choicest Goods, and Newest Styles, produced by the principal manufacturers in Canada.

All purchased on the most favorable terms, and offered at a moderate advance, at either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Sparks-street, - - OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 6. 375y

1867. New Spring Goods. 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14, Rideau-street,

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF

New Spring Dress Goods,

New Spring Skirtings,

New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867. 374y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned, Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 295-6m

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE BY

George E. Desbarats,

Corner of Sparks and O'Connor-sts.,

"GEOLOGY OF CANADA, 1866,"

BEING A

Report of the Geological Survey of Canada from 1863 to 1866, under the Direction of Sir Wm. E. Logan, F.R.S., F.G.S.

PRICE $1.50.

Ottawa, March 8, 1867. 377a

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wy

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the best assortment in Town. Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 260-3m

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 3 3-ot

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.

China Ornaments.

Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
Albums and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bate's,

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,

56, Sparks Stree

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE HOURS from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

FOR SALE.

150 Barrels Mess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples,
20 do. Choice Cheese.

On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

Wanted Immediately,

A WET NURSE.

Apply to

DR. WOOD,
Sparks-street.

Ottawa, March 6. 375tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 368y

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:

London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. François Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX Mutual Life Insurance COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets over liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00	
National Bank Stock	358,485 00	
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00	
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16	
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06	
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Savages	58,739 79	
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32	
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27	
	$1,440,116 60	
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86	
	$1,371,516 74	

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,756 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 66	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323tf

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

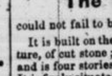
It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.



IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply by letter to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

First-Class House to Let.

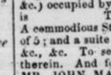
TO LET from 1st May one 3-story first-class cut Stone House, in Hull Village. Also a few pleasantly situated Villa Lots for sale on easy terms.

GEO. J. MARSTON.

Ottawa, March 11. 379-1

To Let,

AT AYLMER.



THE COMMODIOUS AND pleasantly situated house and premises on the Court House Square, corner of Main-street—8 rooms besides kitchen and pantry, stabling for four horses, large outbuildings. Rent £35. A good piece of land in rear may also be leased.

Apply, if by letter postpaid, to

THOMAS McCORD, ESQ.,
MONTREAL.

Or to JAMES COLMAN, ESQ.,
AYLMER.

377-eodM1

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to

R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

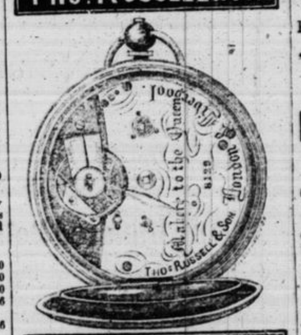
Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

THO^S RUSSELL & SON



TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and convince the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 159y

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD *THROUGH* 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

STOVES

AT A BIG DISCOUNT,

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stores in Canada.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 6d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS.

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily.

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 228tf

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual

☞ See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Packenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot

For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS,

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365td

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 30 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 30 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,

F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10-12i

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine be known by the name BRYAN being stamped WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New-York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c. &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

—AS TO USE—

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:—

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA,

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

4dw

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPREsented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(*a*) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(*b*) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(*c*) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(*d*) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(*e*) The place wherein is then stored.
(*f*) The place to which it is to be removed.
(*g*) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(*h*) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(*i*) The time at which it is to be removed.
(*j*) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner,
(*k*) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(*l*) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper specially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3)
of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4)
at (5) to (6) y the (7)
, there to be delive into the
possession of (8) of (9)
The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be during removal.

Requisition made at } [Sd. 11]
this
day of 186 }

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No
{ Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1]
from [2]
to [3] of the
undermentioned spirits equal to [4]
gallons of the strength of proof being the property
of [5] of [6]
and about o be transferred into the
possession of [7] of [8]
The duty having been [9]
This permit is valid for [10] days from
date and no longer, and on or before he expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks, kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at
this Collector of Inland Re-
day of venue for the Divi-
186 sion

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as "Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the trength proo for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitud general character of the business carried on such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorised to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorised the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorised the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelve-month, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief A

February 10. 62

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each deed, ment or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents*.

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents*.

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents*.

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

208-tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing *in transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. H. LEE, C. E. C.

January 1 1866. 12tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER,

NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers,

&C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT
Of the following rates by
CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Printed Matter.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tt

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
Assistant Auditor.

February 22, 1867. 367dw9 tt

Mail Contract.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON,

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.

Post-Office Inspector's Office, }
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. } 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation:

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise

208tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDWARD Island, has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

164tf

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORation of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365e

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

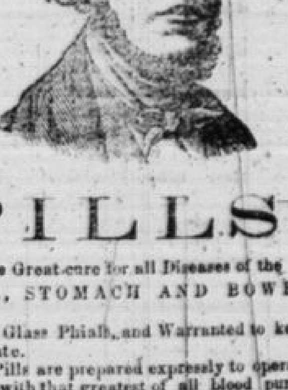
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the
LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48tf

At a Council held in the City of Quebec, on Monday, 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 5th section of the 17th chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency was pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared that the item, "Iron Wire," "round or flat," mentioned in the Schedule E of the Act 29th, 30th Vic. Cap. 6, was intended to include, and is hereby declared to extend to and include flat wire for crinolines covered.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. C. E. C.

245tf

At a Council held at the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 3rd day of November, 1866:

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Agriculture, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed in the 29th year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled: "An Act to provide against the introduction and spreading of disorders affecting certain animals." His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that so much of the Order in Council of the 20th day of February last, as prohibits the importation or introduction of Horses into this Province, or into any part of it, by sea, be and the same is hereby revoked.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

280tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 382. | OTTAWA C. W. THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only..... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line..... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line..... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. corner of Sussex and York-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 268y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C.W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House. ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
CAS. COLMAN. W. MOWAT WRIGHT, B.A. B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Gamer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 13, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 13 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-y

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. W. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 79-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 13, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

R. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Park, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments Tablets and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 299-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. K. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN;
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 43-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they cannot sell $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 29-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and Williams Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 242tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats, for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at.... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Terminal and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge,*" and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
369-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. buck,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF,
OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies,
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on unfounded scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. ☞ Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w6-3m

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field
county of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants, for Borders; also Herbaceous Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

DRUGS, &c.
Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines, Shop Fittings, Drysalteries, Perfumery, Dye Goods, Drugs, Colors, Paints, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Medicine Chests, Oilmen's Stores, Storekeepers Veterinary Sundries. Sundries.
Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by
Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 16-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
4tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 76 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South) to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

New Spring Dry Goods—Benning & Barsalou.
St. Patrick's Day—H. Gallagher.
Medical Hall—W. M. Massey.
Notice to Contractors—James Wadsworth.
Brick Cottage for Sale—D. O'Connor.
Stone Dwelling house to Let—John Graham.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MARCH 14, 1867.

The quiet which has of late prevailed on the subject of the city election has been somewhat disturbed by the rumor of another candidate having entered the field, in the person of Isidore Traversy, Esq., merchant, and one of the prominent members of the City Council. The report first saw the light through the columns of the Toronto *Freeman*, some attentive correspondent having apprised its editor of the electioneering gossip afloat in the capital. *Le Canada*, of Tuesday, approvingly notices the announcement, and urges the desirability, for the honor and interests of the French Canadians of Central Canada, that they should be represented in the Legislature by one of themselves. Mr. Traversy is, we believe, a gentleman held in very general esteem by the citizens of all classes, but if *Le Canada* desires to assist him in gratifying his presumed political aspirations, by basing his claims to consideration on the ground of nationality, we think our *confrere* has made a very grave mistake. Though we have heard it stated that Mr. Traversy will certainly be a candidate at the next election, we are bound to add, in justice to him, that we have not learned anything to warrant us in supposing that he has authorised the statement.

The reference to the Hon. John A. Macdonald's visit to Prince Alfred, in our Montreal despatch, published yesterday, was so worded as to lead to the inference that the former, and not the latter, had been spoken of as the first Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada. Of course the rumor had reference, as was already understood, to the Prince, and not to the Minister, but we hardly think it is well founded. The people of these Colonies do not require the presence of a Prince to stimulate their loyalty, and we think that for a time at least the administrators of the Government will be drawn from the same class as heretofore, Lord Monck, in all probability returning to give effect to a constitution with the framing of which he has been so intimately connected.

The *Minerve*, from which the rumor above referred to was quoted, has a surmise which may probably prove correct. It thinks the Confederation Bill must have passed the third reading, in the House of Commons, though the fact was overlooked, in the greater interest created by the Fenian excitement. As confirmatory of this opinion, it remarks that the notice of the bill to be presented, guaranteeing the Canadian loan for the Intercolonial Railway, intimation of which has been sent by cable, could only be given after the final passage of the Confederation Bill. Though the evidence is not by any means conclusive, it appears not at all improbable that the bill may have been read the third time.

The *Globe* is laboring assiduously on the "party and no-party" question. It does not suit it to see that many journalists and many public men, both Conservatives and Reformers, have argued against the old party lines being preserved, not because they were in favor of "no party" but of *new parties*, as the new issues arose upon which politicians and their supporters could honestly divide. Upon what grounds to-day does the Hon. Mr. Brown build his appeal for the re-organisation of the Reform party? Because of any new measure of reform needed? We have not heard of it. Because of a threatened reactionary policy on the part of the Conservatives? Such a thing has never even been dreamed of. When the leader of the Reform party abandoned the Government and broke up, in so far as he could break up, the compact formed in 1864, did the Conservatives go back upon the terms of that compact? We have never yet heard in what particular. What then is the ground for the new agitation? A silly cry of "Tories," and nothing but "Tories." Keep the "Tories" *out* of power, or the country will be ruined. Drive the "Tory" politicians from public life, or you will "continue the policy of extravagance and corruption which has cost the "country so dearly." Cut off the "Tories," horse, foot and artillery, or they will "cheat "the country out of the benefits of the new "Constitution." Annihilate the "Tories," pull them up root and branch, and lay them on the ground to be food for the crows, or you will have "a Parliament which will "waste public money in accordance with "Tory precedents." Such are the fervid exhortations, with the dire penalties attaching to their disregard, which the *Globe* is dinning in the ears of its readers.

Then some Conservative journalists have raised the standard of party, others of them have declared that no "Clear Grit" need show his nose or set his foot within the bounds of certain constituencies with any hope of election, and—*mirabile dictu*—a correspondent in the Ottawa Times, or as the *Globe* has it, "a writer," has declared his conviction that "in these times of ranting radicalism at home "and abroad, Carleton will not receive an "open professed radical"—and presto! the deep laid conspiracy of the iniquitous "Tories" is made clear as the sun at noon in the eyes of the *Globe!* Add to this that several gentlemen, ambitious of parliamentary honors, have professed themselves "Conservatives," and no one can shut his eyes to the force of the accumulated evidence which has enabled the *Globe* to proclaim to the world that "the exposure of this no party "plot comes soon enough, however, to prevent it from doing much mischief!"

It is consoling to know that Mr. Brown's timely action has again "saved the country." Only for his incessant vigilance these terrible "Tories" might have spoiled everything. But Mr. Brown may possibly have overrated the innate malice and political iniquity of his former allies. He made a great noise in Parliament over the "Ottawa Slides;" the item for their purchase was one of those for which "no member for Upper Canada "could vote, and dare to show his face be- "fore his constituents!" Yet what will the reader think when we tell, him on the authority of the *Globe's* own report, that Mr. McMonies, who voted for the purchase of these slides, did face his constituents of North Wentworth, the other day, and told them with regard to the purchase, "I did not "think, nor do I now think, that the Gov- "ernment made a bad bargain!" and he added further—"*But the whole objection "seems to me to be in this, that Poupore was "a Conservative, and supporter of the Gov- "ernment!*" Could a more withering rebuke than this be administered to the hollow pretension of Mr. Brown? Had these slides belonged to "a ranting Radical" or a genuine "Clear Grit," there would have been no objection to the purchase—such at least is the opinion of Mr. McMonies. And how did the "Reform Association of North Wentworth" punish Mr. McMonies for this flagrant repudiation of Mr. Brown's honesty and patriotism? By unanimously nominating him as the "Reform" candidate for the Riding! Thus, then, we can appreciate the value which his own party puts upon the utterances of the "Chief Organiser." If by organising the Reform party, such candidates as Mr. McMonies, who voted for the purchase of slides, and told his constituents that had he been in the House when the vote on the Rectory bill was taken "he would have voted for Mr. Camer "on's motion," then we think the "Tories" will have little cause to regret the success of the movement—these measures being according to the *Globe* just such corruptions as their hearts delight in.

We take it, that the unanimous nomination of Mr. McMonies by the Reformers of North Wentworth is an endorsation of his conduct on the "Ottawa Slides," and the "Rectory Lands" questions, and by consequence it is a unanimous condemnation of the conduct of Mr. Brown upon these two points, on both of which he did his best, in Parliament and out of it, to excite the country. The wicked "Tories" were right on these points. Mr. Brown, who condemned them then, and has condemned them since, was wrong—so, at all events, say Mr. McMonies and the "organised" Reformers of North Wentworth. It is clear, then, that this organisation has no policy; it is a mere delusion, a sham contrived by the restless demagogue to keep himself and his paper before the country. There was no policy for the future hinted at by the speakers at the North Wentworth meeting, unless opposition to the "Tories" be esteemed as such; and the only questions of policy raised as to the past were those on which Mr. McMonies had dissented from Mr. Brown, and the meeting, as we have said, have unanimously sustained him. If Mr. Brown could not dragoon Mr. McMonies, while in Parliament, how can he hope to keep him "organised" when he ceases to have a seat in the Legislature? In fact, this North Wentworth nomination has proved conclusively that Mr. Brown, as "chief organiser," is as widely distrusted among the Reformers as was, and is, "chief organiser" Stephens among the Fenians, and perhaps for reasons not altogether dissimilar.

We find the following regarding the movements of the Delegates in one of our French Canadian contemporaries:

"By the last news the Hon. Mr. McGee was "in London, but was soon to depart for Paris, "whence he would proceed to Rome with the "Hon. Mr. Ryan, Mr. U. Beaudry and the Rev. "Mr. Bayle, Superior of the Seminary of St. "Sulpice."

"The Hon. Mr. Cartier was awaiting the "termination of the debates on Confederation, "and would then follow the same line of tra- "vel. It is probable that he would be accom- "panied by Vicar General Truteau, Canon "Hicks and Mgr. Desautels, who were to meet "him in London. The Hon. Mr. Cartier has "been enthusiastically welcomed (*a eu un grand "succes*) in the highest circles of European so- "ciety. Every day he receives invitations to "dine, or to spend the evenings with some "Prince or Lord. At Paris he was equally "*feted* in the ordinary society of the Tuileries, "and as an indication of the official considera- "tion which he enjoyed, Prince Napoleon sent "him a special invitation to dinner."

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 13, 1867.

A delicate operation was to have been performed at the General Hospital this afternoon, by Dr. Beaumont—the removal of an aneurism of the external iliac artery. Unfortunately the patient died while under the influence of chloroform.

It is reported that the Hibernian Society, of this city, intend to march in procession to church, on Sunday next.

A great many miners from the west are passing through town, on their way to Madoc.

The cars are now running on Yonge and Queen-streets.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 13, 1867.

It is stated that Mr. Rodden, an old resident of Montreal, and proprietor of the Plantagenet Springs, will offer himself for the Western division of this city in the Legislative Assembly of Quebec. Also that Mr. Mattice will contest Cornwall against John S., for the Confederate House of Commons.

A grand skating tournament is to be held in the Victoria Skating Rink on the 28th inst. The prize for the best skater will be a silver cup valued at $50. Open to all Canada.

L'Union Nationale is beginning to excite popular indignation by its seditious and treasonable tendencies. It is not unlikely it may feel the effects of this ere long.

"The Durham Chronicle."—This is the title of a new journal, published by Messrs. White & Johnson, in the thriving village of Durham, in the South Riding of the county of Grey, some four or five numbers of which have already made their appearance. It is a large and exceedingly well got up sheet, creditable alike to the enterprise of the publishers and the public spirit of the progressive community who support it. In politics the *Chronicle* will advocate a Conservative attachment to the principles of responsible government, and accepting the terms of Confederation will "be "prepared to support every honest and patri- "otic effort to give it practical effect without "reference to the political antecedents of the "respective members of the Executive Gov- "ernment." These sound views it gives promise of advocating with ability. We heartily wish our young *confrere* a prosperous career.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

All Quiet in Ireland.

London, March 13—Eve.—Despatches from Dublin dated this evening, state that Ireland is quiet; no new demonstrations are reported. There has been a great fall of snow on the Island. Numbers of Fenians have been arrested at Limerick. The prisoners while on their way to the police barracks were cheered by the people.

Fenian Placards Posted Up.

Placards emanating from emissaries of the I.R.B., have been posted in the streets of Clonmel, a borough town, in both Waterford and Tipperary counties, forbidding the people paying their rents.

Strengthening of Austrian Outposts.

Vienna, March 13.—The Emperor Francis Joseph has given orders for the strengthening of Austrian posts on the Servian frontier.

A Challenge to Bismarck.

Berlin, March 13.—Herr Munchausen, Premier to the Government of Hanover, in the Government of the late King, has challenged Count Von Bismarck, for words uttered in a debate in the German Parliament.

London Money Market.

London, March 13—Evening.—Consols unchanged at 91¼ for money; American Securities have been quite steady; Ill. C., have declined ½; Erie, 39¼; 5-20s 74¼.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Hudson River Open for Navigation.

New York, March 13.—A steamer will leave to-night for Hudson. It is expected navigation will be resumed here the present week.

Reconstruction.

The *Post's* special says: Mr. Trumbley, from the Judiciary Committee, to whom the Supplementary Reconstruction Bill was referred, has reported a substitute, giving power to the delegates elected in the South to decide the question of Reconstruction without submitting their action to the people of each State. The adjournment of Congress depends upon the fate of the bill.

New York, March 13.—The *Post's* special says: President Johnson has received advices from the South to the effect that prompt reconstruction under the new law is certain. Orders to the District Commanders will not be issued until the supplementary bill becomes law.

Daring Robbery.

Troy, N. Y., March 13.—One of the boldest robberies ever perpetrated in this city occurred last evening between six and seven o'clock, at the jewellery store of L. Snake, on River-street. A show case of jewellery, standing on the walk, near the door of the store, was opened, and a box of diamond rings, valued at $2,500, taken therefrom.

Terrible Amount of Damage by the late Flood.

Cincinnati, March 13.—The *Commercial's* Knoxville despatch says: It is estimated that the late flood has damaged East Tennessee over two million of dollars. Over two hundred persons were washed out of their homes in Knoxville. The damage to farming interests is very heavy. Many farmers lost their houses, barns, grain, and stock.

The Ohio River Thirty Miles Wide.

Cincinnati, March 13.—The reports received from below this city, represent great destruction of property by the flood in many places between New Albany and Evansville. The river is thirty miles wide. Thousands of cattle, sheep and hogs have been drowned, and hundreds of thousands of bushels of grain have been lost. The country is covered with floating stacks of hay, wheat and oats. Nearly all the steamboat landings are under water, and the boats cannot make their landings. Shawneetown is completely inundated, in the lower part of Cincinnati, and in the country hundreds of houses are under water.

Louisville, Ky., March 13.—The river here rose nine inches in 14 hours up to this morning. It is now within four feet of the rise of 1847, and five feet of the rise of 1832, and continues to rise at the rate of one inch per hour.

Cairo, Ill., March 13.—The levee near Moncello broke this morning. The citizens are doing all they can to prevent an inundation of the town. Cairo is intact, and is believed to be capable of withstanding the flood.

Fenian Senate Called Together.

New York, March 13.—The Senate of the Fenian Brotherhood are called together for next Tuesday, to take action on the present condition of the Irish national movement.

The Southern Military Districts.

Washington, March 13.—General Grant, in a general order, published to-day for the information and guidance of all concerned, gives the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebellious States, and concludes as follows: "In pursuance of this act the President directs the following assignments to be made: First District, State of Virginia, to be commanded by Brevet Major-General S. M. Schofield; Headquarters at Richmond, Va. Second District, consisting of North and South Carolina, to be commanded by Major-General D. E. Sickles; Headquarters at Columbia, S. C. Third District, consisting of the States of Georgia, Florida, and Alabama, to be commanded by Major-General G. H. Thomas; Headquarters at Montgomery, Ala. Fourth District, consisting of the States of Mississippi and Arkansas, to be commanded by Brevet Major-General E. O. Cord; Headquarters, Vicksburg, Miss. Fifth District, consisting of the States of Louisiana and Texas, Major-General P. Sheridan; Headquarters, New Orleans.

Fenian Mass Meeting in New York.

New York, March 13.—The Fenians held a Mass meeting at Union-square to-night, and were addressed by a number of prominent leaders. Resolutions were adopted pledging the support of various circles in the vicinity to the men in Ireland.

KINGDOM vs. DOMINION.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—When first the news of the introduction of the bill for the Confederation of British North America, in the Imperial Parliament, reached us, it was said that in future the amalgamated Provinces of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and the Canadas were to be styled "The Kingdom of Canada." Soon, however, it was alleged that such a designation was not to belong to British America. The word "Kingdom" had been changed to "Dominion." The difference, however, is not great, but in some degree attributable to Scotch influence. "John A." must have suggested the word "Dominion" in place of "Kingdom." You are possibly aware that while ministers speak reverentially and sometimes awfully of the "Kingdom of Satan," a celebrated countryman of his (that is "John A.'s," not Satan's)—Mr. Robert Burns, deceased—thus speaks:

"Beneath thir stanes
Lie James' banes,
O, death! its my opinion
Ye ne'er took sic bletherin' b——
Into your dark "Dominion!"

Cleops.

THE SIDEWALKS.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—Can you inform me on what principle police regulations are enforced, and fines imposed on delinquents in the capital? Our excellent chief of police cannot be a man blessed (or cursed as the case may be) with an extensive correspondence, or he might possibly, for *his own convenience*, if not for the citizens, take cognisance of the disgraceful condition of the sidewalk from Hope's corner to the Post-office.

One of our city dignitaries hangs out his shingle between these points. In charity let us pray that the *Recording Angel* may not register all his sins of omission, as regards the *trottoir* in front of his office.

Comparisons are *odorous*, but when we see householders in much less frequented localities (Sandy Hill for instance, where no one goes who can help it,) fined for breaches of the city By-laws in regard to the non-removal of snow, it does seem rather hard that the most frequented thoroughfare in the city should be left in the state it is.

Let us *hope* that should the *Recorder* be transferred to a Bureau where fines are exacted in *another place*, he may not find himself alongside of the *Chief Baker*.

Yours,
A Sufferer.

Ottawa, March 12, 1867.

COUNTY COURT—SECOND DAY.

Presentment of the Grand Jury.

The Grand Jurors of our Sovereign Lady the Queen, assembled at Quarter Session, on their oaths beg most respectfully to present to the Court:

1. That they congratulate the Court and the County on the absence of crime. It certainly is creditable to the people of this County that there is not a single case upon the calendar, nor a case brought before the jury since the opening of the Court.

2. That they agree with the views of your Honour as given in your Charge at the opening of the Court in reference to Confederation. They hope that the union of the Provinces will strengthen the position of each, and eventually add materially to the greatness of all.

3. Should the vagabonds who are organised under the name of Fenians visit Canada, your jurors hope they will meet with such a reception as will cause them to regret for the rest of their lives their folly. Your jurors are satisfied that the loyal people of Canada would meet them in such a way as would cause them to leave the country as soon as the vagabonds could get away.

4. That we have visited the jail, and find it clean and in proper order, and no complaints from the prisoners.

All of which is respectfully submitted.
James Moodie, Foreman.

Grand Jury Room,
13th March, A. D. 1867.

Shore vs. Sharp. W. A. Ross, Ed. P. Remon; verdict for plaintiff £35 11s. 0.

Court Assignee, &c., vs. Lecourt. J. P. Burke; damages assessed at $108.22.

Bank of Montreal vs. Ottawa Gas Company, *et al.* J. B. Lewis, Ed. P. Remon; verdict for plaintiffs for $349.86.

Bank of Montreal vs. Ottawa Gas Company, *et al.* J. B. Lewis, Ed. P. Remon. Same jury. Verdict for plaintiffs $570.15.

Bank of Montreal *et al.* vs. Ottawa Gas Company *et al.* J. B. Lewis, Ed. P. Remon; verdict for plaintiff $919.73.

Yielding vs. Eagar. J. B. Lewis, Ed. P. Remon; verdict for plaintiff, $247.67.

Hall vs. Perry *et al.* J. B. Lewis, A. Gibb and W. A. Ross; verdict for plaintiff, $519.65.

Bowie *et al.* vs. Curran. Ed. P. Remon, M. O'Gara; verdict for plaintiff, $156.00.

Clemow (Assignee) vs. Coombs. J. B. Lewis, A. I. Dunning, attorney; W. A. Ross, counsel; verdict for plaintiff, $214.49.

Frank vs. Belcourt *et al.* N. B. Falkner, R. Lyon, counsel; H. Lapierre, attorney; J. B. Lewis, counsel; verdict for plaintiff, $194.28.

Workman *et al.* vs. Keays. J. J. Gemmell, Ed. P. Remon; record withdrawn.

THE FIRE AT PLANTAGENET—THREE CHILDREN BURNED.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Dear Sir,—Permit me to request you to correct an error or two in my communication of the 9th instant, referring to the burning in Plantagenet. There were three children consumed in the fire, being all the children that Exivier Lalond had, and all *boys*, the oldest 6 years, the second 4 years, and the youngest 18 months. They were heard crying in the flames, but no assistance could be given to them. The hired man, a girl, and a young boy, made their escape. *This* account is from an eye-witness of the dreadful scene.

Your obedient servant,
A Correspondent.

Riceville, March 12th, 1867.

LOCAL NEWS.

Catalogue Sale.—Messrs. Benning and Barsalou, of Montreal, advertise to-day a very extensive and important catalogue sale of bankrupt stock in the dry goods line. The sale will take place at their store, St. Francois Xavier-street, on Wednesday the 27th inst. The stock amounts to over $30,000, and will be sold on advantageous terms. Make a note of it.

Police Court.—The adjourned case of Clark against Lariviere for abusive language was called up, and the defendant fined $2 and costs.—The adjourned case of Annie Lee, who was found in the house of ill-fame kept by Margaret Gravelle, was disposed of by the prisoner being committed to jail for one month, on her refusal to leave the city unless she were allowed to go to the cars unaccompanied by the police.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 13, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 20 above zero.
9 a. m., 31 above zero.
Noon, shade, 36 above zero.
6 p. m., 33 above zero.

Fitful March.—Again last evening we had another of those sudden changes in the weather, of which we have experienced so many recently. About half-past nine a sudden squall sprang up from the Nor'-West, accompanied with snow—signs, doors and shutters creaked and slammed, making a fearful din, and it "blawed as if 'twould hae blawn its last," which we sincerely hope it has, at least the last fitful change for March.

New and Fashionable.—On referring to our advertising columns, it will be seen that Mr. G. M. Holbrook, of the famed *peg-top* depot, Elgin-street, has just received the first instalment of his fashionable goods for spring. On inspection, which is cordially invited, will be found all that is novel as well as durable, in fine English, Irish, Scotch and Canadian manufacture. Mr. Holbrook's system of business being strictly on the cash principle, he is enabled to furnish superior goods at cheaper rates than can be had in any other establishment, and made up in the most fashionable style.

The Tavern Licenses.—The *Citizen* stated the other day that all the applicants for license possessing the necessary accommodations had received them, those rejected being from parties whose premises did not meet the requirements of the law. We have been assured, on the contrary, that some old residents and proprietors, who had every necessary accommodation, and good claims to consideration, were passed over. Of course, if the duly qualified applicants exceeded the legal number, some of them had to be disappointed, and we mention the matter merely to show that in the cases some of those whose applications were rejected, want of accommodation did not furnish the occasion for refusal.

The Derby Harmonist.—Yesterday afternoon two little boys named Sait, were arrested on a charge of having stolen a very large number of song books from the Book-bindery of Mr. Barber, which they had sold to different stores in the city for wrapping paper. The boys state that they received permission to take them away. The books were printed a long time since at the *Citizen* office, in Mr. Bell's time, but the person who ordered them died, and as they were not taken away or paid for, they were sent to Mr. Barber to be bound, with a view to putting them in the market. There are several stories afloat respecting these unbound books, which, as the case is to be up at the police court this morning, we refrain from repeating, preferring to wait for the true one, which perhaps will be there developed.

British America Assurance Company.—The N. Y. *Insurance Monitor and Wall Street Review* for January last, gives the following flattering notice of this Company: It is with much pleasure that we see by the Quebec papers of the beginning of this month, that a card of thanks has been given to the agent of this old established company by 150 of the sufferers by the great fire in that city, who had claims against the company. When a whole city is devastated by fire and thousands of people rendered houseless, the ordinary delay in settlements should not be insisted on, and the directors of the British America acted on this principle; for, notwithstanding the severity of the loss, all claims were promptly paid without the usual sixty days delay. The governor and many of the officers of this company are well known on this side of the lakes for their strict integrity and a thorough knowledge of the insurance business, which they have acquired by a connection with this company during the period of thirty-four years it has been doing business in the Canadas. Messrs. Herrick, Brush & Co., are the agents for this city. Their advertisement will be found elsewhere.

A Turbulent House.—Le Breton's Flats boasts of a single house capable of containing six married women. How many children we know not. These six married women have not six husbands, for four of them are happily (?) absent at the shanty, so that there are only two husbands at present enjoying the comforts of "sweet home." Of course there is considerable talking done there on ordinary occasions; but yesterday, from some cause or other, the talk became very loud, boisterous, and threatening, and even this was not all. There were several collisions, in which all were earnestly engaged. Arms were scratched, faces were scratched, aprons torn and so was hair. The water barrel was upset, half the ladies were half drowned, the place was uninhabitable, and they all ran out into the street, presenting a spectacle which we cannot describe. We might tell of dishevelled locks, tattered garments, and damp extremities, but we cannot do justice to the fury, the taunts, the jibes and the rapid utterances of defiance of either of the injured dames; and as to the composition of the picture, as they would call it the *toute ensemble*, it is entirely beyond our powers. With a single aim, however, they set off in different directions in quest of the police, but he was found by neither. Constable McVeity, however, having heard of the trouble, went to the house, where he found a solitary woman, who had returned, standing in the water with which the floor was still inundated. Presently some of the others returned all afraid of being taken into custody, which McVeity promised them should be the case the very next time. It appears that he has several times restored peace on similar occasions, but says he will attempt it no more. When the next row occurs, he will bring the whole crew up to the Police Court.

THE PARIS FASHIONS.

Hotel De Lille and D'Albion,
Rue St. Honore, 223,
Paris, 18th Feb., 1867.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Dear Sir,—Having a few spare moments, and thinking it might be interesting to your numerous readers and our customers, I give them a short sketch of the Spring Fashions in this city, from which Fashion's edicts emanate, should you consider this worthy the space it will occupy, and the perusal of your lady readers. I trust they will make due allowance for the hurry in which it was written, and not criticise closely.

Water-falls and water-wheels have disappeared, and in their place are chignons.

In bonnets there is quite a change; they are still worn small, but fit the head much better. The leading shape is worn on the top of the head, round crown, the sides coming down to the ear, without curtains. The next are more like bonnets, and are better adapted for covering the head: flat crown raised about the centre of the bonnet, leaving an indenture to receive the trimmings, worn without a curtain. The third and latest out is principally for young ladies, very small, fitting merely upon the top and back part of the head, flat crowns and a piece similar to a curtain turned up in front, which is trimmed of course according to taste. What has heretofore been the curtain, is also turned up at the back and trimmed as above. A friend remarked to me that it was difficult to tell which was the front, and I can assure you there is some force in the remark. The first shape I described is also being introduced scolloped in the back, and the scollops nicely trimmed over the chignon is rather becoming. Millinery bonnets made of areophane and illusion are greatly in favor, and I think naturally so, as they are soft and pliable and made to fit the head, and trim more becoming than straw in the present shape; in fact areophanes are now used in trimming straw bonnets; the crape is cut similar to the hat fall worn two years ago, the long ends come down over the bonnet strings and the centre covers the crown of the bonnet, or falls over the face according to taste.

Crystal and jet trimmings are all the rage of the season, flowers, bonnets, hats, dresses and jackets covered with one or both; amber is used in a few cases, but is considered tawdry for good taste, and as it was greatly used in the autumn here, it is now gradually disappearing and straw trimming, which is certainly far more suitable for summer, taking its place. Bonnet strings are worn shorter than usual, and made of ribbon one and a-half inches wide, called in England, a sixteen-penny width. Green and maize will be the two leading colors for the season, and in both cases the shades much lighter than heretofore; there is a new shade of purple called Regina, and one of brown called Bismarck, the latter a little darker than the tan so much in demand some time ago. Hats are, I think, very becoming this season, and the shape very useful in our *scorching sun*. The brim is medium to large size, and turns down, the crown is shallow, but in nearly all I purchased I had a piece put inside to catch the head, which is an improvement, I think. Straw goods are cheaper this year than last. The season has been an extraordinary one on account of the dullness of trade, occasioned by the recent bad weather in England. Heretofore the London houses who purchased their straws in November got them cheaper than they could in January, but this season I purchased much cheaper by going down to Luton and Dunstable.

Paletots or jackets are worn short, and cut to form points at the sides or back, the number of points varying according to taste or fancy of the wearer; the trimming is jet or jet and crystal; black and white braid is also used in some cases with good effect. Silks are worn in stripes, chemis, brochets, and embroidered. At the same manufactory where I purchased our best silks, I saw some dresses being made for the Exhibition, value six hundred francs, nearly equal to one hundred and twenty dollars a dress. Of course I did not buy anything quite so expensive for Ottawa, though I think I bought some beautiful things and hope to have the pleasure of shewing them to our lady friends, and allowing them to be their own judges. I also bought at this same house some very fashionable neck-ties for ladies, with crystal bells and tassals to each. A large house in Glasgow gave them an order for one hundred and fifty dozen similar goods. Lace is very much used for trimming, with and without beads. I like the patterns of those I purchased this season much better than any I have seen for some time.

French flowers are, I think, exceedingly beautiful this season, frosted and decked with crystal and glass, they have a soft and fresh tinge, and make a very rich trimming. Most of them are imitations of natural flowers, namely, cactus, cherry blossom, chrysantheum, clermatis, carnflower, crocus, china rose, forget-me-not, fuchsia, geranium, grapes, heaths, jasamine, laurel, lily of the valley, hyacinth, orange blossom, myrtle, violets, verbenas, rose buds, &c., &c. They are more becoming than mixed flowers.

The height of the fashion in parasols is embroidered silk with crystal, flat tops and scarlet graduated handles. Of course there are a great many of the Pekin top still worn, and also a great many of the curved sticks, and for convenience I should say they would be preferable, being much easier carried, and the handle not so thick and bungling as the graduated stick. Shot frills are very much worn, and in the sunshine will be very beautiful, I think. For visiting dresses, the most beautiful I have seen is a robe of drab cloth over a Bismarck (or brown) skirt, with a plaited flounce; the dress raised by wide straps of velvet reaching from the waist and ornamented with buttons; sleeves same color of skirt, with narrow epaulettes of velvet. Drab bonnet, trimmed with wreath of feathers to match.

Another which I think very pretty is a Tulle dress, with two skirts, the lower one trimmed with a flounce of lace, and the upper with a wreath of leaves and gold wheat up each seam.

Croquet is the fashionable amusement for ladies, and in consequence Croquet belt ribbon is to be seen in almost every warehouse, and Croquet skirting; the former is made of silk and the pattern is striped in colors corresponding to the balls and pins used in the game.

As I am afraid I have now trespassed too much upon your valuable space, my letter being longer than I intended, I will now close.

With kindest regards,
Yours very truly,
A. Mutchmor,
(Of Garland, Mutchmor & Co.)

YESTERDAY'S CABLE NEWS

Failure of the Proposed Reduction of Cable Rates.

London, March 13—Noon.—The Anglo-American Telegraph Company and the original Atlantic Telegraph Company held a meeting in this city yesterday to consider the proposed reduction of tolls upon business transmitted over the cable. Quite unexpectedly to the general public, the movement for a reduction failed, in consequence of the refusal of the Atlantic Company to assent thereto. The public should remember that although the practical management of the cable is in the hands of the Anglo-American Company, no change in rates can be made without the consent of the Atlantic Telegraph Company. The latter company is the one which initiated the cable enterprise, but subsequently transferred its franchises and property to the Anglo-American Company, which successfully completed the work.

Reduction of Bank Rates.

London, March 13—Eve.—The banks at Amsterdam and Berlin have reduced their rates of discount to 3 per cent.

Trouble Between the Sultan and the Viceroy of Egypt.

Vienna, March 13.—Despatches have been received here, which state that the Viceroy of Egypt withholds the tribute which the Sublime Porte of Turkey levied on the people of that country, to meet the expense of crushing the insurrection in Candia.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

The Chicago Fenian Convention—Telegraphic Correspondence.

Chicago, March 12.—The Fenian Brotherhood met at 2 o'clock to-day. Seventy-eight circles were represented in the organisation. President Roberts was introduced and spoke two hours on the Fenian organisation, its past record and its future prospects, giving a minute disposition of the moneys received at headquarters. After the appointment of business committees the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. The following correspondence by telegraph, was received by the convention:—New York, March 12.—*Col. W. Roberts, Chicago:*—A deputation of centres representing Ireland, England and Scotland, request your immediate co-operation. Answer yes or no. Publish your ideas immediately. Signed, J. J. Geary.

President Roberts' Reply.

Chicago, March 12.—*J. J. Geary, New York:* Your despatch has been received. I understand you, that the representatives of the I. R. B., from Ireland, England and Scotland, now in America, agree to unite with us for the purpose of giving aid to the men said to be in revolution in Ireland. If so, as President of the Fenian Brotherhood, and speaking in behalf of that organization, while holding ourselves irresponsible for the results of what I fear is a premature and ill-prepared movement, nevertheless, we will render all the aid in our power to our brothers in the field. Our objective point is Ireland; we labor for Ireland, and will strike for Ireland.

(Signed,) W. Roberts,
President, F.B.

Massacre of the Indians.

St. Louis, March 12.—The *Democrat's* St. Joseph special correspondence says, that General Cook's recent raid against the Indians in the region of Steen's Mountain, resulted in the killing of sixty-three of the savages.

Mrs. Pope, the mother of General Pope, died here to-day.

Military Appointments.

New York, March 13.—The *Times'* special says, an order will be issued to-day bringing Schofield to the front division, Sickles to the second, Thomas to the third, Ord to the fourth, and Sheridan to the fifth districts in the Southern States, under the Military Reconstruction Bill.

Latest from Mexico.—Dark Inuendos.

The *Herald's* Vera Cruz letter, March 2nd, states that sixteen thousand French troops had sailed for France up to that time. Great preparations were making to defend the city after the French had left. It is said that Maximilian will expose Napoleon's intrigue against the United States.

The Privateer Move—The Fenian Excitement in New York.

The excitement consequent on the Fenian insurrection in Ireland still continues in this city. Meetings of the various circles have been held, and a mass demonstration will take place this evening at Union-square. Money is pouring in plentifully, and the proposal of a New York merchant to raise $1,000,000 for privateers has been favorably received, and meets with considerable success. Private letters from Washington state that the committee now in that city have been cordially received by Senators and Representatives of both parties.

Damage by the Floods in the South.

Louisville, Ky., March 12.—News from all directions represent the flood as unprecedented. The roads in the South are badly broken up by the carrying away of bridges, culverts and by land slides. The Ohio river is rising; rain still continues to fall.

New York Money Market.

New York, March 13.—Gold 134¼. The *Post's* financial article says, the loan market continues easy at 6 to 7 discount. Demand active. Choice paper 6½ to 7½. Stock market dull; Governments are more active, with an improvement on the gold bearing bonds. Railroad shares steady, except Erie, which is declining. Foreign Exchange in fair demand.

Two Follies.—First, to eat a hearty supper for the pleasure experienced during the brief time it is passing down the throat, at the expense of a whole night of disturbed sleep, and a weary waking in the morning. Second, to try all the remedies in existence for rheumatism, pains in the back and sides, coughs, colds, cramps, sprains, bruises, &c., before trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle

Is Health worth Having?—If it is, protect it; it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which, if not checked immediately, lead to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect a permanent cure when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the province, at 25cts. per box.

NOW O'ER THE FOREST WILD AND DEEP.

By Carroll Ryan, 100th P. W. R. C. R.

Now o'er the forest wild and deep
The shades of evening fall,
The gentle dews begin to weep,
And hollow tones to call,
Around the path I sadly tread
Beside the mansion of the dead.

And, laid in murmuring repose,
Beneath Ontario lies,
And in its lucid bosom glows
A mirror of the skies;
And to the sound of dipping oars
Soft music swells along the shores.

And all is happy and serene,
Save my rebellious heart,
That in the sweetness of the scene
Can take no kindred part;
Consuming with a quenchless flame,
E'er twining fiercely—still the same.

Long years ago I wandered here,
And sat beneath this tree,
The scene, as now, was calm and clear,
But different seemed to me;
Ah! then the world looked all so fair,
My breast a stranger was to care.

As now, I was not then, alone,
Those happy summer days,
There was a voice whose gentle tone
Oft sang my tender lays,
And filled my spirit with a joy,
Which nothing ever can destroy.

A lovely maiden with me strayed,
And shared my hopes and fears,
As, dreaming fondly, we arrayed
In bliss our future years;
But oh! reality has wrought
A change that never came in thought!

There was a hand I press'd in mine,
A bosom all mine own,
An arm that round my neck would twine,
An eye whose lovelight shone,
Things, that the tongue can utter not,
Are never said, but ne'er forgot.

But I was forced from Maggie's side,
And now, when I return,
I wander listless where she died,
In solitude to mourn;
How sad are these green hills, and lone,
Since she, their fairest flow'r, has gone.

And when the twilight shadows sleep
My way in lengthening shade,
My lonely watch of love I'll keep
Where my lost one is laid;
And oft methinks I hear her speak,
And feel her breath upon my cheek.

But time is gliding swiftly by,
And soon the day will come
When thy free soul will gladly fly
To guide thy Willie home;
And then united we will be,
By love, for an eternity!

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing have no equals, and should be used at this season. Sold by all druggists.

Very Natural.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended, he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse-medicine known as "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy"—all are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a Condition Medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* Times.)

Times-Office, Ottawa, March 13, 1867.

Flour—Extra	8 50	@	9 00
No. 1	7 50	@	7 75
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 25	@	4 50
" Spring "	3 62	@	3 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 60	@	1 75
Spring " "	1 50	@	1 50
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 28	@	0 30
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@	1 50
Pork—Mess—per barrel	19 00	@	20 00
Prime Mess per do	15 00	@	16 00
Hog per 100 lbs	5 00	@	6 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 16
Beef	6 00	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	@	0 08
Lamb—per qr	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 00	@	0 62
Turkeys—Each	0 00	@	1 30
Fowl—Per pair	0 00	@	0 40
Butter—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 23
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 15
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 18	@	0 20
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	0 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 00	@	0 40
Hay—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00
Wood—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do	2 50	@	2 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself
Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 29 237-y

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-d

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!

—AND—

HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

This preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers every where. 250y

DIED.

In this city, on the 13th instant, Eliza Carson, wife of Mr. John Fotheringham.

Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend the funeral on Friday, the 15th inst., at 2 o'clock, p.m., from her husband's residence, Chaudiere, to the place of interment, Sandy Hill, without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

1867.

St. Patrick's Day.

THE

St. Patrick's Literary Association

AND THEIR FRIENDS

WILL CELEBRATE ST. PATRICK'S DAY by attending Divine Service in the Cathedral, and

A PROCESSION

Will take place immediately after. Particulars to be found in programmes issued for the occasion.

IRISHMEN and their descendants are respectfully invited to attend.

H. GALLAGHER,
Asst. Secretary.

Ottawa, March 14. 382-4

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine
Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc, at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

Notice to Contractors

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED until

Wednesday, 20th March, 1867,

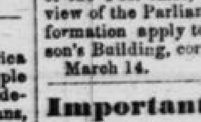
At 12 o'clock, Noon,

From parties desirous of contracting for the erection of a Building on Johnston's corner, Sparks street.

Plans and Specifications, and all other information can be had on applying to the undersigned.

JAMES WADSWORTH.

Ottawa, March 14. 382d



TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

Important Catalogue Sale

OF

Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—

BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT.

THE CONTENTS OF

150 PACKAGES

New Spring Dry Goods,

Just received, consisting of

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.

—AND—

The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

Terms Liberal.

Sale each day at TEN o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 13. 382d

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF

Houses and Building Lots

IN THE

Village of New Edinburgh and City of Ottawa.

THE MACKAY ESTATE WILL OFFER for sale by public auction, at the office of the Estate in the Village of New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 16th DAY OF MARCH, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, about Thirty desirable Building Lots, some with dwellings thereon in the Village of New Edinburgh. Six of these Lots front upon the Rideau River, and six (which will be sold as Villa Lots, if desired) front upon the Park and Cricket-ground of the Governor-General's residence.

Also, at the same time and place, Twelve Lots in Lower Town, Ottawa, three with dwelling houses thereon, and one on Dalhousie-street having a large building suitable for a factory. The Lots are on St. Andrew, Cathcart, Bolton, Roteler, Baird and Dalhousie-streets—three being Ordnance Lots.

TERMS: One-third cash; balance by instalments at 7 per cent. interest, payable in 3 or 5 years, to suit purchasers. Conditions made known at day of sale.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, March 7. 378tf

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $30, and without profits $43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31

And each subsequent year 26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

A Fancy Dress Entertainment

WILL BE HELD

AT THE RINK,

ON

Tuesday ev'g. next, the 19th Inst.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in Costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress, a slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No Masks allowed except by special permission.

No Gentlemen to appear in Female attire.

Those desirous of appearing in Costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary when applying for their ticket.

ADMISSION—25 cents. Skaters in Costume—Free. Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock.

Ottawa, March 11. 379td

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE BY

George E. Desbarats,

Corner of Sparks and O'Connor-sts.,

"GEOLOGY OF CANADA, 1866,"

BEING A

Report of the Geological Survey of Canada, from 1863 to 1866, under the Direction of Sir Wm. E. Logan, F.R.S., F. G.S.

PRICE $1.50.

Ottawa, March 8, 1867. 377a

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH," a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

☞ The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

1867. TEA. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 50c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultans,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Elemes Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, candles, Soap, Barley, Tapioca, Sago, Ground Rice, Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

LIFE ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS *are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's* PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME, *with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.*

The Policy-holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE

OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY, *without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.*

CANADA.—*MONTREAL,*—PLACE D'ARMES.

Directors.

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E. Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen., C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Com. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (J. Redpath & Son.)

Solicitors,—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer,—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary,—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies,—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. R. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.

Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agent,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer, ... Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior, ... Vacant
Almonte, ... Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham, ... Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville, ... Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke, ... Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-9A

New Watches & Clocks,

New Fancy Goods,

New Gold & Silver Jewellery,

New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock, such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application.

For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.

March 380d

OVER 50 PACKAGES

NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milsons,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
Cassimeres,
&c.,
Striped Tweeds,
Coatings,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins,
&c.

G. M. HOLBROOK.
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

NEW

SPRING TWEEDS!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CANADIAN TWEEDS!

Comprising the Choicest Goods, and Newest Styles, produced by the principal manufacturers in Canada.

All purchased on the most favorable terms, and offered at a moderate advance, at either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Sparks-street, - - OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 6. 375y

1867. New Spring Goods. 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14, Rideau-street,

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF

New Spring Dress Goods,

New Spring Skirtings,

New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867. 374y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. P. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Norma and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

— AT —

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up **$3,000,000.00**
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867, ... **$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867, ... **$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866 ..... **$4,075,830.55**

Increased Assets in 6 months, ... **$ 402,270.19**

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding* $400,000 *as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents.
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 23, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 197tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,

56, Sparks Stree

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE HOURS from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

FOR SALE.

150 Barrels Mess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples,
20 do. Choice Cheese.

On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

Wanted Immediately,

A WET NURSE.

Apply to DR. WOOD,
Sparks-street.

Ottawa, March 6. 373tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 368y

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:

London, ... *Liverpool,* ..... *Montreal.*

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets over liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,756 20
1861	81,230 90	40,199 69
1862	168,289 49	92,136 89
1863	256,973 55	166,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 94
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Ammond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is TO SELL OR LET.

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

First-Class House to Let.

TO LET from 1st May one 3-story first-class cut Stone House, in Hull Village. Also a few pleasantly situated Villa Lots for sale on easy terms.

GEO. J. MARSTON.

Ottawa, March 11. 379-1

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to R. H. McGREEVY.
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO.

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.
OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

STOVES

AT A BIG DISCOUNT,

AT

ESMONDE BROS.

THEY ARE SELLING ACTUALLY at cost price. Just think of that! Don't forget the address, for the BEST AND CHEAPEST Stoves in Canada.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks Street

Ottawa, February 19, 1867. 362y

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 2603m

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Steel & Lover, Architects, &c.,
Departmental-Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-ut

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases	Otard Brandy.
50 "	Martell's "
150 "	Hennessey.
75 "	United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225 tf

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST; FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual

☞ See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot

For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS.

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365td

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 30 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10-121

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.
Ottawa, November 1. 270tf

THOs. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139v

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL.

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks-Street.
Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.
d&w

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

At a Council held in the City of Montreal, on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1865.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks' Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.
From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.
From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.
From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.
From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.
From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.
From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach and expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867. 368d3w9y

A Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(*a*) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(*b*) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(*c*) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(*d*) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(*e*) The place wherein is then stored.
(*f*) The place to which it is to be removed.
(*g*) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(*h*) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(*i*) The time at which it is to be removed.
(*j*) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner,
(*k*) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(*l*) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6 The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3)
of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4)
at (5) to (6) y the (7)
, there to be delive into the
possession of (8) of (9)
The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody the Spirits will be during removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 } [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2]
to [3] of the
undermentioned spirits equal to [4]
gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6]
and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]
The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 . Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the strength of proof for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:
Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Asst. C. E. C.

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,
I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
The Collector of Customs 144-tf

GOVERNMENT IMMIGRATION OFFICE,
QUEBEC, 25th January, 1866.

SIR,—
The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration, having authorized the publication, by this Department, of an occasional paper, to be called the "CANADA IMMIGRATION GAZETTE," which will be devoted exclusively to the encouragement of Immigration, and to the diffusion of accurate and useful information concerning Canada abroad, I beg leave to bring under your notice the advantages this sheet will offer as an advertising medium to land owners, and others having properties for sale or lease. As information of this kind is eagerly sought for, and much valued by every intelligent emigrant, means will thus be afforded of placing the intending purchaser or lessee in Great Britain in direct communication with the property-holder here.

The Honourable the Minister of Agriculture and Immigration has also authorized the opening of an Information Office in Liverpool, under the management of Mr. Wm. Dixon, a gentleman well acquainted with this and the mother country, who will be specially charged with the distribution of this paper throughout the United Kingdom, and in bringing the same prominently under the notice of the emigrant.

The first number will appear in the course of next month, the second in April, bringing down the information to the latest period, to be followed up monthly or quarterly, as may be required.

As the space it is intended to allot for advertising purposes will be limited, and in view of the large circulation the sheet will obtain, [for it will be distributed gratuitously], the prices of advertisements cannot be much lower than the following:—

For each advertisement, not exceeding ten lines, $2 the insertion: and 8 cents for every extra line.

For a square of 22 lines, to stand for a twelvemonth, $6.

In all cases, advertisements must be prepaid, and an early transmission is recommended.

The undersigned will gladly receive communications of a practical character for publication, bearing on the subject of Immigration, such as letters from actual settlers, showing their progress in the country, and pointing out the peculiar advantages of their district in particular, &c. It is desirable that they should be written as concisely as possible, and be free from anything like exaggeration.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
A. C. BUCHANAN, Chief Agent.
February 10. 62

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 17th August, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY WAS PLEASED to lay before the Council a Tariff of Duties to be imposed under the authority of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the session thereof held in the Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled:

"An Act to provide a fund towards defraying expenses incurred for matters necessary to the efficiency of the Registry Laws of Lower Canada."

Whereupon His Excellency was pleased to order and it is hereby ORDERED—

That on, from and after the FIRST day of OCTOBER next, there shall be imposed, levied and collected on each deed, ment or document registered in any Registry Office in Lower Canada, and on every search made in such Registry Office on or after the said day, the following duties respectively, that is to say:

On every will, marriage contract or donation, *Thirty Cents.*

On every deed or instrument effecting or evidencing the sale, exchange, hypothecation or mortgage of real property, for a sum or consideration exceeding in value $400, *Thirty Cents.*

On every other deed or instrument, *Fifteen Cents*

On every search, with or without certificate, *Five Cents.*

That until further orders the above duties shall, in all the Registration Counties or Registration Divisions of Lower Canada, be paid in money, and the amount of such duties received by every Registrar respectively, shall be by him accounted for and paid over to the Receiver General immediately after the close of every third month, to be reckoned from the said First day of October next.

WM. H. LEE,
208-tf C. E. C.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE—OTTAWA.
Saturday, 16th day of December, 1865.
PRESENT.
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

HIS EXCELLENCY was pleased to lay before the Council a Report from the Commissioner of Customs, dated 15th December, 1865, and approved by the Hon. the Minister of Finance, stating that under authority of chapter 17 of the Con. Stat., Can., Sec. 24, an Order in Council was passed on 28th April, 1853, directing "that Goods *bona fide* exported to this Province from any country, but passing in *transitu* through another country and under Bonds shall be, until it shall be otherwise ordered, valued for duty as if such Goods were imported direct from such first mentioned country into this Province," and submitting that it would be desirable to extend said Order in Council to *free* as well as dutiable Goods.

Whereupon His Excellency in Council was pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that free Goods passing through a foreign country consigned directly to Importers in Canada, shall hereafter be put on the same footing as dutiable Goods.

Signed,
WM. K. LEE, C. E. C.
January 1 1866. 12tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER,

NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers,

&C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS' RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
BRAZIL { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
CENTRAL AMERICA { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
CHILI—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
CUBA { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
NICARAGUA { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
NICARAGUA { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
PERU—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
VENEZUELA { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
WEST INDIES—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
WEST INDIES,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to show that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
367dw9-tf Postmaster-General.

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

Mail Contract.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON.

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.
Post-Office Inspector's Office,
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. } 367dw9-td

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorised the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21ST AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. } d353-w7tf

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORATION of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)
ROBERT LYON,
Mayor. L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365e

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers;

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

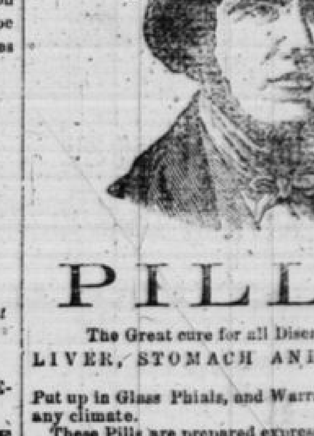
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. dsatf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.
Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
208tf Commissioner of Customs and Excise

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
154tf Commissioner of Customs.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 383. | OTTAWA C. W. FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

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ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 358y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 185-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 53-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
CHAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cuner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Ormo; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 4tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 79-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 15, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

JOHN H. BARBER,
BOOK-BINDER and Manufacturing Stationer, and Machine Ruler. Over Taylor & Wilkinson's Flour Store, corner of York and Sussex Streets. Entrance on Sussex Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-tf

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 45-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 22. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and which they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting quart bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given on than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11. 230tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES, &c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOLDEN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 242tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. MCARTHUR,
Ottawa, October 20. Clarence Street. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
Ottawa, November 26. SUPERINTENDENT. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Centrel Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
May 26. Managing Director. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Ottawa, December 27 Besserer Street. 214tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN, Do. BUCK,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES, BLANKETS.
ALEX. DUFF, OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Filters! Water Coolers! Water Filters! Water Coolers! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 24, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 28, 1867. 363-w6-3m

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field
County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbaceous Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting, will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DERINZY.
Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

DRUGS, &c.
Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries. Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.
Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by
Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

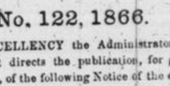
FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once, every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
337tf Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.



At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may order the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Pork, &c., for Sale—S. Christie.
Board Wanted—Address A. G.
Stoves, Lamps, &c.—Esmonde Bros.
Lots for Sale—William Clegg.
Corns and Bunions Extracted—Mr. Bansley.
Canadian Fruit Culturist—James Dougall.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 15, 1867.

Letters from England indicate that the whole of the Delegates will leave for Canada, at the latest, by the 20th of the present month—so that they may be expected here before the end of the first week in April.

We learn that the requisition which has been some days in circulation calling upon Edward McGillivray, Esq., to allow himself to be put in nomination as a candidate for the representation of the City in the Canadian House of Commons, has been presented to that gentleman, and that he has consented to comply with the desire of the requisitionists. We presume the requisition and reply will be made public without delay.

It will be seen by our Montreal despatches, that another rumor of a Fenian invasion has seriously engaged the attention of the Administrator, and that a Cabinet Council is to be held there to-day. It may turn out, as at this time last year, that timely action will prevent their carrying their threat into execution; but if not, the Fenians may rely upon it that the preparations for their reception are of a character they will not relish. In the absence of positive information, there is no room for alarm, as the authorities are amply prepared at all points.

Under the title of "strange statement" the *Globe* announces that the Crown Lands Commissioner has organised an expedition to explore the interior of Lower Canada and the head waters of the Ottawa, at a probable cost of $20,000 or $30,000, upon which it enlarges in the usual style. The statement is entirely incorrect. It is true that an exploration of the head waters of the Ottawa and tributaries has been ordered, but it will only cost about a tenth of the sum named by the *Globe*, and will be completed by a very small body of men inside of three months. It is altogether untrue that "the last grant for Lower Canada survey has been expended," for it is from an unexpended balance of this grant that the exploration in question is to be paid for. Will the *Globe* note the facts and make a correction accordingly?

Yesterday we showed, from the proceedings of the "Reform Convention" in North Wentworth, how hollow were the pretensions of Mr. Brown in the work of organising the Reform party. To-day we have advices from another "Reform" section of the West, which exhibit the labors of the "chief organiser" in a still more contemptible light. We saw from the very instant of the formation of the Coalition Government of 1864, that a return to the old party divisions was an impossibility. Even had the main purpose of that Coalition failed, the connections thereby formed would have exerted an influence on future political combinations which it would have been folly to have affected to ignore; but with the entire and triumphant success of that Coalition in perfecting the great work allotted to it, the proposition for a return to the ancient *status quo* becomes an utter absurdity.

Most, if not all, of our readers are conversant with the political character heretofore borne by the County of Bruce. Nobody, we fancy, needs at this day to be told that Bruce, in the old party sense, was "Reform" to the very heart's core, and therefore we might reasonably anticipate that if the work of "organising" should have succeeded anywhere it would have been in Bruce. Yet we find, by the evidence before us, that the intelligent electors of that County have not been seduced by the cry of "Reform Organisation." The leading local organ of the party, *The Bruce Review*, published in the thriving Village of Kincardine, recently declared the resuscitation of the old party distinctions under the new order of things an utter and impracticable absurdity, and to-day we have before us an issue of that paper containing a requisition to Frank Hurdon, Esq., asking him to allow himself to be put in nomination for the South Riding of the County, with the names of nearly *half* the voters of the Riding attached, though the Eastern part of the constituency had not even been canvassed on his behalf. In the requisition there is not one word about party politics; in the names attached to it, though the majority of them were, heretofore, distinguished as "Reformers," we see many who were "true blue" Conservatives; and in Mr. Hurdon's reply accepting the nomination, there is not one word of party politics, but a general promise to forward the interests of the country at large and the local requirements of the Riding. To comprehend the force of this movement in Bruce it is necessary to explain that in former political contests—when the great party issues for which the Reformers fought were as yet undecided—the *Review* was at the least, a very earnest advocate of extreme Radical principles. Now we find it endorsing the requisition to Mr. Hurdon in the following terms:

"We don't think there can be the slightest doubt as to the election of Mr. Hurdon—in fact the probability is that he will walk the course unopposed—when we consider that the total number of votes cast in the contest between the Hon. D. L. Macpherson and Mr. Snider, in all the municipalities comprising the South Riding was 2,542, and that already nearly half that number have pledged themselves to support Mr. Hurdon. The ratepayers are determined to elect local men, and we believe they have hit upon a good representative in the person of Mr. Hurdon. Moreover we are informed that the people of the Eastern section of the Riding intend to support him, and that an understanding has been arrived at between Mr Brocelbank, the present Warden—who will be a candidate for the Local Legislature—and Mr. Hurdon, respecting questions affecting the interests of the ratepayers generally, and therefore they will act in concert with each other, and the probability is that those who vote for the candidate announced for the Federal House, will support Mr. Brocelbank for the Local Legislature. The latter gentleman has been for a long time connected with the municipal affairs of the County, and we believe that he understands the wants of the people."

To make the foregoing intelligible to the general reader, we may state that Mr. Brockelbank, the Warden, is the Reeve of the Township of Brant, wherein is situated the Village of Walkerton, the former rival of Kincardine, in the contest for the honor of being the county seat of Bruce. Mr. Hurdon is a resident of Kincardine, so that we see the eastern and western sections of the South Riding harmoniously distributing between them the Legislative honors without the slightest reference to "Reform organisation." From what we know of the South Riding of Bruce we do not hesitate to say that these two gentlemen, Messrs. Hurdon and Brockelbank, can sweep it from one end to the other, no matter who may oppose them, and from our acquaintance with the gentlemen named, we know not that the Riding could have made a better selection.

It may not be out of place to remark that political partyism, for *party's sake*, received its death blow in Bruce from the election for the Legislative Council in 1864, when the Hon. D. L. Macpherson first frightened the Hon. John McMurrich off the track, and then whipt Mr. Snider, by something like two to one at the polls. Since that time, there has been a marked change in the tone of the political feeling in the county. Mr. Macpherson, without being a party man, addressed himself to questions of practical interest—the liberalising of the Crown Lands administration, the improvement of Western Harbors, &c.; and the good sense of the people readily acquiesced in the wisdom of his course, some of the fruits of which are plainly discoverable in the nomination of Messrs. Hurdon and Brocelbank, as the Federal and Local Representatives of the South Riding. And though in the Northern Division of the County, we have as yet seen no record of a movement towards bringing out candidates, we are satisfied that the same prudent course will be followed. There are many local men of ability whose talents might be made available, and we hardly think that even in North Bruce the influence of the "Chief Organiser" will be allowed to interfere with the independent action of the intelligent electors.

Our pious contemporary, the Montreal *Witness*, has a few specialities in addition to his eminently Christian character, to which he takes pains to give an airing on every opportune and inopportune occasion. There are several public institutions in the sister Province of Quebec (that is to be) existing, and upheld by the social and religious peculiarities of our fellow-Colonists of French origin, in the well-being and management of which the solicitude of the editor of the *Witness* is manifested almost daily; and next to these and the market reports, the management of the Grand Trunk Railway absorbs a very large share of his attention.

Our present concern is with the last named subject. Having cut out, in good faith, and placed in the printers' hands, a paragraph from our contemporary which subsequent information led us to believe was false and libellous, and the erroneousness of which we fortunately discovered in time to check its publication, we may be pardoned for alluding to a circumstance that otherwise would in all probability have been passed over by us without notice. Being accustomed to see ill-natured paragraphs in the columns of our contemporary with reference to the Grand Trunk Railway, and its management, we should not perhaps have been surprised to find them backed up by a gross mis-statement of facts, but as facts are "stubborn chiels" we hardly thought the *Witness* would have voluntarily run his head against them. However, the case in point is this, as we have learned from a gentleman conversant with the circumstances: The statement that the Coroner's Jury at Richmond on the body of the engine driver who was recently killed near Arthabaska had returned a verdict of manslaughter against certain officers of the company, and which has been telegraphed over the country and published by several papers on the authority of the *Witness*, is utterly false. The jurisdiction of the coroner was objected to, and the case was adjourned that the coroner might take legal advice as to the validity of the objection. The *Witness*, while giving currency to the report of the bogus verdict, admitted that the case had been postponed for further enquiry, thereby shewing an extraordinary aptitude for the discovery of facts on the part of the Jury, even before they had heard the evidence! The ground on which it was pretended that this unrecorded verdict had been given was, if we are not misinformed, that the man was thrown from his engine by the roughness of the road, a statement which is at variance with the actual facts, in so far as they have already been developed, and one which further investigation will prove beyond a peradventure to have been utterly untrue.

We do not, however, know enough of the whole case to pretend to say what the judgment of the Jury ought to be, nor do we think it within the province of the press to discuss the merits of cases while they are *sub judice*; and if we have remarked upon this one at all it is only to enter our protest against the conduct of the *Witness* in pursuing a contrary policy. We know it was once a popular card to abuse the Grand Trunk Railway, and there are some people who may think it popular still, but we submit that even popularity-hunting Christians of the most patent piety have no right to bear false *Witness* against their neighbors, even though these neighbors do have the misfortune to be a Managing Director or a Chief Engineer of the Grand Trunk Railway. A certain vulgar class of moralists pretend that even the devil should get his due, which means, we suppose, in plain English, that every one, however bad *in himself*, deserves to be treated with fair play by everybody else, and therefore we trust no one will adjudge us as leaning too much Grank Trunk-wards in pleading for a like measure of honest dealing towards its officials, as the moralists aforesaid would not hesitate to extend to the arch-enemy of mankind.

We do not at present wish to discuss with the *Witness* the fulness or the honesty of the correction which subsequently appeared in its columns, when it said it had been informed that "no verdict had been rendered." Perhaps that was satisfaction in full for the injury done by its previous mis-statement; on matters of conscience we bow to our brother's superior sanctity; but we have a plain, practical question to submit for his consideration, the answer to which, if he does not evade it, we think will somewhat stagger his position. Assuming that the state of the Grand Trunk track is so fearfully rough as he contends, and that it has become so much worse than heretofore, how is it possible that the company can carry so much more traffic over it?

It is unfortunate that questions involving even the lives of our fellow-beings, should be turned to partizan purposes, or used for the gratification of personal spleen. That accidents incidental to the conduct of human affairs, will always be of more or less frequent occurrence, no matter what precautions may be taken to prevent them, few we suppose will venture to deny, and that these will sometimes result in the violent destruction of life is confirmed by all past experience, and was no less true before, than since, the construction of railways. But beyond this general recognition of the fact that the particular accident in question was the result of the existence of the Grand Trunk Railway, and the poor fellow's connection therewith, we are not aware of anything associated with it implying guilt on the part of the railway officials. If it should appear, after the "further enquiry" has been held, that there do exist facts implying such guilt, we could well exonerate the *Witness* from the appearance of malicious intent in attempting to fasten the charge of criminality upon them, but until that shall have taken place, his haste to circulate an unfounded slander, and his halting correction of the same, expose the motives of our *confrere* to grave suspicions, which seriously detract from the odour of sanctity, that, otherwise, would make of his name a sweet savor in the nostrils of the community. We exhort the *Witness* to apply to himself the lesson which he read the *Globe* on the caution to be exercised in receiving the statements of anonymous correspondents.

OBITUARY.

It becomes our melancholy duty to announce the death of Edward Malloch, Esq., which sad event took place at his residence, in this city yesterday evening.

Mr. Malloch was one of the earliest settlers in this part of Canada, having been a resident of the late District of Dalhousie and County of Carleton for upwards of forty-five years.

About the year 1824, he commenced mercantile business in the village of Richmond, which he prosecuted for a lengthy period with unvarying success. He was a true friend of British connexion, and eminently loyal to the Crown. He was long a Justice of the Peace, and Captain of the old Richmond Artillery Company, established in the year 1837. If we are not mistaken he resigned both these positions in disgust at the passing of the Rebellion Losses Bill. Shortly after taking up his residence in the late town of Bytown Mr. Malloch became the first Sheriff of the County of Carleton, the duties of which high office, during the period intervening between his appointment and resignation of the same, he discharged to the general satisfaction of the public.

The deceased gentleman was, however, better and more favorably known as a member of the Canadian Legislature, having been for many years the representative of the County of Carleton in the Provincial Parliament. In his place in the House, his conduct was always distinguished by an uncompromising adherence to the principles of Conservatism, while his course there was such as to secure to him for many consecutive Parliaments the continued confidence of his constituents. He leaves a large family and many friends to lament his death.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gold from Madoc.—We were yesterday shown a piece of gold-bearing quartz, having a rich auriferous appearance from the gold region of Madoc. We are informed that it has been shown to experienced miners, who do not hesitate to say that it is in proportion to $300 per ton, much over the usual proportion.

Mechanics' Institute.—At a meeting of the trustees of the Mechanics' Institute, held last evening, for the election of a managing committee, the following gentlemen were elected for the current year: A. S. Woodburn, William Porter, James Lindsay and John McMillan, the President and Recording Secretary being members *ex officio*.

Fresh Oysters.—Mr. Crane of the News Agency and Oyster Depot, Sparks-street, (near the Times office) is in daily receipt of supplies of the favorite bivalve, xx and xxx, from Fair Haven direct. Mr. Crane has a large patronage as he sells cheap and never keeps any old stock on hand. Patrons of the delicacy should not fail to call at his establishment.

The Magazines.—We have received from Messrs. Durie & Son, Good Words and the Leisure Hour. The former contains a continuation of Guild Court, and a number of other articles well worthy of perusal. Good Words, as is customary, contains a large quantity of excellent reading matter, and a goodly number of illustrations. Both these magazines sustain their well deserved reputation.

To the Afflicted.—The attention of those who are suffering from Corns or Bunions on their pedal extremities, is directed to Mr. Bansley's advertisement. We have seen several flattering testimonials, giving ample proof of Mr. B.'s skill in removing those painful protuberances, and as his motto is "no cure, no pay," he may reasonably anticipate a busy time.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 14, 1867.
Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 4 above zero.
9 a. m., 6 above zero.
Noon, shade, 12 above zero.
Noon, sun, 50 above zero.
6 p. m., 18 above zero.

The Gatineau Road Company.—We understand that only some $6,000 of the $36,000 of stock in this company remain open for subscription, and we hope this small balance may be taken up without delay. The construction of this road is a matter of the utmost importance to the development of the interests of this section of the country, and no time should be lost in placing it under contract. We understand that a meeting of the Directors will be held at the Village of Ironsides on the 29th instant, when we hope they will at once be in a position to invite tenders for the construction of the road.

The Adjourned Case of Ouilette.—This case was again brought before Mr. Langrell, at the County Court House. Dr. St. Jean was called up to give his testimony, and said he visited Ouilette professionally soon after the wound was inflicted; the left temporal artery was cut, and the wounded man lost a great deal of blood, and had it not been stopped in time he would have bled to death; there was now no danger; it took several days for him to recover his strength. The woman appeared very sorry for what she had done. The Magistrate sentenced her to pay a fine of $10 and costs, or go to jail for two months. Mrs. Ouillette ogled her husband across the table, and tried to coax him to pay the fine, but he could not be brought to terms. When she got him out of the hall and had given up all hope, she abused and defied him to her heart's content, and then went quietly to jail.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

Further Accounts of Suffering in the West—Destruction of Property and Loss of Life.

Cincinnati, March 14.—A special despatch from Nashville says, the reports of suffering at Chattanooga, and other places along the river are appaling. At Chattanooga on the 11th the water was 12 to 20 feet deep, many houses toppling over and others floating away. The Mayor reports that the people are starving. Twenty-five dead bodies were seen floating down the river at Bridgeport, Alabama, on the 12th. The loss of property is estimated at $1,000,000. Gen. Carlin, at Nashville, was making efforts to send rations through to Chattanooga.

Jealousy and Attempted Murder.

New York, March 14.—Additional particulars are furnished concerning the murderous assault on A. D. Richardson, *Tribune's* correspondent, last night: McFarlane, the assailant, it is alleged, is subject to fits of drunken frenzy, and has for a long time threatened his wife with personal violence, so that she was compelled to leave him and seek protection from his persecutions. She had also instituted proceedings for a separation on the grounds of cruelty and refusal to provide for his wife and family. McFarlane, it is represented, had consented to the separation, and his wife had gone to live with her friends, earning her own support upon the stage, and by the labors of the pen. Mr. Richardson had been requested to escort her from the theatre last night, when he was attacked by the infuriated husband in the street. After the second shot he turned upon his assailant, clinched and threw him, the two being on the ground when the officer reached the scene. Richardson's wound is painful, but not considered dangerous.

Fenian Mass Meeting in Detroit.

Detroit, March 14.—A Fenian mass meeting was held in the City Hall to-night. Several hundreds were present, and considerable spirit was manifested.

Fenian Meeting in Boston.

Boston, March 14.—A large meeting of Fenians was held at Faneuil Hall this evening for the purpose of expressing sympathy with and giving assistance to their brethren who are at present battling for the liberation of their native land. Addresses were made by P. A. Collins of Boston, Jeremiah O'Donovan, and P. M. Cronin of New York, and J. E. Fitzgerald. Considerable enthusiasm was manifested, and a large sum realised by contributions to the cause.

YESTERDAY'S CABLE NEWS

Fenian Troubles not yet Ended.

London, March 14—Noon.—The Fenian troubles are not altogether ended. The Government has just despatched four gunboats to Dublin, and they will be posted at different places in the river Liffey. The Fenians have taken refuge from the British troops in the Wicklow mountains, a few miles South of Dublin, where they are perishing from the extremely cold weather.

Queen Victoria Presents Her Portrait to Mr. Peabody.

Queen Victoria will despatch her portrait to Mr. Peabody, the American philanthropist, some time next week.

Financial and Commercial.

London, March 14—Noon.—Consols open at 91⅛ for money; Erie shares, 39½; Ill. Central, 77½; 5-20's, 74¼.

Liverpool, March 14—Noon.—Cotton market opened firm, with continued activity. The quotations are still 13¾d. for middling Uplands, and 13⅞d. for middling Orleans. Despatches from Manchester report an improved feeling, and an advance in price for goods and yarns. Breadstuffs—Corn has advanced to 38s. 9d. per quarter for mixed Western; California wheat firm at 13s. 3d. Provisions—Lard, 50s. 6d. per cwt.

Very Latest English Markets.

Provisions of all kinds are held with extreme firmness, and full prices are obtained, with a slight advance in some cases on former quotations.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Close of the Chicago Fenian Congress.

Chicago, March 13.—In the Fenian State Convention to-day, resolutions were passed cordially endorsing the position taken by President Roberts in his message sent to Geary last night, pledging the Fenians of the State to co-operate with him in aiding men in the field, and expressing disapproval of individuals without honesty or ability who do not represent the Irish people at home or abroad, and who have precipitated the Brotherhood in Ireland into a premature and unprepared revolt, by promises which they knew they were powerless to fulfil, and which were impossible to realise. The resolutions express their determination to support the men in the field in Ireland, and call on the Brotherhood and all lovers of liberty to contribute their means only to Fenian Circles, thus insuring their being legitimately used. The forthcoming address will express a desire to unite with Reformers in England in their republicanism, and say, not the people, but the Government of England, is responsible for the misery in Ireland. The Convention adjourned.

New York Fenians—Sir Frederick Bruce a Telegraphic Dictator (?)

New York, March 14.—Nothing of importance transpired at the headquarters of the Gleeson branch of the Fenian party yesterday. Contributions were received from circles in the country. It was stated that private information had been received, that Sir Frederick Bruce had advised the British Government to allow no more news of the Fenian rising to be forwarded over the cable. The Senate of the Brotherhood, Roberts' party, has been called together by the Vice-President. A mass meeting of the Fenians will be held at Trenton, N. J., this evening, and one at Newark to-morrow evening.

Mexican Financial Matters.

The *Courier* of Mexico, commenting upon the Mexican debt, shows that of over three hundred million francs borrowed for the empire, only thirty-four millions have gone into the Mexican treasury. The same paper denounces the French in very severe terms.

Suicidal Mania at Key West.

The *Herald's* correspondent says there were two suicides at Key West last week; one a young Prussian named Rudolph Ryer, and the other Capt. Charles Z. Simmons, of the 5th U. S. Artillery.

Fistiana.

New York, March 14.—A match was made yesterday between Sam Collyer and Barney Aaron, to fight in June next, for the championship and $3000.

Worth Looking After.

The *Tribune's* special says: There is great rivalry for the Marshalship in Louisiana. The emoluments of the office are increased to $25,000 per annum, by the passage of the Bankrupt Act, with fees attendant.

Another Expedition Against the Indians.

The *Herald's* special says: The expedition against the hostile Indians of Kansas and Nebraska, under the command of General Hancock, is fully equipped and supplied, and will start from Fort Leavenworth on the 16th inst.

A $12,000 Fire.

Troy, March 14.—A fire at Schagticoke this morning, destroyed the cordage works of Spicer & Meeley, and the twine factory of Tibbitts Briggs. The building was owned by L. B. Baker; loss $12,000 to $14,000, mostly insured.

Arrivals.

Boston, March 14.—The steamship *Africa* from Liverpool *via* Halifax, arrived here this morning.

New York, March 14.—The steamers *Iowa* from Glasgow and *City of Cork* from Liverpool, have arrived. News anticipated.

Failures in the Dry Goods Trade.

New York, March 14.—The failures in the dry goods trade have caused caution in that class of paper, while grocery paper does not rank very high. The failure of the Wauregan Print Company with liabilities of $2,000,000 is announced.

Congress about to Adjourn.

The *Post's* special says: There is a growing feeling in the House in favor of the immediate adjournment of Congress.

Loss of Life by the Late Flood.

Cairo, March 14.—The officers of the steamer *Rockford*, just from Arkansas River, report the country overflowed with great loss of property and suffering among the inhabitants. Twenty-seven lives had been lost at Helena by the flood, mostly freedmen.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 14, 1867.

Official information has been received of an intended Fenian raid by way of St. Albans. Sir John Michel has in consequence summoned a Cabinet Council to be held here to-morrow. Col. McDougall and the military authorities are on the *qui vive* this evening, and it is said orders have been issued for the Prince of Wales' and Victoria Rifles to hold themselves in readiness for frontier duty. The portion of the 100th Regiment stationed here, leave for Chambley to-night.

Mr. Brydges was arrested last Saturday while on his way to England, at the suit of Hathaway, of St. John, N.B., for $100,000. There have been complaints for some time relative to the unsatisfactory manner in which freight from Portland and Halifax has been conveyed, principally owing to inefficiency of steamers provided to run between Portland and Halifax. Mr. Brydges after several ineffectual attempts to move the parties who had undertaken the water transport, was determined to make other arrangements with more responsible agents, and has succeeded in doing so with a firm which has for many years conducted the freight business between Portland and Boston. Mr. Brydges found bail and took passage by the *Peruvian*.

The *Witness* says with regard to the Education Clause in the Confederation Bill, "although not what we wish, it is much better than we feared, and Mr. Cartier has redeemed his pledges on the subject."

POLICE COURT.

Thomas Baker was found drunk on the street. His worship said it was dangerous to allow a man of his character, who was in the habit of sleeping out at nights, to be about at large. Two dollars and costs, or three weeks in jail at hard labor.

An assault case was brought up, which grew out of a charge by one of the party that the other had worn female attire. The parties were allowed to settle the difference.

Edward and Leopold Sait, aged nine and ten years respectively, were charged with stealing books and papers from the Bookbindery of John Barber.

John Barber, sworn—Has lost several lots of paper, 1 vol. of the Bible, 1 copy of Shakespeare, hand-saw, glue kettle, a lot of Law Journals, and about 2,460 copies of the "Derry Harmonist," and other articles. All these have been taken out of my bindery on Sparks-street without my permission or knowledge. I did not know of their removal till yesterday, having been sick several weeks, during which time I was not in the bindery. I spoke to Edward Sait, senr., about three months ago, concerning Shakespeare, which he said he had read, and would try to find for me. I can form no other estimate of the value of the "Derry Harmonist" than from the information given me by Mr. Bell. The "Derry Harmonist" cost Mr. Bell, before they came to me, about $1650. I have spent labor upon what is here in court, to the amount of $60; I know the boys, their father rented from me a front shop in which he carried on the business of shirt making; they had free access to my shop. The father, daughter and the boys knew the goods belonged to me; the daughter and the elder boy were engaged in folding them, and the boy was present when several parcels of the "Derry Harmonist" were packed and sent to Mr. Bell. Deducting what has been delivered there should now be here about 2,200 copies; no person had authority in my absence to dispose of anything on the premises except Mr. Featherston, who had a claim on the machinery.

To Mr. Ross—Mr. Featherston has sold the machinery. I am in a position to finish binding the books, though the machinery is gone. Mr. Mortimer agreed to let me cut them, so that I could fulfil my contract; and even if I could not, I could return them to the owner. Besides the "Derry Harmonist," there were five volumes of the Law Journal; Sait has occupied my front shop about four months; the only book that was left in my bindery was a copy of the Bible and two of the Statutes of Canada, which I took over to Mr. Mortimer yesterday, to get bound for the owners; before I got well, I fastened up my bindery so that Sait could not get in, but in my absence he broke open the door.

Eugenie Mathieu testified that she had worked for Barber fourteen days; part of the time, in his absence, that door was fastened on the inside, but there was a hole by the stove through which a person might enter.

O'Neill and O'Keefe proved the finding of the papers at different stores, and that the latter, with Davis, found a portion of the books and papers in Sait's house.

John Roos, tobacconist, proved that he had bought 24lbs. of the paper last Saturday, for wrapping, at 1d. per pound.

POLICE COURT—AFTERNOON.

Henri Poithier, a boy of 15 years old, was charged with obtaining a bottle of brandy from the store of Mr. Pierre Poulin under false pretences. From the evidence of Mr. Poulin, jr., it appears that the prisoner represented himself as having been sent by M. Cardinal, Chief Messenger of the Legislative Assembly, for a bottle of brandy, which he obtained. Mr. Pierre Poulin volunteered the statement to his Worship that he did not, from what he had subsequently heard, believe the boy to be guilty, but that being an apprentice he was obliged to obey those in the shop who sent him on messages.

Mr. Cardinal, being sworn, said he knew the boy, but he had no authority to get anything from Mr. Poulin's for him; nor had any one else, without the pass-book. After the conclusion of his testimony witness asked permission to say, in behalf of the boy, who was an apprentice and obliged to obey others, that he had been made an instrument of.

Francis Baillairger and a young man named Daneau, testified that they worked in the same shop with prisoner, and that, on one occasion, he had been sent for a pint of whisky, and he returned with a bottle of brandy, which he said he had got down town; that, at another time, he was sent for a pint of whisky, and had brought back only half a pint, which he said was all he could get. Prisoner said he had been sent for the brandy and was told by the former of the last two witnesses, that if he was arrested he (witness) would pay the costs and swear in his favor. This being put to the witness in the form of a question was denied. Young Mr. Poulin said he forgot to tell his Worship that the witnesses who work in the shop say they would rather pay the costs and also for the brandy than be brought up to court. The case was adjourned till this morning.

The case of Barber against the boys Sait for taking the numbers of the "Derry Harmonist," and other papers, was resumed, when Peter Gelhausen was called to prove that he had purchased a quantity of the above papers on Saturday last, for wrapping paper. Mr. Ross for the defence, proposed to show how that portion of the goods found in the house of the father of the prisoners came into his possession, and how they had, between Mortimer and Barber, been entrapped. He intimated that Barber was a bankrupt and had been hiding his goods.

Elizabeth Sait testified as to the foolscap paper found in their house, that it was first seen by her in her father's shop, under a counter when he took possession of the shop, and that it remained there in her father's possession for several weeks, and no owner could be found for it, and then it was removed to the house.

The magistrate having an engagement adjourned the case till this morning. The children were admitted to bail.

MR. McGEE IN ENGLAND.

His Speech at the Dinner of the Highland Society.

On Saturday the 16th February, the Highland Society of London dined at the Freemason's Tavern. Mr. McGee was among the guests, and, in reply to the toast of "Our Colonial Visitors," the honorable gentleman spoke as follows:—

Mr. Chairman, Mr. Vice-Chairman, and Gentlemen,—I had almost felt for my part, when I entered the room, and seeing you had met for business as well as for enjoyment, that we visitors might be guilty of intrusion (no, no,) but the warmth of your reception dispels any such apprehension and teaches us at once to feel and to consider ourselves as not strangers, but "at home." (Cheers.) If to have assisted at three Scotch festivals before leaving home, Halloween and St. Andrew's in my own city, and the 108th anniversary of the birth of Burns in Ottawa, our present capital, and to be chosen on those occasions by my Scottish friends and neighbors as in some sort their spokesman, gives me any title to be heard in this room, then I may fairly plead that title (cheers). It is not, Mr. Chairman, the first time that I find myself under obligations to Highland hospitality, though it is the first occasion I have ever had the honor of being the guest of this old established society. In the country from which I came—the Queen's dominion of Canada—men of Scottish birth and descent hold many highly honorable positions, in public life and in commercial pursuits more especially, and it has also been my good fortune to be their guest, and I hope I duly value the heartiness and steadiness of their friendship. I may say of them, as a man of another stock, and also a fellow-citizen and a fellow-subject, that the positions they have acquired they achieved by the exercise of those sterling qualities of mind and heart, of that integrity and energy, and sagacity for which your illustrious nation has been long proverbial (cheers.) And unless the Scotsmen over here have very much degenerated from the colonial Scottish standard (laughter), I have no doubt there is the same true report to be made of you as of them. Winning their way in every walk of life by those honorable means, our Scottish Canadians may sometimes excite unworthy envy in individuals, but they never fail to command the respect and confidence in the community as a whole (cheers.) In every part of the dominion of Canada where a British ship may steam along seven days and nights—may see the sun seven times rise and set in sight of British territory without her keel once quitting British waters (cheers), on every part of it, from Prince Edward Island in the mouth of the gulf—more than half Scottish—to Glengarry and Stormont—almost all Scotch—and thence on the shores of Lake Huron—at many points equally Scotch; in every city and county, and in no place more so than the one I have the honor to represent in part—the city of Montreal,—should any of the gentlemen present do us the honor to visit that country, they will find there men of Highland origin of whom they will have no cause to be ashamed. (Cheers). They will find them in their speech, in their sports and in their principles as national as if they had never left their native country; Scottish pictures on their walls, Scottish books on their shelves and Scottish music on their pianos, (cheers); with their lads and lasses duly taught to render the matchless old music or sing the sweet ballads of their ancestors. (Loud cheers). You have been good enough to refer Mr. Chairman, in laudatory terms, to the cause which has brought so many of the public men of those Provinces at present to London, and perhaps before I sit down, you will kindly allow me to add a word or two in my character here as a Colonial Minister and representative. (Hear, hear). I venture to observe, in the first place—and I am sure my neighbors from New Brunswick agree with me—that the mental and moral dependence of the American colonies on the Mother Country never was greater than at this moment, though their practical dependence may apparently be less real—less tangible than formerly. (Hear, hear.) This moral and mental dependence it seems to me, is an instrument of power which statesmen should not throw away, and with which an enlightened public opinion ought not to trifle or experiment capriciously or unduly. We colonists are men of both countries and are sensitive to the atmosphere of opinion in both; while our immediate objects are around us and before us, the imagination of the memory and many of those sentiments which Adam Smith called the "moral sentiments," are among the glens and the coasts, or wrapt up in the literature of the never-to-be-forgotten father-land—(loud cheers.) If the existence of such a state of feeling were a mere book-begotten sentiment—such as men of liberal education feel for Athens or for Venice—I should not dwell on it to-night; but it is much more than all that—it is the very salt of our society, which preserves us from the exaggeration of democracy; it is the very balance of our judgments, which enables us to be frankly just to the old world while discharging our actual duties by the new; it is the sentiment which dashed the young men of the Queen's Own, last June (rashly, it may be, but gallantly) against the ranks of the vagabond invaders of Niagara frontier (cheers); it is the same spirit which showed itself when, last summer, our Governor-General called for 20,000 volunteers, and in twenty-four hours 35,000 had offered their services. (Cheers.) I believe there are some gentlemen in England who hold that the true way to make England greater is to make her less (laughter,); but if the portentous development of the naval and military power of the United States within seven years has been an element of calculation in the councils of sovereigns, the fate of a seventh part of the same continent, as yet unabsorbed—the fifth wheat-growing country, the fourth in tonnage, the first in timber, and, unless all indications err, about to become one of the first mining countries in the world—cannot be a consideration of slight consequence, either relatively or absolutely. (Cheers.) At this moment, I venture to repeat that in no part of her dominions does the Queen reign more absolutely in the hearts of her subjects than in those great provinces, and surely that is an Imperial lever for which good uses might be found, (hear, hear.) Mr. Chairman, I would venture to appeal to the influential gentlemen who sit here under your presidency, who can verify all I say if they desire to verify it, to do nothing and to sanction nothing which might tend to destroy that trans-Atlantic attachment to these kingdoms, founded on the moral sentiments which your own philosopher has taught us are among the most powerful motives of human conduct, when rightly acted on and brought into play, (hear, hear.) In obedience to the dictates of these feelings which pervade all our people, we are here, to ask of the supreme legislative power in the empire—the Queen, Lords, and Commons—to confirm and establish forever the fabric of our liberties by giving us that degree of unity and central authority, in addition to our large powers of local self-government, which we despair of getting elsewhere than under and in connection with the British system of free government, (loud cheers, amid which the hon. gentleman took his seat.)

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing have no equals, and should be used at this season. Sold by all druggists.

Two Follies.—First, to eat a hearty supper for the pleasure experienced during the brief time it is passing down the throat, at the expense of a whole night of disturbed sleep, and a weary waking in the morning. Second, to try all the remedies in existence for rheumatism, pains in the back and sides, coughs, colds, cramps, sprains, bruises, &c., before trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

Very Natural.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended, he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse-medicine known as "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy"—all are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a Condition Medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

A NEW LICENSE SYSTEM.

Speech Delivered by Hon. Malcolm Cameron at the M. E. Church, on Tuesday Evening, 5th instant.

I am glad to be here this evening, and to have seen so successful a result of our fourth open temperance meeting. I am satisfied much good has been done, and I have pleasure and pride in feeling that the Sons of Temperance, Bytown Division 224, have hit upon the happy *via media*—and in fact rather the "happy way" of blending the various organisations into one, and bringing out the best qualities of both. We have the sons for instruction, for quiet labor, for visitation of the sick, and combined executive work, and raising funds, and these fortnightly meetings on the old Temperance association plan. Free as the gospel, where without money, and with one price, all are invited to attend, fathers, mothers, sons, and daughters, servants and strangers, and hear able and honest, and patriotic men set forth the truth on the subject of alcohol and its evils, and the mischievous effects of the drinking usages of society.

These have been well spoken upon to-night, and it tends not that I should add my pop gun, yet there is an idea somewhat novel on the subject of license which I desire to call public attention to.

There is a great difference of opinion, relative to license law, the difficulty of conviction under every system that has been tried; the weakness of evidence, the unwillingness to inform and the interests involved by landlords, politicians and magistrates. Now I think all these would be got over, the revenue largely increased, and at the same time the quantity of liquor consumed be lessened if my new system were adopted.

My idea is that from a due regard to public morals, and the sympathy which the legislature has with the people, as evinced in the protection of Indians and apprentices, that the legislature if asked to do so would abolish all licenses and so free themselves from the crime of sustaining "the throne of iniquity by law," or of making that lawful which all feel is ruinous and destructive to the country, and then enact, that every man who wished to drink should on any day of the year take out a license to do so for one year. No youth under seventeen to obtain a license to drink anything stronger than ale or cider, and the license to be $5. Those over that age, adults, male and female, to be permitted a license to drink all kinds of intoxicating liquors *ad libitum* and pay a license of $15. Now, the advantages of this system are these: It gives every man time to reflect; it makes him think, resolve and act, record himself a drinker, and so leave him without excuse; and the money paid in advance, above and beyond the cost of the liquor, would open his eyes to the expense: and besides the old generation of tavern pests and present drunkards, who have been long at it, could never raise the $15 to pay in advance—and if ever he reached even the height of the beer license $5, there they would certainly stick. Now, I trust this commends itself to you all, and that Parliament will be flooded with petitions on this subject. Let this be the first act of the Federal Legislature, and I will be glad to publish the list of licenses issued in Ottawa the first three months when the law passes, "free of expense."

> This is to certify that Matthew Martyrson, has received a license to drink all kinds of intoxicating liquors for one year from this date, and paid the fee $15.
>
> Also that his son James has paid his license to drink beer and cider for one year from the same date, and paid license $5.
>
> Also that Mrs. Dry Mouth has paid her license $15, and is hereby authorised to drink *ad libitum* of all intoxicants.

But the hour is late; I cannot expatiate on all the advantages of the law, but will leave it. Speaking only of the facility of conviction, no difficulty then in the matter. Any one seen drinking,—any one who smells of drink, can be fined at or on the affidavit of the seer or smeller, for the first offence three weeks imprisonment and $50 fine. Only think of the host we would have up; but let those who will drink, and become drunkards injure their minds or constitution, prize well this license, from a magistrate, for they will need it.

They have no authority in nature, for alcohol is an artificial manufacture; natural products never intoxicate, food and drink of water, produce purity, health, peace. Let those that destroy these by drinking look well to their license, they will need it.

If they have rendered their blood impure, if they send down weak eyes, nervous constitutions and impaired brains to their children, let them solely rely on their license; they have no authority from God; they will need it most at the last day. When those who have defiled the temple of the Holy Ghost, who have made their souls, that should have been filled by God's own holy spirit the mansion of imps and the very revel-room of devils—shall find that for freedom to drink under the license, they have come under the sentence, "depart from me ye cursed," for "no drunkard shall inherit eternal life!"

Terrible Fate of German Soldiers.

(Cable despatch supposed to have been tampered with by the Yankees!)

Fredrickshafen, March 13.—The uprising amongst the Dutch still continues unabated; they presist in waging war against Holland. 2,700,000 troops are now concentrated in the castle of Heidleberg under command of Baron Gen. Von Swipes, and as there is not Saeur Kraut enough to supply them, general starvation stares them in the face. Schnapps is good for Nix und Swi Lager is comefrau und frau Matel—yaw! yaw!!

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-d

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N.B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself
Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

September 24 257-y

COMMERCIAL

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the Times.*)

Times Office, Ottawa, March 14, 1867.

Flour—Extra	8 50	@	9 00
No. 1	7 50	@	7 75
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 25	@	4 50
" Spring "	3 62	@	3 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 60	@	1 75
Spring " "	1 50	@	1 50
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 28	@	0 30
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@	1 50
Pork—Mess—per barrel	19 00	@	20 00
Prime Mess per do	15 00	@	16 00
Hog per 100 lbs	5 00	@	6 00
Hams	0 15	@	0 16
Beef	6 00	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	@	0 08
Lamb—per qr.	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 00	@	0 62
Turkeys—Each	0 00	@	1 50
Fowl—Per pair	0 00	@	0 40
Butter—Choice Table	0 18	@	0 23
No. 1 Firkin	0 13	@	0 15
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 18	@	0 20
Apples—per bbl	0 00	@	0 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 00	@	0 40
Hay—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00
Wood—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do	2 50	@	2 75

DIED.

At his late residence, Richmond Road, on the 13th instant, Edward Malloch, aged 66 years.

The funeral will take place on Monday, the 18th instant, at 2 p.m., to the Hull Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend.

In this city, on the 13th instant, Eliza Carson, wife of Mr. John Fotheringham.

Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend the funeral to-day, Friday, the 15th inst., at 2 o'clock, p.m., from her husband's residence, Chaudiere, to the place of interment, Sandy Hill, without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CORNS & BUNIONS
EXTRACTED
WITHOUT PAIN.

Mr. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for occular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J. Barn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

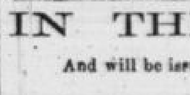
☞ Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

RUSHING OFF
STOVES,
Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.
LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.
All very cheap at
ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street
Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

BOARD WANTED.—By a Lady in a private family, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office. State terms, and address to A. G., P. O. Ottawa.
March 15. 383-2

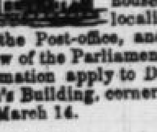
FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
S. CHRISTIE.
Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m


LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.
Apply to WILLIAM CLEGG.
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.
Ottawa, March 15. 383d

IN THE PRESS,
And will be issued about 11th March,
THE
"Canadian Fruit Culturist,"
OR
"LETTERS TO AN INTENDING FRUIT-GROWER,"
ON THE
Proper Location, Soil, Preparation, Planting and After-Cultivation
OF
ORCHARDS, VINE-YARDS & GARDENS,
WITH DIRECTIONS
FOR THE BEST MODE OF CULTURE of each variety of Fruit; and select descriptive lists of the best varieties of the Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Grape, Peach, Nectarine, Apricot, Quince, Gooseberry, Currant, Blackberry and Strawberry,
Suitable for Upper and Lower Canada,
BY JAMES DOUGALL,
Windsor Nurseries, C. W.
Price: Stiff Paper Covers, 25c.; Bound in Muslin, 40c. For sale at the principal Book Stores.
Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383a-12w2

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine
Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.
The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of
Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.
☞ Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.
March 14. 382y


TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to
JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.
March 14. 382a

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.
March 14. 382d

1867.

St. Patrick's Day.

THE

St. Patrick's Literary Association

AND THEIR FRIENDS

WILL CELEBRATE ST. PATRICK'S DAY by attending Divine Service in the Cathedral, and

A PROCESSION

Will take place immediately after. Particulars to be found in programmes issued for the occasion.

☞ IRISHMEN and their descendants are respectfully invited to attend.

H. GALLAGHER,
Asst. Secretary.

Ottawa, March 14. 382-4

Notice to Contractors

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED until

Wednesday, 20th March, 1867,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

From parties desirous of contracting for the erection of a Building on Johnston's corner, Sparks-street.

☞ Plans and Specifications, and all other information can be had on applying to the undersigned.

JAMES WADSWORTH.

Ottawa, March 14. 382d

Ætna Life Insurance Company

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31

And each subsequent year 26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.

R. SMITH, Agent
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

A Fancy Dress Entertainment

WILL BE HELD

AT THE RINK,

ON

Tuesday ev'g. next, the 19th Inst.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in Costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress, a slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No Masks allowed except by special permission.

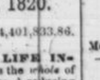
No Gentlemen to appear in Female attire.

Those desirous of appearing in Costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary when applying for their ticket.

ADMISSION—25 cents. Skaters in Costume—Free. Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock.

Ottawa, March 11. 379td

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,



AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

JUST PUBLISHED,

AND FOR SALE BY

George E. Desbarats,

Corner of Sparks and O'Connor-sts.,

"GEOLOGY OF CANADA, 1866,"

BEING A

Report of the Geological Survey of Canada, from 1863 to 1866, under the Direction of Sir Wm. E. Logan, F.R.S., F.G.S.

PRICE $1.50.

Ottawa, March 8, 1867. 377a

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH," a Novel. "Played Out," by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry," by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quimby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

☞ The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale

OF

Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—

BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT:

THE CONTENTS OF

150 PACKAGES

New Spring Dry Goods,

Just received, consisting of

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.

—AND—

The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.

Sale each day at TEN o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 13. 382td

AUCTION SALE OF

Houses and Building Lots

IN THE

Village of New Edinburgh and City of Ottawa.

THE MACKAY ESTATE WILL OFFER for sale by public auction, at the office of the Estate in the Village of New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 16th DAY OF MARCH, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, about Thirty desirable Building Lots, some with dwellings thereon in the Village of New Edinburgh. Six of these Lots front upon the Rideau River, and six (which will be sold as Villa Lots, if desired) front upon the Park and Cricket Ground of the Governor-General's residence.

Also, at the same time and place, Twelve Lots in Lower Town, Ottawa, three with dwelling houses thereon, and one on Dalhousie-street having a large building suitable for a factory. The Lots are on St. Andrew, Cathcart, Bolton, Boteler, Baird and Dalhousie-streets—three being Ordnance Lots.

TERMS: One-third cash; balance by instalments at 7 per cent. interest, payable in 3 or 5 years, to suit purchasers. Conditions made known at day of sale.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, March 7. 378td

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO, 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355x

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in FRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Sets, which I shall sell at $24 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

LIFE

ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS *are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's* PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME, *with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.*

The Policy-holder thus obtains

A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,

OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE

OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY, *without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, —or other purposes.*

CANADA.—*MONTREAL,*—PLACE D'ARMES.

Directors.

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E. Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen., C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Com. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (J. Redpath & Son.)

Solicitors,—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer,—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary,—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies,—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. R. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.

Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer, ... Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior, ... Vacant
Almonte, ... Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham, ... Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville, ... Mr. R. Lemieux
Pembroke, ... Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

OVER 50 PACKAGES

NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milions, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

NEW

SPRING TWEEDS!

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

ARE NOW SHOWING A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CANADIAN TWEEDS!

Comprising the Choicest Goods, and Newest Styles, produced by the principal manufacturers in Canada.

All purchased on the most favorable terms, and offered at a moderate advance, at either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.,

Sparks-street, - - OTTAWA.

Ottawa, March 6. 375y

1867. New Spring Goods. 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14, Rideau-street,

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF

New Spring Dress Goods,
New Spring Skirtings,
New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867. 374y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. P. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Norma and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	**$3,000,000.00**
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	**$4,075,830.55**
Increased Assets in 6 months,	**$ 402,270.19**

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding* $400,000 *as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents.
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bate's,

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,

56, Sparks Stree

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE HOURS from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

FOR SALE.

150 Barrels Mess Pork.
25 Tons Dried Apples,
20 do. Choice Cheese.

On reasonable terms for CASH.

J. J. HANNAN.

Brockville, February 15, 1867. 361d

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-tf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

Tobaccos and Cigars, Meerschaum & Briar Pipes, Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 368y

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES.

London, ... *Liverpool,* ..... *Montreal.*

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets over liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1ST, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	558,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 88
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 65	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Ammond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

I Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultanas,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety:
Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

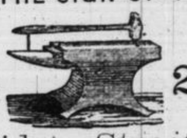
Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

AT THE SIGN OF THE



24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD *THROUGH* 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 12. 260-3m

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

☞ Ottawa, November 1 270tf

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

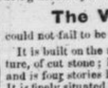
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225 tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply by LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

First-Class House to Let.

TO LET from 1st May one 3-story first-class cut Stone House, in Hull Village. Also a few pleasantly situated Villa Lots for sale on easy terms.

GEO. J. MABESTON.

Ottawa, March 11. 379-1

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to

R. H. MCGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

To Let,

AT AYLMER.

THE COMMODIOUS AND pleasantly situated house and premises on the Court House Square, corner of Main-street—8 rooms besides kitchen and pantry, stabling for four horses, large outbuildings. Rent £35. A good piece of land in rear may also be leased.

Apply, if by letter postpaid, to

THOMAS McCORD, ESQ.,
MONTREAL.

Or to JAMES COLMAN, ESQ.,
AYLMER.

77 eodM1

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured on.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10-12i

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date.

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.
G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

Sand Point Depot.

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CHICAGO CITY MESS PORK, selected brands.

600 bbls. No. 1 U. C. strong Superfine FLOUR.

Now on hand and for sale at the lowest CASH PRICE. Part of which can be delivered at Pakenham, Arnprior, or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, on behalf of the Trustees of ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, Ottawa, will receive Tenders for the

Lease of the Glebe Lot

For a Term of 21 Years.

Tenders to state the rate per annum per acre for that part of the Lot West of the Canal,

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS,

Of nearly Ten acres each, or for the whole Lot, in all containing about 150 acres.

Plan of the land and condition of lease to be seen at my office.

The Trustees will not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.

Tenders will be received up to the 15th MARCH next, at noon.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365tl

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application. For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.
280d

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may be hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Tatapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA,

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-e

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully, Yours, ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre* — a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 358d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorised agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(e) The place wherein is then stored.
(f) The place to which it is to be removed.
(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(i) The time at which it is to be removed.
(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner,
(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B herennto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6 The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) , there to be delive[red] y the (7) into the possession of (8) of (9)

The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody will be during removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No }

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]

The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks, kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the strength proof for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His and business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH.
Asst. C. E. C.
245-tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine may be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give; sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalising the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &c. &c.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to show that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

Mail Contract.

TENDERS

Addressed to the Postmaster General will be received

AT OTTAWA,

UNTIL

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1867

AT NOON,

For the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails for the term of four years, twice a day, between

AYLMER AND OTTAWA,

To commence on the

1st of April next.

Printed forms containing all other information and conditions of the proposed contract may be seen and obtained in blank form at the Post-Offices of Aylmer and Ottawa.

EDWIN F. KING,
Post-Office Inspector.

Post-Office Inspector's Office,
Montreal, 20th Feby., 1867. 367dw9-td

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due.
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21ST AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d358-w7tf

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORation of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

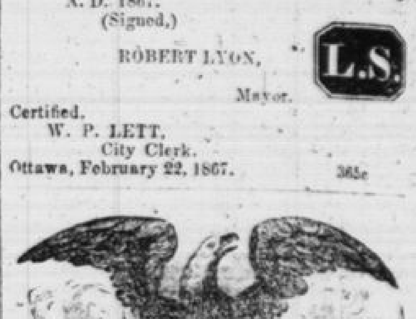
Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)
ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified.
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365c



BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

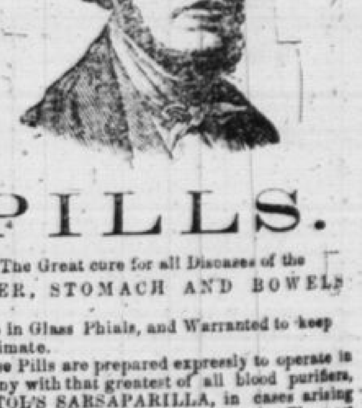
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48utf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise

208tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Daily Times

VOL. II. NO. 384. | OTTAWA C. W. SATURDAY, MARCH 16, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 4,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6.00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 28, 1867. 358y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau-Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 47-utf

J. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Dec. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 13, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. BARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Town Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11 -

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex street, Ottawa.
S. E. O'CONNOR. L. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 79-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. H. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleeks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the last fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given on than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11. 236tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAvors, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE MEADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. 3y6.170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.30 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.50 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ..10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Bezeaire Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS, COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF, OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS: also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w8-3m

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field
county of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbacious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 4, 1866 33-tf

DRUGS, &c.
Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Shirekeepers Sundries. Patent Medicines Dryalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.
Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, roe of all charge, monthly, by
Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs.
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
E. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 29th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 252 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S. and Longitude 31° 3' 33" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 33° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E.,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

City Representation—Edward McGillivray.
Board Wanted—Address G. N. C.
Piano-forte Instruction—Professor W. C. Clark.
Bookbinding—A. Mortimer.
New Spring Goods—Garland, Mutchmor & Co.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 16, 1867.

The Hon. Fergusson Blair did not attend the meeting of the Executive Council at Montreal yesterday. In view of possible contingencies it has been deemed that his presence at the Capital will better conserve the public interests.

The only mention in the Montreal papers of yesterday morning, of the threatened Fenian invasion by way of St. Albans (intimation of which we received by telegraph on Thursday evening), is a statement in the *News* that a force of 100 rank and file of the 100th Regiment under Capt. Bolton, was under orders to leave yesterday morning for Lake Champlain, and that a strong force of artillery with light field pieces was to be sent on frontier duty.

It is reported that J. L. McDougall, Esq., the Warden of Renfrew, is to be brought out as a candidate for the representation of the South Riding of that County in the Canadian House of Commons. Though quite a young man, Mr. McDougall is very popular with the people of Renfrew, and some of our readers may, perhaps, remember him as the gold medallist in Mathematics at Toronto University in 1859. His father represented the County in former years.

In our advertising columns will be found the requisition calling on E. McGillivray, Esq., to offer himself for the representation of the City in the Canadian House of Commons, and his reply accepting the same. We understand that Mr. McGillivray will, in the course of a week or ten days, issue an address to the Electors, in which he will fully state his views on public questions, and it need scarcely be added that he will adhere to those Liberal Conservative principles which have heretofore guided his political action.

We learn that the Crown Lands in the Townships north-west of Palmerston and Clarendon, in the County of Renfrew, have been withdrawn from sale for the present. These Townships embrace the whole of Mr. French's late agency, and the Townships of Mattawatchan, North and South Canonto, Brougham, Griffith, and Wilberforce in the agency of Mr. Harris. We are informed that gold has recently been discovered in the Township of Mattawatchan, which is situated about thirty-five miles south-west of Arnprior on the Madawaska road, and about sixty miles from the City of Ottawa. It is a rough Township, very little of the land in it being fit for cultivation, but should it prove rich in the precious metal, it will doubtless in time become a valuable contributor to the wealth of the country.

We mentioned a few days ago, that the Hon. D. L. Macpherson had gone on a tour through the County of Bruce to visit the electors of that portion of the Saugeen Division. The Walkerton *Herald* and the Kincardine *Review* give some particulars of the proceedings which took place in their respective localities. At Walkerton there was a public dinner, at which the leading men of the neighboring townships, and many from distant parts of the county, were present to do him honor. Mr. Brocelbank, the Warden of the County, presided, and the affair was, in the language of the *Herald*, "one of the "most enthusiastic and successful demonstra-"tions that a public man was ever honored "with in the County of Bruce." Public gatherings and entertainments took place at other central points throughout the County, at all of which Mr. Macpherson received a welcome, which must have been very gratifying to him, as not only his old supporters, but many of those who opposed his election, assembled to record their approval of his course in Parliament.

The chief interest which the public have in these proceedings is in the political sentiments enunciated. In the report of the Walkerton *Herald*, which is necessarily very brief, we find the following judicious remarks in Mr. Macpherson's speech concerning the political situation:

"Very much will depend on the men who sit in the first Parliament as to the manner in which the new system will work. It is to be hoped that all the constituencies of the Province will select representatives with regard to the present and future. I hope they will take an example from those men who have set aside their past differences for the public good, and united their ability and experience to extricate the country from the difficulties in which it was involved. Let us go and do likewise. Let us divide only when questions arise on which we differ, but not till then. Men do not always think alike, and it is well they do not; but let us remain united, and stand shoulder to shoulder, until there is some cause for division, and we may reasonably expect that our new constitution will work successfully and smoothly."

At Kincardine, a congratulatory address was presented to Mr. Macpherson, and in the course of his reply he said:

"The questions affecting our political rights, that so long agitated the public mind, are happily settled. Our leading public men manifested true patriotism in uniting to settle them. It is to be hoped the same patriotic spirit will animate the whole people, and guide them in sending as their representatives at this grave juncture men who will make it their whole study to put our new and somewhat complex constitution into successful and harmonious operation, and generally to promote the prosperity of the country and the happiness of the people.

"Few countries possess the elements of happiness in so large a measure as Canada. It will be our own faults if we do not enjoy them and induce many of those living in less favored lands to come and share them with us."

It is from such prudent councils as these that the electors of the South Riding of Bruce have acted in the selection of their candidates for the Federal and Local Legislatures, to which we referred at some length yesterday. Doubtless the moral effect of the action taken in that constituency will be generally felt throughout the West, to the confusion of the political fanatics of all parties.

"In Upper Canada, nearly all the opponents of Confederation are to be found in the Tory ranks."—*Hamilton Times, March 12.*

The above is on a par with nearly all the bald assertions put forth to bolster up the reorganisation movement. That it is utterly without foundation a reference to the votes in Parliament on the Quebec resolutions will be, perhaps, the best and most conclusive evidence. It may be remembered that there were two decisive votes on these resolutions; the first on the motion for the previous question "that the question be *now* put," avowedly moved for the purpose of preventing any motions in amendment of the resolutions, the understanding having been that they should be carried or rejected as they were introduced by the Government. The "previous question" was carried—yeas, 85; nays, 39. Among the "nays" were Upper Canadians:

Conservatives—Cameron, (North Ontario), Gibbs and Powell—3.

Reformers—Biggar, Macdonald (Cornwall), Macdonald (Glengary), Macdonald (Toronto), Parker, Rymal, Scatcherd and Wallbridge (North Hastings)—8.

Here then we have *eight* Upper Canada Reformers to *three* Upper Canada Conservatives voting against the previous question; or in other words voting in favor of the House being empowered to entertain motions in amendment to the resolutions. That vote surely indicates that "nearly all the opponents of Confederation" are to be found not in the "Tory" but in the "Reform" ranks.

The real test vote, however, was on the main motion (for the adoption of the Quebec scheme) which was carried—yeas 91, nays 33. Here we find of the Upper Canada votes recorded *against* Confederation:

Conservatives—Cameron (M. C.)—1.

Reformers—Biggar, Macdonald (J. S.), Macdonald (D. A.), Macdonald (John), Rymal, Scatcherd and Wallbridge (T. C.)—7.

Seven Reformers against *one* Conservative! and yet the Hamilton *Times* has the unblushing effrontery to declare that "in Upper Ca-"nada nearly all the opponents of Confedera-"tion are to be found in the Tory ranks!" Is "Joe Rymal" a Tory? or Dr. Parker? or Mr. Scatcherd? or Mr. Wallbridge? or the three Macdonalds? And are the Reformers of Western Canada to suffer themselves to be "reorganised" upon such barefaced misstatements as these put forth by the *Times*? It is a poor cause that requires unvarnished misrepresentation to uphold it, and we commend our Western namesake to consider whether it would not be more discreet—if he must misrepresent facts—to follow the example of the *Globe*, and deal in general denunciation of the "Tories," because of their alleged previous misconduct, than to charge them with opposition to a scheme which is avowedly of their own making, and in proof of their support of which there is so much undeniable evidence. It is an awkward thing to be caught dealing in assertions which are not only unsupported by, but totally at variance with the record, and if the Hamilton *Times* has no better arguments to urge in favor of re-organisation, the effort we think will prove a hopeless one.

We have seen already how in North Wentworth the "Chief Organiser" has been snubbed by the chosen man of the "Reform Convention." Mr. Brown has been compelled to accept Mr. McMonies, and with him the purchase of the "Ottawa Slides" and Mr. Cameron's Bill for the sale of the "Rectory Lands." To swallow these two, after all that has been said in their denunciation should we think be dirt enough for the Chief Organiser to eat in one campaign; but we are very much mistaken if South Wentworth has not in store for Mr. Brown and the Hamilton *Times*, a far more bitter pill than the acceptance of Mr. McMonies with his Ottawa Slides and other bad votes. The "Reform Convention" of the last named Riding assembles to-day at Hamilton, and we shall be exceedingly surprised if Mr. Joseph Rymal does not secure the nomination of the "party." Will Mr. Brown and the *Times* accept him? Of course they will! No matter that Mr. Rymal has opposed Confederation from first to last; no matter that he denounced the Coalition, and Mr. Brown, and the Hamilton *Times*, and every other Reformer, whether man or newspaper, who supported it; no matter that he allied himself with the party of opposition who have been so liberally denounced by Mr. Brown for their lack of patriotism and general abandonment of all the political virtues—if he is nominated by the party he will be accepted by Mr. Brown and the *Times*, and all the lesser lights of the "organisation" as one of its representatives—as a "Reformer," pure and without stain, as one of the party who claim Confederation amongst their greatest triumphs!

Will not such a spectacle shock the moral sense of the country? Can Mr. Brown hold up his head and pretend that he is honestly endeavoring to give effect to the new Constitution by supporting a man who has opposed that Constitution from first to last? Will the Hamilton *Times*, as a sincere Confederationist, as one who claims the measure for its party, and who holds that nearly all its opponents are "Tories," give the weight of its influence to secure the election of Mr. Rymal, one of the most independent and outspoken opponents of the measure, either in or out of Parliament? No doubt, if Mr. Rymal is nominated to-day, or at any future meeting of the Convention, we shall witness the spectacle of the *Globe* and the *Times* backing up his election with all their influence despite his antagonism to them and their party for the past two years and a half. The country will then be able to judge how much of honesty or principle is involved in the organization movement; it will then be seen at how early a stage in their career the organisers are driven into close alliance with the enemies of Confederation, and how rapidly they are advancing towards that other alliance which a few days ago we predicted would be forced upon them in Parliament, namely, an alliance with the annexationists of the Eastern Provinces under the leadership of Mr. Howe. Will not the acceptance of Mr. Rymal as one of their standard-bearers be a long step in that direction?

Mr. Snider, of Owen Sound, has issued an address to the electors of North Grey, asking their suffrages for the Canadian House of Commons. He would not wait to be "organised," though a convention of Reformers is to be held at Owen Sound on the 19th. Ought he not to be ostracised for his impudence in "coming out" before going through the process of "organisation?" In the South Riding Mr. Jackson, the sitting member, will in all probability be elected by acclamation.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

Fenian Arrests in Belfast.

Dublin, March 14—Evening.—Two Fenian Head Centres, named Burns and Rea, have been arrested in Belfast.

The Eastern Question—The War in Candia Still Continued.

London, March 14—Evening.—It is stated that the European powers have failed to agree on the Eastern question. Russia demands additional concessions for the Christian subjects of the Sultan.

Despatches from Constantinople state that the Turkish Government is determined to continue the war in Candia, and is preparing to send ten fresh battalions of troops to the Island under command of Hassan Pacha.

Grand Banquet to the Heroes of the Atlantic Cable.

Liverpool, March 14.—The American Chamber of Commerce, in this city, gave a grand banquet to-night in honor of the heroes of the Atlantic Cable, at which five gold medals were presented to Cyrus W. Field, Captain Anderson, Mr. Canning, and Mr. Willoughby Smith. The entertainment was a splendid affair. The American Minister, Mr. Adams, and all the leading American merchants of this city, were present. Wm. Rathbone, Esq., presided. The usual loyal toasts were given, and the health of Mr. Johnson, President of the United States, was drank. Mr. Adams, in reply to a highly complimentary toast, disclaimed all personal credit for the maintenance of peace between England and America. His course had been dictated by the American government. He thought that the magnitude of the relations between the two countries was the best guarantee of peace. The telegraph, he hoped, would strengthen that guarantee, and might ultimately supercede diplomacy and merge the world into one nation and one language. Mr. Rathbone, the chairman, proposed the health of the projectors of the Atlantic Cable. He awarded the highest credit to Mr. Field, as the projector of the great undertaking, and extolled his perseverance. Mr. Field returned thanks for the honor extended to him, and said he would be ever grateful for the valuable memento he had received. He contrasted the present success of the cable with the disappointment the world had met with in the past. He did justice to all engaged in the great enterprise, from the government authorities down to the sailors and workmen. He said the existing cables were perfect in construction and could do twelve times the amount of work which was now offered. He, therefore, hoped the tariff on messages would soon be reduced, so that both lines might be kept constantly in operation. He was in favor of allowing the transmission of political intelligence to the press on both sides of the ocean, at rates which would enable them to publish the full news of the world every day. He promised that the working facilities of the cables would be improved and extended in America, and eloquently expatiated on the future benefits to be derived when these improvements had been completed. He concluded by hoping that the Atlantic cable would be the means of cementing the friendship of the two nations, that words of enmity might never pass between the mother and child, and that their only rivalry would be in extending the blessings of liberty in either hemisphere.

Mr. Field's speech was received with the most enthusiastic applause. Captain Sir James Anderson made a speech, in the course of which he declared that had it not been for the exertions of Mr. Field, the cable would never have been laid. A speech was also made by Mr. Willoughby Smith. Mr. Canning was unavoidably absent.

More Vessels Sent to Ireland.

London, March 15—Noon.—Four more vessels of war have sailed for the Irish coast. Fears are entertained of a rising of the Irish in Liverpool.

The Universal Exhibition.

Paris, March 14.—The Universal Exhibition will be informally opened on the 1st day of April. The inaugural ceremony will take place at a later day. There has been a rise in Imperial Mexican bonds, in consequence of a rumor that they are to be converted into French three per cent. bonds.

Arrivals Out.

Valentia, Ireland, March 14.—The steamship *Delaware*, from Philadelphia, *via* Norfolk, arrived in this bay, this morning, out of coal.

Liverpool, March 14.—The steamship *Helvetia*, from New York, has arrived out.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

The Imperialists Still in Possession of the City of Mexico.

San Francisco, March 15.—Manuel Guilten, agent of the Emperor Maximilian, in this city, publishes a card contradicting the statement that the City of Mexico was captured by the Liberals on the 17th of February. He says that he has later information that the Imperialist Gen. Marquez was in possession of the city, at the time referred to.

Fatal Railroad Collision.

Columbus, March 15.—An accident occurred near New Brighton, on the Pittsburg and Cleveland railroad, this morning. One passenger train ran into another; one passenger was killed and the legs of eight others were broken.

Fenian Plans.

New York, March 15.—The excitement at the Fenian Headquarters continues unabated. An important communication was received to-day from the Chief Executive of the Provisional Government of the Irish Republic, to the effect that the war had been commenced in earnest, and that the movements of the Irish up to the present were merely feints to cover more important ones, which would be inaugurated ere many days. It also stated that the men are in good courage and trim for fighting and anticipate success. An unofficial statement favors the opinion that an uprising will take place simultaneously in England, Scotland, Wales and Ireland.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Hudson River Open.

New York, March 15.—The Hudson River has been virtually opened to commerce, and preparations have been made by the numerous steamboat companies for the summer trade.

Business at the Fenian Headquarters.

Business at the Fenian Headquarters continued brisk yesterday; arms and money were still being sent in, and several deputations of Irishmen of the Roberts faction had arrived and tendered aid to the men in Ireland.

Complimentary Dinner to John Francis Maguire, M.P.

A complimentary dinner was given at Delmonico's, last evening, to John Francis Maguire, M. P., by his Irish friends in this city. The affair was characterised by able addresses from Charles O'Connor, who presided, J. F. Maguire, the guest, Wm. M. Evarts, Mayor Hoffman and others.

Yellow Fever at Panama.

The *Herald's* Panama correspondence of the 4th reports the prevalence of yellow fever at that port. Sixteen deaths from the disease had occurred on board the United States steamer *Jamestown*.

Relief for the Cretans.

New York, March 15.—Yesterday Dr. Howe left by the steamer *Asia* with the balance, $12,000 subscribed in this city for the Cretan relief fund, and $16,000 more by Boston and elsewhere.

The Florida-Cuba Submarine Telegraph.

The cable intended for the submarine telegraph from Cuba to Florida, will be laid in June next.

The Fenian Sympathy Resolution before Committee.

The *Tribune's* special says: The House Committee on Foreign Affairs have not yet reached a conclusion on the Fenian sympathy resolution, but it is probable they will report something of the kind. A delegation of Fenians was before them yesterday.

Death of Gen. Benton.

The sudden death of Gen. Benton, Collector of Internal Revenue, New Orleans, was announced by telegraph yesterday.

Postponement of the Trial of John H. Surratt.

The *World's* special says: There is a prospect that the trial of John H. Surratt will not commence next week, but will be postponed until June.

Over Issues of Currency Denied.

New York, March 15.—The *Herald's* special says: Concerning the investigation of the affairs of the Treasury Department, the department pronounce the reports of the over issues of currency and bonds unfounded.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 15, 1867.

The 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers are under arms, and hold themselves ready to proceed to the frontier.

The Cabinet Council are now in Session. Nothing has yet transpired.

A cheese factory is to be established at Melbourne.

The following is the latest news about the elections:

Drummond and Arthabaska—Mr. Hemming is to be opposed by Hon. A. A. Dorion.

Brome—Dunkin will be returned.

Richmond and Wolfe—Lord Aylmer will oppose Mr. Webb.

Sherbrooke—Mr. Galt will be returned probably for both Legislatures.

Shefford—Mr. Huntingdon, ex-Solicitor-General, will be re-elected.

Stanstead—Six candidates are in the field to drive out Mr. Knight.

Megantic—Mr. Irvine will likely be re-elected.

The Royal Guides muster on Champ de Mars on Monday next for inspection.

The ladies silver cup will be contested for to-morrow at the rink, by all civilians who played at the Bonspiel.

Body-snatching has been going on at Berthier and St. Cuthbert. The medical students here get the credit for the work.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—A strange fact has come to light in connection with the recent election of officers of the Mechanics' Institute; a fact with which the citizens of Ottawa, who are no doubt jealous for the honor of their public institutions, should certainly be made acquainted.

It is, of course, quite well known that, within the last year and a half, the Institute has received a large accession of members, principally from the Civil Service. The new members desirous, naturally enough, of exercising some influence upon the management of the society, resolved, some time ago, to try and elect one or two of their number as officers; and accordingly, on Wednesday evening last, voted almost unanimously for Mr. William White, of the Post-office Department, as President. Messrs. W. Porter and Julius P. Bucke, were appointed Scrutineers, and these gentlemen, after a very mature examination of between forty and fifty ballots, upon each of which one name only was written, announced that the election had resulted in favor of Mr. H. J. Friel, that gentleman having obtained twenty-three votes, while Mr. White had only received twenty. They reported also that one odd vote had been given for a third person, whom they did not name. According to this statement forty-four votes in all were cast, supposing the not very difficult task of counting the ballots to have been correctly performed. This result somewhat surprised the friends of Mr. White, who felt sure that they had a majority in the room; and next day steps were taken to ascertain who, and how many, had really voted for that gentleman. A form of declaration was drawn up and taken round to those who were known to have been present, and, instead of twenty, *twenty-five* names were appended to it in the course of the day. Now, according to the Scrutineers, forty-three votes were divided between Messrs. Friel and White. Twenty-five gentlemen assert over their own signatures, that they voted for Mr. White; therefore, supposing the ballots to have been rightly counted, *i. e.* their total number, eighteen votes only could have been cast for Mr. Friel. Who, then, is rightly elected President of the Institute? If the rule is that the majority elects, then Mr. White should be President. If, on the contrary, it is the minority, then the gentleman for whom one odd vote was cast has an indisputable claim to the office. There are two or three courses open to Mr White and his friends, and in a day or two they will probably have decided what to do. Meanwhile I am authorized to subjoin a copy of the Declaration referred to, with the signatures.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
Wm. D. LeSueur.

Ottawa, March 15, 1867.

DECLARATION.

We, the undersigned, hereby declare that we were present at the meeting of the members of the Mechanics' Institute, held at the rooms of the Institute at 7:30 p.m., on Wednesday, the 13th inst., and that we then and there voted by ballot for William White for President of the Institute:—Wm. White, B. King, J. C. Patterson, David Matheson, E. C. Hayden, J. P. McCuaig, P. LeSueur, Wm. D. LeSueur, R. Nettle, Donald A. Grant, J. Pennington Macpherson, Geo. B. Kilpatrick, Duncan McLennan, John Walsh, H. A. Jones, R. W. Baxter, Alexander Begg, Francis D. Burrowes, W. M. Massey, Geo. Maclean Rose, Robert Hunter, H. F. McCarthy, D. Codd, J. Thorburn, Thos. Hodson.

LOCAL NEWS.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 15, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 4 above zero.

9 a. m., 13 above zero.
Noon, shade, 21 above zero.
Noon, sun, 62 above zero.
6 p. m., 21 above zero.

Auction Sale of Property in New Edinburgh.—We beg to remind our readers of the extensive auction sale of property in New Edinburgh and Ottawa, which takes place this afternoon at three o'clock, at the office of the MacKay Estate, in the village of New Edinburgh. Among the Ottawa lots, there is one with a large building upon it, on Dalhousie-street, suitable for a manufactory. In New Edinburgh, there are admirable building lots, fronting on the Rideau River, and upon Rideau Hall Park, which are all within a few hundred yards of the terminus of the proposed street passenger railway.

Foul Premises.—The time is fast approaching when the warm sun will cause the winter's accumulation of filth to become highly dangerous to the health of the city. We know of many spots where all kinds of filth have been deposited during the winter, and which, though they are now covered with snow, will soon be laid bare and exposed to the sun's influence, which will cause them to reek with pestilential abominations, filling the atmosphere we breathe with disease and death. Even at this season we know of houses, the cellars and premises of which are filled with a stench intolerable to those not accustomed to the foul atmosphere. One of these has already produced, among its occupants, such serious disease, that two of them were laid up in bed a few days ago, and one of them is expected to die. It is said that in several parts of the city febrile disease of a malignant character prevails, and if people will not be cleanly in their habits, and keep their premises pure, they must not hope that the laws of nature will be set aside for their special advantage, but expect the legitimate consequences of their criminal disobedience of them. The general opinion of those who assume to understand the matter, is, that a visitation of the dreadful scourge of cholera will come upon us in the course of the ensuing summer, and therefore we cannot begin too early in the season to set our houses in order, and to keep them so. Some time since, we spoke of a house where a number of fowls were kept in a cellar, and our paragraph had the effect, as we know, to induce one landlord, if not more, to compel the tenants to remove them. We ought, also, to have called attention to the practice of keeping poultry in spare rooms up stairs—a practice which, to say the least of it, betrays an amount of ignorance of the laws of health which in this age of general intelligence is as astonishing as it is disgusting. It is gratifying to know that the police authorities are on the alert, and that some of the houses have been officially visited and the inmates ordered to clean their places forthwith, or abide the legal consequences. Self preservation, too, demands that we should not only practice cleanliness ourselves, but insist upon it in others. People have no more right to poison the atmosphere, which is the common property of all, than they have to poison the water we drink. Indeed, a pure atmosphere is far more necessary to life than pure water. The latter element we drink occasionally only, but pure air is an indispensable requisite to healthy life from the time we are born till the time we die.

POLICE COURT.

Henri Pothier, charged with having obtained a bottle of brandy under false pretences, was called up, and informed by his Worship that he could not try the case, but that it would have to be sent to the Recorder's Court, to be held in June. Messrs. Poulin and Cardinal offered bail and were accepted.

The adjourned case of Barber against the boys Sait was called up. Mr. Ross said he was perfectly satisfied to leave the matter in the hands of his Worship, because he felt assured that there was no evidence to convict the boys of any knowledge that they were doing wrong in selling the books. His Worship retired to read the evidence. On returning into court, Edward Sait, the father of the boys, was charged with unlawfully stealing and taking away 2,200 copies of the "Derry Harmonist," together with certain papers, goods and chattels of John Barber.

John Barber was called to give his evidence. Witness repeated his former testimony as to the articles taken away. He said: when I rented the front shop to Mr. Sait I left certain paper in it, and did not tell him that it was my property; to the best of my knowledge I removed this paper afterwards to my bindery. When I went into my place the other day and asked what had become of the books the elder boy told me he had sold them; that they were given to him by Mr. Mortimer. Mr. Barber said neither of them was employed by him, but sometimes helped to fold books for pastime.

Alexander Mortimer, sworn—I know Sait, and of his having a shop at Barber's; the last time I was there, which was last Thursday, I went to take away the things I had bought. The "Derry Harmonist" was left behind as Mr. Barber's property; I considered them of great value to the bookbinder, and instructed the hands helping me to be careful to pick up any scattered leaves they might find lying about; I picked some up myself and put them on the shelf; I distinctly told the boy that they were Mr. Barber's property, and should be taken care of.

O'Neill testified to the finding of the pamphlets in various stores. That in conversation with prisoner, he said his children were not guilty of stealing, but that he had instructed them to sell the books, understanding that they were given to the boys.

Sergeant Davis testified to finding some of the paper, and about 25 of the "Derry Harmonist" at the prisoner's house. To Mr. Ross—The things were not concealed.

Dennis O'Keefe corroborated the evidence of Davis. Mr. Ross claimed a dismissal, there being no evidence against his client. If his Worship wished it, he would call a witness to prove that the father closely questioned the boy, as to the books being given him, before he would allow him to sell them.

His Worship thought it best to do so, and Michael Robitaille was called for the defence, and deposed that he was present last Friday, when Mr Sait asked his boy whether Mr. Mortimer had given him the books and papers; and, in order to satisfy himself that it was all correct, put the question in one or two different forms. Mr. Sait was quite serious; he did not believe that Mr. Sait would allow the boy to sell the articles, had he not believed them to have been given to his boy; none of the goods were removed before this conversation. Mr. Sait then said he might sell them to get some clothes; everything was done publicly and openly, and the goods removed in open day, and sold publicly at the store where they were afterwards found.

The elder Sait was dismissed, and the elder boy sentenced to be imprisoned one week.

The Canadian Fruit Culturist, or Letters to an Intending Fruit Grower, *by Jas. Dougall, Windsor Nurseries, C W.* Montreal: *John Dougall & Son, publishers*, 1867.

In these letters are set forth, in a clear, simple and intelligible manner, the proper location, soil, preparation, planting and after-cultivation of Orchards, Vineyards and Gardens; the best mode of culture for each variety of fruit; with every other needful information for successful fruit growing either in Upper or Lower Canada. The pamphlet contains 38 pages of closely-printed matter, divided into twelve letters, each treating of a separate branch of the general subject. The almost universal neglect of fruit culture in this country is a frequent theme of remark, and the failures that have heretofore taken place, chiefly the result of ignorance, or want of care, have tended to discourage many who if reasonably assured of success, would, no doubt, have tried the experiment. We therefore commend "The Canadian Fruit Culturist" to the attention of all our farmers, every one of whom ought to have an orchard, and to know how to take care of it.

REPRESENTATION OF PRESCOTT.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir,—In looking over your paper I notice that the County of Russell is likely to be well supplied with candidates for both Houses of the new Parliament, but have seen nothing respecting the County of Prescott. One would think from the silence manifested that there were none within the County suitable to bring forward. Such, Mr. Editor, is not the case—Mr. Jas. Boyd, Reeve of West Hawkesbury, has at last consented to allow his name to be put forth as a candidate for a Seat in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario. And, if we may judge from his past acts in the capacity of Reeve in the Counties Council, his actions as a Magistrate, and his business capacities in general,—we must say, that if elected, as no doubt he will be, for he is the *people's man*, he will be the *right man* in the *right place*.

As for the Commons of Canada, nothing as yet has transpired. Mr Higginson will, no doubt, allow himself to be put forth as the candidate to represent us there.

Mr. Boyd, I am credibly informed, will issue his address to the electors in a few days.

Truly yours,
An Elector.

Vankleek Hill, March 13, 1867.

PRESENTED TO HER MAJESTY.

The Queen held a court at Buckingham Palace on the 27th ult., which the London papers say was very brilliantly attended. Her Majesty was attended by several members of the Royal family and many of the great officers of State, and most of the diplomatic corps were also present. The Queen wore a rich black silk dress with a train trimmed with grebe and crape, and a Mary Queen of Scots cap, with a long veil of white crape lise, the cap ornamented with large diamonds and surmounted by a small coronet of diamonds and sapphires. Her Majesty also wore a diamond necklace and ear-rings, a brooch composed of a large sapphire set in diamonds, the Riband and the Star of the Order of the Garter, and the Victoria and Albert Order. Among those who were presented to Her Majesty upon this occasion were Mrs. Macdonald, by the Countess of Carnarvon; the Viscount Monck, on being created an English peer, by the Earl of Carnarvon; and Mrs. Charles Tupper, by the Countess of Carnarvon. Among those who had the honor of receiving notifications to attend the court were Viscount and Viscountess Monck and the Hon. Misses Monck, the Hon. J. A. Macdonald and Mrs. Macdonald, the Hon. G. E. Cartier, the Hon. C. Tupper and Mrs. Tupper, the Hon. S. L. Tilley and the Hon. A. T. Galt.

A CHIGNON HORROR.

A scientific writer in the London *Lancet*, having investigated the subject, has demonstrated by experiment that in every *chignon*, not composed of the natural hair of the wearer, there are myriads of parasytics, named gregarines, which infest each individual hair. These insects are invisible except by microscopic test, but in their substance and habits are more offensive than the famed gray-back which made Libby Prison such a den of horror. On every half-inch of each hair are a thousand of these inexpressibly disgusting epioza. They "live, move, and have their being" in millions upon each hair of the *chignon*; and when the myriad hairs that compose these "adornments" are considered, the numbers of the minute and abominable epioza are "as the sands on the sea shore, or as the stars of Heaven for multitude." Subjected to a moderate degree of heat, they become instinct with life, and wander at will among and around the capillary cells, "seeking what they may devour." Each is a *pediculus humoni capitis*, as much so as the identical one on which Burns wrote the ode, when he saw it "on the lady's bonnet." Neither acids, alkalis, ether, nor 350 degrees of dry heat kills them. Practically they are indestructible. According to the authority quoted, in the conditions of a ball-room the gregarines "revive, grow, and multiply by dividing into many parts—called germ globules; these fly about the ball-room in millions, get inhaled, drop on the refreshments—in fact, enter the interior of people by hundreds of ways, and thus reach their specific gregarian development."

In Russia, the hair for them is supplied by the poorer people, especially peasant women of the Mordwines and the Buriakes, near the Volga, who do a large trade in it. "When the Burlake goes out to work in the spring, he perhaps puts a clean shirt on, but he decidedly never takes it off until he returns home in autumn." Verily, here is a fine chance for parasites.

A learned professor in London has actually practically tested and demonstrated the vitality of these parasites. Six hairs off a *chignon*, subjected to 120 degrees of heat, and placed around the neck of a hen, which had been clean shaved for the purpose, he placed the bird in front of a stove for a short time. He tells the result as follows:

At the end of this period the "gregarines" which had been placed in felt were carefully examined. They had undergone great development and more than a score showed unmistakable signs of life. But on removing the hairs from the neck of the hen and placing them under the microscope, a most extraordinary change in the ova appeared to have taken place. The hairs were swarming with the released epioza; nearly all, indeed, were more or less detached from the envelope, and presented many of the unmistakable peculiarities of the "*pediculus human capitis.*" In many the mouth was furnished with a probocis, the antennæ as long as the thorax, and the depressed segments of the abdomen were clearly visible. It was abundantly evident that no process to which the hair had as yet been submitted had even impaired, much less destroyed, the vitality of the "gregarines."

The horrible facts of the above investigation are of extreme concern to the ladies, who have so numerously adopted the habit of wearing these purchased *chignons*, and many will hesitate longer to carry upon their heads a load of disgusting parasitics, whose origin is only less appaling than their immense numbers, their unlimited power of reproduction, their easy awakening from dormancy into activity, and their security from either detection or destruction. Let the ladies ponder.—*New York World.*

New York Money Market.

New York, March 15.—The *Commercial's* financial article says: There is a partial re-action in the Stock market from the general activity of yesterday. Governments are quiet at about yesterday's figures. Gold presents no new features of interest, and is quoted at 134¼. Money is decidedly easier than at the opening of the week. Foreign exchange is unchanged.

A Mis-named "Happy Family."—A correspondent of a Glasgow contemporary vouches for the authenticity of the following story: "Within a stonecast of the turnpike road leading towards Mearns there stands a rude mud-hut, about six feet square, the roof so low that one cannot stand upright, being about five and a half feet high, and so sparingly thatched that if the inmates felt disposed on starry nights they could study astronomy through it. Within this miserable hovel there has lived for years a family of three, known in the neighborhood by the designation of "The Happy Family." This family group consists of two sisters and a brother—the latter about thirty-five and the former forty and forty-five years of age—apparently strong and healthy. Within these rude walls there is not the smallest vestige of furniture; no bedding or bed-clothes. A tin kettle forms the entire cooking apparatus. Three cups and saucers are all that is visible in the shape of crockery. Three stones serve as seats, and their laps do the duty of the table. A more complete picture of misery could scarcely be conceived, and yet strange to say, amid all this squalor and misery, the inmates seem perfectly happy—so much so, that they prefer living there, and have refused the offer of a more comfortable and civilized dwelling. They are neither drunken nor profligate, but, on the contrary, are, or appear to be, imbued with a deep sense of religion, and are in the habit of distributing revival tracts among their visitors. They earn their scanty livelihood by white sewing, which they procure from warehouses in the city, and at which the brother bears an equal share of the toil, and whose work is as delicately finished as that of his gentle sisters. How they came to live there and deny themselves all the social comforts of life is evidently the result of some morbid delusion—a fact for social philosophers to inquire into, and use the means to provide a remedy.

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Dressing have no equals, and should be used at this season. Sold by all druggists.

—The editor of the *Freeholder* is to be indicted for libelling the Mayor of Cornwall, Dr. Allan. The Grand Jury has found a true bill, but the constables cannot find him.

—The Orangeville Tramway Company are about to purchase a locomotive, and a call of ten per cent. is ordered to be made on the subscribed capital of the Company. A survey of the different proposed-routes is also ordered to be made.

—It is said that the Queen has announced her intention of extending to volunteers serving under officers in her army in this Province, the right of obtaining the decoration of obtaining the decoration of the Victoria Cross for deeds of gallantry in the field of action.

Two Follies.—First, to eat a hearty supper for the pleasure experienced during the brief time it is passing down the throat, at the expense of a whole night of disturbed sleep, and a weary waking in the morning. Second, to try all the remedies in existence for rheumatism, pains in the back and sides, coughs, colds, cramps, sprains, bruises, &c., before trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle

Is Health worth Having?—If it is, protect it; it is a jewel as easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which, if not checked immediately, lead to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect a permanent cure when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the province, at 25cts. per box.

Very Natural.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended, he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse-medicine known as "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy"—all are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a Condition Medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Fancy Dress Goods,
Black Mantle Cloths,
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings,
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

Mr. Mutchmor, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

—We believe that the local changes contemplated in the Canadian garrisons will not take place until about the 18th of May, and that the regiments ordered home will leave Canada in the early part of June.

—Mr. Sims Reeves, judging from his proceedings at a concert in the Greenock Town Hall on Monday, has a very differen musical taste from that of the half savage backwoodsman who, finding himself one night in a theatre of a border town, where the music was somewhat interrupted by the crying of a baby shouted out, "Stop them fiddles and let the child cry; I havn't heard such music this ten years." Mr. Reeves had got through a few lines of "The Message," when he stopped, and refused to proceed until a crying baby was removed. A portion of the audience desired the mother with the child to remain, and hissed and hooted Mr. Reeves, who, with the pianist, retired from the platform. Mr. Airlie, who had charge of the arrangements, induced the woman with the baby to withdraw, but, on the re-appearance of Mr. Reeves, the audience would not hear him, and kept up a tremendous uproar. Other songsters were listened to, but Mr. Reeves was once more hissed from the platform, although towards the close of the proceedings he was allowed to sing two songs, and was even encored.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Episcopal)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S Lauder, Rev Nesbit, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S Lauder, Rev Nesbit, Curate.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7.
School House, New Edinburgh, 3½ p m. Assistant Rev T D Phillipps, M A.

St Alban's Parish—Daly Street—All Services Free.
Rev Dr. Jones.
Court House, Daly Street. Hours of service 10:30 a m, and 7 p m. Sunday School 2:30. Holy Communion on First and Third Sundays of month at morning service. Daily Prayer at 5 p m at the Chapel Room.
Military Service at the Court House 9 a m, Rev T D Phillipps, M A, Chaplain.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev E S Howard.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev Joseph Elliot.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, and evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPhail, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. Wardrope.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.
Rev. Mr. Moore.
Services will be held in the Church, Bank Street. at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. Dr. Spence.
Rev. Mr. McLardy, Assistant
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. J. Douse, Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts.
Rev. S. G. Stone.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½. Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Rev. Mr. McGrath, P. P.
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev. D. Dandurand, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. Guillard, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass at 8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael. Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6 p.m.; week days, 7½ p.m.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

This preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-d

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge.*

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself
Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 24 237-y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CITY REPRESENTATION.

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

Sir,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK,
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., and others:

Gentlemen,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions, and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

Board Wanted by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 210, Ottawa 384a

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feel confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

Piano-Forte Instruction.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptoress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Monochromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 16. 384-3m

1867.

St. Patrick's Day:

THE

St. Patrick's Literary Association

AND THEIR FRIENDS

WILL CELEBRATE ST. PATRICK'S DAY by attending Divine Service in the Cathedral, and

A PROCESSION

Will take place immediately after. Particulars to be found in programmes issued for the occasion.

IRISHMEN and their descendants are respectfully invited to attend.

H. GALLAGHER,
Asst. Secretary.

Ottawa, March 14. 382-4

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

A Fancy Dress Entertainment

WILL BE HELD

AT THE RINK,

ON

Tuesday ev'g. next, the 19th Inst.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in Costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress, a slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No Masks allowed except by special permission.

No Gentleman to appear in Female attire.

Those desirous of appearing in Costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary when applying for their ticket.

ADMISSION—25 cents. Skaters in Costume—Free. Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock.

Ottawa, March 11. 379d

CORNS & BUNIONS EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for ocular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. Burn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

LIFE

ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838, FOR

LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:

PLACE D'ARMES..... MONTREAL.

INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A. THE BONUSES

Are paid in Money to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made *every year* in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 62½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy-holders during their own lives.

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES

Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a

Most Important Provision in Old Age

to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions, when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a

VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £1560, making the sum assured £2560, instead of £1000.

Or, he may then exchange this large Bonus Addition for one Cash Payment of about £1000 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £102 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM

Can anything like the same amount of benefits be obtained, whether as regards increase of sum Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment or Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year in Class B. will receive, at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than later Entrants—the difference being probably so much as £40 in a £1000 policy.

The 28th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WARDLAW,
SECRETARY.

Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.

Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,.....Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior,.....Vacant
Almonte,.....Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham,.....Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville,.....Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke,.....Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale

OF

Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their store, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—

BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT.

THE CONTENTS OF

150 PACKAGES

New Spring Dry Goods,

Just received, consisting of

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.

—AND—

The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS—LIBERAL.

Sale each day at TEN o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 15. 382d

AUCTION SALE OF

Houses and Building Lots

IN THE

Village of New Edinburgh and City of Ottawa.

THE MACKAY ESTATE WILL OFFER for sale by public auction, at the office of the Estate in the Village of New Edinburgh, on SATURDAY, the 16th DAY OF MARCH, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, about Thirty desirable Building Lots, some with dwellings thereon in the Village of New Edinburgh. Six of these Lots front upon the Rideau River, and six (which will be sold as Villa Lots, if desired) front upon the Park and Cricket Ground of the Governor-General's residence.

Also, at the same time and place, Twelve Lots in Lower Town, Ottawa, three with dwelling houses thereon, and one on Dalhousie-street having a large building suitable for a factory. The Lots are on St. Andrew, Cathcart, Bolton, Besolet, Baldwin and Dalhousie-streets—three being Ordnance Lots.

TERMS: One-third cash; balance by instalments at 7 per cent. interest, payable in 3 or 5 years, to suit purchasers. Conditions made known at day of sale.

For further particulars apply at the office of the Mackay Estate.

New Edinburgh, March 7. 378td

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in FRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

New Watches & Clocks,

New Fancy Goods,

New Gold & Silver Jewellery,

New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

Messrs. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

FOR SALE.

PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

Notice to Contractors

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED until

Wednesday, 20th March, 1867,

At 12 o'CLOCK, Noon,

From parties desirous of contracting for the erection of a Building on Johnston Corner, Sparks-street.

Plans and Specifications, and all other information can be had on applying to the undersigned.

JAMES WADSWORTH.

Ottawa, March 14. 382td

BOARD WANTED.—By [illegible] Post-office. P. O. Box [illegible] to A. G., [illegible]

OVER 50 PACKAGES

NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milrons,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
Cashmeres,
&c., &c.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

1867 New Spring Goods 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

14, Rideau-street,

HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED THEIR FIRST IMPORTATIONS OF

New Spring Dress Goods,

New Spring Skirtings,

New Spring Prints.

OTTAWA, MARCH 4, 1867.

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine

Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

Ætna Life Insurance Company,

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,873.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.....25.31

And each subsequent year.....26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.

R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents.
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

IN THE PRESS,

And will be issued about 11th March,

THE

"Canadian Fruit Culturist,"

OR

"LETTERS TO AN INTENDING FRUIT-GROWER,"

ON THE

Proper Location, Soil, Preparation, Planting and After-Cultivation

OF

ORCHARDS, VINE-YARDS & GARDENS,

WITH DIRECTIONS

FOR THE BEST MODE OF CULTURE of each variety of Fruit; and select descriptive lists of the best varieties of the Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Grape, Peach, Nectarine, Apricot, Quince, Gooseberry, Currant, Blackberry and Strawberry.

Suitable for Upper and Lower Canada,

BY JAMES DOUGALL,

Windsor Nurseries, C. W.

Price: Stiff Paper Covers, 25c.; Bound in Muslin, 50c. For sale at the principal Book Stores.

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383a-12w2

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware. China Ornaments.

Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,

56, Sparks Stree

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of humorted

Tobaccos and Cigars,

Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,

Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps.

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew,

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 188y

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - £5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:

London,.....Liverpool,.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1ST, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
General Merchandise,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultans,
In boxes, half boxes and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO.

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD

THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town*. Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 19. 269-3m

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 276tf

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY.

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases	Otard Brandy.	
50 "	Martell's	
150 "	Hennessey.	
75 "	United Vinquels	

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.

THE TEA POT,

OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225 tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

Apply to

WILLIAM CLEGG.
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to

JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

First Class House to Let,

[illegible] from 1st May [illegible] in Hull Village [illegible] pleasantly [illegible] easy terms.

March 11. GEO. J. M[illegible]

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to

R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RE- ceived at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 600 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
SECRETARY.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w19-121

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

On the Capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY.

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

The Latest in Books.

"**HUNTED TO DEATH**;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Castle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.: Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
16, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASON- able Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

Messrs. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

Sand Point Depot

PORK & FLOUR.

400 BBLS. CH[illegible] CITY MESS PORK, selec[illegible]nds.

600 bbls. No. 1 U[illegible]fine FLOUR.

Now on hand [illegible] for sale at the [illegible]west CASH PRICE. P[illegible] which can be deliver[illegible] at Pakenham, [illegible], or Sand Point.

R. W. CRUICE,
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, February 9, 1867. 354d

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & Co.

THOS. BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application

For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.
380d

THO. RUSSELL & SON

To H. M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution *the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA,

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern.—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-o

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRE- sented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully.

Yours,
ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say:—

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(*a*) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(*b*) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(*c*) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(*d*) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(*e*) The place wherein it is then stored.
(*f*) The place to which it is to be removed.
(*g*) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(*h*) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(*i*) The time at which it is to be removed.
(*j*) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner.
(*k*) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(*l*) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

—EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) by the (7) into the possession of (8) , there to be delivered of (9)

The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be during the removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 . [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]

The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 . Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division.

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the strength proof for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTAB- lished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine may be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST- CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

I.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.		Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Pnted Matter.
		Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco		10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall		10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia		34	5	5 p oz
Brazil	Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador		34	5	5 p oz
Central America.	Costa Rica, Guatemala	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso		34	5	5 p oz
Cuba	Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras		34	5	....
Mexico		10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana		34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama,		18	5	....
Nicaragua	Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
	Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama		10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima,		22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet		10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana		34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela	Laguayra, P. Cabello	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,		10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies.—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.		34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month		22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.
FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs. 144-tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIS- take took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPOR- ation of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the POLICE COURT, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

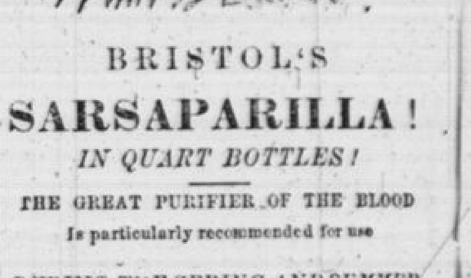
Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

(Signed,)
ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT.
City Clerk.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 365tf



BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

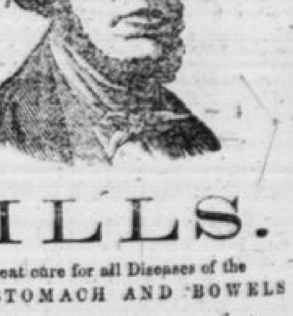
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 480tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs and Excise

208tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINER

Lights—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE ED- ward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 385. OTTAWA C. W. MONDAY, MARCH 18, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 25, 1867. 36by

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
K. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E. Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A., B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Carner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICES: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 45utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February uf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex street, Ottawa.
R. P. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 76-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 15, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 3, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 293-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use. 1.t.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. S. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. J. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleoks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 210tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 25. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NORS, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given on than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 305tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c.
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES.
&c., &c.,	&c

Just being opened up:
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P.S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 17, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 321y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 13, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 262tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. 1y6.170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
Ottawa, November 26. SUPERINTENDENT. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.40 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ..... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ..... 10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
May 26. Managing Director. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the articles known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unnumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Ottawa, December 27. Bessserer Street. 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.
ALEX. DUFF, O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. ☞ Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa.
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w8-3m

LOOK HERE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a
Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field
county of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbacious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

DRUGS, &c.
Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Dryealteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by
Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 26th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S.-W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,) EDMUND HARRISON.
317tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Haircutting and Dressing—Curtis & McIntosh.
American Invoices—R. S. M Bouchette.
New Spring Goods—Cunningham & Lindsay.
Notice of Removal—Hugh Rose.
Government Notice—J. Peel.
Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum—Robt. Hunter.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867.

The Hon. Messrs. Campbell and Cockburn arrived here yesterday afternoon at three o'clock by special train from Prescott. D. F. Jones, Esq., M. P. P. for South Leeds also came by the same train.

We understand that Mr. Bonfield is to be a candidate for the representation of the South Riding of the County of Renfrew in the House of Assembly of Ontario. He will run in conjunction with Mr. McDougall for the Commons, so that together they will form a very powerful ticket; in fact there is every probability that they will be unopposed, the feeling in Renfrew as in many other counties having set strongly in favor of local men as representatives.

To-day we give up a large portion of our space to a report of the debate on the second reading of the British North America Bill, extracted from the London *Times* of the 1st instant, for copies of which we are indebted to two members of the Canadian Delegation.

The discussion in the House of Lords was, according to general expectation, exclusively conducted in a tone of the most friendly regard towards the Colonies. The able exposition of the measure by Earl Carnarvon covered all the ground which could be gone over in favor of the Bill, and the remarks of other noble Lords, including those of Lord Monck, were but confirmatory of his views. A couple of amendments were offered in the Upper House suggested by petitions from the Protestant minority of Lower Canada, but as the petitioners did not desire to endanger the passage of the bill, these amendments were not pressed.

As to the fate of the Bill in the Commons, however, there was naturally a little more anxiety. Though no one doubted its passage by an overwhelming majority, it was expected that an opposition more or less keen would have been offered by the anti-colonial party; but if we except the ill-natured remarks of Mr. Bright, a complaint or two about the haste with which the measure was being pushed through, and a threat from one member that he would oppose the granting of the Imperial guarantee for the construction of the Intercolonial Railway, the House of Commons was singularly unanimous in support of the measure. The debate will no doubt be read with interest.

The London *Times* in its issue of the 1st devotes its leading article to the consideration of the Confederation Bill. It hopes for the passage of the Bill without undue delay, and says that "if it had been announced any "morning in the newspapers that the two "Canadas, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, "had come to the conclusion that a federal "compact and a common Parliament would be "to their interest, that their respective Leg"islatures had passed a measure for such a "Union, that the Queen had assented to it, "and that it would come into effect in three "months' time, there is no one in these "Islands who would have seen anything in"congruous or absurd in the intelligence." It goes on to say that "in deference to Im"perial usage" Parliament had been asked to give effect to the measure framed by the representatives of the Colonial Legislatures, and that the duty of the Imperial Parliament is therefore clearly to pass the Bill. It sympathises with Mr. Bright's objections to a nominated Senate, and regrets that provision is not made in the Bill to enable the Colonial Government to change it. "These matters, "however," it says, "are subordinate to the "great principle of the Bill, which is to do for "the British Provinces what the American "States did, with so much advantage to "themselves." The point of chief interest, however, is in the following passage:

"We look to Confederation as the means "of relieving this country from much expense "and much embarrassment. Without ex"pressing any opinion on the propriety of "British guarantees for colonial railways, "we may at least say that when through our "assistance there is easy communication be"tween the colonies, there ought, too, to be "an end to British garrisons on the Ameri"can continent. This is a matter on which "no delicacy ought to prevent our statesmen "and Parliament from speaking out."

We may accept this as a very plain indication of the current of popular feeling in England, not because the *Times* has said it, but because a similar idea underlies more or less the general tone of the discussion in Parliament. As a matter of fact the presence of British garrisons in this country is not wanted, and ought not to be wanted for Colonial purposes, and perhaps after all when the question of defence comes to be fairly and fully considered it will be found that the view, put in somewhat extreme terms by the *Times*, is not very far from that generally entertained by the people of the Colonies. The British garrisons are here for the protection of the Colonists, it is true, but we understand it that their primary object is the maintenance of British supremacy against a foe to Imperial rule, not in Canada merely, but in Ireland as well. In so far as the Colonies are concerned, the Fenians are in every sense of the word the enemies of England, and only threaten Canada, because of its connection with the Empire. Remove this Imperial enemy, and the necessity for the maintenance of these garrisons would certainly be diminished to a very great extent. But it is evident that no change will be attempted in regard to the provisions for defence until after the completion of the Intercolonial Railway, by which period it is to be hoped the Canadian Government will be in a position to satisfy the public opinion of England that there is no unworthy or mercenary spirit at the bottom of colonial attachment to the Imperial connection.

LOCAL NEWS.

The St. Patrick's Celebration.—The members of the St. Patrick's Literary Association will celebrate the day, by attending divine service at the R. C. Cathedral this morning at 10 o'clock, after which the members will walk in procession through the principal streets of the city.

Fire on Sunday.—About eleven o'clock, a. m., on Sunday a fire broke out in a frame building on Church street, owned by Mr. P. Tanibou, and occupied by two sisters named Fortin, who were at church at the time. The fire appears to have originated through a defective stove pipe. There was no insurance on the building but we were informed that a small amount was effected on the furniture.

Fire this Morning.—About one o'clock this morning a fire broke out in a frame building on the north side of Murray street, and rapidly spread to the two adjoining buildings all of which were soon consumed. The largest building of the three was owned by the widow Martineau, the others by the widow Ouimette. On the buildings there was no insurance. The Ottawa, Queen and Rideau Engine Companies done capital work, especially when the strong breeze and short supply of water are taken into consideration. At one time the fire it was thought would sweep the whole street, but the firemen worked vigorously, and were successful in confining the flames to the three buildings of the row in which it originated.

The St. Patrick's Dinner.—The dinner at the Victoria Hotel, Wellington-street, this afternoon, will take place at three o'clock precisely. The committee are requested to meet at eleven o'clock this morning at Kavanagh's Saloon. We are glad to learn that the prospects are good of a very successful social gathering, as a large number of tickets have already been disposed of. The chair will be occupied by R. W. Scott, Esq., and the first vice-chair by W. F. Powell, Esq. The band of the 100th Regiment, by the kind permission of Col. Campbell, will also be in attendance to enliven the proceedings. We need hardly add that Mr. Kavanagh will do ample justice to his already established reputation as a carterer for the public.

The Argosy, March, 1867. *London. Strachan & Co. Ottawa: J. Durie & Son.*

The "Argosy" as usual comes to hand freighted with a well assorted cargo of entertaining literature. "The history of Robert Falconer," and "Which Will he Marry?" and "Shoemakers' Village" are continued; and there are besides some seven or eight other articles of much interest.

Edinburgh Review, January, 1867. *New York: L. Scott Publishing Co. Ottawa: J. Durie & Son.*

The following articles are comprised in the contents of the January number of this long-established quarterly: Foreign Policy of Sir John Laurence; Adam Fergusson; The Private Business of Parliament; Rawlinson's Ancient Monarchies; Modern Glass Painting; Tenant Compensation in Ireland; Early English Texts; Meteoric Showers; Position and Prospects of Parties.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 16, 1867.

An explosion took place to-day, in the armorer's workshop of the new fort, a small stone building which was blown to pieces; two men working in it, escaped by almost a miracle.

The Grand Trunk battalion were inspected by Gen. Listead to-day. A large concourse of citizens were on the ground. The General expressed himself as highly pleased with the steadiness and proficiency of the battalion.

A guard of the 17th Regiment has been stationed at drill sheds where arms of the city volunteers are stored.

An employee of Lyman, Elliott & Co. narrowly escaped an instantaneous and horrible death yesterday afternoon, from his clothes getting caught in some machinery. By desperate efforts he succeeded in tearing himself free just in time to avoid being beheaded.

An old pensioner named Cooke, was run over and killed on the Northern Railway, a few days ago.

The jury in the case of Gould, who died in the hospital from the effects of chloroform, returned a verdict exonerating officers of the hospital from blame; but censuring the conduct of the medical students on the occasion.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 16, 1867.

Col. Wolseley, who commanded the volunteer camp at Thorold, has been sent to Toronto on special duty. Sir Henry Havelock has relieved him of staff duty.

The 23rd Regiment are kept in readiness to proceed to the frontier at the shortest notice, also a strong detachment of the Royal Artillery.

A large portion of the guns and other war material in St. Helens has been brought over to town. The guns are being prepared for immediate use.

The detachment of the 13th Hussars stationed here, were inspected by the General on Thursday.

Thorough arrangements are being made for providing commissariat and transport for the troops and volunteers, in case of any invasion by the Fenians in force.

Wm. Price, Esq., an old and highly respected merchant of Quebec, long connected with the lumber trade of Canada, died on Thursday last—aged 75.

No meeting of the Council took place yesterday.

YESTERDAY'S CABLE NEWS

Forty of the Fenian Prisoners to be Tried for High Treason.

Dublin, March 15 Evening.—Forty of the prisoners recently captured have been committed for trial, at Limerick, on the charge of high treason. Archbishop Cullen praises the government for its clemency to the rebels in Ireland. Various indications lead to the apprehension that another general rising of Fenians will be attempted on Sunday next.

Arrival of Troops and Treasure from Mexico.

Paris, March 15.—The Imperial steam transport *Naueeta Minde* has arrived, with detachments of French troops from Mexico, and twelve million dollars in treasure.

Russia Augmenting Her Forces.

London, March 15—Evening.—It is reported that Russia is continuing to make increased military preparations.

Turkish Garrisons in Servia.

Vienna, March 15—Evening.—A semi-official journal to-day announces that the question of the maintenance of Turkish garrisons in the Servian forts, has been satisfactorily settled.

The s. s. Canandagua Sails for Crete.

London, March 15—Evening.—The United States steamship *Canandagua* has sailed for the island of Crete. The object of her mission has not been divulged.

Liverpool, March 15—Evening.—The steamships *City of New York* and the *Tripoli* have arrived from New York.

Fenians in Liverpool—Troops being sent there.

London, March 16—Noon.—Large bodies of troops have been sent to Liverpool to preserve the peace, a rising of the Irish in that city being apprehended. A large number of Fenians have been captured in various parts of Ireland and many of them committed for high treason.

The Fenians in Ogdensburgh.

New York, March 16.—The *Times'* Ogdensburgh (16th) telegram says, the Fenian excitement is increasing in that direction Fort Wellington at Prescott, Canada, has been put in a state of defence, and garrisoned with troops. The ferry boat has been ordered to discontinue night trips. Many strangers are in the vicinity, and they are supposed to be Fenians. The St. Lawrence river is frozen from shore to shore, and affords a good crossing for an army. The Fenians in Ogdensburgh hold secret meetings nightly.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

Opening of the Nova Scotian Legislature.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

Halifax, March 16.—*Mr. President and Hon. Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly,*—In meeting you at a most important epoch in the affairs of British North America, it affords me much pleasure to be able to congratulate you on the continued peace and prosperity of this province during the past year. While other colonies have been subjected to threats, and in some instances to invasion of lawless men our province has been exempted from any attack; and although our local forces nobly responded to the call which was made upon them in the early part of the year to arm for purposes of defence, happily no necessity occurred to require their services to repel an invader. The exigencies of the province of New Brunswick rendered it necessary for a time to withdraw a large part of her Majesty's troops from this garrison for the protection of that colony. It was with the utmost satisfaction that I was enabled to fill their place in the garrison duty by a portion of the Halifax volunteers and militia artillery, and the volunteer battalion, and to mark how well that service was performed; the readiness and good discipline of the officers and men who were there employed, show how much has been effected by the efforts made during the last few years to place our local forces in a proper condition, and how much we can depend upon them in time of need.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly.—Public accounts will be submitted to you without delay which will exhibit the finances of the country in a state of unprecedented prosperity; large as was the revenue of the previous year, accounts will show the gratifying fact that it has been greatly exceeded by that of 1866. Estimates for the present year will also be laid before you. Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly,—I have again to express my regret that the government of the United States have adhered to their policy of last year, obstructing that trade which under the reciprocity treaty was so beneficial to their own country, as well as to this Province. I have, however, to state the abrogation of treaty has been much less prejudicial to us than was anticipated, and in some respects has been productive of good, by uniting more closely the interests and trade of this and other North American Colonies. In accordance with a resolution of the Legislature, passed last session, the commission of the Paris exhibition was organized, and by the labors of the gentlemen comprising the board, a large number of valuable articles, exhibiting the varied resources of the Province, have been collected and sent forward to Paris, and it is confidently expected that the results of this exhibition will be of material advantage to the best interests of the Province. The papers and reports of the joint Commissioners to Brazil and the West Indies, will be laid before you, and it is hoped that much good will result from the efforts that were made to extend the commerce of the British North American Colonies with those portions of the globe.

I rejoice to be able to congratulate you upon the success which has attended the delegates sent to England to confer with her Majesty's Government on the Union of the Colonies. The papers relating to this important subject will be early laid before you, in the firm conviction that the union of Canada, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia upon the terms provided in the bill submitted by her Majesty's government to the Imperial Parliament, will largely increase the prosperity of all these provinces, and contribute to the strength and stability of those British institutions which it is our good fortune to enjoy. I commend to your consideration such changes and amendments in our existing laws as may be found necessary.

FROM EUROPE.

Another Rising in Ireland Expected.

London, March 16—Evening.—A general rising of the Fenians is expected to take place throughout Ireland to-morrow, St. Patrick's Day. The Government, which is fully informed of the movements of the Fenians, is believed to be able to suppress any insurrection before it assumes very formidable proportions. The emigration to America from Cork, for the past few days has been extremely large. Many of the emigrants were recognised as being connected with the recent Fenian uprising near Killarney. It is supposed the unusual exodus is caused in part at least, from anticipated bloodshed in Ireland.

Spanish Elections.

Madrid, March 16. In the general elections recently held throughout the Kingdom, the candidates favorable to the Government were mainly successful.

The Cretan Exiles Allowed to Return.

Vienna, March 16.—Despatches have been received which announce that the Turkish Government has consented to the return of Cretan exiles. The Candian deputies to the Sublime Porte have reached Constantinople.

The Servian Question Settled.

London, March 16—Noon.—The Servian question has been settled. Earl Derby says officially that the forces of the Sublime Porte are to leave Belgrade, the Servian capital city, and that the country will be practically free. The authority of the Turks there will be merely nominal. Lord Lyons, the ambassador of Great Britain at Constantinople, writes that Turkey will hasten the Reforms in favor of the Christians in Candia and elsewhere in her dominions.

A Victory for the Turks.

Vienna, March 16.—Despatches received from the South announce that the Turkish forces have been successful in a battle with the rebels in Thessaly.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Conviction of Stratton, the Jewellery Robber.

St. Louis, March 16.—Geo. W. Stratton, concerned in the jewellery robbery at Brantford, C.W., last summer, was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years, by the Criminal Court yesterday.

Riot Between Soldiers and Citizens.

Carlisle, Pa., March 16.—Last evening, two soldiers came into town, and when near the Court House they were attacked by Hammill P. Gilmore. Neither party were hurt, and the soldiers left for the garrison. About eight o'clock, some 50 soldiers came into town armed with carbines, revolvers, and sabres. They halted near the court house and fired into a crowd of citizens who were standing near the point where the polls were located. The citizens drew their revolvers and returned the fire, when a general riot ensued. The soldiers retreated on a run, and the citizens gave pursuit. The soldiers took a position at the edge of the town. A guard arrived from the post and the firing was kept up for some time. They arrested several citizens and started for the garrison. On the way they met Hammell, who had a gun on his shoulder. He was ordered by the guard to lay the gun down, and on his refusal they fired upon him, one ball struck him in the breast, to the left of the right nipple, and came out near the left shoulder blade. The wounded man died within three hours. Among the wounded are Mrs. Stewart, who was standing in the door of her own house, and was shot through the left foot; Thomas Zimmerman, shot through the fore arm, crushing the bones; Jacob Small, shot through the centre of the right hand; a man named Hallebaugh, shot in the head, cutting the scalp. All the above were citizens. Two soldiers were also wounded, one in the head, and the other in the leg. The one hit in the head is mortally wounded. For several nights past soldiers have been in town, creating much disturbance. There are about 400 soldiers now at this post.

Important if True.

New York, March 16.—The *Commercial's* special says, there are rumors about an understanding between France and the United States, that we are to purchase Chihuahua, and that the proceeds are to repay the French-Mexican war bonds, which France is in the meanwhile to assume.

Death of a Leading Sport.

New York, March 16.—Hiram Woodroof, the famous jockey, died on Long Island yesterday of congestion of the lungs.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

The British North America Bill.

Debate on the Second Reading.

House of Commons.

Thursday, Feb. 28, 1867.

Mr. Adderley, in moving the second reading of this Bill, the object of which is to form one dominion of the Provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, observed that some of the most eminent public men in those provinces, representing all shades of political opinion, had been sent to this country, delegated by the Governors of the provinces, on the address of the Legislatures, to ask her Majesty to submit to the Imperial Parliament a scheme of union, in almost literal conformity with the resolutions which the representatives of the provinces agreed to at a conference at Quebec. He needed not to go far back to show the origin of this desire of the provinces to be united in one dominion. The desire had increased year by year, and if it were well founded years ago, it was infinitely more justified by the present circumstances and condition of the provinces. The first official document in which the many very obvious reasons for the union were with the greatest ability stated was the report of Lord Durham's Commission, nearly 30 years ago. Since that report was made the union had been a prominent subject of discussion both in and out of the provinces; it became a leading topic at public meetings and in Parliamentary debates, and the frequent subject of men's conversation throughout the provinces. In 1849 an association called the North American League, which held its meetings at Toronto, was formed for the purpose of promoting this union. In 1854 the Legislature of Nova Scotia came to a resolution in favor of a general union, the resolution being promoted by the most prominent men of all political parties. Mr. Howe, of Nova Scotia, had the credit of being the first, if not the ablest, advocate of this union. In 1858 the Administration in Canada made the question of the union a Ministerial measure, and addressed a despatch to the Home Government on the subject. This was that first correspondence with the Home Government relative to the union. In 1861 Nova Scotia took the lead in promoting the scheme of union, and was the first to propose that delegates should be sent to this country to confer on the subject with the then Colonial Minister, the Duke of Newcastle, who promised that, if the desire of the colonies for the union were clearly made out, the proposition would be taken into careful consideration by this country. He mentioned this circumstance, because it had been recently asserted that the Government at home had pressed this matter on reluctant colonies. In consequence of the Duke of Newcastle's reply to the proposal of the Legislature of Nova Scotia, that colony, together with the other maritime Provinces, prepared at the end of 1863 to hold a conference, and then for the first time Canada came forward, asking to be permitted to form part of the conference. It was material that that fact should be borne in mind, because it had been stated that Canada had, for its own local purposes, urged the measure on the smaller provinces. It had been said that the difficulties of Canada had been the cause of the proposal for the union. It certainly was true that at that moment Canada had constitutional difficulties to contend with; but they were no more the cause of the proposition for the Union of the Provinces than the divorce of Henry VIII was the cause of the Reformation, though they might have been acts which precipitated what all desired. The delegates of all the Provinces met at Quebec in 1864, and adopted a series of resolutions for the project of a Union, which resolutions were embodied in the Bill, the second reading of which he now proposed. The resolutions were communicated to his predecessor in office, the late Colonial Secretary, than whom, he believed, this country never had a more statesmanlike Colonial Minister. (Hear, hear). His predecessor having received and carefully considered the resolutions, replied to Lord Monck, the Governor-General (and it was fortunate for the colonies that they had so judicious, able, and successful a Governor-General), in a most able despatch. It was by no means true that there was anything in that despatch which could fairly be represented as urgently forcing on the Union. The fact was that at that time correspondence was going on relative to the insecure condition of those colonies, and the right hon. gentleman was justified in telling the inhabitants of them that they should take on themselves the duty of citizens, and that consequently it was necessary that they should make greater provision for the defence of their country. To that appeal the colonies made a noble response. The Legislatures of the three Provinces, to which the present Bill applied, met and passed an address, in consequence of which the Governor-General sent to this country the delegates, who now asked the Imperial Parliament to sanction in the form of a Bill the resolutions they came to at Quebec. Having explained the main features of the Bill Mr. Adderly continued:—There was a clause by which the provinces bound themselves immediately to proceed to the great work of the Intercolonial Railway, which they considered would be the actual backbone of the whole scheme of union. (Hear.) And though there was nothing in the Bill which in any way implicated the House in the undertaking, yet it would certainly lead to asking the House of Commons to guarantee a loan from the interest of the sum by which the railway was to be constructed. He had now generally described the Bill. Its most striking feature, he thought the House would see, was the scrupulous adherence of the colonial draughtsmen to the features of the home Constitution. He left every gentleman to judge for himself and appreciate, as he hoped they would, the causes which led to this sensitiveness of filial duty—this almost morbid dread of departure from the institutions of the mother country, rather than an approximation to institutions nearer to themselves, but certainly, that was one main feature of the Bill as represented to the House. Federal union was simply the consequence of the absolute necessity of the adjustment of inveterate local interests, and the balance of mutual compromises between the provinces. It obviously required some external body or authority to give effect to federation. It was very true we had often given to colonies second in importance to these the task of framing their own Constitution. A general Act was passed two years ago which gave to all colonies with their representative institutions the power at any time of altering their Constitution within certain limits; but it was clear the process of federation was impracticable to the constituent Legislatures. If, again, federation had in this case specially been a matter of most delicate treaty and compact between the provinces—if it had been a matter of mutual concession and compromise, it was clearly necessary that some external authority should give sanction to the treaty made between them. Such seemed to him the office they had to perform in regard to this Bill. They had in fact to accept or reject the proposal which the Provinces made to them. They certainly ought to guard most carefully against anything being done by the Act injurious to Imperial interests, as distinguished from colonial interests; but he asked the House whether any Imperial interests were involved in this Bill which could in any way be distinguished from colonial interests? He said their interests were identical. Whatever developed the resources and contributed to the prosperity of the Empire; whatever strengthened them strengthened it; and no one could for a moment harbor the thought of doing anything to impede or obstruct the progress of the colonies. He thought the time had gone by for either the Imperial Parliament or the Government undertaking to teach colonies like these their own interests, which they knew best themselves. It was just a century since that House had been engaged in pursuing the same task as this evening, discussing a plan for the union of the American colonies, the object of which was to enable the colonies that never thought of coming here for any assistance, either in money or arms, better to defend themselves against the attacks of neighboring Indian tribes, and even against the invasion of European armies. It was to no purpose to say that the union which afterwards took place was in antagonism to ourselves—that was simply our own fault and folly; but it was significant that the union took place, and proved its effectiveness. We had attempted both to maintain and govern colonies from this country, but the attempt utterly failed, and to our largest colonies within the last few years we had, without exception, given the powers of self-government, and here was the just corollary of self-government—the colonies taking on themselves their own defence. Having replied to some of the objections to the Union, and its commercial advantages to the colonies, Mr. Adderly concluded: One united government would be able to keep the peace, and every temptation to aggression would be removed; one national government would be composed of the best of all these provinces, and would draw out the resources of the whole country for the common interest; and while the general credit would be increased, much greater economy would be practised in the administration of public affairs. Queen Anne, in her letter to the Scotch Parliament in 1706, on the union with England, a case strictly in point, as to the sufficiency of existing Legislatures to deal with such a question, said:

"An entire union will be the solid foundation of lasting peace; it will secure your liberty and property, remove animosities, jealousies and differences among yourselves. It must increase your strength, riches and trade; and by this union the whole country, being joined in affection, as in resources, and free from all apprehensions of different interests, will be enabled to resist its enemies. We most earnestly recommend to you unanimity in this weighty affair, that the union may be brought to a happy conclusion, being the only effectual way to secure our present and future happiness, and disappoint the designs of your enemies, who will certainly use all endeavors to prevent or delay this union."

That extract was taken from the *Federalist* where it was quoted by the eminent statesmen who wrote that work as expressing their own views respecting the propriety of a closer union between the American States. In conclusion, he must express his belief that the House was engaged in a grave and great undertaking in dealing with this subject (hear, hear), an undertaking no less than liberating to its natural destiny of self-reliance a large portion of the fairest part of this earth; and when they remembered with what rapid strides America had taken her place among the powers of the world, and when they reflected that the vast extent of these Provinces was as yet inhabited by not one hundredth part of the life that would replenish them, it would be seen that it was a serious occupation to be taking even a share in their future destiny. (Hear, hear.) A large portion of the American continent was already in full vigor, and but for our own folly that flourishing community might still have been connected with this country. He believed that at heart the American people were really attached to us, although occasionally they were inclined to quarrel with us in the way that brothers invariably were inclined to quarrel. (Laughter and "hear.") But the rest of that continent, still British, was asking us to assist it to develope its own strength and resources in connection and in partnership with ourselves, and in allegiance to our common Sovereign, and he felt confident that that House would willingly give its sanction to the measure that was introduced, in order to carry out so beneficial a purpose. He therefore felt much pleasure in moving the second reading of this bill, which presented for the acceptance of the House the propositions of the Colonies. (Hear.)

Mr. Cardwell.—I rise with great satisfaction to support the motion of the right hon. gentleman, and it is with the greatest pleasure that I congratulate the noble earl at the head of the Foreign-office on having the honor of introducing so satisfactory a measure as that now before us to a British Parliament, and I also congratulate the British colonies in having their interests committed to a statesman who has devoted so large a portion of his time to this subject. I agree with the right hon. gentleman that this measure is not only calculated to benefit the colonies immediately affected by it, but that it is likely to give rise to a new era in the history of the government of the dependencies of this Imperial and cosmopolitan country. The right hon. gentleman has so well stated both the contents of the measure, and the arguments by which it is supported, and the House has so unmistakably signified its concurrence in the opinions expressed by those arguments, that it would only be an unpardonable waste of time were I to endeavor to meet by anticipation objections to the measure which I do not believe will be raised. The few remarks I am about to make, therefore, will merely be in illustration and in support of the arguments of the right hon. gentleman. The geographical position of Canada, with its great inland seas and fertile plains, and the contiguity of the North American provinces which border upon that noble river, which is calculated by the aid of mechanical science to carry the produce of the West to the sea, is alone sufficient to show what great advantages must necessarily be derived from a union between the inland and the maritime provinces. Let the objector look at the timber trade and the shipbuilding of New Brunswick, the mineral wealth and commercial enterprise of Nova Scotia, and at the noble harbor of Halifax, and say whether it is possible to suppose that nature did not intend that these great sources of wealth should be united. And as they are united physically so are they morally united in the firmest and deepest attachment to England and to the institutions under which they live. These remarks apply not only to those who are sprung from our own loins, but to that other people in Lower Canada who live in that part of the colony which is to be called in future the Province of Quebec, and who yield to no British subjects in attachment to the Crown and to their institutions. If, therefore, it is the earnest wish and desire of these provinces that the obvious intention of Providence should be realised, I am certain that the House of Commons will not seek to prevent so laudable a desire from being gratified. The Provinces included in this Bill will form a country extending over 400,000 square miles, and inhabited by three and three-quarter millions of people. I do not, however, feel disposed to exclude altogether Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, which, having not consented to the arrangement, are not at present included in the scheme, and I must say that I am reminded by their behaviour of certain towns which, on the introduction of the railway system into this country, petitioned not to have its advantages extended to them. (A laugh, and "hear, hear.") Parliament acceded to their request, and what has been the consequence? Why, some of them have been out in the cold ever since (laughter), and have been vainly endeavoring to obtain the possession of what they once so strongly rejected. That result, however, will not be the case in this instance, because it will be open to them at any time to join this federation, and I rejoice to see in the papers that my right hon. friend has laid upon the table that the expression of feeling in this country and the arguments employed will, probably, not be without result. You are now going to establish a country greater in extent than France and Spain united. You are going to establish a country inhabited at the present moment by 4,000,000 of people, and whose inhabitants by the end of the present century may, at the ordinary rate of computation, be expected to number 12,000,000. These colonies are now in possession of large and valuable shipping, and are inhabited by hardy maritime populations, and there is no doubt that the country will soon be inferior only to Great Britain and the United States of America, while it will be greatly superior to many of the kingdoms of Europe. And does it require much argument to show which is the best field for the exertions of honorable men, for the employment of great intellectual and patriotic minds—a large community such as the one which this Bill proposes to create, or comparatively small provinces with scattered populations, as they now exist? (Hear, hear). Well, then, Sir, look at them in their foreign relations. During the time that I had the honor of holding the seal of the Colonial-office duties of no provincial or ordinary character were necessarily discharged by Canada. At the time when the St. Alban's raid excited so much alarm and attention in this country, what were the duties discharged by the Government of Canada and the Governor-General, to whom my right hon. friend has paid so just a tribute? (Hear, hear). Canada called forth an army from among her own population to guard her frontiers, and the Legislature passed an Act which rendered raids of that kind impossible for the future. The highest duties—legislative, judicial, and executive—were performed by that Province. * * Possibly this arrangement we are sanctioning may in time be found capable of improvement, but it is also a scheme which may be changed hereafter as experience may dictate. My right hon. friend is to be congratulated on being honored with the conduct of this measure, but more heartily should we congratulate those who with great patience, temper, and sagacity have agreed to submit to us a measure which they believe is calculated to strengthen their powers for war and increase their prosperity in times of peace. (Hear, hear). If they have found the means of creating within themselves that public spirit which is the animating spirit of British institutions they have done so, not as some have suggested, as a preliminary to future separation from this country, but they have done so animated by a loyalty to the British Crown and an attachment to British institutions which cannot be surpassed even by the assembly which is about to ratify their acts. (Cheers).

Mr. Ayrton protested against the haste with which the measure was being pushed forward—objected to England's being saddled with the guarantee for the cost of the Intercolonial Railway, and promised to give that clause of the Bill his strenuous opposition in committee.

Mr. Bright.—Although this measure has not excited much interest in the House, or much in the country, yet it appears to me to be a measure of great importance, and I think an importance which requires that the House should be treated rather differently in respect of it than it has been. I have never before known of any great measure affecting any large portion of the empire which has been brought in and attempted to be hurried through Parliament in the manner in which this Bill has been dealt with. It is far more important, however, to the inhabitants of the provinces than it is to us; but it is not on that account we should be expected to examine it less closely, and see that we are committing no errors in passing it. The right hon. gentleman (Mr. Adderley) has not made an explanation he was bound to make. The Bill does include all the British North American Provinces, and I presume the two omitted are left out because it is clear they do not wish to come in.

Mr. Adderley.—One of them is in process of joining now.

Mr. Bright.—The reason why they are left out is that they are not willing to come in. They may hereafter be willing, and the provision to admit them is a fair and reasonable provision. There have been complaints that another of these provinces—the province of Nova Scotia—is also unwilling to come in, and it is assumed because some time ago the Legislature of this province voted a resolution partly in favor of some such scheme that therefore the population is in favor of it. I do not believe at all in the right and propriety of a Legislature voting on a great question of this nature—as, for example, the Legislature of Nova Scotia—if the people of Nova Scotia have never had the question put to them. (Hear, hear.) I have heard there is at present in London a petition complaining of the hasty proceedings of Parliament and asking for delay, signed by at least one-half of all the men in that province. So far as I know, it does not protest absolutely against a union, but it protests against the manner in which it is being brought about by this scheme and this Bill, and the hasty measures of the Colonial-office. Now, whether the scheme be a good one or a bad one, I think scarcely anything can be more foolish, looking to the future, than that any one of the provinces should be dragged into it, either perforce and pressure of the Colonial-office, or by any hasty action on the part of Parliament, in the hope of securing a result which possibly the population of that province may not wish to see brought about. After urging delay until a general election shall have taken place in Nova Scotia, Mr. Bright continued at some length to object to a nominated, instead of an elective Senate and concluded as follows:—There is one important point which the right hon. gentleman said nothing about in his speech, and which the member for Oxford might have told us something about. We knew that Canada is a great country, and that the population is or may soon be something like 4,000,000, and we can imagine and hope that, united under one Governor, the province may be more capable of defence. But what is intended with regard to the question of defence? Is this new State, or this new nation, as I think Lord Monck described it, to be raised up under the authority of an Act of the Imperial Parliament, and is everything to be done for it and given to it, and is it at the same time intended to maintain these fortresses garrisoned by English troops, numbering, as at present, 12,000 to 15,000 men? There are persons in this country, and there are also some from the North American Provinces, who are ill-natured enough to say that not a little of the loyalty which is said to prevail in Canada has its price. ("Hear, hear," and "Oh, oh.") I believe—I think it is natural to believe, it is reasonable to hope, that there is in that country a very strong attachment to this country. (Hear, hear.) At the same time, if there be here constant applications for guarantees for railways and for contributions for fortresses and works of defence, if everything is to be given to a nation, independent except in the appointment of Lord Monck and his successor, and except in the contributions which we make for their public objects, I should say it would be better, far better for them and for us, cheaper for us and less demoralizing for them, that they were really an independent State, maintaining their own fortunes, fighting their own cause, and building up their own future without relying upon us. (Hear, hear.) We know, as everybody knows, that the population of Canada, family for family, is in a much better position, as regards all the comforts of home, than, family for family, are the great bulk of the population of this country. The time is come when it ought to be clearly understood that the taxes of England are no longer to cross the ocean to defray expenses of any kind within Canada or within the Confederation which is about to be formed. The right hon. gentleman the Under-Secretary for the Colonies has never been the advocate for great expenditure in the colonies by the mother country. On the contrary, he is one of the members of this House who have distinguished themselves by what I will call an honest system to the mother country, and a wise system to the colonies; but I think in a measure like this, having such stupendous results for the future of the populations of those great colonies, we have a right to ask that there should be some consideration for the revenue of taxpayers of this country; and in discussing this Bill with the delegates from the North American Provinces I think it was the duty of the Colonial Minister to go fairly into this question, with a view, if possible, of arranging it to the satisfaction of the colonies and the mother country. I believe there is no greater delusion than to suppose that on the part of the United States there is any wish to make any aggression on Canada, or to annex Canada by force. In my opinion, there is not a part of the world that runs less risk of aggression than Canada unless in that quarter whence came that foolish and impotent attempt of certain discontented persons from this kingdom, who not long ago were subjects of the Queen. America has no idea of anything of the kind. No American statesman, and no American party, dreams of an aggression on Canada, or of annexing Canada by force; and therefore every farthing you spend on fortresses, and every other expenditure you incur with the idea of shutting out American aggression, is money squandered from an hallucination which you ought to get rid of. Even if the expenditure did not proceed from a delusion of that sort, it would for the most part be a waste of money, because, if the United States entertained the design which many attributed to them two years ago, such an expenditure would not be effective for the object in view. I have not risen to object to the second reading, though I think that the Government might have done, what is generally done between first and second readings, and that is, given a little more time. I think they do not treat the province of Nova Scotia with that tenderness, generosity and consideration which are desirable when we are about to make so great a change in its present and future state. For my part, I want the population of those countries to do what they consider best for their own interests;—to remain with this country if they like; to become an independent State if they like, and struggle for a career of utility and glory; or, if they think it better to annex themselves to the United States, I should not complain even of that. But, whatever their course, no man in this House, no man in the provinces themselves, more sincerely wishes for their welfare and greatness, though I have taken the liberty to thus far criticise this policy. (Hear, hear.)

Sir J. Pakington.—I have seldom heard an observation in the House with greater regret than that of the hon. member for Birmingham when he said a few moments ago, that he thought the loyalty of Canada has its price.

Mr. Bright.—I did not state that as my opinion.

Sir J. Pakington.—I don't know whether the hon. member stated it as his opinion; but certainly he stated it in such a way as to leave a very painful impression on the minds of the House (hear); and I am sure that in the colonies a most painful impression would be created if it went forth that the House of Commons for a moment believed the loyalty of Canada has its price. (Hear, hear.) Sir, we have not forgotten the events in which the loyalty of Canada was strikingly displayed. We have not forgotten the way in which, at the time of the Crimean war, the Patriotic Fund was swollen by contributions from the colonies, and on that occasion no colony was more conspicuous than the North American provinces. We have not forgotten the spirit with which the colony of Canada raised a regiment at a time when it was supposed that additional troops might be required. The Canadians, on those and other occasions, have acted with a most honourable and loyal spirit; and, therefore, I regret the hon. gentleman has used an expression which, whatever may have been his intention, is so obviously liable to be misunderstood. (Hear, hear.) I may further observe that I believe, if any one feeling has been stronger than another with Canada in taking the part she has done in obtaining this Bill, it is a feeling of attachment and loyalty to the mother country. I do not collect from the speech of the hon. gentleman that he is opposed to this Bill. On the contrary, I think he concluded his speech by saying he would not oppose the second reading; but the hon. gentleman throughout his argument seemed to be contending for delay. He appeared to think that this was not the moment when this Bill ought to be put forward. Now, it seems to me that if ever there was a favorable conjuncture of affairs for bringing about a union of the North American provinces, it is at the present moment. (Hear, hear.) I cannot see that in his views concerning Nova Scotia the hon. member for Birmingham is borne out by the facts. The best way of collecting the opinions of the province on a question of this kind is, I should say, through the acts of its Legislature, through the proceedings of its representative body; and the hon. gentleman is the last person from whom I should have expected an objection to our ascertaining the opinion of the province from the sentiments of its representative body——

Mr. Bright.—It has not been elected on this question.

Sir J. Pakington.—But the hon. gentleman must recollect that this Union of the North American Provinces has been the subject of discussion and of proceedings in the different colonies for a long time. The Union of Nova Scotia with the other Provinces has been discussed on several different occasions. In 1862, I think, debates took place on this question, and the Representative Assembly was called on to express its opinion. It did so by deciding in favor of a Union of the Provinces. (Hear, hear). In 1863 a general election took place, and again in 1864, after that general election, we find the representative body still favorable to the Union. These are facts which, in my opinion, at once destroy the argument of the hon. gentleman. (Hear, hear). I know that there has been opposition in Nova Scotia. Mr. Howe, a gentleman well known in the colony, is opposed to the Union, and the hon. member for Birmingham is to-night the exponent of Mr. Howe's views; but I would remind the hon. member that the views on the subject entertained by Mr. Howe a short time ago were the very opposite to those held by him now. No man in Nova Scotia was a more prominent advocate of the Union than Mr. Howe, though he opposes it now. The hon. member for Birmingham proceeded to argue that as two of the Provinces are not included in the Bill, it must be presumed that they are opposed to the Union. I believe, however, the facts to be this—that one of those Provinces is negotiating for an entry into the Union, and that the other is prepared to do so at the earliest opportunity. (Hear, hear). It appears to me that the hon. member's appeal for delay is grounded on an entirely erroneous argument, and that he has not approached it with that frankness and candour which characterized the views of the right hon. gentleman the member of Oxford. We must not forget that with great judgment the Provinces selected statesmen of opposite politics to represent them as their delegates in this matter. Such delegates may be regarded as men who fairly represent the opinion of the Provinces; and, under such circumstances, I trust this Bill will receive the unanimous approval of the House. (Hear).

Mr. Watkin after referring to Nova Scotia said: Mention having been made of the name of Mr. Howe, whose acquaintance he had the honor of possessing, he might state his own conviction that a man of purer patriotism or who had rendered more able and distinguished service to the Crown of this country did not exist. The remarkable speech made by him at Detroit two years ago was mainly instrumental in obtaining a unanimous vote in favor of the renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty. And it was creditable neither to the late nor yet to the present Government that the life-long services of Mr. Howe had not received any recognition from the Crown. For himself, he gave support to this measure of Confederation, not because he wished to establish a new nation, but because he wished to confirm an existing nation (hear, hear); for the scheme, if it meant anything, meant that Canada was to remain under the British Crown. He had no sympathy with the view—on the contrary, he dissented from and complained of the view that we ought to shake off our colonial possessions. Canada, with the territories lying beyond it, formed more than half of the North American continent. Did the hon. member for Birmingham think the peace and liberties of the world would be better secured if this half of the continent were annexed to the United States? (Cheers.) Every man of common sense knew that Canada could not stand by itself: it must either be British or American—under the Crown or under the Stars and Stripes. The hon. member for Birmingham thought we should be the better of losing all territorial connexion with Canada; but he could not agree with that doctrine. Descending to the lowest and most material view of the subject, he did not believe that as a mere money question the separation would be for our interest. Take again, the question of defence. Canada had a coast line of 1,000 miles, possessed some of the finest harbors on the North American Continent, and a mercantile marine entitling it to the third rank among maritime nations. The moment these advantages passed into the hands of the United States that country would become the greatest naval power in the world. In preserving commercial relations with the United States, the Canadian frontier line of 3,000 miles was likewise extremely useful. As long as British power and enterprise extended along one side of this boundary line it would be impossible for the United States to pursue what might be called a Japanese policy. But if the frontier line became the sea coast, what might be looked for then? Scarcely three years had elapsed since Mr. Cobden declared that if there had not been a plentiful harvest in America he did not know where food could have been procured for the people of this country. Now, the corn-growing fields of Canada ranked fifth in point of productiveness. (Hear, hear.) During the late war America would suffer no cotton to be exported to this country. Suppose that Canada belonged to America, in the event of a quarrel with England there was nothing to prevent the United States from declaring that not an ounce of food should leave its territories, which would then extend from the Arctic regions to the Gulf of Mexico. He had hoped that upon this Bill every section of the House might have been found in unison. (Cheers.) It was no use blinking the question. This would not be a decision affecting Canada merely. We had sympathies alike with Australia and the other colonies. If it were seriously proposed that England should denude herself of her possessions, give up India, Australia, North America, and retire strictly within her own confines, to make herself happy there, the same result might be brought about much more easily—we might become citizens of some small country like Holland, and realize our ideas of happiness in a moment. (Hear, hear.) But he hesitated to believe that the people of England did really favor any such policy. If any one were to hoist the motto "Severance of the colonies from the Crown" he did not believe that one per cent. of the people would adopt it. He believed that the people of England felt a deep attachment to their empire, and that not even a barren rock over which the flag of England had once waved would be abandoned by them without a cogent reason. Every argument used in support of the necessity of giving up Canada, which lay within eight days of our own shores, would apply with equal force to the case of Ireland, if the people of the United States chose to demand possession. (Hear, hear.) Was this country prepared to give up Gibraltar, Malta, Heligoland, all its outlaying stations, merely because some strong Power took a fancy to them? (Hear, hear.) As to the argument of expense, if Canada chose to pick a quarrel on her own account, clearly she ought to pay the bill; but if she were involved in war on Imperial considerations, then he maintained that the Imperial revenues might properly be resorted to. The British Empire was one and indivisible. And what was the principle upon which the United States acted? If any portion of the territory of the Union was touched, were there one of its citizens who would not be ready and forward to defend it? Should we then be less determined to maintain intact the greatness and the glory of the British Empire? (Cheers)

Mr. Baillie Cochrane was not sorry that the House had been afforded an opportunity of listening to an avowal of the sentiments of the hon. member for Birmingham. He had not only cast doubts on the loyalty of Canada, but distinctly expressed his opinion in favor of the sacrifice of the colonies of England, which, he said, would be as well without them. On the contrary, he maintained that the desire of Canada to continue united to this country was all the more honorable, because the dangers to that Province from the action of the United States invariably arose upon Imperial questions. The *Trent* difficulty, the Enlistment question, and the dispute about the Oregon territory were all Imperial questions, and accordingly topics upon which this country was bound to step forward to the defence of Canada. Our manufactures had made us the greatest country in the world—the conquerors of the conqueror; and what had created our manufactures but our colonies? ("No, no.") Did the House suppose that England would ever have been so powerful upon the seas had it not been for her colonies? (Hear). He congratulated the noble earl the Colonial Secretary and his right hon. friend (Mr. Adderley) upon a measure which was likely to prove most beneficial, both to the mother country and to Canada.

Mr. Fortescue said it had been his fortune for some years to take an official and personal interest in colonial affairs, and he was, therefore, unwilling to allow this great measure, upon the successful introduction of which he congratulated his right hon. friend opposite to pass without remark. The occasion was one for congratulation both to our fellow subjects in North America and ourselves. The people of Canada, a name rightly retained for the Confederation, would continue to enjoy all the rights and privileges of British citizenship, and would also become members of a great community with larger opportunities for social and political distinction, and a promise of more rapid growth in wealth and strength. One point required to be carefully watched; he referred to our military expenditure in North America. (Hear.) The accounts procured some eight or ten years back by the committee upon military defences in our colonies showed that while our military expenditure was decreasing in places like the Cape and New Zealand, it had very largely increased in North America. Mr. Merivale, a most competent authority, reckoned that in 1858 our military expenditure in colonies to which we sent troops, not as a protection against native tribes, but against possible external attack (these being, almost exclusively, our North American colonies, amounted to £400,000 a-year, whereas it was now £950,000. No doubt, this large expenditure was due to exceptional causes, such as unsettled relations with the United States, and the curse of that Fenianism which the Canadians had so effectually silenced within their own borders, and so gallantly repelled from without. (Hear, hear.) They might hope that these exceptional causes would pass away, but it was of importance to remember that we were now placing our colonists in a position to play their part in the defence of their own territory more effectually than they could now. He trusted that night would see the birth of a great people in North America, which, whether in union with us, or, at a distant day in the far future, an independent nation, would continue its prosperous career in cordial friendship not only with this country, but also with that great Anglo-Saxon community on the same continent. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Hadfield condemned the haste which had been shown in pushing so important a measure through Parliament.

Mr. Marsh was of opinion that it would have been better that the Lieutenant-Governors should be appointed directly by the Crown, and not by the Governor of the Confederation, for in that case the men appointed would be less likely to be objectionable on local grounds. As far as Nova Scotia was concerned, it would have been better to have waited a little time until they should have learnt the result of the general election upon this particular point, and even if unwilling at first, he had no doubt the people of that province would come into the Confederation afterwards, just as those States of America which did not join the Union in the beginning afterwards came in. He wished to say one word as to our military expenditure in colonies. Hon. gentlemen were not, perhaps, aware that the protection of our trade cost very much more in places which were not colonies than in those which were. For instance, our expenditure in the Mediterranean, China, Japan, and South America for the protection of our trade was enormous, while it was very light as regarded our great trade with Canada and the Australian colonies.

The Bill was then read a second time.

VOLUNTEER MILITIA—HEADQUARTERS.

Ottawa, March 15th, 1867.

Grand Trunk Railway Brigade.—1st Battalion, Garrison Artillery.—To be Lieut. Colonel, acting till further orders: Major Joseph Hickson. To be Majors, acting till further orders: Captain Samuel H. Wallis, vice Hickson, promoted, Captain Fred. Chas. Stratton.

No. 1 Battery.—To be Captain, acting till further orders: 1st Lieutenant Wm. Wainwright, vice Wallis, promoted. To be 1st Lieutenant, acting till further orders: 2nd Lieut. Jno. N. Thornton, vice Wainwright, promoted. 2nd Lieut. Fred. H. Brydges is transferred from No. 2 Battery, vice Thornton, promoted.

No. 2 Battery.—To be 2nd Lieutenant, acting till further orders: Terence Wm. Elliott Gentleman, vice Brydges, transferred.

No. 4 Battery.—To be Captain, acting till further orders: 1st Lieut. Sigismund J. Doran, vice Stratton, promoted. To be 1st Lieutenant: 2nd Lieut. Alfred O. R. Huddell, vice Doran promoted. To be 2nd Lieutenant, acting till further orders: Paymaster Serjeant Robt. Higgins, vice Huddell, promoted.

2nd Battalion Rifles.—To be Lieut. Colonel, acting till further orders; Major Henry Baily. To be Majors: Capt. and Adjutant Henry Baily, vice Bailey, promoted. Capt. James Tandy, acting till further orders.

No. 2 Company.—To be Captain, acting till further orders: Lieut. Charles Blackwell, vice Tandy, promoted. To be Lieutenant: Ensign Thomas Tandy, vice Blackwell, promoted.

3rd Battalion, Rifles.—To be Lieut.-Colonel, acting till further orders: Major John Shedden. To be Majors, acting till further orders: Paymaster Henry Shackell, vice Shedden, promoted; Capt. Wm. McKechnie. To be Paymaster: Samuel Waddell, gentleman.

No. 4 Company.—To be Captain, temporary: William R. Bell, Esquire, M. S., vice McKechnie. To be Lieutenant, acting till further orders: Ensign James D. Murray, vice Penfold, left the limits. To be Ensign, acting till further orders: Serjeant William Wells, vice Murray, promoted.

4th Battalion Garrison Artillery.—To be Lieut-Colonel, acting till further orders: Major Wm. Jno. Spicer. To be Majors, acting till further orders: Captain James Stephenson. Paymaster John Bell.

No. 4. Battery.—To be Captain: Captain Charles Gilbert from No. 2 Company, 5th Battalion, vice Marks left the limits.

5th Battalion Rifles.—To be Lieut.-Colonel acting till further orders: Major Pillans S. Stevenson. To be Majors, acting till further orders: Captain Thomas Patterson, Captain Walter Wily.

Burrits Rapids Infantry Company.—To be Ensign, acting till further orders: Daniel Campbell, gentleman, vice E. Burrit resigned.

Bishop's College Rifle Company, Lennoxville.—To be Ensign, acting till further orders: Charles Pelham Mulvaney, gentleman, vice Fraser, left the limits. No. 3.—The undermentioned Battalions will be numbered as follows, viz: "Huntingdon Borderers," 50th Battalion. "Hemmingford Rangers," 51st Battalion. "Bedford" Battalion, 52nd Battalion. "Sherbrooke" Battalion, 53rd Battalion.

Two Follies.—First, to eat a hearty supper for the pleasure experienced during the brief time it is passing down the throat, at the expense of a whole night of disturbed sleep, and a weary waking in the morning. Second, to try all the remedies in existence for rheumatism, pains in the back and sides, coughs, colds, cramps, sprains, bruises, &c., before trying the "Canadian Pain Destroyer." Sold by all medicine dealers at 25 cts. per bottle.

BIRTH.

In this city, on the 14th inst., the wife of Mr. Joseph Topellben, printer, of a son—still-born.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants, where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

OTTAWA, March 18. 385b

Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE Members will take place at the NEWS ROOM,

On Wednesday next, 20th March,

AT HALF-PAST 7 P. M.,

To receive the resignation of the President, and if accepted to elect a President in his stead.

ROBERT HUNTER,
RECORDING SECRETARY.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING,

AT NO. 57,

RIDEAU-STREET.

Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1867.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed in American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada GAZETTE.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, March 15, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorized discount is declared to be this day 23 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

CITY REPRESENTATION.

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK,
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others.

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 381y

Piano-Forte Instruction.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Mono-chromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 384-3m

1867.

St. Patrick's Day.

THE

St. Patrick's Literary Association

AND THEIR FRIENDS

WILL CELEBRATE ST. PATRICK'S DAY by attending Divine Service in the Cathedral, and

A PROCESSION

Will take place immediately after. Particulars to be found in programmes issued for the occasion.

IRISHMEN and their descendants are respectfully invited to attend.

H. GALLAGHER,
Asst. Secretary.

Ottawa, March 14. 382-4

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

A Fancy Dress Entertainment

WILL BE HELD

AT THE RINK,

ON

Tuesday ev'g. next, the 19th Inst.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in Costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress, a slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No Masks allowed except by special permission.

No Gentlemen to appear in Female attire.

Those desirous of appearing in Costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary when applying for their ticket.

ADMISSION—25 cents. Skaters in Costume—Free. Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock.

Ottawa, March 11. 379td

CORNS & BUNIONS

EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for ocular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr J. Barn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838, FOR
LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:
PLACE D'ARMES.....MONTREAL.

INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A. THE BONUSES

Are paid in Money to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made *every year* in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 62½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy-holders during their own lives.

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES

Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a

Most Important Provision in Old Age

to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a

VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £1360, making the sum assured £2360, instead of £1000.

Or he may then exchange this large Bonus Addition for One Cash Payment of about £1000 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £102 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM

Can anything like the same amount of benefits be obtained, whether as regards increase of sum Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment or Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year in Class B. will receive, at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than later Entrants—the difference being probably so much as £40 in a £1000 policy.

The 28th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WARDLAW,
SECRETARY.

Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,.....Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior,.....Vacant
Alexandria,.....Mr. James Richmond
Buckingham,.....Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville,.....Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke,.....Mr. A. Irvine

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale

OF

Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—

BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT,

THE CONTENTS OF

150 PACKAGES

New Spring Dry Goods,

Just received, consisting of

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.

—AND—

The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.

Sale each day at TEN o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 13. 382td

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No 54, Sussex Street,

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEMANDS of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in FREDERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH DOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine

Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

Ætna Life Insurance Company.

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $1,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 36 years of age, costs the first year.....25.31

And each subsequent year.....26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.

R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

New Spring Goods,

New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,

ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS

Black Silk Mantle Velvets.
Fancy Dress Goods,
Black Mantle Cloths,
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings,
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

OVER 50 PACKAGES

NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufactures.

Miltons, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. P. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

N. B.—*An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 369d-w8.3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	**$3,000,000.00**
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	**$4 075,830.55**
Increased Assets in 6 months,	**$ 402,270.19**

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses.

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents.
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

IN THE PRESS,

And will be issued about 11th March,

THE

"Canadian Fruit Culturist,"

OR

"LETTERS TO AN INTENDING FRUIT-GROWER,"

ON THE

Proper Location, Soil, Preparation, Planting and After-Cultivation

OF

ORCHARDS, VINE-YARDS & GARDENS,

WITH DIRECTIONS

FOR THE BEST MODE OF CULTURE of each variety of Fruit; and select descriptive lists of the best varieties of the Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Grape, Peach, Nectarine, Apricot, Quince, Gooseberry, Currant, Blackberry and Strawberry,

Suitable for Upper and Lower Canada,

BY JAMES DOUGALL,

Windsor Nurseries, C. W.

Price: Stiff Paper Covers, 25c.: Bound in Muslin, 50c. For sale at the principal Book Stores.

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383a-12w2

O. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Notice to Contractors

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED until

Wednesday, 20th March, 1867,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

From parties desirous of contracting for the erection of a Building on Johnston's corner, Sparks-street.

Plans and Specifications, and all other information can be had on applying to the undersigned.

JAMES WADSWORTH.

Ottawa, March 14. 382td

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars

J. G. ZIMMERMAN,

Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,

Keeps on hand a good stock of imported

Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

Also, an assortment of

Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,

Which will be sold at low prices.

JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets

Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET

CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT

J. Roos, - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of

Pure Virginia Honeydew

And Natural Leaf,

The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.

CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.

Remember the Place,
24½ Sparks Street.

J. ROOS.

Ottawa, February 26. 168y

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultanas,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Elemé Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.
Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.
Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, candies, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

FOR SALE.

PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

Apply to

WILLIAM CLEGG,
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.

IN Duke-street, Chandiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to

R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

To Let, AT AYLMER.

THE COMMODIOUS AND pleasantly situated house and premises on the Court House Square, corner of Main-street—3 rooms besides kitchen and pantry, stabling for four horses, large outbuildings. Rent £35. A good piece of land in rear may also be leased.

Apply, if by letter postpaid, to

THOMAS McCORD, ESQ.,
MONTREAL.

Or to JAMES COLMAN, ESQ.,
AYLMER.

77-eodM3

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - £5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES.

London,.....Liverpool,.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1ST, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$455,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,414 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	50,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1850	$ 37,887 50	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	97,159 89
1863	256,973 55	160,454 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, } Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES WILSON, }
SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, }

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-tf

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 600 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light-House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10-121

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY.

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

The Latest in Books.

"**HUNTED TO DEATH;**" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 35td

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Botes',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,

56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 21. 293t

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa,
January 26. 33-utf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town, and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application.

For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.
380d

THO^s^ RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution *the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA, }

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: Witness, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 12-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPREsented to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE.
Ottawa, Tuesday, 14th August, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under the authority of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, 22 Victoria, chapter 28, section 85, His Excellency is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Tolls be imposed on Saw Logs, Timber, &c., passing down the slides at Chisholms Rapids, Ramsay's Falls, Middle Falls, Healy's Falls and Crooks Rapids, on the works of the River Trent, viz.:

One cent per Saw Log of thirteen feet in length and in the same proportion on pieces of greater length, and one dollar on each crib of square timber; and that the above toll of one cent be collected on such Saw Logs, and one dollar on all such Cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the opening of the present season of navigation.

W. H. LEE,
C. E. C.

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & CO. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867. 366d3w6y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(e) The place wherein is then stored.
(f) The place to which it is to be removed.
(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(i) The time at which it is to be removed.
(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner.
(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3)
of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of
at (5) to (6) , from (4) by the (7)
possession of (8) , there to be delivered into the of (9)
The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 } [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1]
from [2]
to [3] of the
undermentioned spirits equal to [4]
gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6]
and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]
The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 } Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the strength of proof for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

So by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Prtd Matter.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Veszuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "Too Late" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

CIRCULAR No. 175. No. 8.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 6, 1866.

SIR,

I have it in command to inform you that His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council of this day's date, has been pleased to renew, for a period of one month from date hereof, the Order in Council of the 19th March last, directing that "Fire Arms and Munitions of War" be imported free of duty until the 6th proximo, subject to the condition that the Importer furnish the Collector of Custom with lists of parties desirous of procuring such arms, and that such parties be known to be reliable loyal subjects, and such privilege shall extend to all such importations made upon and from this date

You are hereby authorized to refund the duties already paid upon Arms and Munitions of War imported within the period above named.

I am, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

The Collector of Customs 144-tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorised the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21ST AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. } d353-w7tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867. 366tf

By-Law No. 243.

TO PREVENT the depositing of Night-Soil, Manure, and other nauseous and unwholesome substances upon the Ice, or in the Waters of the Ottawa and Rideau Rivers, and Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CORPORation of the City of Ottawa, in Council assembled, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by authority of the same—

1. That no person shall throw, leave, deposit, or place, or cause to be thrown, left, deposited, or placed, or suffer or permit his or her servant, or servants, to throw, leave, deposit or place, any dead animal, night soil, carrion, putrid meat, or the entrails of any animal, or fresh or decayed vegetables, or any dung, dirt, filth, or rubbish of any description on the ice of, or in the waters of the Ottawa or the Rideau Rivers, or on the ice of or in the waters of the Rideau Canal, within the limits of the City of Ottawa.

2. That each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of any of the provisions of this by-law, shall, upon conviction thereof, before the Police Court, forfeit and pay a FINE of not less than TWO DOLLARS, nor more than FIFTY DOLLARS, together with the costs of prosecution, to be made and levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach; and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, with or without HARD LABOR, and for such period not exceeding TWENTY-ONE DAYS, as the Court convicting shall adjudge, unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, this Eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1867.

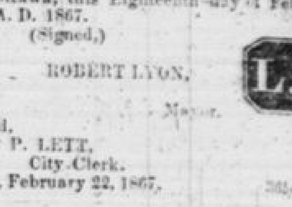
(Signed,)

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

L.S.

Certified,
W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, February 22, 1867.



BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

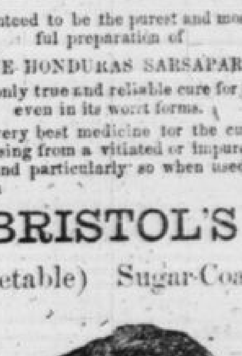
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48utf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS

DEPARTMENTAL ORDER.

Ottawa, 13th August, 1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT His Excellency the Governor General, by an Order in Council bearing this day's date, has been pleased to order and direct that, with the view of encouraging the introduction into the Province of the very important improvement of Steam Cultivation, Steam Ploughing Machines and their appurtenances be exempt from import duties for a period of two years from this date.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
Commissioner of Customs and Excise

208tf

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS.
Ottawa, June 14th, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINER

Light—Gulf of St. Lawrence, Prince Edward Island.

THE GOVERNMENT OF PRINCE EDward Island has given notice that a Light House has recently been erected on the North Point of that Island, in 47°, 3', 46" N., and Longitude 63°, 59', 9" W. The Light stands eighty feet high above water, and shows a fixed white light.

By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.
Commissioner of Customs.

154tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 386. | OTTAWA C. W. TUESDAY, MARCH 19, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 4,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 5 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorised to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 38y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 266-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 42, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf.

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public, Office, over Mr. Lake Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Hume's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c. (RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18, '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 330z

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M.D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Osgoode Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Gordon's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. R. O'CONNOR. W. R. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 79-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proff Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 3, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attentian given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. K. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
—MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 21tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 25. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is *supposed* to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11. 336tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 26-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout, this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. RAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 29. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7:50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Do. do. TROWSERINGS, ... 8.15 P.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ..... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ..... 10.15 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge*," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-14 Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Bessorer Street.
Ottawa, December 27 316tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.

COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Terry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. ☞ Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 363-w8-3m

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps.
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
J. ROOS.
Ottawa, February 26. 98y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 56" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
337tf Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 19 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47tf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Ontario College, Picton, C. W.

Fancy Goods—George W. Crane.

Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum—Robt. Hunter

The Ottawa Times

City and Country Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 19, 1867.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, March 18th, 1867.

The Hibernian Society did not parade yesterday, in consequence of an order given to the police, to prevent any attempt of the kind as likely to occasion a disturbance. There was a large attendance at the Roman Catholic places of worship yesterday. The day passed off quietly. Bishop Lynch delivered a short but energetic address on Fenianism and affairs in Ireland. He strongly censured the recourse to arms to remedy grievances which could be reformed by other means. He said Canada was the best governed country in the world, and was sure the Irish population would assist in its defence against any enemy.

A Fenian spy was brought here to-day from Suspension Bridge, where he had been arrested by a Toronto detective. On his person were found plans of the banks, hotels, and principal public buildings in this city, also lists of names of Judges, Crown Prosecutors and others who participated in the Fenian trials,—with a plan of the Niagara frontier, and other documents of a suspicious character.

A large quantity of the Spencer rifle ammunition arrived here on Saturday from London, (C. W.) under an escort of a party of volunteers.

A meeting of the Captains of vessels took place in the Exhibition Building on last Saturday. They denounced Mr. Capreol's canal scheme, and refused to permit him to address them on the subject.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 18th, 1867.

St. Patrick's Day has passed off quietly. The procession was respectable in numbers and appearance, and conducted itself in a very orderly manner. They proceeded from church through the principal streets of the city to the site of the new St. Patrick's hall, where the corner stone was laid by the Rev. Mr. Dowd, and speeches were made by the President, the Mayor, and others, after which cheers were given for Father Dowd, the new hall, and old Ireland.

The skaters are vigorously preparing at the Victoria Rink for the contest for the championship.

The Montreal light infantry and the Hochelaga battalion are under orders to be prepared for immediate service. General orders were issued to-day that every man of the regulars is to be in barracks at 4 p.m., and not to leave it after that hour.

LOCAL NEWS.

HAIR DRESSING.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh have just opened a hair dressing establishment at No. 57 Rideau-street. The saloon is fitted up with separate apartments, with a view to the accommodation of ladies as well as gentlemen. Messrs. C. & M. profess to understand the business of the "capillary artist" in all its branches.

SKATING RINK.—The following is the programme of music to be performed by the Band of the 100th Regiment at the Skating Rink, this evening:

March	Tramp, Tramp		Riviere
Overture			Scotch
Waltz	Pastoral Songs		Gales
Quadrille	St. Patrick's		Basquit
Mazurka	Herzblattchan		Laurent
Selection	Op. Elisir D'Amore		Kuhner
Lancers	Echoes of London		Donizetti
Polonaise			Coote
Galop	Stutgarter-Kourgoban		Kuhner

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, March 17, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold during previous night, 5 above zero.
9 a. m., 25 above zero.
Noon, shade, 32 above zero.

OTTAWA, March 18, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 14 above zero.
9 a. m., 19 above zero.
Noon, shade, 25 above zero.
Noon, sun, 42 above zero.
6 p. m., 24 above zero.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—Mr. Friel by offering to resign the office of President of the Mechanics' Institute, and submit to a new election virtually admits that the allegation of an incorrect return, to use no harsher word, is fully sustained; but I beg to suggest that the submission of the question to a meeting composed of members other than those present on the first occasion will be altogether unfair. That meeting was the legal one, and the persons who composed it were and ought to be considered the only legal electors. To bring together a larger number and take their votes will not rectify the wrong; and I believe it is the intention of Mr. White's supporters to protest against such a mode of proceeding should it be resorted to.

A MEMBER.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867.

—Medical men in St. Louis gravely shake their heads and say the cholera is coming.

—The immense shell combs, such as were worn forty years ago, are to supersede the waterfall.

—Prentice says: We won't believe that to kiss a pretty girl is so delicious till we have it from her own lips.

—A man advertises in a Cleveland paper for a "boy to take charge of a pair of horses of a religious turn of mind."

—They have a "baby" elephant a year and a half old, out West. The young fellow is said to be as playful as a kitten, though not quite so sprightly.

—A gentleman in Iowa advertises for a wife "who wears her own hair, her own teeth, her own cheeks, her own 'buzzum,' and her own calves, without having went and gone and paid for them." He'll do!

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

The Celebration in Ottawa.

Yesterday morning the members of the St. Patrick's Literary Society assembled at their hall, Sussex-street, at an early hour, and proceeded to the Cathedral, where a solemn High Mass was celebrated, *coram Pontifice*, by the Rev. Mr. Ryan, superior of St. Joseph's college, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Tortel, as deacon, and Mr. Barrett, as sub-deacon, his Lordship the bishop being attended by the Very Rev. V. G. Dandurand as honorary Deacon, and the Rev. Messrs. Cullen and O'Connor as Deacons.

Mr. Dossert presided at the organ; Mr Steckel led the choir as musical director. The choir sang H. Farmer's Mass in B flat. The solos of the Mass were sustained by Mrs. Dossert, Miss C. H. and M. Dossert. Mrs. Riel, and Mrs. Maria. Basso—Messrs. Tasse and Steckel.

THE SERMON.

The sermon was preached by the Rev. Mr. Merrick, S. J., of Montreal, from Genesis, 14 cap., V. 18 and 19. The rev. gentleman said if any proof were wanted of the generous character of the Irish nation, it would be found in their devotion to the memory of St. Patrick. The feast of St. Patrick was the national festival of the Irish race. Every nation had its own hero, but St. Patrick was not a hero in the popular acceptation of the term. It was as Christians rather than as Irishmen that they celebrated his festival. It was as the priest, as the apostle, who had brought their forefathers to the light of Christianity that they honored and venerated his memory. He appeared to the Irish nation as Melchisedeck had appeared to Abraham—a priest of the Most High There was no record of the parentage of Melchisedeck, and none of his descendants—he was the Priest of the Most High God. So it was with St. Patrick. Disputes had arisen as to the country of his birth and the place of his death, but the confusion and disagreement on these points proved that he had been given by God to Ireland, and not to one part, but to the whole country. Melchisedeck had blessed Abraham and his seed; so had St. Patrick blessed the people of Ireland. He had given them the precious boon of faith. No doubt their adherence to that faith, which had been matter of astonishment to the whole world, had been due in a great measure to the readiness with which their forefathers had received his instructions. Never had a country with such readiness and unanimity embraced the Christian faith—they had received it with open arms. In a few years the face of Ireland bore the aspect of an old Catholic country—churches, monasteries and convents studded the whole country, and all traces of paganism had been expunged from their laws and institutions. At the age of 60 years, St. Patrick had set out with his staff, like David of old, who went forth with his shepherd's staff to meet Goliah, and though St. Patrick had met with opposition from the Princes of the land, he had overcome every obstacle and planted the Christian faith throughout the length and breadth of the Island. In those days the faith of christendom was one—no difference of creed had intervened to mar the harmony of Christian unity: the faith which Pope Celestine had ordered to be preached to the Celts of Ireland and of Scotland was the faith they professed to-day. The rev. gentleman continued in a fervid and eloquent strain to encourage the Irish in the maintenance of the faith which had distinguished their name among the nations of the earth. He pictured Ireland as a missionary nation carrying the faith which had been planted by St. Patrick into the remotest corners of the world, and he sketched as among their proudest triumphs the bringing of the children of those who had been their persecutors to a knowledge of the faith as it had been preached to them by the great Saint whose anniversary they were met to celebrate.

THE PROCESSION.

The services in the church having been completed, the procession was marshalled under Mr. Kilduff, the grand marshall of the day. In organising the procession, a serious difficulty arose with regard to a flag having Emmet with his memorable words, "let not my epitaph be written until my country is free," on one side, and the phœnix on the other. It was understood that his Lordship the Bishop had forbidden the carrying of this flag in the procession; it had also been decided at a previous meeting of the society that it should not be carried; but a few hotheads had resolved on carrying it despite the resolution of the majority. Accordingly when it was brought out it was torn down, and a few hats were smashed more or less in the operation. After an angry discussion in St. Patrick's Hall, after the main body of the procession had passed on, the flag was again brought out, and the wind being strong it was again torn from the staff, and an attempt made to prevent its being carried. After some hard tussles in which the friends *pro* and *con* of the Emmet flag had various fortunes, and after an enthusiastic individual had explained that it had been carried in former years, both in Toronto and Montreal, and that he and his friends would bear it aloft in spite of the Bishop and any number of Priests, "fifty" we believe being the figure set at defiance. The obnoxious flag was got into trim and its partizans followed the general procession through the principal streets as previously announced by programme. There were in the procession several handsome banners, the best, perhaps, the Irish Harp in gold on a green ground with a red cross in the St Andrew's form on the obverse on a ground of white. Another banner was carried in the procession which excited no little indignation among some, who profess to know its meaning. It was a Golden Sunburst with a golden crown in the centre. This was said to have been a genuine Fenian flag, but we are inclined to doubt it. If poor Emmet, who, if he had lived now would probably have been in receipt of $5,000 a year from the government, was objected to, we can hardly understand why the other flag should have been deemed in the remotest degree "treasonable." It is but right to add that the contestants in favor of the Emmet flag were, like their opponents, in their sober senses, so that the question remains yet a matter of debate, whether or not such an emblem should have been hoisted on St. Patrick's Day. Those who brought it out we understand pleaded "use and wont," and so the matter, in so far as we were able to understand it, after diligent enquiry, rests. How it may be finally settled we know not, and we beg to state in advance that we do not profess to be judges.

Among the flags which challenged attention the "Sunburst" with the Crown in the centre, encountered no small degree of hostile criticism. It was not objected to, however, and the lengthy procession, embracing perhaps some two thousand people, walked its appointed course unmolested, and returned to St. Patrick's Hall, where in expectation of meeting the leading members of the society many had rushed in to secure seats. Mr. O'Hanly and the Rev. Father O'Brien addressed the meeting, but both were imperfectly heard. Another gentleman was introduced, a Mr. Lyon, an Irishman, who, after dwelling at some length on various topics, paid a high compliment to Mr. Bright, the great agitator, and said the English people were noted for their great love of fair play all the world over, and he felt confident that though the Irish people should never strike a blow for their liberty, all that they required would be obtained for them by the English people alone. (Great and prolonged cheering followed this utterance.) He thanked God that they were not dependant upon their own leaders for the fulfilment of their hopes for Ireland, but that such a man as John Bright, and the English people were ready and willing to give them full justice. At the end of a lengthy and interesting speech in this style, Mr. Lyon proposed three hearty cheers for John Bright and the English people. This was followed by three such cheers as are seldom heard out of England. Another speaker stepped forward and asked for the leaders whom they had placed in power and trust? The people should look to these and take care of them in future. Cheers were given for Father O'Brien, and groans for the absent leaders of the organization, when the meeting quietly dispersed. Of the men and boys who an hour before were walking in procession very few were to be found on the streets. Most of them had returned to their homes in town and country, and a few to the taverns. Only one accident happened during the day, and that was unattended by personal injury. The accident alluded to, was this,—while the procession was going up Sparks-street opposite the TIMES office one of the horses attached to a cutter got his foot over the trace, became restive, frightening the other and both plunged on to the sidewalk, and got their heads through the front window of Beach's lamp and oil store, by which three or four panes of glass and some lamps were broken. In a few minutes satisfaction was rendered, and the cutter proceeded on its way in the procession.

THE DINNER.

The dinner in the afternoon was largely attended, and in every sense a complete success. R. W. Scott, Esq., occupied the chair, W. F. Powell, Esq., Sheriff of Carleton, occupied the first vice-chair, M. P. Hayes, Esq., of the Royal Canadian Bank the second, and James Cotton, Esq., of THE OTTAWA TIMES the third vice-chair. Among the gentlemen present we noticed on the right of the chairman, Dr. Adamson, Solicitor-General Cockburn, Rev. J. S. Lauder, His Worship the Mayor, Judge Armstrong, E. McGillivray, Esq., ex-Ald. Goodwin. On the left, Hon. Mr. Campbell Commissioner of Crown Lands, Col. Campbell of the 100th Regiment, Rev. E. McD. Dawson, Col. Wily, Rev. Mr. Ryan, President St Joseph's College and the Rev. Mr. Nesbit. In the body of the hall we also noticed Capt. Brown and Capt. Lasenby of the 100th, the Rev. Dr. Jones, W. B. Lindsay, Esq., Clerk of the Legislative Assembly, T. D. Harington, Deputy Receiver-General, W. Dickenson, Deputy Inspector-General, Geo. Futvoye, Esq., Chief Clerk C. L. Dept. L. C., Hon. J. Skead, M. Stevenson, Ontario Bank, M. J. Higgins, Esq., H. Cotton, Esq., M. K. Dickinson, Esq., ex-Mayor, Mr. Patrick, Mr. P. A. Loftus, &c., &c.

The dinner was such as to reflect the greatest credit on Mr. KAVANAGH, of the Queen Saloon, who had been chosen as the caterer for the occasion. The following is the bill of fare which was served in a manner highly creditable to Mr. Kavanagh and his assistants:—

SOUP.—Oyster and Mock Turtle.

BOILED.—Round Beef, Tongues, Boned Turkey—Garnished with Calf Foot Jelly, Hams, Jellied, Yorkshire Hams, Tongues Jellied, Boar's Head, Ornamented.

ROAST.—Turkey, Chicken, Duck, Saddle of Mutton, Roast Beef, Raised Pies, Haunch Venison, Hot—Currant Jelly.

ENTREES.—Lobster Salad, Chicken Salad, Monjannaise du move, Monjannaise du Poulete.

GAME.—Black Duck—Port Wine Sauce.

VEGETABLES—DESSERT.—Rum Jelly, Sherry Jely, Blanc Mange, Whipped Cream, Charlotte Russe.

FRUIT.—Apples, Oranges, Raisins, Almonds, &c., &c., &c.

The viands having been satisfactorily disposed of

The Chairman called upon the company to fill for the first toast of the evening. He begged to apologise for the imperfect preparations which had been made for the reception of the guests, but circumstances had reduced them to the necessity of putting up with such accommodations as they had. He then in a few well chosen words proposed the toast of "Her Majesty the Queen." So long as the Victoria tower stood in front of the magnificent pile of public buildings, they had in Ottawa a special reason for gratitude towards Her Majesty, by whose selection this city had been made the capital of Canada. (Cheers)

The toast was enthusiastically received.

Band God Save the Queen.

The Chairman next gave the Prince of Wales and the rest of the Royal family. It was a fortunate thing for Ottawa that the Prince of Wales' name was linked with the city in regard to the public buildings. He had laid the foundation of those buildings which had been created here in obedience to her Majesty's decision, and he (the chairman), considered that from the fact of the Queen's choice and the Prince of Wales' laying the corner stone, Ottawa was well assured of the capital. (Cheers.)

The Chairman next proposed the health of the Administrator Sir J. Michel—a distinguished soldier entrusted with the conduct of the administration in the absence of Lord Monck. He thought it unfortunate that Sir John had inflicted absenteeism on Ottawa, but Sir John had, however, explored the Ottawa Valley with Admiral Hope—and he doubted not they had made a report in favor of the opening of the canal which would yet be the great work of Canada. (Cheers).

Band—St. Patrick's Day.

The Chairman next proposed "The army, the navy, and the volunteers." In proposing this toast they had the additional pleasure of having present the commandant of the 100th regiment, which might truly be called a Canadian regiment. As for the British navy it has always been forward in naval warfare. The experiment of the United States in placing six-inch armour plates between their sailors and the enemy had been thought to prove the insufficiency of the wooden walls of England, but he thought if Nelson had been compelled to sight the enemy from the bottom of his flagship with a glass they never would have heard of the victory of Trafalgar, and he thought that the experience of the *Miantonomah* was such as to warrant them in believing that their main trust was still in the courage and daring of British seamen, with which he felt assured they could still back their wooden walls against the ironclads of the world. (Cheers). As to the volunteers, he need but allude to one circumstance, to show that the conduct of the volunteers had raised the character of the country in the estimation of the English public. When 20,000 men were called for, the volunteers responded by offering 35,000, and this one circumstance did more than any thing else in England to dispel the feeling that this Province was verging towards annexation. This single act of the volunteers turning out so nobly, had established the reputation of this country in England more than any other circumstance that had occurred. He concluded by calling upon the company to drink to the Army, the Navy and the Volunteers, (great cheering and "one cheer more" for the 100th Regiment.)

Music by the Band.

Col. Campbell returned thanks on behalf of the Army and Navy. He was happy to have the sister branches of the British service united in one toast, for they were never in a more prosperous condition than at present—at least their love for Queen and country had never been greater than it was at the present day. One word more he wished to say before sitting down—though not an Irishman, he had spent four years in Ireland and knew the country from one end to the other—from the Giant's Causeway to Cork, (cheers) and he could bear testimony to the fact that he had never met a more generous or hospitable people than the Irish. (Cheers.)

T. D. Harington, Esq., responded on behalf of the navy. He thanked Col. Campbell for having included the navy in his response, but as one who, had he might almost say, been born and brought up with the navy, he wished to say a few words in its behalf. No doubt should the army of Britain ever want transport from one position to another the navy would always be ready to help them, but beyond this they might have occasion to fight their battles on very different ground. The Chairman had alluded somewhat disparagingly to the wooden walls of England, but he felt that those walls were still able to hold their own.

The Chairman said his friend had misunderstood him.

Mr. Powell (Vice-Chairman,) could hardly understand why Mr. Harington could say the Chairman had spoken *ironically* when he had given the preference to *wooden* ships (laughter).

Col. Wily responded on behalf of the Volunteers. He was happy to see volunteers associated with the army and navy of England. Though they were the youngest branch of the service he had no doubt but that they would do their duty as they had done before. There was one circumstance which he felt sure would inspire them to do their duty by their country, and that was, that Her Majesty had provided that the Victoria Cross should be awarded to them on the same terms as to soldiers of the regular service (cheers). He would be delighted above all things to see a Canadian Volunteer with the Victoria Cross, which they could earn on the same terms as any one of Her Majesty's troops (cheers.)

Song—Mr. Higgins—"Britannia, the gem of the ocean."

The Chairman then gave the Health of Her Majesty's Ministers of Canada. He had just learned that it was not a vote of confidence. (Laughter.) However, even if it were he thought few would hesitate to do it honor. (Hear, hear.) It had been the custom in England always to drink to Her Majesty's Ministers, and the custom was one worthy of imitation in Canada. Alarm had been taken by our friends on the other side at the prospect of forming a kingdom of Canada, but this alarm would pass away and they would come to understand that they had nothing to fear from our new constitution.

Hon. Mr. Campbell could well believe that his friend intended to have proposed the health of Her Majesty's Canadian Ministers, for he thought the absent ones were perhaps more in their recollection than those that were present. He wished that Mr. Macdonald or Mr. McGee were here instead of his trying to return thanks for them in their absence. He was happy they had arrived opportunely to be present to do honor to the patron Saint of Ireland, and he hoped the respectable Saint in whose honor they had met would feel pleased to see them all united in celebrating his anniversary in a friendly manner to the credit of all parties they were united in a friendly spirit—and he hoped and believed the holy saint did look down and witness this kind of feeling. He was glad of the kindly feeling in Ottawa, and hoped it might be so throughout the country (cheers.) He had no doubt but that Irishmen in time of war, would follow this example set them in time of peace (great cheers). He hoped the example which the capital had set would be followed, and that with all classes united together they had the best guarantees of future peace and prosperity. He felt when speaking in Ottawa that an apology was due for the absence of Ministers from the capital. Among the reasons for this, were, 1st, the Governor has not been able to reside here on account of his residence not being fit to live in. Ministers had borne the inconvenience of meeting him in Montreal rather than calling him here where he had no residence. Another reason was, that the absence of several of the Ministers in England made the absence of those who remained more particularly noticed, than it would otherwise have been had all the Ministers been in the country. He might instance another reason they expected from month to month to be turned out. They were a moribund government, Confederation won't soon turn them all adrift, and, therefore, they could not be expected to come here with their families and incur any great expenses. He also thought that the duties of Ministers had been as well performed as ever they were before. With regard to Ottawa he hoped to be a regular visitor for many years to come. Though he might not occupy a place in the new government, he would say that he did expect to be called to the Legislative Council, and he hoped, if his health was spared to pay many visits to Ottawa. He took great interest in the prosperity of Ottawa. He would not refer to their great staple, as he saw others present who better understood the subject, but as the canal had been alluded to, he might say that he had made the trip from Lake Huron and French River by Lake Nipissing, and he was astonished at the great facilities for the construction of this canal, which must be built very soon. In fact, it was a route which presented so many natural temptations for a canal that he did not see how an engineer, with money, could resist the building of it. It would, undoubtedly, be built to this city, which was the capital of Canada, and had an anchorage that would make it the capital for a generation to come. (Cheers). Mr. Campbell then alluded to the defence of the country, and as Minister of Militia, stated that 27,000 volunteers answered to their names at roll call—all were well equipped, with volunteer field batteries fully appointed, and if the foe should come, he felt confident that the country was in a secure position of defence, and would be able promptly to repel the invaders. (Cheers).

Solicitor-General Cockburn was loudly called for. He said it was very gratifying that throughout Canada Catholics and Protestants stood side by side in their loyalty to the Crown of England. He held that there were no disloyal Irishmen in Canada (cheers). There were, it was true, some who would utter a sneer against the loyalty of Irishmen, men perhaps who in the hour of trial would hardly stand forward themselves—men who never think of our history—men who forget the lessons of the past; but to suppose that he should sympathise with the quarrels which might now be raging in Ireland, would be a libel on the Irish head and the Irish heart of this country (cheers.) The union of all the provinces having taken place, and perhaps at this very time it had received the Royal sanction, the Union Jack should be held higher than ever. When England, Ireland and Scotland would be reproduced in this Western world, and in union and good feeling under the flag of England, we should above all things, seek to bury the hatchet among our different societies, and if any bad feeling did exist the present was the time to cry it down. Again returning thanks for the honor done the toast Mr. Cockburn resumed his seat amid the applause of the audience.

The Chairman read the following letter, having explained that he received it at an earlier part of the evening, but had not opened it:

The Rev. Mr. O'Connor begs to inform the gentlemen of the Committee for the dinner of St. Patrick's Day, that the Right Reverend Bishop on account of duties which he has to attend to, cannot have the honor to accept the invitation which the gentlemen of the Committee have been so kind as to address to him. Mr. O'Connor is desired to say at the same time that the Bishop warmly sympathises with the objects intended to be promoted by a friendly meeting of Irishmen of all denominations, and hopes that so good an example will not be without its influence—will not fail to strengthen that neighborly feeling which ought to prevail between all members and classes of the community, and in so important a crisis in the history of the country, produce the impression founded on fact, that Canadians of all creeds and nationalities are an *united* as well as a loyal people.

Hon. Mr. Campbell proposed the health of the Bishop of Ottawa, and the clergymen present.

Dr. Adamson responded—He little thought he would be called upon to respond to the toast of the health of the Catholic Bishop of Ottawa and his clergy. He was very happy, however, to see the way in which that toast had been received by the company. He said Catholics and Protestants ought to be grateful to the Catholic Bishop and clergymen, for the manner in which they opposed the treasonable designs of foreign emissaries. In his native land there was a story that a dispute had arisen as to the day on which St. Patrick was born—some said it was the 8th and some had said it was the 9th—and this dispute was the cause of the first faction fight in Ireland. (Laughter.) Now to heal this trouble a respectable clergyman—he need not say that he was a Catholic when he told them his name was Mulcahey, (laughter) in his zeal to put an end to the quarrel, suggested that as 8 and 9 made 17, they should combine and celebrate St. Patrick's festival on that day, for either the baby had been a day too soon or the clock had been too late, for no baby could have two birthdays unless he had been a twin. (Laughter.) He (Dr. A.,) believed that Ireland had at length combined. He remembered that many years ago when there was rebellion in Ireland, there had been thirty-two murders in a single county in one month, and now they found in spite of the infamous rascals of head centres in Chicago, Buffalo, New York and other American cities, that in the last attempt at rebellion in Ireland of which they had the full accounts, only one poor Catholic policeman had been killed, and he had been shot in the back. (Cheers.) After a few other remarks *apropos* to the subject and the occasion, the Rev. Dr. resumed his seat amid the plaudits of the company.

Rev. Mr. Ryan was not at all prepared to speak, nor did he expect to be called upon when he accepted the invitation to attend their social gathering. But really his venerable and much respected countryman (Dr. Adamson) had touched a chord in his heart, which made it impossible for him to remain silent. It was the feeling of sympathy and cordiality which had been so well expressed that had touched him, feelings which from his heart he reciprocated, not only towards the people of Ottawa, but in an especial manner towards the Protestant clergymen of Ottawa, whose kindly sympathy and exertions in the cultivation of good feeling among all classes he most heartily and willingly acknowledged. Were the Bishop present, he felt sure that his Lordship would feel thankful to God as he did for the cordiality of feeling manifested, and he begged to return his sincere thanks for the manner in which the toast had been received (cheers).

The Vice-Chairman said he had once been in political life, and may have even aspired to office, but never was he so tempted to aspire as now when the thing was beyond his reach, and when he had just heard from his friend the Hon Mr. Campbell, that the duties of Ministers were better discharged in their absence than when they were present (laughter). He feared this was rather a dangerous doctrine, as the people might take it into their heads to get along without a Ministry altogether (renewed laughter). *Badinage* apart however, the toast he had been called upon to propose was the National Societies. He did not know but that there might be some who thought we should forego our distinctive societies, and form one National Canadian Society; but he was not one of them. He thought the associations called forth by these national societies were holy and noble—the recollections they inspired were the best that could touch the feelings of our nature. He regretted, but he hoped that would be the last St. Patrick's Day on which he would have occasion to express it that there was not one truly national society in which Irishmen both Catholic and Protestant could unite. (Great cheering.) He hoped from what had taken place that day that such a society would be formed. Had they not before them the example of their clergymen, both Catholic and Protestant were present on this occasion. The national societies to which the toast referred were unfortunately not represented by their Presidents—that of the St. Andrew's Society was absent through sickness in his family, while that of St. George's Society had been sick himself for some weeks.

A Voice—We have the vices present.

Mr. Powell—No doubt we have the vices of all the societies well represented, (laughter,) but he was speaking of their Presidents, not their vices. (Laughter.) He had just received from the President of the St. Jean Baptiste Society a letter in which the President, after excusing himself for non-attendance desired that the band should play *Vive La Canadienne*. (Cheers.) He called upon the company to honor the toast of "The National Societies.' (Cheers)

Band—*Vive La Canadienne.*

T. D. Harington, Esq., Vice-President of St. George's Society, responded in a humorous speech, in which he expressed the desire to be an Englishman on St. George's day, and an Irishman on St. Patrick's day, a Scotchman on St. Andrew's day and a Frenchman on the festival of St. Jean Baptiste. He did not see why they could not all have four or five jolly days in the year instead of one. (Laughter.)

E. McGillivray, Esq., responded on behalf of St. Andrew's society—The manner in which the toast had been received was most gratifying to him. It was with much pleasure that he would say there was no man whether Englishman, Irishman or Scotchman who did not feel proud of his country. As a native Canadian he was proud of his Scotch descent, and he thought the people of this country destined to a great future; they had a great country and they were a loyal population, no matter what their original country. He referred to the advantages conferred by the national societies and concluded by returning thanks for the honor done to the toast.

Mr. J. P. Macpherson was called upon, as the senior officer of St. Andrew's Society present, and made a few remarks in response to the toast.

Mr. Kimber also responded in an eloquent address.

Judge Armstrong, after laying claims to extraordinary antiquity as an Irishman, which the company apparently believed to be not over well founded, said he had great pleasure in listening to the remarks of his friends, the Rev. Dr. Adamson, and the Rev. Mr. Ryan. They had brought joy and gladness to his heart, all the more so that he had always labored to bring all classes of his countrymen together in unity (cheers). After a short and pithy speech the judge proposed "The Day and all who honor it."

Music—Band.

Mr. Cotton next proposed the "members of the Legislature," one of the most important toasts of the evening. The country has had their services so far, and now as they were about to become defunct by the act of our gracious Queen, we should forget their faults, and only remember their good qualities (hear, hear).

Song—by the company—For they are jolly good fellows.

Band—Canadian Boat Song.

The Hon. Mr. Skead responded in a neat and appropriate speech.

Mr. Hayes proposed "The land we left," in an eloquent address, regretting that it had not been proposed at an earlier hour of the evening. In a logical and well presented argument he contended that true patriotism for Ireland was to be loyal to the British throne.

Mr. McCarron responded.

Mr. Powell proposed "The land of our adoption" in an eloquent speech.

Rev. Mr. Dawson was called upon to respond. He regarded Canada as being as much of a monarchy as any other portion of the Queen's dominions. It had been said by a distinguished member of the House of Commons, that Canadian loyalty had its price, but he contended that it had no price; that it could not be paid for—it was a matter of feeling of which the Canadians could not divest themselves. (Hear, hear.) They were eminently a monarchical people, the rev. gentleman referred to the historical traditions of the leading nationalities in our population to shew that they were all inbred with monarchical principles, and contended that facts fully warranted the belief that the Irish people were satisfied to look for Reform through constitutional means. Reforms must come in spite of fossil Tories, a race which was almost extinct, or of Radicals like Mr. Bright, and in spite of all extremists whom he wished to see *in extremis*. (Great (Laughter.) He was not an extreme man himself and though he wished to see the extremists *in extremis*, he begged them to understand that he would not like to see them without the benefit of clergy. (Laughter.) Mr Dawson concluded an eloquent speech by hoping that the union about to take place would be a prosperous one—that the people would not only be united by act of Parliament, but also by community of feeling.

The Hon. Mr. Campbell proposed the Mayor and Corporation (cheers.)

His Worship the Mayor responded, acknowledging the compliment to the Corporation. He made a running commentary on the toasts previously proposed, and excused himself from further attendance on the ground that the Council was then in session.

Dr. Adamson, on the invitation of the Chairman, proposed "The Ladies." After professing his preference for the terms "wife," "sister," "daughter," he made a touching allusion to his experience in Montreal in 1847 during the prevalence of the emigrant fever, when, as he stated, he saw the devoted Sisters of Charity in daily attendance upon the sick and dying, doing even the roughest offices for their comfort. Twenty-six Sisters of Charity offered up their lives in that trying season, and as fast as one was gone another took her place. The pathetic and eloquent language of the Rev. Dr. visibly moved the audience, and when listening with breathless attention to his words he abruptly called on the company to drink to the toast of the "ladies." It was responded to with a degree of feeling and we might almost say solemnity, which we at all events, have never before witnessed on such an occasion.

W. F. Powell, Esq., briefly introduced the toast of "The Press."

Mr. Alex. Robertson of the TIMES responded.

The health of mine host and hostess was then proposed and enthusiastically honored—every one feeling that Mr. KAVANAGH had established a new claim to the patronage of the public by the excellent manner in which he had catered for the company.

A few "volunteers" concluded the proceedings of one of the most successful entertainments ever held in the city.

TELEGRAPHIC

Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

All Quiet in Ireland.

LONDON, March 17.—The fears that the Fenians would attempt another general rising to-day, have not been realised. Despatches from all parts of the island, report the country quiet. Frequent arrests were made in the disaffected districts.

All Quiet in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, March 17.—No disturbance was created here by the Fenians to-day, and the city is entirely tranquil.

The New Reform Bill—Extension of the Franchise.

LONDON, March 17.—The Reform Bill which is to be brought into Parliament by the Government to-morrow, will give the right of suffrage to rate-paying householders, after two years residence to men paying one pound yearly taxes, or having thirty pounds in a savings bank, or fifty pounds in the funds, and to all members of the learned professions and graduates of the Universities. The bill also provides for a fifteen pound franchise in the counties.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Erecting a Hole in the Ground!

NEW YORK, March 18.—The *Times'* telegram says, P. J. Sullivan, who has been nominated Minister to Bogota will probably be rejected. It is found that Sullivan is the lawyer who brought a suit against a man for erecting a hole in the ground as alleged in the lawyer's pleadings.

An Hotel Clerk Falls Heir to Eight Millions of Dollars.

MEMPHIS, March 16.—S. H. Rowland, clerk at the Worsham House, has received news from England of having fallen heir to an estate of eight millions of dollars.

Sufferings from the Recent Flood.

CAIRO, March 17.—Great suffering exists in Mound City in consequence of the inundation of that town. The citizens of Cairo today sent up a boat with provisions and $1500 for the sufferers.

Snow Storm in the States.

BUFFALO, March 17.—A driving snow storm prevented the celebration on St. Patrick's Day. At St. James' Hall, President Roberts addressed an audience of about 800 persons. He was followed by Senator Morrison. Both expressed a great lack of confidence in the present movement in Ireland. About fifty young men were enlisted and two hundred dollars were subscribed.

BOSTON, March 17.—A snow storm commenced last evening; up to 11 o'clock p. m., about one foot of snow had fallen.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The snow storm continues unabated. The funeral of the late Hiram Woodruff took place yesterday.

PORTLAND, ME., March 17.—A heavy snow storm prevailed all day.

Heavy Snow Slide.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 17.—A snow slide occurred March 1st, in the town of Kearsage, Nevada, killing one person and destroying nine houses.

St. Patrick's Day in the States.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Nearly the whole of our Irish population are in the streets to-day, either in civic and military processions, or as spectators. The occasion being the observance of St. Patrick's Day.

CINCINNATI, March 18.—St. Patrick's Day was celebrated to-day with unusual enthusiasm. The various societies turned out and paraded the principal streets. A regiment of Fenians turned out fully armed and equipped.

The Telegraph Lines Down in Ireland.

NEW YORK, March 18.—We are without our usual cable despatches to-day, on account of the breakage of the Irish land lines connecting the cable with London and Liverpool. The receipt of private despatches from Valentia and Heart's Content of to-day's date indicate that the American land lines as well as the cable itself are intact. Nothing is known as to the cause of the sudden break in the connection in Ireland; whether it is the work of the Fenians or the result of a disastrous storm is of course mere conjecture.

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's world's hair restorer and dressing acts upon the roots, producing rapid growth and new life. Sold by all druggists.

—They work the Parliament of Finland in five different languages. The Finnish comes in last, and it is only used by the peasant members.

—A woman died recently near London, who every day, for thirty years, had followed about a man who had agreed to marry her, but broke his vows.

—A rowdy who lately burst into a house in Ohio expecting to have everything his own way, was astonished by a ferocious young lady armed with a tomahawk, who left an immense amount of her autograph in red ink on his face. Verdict was, served him right.

—A New York clergyman recently, in the course of a sermon bewailing the coldness of his flock in religious matters, said that the kind of conversion most sought after by church members of late had been the conversion of seven-thirties.

IS HEALTH WORTH HAVING?—If it is, protect it; it is a jewel so easily lost as virtue, and in many cases as difficult to recover. In this climate, and more particularly at this season of the year, people are very apt to take cold and suffer from sore throat, coughs, spitting of blood and pulmonary complaints generally, which, if not checked immediately, lead to serious consequences. The question arises—which is the quickest and most effectual remedy? Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers have been before the public for twenty years, and have always given perfect satisfaction, and invariably effect a permanent cure when taken in season. Sold by all medicine dealers and country stores generally throughout the province, at 25cts. per box.

VERY NATURAL.—When a person has proved an article and found it good, and answering the purpose for which it is intended, he will not readily abandon it for one of doubtful reputation, or concerning which he knows nothing. We are led to make these remarks owing to the course always pursued by those who have used that celebrated and truly valuable horse-medicine known as "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy"—all are so well pleased with it that they will not use any other; many have waited several weeks until the agent could obtain a new supply. There is nothing equal to it as a Condition Medicine, or for any complaint affecting the wind of horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hard y Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!

—AND—

HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winsl

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

A Fancy Dress Entertainment
WILL BE HELD
AT THE RINK,
ON
Tuesday ev'g. next, the 19th Inst.

REGULATIONS:

None but subscribers, and those introduced by them, will be admitted to skate.

No person will be allowed on the ice except in Costume.

Ladies not required to assume any particular dress, a slight deviation from the ordinary skating dress being in their case considered sufficient.

No Masks allowed except by special permission.

No Gentlemen to appear in Female attire.

Those desirous of appearing in Costume are requested to leave their names and description of dress with the Secretary when applying for their ticket.

ADMISSION—25 cents. Skaters in Costume—Free. Doors open at half-past 7 o'clock.

Ottawa, March 11. 370d

CORNS & BUNIONS EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for ocular proofs:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J. Barn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

☞ Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to; and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 355d

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 381y

Piano-Forte Instruction.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptoress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Monochromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Bope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 384-3m

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Steel & Lover, Architects, &c.
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-uf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!
AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

LIFE ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS *are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's* PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME, *with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.*

The Policy-holder thus obtains
A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,
OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE
OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY,
without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.

CANADA,—*MONTREAL*,—PLACE D'ARMES.

Directors.

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E. Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen., C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Com. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (J. Redpath & Son.)

Solicitors,—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary,—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies,—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.
Honorary Director.
Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.
Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer, ... Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior, ... Vacant
Almonte, ... Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham, ... Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville, ... Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke, ... Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 359-5A

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale
OF
Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—
BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT,
THE CONTENTS OF
150 PACKAGES
New Spring Dry Goods,
Just received, consisting of
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.
—AND—

The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.
Sale each day at TEN o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 13. 382d

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,
Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.
SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.
O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,
No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in FRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING.
AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET.
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

☞ All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 8. 385-3m

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, of THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

New Spring Goods,
New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,
ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets.
Fancy Dress Goods.
Black Mantle Cloths,
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings,
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

OVER 50 PACKAGES
NEW
SPRING DRY GOODS!
TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED BY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milinery, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 15. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; H. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.
Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!
—AT—
GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,
MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF
New Whitney and Horse Blankets!
OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents.
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

IN THE PRESS,

And will be issued about 11th March,
THE
"Canadian Fruit Culturist,"
OR
"LETTERS TO AN INTENDING FRUIT-GROWER,"
ON THE
Proper Location, Soil, Preparation, Planting and After-Cultivation
OF
ORCHARDS, VINE-YARDS & GARDENS,
WITH DIRECTIONS
FOR THE BEST MODE OF CULTURE of each variety of Fruit; and select descriptive lists of the best varieties of the Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Grape, Peach, Nectarine, Apricot, Quince, Gooseberry, Currant, Blackberry and Strawberry,
Suitable for Upper and Lower Canada,
BY JAMES DOUGALL,
Windsor Nurseries, C. W.

Price: Stiff Paper Covers, 25c.; Bound in Muslin, 40c. For sale at the principal Book Stores.

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383a-12w2

C. BANSLEY & CO.
No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,
Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!
AND
Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $48, and without profits $43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year $5.31

And each subsequent year $6.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent.
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine

Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

☞ Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance
COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.
OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1ST, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	168,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 322y

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandize at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-Street,
Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,
(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)
SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultanas,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants,
Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety;
Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:
English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kilfend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:
Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:
DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy,
Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:
Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, Soap,
andles, Tapioca,
Barley, Ground Rice,
Sago, Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 240 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

Apply to
WILLIAM CLEGG.
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street; a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; in Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO—

THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

To Let,
AT AYLMER.

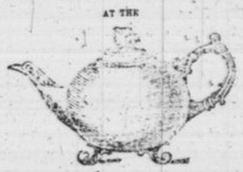
THE COMMODIOUS AND pleasantly situated house and premises on the Court House Square, corner of Main-street—9 rooms besides kitchen and pantry, stabling for four horses, large outbuildings. Rent £35. A good piece of land in rear may also be leased.

Apply, if by letter postpaid, to

THOMAS McCORD, ESQ.,
MONTREAL.
Or to JAMES COLMAN, ESQ.,
AYLMER.

77-eodM1

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,
NOW ON SALE
AT THE



1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on the premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS.

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquets

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!
BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75c. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by
W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24
Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.
STILL WE PROGRESS.
OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.

THOMAS BIRKETT.
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Notice to Contractors

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED until

Wednesday, 20th March, 1867,

At 12 o'CLOCK, NOON,

From parties desirous of contracting for the erection of a Building on Johnston's corner, Sparks-street.

☞ Plans and Specifications, and all other information can be had on applying to the undersigned.

JAMES WADSWORTH.

Ottawa, March 14. 382tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and, if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10-121

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.: Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 13 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application. For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.
3[illegible]

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave-Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind,* and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses;* also, as a *Condition Medicine,* surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THO'S RUSSELL & SON

TO H. M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution *the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139v

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do. of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

HOW DO YOU DO, FRIEND? Where are you bound for now? I am going to

CRANE'S VARIETY STORE!

To get some of his HOLIDAY PRESENTS. They say he has got the *best assortment in Town.* Well, come along; I'll go where the crowd goes. Crane is just the man TO SELL CHEAP. Yes, that is my motto, "small profits and quick returns."

I have just received a large assortment of TOYS of all descriptions. Also a nice lot of

Concertinas, Ladies' Work Boxes,

Ladies' Companions, Vases, Portfolios,

Magic Photographs!

Albums, Mirascopes, Stereoscopes and Views, GIFT BOOKS, Prince of Wales' Cabinet of Stationery, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks Street,
First door west of Bate's.

Ottawa, December 9. 2603m

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

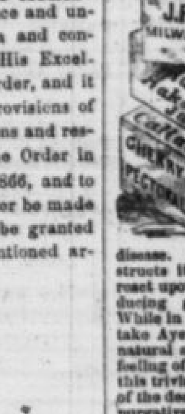
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Billious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368dw9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say:

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(e) The place wherein is then stored.
(f) The place to which it is to be removed.
(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(i) The time at which it is to be removed.
(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner,
(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper especially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

245-tf

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) , there to be delivered into the (7) possession of (8) of (9)

The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be during removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 . [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8]

The duty having been [9]

This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, casks, kegs or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 . Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division.

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B." as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P, at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the strength of proof for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At a Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 210, Ottawa. 384a

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Pnted Matter.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America. { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, PurtoPrincipe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side }	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY OF OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette,* by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments,	Patent Medicines
Shop Fittings,	Drysalteries,
Perfumery,	Dye Goods,
Drugs,	Colors,
Paints,	Lozenges,
Glassware,	Chemicals,
Medicine Chests,	Oilmen's Stores,
Storekeepers	Veterinary
Sundries.	Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "Pulmonic Wafers," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, [illegible]
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867.

Among the most important of modern Medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.
General Agents for Canada.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867.

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, the circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine and original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER, SCALD HEAD AND SCURVY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S (Vegetable) Sugar-Coated

PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS.

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in all cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest and quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists. [illegible] Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, W. M. Massey, MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Mortimer.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 40, [illegible] Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

VOL. II. NO[illegible]

THE

Ottawa Daily [illegible]

Published every morning, Sunday [illegible]

[illegible] Cotton, Publisher and [illegible]

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY [illegible] enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION [illegible] published in the Ottawa Valley [illegible] over 2,000; and Weekly [illegible] a total circulation in the [illegible] thus outstripping all [illegible] the best medium for business [illegible]

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in [illegible] rates: Cards of from 3 to 6 lines [illegible] payable in advance only [illegible] Advertisements, first insertion [illegible] subsequent insertions, per line [illegible] Yearly advertisers specially [illegible] liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. [illegible], 54, Park Row, New York, are General Advertising Agents, [illegible] to receive Advertisements for the [illegible]

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HA[illegible]
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancers and [illegible] of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa, February 26, 1867.

WILLIAM MOSG[illegible]
LAW, Chancery and [illegible] OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block [illegible], C. W.

ROSS & PARS[illegible]
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancers, [illegible] Office: Elgin Street, opposite the [illegible] ALEXANDER ROSS. [illegible] Ottawa, July 28.

D. O'CONNO[illegible]
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa [illegible] February 21, 1866.

HAYCOCK & HA[illegible]
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Chancery, Conveyancers, [illegible] OFFICE: Post Office Building, [illegible] B. HAYCOCK. [illegible] February 7, 1866.

A. F. BOUCH[illegible]
ADVOCATE. Office: N[illegible] Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouche[illegible] prepared to attend promptly to [illegible] Government employes, and the [illegible] entrust him. Mr. B. attends [illegible] in and for the district of Qu[illegible] December 28, 1865.

COLMAN & W[illegible]
ADVOCATES, Barrister[illegible] Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C.[illegible] Mr. Wright will attend at Hull [illegible] days of every week. [illegible] COLMAN. W. McKAY W[illegible] Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

P. J. BUCKLEY
BARRISTER and Att[illegible] Solicitor-in-Chancery, and [illegible] Office, over Mr. Luke Cuzner [illegible] Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. [illegible] January 17, 1867.

AUGUSTUS KE[illegible]
BARRISTER and Att[illegible] Solicitor in Chancery, Conv[illegible] Office: Opposite Post Office, [illegible] lately occupied as the Ca[illegible] Ottawa, March 30.

J. F. BOULT[illegible]
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, [illegible] Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866.

W. MARSHALL M[illegible]
BARRISTER, Attorney, [illegible] OFFICE: Horne's Building [illegible] Elgin Streets, Ottawa. Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866.

M. McLEO[illegible]
BARRISTER, &c., for [illegible] OFFICES: Court House, A[illegible] C.E. Attends to all Law Cour[illegible] February 7, 1866.

LEES & GEM[illegible]
BARRISTERS, Attor[illegible] Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, [illegible] ROBERT LEES. Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

EDWARD T. DA[illegible]
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, Clerk of the [illegible] Attorney, for the United [illegible] Russell. OFFICE: In the Court House, [illegible] January 27, 1866.

CLEGG & N[illegible]
BARRISTERS and At[illegible] Solicitors-in-Chancery, C[illegible] Public, &c., &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Building [illegible] WM. CLEGG. Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866.

MEDICA[illegible]

R. BELL, A.M., [illegible]
(RECENTLY FROM E[illegible]) SURGERY and Re[illegible] Street. Ottawa, November 13.

DR. DORI[illegible]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, [illegible] Clarence Street, Ottawa [illegible] March 1.

DR. WOL[illegible]
LATE of Quebec. Resi[illegible] Square.

DR. OLIVER [illegible]
DENTIST. Office: S[illegible] tral Ottawa. Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

DR. C. A. M[illegible]
DENTIST. Office: Sa[illegible] Messrs. Campbell & Co[illegible] Ottawa, January 27, 1866.

DR. JOHN [illegible]
DENTIST, Hunton's [illegible] Street. Teeth ex[illegible] by means of the Ethereal Spr[illegible]

GEO. LOGAN, M[illegible]
HOMŒPATHIC Ph[illegible] and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block [illegible] office at night. References: Rev. George [illegible] John Smith, Bowmanville; [illegible] Clarke; Duncan Campbell, [illegible] Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. A[illegible] Ottawa, February 7, 1866.

DR. C. LE[illegible]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon [illegible] Office: Hunton's Block.

JOHN SWEETL[illegible]
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon [illegible] attending Physician to [illegible] Office and residence, [illegible] Grove Streets, nearly opp[illegible] Entrance on Mosgrove [illegible] Ottawa, May 5.

DR. W. J. H[illegible]
SPARKS Street, [illegible] W. W. Brown's Barber S[illegible] Ottawa, December 8.

DR. O'RE[illegible]
YORK Street, opposit[illegible] [illegible] Ottawa, February [illegible]

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 387. | OTTAWA C. W. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$4 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10, State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 28, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 184-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 45-uff

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE, Office: No. 12, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-uff

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cazner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 331y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 45-uf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMEL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 45-uf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
A. J. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 45-uff

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 15. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 15 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-uff

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co's, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-uff

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hanton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D.; J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-uff

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hanton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43uff

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February uff

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 166-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
E. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY R. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-uff

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 72-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 73-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 45-uff

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments turned and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ Offices: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver, Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed to Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Lieutenant-Governor-General. Angus Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. S. THISTLE, P. L. S. F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flock's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319tf

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 25. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 43-uf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 236tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
TO the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c.
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c.	&c., &c.

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVET, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-uff

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

LAVIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1865. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. 3y6.170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

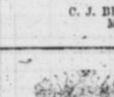
RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Return tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond,..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all stations of Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y



GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 23b Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be enclosed "*Tender for Bridge,*" and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for a present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,	COATS,
BEAVERS,	PANTS,
PETERSHAMS,	VESTS,
DEVONS,	SHIRTS,
WHITNEYS	DRAWERS,
IRISH FRIEZE,	SMOCKS,
CANADIAN DO.,	SOCKS,
BROADCLOTHS,	MITTS, WOOLLEN
BLACK DOESKINS,	Do. BUCK,
SILK MIXTURE OF COTTINGS,	MOCCASINS, BUCK,
Do. Do. TROWSERINGS,	BAGS, LINEN,
BEDFORD CORDS,	Do., TRAVELLING,
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,	COTTONS, STRIPED,
BANNOCKBURN DO.,	Do., BLUE,
HALIFAX DO.,	Do., GREY,
KERSEYS,	TRUNKS,
FLANNELS,	VALISES,
BLANKETS.	

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. ☞ Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod LIVER OIL always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 303-w8-3m

TOBACCOS.
Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
☞ Remember the Place,
261 Sparks Street.
J. ROOS.
Ottawa, February 26. 358y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs.

OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance at Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 2' 25" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 76 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E.—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 2¼ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
337tf Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Power, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed.)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

JUST ARRIVED!
AND
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Bu

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Auctioneer's Card—A. Rowe.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MARCH 20, 1867.

The Montreal *Gazette* learns that the Coroner had dismissed the jury at Richmond on Saturday last, on the ground of want of jurisdiction, so that no verdict was rendered. An inquest on the body of the engine driver will therefore have to be held in the district of Arthabaska in which the accident took place whereby he met his death. The *Gazette* contends that no ground exists for such a verdict as that alleged by the *Witness* to have been prepared, though not rendered, by the Richmond jury.

The Confederation Bill passed through Committee in the House of Commons on the 5th inst. Some opposition was offered to the 118th clause, that with reference to the Intercolonial railway—but Mr. Ayrton withdrew his amendment, Mr. Adderley having explained that the clause in question did not bind the House to sanction the guarantee of the loan. He stated, however, that it was intended to ask authority for the Imperial guarantee of a loan of three millions sterling. Mr. Lowe hoped the House would refuse the guarantee. The remaining clauses of the bill were then agreed to.

It appears we were not mistaken as to the line of action to be followed by the South Wentworth Reform Convention. On Saturday last Mr. Joseph Rymal, M. P. P., was unanimously nominated as the candidate of the party for the House of Commons, and Mr. Sexton, a man of precisely the same political stripe as Mr. Rymal, was chosen by a vote of about four to one as the candidate for the Legislative Assembly of Ontario.

These nominations having been made by the duly organised machinery of the party, will, of course, be accepted, otherwise any Reformer who refuses to support the ticket will be denounced as a Tory and a corruptionist. The Reformers of North Wentworth who are favorable to Confederation, and surely there must be some amongst them who have hitherto gone with the *Globe* and Hamilton *Times* in its support, will now be compelled to vote for one of its avowed opponents on pain of being read out of the ranks. This is one of the beauties of the reorganising of parties. Here is a constituency bound down by the tyranny of the party cry to support a candidate who two years and a half ago broke away from his political friends, and went directly against one of their most cherished measures, the one, if we are to believe them, which comprises nearly the sum of all reforms, and yet he is accepted as if he and they were in accord on the great political issues involved in Confederation. There could not be a more glaring instance of the supremacy of party over principle, or rather of the utter disregard of all principle for the mere sake of preserving party cohesion. Yet we hear denunciations of Coalitions because of their immorality and their tendency to weaken devotion to principle; but surely no more immoral Coalition can be found in the whole range of Canadian politics either past or present than that exhibited by the coalition of Messrs. Brown and Rymal—of men holding diametrically opposite views on political points of cardinal importance, and banded together for the sake of party. Is it possible for such a combination to have any other aim than to get possession of the spoils?

Mr. Watkin in discussing the second reading of the Confederation Bill paid a glowing compliment to the purity of Mr. Howe's patriotism, and declared that it was neither creditable to the late nor the present Government that that gentleman had not received some substantial recognition of his services from the Crown. We agree in the general principle which Mr. Watkin applied to Mr. Howe's special case; it is right that public men who have grown grey in the service of their country, should receive some recognition of their labors, but we doubt if it devolves specially upon the Home Government to make provision for broken down or disappointed colonial politicians. We think that self-governed colonies ought themselves to provide the rewards which their public men may earn, while we should always rejoice to see in a case of exceptional brilliancy of statesmanship, or more than ordinary services, a colonist promoted to such positions as are in the gift of the Crown for the rewarding of distinguished public servants. But with regard to Mr. Howe we fail entirely to discover the peculiar claims he has over any one of a dozen or more of distinguished colonial politicians, and think, therefore, that Mr. Watkin's appeal on his behalf was particularly ill-timed in view of the subject then under discussion.

Mr. Howe had gone to England as the champion of a disaffected minority to oppose a policy not only in general favor with the Colonists, but one believed to be in the best interests of the Empire at large. The arguments he was driven to use in favor of his own peculiar views were such as if admitted must have forever destroyed the hope of permanently establishing British rule on this continent. Their whole scheme and tendency were that the Canadas must inevitably, and that soon fall into Uncle Sam's embrace; that in some future convulsion, more remote, perhaps, but little less certain the Pacific Colonies would form one community with the Republican States on the borders of the Pacific ocean; and that Nova Scotia and New Brunswick were already almost one with Maine and Massachusetts, and ready to combine when the opportunity offered in the formation of a like community on the Atlantic. Mr. Howe thus in effect despaired of the future of our half of the continent as an integral portion of the British Empire, unless his plan of reorganisation, which he subsequently propounded, were adopted to avert our absorption by the Republic. That plan could not command twenty advocates within the whole length and breadth of the British dominions, in fact it was never seriously considered by any body except to be refuted, so that Mr. Howe's mission to England has been, in every sense, an utter failure. Undertaken avowedly for the purpose of defeating a policy alike in favor with the Imperial and Colonial Governments, his mission has proved him to be in utter antagonism with both. It was therefore an unfortunate occasion on which to press his claims.

Mr. Watkin's allusions to Mr. Howe will bear without straining a much harsher construction. He endorses his patriotism, but he condemns his judgment, and straight way he pleads his claims to Imperial recognition. Are we to infer from his singular association that if Mr. Howe had received some recognition at the hands of the Imperial Government, he would have viewed Confederation in a different light? Is he a "gushing patriot" who requires a material consideration for his loyalty? As in all probability Mr. Howe will occupy a prominent position in the ranks of the not very loyal opposition with which Her Majesty's next Canadian Government is threatened we begin to feel an increasing interest in the illustrious Nova Scotian; and should be glad to find him again reconsidering his crudely and hastily formed views on the subject of Confederation, so that he may place himself more in harmony with Imperial interests and Colonial aspirations, and thereby deserve that recognition of his services the claims to which have been forfeited by his conduct during the past eighteen months. If Mr. Howe will come to Ottawa, not "to fight it out" as he threatened, but to assist in putting the new Constitution into harmonious working order, he may yet be the holder of a portfolio in the Canadian Executive, or the occupant of some provincial gubernatorial Chair, in either one of which positions we have no doubt Mr. Howe would find the recognition of his claims which would be the most congenial to his feelings.

ST. PATRICK'S DINNER.—The Members of the Committee are notified to meet this afternoon at Kavanagh's "Queen" Restaurant, at four o'clock precisely.

ST. JOSEPH'S SOCIETY'S ANNUAL CELEBRATION.

Yesterday being St. Joseph's Day, was duly observed by the members of L'Union St. Joseph d'Ottawa. This society, of which we gave a short description some time ago, it will be remembered is composed exclusively of French Canadian mechanics, and was established for the purpose of affording mutual aid in time of need. It was incorporated in 1863, since which time it has continued in steady growth, until from a very few names it has increased to 180 paying members. This society is very unobtrusive, and compared with the amount of good it has done, very little has been heard of it. The members of the union assembled at their rooms yesterday in full force, respectably dressed, and decorated with their badges of office and membership, when after some necessary delay they formed in order of procession, and with a band of music at their head marched along Sussex, St. Andrew and Dalhousie-streets, and returned up St. Patrick-street to the Cathedral where they attended divine service. Before 10 o'clock the Cathedral was well filled. High Mass was celebrated by Very Rev. Mr. Dandurand, V. G. Mr. Defoy and Dr. Valade presided at the organ, the choir being composed of "Les Orpheonistes d'Ottawa" under the leadership of Mr. Defoy.

The musical services commenced with a hymn to St. Joseph, after which was performed in magnificent style *O Salutaris*, and at the conclusion a hymn to the B. V. Mary. The music was admirably executed throughout, and the full power of the organ sent its tones reverberating through the lofty vault of the sacred edifice.

The sermon which was preached in the French language by Piere Leperce, was listened to with the profoundest attention by the whole congregation. The subject of the discourse was the life and character of St. Joseph and was very impressive.

After the service the members of L'Union St. Joseph again formed into procession, and with music marched as before up Sussex-street. At the head of the procession was the British flag, next the banner of the society bearing its title on one side and on the other "L'union fait la force." At the end of the procession came the committee, preceded by the Canadian flag—a beaver encircled with a wreath of maple leaves, surmounted with the British crown. This was most beautifully worked in silver and gold on white silk. The flag is owned by Mr. Alderman Traversy, and was kindly lent by him to the society. The procession marched through some of the principal streets, attracting general admiration as they passed along, for their respectable appearance. On returning to their hall they were briefly addressed by Drs. St. Jean and Beaubien, and some others, and separated to meet at dinner at 8 o'clock, p.m. Mr. Champagne prepared the repast, which was in all respects a great success, and gave full satisfaction to the participants. Music, song and speech interspersed with vivacious pleasantry, succeeded each other till a late hour, when the happy re-union broke up, all much gratified with the harmony and good fellowship which characterised the evening's enjoyment.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, March 19, 1867.

Ten men and a non-commissioned officer of the Queen's Own were detailed yesterday for the purpose of testing the new Spencer Rifles, on the Garrison Common. The wind was very high and the weather unfavorable for correct shooting. The best score was by a Sergeant, who made 51 points. Twenty-one rounds were fired.

Despatches have been received here from an American officer of rank, stating that the Fenians are certainly preparing for a raid on Canada on a much larger scale than the last.

The painters and paper-hangers of this city have struck for higher wages.

Mr. Cumberland, Manager of the Northern Railway, returned from England last evening, and was received with quite an ovation by the employees of the road.

The village of Bothwell has been almost entirely destroyed by fire. Over one hundred houses were burnt, and a large number of families rendered houseless and destitute.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 19, 1867.

Hon. John Rose is to be Lieut.-Governor of Prince Edward Island, and will enter upon his duties at an early date.

The *Daily News* repeats the report that Col McDougall has resigned the Adjutant-Generalship of Militia, and he will be succeeded by Col. Wolseley now on frontier duty in the West.

The St. Patrick's concert in the City Hall last evening was attended by a vast crowd of people. Mr. B. Devlin made a speech claiming a separate Legislation and Government for Ireland, which he said would soon do away with Fenianism.

A woman while looking into a window in Notre Dame-street yesterday, had her pocket picked of $10 by two boys who succeeded in making their escape.

The *Moravian* arrived at Portland, 1:20 this afternoon with 37 cabin passengers and 240 steerage.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

The New Reform Bill.

LONDON, March 18.—In the House of Commons, this evening, the Derby Government asked formal leave to bring in their Reform Bill to-morrow, and Mr. Disraeli, Chancellor of the Exchequer, explained the features of the proposed bill, introducing copious statistics to support the principles on which the bill was grounded.

Mr. Gladstone made a short speech. He said he thought that the figures of the Government were absurd, but he would defer all debate on the question until the bill came before the House.

No Help for Poland.

BERLIN, March 18.—It is stated that Herr Von Bismarck has refused to protest against the absorption of Poland into the Russian Empire.

Admiral Tegethoff Recalled.

VIENNA, March 18.—An order has been sent to America recalling Admiral Tegethoff to this country, to take command of the Adriatic fleet.

Disapproval of Napoleon's Foreign Policy.

PARIS, March 19.—A debate took place in the Corps Legislatif last evening in regard to foreign affairs, in the course of which representatives Thiers and Favre attacked the foreign policy of the Emperor, on the ground that it favored a unity in both Germany and Italy, which was hostile to the interests of France. Minister Rouher and representative Ollivier, defended the course of the government.

A Ship Abandoned at Sea.

LIVERPOOL, March 19. The bark *Alesia*, Capt. Baker, bound from Liverpool for Boston, is reported to have been abandoned at sea. No date given.

Arrivals Out.

LIVERPOOL, March 19—Noon.—The steamships *Belgian*, from Portland, and *Iowa* from New York, have arrived.

Shipwrecks.

The severe gales which have prevailed for nearly a week past, have proved disastrous to the shipping. Many shipwrecks are reported on the English and Irish coasts.

Installing the New Hungarian Ministry.

PESTH, March 19.—The members of the newly created Hungarian Ministry to-day, took their oath of office in the presence of the Emperor of Austria and the National Diet.

London Money Market.

LONDON, March 19—Eve.—Consols closed at 91 for money; American securities closed at the following rates: U. S. 5 20's 74½; Ill. C. 78; Erie 39¾.

Debate on the Reform Bill Postponed.

LONDON, March 19—Eve.—The debate on the Reform Bill has been postponed to the 25th instant.

A Secret Treaty.

BERLIN, March 19—Eve.—It is reported that a secret treaty was made between Prussia and Bavaria in the month of August last, and that by one of the clauses of this treaty, Prussia may assume the military direction of the Bavarian army.

Partition of the Papal States Debt.

PARIS, March 19—Evening.—In the Corps Legislatif to-day, Minister Rouher stated that the Emperor was in favor of a partition of the Papal States debt among the Catholic powers, each of them assuming its share of the burden and guaranteeing its payment.

Warlike Preparations of Russia.

LONDON, March 19.—Agents of the Russian Government are said to be purchasing vessels in this country and on the continent, to be used as transports.

Coronation of the King of Hungary.

PESTH, March 19.—The Coronation of Francis Joseph, as King of Hungary, during his present visit to this city, is strongly urged by all parties.

More Fenian Arrests.

LONDON, March 18—Evening.—Arrests of Fenians still continue to be made in Ireland. Head Centre Dennis Donnovan has been caught at Cork. Gen. Burke one of the Fenian leaders who was recently captured, and 40 others have been carried in irons to Clonmel, and put in jail.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Fluctuations of the Fenian Thermometer.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The enthusiasm among the Fenians has been giving way to apathy for the last few days, but on receipt of the news from Ireland yesterday of an interruption in the affairs connecting with the cable, hope was revived among them, and their belief in a general uprising on St. Patrick's Day was reiterated.

The *Herald's* correspondent in Buffalo says: There is no foundation for the rumor, that an invasion of Canada is immediately to be made. The Fenians are determined to pour thirty thousand men into Canada at some early date, but it requires time to perfect their organisation.

Robt. H. Newell has obtained a decree of divorce from Adah Isaacs Menkin, the actress.

Telegraph Lines in Trouble.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The telegraph lines on the Island of Cape Breton, which were prostrated last night by the violent snowstorm, came right this forenoon, and London despatches of last evening, which had been delayed by the break, came through at an early hour this forenoon. However, the Irish lines went down again from some unexplained cause, and we consequently are again temporarily out of connection with the European cities. It is thought the continuity will soon be re-established.

Extensive Burglary in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, March 18.—The wholesale dry goods house of Bigwell, Merier & Vortees, corner of Main and Vine-streets, was entered by burglars last night, and over $3,000 worth of goods, principally silks, stolen.

Loss of the Steamer Mercury—Heartless Robbery.

The *Republican's* Cairo special despatch says: The crew and passengers rescued from the steamer *Mercury*, recently sunk in the Arkansas river, have arrived at this point. Many of the passengers are badly frozen from standing in the water, the only shallow place they could occupy being four feet deep. Capt. Dickinson reports that the crew of the steamer *George D. Palmer* plundered the wreck of the *Mercury*, and after those saved from the wreck had been transferred to the *Palmer* their luggage was rifled, and even the underclothes of the ladies, and the boots and shirts of the men were stolen. Captain Dickinson charges the carpenter of the *Palmer* with being at the head of the robbers, who implicates his captain and other officers in the transaction. Seven men who floated down the stream on cotton bales lodged against some drift, and while there four of them were killed by a tree which was blown down by a storm. Two hundred and twenty-five mules were drowned by the sinking of the *Mercury*.

Immense Rise in the River at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, March 18.—The river at this point is forty-three miles wide. The towns of Helena (Arkansas), and Fridd's Point (Miss.), are still submerged from four to fifteen feet. The inhabitants are living in the second stories. Great suffering and destitution prevail. The loss of stock along the river has been immense. A fire broke out again in Howard's row last night, involving a loss of $100,000.

The Quebec *Chronicle* fears that from the lack of interest manifested in elections for the Local Parliament of the sister Province, inferior men may creep in unperceived.

—A curious law suit is about to be brought against the Gas Company of Paris. It laid down gas pipes in front of a tailor's shop so negligently that the tailor and his servant were suffocated during the night, and his wife, long an invalid, went crazy next day. The tailor's family sue for damages.

—We are informed that under Confederation the intercolonial postal system will include a telegraph line from one end of the Confederation to the other, with branches to all the important points; the system to be gradually extended until it is as universal as the mail. The rate will probably be uniform; and there is no doubt that one cent a word, if not less, would not only pay expenses but afford the Government a large revenue. In no other manner will the country ever get the cheap telegraphic communication which is absolutely essential to the prosperity and convenience of its people. Telegraphic lines can be maintained and worked at far less expense than postal routes, and in the hands of the Government with a low tariff would pretty much supersede the letter mails.—*Montreal Telegraph.*

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

To the Editor of the Times:

SIR,—Mr. Friel, by offering to resign the office of President of the Mechanics' Institute and submit to a new election (in place of "virtually admitting that the allegation of an incorrect return, to use no harsher term, is fully sustained,") proves himself a gentleman, and willing to submit to the decision of a majority of the *paying* subscribers to the Institute. As to "A Member's" assertion that "that meeting" was the legal one, &c., the meeting of the Institute this evening will, I have no doubt, decide that point. The resignation of Mr. Friel will, I should think, place the election of a President again as an open question, and virtually decide whether old residents of the city have even a right to the sidewalk, or must be hustled out in the mud by new importations, gentlemen of the "Le Sueur" stripe.

Yours,
NOT A PARTICULAR FRIEND OF MR. FRIEL,
BUT AN OLD RESIDENT.

Ottawa, March 19th, 1867.

To the Editor of the Times:

SIR,—Is "A Member," who writes a letter in your issue of yesterday, really in earnest when he asks for a meeting composed of the identical members present on the occasion of the election for President? Surely he must be aware that the proposition is an absurdity, first, because those voting for Mr. Friel were not canvassed and kept in hand for weeks before the election like his opponents; and no one now knows who they are—

Secondly, because when an officer duly elected, sees fit for private reasons to resign, it then becomes the duty of his constituents as a body to elect a successor, so that I fear "A Member's" insane idea of a new election must fall to the ground, and if Mr. Friel or any one else is elected except Mr. White, the newly elected will probably find the office tenable, despite the protest on the part of Mr. White. As a matter of fact there is a strong probability of a large attendance of the members this evening, and if Mr. White is not afraid to face the music he will probably be in a position before to-morrow morning to form a correct estimate of the impression which the dodges of his supporters in the Post Office Department have left on the members of the Institute. Mr. White was unable by a packed meeting of his friends to secure the glittering prize of office, he is not very likely to succeed when, by his signed declaration, he has exposed the workings of his little faction in the Post Office Department.

The fashion for Mr. White to secure a unanimous election will be to retire to the seclusion of his own apartments, and after proposing and seconding himself in a neat speech, he can then in a modest manner deposit his own vote for himself, (as at the late election,) and then with a few words of congratulation addressed to himself, he can declare himself unanimously elected.

Yours, &c.,
AN OLD MEMBER.

March 19, 1867.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—The greatest enemy of Mr. Julius Bucke could not have desired to see him in a worse position than he places himself in by his letter in this morning's *Citizen*. His object, I suppose, is to shew that he is entirely above such an act as falsifying a return (though no one charged him with that), and this he endeavors to do by showing that he is not above prying into the private affairs of other people, and indulging in false and slanderous accusations. To Mr. Bucke's mind the conclusion may be irresistible that the man who can slander could not possibly tamper with a ballot; but I imagine that any who may have been inclined before to suspect him of the latter act will not have their suspicions allayed by this new light which he has thrown upon his character.

No one, I have said, accused Mr. Bucke of fraud. In my letter to the TIMES and to the *Citizen*, I stated in the plainest and simplest manner an unquestioned and unquestionable fact, namely that whereas the Scrutineers at the late Mechanics' Institute election had only allowed twenty votes for one of the candidates, twenty-five gentlemen, who had no earthly interest in saying what was not true, had come forward and asserted over their own signatures that they had each and all voted for that candidate. That was the fact which I ventured to call "strange," and if it was not strange, will some one please say what a strange fact is. I hinted also that the credit of the Institute was concerned in having the discrepancy explained; and so it was. Who will deny it? It is for this that I am overwhelmed with the vulgar abuse which Mr. Bucke so strongly relies on to raise him in public estimation. Mere abuse, however, does not afford sufficient relief for the feelings of this outraged gentleman: he threatens me with personal violence. To this I have only to reply, that I hold the threats of Mr. Bucke in the same utter contempt which his letter must have inspired in most persons for his whole character.

I am, sir,
Your ob'dt. servant,
WM. D. LESUEUR.

Ottawa, March 19th, 1867.

P. S.—I think it right to add that I should be extremely sorry if Mr. W. Porter, to whom I am an utter stranger, should think that anything I have written is or was intended to reflect in the least degree upon his integrity. I have heard others speak of Mr. Porter very frequently during the last few days, and but one opinion has been expressed as to the entire trustworthiness of that gentleman.

PAT FLANIGAN ON MATTERS AND THINGS IN GENERAL.

Dear Misther Editor:

As ye are aware yerself it is almost a month in Sundays since I rote ye afore, an I pledge ye me honour as a gintleman, if it wassant for the way that some of the gintry is acting, wod their sermins, lectures and spaches, I wouldent have scratched a scrowl to ye this blessed St. Patrick's Day, but ye no Misther Editor purty much as well as I do, that whin things is not right, some dacent man's son ought to stand up and tell thim where the shoe pinches. Well, ye no I paid three halfpence for a paper on Friday last, an as I opened it, what the gallus took me eyes but Mr. Cameron's lecture, on sperits an the licensed head sistem. Pon me conshins Sir it bates any thing that I have ever hard of before, even Banagher himself, an I suppose ye no who he bates; to think that if a man happens to meet a frind on the street, before he can take him in to "Pat's" he must go to Misther Lett the Clark of the City an pay $15 for a badge for his forehead, and thin go back wood his frind an pay for his noggin after. Arrah Misther Editor won't the policemen have great times entirely—smelling the gints without the badge an if they smell strong, won't there be the dickins fun hauling thim off, for is it not natural to think if a man is a badger under the Cameron laws, and gets on a binder with a badge on his forehead with licensed to drink on it—he, the badger, can go through the streets drunk an laff at the peelers. Och man wood'nt it be fun to take the badge off the gints and set the smellers at thim. Now Misther Editor I don't think it fair of Misther Cameron to say that he'd charge Mrs. Dry Mouth or any female mouth $15 for a badge to wair on their foreheads when going to drink, "*ad libitum*" of all intoxicatnts. Sure ye no in yer own heart an soul as well as I do that the ladies never drink in public—for is'nt it all done behind the door. Now, betune ye and me, and that's enuff to hear—I wood like to catch a smeller trusting his gob up in Biddy's face if she was out in the street without her badge; if I woodent break his smeller my name isn't what it is.

What in the name o' goodness is the times coming to? Dident I see in the same paper an account of Darcey McGee polishing off the Scotchmin of London at a dinner? Arrah, Darcey, yir the boy can lay it on whin ye like. Its yirself that wood have called me anything but a gintleman, if in '48 I tould ye ye wood be making a speach, and be a guest at a dinner givin in the city of London, England, by the Scotchmin of that place in the year 1867. Och, may yir shaddow never grow less, Darcey, but yir the boy that can turn the table.

What do ye think, Misther Editor, about the news from the old dart? Don't ye think that Bishop Moriarity of Kerry, went a thrifle too far whin he said that "Hell was not hot anuff, nor eternity long anuff, for the Fanian leaders." 'Pon my soukins, Misther Editor, if Stephens *et al.*,—as Misther Ross the lawyer wood say—wood get hell and eternity just as they are, his riverance shud be satisfied. I no for my part I wood.

I suppose yir Reporter was tilling ye all about the song books that was picked up be the Palicemin of this city. May I niver eat meat on a Friday, if it woodent make the hair stand on yir head to read some of thim. I don't wondar at the bookbinder being sick whin he had to handle such a fiery lot of articles. Faix it was not right to arrest any body for thim; wasent they only doing good to the country by destroying thim.

Wasint that a darlin turnout we had to-day, woodent it do a body's heart good to see it wood the Union Jack at the head. Well in talking about the Union Jack, it puts me in mind of the row we were near having; you no the military police and the civil police "axin yir pardon for saying so," is great friends, an nothing wood do thim only to walk be the Jack for fear it id be insulted, be the same token which it was near being, an what do ye think, but a pusthaeum cum up wood a bug black hairy cap, a black wather fall around his face, an wat the Yankeys—bad scran to thim—wood call a coatee on his bottom lip, and sis he wat the deckins are ye doing here in the possession, an hunted the military police away.

Well now Misther Editor, ye wood have died dead laffin as I did if ye only saw what an ass he made of himself, for the min wasint widin a prod of a pole of the possession at the time, mussha the divil a bit but he aught to get a crack in the gob for his andragomartins.

Wood ye plase give me respects to Misther Sweeney Ryan, not forgetting his cousin Carroll Ryan of the 100th. Ah! Misther Editor avich but they are the boys that wood do yir heart good to hear thim at the Latin, indeed sir I think ye cuddent set them astray from "Alpha to Omega,' an sure that's a great thing.

No more at present,
From your respected friend.
PATRICK FLANIGAN.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE PROCESSION ON MONDAY.—By a lapse of the pen we stated that the procession numbered something like two thousand, whereas we should have said that number congregated to witness its formation. The procession actually numbered about 700, many having withdrawn on account of the objectionable flag.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:—

OTTAWA, March 19, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold during previous night, 8 above zero.

9 a. m., 17 above zero.
Noon, shade, 28 above zero.
6 p. m., 28 above zero.

THANKS.—The Buckingham curlers beg, through the press, to thank the directory, at Ottawa, of the Ottawa and Prescott Railway, for the kind gratuity of half fare from Ottawa to Montreal, to play the Montreal Caledonia Curling Club, the other day, for a district medal of the Royal Caledonia Curling Club of Scotland. The Buckingham curlers were similarly favored, two years ago, by the kindness of Mr. Brydges (himself a curler), on their way to Quebec, to play a like match.

POLICE COURT.—Margaret Williamson was charged with being drunk, disorderly, and abusive on the public streets, on St. Patrick's day. She begged very hard to be let go, but his Worship told her that she exercised her filthy and abusive tongue in a most scandalous manner, and it was he who sent the constable to arrest her; he would therefore fine her $2 and costs, or in default two weeks in jail. This is the woman whose insufferable abuse has on various occasions provoked people to strike her, when she has caused them to be fined and imprisoned for assault. One of these, Arthur Owens, is now serving a term of nine months in jail for assaulting her. This was the only case at the court yesterday.

THE SKATING CARNIVAL.—The carnival at the Rink last night, was one of the greatest successes of the season. Before eight o'clock the rink had been acquainted with many strangely grotesque figures, and in a few minutes after the ice was alive with human beings dressed up in costumes of by-gone ages and distant lands. Greek Pirates, Italian Brigands, Turks, Moors, Royal Jesters, Harlequins, a Quack Doctor, and a less dangerous character,—Old Nick. Pretty damsels whose costumes could not hide their beauty. Boys dressed as sailors. Men in Shakesperian characters. Others in fanciful parti-coloured dresses of all sorts of patterns—all floating over the ice in gleeful good humor enjoying the fun amazingly. Nothing whatever of an offensive or indecorous nature occurred during the evening. The band appeared to participate in the enjoyment and to breathe it out in harmony. The attendance was unusually good, and the audience appeared highly delighted to the end. There was much good skating done, but all except among some of the young ladies was more or less of a comic character. There can be but one or two more carnivals this season. We believe it is the intention of Mr. Martin to give an exhibition shortly, and we hope he may have as good a house as that of last night. The manager of the rink deserves the thanks of all lovers of propriety for his careful exclusion of whatever might offend.

POLITICAL MEETING IN RUSSELL.

A well attended meeting was held in the Village of St. Joseph, Montreal road, Township of Gloucester, County of Russell, on Monday evening last, the object being to nominate a candidate to represent the county in the Parliament of Ontario. The chair was taken by Mr. McHarvey, who explained the purpose for which the meeting was called, after which Mr. Dunning who was vociferously called for came forward, and in a long and very able speech declared his views on those topics, which will most likely occupy the attention of the Parliament of Ontario.

Messrs. Besserer, McHarvey, Tasse and other gentlemen then addressed the assembly, after which it was moved by Mr. Besserer, seconded by Mr. Dupuis, "That this meeting having every confidence in Mr. A. I. Dunning do nominate him as a fit and proper person to represent them in the Parliament of Ontario, which was unanimously carried."—[COM.

—The Boston *Traveller* says: It is said that there are now more people out of work in this city, than at any previous time for many years. Many manufacturing establishments are almost idle, and few buildings are in progress of erection. The cost of living is very high, and there is much suffering among the poor, though the weather of this winter has been unusually favorable for that class.

FACETIOUS PRAYING.—The New York *Times* says: Not satisfied with introducing stump speeches into official prayers, some of our Legislative chaplains, it seems, have taken to punning. One of them lately put up this petition—"May our men of principle be our principal men." Such little attempts to relieve the ordinary dullness of official prayers cannot fail to secure for them better audiences, if not more gracious answers.

THE BEAUTIES OF THE BALLOT.

We clip the following from the Albany correspondence of the N. Y. *World* as a sample of the beauties of the ballot, and the state of political morality generally among our neighbors:

The verdict of the military court—no, I will not say court, for it is not worthy of that name—the military inquisition which had the cases of North, Cohn, and Jones before them on the charge of manufacturing soldiers' votes in the campaign of 1864, has just been forced out of the secret vaults in the War Department at Washington. Great efforts were made at the time of the close of this mock trial to convey the impression to the public that these men had been convicted of the charges made against them. All the efforts to obtain the findings of the military tribunal have been without avail until within the last month. It is true that the men were given their liberty, but the Radical press constantly raised the cry that they were only at large at the mercy of the powers at Washington, and on a sort of half-way pardon of the offences for which they had been convicted by the military inquisition. Every effort was made by the friends of these gentlemen to obtain the real verdict of the military tribunal. They were constantly put off with one device or another, until, finally, Mr. Goodyear, member of Congress from this district, laid the whole matter before President Johnson, and from him obtained an order directing the Secretary of War to furnish the parties an official copy of the findings and verdict of the Military Commission. Yes that's the name—"commission;" that is the form of government which the Republican party desire to force upon the country—a commission government. This order of the President brought out the verdict in this case, and it proves to be a full acquittal. More than two years, have these men and their friends been waiting to ascertain the result of their trial, not knowing whether they were convicted or declared guilty, with the Radical organs, under the lead of the *Tribune*, constantly declaring that they had been convicted.

The whole proceedings in the arrest, trial and imprisonment was such a high-handed outrage, and in direct violation of all rights that it was impossible to tell what might be the final climax of the whole affair. The verdict is at last known, and they now realize that they stand before the world exonerated by the "Commission." But this does not restore or recompense them for the sufferings and outrages that they were compelled to submit to while under the torture of the despots around the War Department, who tried to force out of these men by both coercion and flattery some word that would implicate parties in buying soldier's votes. But justice, though slow, is sure and certain. The first step has been accomplished; others will yet follow.

These men were arrested on the charge of forging soldier's votes in 1864. Since that period and the close of the trial of these men, the writer of this has spent several months in Washington. In conversation with men high in authority these facts have been elicited, showing that the whole thing was a put-up job by the Radicals. The statement has been made direct, that the huge number of votes cast for McClellan and Seymour by the soldiers from this State rendered it certain that the State of New York would go Democratic unless some device could be got up to prevent the soldiers' votes reaching their destination. Several schemes were talked over to accomplish this purpose, and it was finally agreed that four or five fraudulent or forged votes should be got up and in some manner placed in the hands of North and associates. Several boxes were packed and sent to the different agents; but the only boxes that were received were those sent to the headquarters of the agency. Those sent to the rooms of one party at Willard's Hotel, and those sent to other points, created suspicion, and the parties would not receive them. The moment that the boxes prepared by the Republicans were received at North's headquarters, a military descent was made on that office, North and associates placed under arrest. When there three or four forged votes, forged by Republican officials in Washington, were brought out and paraded before the public. All of this was told me by a Republican official, as a good joke, accompanied with the declaration that the seizure of the votes and the fright which that gave to all the Democratic agents in the army saved the State of New York to the Republicans that year. For, says he, we seized more legitimate soldiers' votes for McClellan and Seymour than Lincoln and Fenton had majority in the State. Time will bring these things to the surface and punish the guilty. One of the men who figured in this outrage has had a long and influential career in this State. Age is fast creeping over him, and his bent form indicates that he is fast approaching the grave. Let us hope that his conscience will compel him to reveal the part which he acted in this outrage! He has already received his personal reward for his deeds here by the men who were elected by virtue of this deed, going back on him and becoming his personal enemies. The party whose pen filled out the blanks, and in fact forged the votes of the soldiers, has since lost nearly every cent of property that he had, and in so peculiar a manner that no man can mistake its meaning or attribute it to any other cause than retributive justice. Two of the parties have thus been punished. A subscription paper has been passed around to aid one, but there are others who took part in this outrage upon these men and the public who have not as yet met their reward; but the swift vengeance that has been meted out to the others is a sufficient guarantee that they too will yet meet their reward, and that they too will yet realize that justice, though slow, is sure.

FLAT OR LAP FURROWS.

(From the American Agriculturist.)

An article in the *Agriculturist* recommending to turn furrows "flat as a floor," has provoked comment both among our subscribers and our exchanges, and their correspondents. The subject is one which ought to be discussed. The writer long held to the value of lap-over flat-furrows in fall plowing, for two principal reasons, viz.: that they better drain or dry the land, and that they expose more soil to the weather during winter. In regard to these points we have changed our views, having seen it repeatedly demonstrated that the difference is not very great. Perhaps on tenacious clays or springy cold land, essential benefit might be found in lap furrows; on other land not. There are two other considerations, in fact three, which outweigh the above altogether in our mind: 1st, manure is much better covered; 2nd, the land is left free from weeds, the sod is perfectly killed out of the way of the harrow, and in the best position to rot quickly and uniformly; 3rd, by the action of frost alone, much fall plowed land is prepared for spring sowing of grass or grain. For grass or clover it needs no working over at all. For oats, barley, or wheat, all that is necessary, is to harrow or brush in the seed, if sown broadcast, or otherwise, to go right on with the drill, and follow with the roller—this on good, common loamy soils. We can point to a field plowed two years ago for corn, half with a lap furrow and a half with a flat one, where the number of weeds and the labor of suppressing them on the lap-furrowed part has been twice if not three times, as great as on the other. And we can name farmers who once held strongly to the lap-furrows, but are now delighted with the flat-furrow plows. They are not on heavy clays, but we think the principles named are equally applicable to clay and sand as to loam, and especially so in spring plowing, to which the objections urged do not apply with the same force as to fall plowing.

—The Hon. John A. Macdonald and his bride had a number of splendid presents at their marriage. The delegates from the Maritime Provinces presented a set of opals and amethysts, and a collar of diamonds and rubies. The Canadian delegates presented a dinner-service in massive silver; Governor Hincks, a bracelet of diamonds and pearls; and a variety of valuable gifts were presented by the Hon. John Rose, Hon. Mr. Howland and Mrs. Howland, Col. Cumberland, Lady Hill and others.

A WELL-KNOWN CANADIAN IN PARIS.—The Garden of Plants now possesses a beaver from Canada, to which comfortable quarters have been assigned on the banks of the rivulet which intersects a part of the menagerie. Desirous of meeting the wishes of the new comer in every possible respect, the administration had provided a hut for it; but the Canadian stranger, having inspected the premises and not found them to his taste, has pulled them down, and with the materials built up a new mansion in his own way, using his tail both as a trowel and hammer.

Written for the Ottawa Times.

MARCH WINDS.

O, welcome ye March winds! your boisterous roar
Is dear to my ear as the voice of my love;
The contrast how great! yet the Maid I adore
Ne'er whispered me joy in the coo of a dove,
More pleasing than this you so loudly proclaim
Through midnight and murk. Yes! thrice blest be your strain!
Though rather uncouth, and mayhap, not too tame,
Still do you not tell of a spring-flowered plain;
Of birds come to sing, in rich, blossoming trees,
Who'll call each young morning up into the sky?
Of waves that in eager endeavor to seize
The gold of his tresses leap daringly high.
Then course ye, and bellow with dare-devil might!
Hurl winter and misery into one grave!
Zounds! only to think of you gives a delight,
Unequalled to all that the soul knows of, save
That call'd into being, as passion-lit eyes
Melt soft and beseeching when meeting your gaze!
Winds, sweep off the blackness which darkens the skies,
That heaven's own light may give length to your days!
Bring song to our woods, and give life to our flow'rs:
Rouse nature from sleep that her heart may partake
Of all the great wealth of our summer's bright hours:
Bid Beauty, and Harmony, Joy, to awake.

Ottawa, March, 1867. J. C.

LINES FOR AN ALBUM.

We may write our names in Albums,
We may trace them in the sand;
Or chisel them in marble,
With a firm and skillful hand,
But the pages soon are sullied,
Soon each name will fade away;
Every monument will crumble,
Like all earthly hopes decay.

But, dear friend, there is an Album,
Full of leaves of snowy white;
Where no name is ever tarnished,
But forever pure and bright.
In that "Book of Life," God's Album,
May your name be penned with care,
And may all who here have written,
Write their names forever there.

Ottawa, March 12, 1867.

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's world's hair restorer and dressing acts upon the roots, producing rapid growth and new life. Sold by all druggists.

SCANDAL IN SPANISH HIGH PLACES.—Private letters from Madrid announce that a fearful scandal will soon become known, in spite of all the efforts of the Government to hush it up. It is that a vast quantity of pictures, plate, and other articles of value that had been deposited in a certain Bank as security for loans, have been abstracted, and that a personage occupying a high political position was a party to the abstraction, and profited largely by it. Some of the valuables have been sold in Spain; others have been confiscated by the takers, and have been traced to Paris. The perpetrators of the robbery appear to have thought that under the cover of the political confusion which prevails in Spain, they would escape detection.

—From a return presented to both Houses of Parliament in New South Wales it appears that the lines of electric telegraph in that colony had, up to the close of 1864, cost £132,025 18s. 3d.; that the cash receipts for that year were £29,678 8s. 4d., and the working expenses £22,086 1s. 7d., leaving a net profit of £7,593 6s. 9d. In the year preceding the cash receipts were £29,599, the working expenses £20,409 3s. 9d., and the net profit £9,139 16s. 3d. The length of the lines in New South Wales was, up to the date mentioned, 3,047 miles. To that number 130 miles of line had been added up to June of this year, making a total length of 3,177 miles. The cost of construction up to June last was £145,350 5s. 4d. The net profit for last year was £10,051 13s. 8d. From the same return we perceive that the length of line in Victoria is 3,100 miles; in South Australia, 1,182 miles; and in Queensland, 1,131 miles.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!

—AND—

HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are DAILY sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-d

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself

Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 2? 237-y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A CARD.

A. ROWE,

Principal Auctioneer of the City of Ottawa.

SALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION solicited. Valuation of Household Furniture and effects carefully attended to.

Principal Office and Sales Room No. 42 North Side of Rideau Street.

Mr. Rowe in referring to the above Card begs respectfully to say that he has completed arrangements for conducting sales this spring in a manner that must give general satisfaction.

Though favoured last year, and for some years past, with the management of most of the important Sales which have taken place in the city, and he is happy to say, universal satisfaction has been given in every respect.

Some of the reasons for Mr. Rowe's great success in conducting sales are, his extensive acquaintance with the purchasers, both in the city and country, and also his experience has given him a thorough knowledge of the value of every article he offers for sale.

And the most essential part which he was the first to introduce is to close and cash a sale the second day after it takes place.

Any number of references can be given if required.

Consignments of every description solicited.

Cash advances made on consignments for positive sale if required.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 386y

Mechanics' Institute & Athenæum

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE Members will take place at the NEWS ROOM,

On Wednesday next, 20th March,

AT HALF-PAST 7 P. M.

To receive the resignation of the President, and if accepted to elect a President in his stead,

ROBERT HUNTER,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, March 16. 385-3

ADDITIONAL NOTICE.

At the above time and place the Resignation of the Second Vice President will also be presented to the Members for acceptance, and if accepted an election will be held to fill the vacancy.

The Managing Committee have directed the publication of the following article of By-laws:

ARTICLE 8.—"The Voters at the election of Trustees and Officers shall be ordinary Members who "have paid their subscriptions for the previous "year, and Life Members, of which the Books "shall be evidence."

ROBERT HUNTER,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 386-2

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of

MASKS,

ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also
Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber rings,
Playing Cards.

1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.

P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.

Ottawa, March 19. 3eeff

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 226y

ONTARIO COLLEGE

PICTON, C.W.

PRESIDENT:
The Lord Bishop of Ontario.

COUNCIL:
THE PRESIDENT.
VEN. ARCH PATTON, D. C. L.
JAMES A. HENDERSON, Esq., D. C. L.
J. CARTWRIGHT, Esq., M. A., Ball. Coll. Oxon.
CAPTAIN DOWNES.
THE HEAD MASTER.

MASTER:
F. C. EMERSON, Esq., B. A., Oxon., late open scholar and Greek Exhibitioner of Wadham Coll., Oxford. 1 class classic, 2 cl. math. in Moderations, 1 class Lit. Human. in Final Schools.

FELLOWS:
CLAUDE LONG, Esq., B. A., Exeter Coll. Oxon.
A University Graduate in Holy Orders.
M. DE ST. REMY, Professor of French
Professor of Drawing, GEORGE ACKERMAN, Esq.
Teacher of Drilling and Fencing, Mr T. O'BRIEN.
Bursar, Captain DOWNES, Picton, C. W.

FEES—Per term, inclusive of Tuition, $16. Board $52.

EXTRAS—Drawing $5; German, $5; Music, $7 50.

THE YEAR IS DIVIDED INTO three terms; the total cost per annum, including stationery, will be $204.

Arrangements have been made whereby the pupils may take the double journey from and to Picton by Rail or Steamboat at a single fare. The object of this School is to train boys for the Universities, the Civil Service, Army, &c., so that they may compete without disadvantage with those in England. The system emulated will be that perfected by Dr. Arnold at Rugby.

The upper forms are separated into two divisions, the Classical and the Modern. In the latter the study of Modern Languages, Book-keeping, &c., is substituted for that of Latin, Verse and Greek.

The services of a Matron as well as that of a Master in Holy Orders are being secured.

The School opens on May 1st next.

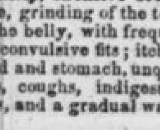
The School is beautifully situated on the Bay of Quinte at Picton. The building cost $20,000. There are 100 acres of land attached.

There will be a Library, Cricket Field, Gymnasium and Play Ground; good Bathing or Skating, Boating and Fishing.

Application for admission to be made to Capt. Downes, the Head Master, Picton, C. W., and Rev. T. A. Parnell, Kingston.

March 19. 386F

To Let,
AT AYLMER.



THE COMMODIOUS AND pleasantly situated house and premises on the Court House Square, corner of Main-street—8 rooms besides kitchen and pantry, stabling for four horses, large outbuildings. Rent £35. A good piece of land in rear may also be leased.

Apply, if by letter postpaid, to
THOMAS McCORD, ESQ.,
MONTREAL.
Or to JAMES COLMAN, ESQ.,
AYLMER.

77-eodM1

CITY REPRESENTATION.

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA**, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 11.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions, and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generality, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

CORNS & BUNIONS EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for ocular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. T. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J. Barn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

☞ Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants, where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, March 18. 385b

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

Piano-Forte Instruction.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptoress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Monochromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 354-3m

LIFE ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS *are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's* PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME, *with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.*

The Policy-holder thus obtains
A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,
OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE
OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY, *without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.*

CANADA—*MONTREAL*—PLACE D'ARMES.

Directors.

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E. Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen., C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Ctn. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (J. Redpath & Son.)

Solicitors.—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer.—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary.—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies.—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.
Honorary Directors.
Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.
Medical Officer.—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents.—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer, ... Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior, ... Vacant
Almonte, ... Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham, ... Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville, ... Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke, ... Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.
Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-utf

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale
OF
Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—

BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT.
THE CONTENTS OF
150 PACKAGES
New Spring Dry Goods,
Just received, consisting of
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.
—AND—
The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.
Sale each day at TEN o'clock.
BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 13. 382tf

NOTICE.
O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.
O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEMANDS of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs' & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of the month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at
ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

Metcalfe-street,

HEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post*, where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO
(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wdm

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING.

AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET.
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

☞ All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

New Spring Goods,
New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,

ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Fancy Dress Goods,
Black Mantle Cloths,
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings,
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

OVER 50 PACKAGES
NEW
SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED BY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milrons, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

C. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand.* *INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.
Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	**$3,000,000.00**
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	**$4 075,830.55**
Increased Assets in 6 months,	**$ 402,270.19**

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shown above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents.
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

IN THE PRESS,

And will be issued about 11th March,

THE

"Canadian Fruit Culturist,"

OR

"LETTERS TO AN INTENDING FRUIT-GROWER,"

ON THE

Proper Location, Soil, Preparation, Planting and After-Cultivation

OF

ORCHARDS, VINE-YARDS & GARDENS,

WITH DIRECTIONS

FOR THE BEST MODE OF CULTURE of each variety of Fruit; and select descriptive lists of the best varieties of the Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Grape, Peach, Nectarine, Apricot, Quince, Gooseberry, Currant, Blackberry and Strawberry,

Suitable for Upper and Lower Canada,

BY JAMES DOUGALL,

Windsor Nurseries, C. W.

Price: Stiff Paper Covers, 25c.; Bound in Muslin, 50c. For sale at the principal Book Stores.

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383a-12w2

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Ætna Life Insurance Company,

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the whole of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31

And each subsequent year 26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent.
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine

Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

☞ Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.

Capital. - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:
London,.....Liverpool,.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance
COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets over liabilities was proportionally greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured; and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,756 20
1861	81,250 60	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 45	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 130.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 321y

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-Street,
Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,
(Varying in prices from 50c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kilfend Herrings, Lochlyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting
AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

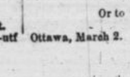
LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

Apply to WILLIAM CLEGG.
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a



FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE,

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,
NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, roasted daily on our premises by

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS.

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 229tf

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

3771tf

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24
Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD *THROUGH* 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Notice to Contractors

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED until

Wednesday, 20th March, 1867,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

From parties desirous of contracting for the erection of a Building on Johnston's corner, Sparks-street.

☞ Plans and Specifications, and all other information can be had on applying to the undersigned.

JAMES WADSWORTH.

Ottawa, March 14. 382d

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK-CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St. Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

"Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
SECRETARY.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10-121

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY.

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 376td

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.: Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867. ☞ The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, March 12. 314y

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 93, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

☞ See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE. ☜

G. H. PRESTON.
Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office!
1st Door West of Bates',
AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, November 27. 29tf

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application. For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.
380d

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membranes to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H. M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139v

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants, for Borders; also Herbaceous Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back, into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

312tf W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac,

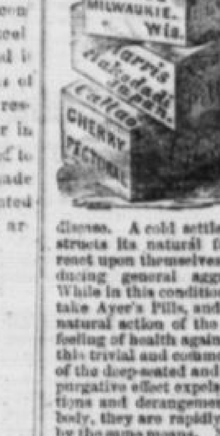
200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. N. NOEL, ESQ., as Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two thousand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL,
Alexandria Park,
Portage du Fort.
January 29, 1867 w6m



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.
From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.
From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.
From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them.

Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.
From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.
From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.
From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skillful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 288d3w9y

At a Council held at the City of Quebec, on Monday, the 24th September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the 7th section of the Act 29-30 Vic., Cap. 7, intituled: "An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Duties of Excise, and to alter the duty thereby imposed on spirits," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following regulations respecting permits for the removal of spirits from the Distillery in which they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse in which they have been bonded or stored—together with the forms and explanations accompanying the same, be, and the same are hereby sanctioned and adopted, that is to say

1. Permits for the removal of spirits from any Distillery wherein they have been manufactured, or from any warehouse wherein they have been bonded or stored, may be granted on the application of the owner of such spirits, or of his duly authorized agent, by the collector, or the assistant collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division in which the spirits then are.

2. Every application for such a permit shall state:—

(a) The number and description of the packages in which the spirits are contained.
(b) The marks and numbers on each of the packages.
(c) The quantity, in wine gallons, in each package and its strength.
(d) The equivalent in wine gallons of the strength of proof.
(e) The place wherein is then stored.
(f) The place to which it is to be removed.
(g) The conveyance by which the removal is to be made.
(h) Whether the duty has been paid, and, if not, how secured.
(i) The time at which it is to be removed.
(j) The name, occupation and place of business of the owner,
(k) The name, place of business and occupation of the person into whose possession the spirits are to be transferred, and
(l) The name of the person or corporation in whose custody it will be during its removal

3. Every application for a permit shall be made on a printed form, in conformity with that hereunto annexed, and marked A, and shall be signed by the person making it.

4. Every permit granted shall be on the printed forms supplied by the Department of Finance, which forms shall be in conformity with the form B hereunto annexed, and shall be printed on paper specially prepared for the purpose, with such type or engravings as may be approved by the Minister of Finance.

5. Every permit shall state the period for which it is to remain in force, which period shall not be more than will, in the opinion of the officer granting it, be sufficient for effecting the removal of the spirits to which it relates.

6. The permit shall accompany the spirits to which it relates, and remain in the possession of the person having charge thereof, but it shall be produced for examination as often as may be required by any officer having authority thereto, and it shall be delivered to the collector, or assistant collector, of Inland Revenue for the Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are to be removed, or wherein they are removed from one place to another, within the period mentioned in the permit.

7. Every endorsation of the examination of any permit shall be made on the back thereof, and every permit shall be defaced by writing the word "cancelled" across the face of it, on the expiration of the period for which it has been granted.

8. Permits shall not be granted for the removal of spirits unless the packages in which they are contained have been marked and numbered in connection with the Warehousing Regulations approved on the 17th March, 1865.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Assist. Clerk Executive Council.

FORMS AND EXPLANATIONS.

A

EXCISE. *Requisition for a Permit.*

I, (1) , of (2) (3) of the undermentioned spirits, require permission to remove the same between the date hereof and the day of , from (4) at (5) to (6) by the (7) , there to be delivered into the possession of (8) of (9) The duty on the said spirits having been (10)

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or Puncheons.	Marks and Numbers on each.	No. Wine Gallons in each Package.	Strength.	No. Galls. of the strength of proof.	Name of the person or Corporation in whose custody Spirits will be during the removal.

Requisition made at this day of 186 . [Sd. 11]

Explanation of the manner of filling in the blanks in the preceding Form A:

(1) Name and occupation in full of the person making the requisition.
(2) His place of residence.
(3) "Owner" or "Agent for [A B] the owner," as the case may be. If an agent, then a written authority to act as such must be lodged with the officer before the Permit is granted, stating the name, residence, and occupation of such owner.
(4) The Warehouse, or other locality, wherein the spirit then is, as "The Warehouse attached to the Distillery of C D," or "Bonding Warehouse D at Prescott," or "The store of J K," as the case may be.
(5) The street, town, city, village, &c.
(6) The place to which it is to be removed, as "Montreal."
(7) The mode of conveyance, as "The waggon belonging to A B," or "The steamer St. Helen," or "The Grand Trunk Railway," as the case may be.
(8) Name and occupation of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
(9) His residence and place of business in full, as "26, Craig street, Montreal."
(10) Here state whether the duty has been paid, or whether the spirits are removed under removal Bonds.
(11) To be signed by the person making the requisition.

B

No of Permit, { General No / Local No

EXCISE PERMIT

Permit the removal in [1] from [2] to [3] of the undermentioned spirits equal to [4] gallons of the strength of proof being the property of [5] of [6] and about to be transferred into the possession of [7] of [8] The duty having been [9] This permit is valid for [10] days from date and no longer, and on or before the expiration of the said [11] days, it is to be delivered into the hands of the Collector or Assistant Collector of Inland Revenue, for the Inland Revenue Division of [12] and cancelled

No. Barrels, Casks, Kegs, or puncheons.	Marks and numbers on each.	No Wine Gallons in each package.	Strength.	No. Wine gallons of the strength of proof.	Name of person or Corporation in whose custody the spirits will be during removal.

Permit granted at this day of 186 Collector of Inland Revenue for the Division

Explanation of the manner of filling up the blanks in the preceding form B

[1] The mode of conveyance as "The Steamer St. Helen" or the "Waggon belonging to A B," as the case may be.
[2] The warehouse or other place, its locality, &c., as Warehouse attached to the Distillery of J P. at Prescott," or "Bonding Warehouse B, at Maitland, &c."
[3] The place to which the spirits are to be removed as "Montreal."
[4] The total gallons of the strength proof for which the permit is granted.
[5] The owner's name and occupation in full
[6] His place of business.
[7] The name and occupation in full of the person into whose possession it is to be transferred.
[8] His place of business.
[9] "Paid" or "secured in bond," as the case may be.
[10] The number of days which, in the opinion of the officer granting the permit, may be necessary for the removal.
[11] The period named for the removal.
[12] The Inland Revenue Division into which the spirits are removed or in which the removal from one place to another takes place.

At a Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:—

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:
Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude general character of the business carried on such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed; and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
245-tf Asst. C. E. C.

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly-prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought it hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottawa 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 210, Ottawa 384a

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1. LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
BRAZIL { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
CENTRAL AMERICA { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	54	5	5 p oz
CUBA { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, PurtoPrincipe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
NICARAGUA { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Gulf of Mexico side }	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
VENEZUELA { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
WEST INDIES—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
WEST INDIES,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "Too Late" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
367dw9-tf Postmaster-General.

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.
d&w

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
312tf Asst. C. E. C.

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Losenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

☞ USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK, ☜

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

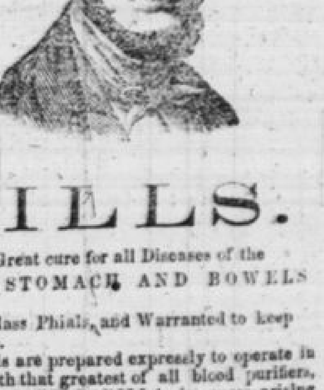
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 4sutf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Times

VOL. II. NO. 388. | OTTAWA C. W. THURSDAY, MARCH 21, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,	3c
All subsequent insertions, per line,	2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 36fy

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C.W. 355tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street.
OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c.
OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
K. R. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 42, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 41-tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Comer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 33ly

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 37-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
OFFICE: Aumond's Building, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 13, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
W. A. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 15. 230y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hanton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Cross; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hanton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 4tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex street, Ottawa.
E. K. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 75-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 13, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction of Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-s

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 32, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and proof whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments turned and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 226-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, a few doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. S. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN.
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Hocks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 216tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 22. 319tf

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & CO. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 226tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	ODOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c.,	&c., &c

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Bossett's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa. John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 13, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa,
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 232tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
Ottawa, November 26. SUPERINTENDENT. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Nood, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 25th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Bezeserer Street.
Ottawa, December 22 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,	COATS,
BEAVERS,	PANTS,
PETERSHAMS,	VESTS,
DEVONS,	SHIRTS,
WHITNEYS	DRAWERS,
IRISH FRIEZE,	SMOCKS,
CANADIAN DO.,	SOCKS,
BROADCLOTHS,	MITTS, WOOLLEN
BLACK DOESKINS,	Do. BUCK,
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,	MOCCASINS, BUCK,
Do. do. TROWSERINGS,	BAGS, LINEN,
BEDFORD CORDS,	Do., TRAVELLING.
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,	COTTONS, STRIPED,
BANNNOCKBURN DO.,	Do., BLUE,
HALIFAX DO.,	Do., GREY,
KERSEYS,	TRUNKS,
FLANNELS,	VALISES,
BLANKETS.	

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers.
Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Poachers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Cooking Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market,
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 302-w3.3m

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
261 Sparks Street.
J. ROOS.
Ottawa, February 26. 108y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
8tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9¼ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 16th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47utf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Caution—Mary Ann Brown.
Notice—Wm. F. Powell, Sheriff.
Farm to be Sold—Alex. T. Sharp.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 21, 1867.

The Executive Council met yesterday, the business transacted being supposed to have been only of a routine character. Hon. Messrs. BLAIR, CAMPBELL, CHAPAIS and COCKBURN, were present.

Elsewhere it will be noticed that several parties have been fined by MR. WHITCHER on conviction of transgressing the game laws. The penalty imposed was a light one and very properly so, we think, as the parties were all poor men, and probably ignorant of the law. These cases will, however, operate as a warning to others, and should offenders whose intelligence and position do not entitle these extenuating considerations to be taken into account in their favor, have the misfortune to be brought up they need not expect to be treated with the same leniency.

If we can rely on the New York telegraphic despatches, it would appear that the American Government have again made preparations to prevent an infraction of their neutrality laws, by sending an armed force to the borders—Oswego being named as their destination. Why Oswego, in preference to Buffalo, Ogdensburgh or St. Albans should have been chosen, we are at a loss to discover, unless, perhaps, information may have been furnished to the authorities indicating that from that point the next raid had been planned. Being unaccustomed to computing the strength of a military force by the car-load, we are also in the dark as to the number of United States troops comprised in the nine car-loads despatched to Oswego, but we fancy if the "boys in blue" that were forwarded by the Hudson Railroad on Tuesday last were well packed there must have been four or five hundred. We are sorry to appear captious, but we must also add that the forwarding of troops by the car-load, "fully equipped for a campaign," reads rather oddly, unless it is feared that they may for a time be cut off from their base of supplies. However, it seems as if the Government at Washington desired at all events to make some show of respect for international comity and the maintenance of their own laws, and the Fenians will no doubt understand the meaning of the movement. It will be much more creditable to the American Government and a great deal safer for the Fenians that the latter should be prevented from crossing the border, and we are sure that Uncle Sam will have every sympathy from the Canadians in his efforts to keep his own lawless and piratically-inclined citizens in check.

The reconstruction question in the neighboring Republic is undergoing a new phase, and one of a somewhat more hopeful character than it has heretofore presented to the public view. The negro population having become possessed of the franchise are now exhibiting the use they intend to make of it. A meeting of the colored people was held at Columbia, S. C., on the 18th inst., at which it was declared they would urge upon Congress the repeal of the disfranchising clause, whereby ex-rebels are excluded from office and even from the exercise of the franchise, on the ground that this clause would deprive them of the services of the best men in the State and those in whom they had the greatest confidence.

The value of this demonstration of feeling consists in this, that it shows what indeed might have been foreseen if the Southern whites only acted a prudent part, that the colored population are ready to join them in political action, and thereby become a source of political strength instead of a cause of weakness. The white population of the South have now no other hope of regaining political power in the Republic than in securing the confidence and support of the negro voters, for by the operation of the Reconstruction Bill, in several States, and in many localities, the colored vote will far outnumber those of the enfranchised white population. Southern politicians also see that nothing but speedy reconstruction, so that the excluded States may be restored in time to vote at the next Presidential election, can give them any hope of an early restoration to the privileges of citizenship, of which so many of their best and most prominent men are at present deprived, and they seem no longer disposed to kick against a mode of restoration which they are powerless to defeat. The bill has this merit over the constitutional amendment: whether rightly or wrongly, according to the constitution, it can be put in motion, without the consent of the parties interested, so that their only sensible course is to use such influence as they may possess to see that the Conventions to be called, and the other proceedings to be held under it, are conducted in the way most favorable to the speedy restoration of the ancient autonomy of the States, and with the best assurances they can obtain that their rights will be protected and their political principles restored as soon as possible. To this end a cordial union with the negro voters is the most sensible and effective course that can be pursued, and it can be carried out much better in the Southern States than any similar combination could be in the North, because the same personal antipathy to men of color which reigns supreme in the region where "great moral ideas" prevail has no force in the South. Though the negro is recognised as "a man and brother" he is not deemed a desirable associate nor a companion to be sought after by the people of the North, whereas in the South the very institution of slavery promoted a degree of familiarity and daily intercourse that may now be found of the greatest advantage in controlling the negro vote and making it tell in the interests of their masters.

In a country like the United States where wealth and pretension are looked up to and almost worshipped, universal suffrage is not the dangerous element in the governmental machine that it would be in a country where the masses of the people have been taught to look upon every man of wealth and position as a "bloated aristocrat" and a natural enemy, who should be degraded from his proud preeminence and his property divided as soon as possible. Whatever sins Yankee democracy may have to answer for it has in the main been a sound protector of property; indeed its great fault has been that it has legislated too much in favor of moneyed corporations and monopolies of capital, having in this respect a tendency directly opposite to that which would be followed by enfranchising the same classes in England. But never was the franchise extended to a class naturally more aristocratic in their feelings than the negroes. The removal of civil disabilities will make them resent more earnestly than ever those social disabilities which custom has imposed upon them in the North, but which never either as freemen or slaves they have been called upon to endure in the South, so that their political power will in all probability be mainly exercised according to the direction indicated by those who formerly were their masters, or may hereafter become their employers. The franchise in the hands of such a class can only be dangerous where the class follows dangerous leaders, but in the South those who formerly voted in virtue of their property in the negro will now find their responsibility changed to that of telling the negro how he should cast his vote, practically leaving the controlling political power where it was before.

It is stated in the *Freeholder* that Hon. J. S. Macdonald will be a candidate for the representation of his old constituency, for both Legislatures.

Mr. M. C. Cameron, a prominent lawyer and local politician of Goderich, has been nominated as a candidate for the South Riding of Huron for the Canadian Commons, and Mr. Robert Gibbons, Warden of the County for the Local Legislature. At the same convention Thomas Gibson was nominated as Federal Candidate for the North Riding. These gentlemen are all "organized Reformers."

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, March 20, 1867.

The Queen's Own and the 10th Royals were drilled together last night with the new Spencer rifles, at the drill shed. They mustered about 500 men, and presented a soldierly and serviceable appearance.

There is some talk in town about the anticipated Fenian raid, but the authorities are well prepared to meet it, and the best of spirit is manifested by all classes.

The American Consul has taken charge of the clothing sent to the Fenian prisoners by the so-called President Roberts, and which they refused to accept.

The Bank of Upper Canada have removed to Ontario Hall. Their old premises in Yonge-street will be occupied by the Bank of Commerce.

The exhibition of Fine Arts was opened in the Music Hall to-day, and promises to be very good.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 20, 1867.

Col. Routh, the active and energetic commander of the Royals, a corps raised chiefly by his own exertions, has sent in his resignation. Major Grant of the same battalion has also resigned. There is some talk in town as to the circumstances which have led to the loss of these efficient officers at this comparatively critical period.

The Court of Queen's Bench will open on Tuesday next. Mr. Justice Mondelet will preside. The calendar is a pretty heavy one.

It is said there is no truth in the rumour of Col. McDougall's resignation. The loss of the services of this able head of the volunteer organization would no doubt be at this moment a public calamity.

The morning papers are filled with election rumors—none of them probably very reliable.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

A Prusso-Bavarian Treaty.

BERLIN, March 20.—A treaty has been concluded between Prussia, Bavaria and the Grand Duchy of Baden, which gives to Prussia the command of the armies of the two latter countries in time of war.

Labor Riots in France.

LONDON, March 20.—Labor riots have broken out at Renbois, France.

London Money Market.

LONDON, March 20—Evening.—Consols closed steady at 91 for money. U. S. 5-20s 74¼. Ill. C. at 78¼. Erie 48¼.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Troops Sent Against the Indians.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The *Post* says the troops which passed through this city yesterday, were the 42nd Regiment with some recruits to take the place of another regiment, who is to participate in a summer's campaign against the Indians.

New York Protests against Confederation.

ALBANY, March 20.—In the State Assembly Mr. Weeks, by unanimous consent, offered the following, which was laid over under rule: Whereas, it is the imperative duty of the people of the United States of America, through their proper representatives, to earnestly protest against the formation of any Government in North America, not Republican in form, and in which the people are not allowed to govern themselves, and choose their own rulers; and whereas this nation has, and does assume to maintain this principle upon this continent, and whereas any attempt on the part of the Imperial Government of Great Britain to establish a monarchical Government in North America, or to place a vice-Royalty by act of Parliament over her several North American Provinces, would be an infraction of this principle; therefore, be it *Resolved*, that the people of the State of New York, who, as citizens of a frontier State, are deeply interested in all questions that may have an influence in the preservation of peace and of friendly relations with the Government and people of British North America, respectfully appeal to the Government of the United States to interpose its legitimate influence in earnest remonstrance with the British Government against the establishment of any system of Government in North America, the influence of which would endanger the friendly relations of the people of the North American Provinces of Great Britain with the people of this State—*Resolved*, that the Governor be requested to transmit copies of the foregoing preamble and resolutions to the President of the United States and to each House of Congress.

—A rowdy who lately burst into a house in Ohio expecting to have everything his own way, was astonished by a ferocious young lady armed with a tomahawk, who left an immense amount of her autograph in red ink on his face. Verdict was, served him right.

BRYAN'S WAFERS—THE GREAT PUBLIC REMEDY. Have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a pure, harmless, and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE ELECTION.

A meeting of the members of the Mechanics' Institute having been publicly announced for last evening, the Reading Room was crowded within a few minutes after the time appointed for assembling. The object of the meeting, as is generally known, was to receive the resignation of Mr. Friel as President and to proceed with the election anew. Mr. Friel gave a brief description of matters as they stood, at the same time recounting some of his labours in behalf of the Institute in its infancy, when it required all the aid its friends could afford in order to keep it alive. The speaker stigmatized in no measured terms, those who had been guilty of calumniating and holding up to public scorn, men who had earned for themselves reputation and wealth in the community, and had honestly and faithfully discharged their duty to the Mechanics' Institute of this city.

Dr. Hill, in a speech of considerable length spoke very highly of Mr. Friel's services rendered to the Institute in the time of its need, when he (the speaker) and other gentlemen laboured together with Mr. Friel to support the Mechanics' Institute many years ago—when all parties worked in unity without the least exhibition of party spirit. The Doctor then offered the following resolution:—

Moved by Hamnett Hill, M. D., seconded by Robert Lees, Esq., that this meeting expressing their entire confidence in the honor and integrity of the gentlemen appointed to act as Scrutineers at the late election of President of the Ottawa Mechanics' Institute and Athenæum, and regarding the decision and report as final and conclusive, hereby request H. J. Friel, the present President, to withdraw his resignation of that office, and to continue to hold during the remainder of the financial year of the Institute, the position which he has so ably filled during the past two years, and on several previous occasions.

The resolution was spoken to by Messrs. White, LeSueur, Lees, Hunter and others.

The yeas and nays were called for, the result being yeas 73; nays 34.

Messrs. Porter and Bucke who acted as scrutineers, thanked the meeting for sustaining them in their late action by passing the present resolution.

Mr. White then resigned his office as second Vice-President of the Institute.

Mr. Remon moved, seconded by Mr. Perry, that Mr. White's resignation be not accepted, but that he withdraw his letter of resignation, and give the Institute the benefit of his valuable services during the present year.—Carried unanimously.

The meeting then adjourned.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE DISPUTE.

To the Editor of the Times:

SIR,—Before this reaches the public, the question of who shall be President of the Mechanics' Institute for the current year, will, no doubt, have been decided by the re-election of Mr. Friel, who, I suppose, so far as competency is concerned, is as good as Mr. White "or any other man." I am not, Mr. Editor, a subordinate in the Civil Service Regiment, nor an officer, nor an understrapper in the Post-office Department, nor in any way in subjection or obligation to Mr. White. I owe him no respect beyond what I owe to my fellow creatures in general, Mr. Friel included. But I owe, and usually endeavor to maintain allegiance to truth, justice, and common sense. Now, being one of the 25 persons who voted for Mr. White, and knowing that 25 was the majority of 43, I confess I was taken aback a good deal by the report of the Scrutineers. It is adding insult to injury to tell these 25 men that they did not vote as they say they did, and I apprehend every honest person in the community will think so. It is alleged that the Civil Service "packed the meeting!" that "a clique in the Post-office Department" wanted to seize the management of the Institute! &c., but surely no one will deny that the twenty-five persons alluded to had a right to vote for whom they chose. If Mr. Friel had only 18 electors in his favor that was not the fault of the other side. Then about the packing, &c., &c. Of the 25 of us 8 or 9 were residents of Ottawa, *not* in the Civil Service, and of the 17 Civil Servants who voted for Mr. White—for 2 or 3 voted for Mr. Friel—7 all told belonged to the Post-office Department! And this is the terrible array with which these "toadies, sycophants, sublime snobs, dodgers, &c., &c.," sought to compass the subjugation of the Mechanics' Institute to their sinister ends!! I put it to you, Mr. Editor, whether a more lame or ridiculously impotent conclusion was ever attempted to be palmed off upon a reasonable community? But, sir, it is made a crime against the Post-office Department, especially, that its officers only subscribed $2 towards the liquidation of an old debt of the Institute. Well, I did not know any one of them had subscribed a cent for that object, and for the best of all reasons—that so far as I have been able to ascertain—they never were asked. No doubt the managers of the Institute thought, and properly thought, it would be rather cheeky to go to the Civil Servants for such a purpose. Is it not enough that they have to help towards paying off the debts of the city contracted years and years ago? Must they in addition liquidate the obligations of literary and benevolent institutions? I am persuaded no really reasonable person will expect that. But two dollars from seven persons is, after all, a very fair proportion in a city of 20,000 inhabitants for the relief of an institution of a popular and unsectarian character, to which all are, consequently, under equal obligations to contribute. Take the men and young men only, and you will have 5,000, which divided by 7 and multiplied by 2, will give $1,433, or nearly 7 times as much as the whole city contributed, so that the P. O. Department "clique" did at least as well as the rest—if they gave $2, which I doubt. Perhaps the gentleman who reproaches the P. O. Department clique for their parsimony will tell us how much he gave. Do.

ONE OF THE 25.

Ottawa, March 20th, 1867.

POLICE COURT.

Andre Riopel was charged with furious driving contrary to the statute. Sergeant Davis testified to having seen defendant, and another person driving in their trotting cutters down Sandy Hill and along Rideau-street at a dangerous pace on Friday last. He thought defendant was going at the rate of a mile in 3½ minutes. He saw Riopel's horse break into a gallop. Defendant said he had a witness not present, who could prove that another person who was alongside of him whipped his horse, and that he could not prevent him from going at the pace he did go. He could perhaps get his witness here to-morrow. The case was therefore adjourned till this morning.

William Sims was also charged with furious driving. Defendant set up the plea that he was a stranger to the horse, who had a bad habit of going according to the rule of contrary, the harder one pulled the faster the horse would go, a fact which he did not at the time know. The means which he adopted to lessen the speed, therefore, but increased it, and he thought it hard to be "hauled up" for what he could not help. Mr. Wm. Hearn the owner of the quadruped was called for the defence, and said that he forgot to tell defendant of this peculiarity in the horse's character. Fined $1 and costs.

Hans Mauil, a Dutchman from Hamburg, was brought up on a charge of insanity. Dr. Henry being sworn, testified that he believed Mauil to be insane, and that it was dangerous for him to be at large. Mr. George Saddler, superintendent of the Protestant Hospital, said that the man came there about three months ago, frostbitten in the feet, and had subsequently undergone amputation of four of his toes. He had frequently exhibited unmistakeable signs of insanity. Yesterday he seized a girl and tried to strike her on the head with a large can, when he (witness) went to the rescue. He usually continued singing all night, so that no one in the hospital could sleep. On the occasion of his going to rescue the girl from the maniac, the latter attempted to seize him by the throat. Mr. Saddler said he was apprehensive of danger if he continued in the hospital, for on one occasion he had secreted a shovel under his bed, and had frequently used threats to kill some one. Mr. Wills said Mauil was an emigrant, but that he had not come through the Ottawa agency. He, however, knew him from his having waited on him a short time ago with a letter from Dr. Henry, but he thought he was very unsettled in his mind, and that it was dangerous for him to be at large. His Worship thought it would be better to send him to jail for a while and have him properly taken care of, and if he did not recover he must be put into an insane asylum.

POLITICS IN PRESCOTT.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

DEAR SIR,—Being a constant reader of your valuable journal, I perceive that you have introduced into the political arena, many aspirants for seats in the Legislature of Ontario, as well as in the Canada House of Commons, noticing at the same time that you have remained, hitherto, mute in reference to the County of Prescott, although adjacent to the capital of the Confederated provinces. Therefore, permit me to transmit to you a brief relation of the political news of the day, which seems to have originated from reliable sources. Thomas Higginson, Esq., the present M.P.P., is spoken of as certain to be in the field, and likewise W. Rodden, Esq., of Montreal, the proprietor of the Plantagenet Springs. James Boyd, Esq., of Vankleek Hill, Reeve of West Hawkesbury, has already publicly declared himself a candidate for the representation of this County in the Legislative Assembly. And it is said, expected that Peter McLaurin, Esq., Reeve of South Plantagenet, will declare himself a candidate for a seat in the House of Commons. The two last mentioned gentlemen are both politicians, and perhaps as eloquent as the county can produce.

So you see Mr. Editor that we have no less than four candidates in anticipation, for the approaching election. At the same time the free and independent electors of the County of Prescott, have arrived at the wise conclusion, to send but one to represent them in each branch of the Government, and retain the extra two to legislate for them at home, no doubt endowing them with a thankless *income*.

AN ELECTOR.

North Plantagenet, Co. Prescott, March 15, 1867.

REPRESENTATION OF RUSSELL.

To the Editor of the Times:

SIR,—Having noticed in your paper of the 8th instant, a paragraph, in which you were kind enough to make favorable mention of my name as a candidate for the representation of the county of Russell in the Commons of Canada, I beg leave to state that in common with the electors of the county, I believe the time has come when we should elect our representatives from among ourselves, and if my fellow electors think me the right man for the position, and will evince a lively interest to secure my return, I shall willingly put my services at their disposal, and if elected will devote my best endeavors to promote their interests, as well as those of the dominion of Canada generally. I shall not, however, hold out any other inducements than those of the local and the general interests to be promoted, nor do I think that any other considerations will be allowed to sway the independent electors in their choice. I believe the people of Russell are patriotic enough to exert themselves for the causes I have indicated, and shall take an early opportunity of ascertaining their opinion concerning my candidature, and shall only enter the field and issue my address when satisfied that my services are desired by a majority of the electors.

Yours truly,
W. CRAIG.

Russell, March 20th, 1867.

LOCAL NEWS.

MEETING.—A public meeting will be held in the Town Hall, Township of Cumberland, on Saturday next, the 23rd, at 7 p. m., for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent the County of Russell in the Parliament of Ontario.

OBTAINED THEIR CERTIFICATES.—We have much pleasure in mentioning that Mr. Benjamin Bradley and Mr. George Lang of Gloucester, have recently obtained second class certificates at the "Toronto Military School." These gentlemen were highly complimented upon their proficiency, and will be a credit to any company which may be fortunate enough to come under their command.

THE ANNUAL VOLUNTEER AND SERVICE MILITIA LIST OF CANADA. *1st March*, 1867. *Ottawa: Printed by G. E. Desbarats.* We have received a copy of this little volume, compiled by COL. WILY, and published by authority; and we need scarcely add that the information it conveys is thorough and complete in every particular. The "list" will, no doubt, be in very general demand, as every one likes to be informed concerning volunteer and militia matters.

TURNING THE TABLES.—It will be seen by advertisement that John Brown has fallen into disgrace, his credit being cried down by his wife Mary Ann. This is turning the tables on an old and not very commendable practice of husbands advertising their wives. The great Brown family should be ashamed of John, and in fact if John has any sense of decency left he will be ashamed of himself and we hope mend his ways. Not to wound the feelings of the Browns in general we beg to say, that the John Brown to which this notice and the advertisement allude, is he of lot two in the twelfth concession of Goulbourne, or rather that his wife is the proprietress of that "clearing."

SPORTING.—On Friday evening last, Mr. L. Morton, the eminent taxidermist, accompanied by a well-known sporting city official, embarked in a carriage, and with guns and hounds, proceeded to the Cedar Swamps, near McKay's bay, in search of hares. Shortly after the dogs were slipped, they gave tongue upon a hot-find, in capital style. After a keen and exciting run through the deep snow, the hare broke cover near the large rock on the main road to Rockliffe—well known as the spot visited by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales—and was knocked over on full run, in splendid style, at a distance of sixty yards, by Morton. The dogs, after a protracted search, again found and awoke the echoes of the hills with their inimitable music; but strange to relate, when closely pressed, puss took refuge under the roots of a large pine tree, and successfully resisted every effort of the sportsmen to dislodge her. While out, it was reported to our sporting friends, that an immense hawk, a short time ago, had pounced upon and destroyed quite a number of tame pigeons at Rideau Hall. We trust that some one of our sportsmen may succeed in killing this sharp-clawed cateran of the air, and by so doing save the lives of many of the poor pigeons in the viceregal neighborhood, and at the same time secure a fine ornithological specimen for the Ottawa Natural History Society.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, March 20, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold during previous night, 4 above zero.
Noon, shade, 30 above zero.
Noon, sun, 67 above zero.
6 p. m., 37 above zero.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was the brightest day enjoyed here since last Autumn. The sun's warmth was very sensibly felt, and few overcoats were seen on the streets. The snow melted from the roofs and the sidewalks, forming rivulets and pools of water, which foot passengers found very inconvenient. The snow is fast wearing out on the streets, and other signs of approaching Spring are everywhere seen and felt.

LARGE PIGS.—There were in the market yesterday two of the finest pigs of the season, they may not have been the heaviest, but they were the best built. The heads were of an enormous depth and very short; the ears were comparatively small; the legs stout and not too long; the bodies of moderate length, but great depth; altogether the proportions were such as one would consider necessary to well bred pigs. The weight of one was 474lbs. and of the other 496.

THE SUNBURST.—The following requisition to the Mayor is being circulated through the city for signature:

"*To Robert Lyon, Esq., Mayor of the City of Ottawa:*

"SIR,—A Fenian "Sunburst" flag, reported to have been sent to this city by the Fenians of Ogdensburgh, having been carried in procession, (with other disloyal emblems), through our streets on Monday last: We, loyal inhabitants of the capital of Canada, request that you will take steps to discover in whose possession that flag now is; and to ascertain if we have in our midst, men, whose aim is to encourage and assist the Fenian Brotherhood—whose hands are already imbued in the blood of our countrymen—in the invasion of this Province and the subversion of Her Majesty's Government."

GAME LAWS.—A number of complaints against different persons for violating the game laws were tried yesterday, at Hull, before Mr. Whitcher and G. J. Marston, Esq.:—Wm. Hasty, Samuel Delle, Robert Ardis and James Bradley, were each fined $2 and costs. All of the carcasses and seven deer skins found with the defendants were confiscated. The extreme poverty, and the undoubted ignorance of these parties, and the great distance they had come, were taken into consideration, and small fines inflicted accordingly. But a caution was given them, and will be thus communicated to the neighborhood, that may prevent any further destruction of deer on the Gatineau.

KILLING DEER AGAIN.—On Saturday last Detective O'Neill and Sergeant Davis returned from a legal raid among the illegal deer-killers up the Gatineau river and on the Lower Canada side. They succeeded in seizing a number of skins and a large quantity of slaughtered venison. At one farm house up the Peche they found seven fresh skins, two barrels of venison salted down, and a number of heads which were about to be converted into head-cheese. At two other places they seized a quantity of meat killed within a week and also a number of skins. Altogether they found fifteen deer skins, one moose skin, and a very large quantity of meat and heads, killed since the commencement of the close season. The above is but a small item of what has been illegally killed within a few weeks past. O'Neill and Davis could not for want of conveyance, bring to town any of the meat that was in barrels, or it would have been brought for distribution among the poor. The officers of the law who were sent on the above business by Mr. Whitcher, served summonses on several parties to appear before that gentleman for breaches of the Game Act. One batch did so appear on Saturday last at Aylmer, others are to appear before him to-day at Mr. Marston's, Magistrate at Hull, and the remainder of those implicated will probably have a hearing some time this week. We learn that in the performance of their arduous duty the two Constables were several times threatened with cold lead, and they are entitled to great praise for the accomplishment of their object in the face of such difficulties. Mr. Lett, we are told, was the means of obtaining the services of the Constables in behalf of the Department, and those who desire to see the game of the country duly preserved and the laws obeyed, will thank him and the Department for the action taken.

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's world's hair restorer and dressing acts upon the roots, producing rapid growth and new life. Sold by all druggists.

—Mrs. Johnson, wife of the President, appeared at a Presidential reception lately for the first time, and a correspondent says: "I felt a deep anxiety to see the woman who had taught her husband to read, and inspired him with that lofty ambition which led to place and power. She stood near the President to his right; pale, thin, stamped with care and sickness, a countenance of thoughtful sadness, an expression of deep curiosity. Looking for a moment at each person introduced, her eye would drop immediately in meditative thoughtfulness, as if her mind and heart were filled with thoughts and emotions far different from the giddy throng passing by. All who know her speak well of her.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.—The Montreal *Witness* says: It ought to be recorded, to the credit of our Irish fellow-citizens, that neither on Sunday, which was St. Patrick's day, nor on Monday when it was celebrated, was there the slightest disturbance of the public peace; and though some thousands walked in procession, and, of course, enjoyed a holiday, there was no appearance of intemperance that we could see in the course of somewhat extended observations both in the city and suburbs, through the day and in the evening. In fact this quiet city never was quieter than yesterday evening. This is very creditable to the Irish and also to their teachers, the chief among whom has long been the Rev. Mr. Dowd.

DECLINE OF THE TURKISH EMPIRE.—The weakness of the Sultan is encouraging the demands of his satraps. The Viceroy of Egypt asks that he be called Caliph of Egypt, that he shall coin money in his own name, that he shall have power to increase the Egyptian army to 100,000 men, and that he shall have the right of appointing officers of the highest rank. These are demands which savour of imperial rule, and at Constantinople they are looked upon as equivalent to asking for independence. They can bear no other interpretation; but what can the poor enfeebled Sultan do but submit? The "sick man" appears to die slowly, but that he is dying hardly admits of a doubt. His decline since 1854—only twelve years ago—has been more rapid than casual spectators are disposed to admit.

A REALLY GOOD ARTICLE.—We would call the attention of all interested to an article of undoubted merit, and which we would advise all in want of to give a trial. We refer to Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine for horses now being extensively used by many of the largest horse dealers in the country; these men have discovered that it improves the condition of the horse by purifying the blood and removing from the lungs and liver all that prevents their healthy action; its effect is soon apparent in improved appearance of the animal, which is one great reason why horse dealers use it, as they are thus enabled to get better prices and at the same time give their customers sound and healthy horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W. proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

American Troops Proceeding to the Front.

NEW YORK, March 20.—Nine car loads of United States troops passed over the Hudson River Railway yesterday, fully equipped, and had with them all the necessary luggage for a campaign. They are destined for Oswego, and are undoubtedly intended to operate against any movement of Fenians which may be attempted on the frontiers of Canada. The Fenian news by the latest despatches give little or no encouragement to the brotherhood.

The Excitement Game Playing Out.

There is an awful stagnation in the statements which prevailed during last week, and the belief is becoming general, that no insurrection is intended, and that whatever disturbance occurred was quickly and easily quelled. The movement on Canada is, however, attracting more general attention, and its inauguration is believed to be near at hand.

Fenians Supposed Concentrating at St. Albans.

At St. Albans, Vt., says a *Herald* correspondent, many strange Milesian faces are noticeable, and probably that town will soon be the base of a Fenian column to move on Canada.

The Effect of St. Patrick's Day's Riots.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The riots which occurred on St. Patrick's Day were the subject of excited conversation, among the public generally and the policemen. The wounded are still suffering seriously, and although improving, several of them are still in a precarious condition.

Decree Abolishing Taxes.

The *Herald's* Havana correspondence of the 19th says: A royal decree had arrived from Spain, abolishing several taxes hitherto enforced. The measures are apparently liberal, but will in reality add $20,000,000 to the revenue from Cuba.

The Coolie Trade—Inhumanity.

The Coolie immigration is increasing rapidly, and it is attended with more than the usual cruelty and inhumanity.

Quarantine at Havana.

Passengers leaving Havana are subjected to the annoyance and detention consequent on the enforcement of the laws requiring their identification. Vessels from Europe with clean bills of health are not subject to quarantine.

The Revolt in Honduras.

Advices from British Honduras to the 22nd ult., state that subsequent to their late reverses, the British troops gained a very important victory over the Indians, who had been midding on the colonists. Quite a number of Indians, men, women and children, were killed by rockets thrown into a retreating crowd. Many of their villages were burned and their corn fields laid waste. Considerable discontent existed in the public mind in Belize notwithstanding.

Appointment of U. S. District Attorney.

The *Times'* special says: The President yesterday, sent to the Senate the name of Wm. Dorsheimer for United States District Attorney for the Northern District of New York.

Reconstruction.

NEW YORK, March 20.—The *Tribune's* special says, the Supplemental Reconstruction Bill will be sent to the President to-day, and it is thought he will veto it immediately, so that Congress can pass it over the veto, and adjourn on Saturday or Monday next.

The Rinderpest Broken Out Anew.

The United States Consul at Antwerp, has informed the Secretary of State, of the breaking out anew of the Rinderpest, that fearful scourge which swept over the greater part of Europe last year. Secretary McCulloch has issued circulars to Collectors of Customs, cautioning them to be on their guard and to prevent the landing of foreign meat, cattle and hides.

American Congress and the Case of Father McMahon.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—In the House Mr. Shanks offered a resolution, instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to investigate the facts connected with the imprisonment for life in Canada of the Rev. John McMahon, a citizen of Anderson, Indiana, and a pastor of the Catholic Church at that place, and what steps if any should be taken for his release. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Logan offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Foreign Affairs, to inquire why the claims of American citizens against the British Government, commencing with those reported by the President in January 19, 1859, and including all that have arisen since that date, have not been paid, and to report what in the judgment of the committee ought to be done to secure a speedy settlement of all such claims. The resolution was adopted.

CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

The first meeting of the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy, for the year 1867, pursuant to 29, 30 Vic., cap. 51, sec. 133, was held in the hall of the said Township, at noon, on Monday, the 21st day of January, 1867, there being present the entire council, namely:—Reeve—John Nell, Esq., Deputy Reeve, Robert Story, and Councillors, William Dean, James Stevenson, and David Maclaren, who each severally and respectively presented the declarations of qualification and office, taken and subscribed as required by law.

Motion No. 1. Moved by Mr. Dean, and seconded by Mr. Story, that this council do now adjourn in consequence of the illness and absence of the clerk, until 10 o'clock, a.m., on Saturday, the 9th day of February next.

February 9th, 1867.

The council met pursuant to adjournment. PRESENT—The Reeve, the Deputy Reeve, and Messrs. Dean, Stevenson, and Maclaren.

The minutes of last session were read.

The report of the Road Surveyor on the new road across Lots Nos. 25, 26, and 27, 12th con., and part of A, was presented.

The petition of William Richey, to be removed from S. S., No. 11, and annexed to S.S., No. 2, was presented and read.

Motion No. 1. Moved by Mr. Stevenson, and seconded by Mr. Maclaren, that the report of Andrew B. Henderson, road surveyor, be now received and placed on file.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Story, and seconded by Mr. Dean, that the Treasurer pay to Robert Wilson the sum of one dollar for services as poll clerk, at the last township election, and that a copy of this motion be the Treasurer's authority for doing so.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean and seconded by Mr. Maclaren, that the Treasurer's bond be laid before this council that they may enquire into the validity of the security given by him, in accordance with 29, 30 Vic., Chap. 51, Sec. 161.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Maclaren and seconded by Mr. Stevenson, that the Treasurer pay to Andrew B. Henderson the sum of four dollars for surveying a road across Lots Nos. 25, 26 and 27, and part of A, and that a copy of this motion be his authority for paying the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean and seconded by Mr. Story, that the time for levying and collecting the taxes be further extended to the first day of March next.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean and seconded by Mr. Story, that the Treasurer's bond just laid on the table is considered satisfactory, and be and is hereby accepted by this council.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Story and seconded by Mr. Stevenson, that this council do now adjourn for one hour.—Carried.

The council met pursuant to adjournment, all the members present.

Moved by Mr. Dean and seconded by Mr. Story, that the By-law appointing the place of meeting of this council be now read first, second and third time, and passed, any rule to the contrary notwithstanding.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean and seconded by Mr. Maclaren, that James Shaw be directed by this council to procure pine or cedar logs on the most reasonable terms, to repair the covering of the bridge known as Shaw's bridge, and the Reeve give an order on the Treasurer for the sum required to pay the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Stevenson, that the clerk be directed by this council to give the required notices to school S. Nos. 2 and 11, of their intention to change the East half of Lot No. 13 in the first concession from School S. No. 11 to school S. No. 2, at the next meeting of this council.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Stevenson, seconded by Mr. Dean, that the sum of twelve dollars be granted by this council to repair a bridge at Samuel Stevenson's, and eight dollars to repair a bridge at Benjamin Mooney's, both bridges on the ninth line, and Samuel Stevenson to superintend the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Stevenson, that the clerk be directed by this council to notify Wm. Whyte, that he is appointed by this council to call the first meeting in school S. No. 11 for the purpose of electing Trustees.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Story, that Ralph Tait be, and is hereby appointed auditor for the current year.—Carried.

The Reeve nominated Mr. Thomas G. Somerville as associate auditor.

Moved by Mr. Maclaren, seconded by Mr. Stevenson, that Robert Walker, jr., be appointed assessor for the current year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean seconded by Mr. Story, that the clerk be directed by this council to have the minutes printed in the TIMES newspaper.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Maclaren, that the clerk be directed by this council to demand of Thomas Elliott the catalogue or invoice of the Township library, and also books which were not included in the smaller catalogues, and which are now in his possession.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Story, seconded by Mr. Stevenson, that Charles Checkley be allowed his statute labor on the road between lots Nos. one and two in the second concession for one year.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Dean, seconded by Mr. Story, that this Council do now adjourn until Saturday the ninth day of March next.—Carried.

(Signed) W. P. TAYLOR, Township Clerk.
JOHN NEIL, Reeve.

—Teetotalism forbids a man touching anything that can intoxicate except a pretty girl's lips, which you may taste after signing the pledge, providing you do so discreetly and with moderation; but the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" is highly recommended and is a sure cure for colds, rheumatism, pains in side and back, tooth-ache, summer complaints, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers, at 25cts. per bottle.

COMMERCIAL

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, March 21, 1867.

The markets during the present week have not been well supplied. The Hay market has been particularly meagre.

The supply of Oats has been generally good and are in good demand at 30 to 32c. Hay is variable according to quality, but our quotation shows the average.

FLOUR—Extra	8 75	@	9 25
No. 1	7 50	@	7 75
No. 2	6 00	@	6 50
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 37½	@	4 50
" Spring "	3 62	@	3 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 60
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 65	@	1 80
Spring " "	1 50	@	1 50
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 30	@	0 32
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@	1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	19 00	@	20 00
Prime Mess per do	15 00	@	16 00
Hog per 100 lbs	6 00	@	6 12½
Hams	0 12	@	0 12½
Beef	6 00	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	@	0 08
Lamb—per qr	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 00	@	0 62
Turkeys—Each	0 00	@	1 30
Fowl—Per pair	0 00	@	0 40
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 00
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 18	@	0 20
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	0 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 35	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do	2 50	@	2 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing and regenerator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.

Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself
Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 2 237-y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

BIRTH.

At Hawkesbury Mills, on the 16th inst., the wife of Mr. James Higginson, of a son.

DIED.

In this city, on Tuesday, the 19th instant, of purpura, Emily Garrigue, daughter of Mr. Frank D. Tims, aged seven years, seven months and two days.

The funeral will leave her father's residence, Queen-street, LeBreton's Flat, at one o'clock, p.m., this (Thursday) afternoon. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

To be Sold,

AN EXCELLENT FARM, containing 97 acres, No. 11, 3d Concession of South March. 85 acres are cleared Land, with a good dwelling-house, garden containing 1½ acres, barn 40 x 31 feet, well fitted up and divided for grain and hay crops, stable, sheds, &c., a double walled stone root house, with granary on top, a good well of water, with pump, (cost $200) and other conveniences. A portion of the purchase money may remain at interest. If not sold before the 26th of April next, the farm will be let for two or three years.

Also to be sold 100 acres of bush land, East half of No. 2, 8th Concession of Huntley. Apply to

ALEX. T. SHARP,
On the premises,
Or to CHARLES PINHEY, ESQ.,
Barrister, Ottawa.

March 21. 12w3

CAUTION.

I HEREBY CAUTION ALL PERSONS not to give credit to my husband, JOHN BROWN, nor to enter into contracts with him without my consent, as he has no means of paying on his own account, and I will not hereafter be responsible for any of his debts.

MARY ANN BROWN.

Lot No. 2, Con. 12,
Township of Goulbourne,
March 21, 1867. 387-1-w12-4

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, }
To Wit. }

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the

Courts of Oyer and Terminer
AND
GENERAL GAOL DELIVERY,
AND OF
ASSIZE AND NISI PRIUS,

In and for the said COUNTY OF CARLETON, will be holden at the

COURT HOUSE,

In the CITY OF OTTAWA,

On Wednesday, the First Day of May, A. D., 1867,

At the hour of TEN of the Clock, a. m.; of which all Coroners, Magistrates, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned, are required to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

WM. F. POWELL,
Sheriff.

By JAS. BAILIFF, Deputy Sheriff,
Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
February 19th, 1867. 12wtd

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of

MASKS,

ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also
Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Cards.

1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.

P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.
GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.

Ottawa, March 19. 386tf

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

ONTARIO COLLEGE

PICTON, C. W.

PRESIDENT:
The Lord Bishop of Ontario.

COUNCIL:
THE PRESIDENT.
VEN. ARCH. PATTON, D. C. L.
JAMES A. HENDERSON, Esq., D. C. L.
J. CARTWRIGHT, Esq., M. A., Ball. Coll. Oxon.
CAPTAIN DOWNES.
THE HEAD MASTER.

MASTER:
F. C. EMERSON, Esq., B. A., Oxon, late open scholar and Greek Exhibitioner of Wadham Coll., Oxford. 1 class classic, 2d math. in Moderations, 1 class Lit. Hum. in Final Schools.

FELLOWS:
CLAUDE LONG, Esq., B. A., Exeter Coll. Oxon. A University Graduate in Holy Orders.
M DE ST. REMY, Professor of French.
Professor of Drawing, GEORGE ACKERMAN, Esq.
Teacher of Drilling and Fencing, Mr T. O'BRIEN.
Bursar, Captain DOWNES, Picton, C. W.

FEES—Per term, inclusive of Tuition, $16. Board $52.
EXTRAS—Drawing $5; German, $5; Music, $7 50.

THE YEAR IS DIVIDED INTO three terms; the total cost per annum, including stationery, will be $204.

Arrangements have been made whereby the pupils may take the double journey from and to Picton by Rail or Steamboat at a single fare. The object of this School is to train boys for the Universities, the Civil Service, Army, &c., so that they may compete without disadvantage with those in England. The system emulated will be that perfected by Dr. Arnold at Rugby.

The upper forms are separated into two divisions, the Classical and the Modern. In the latter the study of Modern Languages, Book-keeping, &c., is substituted for that of Latin, Verse and Greek.

The services of a Matron as well as that of a Master in Holy Orders are being secured.

The School opens on May 1st next.

The School is beautifully situated on the Bay of Quinte at Picton. The building cost $20,000. There are 100 acres of land attached.

There will be a Library, Cricket Field, Gymnasium and Play Ground; good Bathing or Skating, Boating and Fishing.

Application for admission to be made to Capt. Downes, the Head Master, Picton, C. W., and Rev. T. A. Parnell, Kingston.

March 19. 386F

FOR SALE.

PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

Piano-Forte Instruction.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptoress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Monochromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 384-3m

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; dispatched accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued.

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Stent & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 33-tf

FOR SALE.

2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

E. McGILLIVRAY.

Aug. 10-200tf

CITY REPRESENTATION.

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA**, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others.

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions, and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

CORNS & BUNIONS
EXTRACTED
WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or Bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for ocular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J. Burn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants, where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, March 18. 385b

LIFE
ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

FOUNDED 1838. FOR

LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:

PLACE D'ARMES.....MONTREAL.

INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A. THE BONUSES

Are paid on Money to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made *every year* in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 62½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy-holders during their own lives.

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES

Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a

Most Important Provision in Old Age

to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT, OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £1360, making the sum assured £2360, instead of £1000.

Or, he may then exchange this large Bonus Addition for One Cash Payment of about £1000 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £102 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM

Can anything like the same amount of benefits be obtained, whether as regards increase of our Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment or Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year in Class B. will receive, at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than later Entrants—the difference being probably so much as £40 on a £1000 policy.

The 29th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WARDLAW,
SECRETARY.

Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.

Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,.....Mr. A. Driscoll.
Arnprior,.....
Almonte,.....Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham,.....Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville,.....Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke,.....Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale

OF

Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—

BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT.

THE CONTENTS OF

150 PACKAGES

New Spring Dry Goods,

Just received, consisting of

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.

—AND—

The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.

Sale each day at TEN o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 13. 382d

A CARD.
A. ROWE,
Principal Auctioneer of the City of Ottawa.

SALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION solicited. Valuation of Household Furniture and effects carefully attended to.

Principal Office and Sales Room No. 42 North Side of Rideau Street.

Mr. Rowe in referring to the above Card begs respectfully to say that he has completed arrangements for conducting sales this spring in a manner that must give general satisfaction.

Though favoured last year, and for some years past, with the management of most of the important Sales which have taken place in the city, and he is happy to say universal satisfaction has been given in every respect.

Some of the reasons for Mr. Rowe's great success in conducting sales are, his extensive acquaintance with the purchasers, both in the city and country, and also his experience has given him a thorough knowledge of the value of every article he offers for sale.

And the most essential part which he was the first to introduce is to close and cash a sale the second day after it takes place.

Any number of references can be given if required.

Consignments of every description solicited.

Cash advances made on consignments for positive sale if required.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 386y

NOTICE.
O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,
No. 34, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in FREDERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Sets, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also I case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 20th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post* where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 381y

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

New Spring Goods,
New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,

ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14. Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets.
Fancy Dress Goods.
Black Mantle Cloths.
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings.
Canadian Tweeds.
Halifax Cloths.
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

OVER 50 PACKAGES
NEW
SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milions, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 15. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.
Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up.....$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,.....$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,.....$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866.....$4,075,830.55

Increased Assets in 6 months.....$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents.
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

IN THE PRESS.

And will be issued about 11th March,

THE

"Canadian Fruit Culturist,"

OR

"LETTERS TO AN INTENDING FRUIT-GROWER,"

ON THE

Proper Location, Soil, Preparation, Planting and After-Cultivation

OF

ORCHARDS, VINEYARDS & GARDENS,

WITH DIRECTIONS

FOR THE BEST MODE OF CULTURE of each variety of Fruit; and select descriptive lists of the best varieties of the Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Grape, Peach, Nectarine, Apricot, Quince, Gooseberry, Currant, Blackberry and Strawberry,

Suitable for Upper and Lower Canada,

BY JAMES DOUGALL,

Windsor Nurseries, C. W.

Price: Stiff Paper Covers, 25c.; Bound in Muslin, 50c. For sale at the principal Book Stores.

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383a-12w2

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware. China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Ætna Life Insurance Company.

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $56, and without profits.....$43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.....25.31

And each subsequent year.....26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over **14,000** persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.

R. SMITH, Agent.
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine

Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultanas,
In boxes, halves and qrs.

Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martell's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, andles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Sejdch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

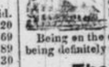
FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

Apply to

WILLIAM CLEGG.
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

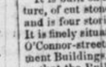
Ottawa, March 15. 383d



TO LET.—To Let in Besserer Street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to

JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a



FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

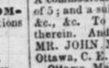
could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf



FOR SALE.

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each; having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to

R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR, Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb. each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 223d

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING.

AT NO. 57,

RIDEAU-STREET,

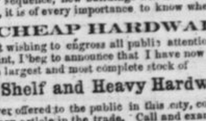
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

AT THE SIGN OF THE



24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD

THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, as you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75c PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine:—It had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility. I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366d

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.

Capital. - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:

London.....Liverpool.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance
COMPANY.
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets over liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Montgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 20
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,175,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 600 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10-12i

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty sixth day of February, 1867

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Maine Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.: Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

RETIRING!

Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF SEASONable Goods, at both my stores,

No. 12 and also No. 91, Rideau-street,

Can now be had IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS, at cost price for cash.

THE BARGAINS will continue until first day of May next, when

MESSRS. J. G. McLACHLIN & CO

Will carry on the business at No. 12, as usual.

See Circulars.—ONLY ONE PRICE.

G. H. PRESTON.

Ottawa, Feb. 19, 1867. 352d

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 293t

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application. For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.
380d

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 356dw6m

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodion,
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
 due and unpaid;
 adjusted and not due,
 in suspense and waiting for further proof;
 resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
Assistant Auditor.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

county of Carleton, calls the attention of the inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowering Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbaceous Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order; and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby excepted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac,

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., as Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two housand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL,
Alexandria Park,
Portagedu Fort.

January 29, 1867 wfm

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what complaints* I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, PA., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE,
Clerk of Steamer Clarion.

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D.,
Physician of the Marine Hospital.

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood*.

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, 12th March, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT NOTICE to Navigators has been issued by the Government of Mauritius, in reference to a floating light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage to be substituted, to the harbour lights at the entrance of Port Louis, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.

By Command,
THOS. WORTHINGTON,
Asst. Com. of Customs and Excise.

Governor Sir H. Barkly to Lord Carnarvon.

Mauritius, 18th December, 1866.

Gov. Desp. No. 292, of 31 Oct., 1864. S.S. Desp. No. 361, of 27 April, 1865.

My Lord,

With reference to the previous Correspondence, noted in the margin, on the subject of the substitution of a Floating Light at the entrance of the Harbour of Port Louis for the present Shore Lights, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board of Trade, the accompanying Copies of a Notice, announcing that the change in question will take effect from the 24th May next, and giving the necessary sailing directions for the guidance of vessels approaching the Port.

Enclosure 1. Notice.

Copies of this Notice have been forwarded to the different countries enumerated in the enclosed list, bearing the signature of the Colonial Secretary, and I beg that information may be given to the other Governments mentioned in the accompanying Copy of a Letter from the Harbour Master, dated the 11th instant, as well as to any Departments of Her Majesty's Government whom the matter may concern.

Enclosure 2. Enclosure 3.

I have, &c.,
(Signed.) HENRY BARKLY.

The Honorable
the Earl of Carnarvon,
&c., &c., &c.

NOTICE.

On the 24th of May, 1867, the Harbour Lights at the entrance of Port Louis, Mauritius, will be done away with, and a Floating Light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage will be substituted.

The Floating Light Vessel will be moored a little to the N Ward of the present well known Bell Buoy, with the following bearings:

Extreme of land to the northward: N E B N.
Extreme of land to the westward: W S W.
Flagstaff on Fort George: S E ¼ S.
Depth of Water: 15 fathoms.

The Light Vessel will be painted white, which will enable her to be distinctly seen against the dark land during the day.

She will shew a "*flashing white Light*" from Sunset to Sunrise, which will be visible a distance of nine miles in every direction from Seaward, from the poop of a large vessel.

The fact of this being a flashing Light, at short intervals, will sufficiently distinguish it from the Revolving Light at Flat Island, even were a mistake possible.

Vessels from the northward, after rounding Cannonier Point, must be careful not to bring Cannonier Point Light to the Westward of Flat Island Light, till the Floating Light at the Bell Buoy is seen; they may then steer for the latter, on a S S W ¼ W bearing, and anchor on that bearing, from ½ a mile to a mile from the Light.

Vessels approaching the Port from the Westward, may steer from the Floating Light on an E N ¼ N bearing, and either anchor ½ a mile from her on that bearing, or further northward as convenient.

The mooring chain of the Floating Light runs about 30 fathoms in a N N W direction, vessels must therefore be anchored in such a manner as to avoid hooking it.

The depths at the anchorage vary from 12 to 20 fathoms.

All the bearings are Compass bearings.

D. WALES,
Harbour Master.

Post Office, 10th December, 1866.

Circulars respecting Floating Light have been sent to

1 The Colonial Secretary, St. Helena.
2 The Colonial Secretary, Cape of Good Hope.
3 The Colonial Secretary, Natal.
4 The Colonial Secretary, Tasmania.
5 The Colonial Secretary, New Zealand.
6 Chief Secretary, South Australia.
7 Colonial Secretary, Western Australia.
8 Colonial Secretary, Queensland.
9 Chief Secretary, Victoria.
10 Secretary to the Government, New South Wales.
11 Colonial Secretary, Ceylon.
12 Secretary to the Government, Bengal.
13 Secretary to the Government, Bombay.
14 Secretary to the Government, Madras
15 Colonial secretary, Hong Kong.
16 Civil Commissioner, Seychelles.
17 Secretary to the Government, Straits Settlement.
18 Secretary to the Government, Batavia.
19 Chief Commissioner, British Birmah.
20 Secretary to the Government, Manilla (Philipine Islands).
21 Political Resident, Aden.
22 Monsieur L'Ordonnateur, Reunion.
23 Police Magistrate, Rodrigues.

(Signed) FELIX BEDINGFELD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Mauritius, 17th December, 1866.

Harbour Master to Colonial Secretary.

Post Office, Mauritius, 10th December 1866.

Sir,

As it will be necessary to send intelligence to all parts of the world before substituting a Floating Light at the entrance of this Port for the present Harbour Lights, I have the honor to request that His Excellency the Governor will authorize the printing of the annexed sailing directions, and the forwarding of them by the mail of the 18th instant, to all parts of the world.

The rule is to allow such intelligence time to reach every important Port in the world, and give vessels that have left before its arrival time to reach the spot where the new Light is to be placed.

I have proposed therefore, to light up on the 24th next May, the anniversary of Her Majesty's birth-day, subject to his Excellency's approval, thus allowing five months and one week for the transmission of intelligence, which ought to be sufficient, if no time is lost in sending it from England to North and South America.

I recommend that copies of the notice should be sent to the Governments of the following countries: —Russia, Holland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Belgium, France, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Austria, Prussia, Turkey, British North America, United States, Mexico, Brazil, Callao; also to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Admiralty, and the Trinity House, for transmission to English, Scotch, and Irish Ports; to the Australian Ports, Cape of Good Hope, the Indian Governments, the Straits Ports and Batavia, Manilla and China, together with any others that may be suggested, and that 100 copies may be sent to this office for distribution among the shipping.

I have, &c.,
(Signed.) D. WALES,
Harbour Master.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary,
&c., &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. 1, 1867.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following amended notice of the erection of a Lighthouse on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, in correction of the notification given in Government Notice No. 121, 1866.

By His Excellency's Command.

D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office,
Natal, 4th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Lighthouse has been erected on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.

The Lighthouse is in latitude 29° 3' 35" E.

The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.

It is visible in all directions from north (round by the east and south), to S 59° W; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S, 53° W; from the Lighthouse: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the southward and westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N 59° E,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River (about 9½ miles below the Lighthouse), when they must keep more to the northward, as the land tends more to the eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about W N W; they can haul in to the northward for the anchorage, anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Lighthouse bearing S W to S W ½ S, distant 1 mile.

W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
Admiralty Surveyor.

N. B.—The above bearings are magnetic. 388tf

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, &c.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottawa 23rd March, 1866 81-tf

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 216, Ottawa 384a

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, PuertoPrincipe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tt

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Greaville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "Pulmonic Wafers," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of the Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve, but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 356dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

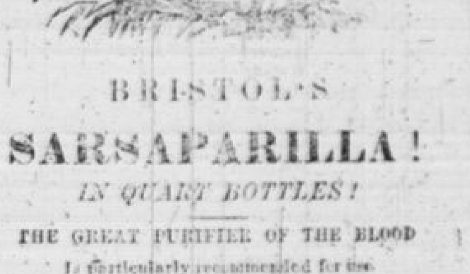
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw



BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

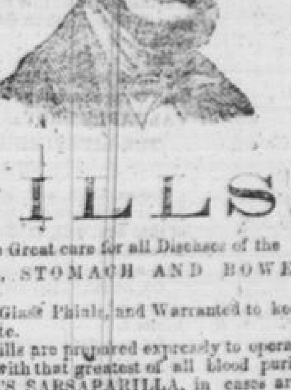
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headaches, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. dcwtf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Daily Times

VOL. II. NO. 389. | OTTAWA C. W. FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 5 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 5c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 358y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 139-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. Haycock. R. H. Haycock.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE, Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MOWAT WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Comer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICES: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFE,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 37ay

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 79-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 75-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 5. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.x

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. K. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flack's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
AYLMER, C. E
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL,
Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 43-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they cannot sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given on than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 236tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!

THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c.,	&c., &c

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES is this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1866. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 5-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-179t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 2.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at...10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge,*" and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-6d Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS,	COATS,
BEAVERS,	PANTS,
PETERSHAMS,	VESTS,
DEVONS,	SHIRTS,
WHITNEYS	DRAWERS,
IRISH FRIEZE,	SMOCKS,
CANADIAN DO.,	SOCKS,
BROADCLOTHS,	MITTS, WOOLLEN
	Do. BUCK,
BLACK DOESKINS,	
SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS,	MOCCASINS, BUCK,
Do. do. TROWSERINGS,	BAGS, LINEN,
BEDFORD CORDS,	Do., TRAVELLING,
CHAUDIERE TWEEDS,	COTTONS, STRIPED,
BANNNOCKBURN DO.,	Do., BLUE,
HALIFAX DO.,	Do., GREY,
KERSEYS,	TRUNKS,
FLANNELS,	VALISES,
BLANKETS.	

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, Dish PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363-w8-3m

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
J. ROOS.
Ottawa, February 26. 68y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 2' 45" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 33° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59° E.—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. ½ S: W. ¼ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships;
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kip, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 16 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47utf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

The Annual Volunteer and Service Militia List of Canada—George E. Desbarats.
Notice—Thomas Langrell.

The Ottawa Times
City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 22, 1867.

The Hon. A. R. McLellan, Commissioner of Public Works, New Brunswick, arrived here yesterday and is staying at the Russell House.

The contract for the improvement of the Carillon and Grenville Canal has been awarded to Mr. James Goodwin of this city. We understand that Mr. Goodwin received a very flattering letter from the Department of Public Works, stating that though his was not the lowest tender, the confidence in his energy and promptitude as a contractor had decided the award in his favor.

We understand that the Hon. Messrs. Galt and Langevin were to have sailed for this country on the 9th inst., so that their arrival may be daily expected. The Hon. Messrs. Macdonald, McDougall and Howland, had determined on leaving England by the steamer sailing on the 23rd, (to-morrow). The Hon. Mr. Cartier on account of his visit to the Continent, will probably be a few weeks later.

Elsewhere we copy from the *Durham Chronicle* an interesting article on "the Ottawa and French River Navigation." While the impracticable Huron and Ontario scheme is being denounced on all sides, even in the very city of Toronto itself, for the especial benefit of which its construction has been urged, it is satisfactory in the highest degree to find a journal published in the flourishing County of Grey, advocating the construction of the Ottawa and Georgian Bay canal, in the practical and intelligent manner in which the *Chronicle* treats it. The realisation of the latter project is only a question of time, and will be all the more speedily solved if the press of the country gives the prominence to the advantages it will confer upon the country to which they are so fairly entitled.

The New York Fenians are reported to be fully persuaded now that the rising in Ireland has been a miserable *fiasco*. These gentry, no doubt, were fully aware of the character of the "returning emigrants" whose embarkation at New York for Ireland during last fall was frequently noticed by the press as an unusual spectacle, and they now see beyond a peradventure that these precious "emigrants," who were doubtless nothing else but Fenian emissaries, have utterly failed to secure the amount of assistance from the populace upon which they calculated, and hence their fine scheme of recognition as "belligerents," and other advantages they anticipated have been blown to the winds. In the face of this untoward turn of affairs they are kind enough to promise a concentration of their malignant designs upon this devoted country. Well! We have only to do what has been done before, with this difference, that due precautions must be taken, that those who come upon our soil with hostile intent do not get off it so readily and at so small a cost as those who paid us a visit in June last.

The *Globe* referred the other day to the omission of the names of the Hon. Messrs. Macdougall and Howland, from the list of Colonial Delegates presented to the Queen. We learn, however, on good authority that both these Ministers were invited in the usual way. Mr. and Miss Macdougall were duly presented to Her Majesty, though not at the same reception as the other Delegates previously mentioned, and Mr. and Mrs. Howland were prevented from attending the reception by an accidental circumstance, which in no way implied any want of consideration for Mr. Howland's position as one of Her Majesty's Colonial Ministers. We are glad to be able to make this explanation because the *Globe* evidently felt inclined to resent the absence of these Ministers from the reception previously alluded to in the newspapers, as an insult to the Liberal Party of Upper Canada. We hope it will now make a note of the fact that the leaders of the *Reform Party of Canada West*, at present in England, have met with the same distinguished consideration in high circles, that previous intelligence informed us had been extended to the Conservative leaders.

There is a prospect that the British North American Confederation will extend its dominion from the Atlantic to the Pacific before the year is out. On the 18th the Legislative Council of British Columbia unanimously voted in favor of applying for immediate admission as a Province of the Confederacy, and on the following day a public meeting at Victoria, Vancouver Island, was held to consider the subject, when, according to the telegraphic despatch *via* San Francisco, the meeting was unanimously in favor of joining the Confederation at the earliest practicable moment. This news is very gratifying, as the early admission of the Pacific Colonies, though adding more to the responsibility than the strength of the Confederation, will give it a degree of *eclat* that will elevate its importance in the eyes of the world.

The prospect of this early extension of Confederate authority to the Pacific coast will force upon the attention of the country the necessity of at once considering the means for establishing communication with the North West, and extending the same on British American soil to the Pacific. The Hudson's Bay Company's claims must also come in for adjustment without delay, as the continuance of its privileges would be an effective bar to the settlement of a great portion of valuable territory. In fact the admission of British Columbia and Vancouver would be somewhat incongruous if the intervening territory were still to be left out, and we fancy that the first effect of the Confederation movement on the Pacific Coast will be to force a settlement with the Hudson's Bay Company and the organisation of a separate Province, or Provinces, between the confines of Canada and the Rocky Mountains.

The *Globe* has renewed its attack on the Department of Crown Lands, because the very moderate sum of eight thousand dollars has been appropriated for the exploration, with the view to the development of the resources of that hitherto unsurveyed portion of Lower Canada drained by the Northerly tributaries of the Ottawa; although no objection is made to the expenditure for surveys, also now in progress, of double that amount in exploring the Upper Canada branches of that river. Had the *Globe's* correspondent been employed on this service, we should probably have heard nothing against it. In ignorance of the real object and nature of the service, or having no valid reasons to object to it, he has taxed his ingenuity in inventing an absurd survey to James' Bay and the North pole, and then he ridicules his own invention; nothing can shew more clearly the absence of just ground of objection to the survey, than setting up such preposterous absurdities for the purpose of attack.

The surveying parties and their supplies are on their way to the scenes of action, and some of them have already commenced operations. They will have much done before the ice and snow disappear in that high and northerly region, and as the measurements of the lakes and rivers in the Summer will be made by the micrometer, not by clearing lines on the shore and chaining, they will be performed as rapidly on the open water as on the ice. The main Ottawa and several other rivers were so surveyed by Sir W. E. Logan with great accuracy and economy. The *Globe* may rest satisfied that the old and experienced Surveyors in the Department of Crown Lands who performed important surveys before its correspondent was born, know how, and when, and by whom surveys should be made. With reference to its editorial remarks, we may state that it is quite mistaken in supposing that this survey has been recently decided upon. On the contrary it was adopted shortly after the close of the last Session of the Legislature when the moneys granted for surveys in Upper and Lower Canada respectively were being appropriated to specific surveys, but action was delayed until the returns of the *surveys* previously ordered should be received, and their cost known, lest there should not remain a sufficient balance for this additional service. The *Globe's* honesty and candor of criticism may therefore be duly estimated from the fact that the very precautions taken in the Department to prevent an excess of expenditure over the parliamentary appropriation, have been made the ground of a wanton and unwarranted attack. One would have fancied that past experience would have warned the *Globe* against the propriety of attempting to bolster up the assertions of correspondents in matters whereof the editor knows nothing.

To ascertain the field which the country on the unexplored sources of the great river Ottawa presents for settlement and lumbering, is certainly an object of great importance, and it is most desirable that the Commissioner of Crown Lands should be able to lay that information before the Local Legislatures of Quebec and Ontario at their first meeting, as the policy to be adopted by the Provincial Governments with reference to the disposal of the public lands and timber will doubtless engage their early attention. The country drained by the Ottawa is by far the largest white pine forest in the world. The people of the Ottawa have long had too much reason to complain that, seeing the vast revenue yielded by the timber of the Ottawa (from $250,000 to $300,000 yearly) so little has been spent on the surveys of its tributaries. These surveys have not hitherto kept pace with the necessity for them, nor with the wants of the trade, and they will justly consider the performance of this survey as no more than the fulfilment of an instalment of the duty Government owes to this section of the Province. The *Globe* has evidently allowed itself to be used in this particular by some interested or disappointed party, who knowing its anxiety to make a point against the Government, took this means of gratifying his own feeling against the Crown Lands Department, and we cannot but regret that the *Globe* will never honorably retract, when it finds itself led into making gross mis-statements. It should at all events acknowledge that the expenditure of the parliamentary appropriations for the special purpose designated by the Legislature is the legitimate duty of the Department, and it should rejoice that the important information to be derived from these explorations will be ready at the earliest moment to lay before the Local Legislatures.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE DISPUTE.

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir,—Mr. Julius P. Bucke must be desperately eager for apologies, if he can construe my letter in yesterday's Times into an apology to him or to any one else. If he is really under a misapprehension as to the meaning of my letter, it can only be attributed to that lamentable ignorance of the language of gentlemen which his own literary productions so strikingly exhibit.

Mr. Julius P. Bucke must be bereft of common sense, if he imagines that I am at all likely to demean myself by answering the questions which, in his ignorant impertinence, he addresses to me. As a public servant I am responsible, not to Mr. Bucke, nor even to the community of Ottawa, but to my own superior officers. When Mr. Bucke has the manliness to communicate with the head of my department any part of the false and slanderous stuff which he has thought proper to write about me in the columns of the *Citizen*, I shall be prepared to give a full account of the manner in which I discharge my official duties.

Finally, Mr. Julius P. Bucke (not "must be," but) *is* a great bullying coward. He tries to twist an apology *out of* my letter, in order that he may be able to tell me in conclusion to "divest my mind of all fear of personal violence,"—a very unnecessary admonition, but one which simply shows that Mr. Julius P. Bucke has threatened to do what he dare not perform, and that although my aspect (as he hints) is not "very *formidable*," it is just sufficiently so to deter him from any act of hostility.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
Wm. D. LeSueur.

Ottawa, March 21, 1867.

British Columbia about Applying for Admission into the B. N. A. Confederacy.

San Francisco, March 20.—A large public meeting was held at Victoria last night, for the purpose of discussing the propriety of applying for admission of the Colony into the British North American Confederacy. The meeting was unanimously in favor of the scheme, and steps will be taken at once to confer with the Imperial Government Confederation authorities on the subject.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

FROM EUROPE.

Wreck of an English Bark.

Liverpool, March 21—Eve.—Information has been received here, that the bark *L. A. Nichols*, Capt. Ford, which left Cardiff on the 18th of January, for Havana, was wrecked at Teneriffe. No date or further particulars have been received.

A Reform Bill for Ireland.

London, March 21—Evening.—Mr. D'Israeli, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, promises a liberal reform bill for Ireland.

More Trouble for the Sublime Porte.

Vienna, March 21.—Despatches have been received from the south which indicate that the insurrection against the authority of the Sublime Porte is rapidly spreading throughout Thessaly.

Financial and Commercial.

London, March 21—Noon.—Consols for money 91¼; Erie shares 39¾; 5-20's Bonds 74¾; I. C. 78¾.

Liverpool, March 21—Noon.—The Cotton market opens very dull and with a downward tendency. Middling Uplands are quoted at 13¼, and Middling Orleans at 13½. The advices from Manchester are extremely unfavorable. The market there for goods and yarns is dull, and prices are tending downwards. The Breadstuffs market is generally quite Corn, however, has declined 4d to 6d per cwt., for Mixed Western. The provision market is generally unchanged. Lard has declined 3d, and is now quoted at 50s 6d per cwt., for American.

Liverpool, March 21—Evening.—Cotton continued dull and heavy throughout the day, and closed at the following quotations: Middling Uplands 13⅛d.; Middling Orleans 13⅜d.; Breadstuffs—Oats sold to-day at 3s. 3d. per 45 lbs. for American and Canadian. Provisions—Beef ex-prime Mess 127s. 6d. per 304 lbs; Tallow American 44s. 3d. per cental; Lard 50s. 9d. per cental for American.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Execution of a Murderer.

Wilkes Barre, Pa., March 21.—Alexander B. Wiley was hung here to-day for the murder of Mrs. McElever, in May last. He declared on the scaffold that he did not intentionally kill her.

The Case of the Fenian Prisoner McGrath.

Washington, March 21.—The President in response to a resolution of the House, transmitted to-day a letter from our consul, dated Toronto, March 13, enclosing a communication from Mr. McKenzie, in which the latter says the court of King's Bench has given judgment in the case of Patrick McGrath, one of the Fenian prisoners, and have confirmed the conviction. McGrath was tried at the November Court for participating in the Fenian raid of June last, as a citizen of the United States and acquitted. At the January term he was tried a second time on another indictment for the same offence as a British subject. To the latter indictment Mr. McKenzie recommended him to plead a plea of *autre fois acquit*, besides pleading over to the felony, the court having in this instance departed from a time-honored principle. There is no appeal, so the matter must rest; the judgment in this case may be said to end the Fenian trials.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 21, 1867.

The Queen's Own have received orders to have two days cooked rations constantly on hand, in case of being ordered suddenly to the front.

Two or three buildings were destroyed by fire this morning.

The jury in the case of the Bothwell fire have decided that it was the work of an incendiary.

A man, named Kennedy, who was badly injured on Tuesday, while trying to get on a train at Georgetown, has died from the effects of the injuries.

About 300 men passed through this city yesterday, on their way Westward, from the Madoc gold region, where they had failed to find gold or employment.

Weather mild. Snowing heavily all day.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 21, 1867.

The Royal Guides, No. 1 Troop of Cavalry, and Field Battery of Artillery, were inspected by Col. Dyde last evening in the Champ de Mars. They were put through various evolutions. A large concourse of spectators were present. The whole Regular and Volunteer force will be reviewed by General Michel on Good Friday.

The resignation of Col. Routh of the Royals causes much regret.

The plans of Messrs. Fowle and Ray for a drill shed have been accepted by the committee, who will report at the next meeting of the City Council in favor of appropriating 50,000 dollars, which, with the 30,000 dollars now in hand, should build a creditable drill shed and armory.

The Court of Queen's Bench opened yesterday at Iberville. Madame Berrelau and her paramour Proneucher, charged with poisoning the husband of the former, were arraigned and pleaded not guilty.

A TOUCHING PICTURE.

In a pamphlet printed by the Rev. Isaac Taylor, incumbent of St. Matthias, Bethnal-green, with a view of showing the extent of the destitution which prevails in his district, he alludes to the "children's trades," which, he says, unhappily flourish in Bethnal-green, and says, "Among these trades the foremost perhaps is the manufacture of lucifer boxes For this work the payment is twopence farthing per gross, or 32 boxes for one halfpenny, out of which sum the little laborers have to find their own paste. The other day I took upon my knees a little girl who is employed in this manner. She told me she was four years old. Her mother said the child had earned her own living ever since she was three years of age. This infant now makes several hundred boxes every day of her life, and her earnings suffice to pay the rent of the miserable room which the family inhabits. The poor little woman, as might be expected, is grave and sad beyond her years. She has none of a child's vivacity. She does not seem to know what play means. Her whole thoughts are centered in the eternal round of lucifer-box making, in which her whole life is passed. She has never been beyond the dingy street in which she was born. She has never so much as seen a tree or a daisy, or a blade of grass. A poor sickly little thing, and yet a sweet obedient child, the deadly pallor of her face proclaiming unmistakably that she will soon be mercifully taken away to a better world, where, at least, the little weary fingers shall be at rest. And this is only one case out of scores and hundreds."

—They have one hundred and forty thousand tons of ice in the ice-houses of Chicago this season. Dealers intend to demand an increase in prices.

—The several funds now held by Harvard College amount to $1,999,597.96.

—A promising lead lode has recently been discovered near Fairplay, Wis., and another three miles northwest of Dubuque.

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's world's hair restorer and dressing acts upon the roots, producing rapid growth and new life. Sold by all druggists.

—About 2,000 barrels of confiscated liquor, stored in various warehouses in New York, will soon be sold on behalf of the government.

—Nearly all the Post Offices in Texas are in charge of females. It works so well that the males now arrive and depart every hour in the day.

—The *Great Eastern* will arrive at New York about the 1st of April, ready to take 3,000 passengers to the great Exhibition. She has new boilers, a new shaft, a steel steam launch fifty feet long by twenty wide, a steam steering apparatus, 500 lofty and convenient state-rooms, a new deck-saloon that will dine 500 passengers, and other saloons, equal to dining 2,000 in all at the same time.

LOCAL NEWS.

St. Patrick's Dinner Committee.—The members of the Dinner Committee are requested to meet at Kavanagh's "Queen" Restaurant, on Saturday afternoon, at two o'clock precisely.

War and Canadian Militia.—A lecture on this subject is to be delivered this evening at the French Canadian Institute, by Mr. E. Blain de St. Aubin. The subject is particularly interesting at this time, and the lecturer should have a full house, and we have no doubt but he will.

Reduction of Telegraph Charges.—We are informed that the Montreal Telegraph Company, as soon as they have put the lines which they have recently acquired into thorough working condition, intend to make a material reduction in their rates. This will be good news to the mercantile community and the public at large, and we have no doubt will result in an increase of business to the company.

Police Court.—Andre Riopel, for furious driving, adjourned from Wednesday, was called up, when his witness being unable to clear him of the charge, he was fined $1 and costs. Mary Larable, or Lariviere, was charged with vagrancy and prostitution. Fined $5 and costs, or three weeks in jail. Mademoiselle being out of funds, made a virtue of necessity, and accepted the three weeks with as good a grace as might be.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 21, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold during previous night 13 above zero.

9 a.m., 28 above zero.
Noon, shade, 41 above zero.
Noon, sun, 67 above zero.
6 p.m., 40 above zero.

The Montreal Championship.—An advertisement appeared lately in the Montreal papers announcing a champion medal, to be awarded to the best skater in all Canada. Our young townsman, Mr. Alexander Martin, on hearing of the matter, wrote to Montreal, in high hopes that as a Canadian, he would be permitted to enter the list. Yesterday he received an answer, ruling him out, he having entered the arena as a professional, the prize being for the competition of amateurs. Mr. Martin, however, stands prepared at all times to contest the championship of Canada, with all comers.

Protestant Hospital.—Mr. Saddler, Steward of the Protestant Hospital, desires to return thanks for a considerable number of magazines, comprising the Argosy, Good Words, Blackwood, the Eclectic and Ladies' magazines, with a variety of tracts for the use of the patients in that Institution, from Chas. Birch, Esq., and W. Mills, Esq. There are many subscribers to ephemeral literature who never think of preserving their numbers. If such ladies and gentlemen would bestow a kindly thought on the poor sufferers in the hospital, and send them such numbers when they have been read, a benefit would be conferred beyond the power of the healing art to confer. The charitable contributors would have the satisfaction of co-operating with the faculty in aiding to reach the ailments of the body through the mind, and in many cases of "ministering to a mind diseased."

The Public Thoroughfares.—The retrenchment promised by our city fathers bids fair to go too far. The present condition of the streets and sidewalks requires for several days the labor of from 20 to 30 men, and that would be little enough to set them right. There has been from time to time a great deal of talk about Tom Kincella and his pensioners. That will do very well to joke about, but the plain fact is that that indefatigable representative of the defunct Streets and Improvements Committee has had but *one* assistant during the past winter, and at this time when there should be a large number of men at work placing the sidewalks in a passable condition, there are but the two: Thomas Kincella and his one man. At this rate the inconvenience which has been felt for the past few days in getting along over hills of ice and through pools of water will last for several weeks. Let no reflections be passed on Tom Kincella's pensioners, for he has none. The Streets and Improvements Committee are dead and gone. Whose duty is it now to attend to our thoroughfares?

POLITICS IN ESSEX.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—As in other constituencies, so in Essex, the Grits have commenced to bestir themselves for the next election. Mr. Alexander Cameron, Barrister, of Toronto, a somewhat notorious politician of that stripe, is now in the county feeling his way, and he has been presented with a requisition calling on him in a very humble manner to allow himself to be put in nomination as a candidate for the Legislative Assembly of Ontario. The requisition has been published in the Essex *Record*, heretofore known as a Conservative newspaper; and in the same paper has appeared a leading article, which, from its bombastic style and oratorical assumptions, may be imputed to the pen of some schoolmaster, expressing the greatest confidence in the result and belauding Mr. Cameron in such style that, were he a modest man, he would undoubtedly blush. For instance, amongst other things more strange than true, take the following: "His profound knowledge, and especially his knowledge of constitutional law, will render him a valuable member of the new legislature." Your correspondent does not hesitate to say, that the writer of that article is the only person living who has ever been able to discover this "profound knowledge" in Mr. Cameron, "and especially his knowledge of constitutional law"! Had this boast been published in some place where Mr. Cameron is comparatively unknown, it might be useful, or at least harmless, but to publish such nonsense in Essex where he has been, as it is stated in the same article, known from his birth, gives the whole affair the appearance of a burlesque. Other statements in the article in question are of a like character. Many of those who signed the requisition allege that they did so when told that they should not be required to vote for Mr. Cameron, but that they were pressed to sign for some unexplained reason. These parties say they do not intend to vote for him. This seems further to indicate that the whole affair is a sham got up for some purpose not now apparent.

Mr. Rankin, it is said, will again offer for this county, as a candidate to represent it in the House of Commons. The Conservatives have not yet made any move. But at the proper time the matter will be attended to. There will be little difficulty in defeating Mr. Rankin and Mr. Cameron also, should he really be a candidate.

There is no other news of general importance. There is just now some talk of another Fenian excitement; but it is to be hoped that this will amount to nothing serious. It is high time that this wickedness should end. The weather during the last four or five days has been unusually cold for this time of the year. The nights of last Wednesday and Thursday were nearly as cold as any this winter.

Conservative.

Windsor, C. W., March 18, 1867.

—The peach buds are reported to be uninjured in most parts of Ohio.

MR. JONES AMONG HIS CONSTITUENTS.

According to previous announcement F. Jones, Esq., addressed a meeting of the electors of the Township of South Gower, at Wilson's Hotel on Monday the 18th inst., at 11 o'clock. The meeting was organised by appointing Joseph Adams, Esq., to the chair and William Eager, Esq., as Secretary. The chairman in a brief speech introduced Mr. Jones to the meeting, who was received with marked applause and addressed the electors at considerable length, giving full and satisfactory explanations to the meeting regarding his Parliamentary career. At the conclusion of his address the following resolution was carried unanimously:—

"Moved by James McGee, Esq., and seconded by Alex. Cameron, Esq., that having heard the able explanations of our talented representative Francis Jones, Esq., respecting his votes and proceedings in the House, we feel perfectly satisfied with the course he has pursued, and we are well pleased at having so able an advocate of our interests in the House of Assembly, and we hereby tender him our support should he again offer himself as a candidate for a seat in the Confederate Parliament."

Mr. Jones proceeded on to Bishop's Mills and addressed a large number of the electors in the Temperance Hall, the Rev. Mr. Keegan acting as chairman. At the conclusion of the address the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

"Moved by John Guest, Esq., seconded by Alexander McClennan, Esq., that having listened to the full and satisfactory explanations of our worthy member, F. Jones, Esq., regarding his votes and proceedings in the Legislative Assembly, we are well pleased with the able manner and ability in which he has represented us in Parliament, and shall use our utmost endeavors in order to secure his triumphant return as a member of the Confederate Parliament."

On the following day (Tuesday) Mr. Jones addressed a number of the electors at Kirkland's Schoolhouse, Wolford, William Kirkland, Esq., being called to the chair, when the following resolution was carried unanimously:

"Moved by Thomas R. Edwards, Esq., and seconded by Mr. Samuel Wilson, that we are well pleased with the explanations of our worthy representative, F. Jones, Esq., for the ability in which he has represented us in the Legislative Assembly, and also for the satisfactory explanations regarding his votes and proceedings, and we tender him our support and confidence in his triumphant return as a member of the Confederate Parliament."

At three o'clock, the same day, Mr. Jones addressed a large and influential meeting in the Town Hall, at Easton's Corners. John Johnston, Esq., in the chair, and J. H. Kelly acting as Secretary. At the conclusion of Mr. Jones' address, the following resolution was carried:

"Moved by Mr. Roach, seconded by Thos. Devitt, Esq., that we the electors of this part of the North Riding of Leeds and Grenville, having heard the full and satisfactory explanations of the votes and proceedings of our worthy member Francis Jones, Esq., and at the same time we are well pleased with the manner in which he has so ably represented us in the Legislative Assembly for the last five years, and we hereby tender to him our united support at the approaching election, as member of the Confederate Parliament."

At seven o'clock the same evening Mr. Jones held a meeting in the schoolhouse at Irish Creek. The meeting was very largely attended. W. S. Ralph, Esq., was called to the chair, and a secretary being appointed, the chairman introduced Mr. Jones in an appropriate speech, who came forward and addressed the electors at considerable length; at the conclusion of which the following resolution was unanimously adopted.

"Moved by M. Kerr, Esq., seconded by Mr. R. Leeson, and resolved, that the thanks of this meeting are due, and are hereby tendered to our worthy member Francis Jones, Esq., for the able manner in which he has explained his proceedings during the late session of Parliament, and that we are well pleased at having such an able advocate in the House of Assembly, and shall be happy to see him returned as a member of the new Confederate Parliament."

After giving a vote of thanks to the chairman and secretary, three cheers were given to the Queen and three to our worthy member, when the meeting broke up all being well pleased with the proceedings of the evening.

Mr. Jones will continue to visit each section of the Riding, and explain his views respecting the important changes which are taking place in our political existence. So far the people appear to be well pleased with the alterations which have been made in the Quebec resolutions, by the Provincial Delegates in England, as they all tend to increase the power of the Central Government, and consequently to approach nearer to a Legislative Union.

THE OTTAWA AND FRENCH RIVER NAVIGATION.

(From the Durham (Co. Grey) Chronicle.)

In 1615, Samuel Champlain, a Frenchman, ascended the Ottawa River from where the city of Montreal now stands, and under the guidance of Indians, who dwelt or roamed on its banks, as well as on the now desolate shores of Lake Nippisingue and the French River, he arrived at Lake Huron. This was probably the first time that Lake Huron had saluted European eyes, and prior to the time when the thunders of Niagara saluted European ears. After the exploit of Champlain others quickly followed in his footsteps, and for a series of years, fleets of canoes laden with the peltries of the North ascended French River crossing over the Nippisingue, dropped down the Ottawa to Montreal. Owing partly to the decrease of the number of fur bearing animals in the region of Nippisingue and to the opening up of new channels of communication, this route fell into general disuse save as regards the latter river for the purpose of the timber trade.

The distance from Montreal to Lake Huron via the Ottawa, Mattawan, Lake Nippisingue and French River, is 430 miles. Following the course of the Ottawa for about 300 miles, we come to the Mattawan, the widest and deepest of the Western tributaries of the Ottawa, turning into it and taking a due West course for fifty miles, thence crossing a slightly elevated sandy ridge, a little river is reached, the current of which runs in the opposite direction to the Mattawan. Five miles of canoeing on this stream brings the *voyageur* to Lake Nippisingue, where he finds 30 miles of deep water, which at the point now arrived at, hurries tumultuously through a narrow channel in the hard granite rock. Here a portage of about a quarter of a mile brings us to the navigable water of the French River; following its deep water and making three short portages in its length of fifty miles, we reach the Georgian Bay. It is not by any means surprising that this should have been the first highway of Canadian commerce, nor that its capabilities for constituting the great highway from the West to the Atlantic seaboard should at this day be seriously discussed. Fortunately we are not without reliable data on which to arrive at safe conclusions; for the whole route was examined 1856-7 by Mr. Walter Shanly and again in 1859-60 by Mr. Clarke, both of whom are somewhat distinguished in the profession of Engineers. While agreeing in some essentials, as for instance that it shall be capable of passing the largest class of propellers engaged in the transportation of produce on the upper lakes, the difference in their respective estimates of cost is in remarkable contrast. The estimate of Mr. Shanly is $24,000,000, and that of Mr. Clarke $12,000,000. The latter, however, omits from his calculations the Lachine Canals which Mr. Shanly proposes to enlarge and otherwise improve. Mr. Shanly estimates the River Navigation at 347 miles,

Canal	do	58
		405

Add to this the navigation across Lake Nippisingue and we have the total distance as before stated of about 430 miles. Mr. Clarke estimates the necessary canaling at 38 miles only. This discrepancy is merely accounted for from the fact that Mr. Clarke resorts to the plan of damming up the Ottawa and Mattawan Rivers to avoid expensive excavations.

The question of supply or feeders, is elaborately discussed by these gentlemen, and though they slightly differ as to the mode to be adopted for raising Nippisingue to the summit level, they quite agree that the supply is ample to guarantee sufficiency for whatever drafts may be made upon it for any possible purposes of lockage in the most distant future. For the information of our readers on this point, we observe that the head waters of the Mattawan are enclosed in a basin of immense depth called Trout Lake, the length of which is about 8½ miles. The supply of water from this Lake at the summit level could not be relied on, and as Lake Nippisingue, the head waters of the French River, is 23 feet below the summit level, it would be necessary to raise it to the level of Trout Lake, which can be done in two ways either by dams thrown across the outlets to raise the water 23 feet, or by lowering Trout Lake, either of which appears to be quite practicable. Few people, we imagine, are aware that the connection between Lake Huron and Montreal can be made by French River and the Ottawa with between 30 and 57 miles of Canal. The entrance to, and the mouth of the French River fulfil all the conditions of a noble harbour. For more than a mile from its mouth the river is broad, deep and still. It is estimated that seven locks and eight dams, with three quarters of a mile in length of rock-cutting embraces all the necessary work to admit vessels of 1000 tons burthen passing from Lake Huron to Lake Nippisingue. The French River is more like a succession of lakes than a continuous river. The lake portions are studded with islands of every conceivable outline of beauty, and the general character of the *scenery* far surpasses that of the scenery of the Thousand Islands of the St. Lawrence. The Ottawa and French River route has the advantage of penetrating the heart of the country, its scenery is magnificent, its immense water power defies computation. It passes through a country possessing immense mineral resources, and an almost exhaustless supply of pine timber. Its water power would be turned to account in preparing the grain of Michigan for the markets of the East. The vessels going West would carry the sawn lumber of the Ottawa to Chicago, the greatest lumber market of the world; in short the valley of the Ottawa would become the workshop of Canada. In its agricultural capabilities the valley of the Ottawa cannot be compared to that of the St. Lawrence, but the traveller who judges of the capabilities of the former from what he beholds while passing up or down the Ottawa will judge erroneously. The worst of it is along shore on both sides. The interior possesses large tracts of hardwood land in the valleys of the mountains on the North side, and in broad belts towards the lakes on the South. The whole region through which these rivers, the French, Mattawan, and Ottawa, pass is in the highest degree healthy. The diseases incident to rich alluvial districts and prairies of the West are unknown. We cannot over-estimate the importance of opening up through the heart of the "Dominion of Canada" a continuous navigation shortening by fully one hundred and fifty miles the shortest water communication that now or ever can exist, to tide water. In reference to the season of navigation Mr. Shanly remarks as follows:

"The season of water-borne traffic between Montreal and the Western Lakes is at present governed, as to duration, by the period at which the lower links in the St. Lawrence improvements—the Beauharnois and Lachine Canals to wit—open and close. The former period is not often earlier than the 1st of May; the latter as seldom reaches the 10th of December. It will be observed, then, from the dates already given, in reference to the assumed season of open water on the Ottawa and French River route, say from 5th May to 1st December, that balance against it in the actual number of days navigation in the year cannot be very great, while practically, and in point of available time, it can claim an advantage over the lake route, from the fact that, owing to the lesser distance to be travelled, a vessel could make at least three trips more in the season between Chicago and Montreal by the former than it could by the latter route."

Besides a general, we in the County of Grey have a special interest in this Canal project. Its construction would have the effect of changing our front. Owen Sound and all the frontier towns would have a chance of becoming cities of the first class, with facilities for European intercourse quite equal to that of Toronto itself. If the work we have herein indicated is ever undertaken, it will be by the Federal Government. Assuming this, the people of North Grey especially, should seek to make their influence of some practical value. If they send a man who regards everything as corruption, except it be sanctified by finding its way into his own pocket, they will reap an appropriate reward. We commend this subject to the serious consideration of our Northern brethren. Nature has given them advantages which, if properly utilized will be of more value to them than all the railroads that can be constructed.

CRANBERRY CULTURE.

(From the American Agriculturist.)

Mr. Gilbert Conant, of Ipswich, Mass., received a premium from the Essex Agricultural Society for his success with cranberries. We give the essential portions of his report, which is somewhat peculiar, as it describes a method of growing cranberries without setting the plants. This can, of course, be useful only in localities where cranberries grow spontaneously, but it shows how a natural and unproductive patch may be converted into a cultivated cranberry meadow.

"In the summer of 1861 I prepared about an acre of meadow, by cutting a ditch to drain it, and in the fall I plowed it from four to six inches deep, according to the height of different parts of the meadow. Since then I have flowed it annually about the first of November and let the water off about the first of May.

"The first summer after preparing the meadow as stated, vines sprang up and grew considerably on the lower parts of it. The second summer the vines increased and grew rapidly. In the fall of that year I gathered about a half bushel of cranberries. In 1864 the vines blossomed full, and after the berries were set, gave promise of a fine crop; but an early frost while they were quite green, injured them so that I gathered but about a bushel. In 1865 the vines had increased in some spots on the meadow, so that they had almost killed out the grass, and in the fall, when the berries were ripe, they lay so thick that the vines were scarcely visible. I gathered twenty bushels of cranberries, worth three and a half dollars per bushel. The expense of gathering and marketing these berries was less than ten dollars. This year there are but very few cranberries in this section of country, though my vines are bearing better than I have seen any others on fresh meadow.

"The expense of draining this meadow was nothing. The peat taken from the ditch paid the expense. It cost me but $5 to flow it. This was done by a small flood gate at the bridge. I spread upon the ice in the winter of 1863 two loads of yellow sand, which cost but $2.50, making the whole amount that it has cost me to prepare the meadow, but $7.50. I would here state that the vines on the spot upon which the sand was spread were far more prolific last year than any other vines upon the meadow.

"I have had experience in preparing several other pieces of meadow in the same manner, for the cultivation of the cranberry, and in every case have been successful. I neither plant vines nor sow the seed. Whenever any meadow adapted to the cultivation of the cranberry is prepared in the manner that I have prepared mine, vines will spring up and bear spontaneously."

Bryan's Wafers—The Great Public Remedy. Have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a pure, harmless, and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

—The *Islander*, of Charlottetown, of Feb. 22nd, says:—"It is very evident to us that Canada cares little whether Prince Edward Island enters the Confederation or retains its autonomy. The island, if not legislated into Union, will probably be compelled to contribute its proper proportion to the cost of maintaining a military and naval force for the general defence—will be required to pay the salary of its Lieut.-Governor—and will, perhaps, become virtually a dependency of the Confederacy. We trust it may not turn out that we have allowed the time to pass by when we might have driven a good bargain. The day, however, cannot now be far distant, which will see us more enlightened than we are at present."

YESTERDAY'S CABLE NEWS

The Italian Elections.

Florence, March 21.—The elections have been held. So great was the personal popularity of Gen. Garibaldi, that he was returned for three different cities.

Hostilities Suspended.

St. Petersburg, March 21.—Hostilities between Russia and Bokhara have been temporarily suspended.

The French Corps Legislatif.

Paris, March 21.—The foreign policy of the Emperor, which has been under discussion for some time in the Corps Legislatiff, has been endorsed by an overwhelming majority.

Arrival Out.

Queenstown, March 21.—The Cunard freight steamship *Tarifa*, Capt. Longland, from New York, touched here early this morning.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Amalgamation of Railroads.

Memphis, March 20.—The Memphis and Little Rock railroad, has been consolidated with the El Paso and Pacific railroad.

A Just Sentence.

New York, March 20.—The three men who outraged three women in Williamsburg some months ago, have been sentenced to State prison for fifteen years.

Explosion of a Storeship and Loss of Life.

San Francisco, March 20.—A terrible explosion occurred in the harbor of Hong Kong on the 17th of January. An old hulk used for the storage of powder was blown up, and together with the Bremen schooner *Themis* was totally destroyed. Thirty or forty lives were lost. Two hundred thousand pounds of powder were on board the hulk. Hong Kong was shaken by the explosion as if by an earthquake. Four English gun-boats were moored in the vicinity, and barely escaped destruction. In the Village of Yohmatee, one hundred and thirty houses were unroofed, and most of them were shaken to pieces. The steamer *Cora* was wrecked on her voyage from Hong Kong, and is a total loss. The passengers and crew were saved.

Damage by the Flood in Tennessee.

New York, March 21.—A Knoxville despatch to the *Times* says: East Tennessee is damaged over two million dollars by the flood. The loss of stock is evidently very heavy. Over 100 car-loads of corn were destroyed at Chattanooga. The depots were all submerged, and much freight destroyed. The rivers are still high, and much more rain falling.

The Fenian Feeling in New York.

New York, March 21.—The Irish enthusiasm in this city has all subsided, and the late rebellion in Ireland is conceded to have been a disgraceful failure. The only party who receive any attention are those who favor an invasion of Canada. Several meetings have been held on the subject of an early invasion, and steps are being taken that looks somewhat like work.

Fenians Concentrating at St. Albans.

The *Herald's* St. Albans correspondent says, that several United States army officers had arrived, and passed through that village lately, although no troops had come as yet. It is rumored, however, that a force had been forwarded from Fort Warren. The military officers about the village had been consulting as to the amount of equipage and ammunition needed to fit out certain companies for service. On the other hand several bands of Irishmen had arrived well equipped with every requisite for a tour, and bearing traces of an undoubted tendency towards Fenianism.

Latest from Mexico—Preparations for Battle.

New York, March 21.—The *Herald's* Vera Cruz correspondent says: The most formidable body of horsemen known in Mexico for many years, has been organised and placed under Mejia's command, and should the expected battle prove a Liberal defeat, it will most probably be urged into a disastrous route. On the other hand if Maximilian is defeated, the cavalry will suffice him for a desperate attempt to cut his way to the Rio Grande, where he will take refuge in the United States.

Acquiescence to the Military Reconstruction Law.

New York, March 21.—The *Herald's* Southern correspondence, reports that in Georgia the Military Reconstruction Law is generally discussed on both sides, and although the majority consider it onerous and unjust, they think it ought to be acquiesced in as a matter of necessity.

A Really Good Article.—We would call the attention of all interested to an article of undoubted merit, and which we would advise all in want of to give a trial. We refer to Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine for horses now being extensively used by many of the largest horse dealers in the country; these men have discovered that it improves the condition of the horse by purifying the blood and removing from the lungs and liver all that prevents their healthy action; its effect is soon apparent in improved appearance of the animal, which is one great reason why horse dealers use it, as they are thus enabled to get better prices and at the same time give their customers sound and healthy horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W. proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

This preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself
Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 2. 237-y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

BIRTH.

In Ottawa, on the 21st inst., the wife of Robert T. Daniel, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

At Christ's Church, Ottawa, by the Rev. T. D. Phillipps, Sergeant Thomas Talbot, Carpenter, 100th Regiment, to Miss Elizabeth Ellen, daughter of Sergeant-Major George Rance, 100th Regiment.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

BY AUTHORITY.

THE ANNUAL VOLUNTEER
AND
SERVICE MILITIA LIST
OF CANADA,
FOR 1867.

Price 25cts.

For sale by the Publisher,
GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Cor. of Sparks and O'Connor-streets.
Ottawa, March 22. 389a

NOTICE

Is hereby given to all Congregations, or others owning Churches, and individuals, corporations and companies owning Halls, Theatres, or other Buildings used for the purpose of holding public meetings, or places of public resort or amusement, all the doors shall be so hinged that they may open freely outwards, on or before the 15th day of August, 1867, and any parties neglecting or refusing to do so will be prosecuted according to law.

THOS. LANGRELL,
Chief of Police.
Ottawa, March 22. 389tf

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of

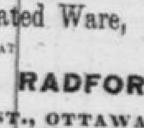
MASKS,

ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also
Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Cards.

1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.

P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.
GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and Wellington-street.
Ottawa, March 19. 388tf

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.



N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

Messrs. Young & Radford would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

ONTARIO COLLEGE
PICTON, C. W.

PRESIDENT:
The Lord Bishop of Ontario.

COUNCIL:
THE PRESIDENT.
VEN. ARCH PATTON, D. C. L.
JAMES A. HENDERSON, Esq., D. C. L.
J. CARTWRIGHT, Esq., M. A., Ball. Coll. Oxon.
CAPTAIN DOWNES.
THE HEAD MASTER.

MASTER:
F. C. EMERSON, Esq., B. A., Oxon, late open scholar and Greek Exhibitioner of Wadham Coll., Oxford. 1 class classic, 2 cl. math. in Moderations, 1 class Lit. Human. in Final Schools.

FELLOWS:
CLAUDE LONG, Esq., B. A., Exeter Coll. Oxon.
A University Graduate in Holy Orders.
M. De St. REMY, Professor of French.
Professor of Drawing, GEORGE ACKERMAN, Esq.
Teacher of Drilling and Fencing, Mr. T. O'BRIEN.
Bursar, Captain DOWNES, Picton, C. W.

FEES—Per term, inclusive of Tuition, $16. Board $52.
EXTRAS—Drawing $5; German, $5; Music, $7 50.

The year is divided into three terms; the total cost per annum, including stationery, will be $204.

Arrangements have been made whereby the pupils may take the double journey from and to Picton by Rail or Steamboat at a single fare. The object of this School is to train boys for the Universities, the Civil Service, Army, &c., so that they may compete without disadvantage with those in England. The system emulated will be that perfected by Dr. Arnold at Rugby.

The upper forms are separated into two divisions, the Classical and the Modern. In the latter the study of Modern Languages, Book-keeping, &c., is substituted for that of Latin, Verse and Greek.

The services of a Matron as well as that of a Master in Holy Orders are being secured.

The School opens on May 1st next.

The School is beautifully situated on the Bay of Quinte at Picton. The building cost $20,000. There are 100 acres of land attached.

There will be a Library, Cricket Field, Gymnasium and Play Ground; good Bathing or Skating, Boating and Fishing.

Application for admission to be made to Capt. Downes, the Head Master, Picton, C. W., and Rev. F. A. Parnell, Kingston.
March 19. 386F

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
Ottawa, March 15. S. CHRISTIE. 383-3m

Piano-Forte Instruction.

Professor W. C. Clark, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptoress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Monochromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.
Ottawa, March 384-3m

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 10-200tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

CITY REPRESENTATION.

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA**, and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others.

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions, and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

CORNS & BUNIONS
EXTRACTED
WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for ocular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J. Burn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

☞ Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants, where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, March 18. 383b

LIFE
ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838, FOR

LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:

PLACE D'ARMES.....MONTREAL.

INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A. THE BONUSES

Are paid in Money to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made *every year* in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 62½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy-holders during their own lives.

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES

Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a

Most Important Provision in Old Age

to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £1360, making the sum assured £2360, instead of £1000.

Or, he may then exchange this large Bonus Addition for One Cash Payment of about £1000 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £102 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM

Can anything like the same amount of benefit be obtained, whether as regards increase of sum Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment of Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year in Class B will receive, at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than later Entrants—the difference being probably so much as £40 in a £1000 policy.

The 28th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WARDLAW,
SECRETARY.

Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,.....Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior,.....Vacant
Almonte,.....Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham,.....Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville,.....Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke,.....Mr. J. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-PA

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale

OF

Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—

BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT.

THE CONTENTS OF

150 PACKAGES

New Spring Dry Goods,

Just received, consisting of A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.

—AND—

The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.

Sale each day at TEN o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 13. 382bl

A CARD.
A. ROWE,
Principal Auctioneer of the City of Ottawa.

SALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION solicited. Valuation of Household Furniture and effects carefully attended to.

Principal Office and Sales Room No. 42 North Side of Rideau Street.

Mr. Rowe in referring to the above Card begs respectfully to say that he has completed arrangements for conducting sales this spring in a manner that must give general satisfaction.

Though favoured last year, and for some years past, with the management of most of the important Sales which have taken place in the city, and he is happy to say universal satisfaction has been given in every respect.

Some of the reasons for Mr. Rowe's great success in conducting sales are, his extensive acquaintance with the purchasers, both in the city and country, and also his experience has given him a thorough knowledge of the value of every article he offers for sale.

And the most essential part which he was the first to introduce is to close and cash a sale the second day after it takes place.

Any number of references can be given if required.

Consignments of every description solicited.

Cash advances made on consignments for positive sale if required.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 386y

NOTICE.
O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,
No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large varietys of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post* where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,

PAPER-RULING, or

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,

TORONTO.

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

New Spring Goods,
New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,

ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets.
Fancy Dress Goods.
Black Mantle Cloths.
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings.
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 381y

OVER 50 PACKAGES
NEW
SPRING DRY GOODS !

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufactories.

Milton, Striped Tweeds.
Venetians, Coatings.
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE !
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.
Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up,	**$3,000,000.00**
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	**$4,478,100.74**
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	**$4,075,830.55**
Increased Assets in 6 months,	**$ 402,270.19**

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

IN THE PRESS,

And will be issued about 11th March.

THE

"Canadian Fruit Culturist,"

OR

"LETTERS TO AN INTENDING FRUIT-GROWER,"

ON THE

Proper Location, Soil, Preparation, Planting and After-Cultivation

OF

ORCHARDS, VINE-YARDS & GARDENS,

WITH DIRECTIONS

FOR THE BEST MODE OF CULTURE of each variety of Fruit; and select descriptive lists of the best varieties of the Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Grape, Peach, Nectarine, Apricot, Quince, Gooseberry, Currant, Blackberry and Strawberry,

Suitable for Upper and Lower Canada,

BY JAMES DOUGALL,

Windsor Nurseries, C. W.

Price: Stiff Paper Covers, 25c.; Bound in Muslin, 50c. For sale at the principal Book Stores.

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383a-12w2

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Ætna Life Insurance Company.

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00

In the Ætna, $2009, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year..... 25.31

And each subsequent year..... 26.74

☞ Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.

R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine

Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

☞ Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultans,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

Apply to
WILLIAM CLEGG.
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE,

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378m

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

To Let,
AT AYLMER.

THE COMMODIOUS AND pleasantly situated house and premises on the Court House Square, corner of Main-street—8 rooms besides kitchen and pantry, stabling for four horses, large outbuildings. Rent £35. A good piece of land in rear may also be leased.

Apply, if by letter postpaid, to
THOMAS McCORD, ESQ.,
MONTREAL.
Or to JAMES COLMAN, ESQ.,
AYLMER.

77-eodM1

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Street & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, January 26. 35 utf

NOTICE.—PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates of Buildings prepared; disputed accounts of Artificers' work measured and valued

AUGUSTUS LAVER,
Late Street & Laver, Architects, &c.,
Departmental Buildings.

Victoria Terrace, Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company !

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:

London,.....Liverpool,.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX

Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. rec'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,987 30	$ 20,766 20
1861	81,230 00	46,199 69
1862	168,289 49	92,136 89
1863	256,973 50	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, } Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES WILSON, }
SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, }
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS.

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquets

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT !

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING,
AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET,
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

☞ All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD

THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla.

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE Received at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 850 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 40 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm Oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10-121

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!
AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,
The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH!" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers' Registry Office!
1st Door West of Bates',
AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 293t

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application. For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.

March 380d

DARLEY'S Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind,* and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses;* also, as a *Condition Medicine,* surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!
SO AS TO USE
COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil
WILL BE SUPPLIED AT
37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil
Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

THO RUSSELL & SON

To H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
Ottawa, 20th February, 1867.
Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

370tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
Assistant Auditor.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field

county of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbacious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 55-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac.

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., a Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two housand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL,
Alexandria Park,
Portagedu Fort.

January 29, 1867 w6m

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy,* which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by ulceration of the uterus. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease.* One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver,* which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver.* My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 358d&wly

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, 12th March, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT NOTICE to Navigators has been issued by the Government of Mauritius, in reference to a floating light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage to be substituted, to the harbour lights at the entrance of Port Louis, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.

By Command,
THOS. WORTHINGTON,
Asst. Com. of Customs and Excise.

Governor Sir H. Barkly to Lord Carnarvon.

Mauritius, 18th December, 1866.

Gov. Desp. No. 292, of 31 Oct., 1864. S.S. Desp. No. 761, of 27 April, 1865.

My Lord,

With reference to the previous Correspondence, noted in the margin, on the subject of the substitution of a Floating Light at the entrance of the Harbour of Port Louis for the present Shore Lights, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board of Trade, the accompanying Copies of a Notice, announcing that the change in question will take effect from the 24th May next, and giving the necessary sailing directions for the guidance of vessels approaching the Port. (Enclosure 1. Notice.)

Copies of this Notice have been forwarded to the different countries enumerated in the enclosed list, bearing the signature of the Colonial Secretary, and I beg that information may be given to the other Governments mentioned in the accompanying Copy of a Letter from the Harbour Master, dated the 14th instant, as well as to any Departments of Her Majesty's Government whom the matter may concern. (Enclosure 2. Enclosure 3.)

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) HENRY BARKLY.

The Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, &c., &c., &c.

NOTICE.

On the 24th of May, 1867, the Harbour Lights at the entrance of Port Louis, Mauritius, will be done away with, and a Floating Light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage will be substituted.

The Floating Light Vessel will be moored a little to the N Ward of the present well known Bell Buoy, with the following bearings:

Extreme of land to the northward: N E N.
Extreme of land to the westward: W S W.
Flagstaff on Fort George: S E ¼ S.
Depth of Water 15 fathoms.

The Light Vessel will be painted white, which will enable her to be distinctly seen against the dark land during the day.

She will shew a "*flashing white Light*" from Sunset to Sunrise, which will be visible a distance of nine miles in every direction from Seaward, from the poop of a large vessel.

The fact of this being a flashing Light, at short intervals, will sufficiently distinguish it from the Revolving Light at Flat Island, even were a mistake possible.

Vessels from the northward, after rounding Cannonier Point, must be careful not to bring Cannonier Point Light to the Westward of Flat Island Light, till the Floating Light at the Bell Buoy is seen; they may then steer for the latter, on a S S W ¼ W bearing, and anchor on that bearing, from ¼ a mile to a mile from the Light.

Vessels approaching the Port from the Westward, may steer from the Floating Light on an E b N ¼ N bearing, and either anchor ¼ a mile from her on that bearing, or further northward as convenient.

The mooring chain of the Floating Light runs about 150 fathoms in a N N W direction, vessels must therefore be anchored in such a manner as to avoid hooking it.

The depths at the anchorage vary from 12 to 20 fathoms.

All the bearings are Compass bearings.

D. WALES,
Harbour Master.

Port Office, 14th December, 1866.

Circulars respecting Floating Light have been sent to

1 The Colonial Secretary, St. Helena.
2 The Colonial Secretary, Cape of Good Hope.
3 The Colonial Secretary, Natal.
4 The Colonial Secretary, Tasmania.
5 The Colonial Secretary, New Zealand.
6 Chief Secretary, South Australia.
7 Colonial Secretary, Western Australia.
8 Colonial Secretary, Queensland.
9 Chief Secretary, Victoria.
10 Secretary to the Government, New South Wales.
11 Colonial Secretary, Ceylon.
12 Secretary to the Government, Bengal.
13 Secretary to the Government, Bombay.
14 Secretary to the Government, Madras.
15 Colonial secretary, Hong Kong.
16 Civil Commissioner, Seychelles.
17 Secretary to the Government, Straits Settlement.
18 Secretary to the Government, Batavia.
19 Chief Commissioner, British Birmah.
20 Secretary to the Government, Manilla (Philippine Islands).
21 Political Resident, Aden.
22 Monsieur L'Ordonnateur, Reunion.
23 Police Magistrate, Rodrigues.

(Signed) FELIX BEDINGFELD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Mauritius, 17th December, 1866.

Harbour Master to Colonial Secretary.

Port Office, Mauritius, 14th December 1866.

Sir,

As it will be necessary to send intelligence to all parts of the world before substituting a Floating Light at the entrance of this Port for the present Harbour Lights, I have the honor to request that his Excellency the Governor will authorise the printing of the annexed sailing directions, and the forwarding of them by the mail of the 18th instant, to all parts of the world.

The rule is to allow such intelligence time to reach every important Port in the world, and give vessels that have left before its arrival time to reach the spot where the new Light is to be placed.

I have proposed therefore, to light up on the 24th of next May, the anniversary of Her Majesty's birth-day, subject to his Excellency's approval, thus allowing five months and one week for the transmission of intelligence, which ought to be sufficient, if no time is lost in sending it from England to North and South America.

I recommend that copies of the notice should be sent to the Governments of the following countries: —Russia, Holland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Belgium, France, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Austria, Prussia, Turkey, British North America, United States, Mexico, Brazil, Callao; also to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Admiralty, and the Trinity House, for transmission to English, Scotch, and Irish Ports; to the Australian Ports, Cape of Good Hope, the Indian Governments, the Straits Ports and Batavia, Manilla and China, together with any others that may be suggested, and that 100 copies may be sent to this office for distribution among the shipping.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) D. WALES,
Harbour Master.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary, &c., &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. 1, 1867.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following amended notice of the erection of a Lighthouse on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, in correction of the notification given in Government Notice No. 122, 1866.

By His Excellency's Command.

D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office,
Natal, 4th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Lighthouse has been erected on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.

The Lighthouse is in latitude 29° 3' 35" E.

The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.

It is visible in all directions from north (round by the east and south), to S 59° W; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Allwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S 53° W; from the Lighthouse: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the southward and westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N 59° E,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River (about 9½ miles below the Lighthouse), when they must keep a more to the northward, as the land tends more to the eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about W N W; they can haul in to the northward for the anchorage, anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Lighthouse bearing S W to S W ½ S, distant 1 mile.

W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
Admiralty Surveyor.

N. B.—The above bearings are magnetic. 380tf

Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:
Drugs—including Essences and Extracts.
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 210, Ottawa. 384a

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT
Of the following rates by
CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.		Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Prted Matter.
		Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco		10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall		10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia		34	5	5 p oz
Brazil	Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador		34	5	5 p oz
Central America	Costa Rica, Guatemala	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso		34	5	5 p oz
Cuba	Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras		34	5	....
Mexico		10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana		34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama		18	5	....
Nicaragua	Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
	Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama		10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima		22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet		10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana		34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela	Laguayra, P. Cabello	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad	......	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz		34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month		22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to show that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it ears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript; and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD
OF
Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette,* by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Patent Medicines
Shop Fittings, Drysalteries,
Perfumery, Dye Goods,
Drugs, Colors,
Paints, Lozenges,
Glassware, Chemicals,
Medicine Chests, Oilmen's Stores,
Storekeepers Veterinary
Sundries. Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 289y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers,*" in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

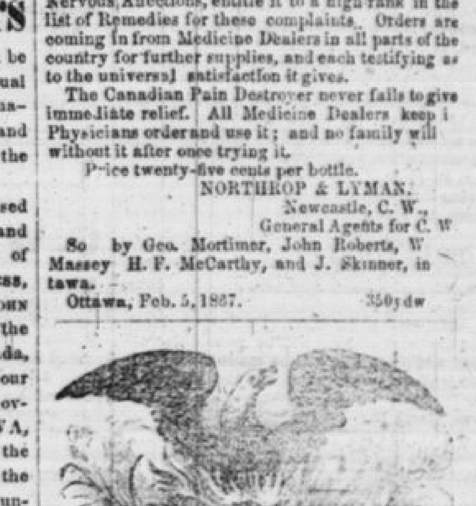
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W.

So by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw



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SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

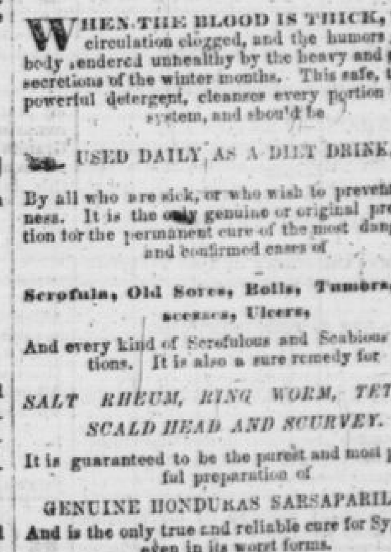
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 359tf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Ottawa Daily Times

VOL. II. NO. 390. | OTTAWA C. W. SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—taking of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! this outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

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ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 38ly

WILLIAM MOSGROVE
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 206-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 182-3m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A. B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Camer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 331y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Albion's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-at

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. P. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM IRELAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -utf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 37ay

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 79-y

SIDNEY R. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS for LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments Burnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada "East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. S. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flack's patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 21utf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Viqlin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 28. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
R. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne:
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11. 236tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 16, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.
OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c.	&c., &c.

Just being opened up
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES is (this day) on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. GARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Stowe Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 29-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN.
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
VICTORIA Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been throughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand.
Jy5-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.30 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns, with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 29th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal, at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304tf

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
369-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES, BLANKETS.

ALEX. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers.
Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Side Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea Trays, Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 23, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cob Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 363-w5-3m

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
8tf DUVERNAY BROS.

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
264 Sparks Street.
J. ROOS.
Ottawa, February 26. 368y

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread ..... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers Wanted.
Ottawa, December 300tf

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
Admiralty Surveyor.
337tf

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,) EDMUND HARRISON.
317tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETA

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Card of Thanks—John Leevens.
Victoria Skating Club—W. F. Gairdner.
Notaries Public—Masse & Tetreau.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MARCH 23, 1867.

La Minerve of yesterday in noting the movements of the Delegates says: "On the "7th the Hon. Messrs. Langevin, Mac- "dougall, Howland, Fisher and several "others were presented to Her Majesty."

We have been given to understand that the British North America Bill will receive the Queen's sanction by Royal commission immediately after it has passed the House of Commons, so that no unnecessary delay may take place in giving effect to its provisions.

The "Reformers" of England as represented by Mr. Bright are plainly in favor of annexing British America to the United States. The "Reformers" of Nova Scotia as represented by Mr. Howe, openly avow their preference for annexation over Confederation. The "Reformers" (*Rouges*) of Lower Canada opposed Confederation to a man, and their republican and consequently annexation tendencies are so well known in the United States, as to earn for them the term of "friends" by the Yankee advocates of annexation. The "Reformers" of Upper Canada—those of them who have broken away from their leaders in the Government—have as yet no declared policy beyond the extinction of the Tories; but that highly humanitarian feat accomplished, will they too go for annexation? Verily, Uncle Sam would be an ungrateful dog if he did not sympathise with such Reformers!

A statement started some time since by the Perth *Courier* to the effect, that W. McNairn Shaw, Esq., would oppose the Hon. Wm. Macdougall in the North Riding of Lanark, has received very general currency through the press, and from the positiveness with which it was made, doubtless commanded some degree of credence. The Perth *Expositor* of Thursday last says it is authorised to give the statement a most unqualified denial. "Mr. Shaw," the *Expositor* says, "has not "now, nor never had, the slightest intention "of opposing Mr. Macdougall's election for "the North Riding; and, furthermore, he "never gave the proprietor, or any of the "writers or editors of the *Courier* any au- "thority for making such a statement." So far with respect to Mr. Shaw's candidature, and we *may* add that a statement which some time ago found its way into print through the columns of a Western luminary of the "organizing" persuasion, that the Reformers of Lanark would compel Mr. Macdougall to *swear allegiance* to the new organisation before giving him their suffrages, is equally without foundation. The electors of North Lanark have had no occasion to find fault with the manner in which Mr. Macdougall has discharged his duty by them as their representative, or the way in which he has acquitted himself as a Minister of the Crown, and they are not at all likely to be affected in their bearing towards him by the unauthorised assertions concocted by newspaper scribes, for the sole purpose of amusing their friends at a distance.

"The first great object for which the Coalition of 1864 was formed, was that the corruptionists who had so long misruled the country might be driven from office, that the scandalous policy they had pursued might be reversed, and economy and common sense infused into the Government of the country."—*[Toronto Globe, March 20.*

Here at last is a frank confession of the purpose for which George Brown joined the Coalition of 1864. Many people suspected the sincerity of that patriotism and self-sacrifice of which he boasted—the exhibition of which he declared was a spectacle for the admiration of the world; but few we venture to say were prepared to witness the spectacle of his tearing off the mask with his own hand, and revealing his consummate hypocrisy in all its nakedness. "The first great object of the Coalition" was to drive the "Corruptionists" from office! Did Mr. Brown tell Mr. Morris of the "first great object" when he commissioned him as his Ambassador Extraordinary to treat with Messrs. Macdonald and Cartier? Did Mr. Brown confide the secret of this "great object" to Messrs. Macdonald, Cartier and Galt when he was negociating with them as to the basis of the Coalition? Did he say to them that the first great object he had in view was to drive them from office? Did he tell His Excellency in one of his confidential interviews, that this was "the first great object," and was Lord Monck induced by this mark of the self-sacrificing patriot's confidence to indite him that cherished epistle beginning "My Dear Mr. Brown," and which only saw the light a few days ago at Ingersoll? Were the Reformers in caucus assembled made fully acquainted with the nature of this "first great object" when they sat in solemn conclave to consider whether they should support Mr. Brown in his new movement? These are all questions of very grave interest in view of the extraordinary statement now made by the *Globe*. But whatever may be the answers to these questions—whether Messrs. Macdonald and Cartier were made aware of Mr. Brown's "first great object," as they should in all honesty have been, before the Coalition was formed, there is one thing very certain that Mr. Brown practised an infamous deceit upon the public, for he never before, either in Parliament or through the Editorial columns of his own paper, revealed the "first great object" of the Coalition to have been the political destruction of one of the contracting parties; but on the contrary held it up to admiration as tending to remove the causes which had hitherto kept the leading politicians of the country apart; and naturally led the public to expect that with the removal of these causes a new era of harmony and progress would come in with the new constitution. A comparison of Mr. Brown's speeches and the *Globe's* editorials from the date of the formation of the Coalition Government, up to the date of his resignation, with the extract quoted above is all that is needed to brand both the man and the paper with a character too mean for expression.

Was Mr. Brown sincere in his patriotic avowals of 1864, or is he sincere now in declaring those a hollow mockery? If we can believe that he is now sincere, we must perforce believe that his joining the Coalition was part of a base plot, and that his professions at that time were a mockery. Though this conclusion is not very flattering to the character of Mr. Brown, we shall submit some considerations which appear to justify it.

Mr. Brown's whole political career has been one of destruction. He has ever been pulling down rather than building up—even as the organiser of a party, his aim is a destructive one—he does so with the view of destroying some other party either in *esse* or in *posse*. He has fought administration after administration, whether Conservative or Reform; and he has claimed, either rightly or wrongly, the fall of each as being due chiefly to his own prowess. There has not been a public man within the past twenty years, either in Upper Canada or in Lower Canada, either Liberal or Conservative, that has not been the victim of his vituperation, that has not been compelled either to yield to or withstand the force of his opposition; and so strong a *penchant* had he at one time for the pastime of "killing" public men that he even made a boast that other victims would yet have to fall by his hand. Here then was Mr. Brown prepared by a career of some twenty or twenty-five years of unbridled indiscriminate destructiveness, and who could believe that in the twinkling of an eye his whole political nature would have been changed, and that he could have *honestly* sat down with the men whom he wished to destroy, and with their assistance attempt the building up of a new Constitution? These considerations made many doubt Mr. Brown's sincerity at the time, and his confession now will convince them they were right in their suspicions.

But not only is Mr. Brown's political career previous to the Coalition, confirmatory of the truth of the above declaration that he entered that Coalition to drive his old antagonists from office, his conduct since is little less conclusive in the same direction. When explaining the reasons which had led to his resignation he was careful to state that he believed the Confederation project had so far progressed that its consummation could neither be jeopardised nor retarded by his withdrawal from the Government. What then might have been expected to follow? Why that Messrs. Macdougall and Howland would have resigned too; that the Government would thereupon have been broken up, that Sir N. F. Belleau and all his colleagues would have retired, and that Lord Monck, in the then impending crisis, would have sent for "My Dear Mr. Brown" to guide the ship of state! This was the fairy dream so rudely spoiled by the firmness and honesty of those Reformers who had entered the Government, not for the political destruction of a number of their colleagues, but to carry out faithfully the great constitutional change, the agreement upon which formed the basis of the Coalition. Nobody who remembers the fatuous eagerness with which Mr. Brown clutched at office in 1858 can doubt that he would again have accepted it in 1866, had his plan for "driving the Corruptionists from office" at that time succeeded. We need not enlarge upon his career in Parliament during the last session, nor his course since, through the columns of the *Globe*, further than to say that his almost every act points to the truth of his own declaration, that the "first great object" in forming the Coalition, in so far as he was concerned, was to drive the "Corruptionists"—by which term is to be understood every man who opposes Mr. Brown—"from office." And all Mr. Brown's patriotism and self-sacrifice have been offered up in a vain endeavor to secure the spoils for his party! How "the galled jade" must "wince" in view of the certainty of the utter defeat of his always ill-concealed and now openly confessed intrigues!

Mr. Scatcherd, M. P. P., has been nominated by the Reform Convention of North Middlesex as a candidate for the representation of that constituency in the Canadian Commons. To the great grief of the *Globe* Mr. Scatcherd refuses to be organised. He declared that he would not be tied down to the support of any particular party, nor of any particular Government. The Wentworth and North Middlesex Reformers have shewn that the organisation scheme will not hold water.

PAT FLANIGAN AGAIN.

Dear Misther Editor:

Indeed, sir, as ye see yirself I'm at it agin, not that it is me intinshin to be always bothering ye, but as I sid in me lasht apisthol, somebodie's son ought to keep things sthrait; ye no sir on lasht Wednesday night I wint to the alickshin up stairs at the continding Institution that is rite out opposite Misther Hutchmor's big shop, an may I niver go asthray in daylight, but it all indid woodout me assisthans, home I wint, put up my sthick, and swore I wood niver go to sich an alickshin agin. Arrah, sir, wasint I tould that there was going to be the deekins ove a smashing between Misther Julis Seaser Buck an one Misther W. D. LaSwair, but pon me conshinse sir it indid all in smoke. But now wat do I find, but that the gints are at it agin wood the pin an ink. An sis Misther Julis whin I catch Misther LaSwair wont I give him the malavogueing for his prait at me. An sis Misther LaSwair back to him agin, I'm not a laist afraid ove ye Julis.

Well now Misther Editor, did ye iver no such impurtance in yir life afore? Woodent it make a chap curse to hear thim at it although the devil an oath is given for this long time; but, sir, to ind the matter dacintly, wood ye be so kind to yir ould friend an humble servant, as to ask the two ov thim to just stip in to a quiet corner wid me, and I'll pledge ye me honor as a gintleman, if I dont beat the two ove thim, I'll niver lay be side me Biddy agin. Ye can tell thim, be the same token, to bring their friends wood thim, to help the poor Oulauns home whin I am dun wood thim. They can say the time thimselves. Now, Misther Editor, isint that the way to spaik?

I am, sir, yirs for iver an iver.
PATRICK FLANIGAN.

Ottawa, March 22, 1867.

Pumpkins instead of Roots.—Both are very good. Large quantities of pumpkins and squashes are raised in the Eastern States, and fed to milch cows, and fattening cattle, and hogs, both cooked and raw. They pay well. They are not as easily kept as roots, but are raised with less trouble, as they are generally a stolen crop with corn and potatoes, which is very doubtful economy.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(*Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.*)

FROM EUROPE.

The War in Paraguay.

London, March 22.—The Brazilian mail steamer has arrived from Rio Janeiro. Active operations had been resumed against the Paraguayans. The allied fleets had shelled the town of Humaita. When last heard from the Spanish squadron had come in sight of and was pursuing the combined fleet of Chili and Peru.

Opening of the Italian Parliament.

Florence, March 22. The Italian Parliament was inaugurated to-day by King Victor Emmanuel, who delivered the usual speech from the throne.

Arrived Out.

Liverpool, March 22.—The North German Lloyd steamship *Deutchland* which left New York on the 9th inst., arrived at Southampton yesterday, and after leaving her passengers for London, sailed for Bremen.

The Iron-Clad Miantonomah.

Paris, March 22.—The iron-clad *Miantonomah* and other vessels of the American fleet, are still at Fort Mahon, Island of Minorca.

An Alliance Against Prussia.

Vienna, March 22.—It is announced the Emperor Napoleon favors the confederation of the Governments of France, Holland, Belgium and Switzerland against Prussia.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

The French Left Mexico—Martial Law.

Galveston, March 22.—A special despatch to the *Bulletin* from Vera Cruz on the 15th says: Marshal Bazaine and the last of the French troops left on the 12th inst. The French ironclads *Magenta*, *Maguine* and the *Flanders*, and a fleet of gunboats were still at Vera Cruz and would sail on the 16th inst. The Liberals had possession of the railroad and the water works, and an attack was daily expected. A number of Imperialists it is understood have chartered a vessel to be ready at any moment to take them out of the country. No person is allowed to leave the city by the gates, and it is difficult to obtain reliable news from the interior. It is the impression that in a short time Vera Cruz will be in possession of the Liberals.

The Storm Still Continues.

New York, March 22.—A violent North-east gale is still prevailing outside, and there have been no arrival of vessels. The steamer *Australasian*, from Liverpool, is still outside the harbor unable to come up, as the pilot boats do not dare venture out. An attempt was made this morning to reach her, but was unsuccessful. All Sound steamers left the port at the usual time.

Loss of Life by a Water Spout.

San Francisco, March 21.—A Los Angles letter states that the government train *en route* to Arisona, was lost March 12, in Colorado district, by a waterspout. The train consisted of eleven waggons, accompanied by a company of the 14th U. S. Infantry. Several lives were lost. The commissariat stores and waggons were carried eighteen miles from the scene of disaster.

Financial and Commercial.

London, March 22—Eve.—Consols 91; Erie 53½; 5-20's bonds 73¼; Ill. C. 78¾.

Liverpool, March 22—Noon.—Cotton dull. Uplands sales to-day is estimated at 6000 bales, sales for the week have been 67,000 bales. Lard 20s 6d. Tallow 44s 6d. Potash 34s for fine.

London, March 22 — Evening.— Consols closed steady at 91. American securities closed at the following prices: U. S. 5-20's 74¼; I. C. 78¼; Erie 39.

Liverpool, March 22 —The cotton market is heavy, and prices have a downward tendency. Extra prime mess beef has declined to 125s. per 346 lbs. Ashes—pots, 34s. per cwt. Petroleum, 1s. per gallon for Canada.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 22, 1867.

An organisation has been formed by several gentlemen of this city, for the purpose of enforcing the laws prohibiting the killing of game during the close season.

A boy was severely injured this afternoon while attempting to get on a sleigh. He fell and was run over.

The snow storm has had the effect of blocking all the railways.

Lain's bowling alley had its roof crushed in last night by the weight of snow upon it.

A great number of young fruit trees in this neighborhood has been destroyed. The orchards and nurseries have suffered very severely.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 22, 1867.

Col. McDougall will deliver a lecture tonight on the great Duke of Marlborough.

Four hundred Peabody rifles have just arrived from the States. The Victoria Rifles have applied for them.

Col. Lyman of the Garrison Artillery, of this city, has resigned.

It is rumored that at the next meeting of the Council to consider the plans for the new drill sheds, there will be some remarkable exposures of jobbery.

The workmen have commenced operations on the foundation of St. Patrick's Hall.

A whole family in Griffintown have narrowly escaped death from inadvertently taking arsenic intended for poisoning rats. Two children were saved with great difficulty, but all are said to be now recovering.

Raising Calves Without Milk.—"C. V. B.," of Beaver Dam, Wisconsin, Nov. 5, writes: In regard to bringing up calves without milk the plan I have always found to work well is to feed on "Bean Soup,' prepared as for family use, and with the same quantity of salt—say, two tablespoonfuls in each mess (of two quarts.) I have always found the calves to thrive upon this as upon milk. I take them from the cow at one week old, and they are never troubled with scours, nor with the opposite tendency.

A Really Good Article.—We would call the attention of all interested to an article of undoubted merit, and which we would advise all in want of to give a trial. We refer to Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine for horses now being extensively used by many of the largest horse dealers in the country; these men have discovered that it improves the condition of the horse by purifying the blood and removing from the lungs and liver all that prevents their healthy action; its effect is soon apparent in improved appearance of the animal, which is one great reason why horse dealers use it, as they are thus enabled to get better prices and at the same time give their customers sound and healthy horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W. proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

The Murder of Dr. Livingstone.—All the information respecting this calamity that has yet been received, is through a letter from Dr. Kirk (the former companion of Livingstone, and now vice-consul at Zanzibar), dated Zanzibar, December the 26th, and addressed to the Secretary of the Royal Geographical Society. It appears that, on the 5th of December, nine Johanna-men, of the party that accompanied Dr. Livingstone, came to Zanzibar, reporting that, on the west of Lake Nyassa, some time between the end of July and September, they were suddenly attacked by a band of Mazitu, a treacherous band of the Caffre race, described by him in his last book of travels, and that Dr. Livingstone, with half his party, were murdered. Those who returned, escaped as they say, through being behind and unseen, and they all depose to having buried the dead body of their leader the same evening. Although in the details and in other things the accounts of the various men differ, they all agree that they saw the body, and that it had one wound, that of an axe, on the back of the neck. One man saw the fatal blow given. The attack was sudden, and Dr. Livingstone had to overpower those who faced him, and was struggling to re-load when cut down from behind. Dr. Kirk fears that the story is true, and that he shall never know more of its details.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Assessors at Work.—Up to this time the Assessors have been industriously occupied with their labors. St. George's Ward was finished yesterday at noon. This makes the third ward finished.

Grand Tournament.—On referring to our advertising columns will be found the list of prizes to be competed for at the Victoria Skating Club's Rink in Montreal on the 28th inst. *Professionals are excluded*, consequently Mr. Alex. Martin is on the outer circle, but as there are a number of excellent non-professionals in this city, we hope to hear of some of the Capitalonians entering to compete.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 22, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold during previous night, 25 above zero.

9 a. m., 33 above zero.
Noon, shade, 39 above zero.
Noon, sun, 60 above zero.
6 p. m., 37 above zero.

A Dangerous Street-Crossing.—The Corporation authorities should see that the steep hill on Gloucester-street at the crossing of Rideau is speedily reduced. The other night a loaded sleigh coming along Rideau-street was capsized over the "embankment" as it may be called, and two women were more or less injured. It is quite dangerous for vehicles when the night is at all dark, while climbing the hill from Gloucester to Rideau-streets with a load, is at any time almost an impossibility.

Police Court.—Mrs. F. Meuta and Miss Meuta were charged with using abusive language to Margaret Verdun. Case dismissed with costs.—Mary Wolfred, the soldier's wife, who has been in jail for all sorts of bad conduct over a hundred times in different places, where the regiment has been quartered, was again brought up for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, and for the fifth time in Ottawa. Sentenced to imprisonment for three weeks in default of a fine of $5 and costs.—Robert Fraser, charged with abusive language. Fined $1 and costs, to be recovered by distress or one week in jail.

Important Notice.—In our advertising columns will be found an important notice from the chief of police to the proprietors and lessees of all buildings used for public amusement, churches, and all places of public resort, that on or before the 15th day of August next, the doors of all such buildings must be so hinged that they shall open outwards. This is a wise provision of the law, and one which in case of fire or other accident in a public building, rendering a speedy exit necessary in order to save life, will prove a great boon. In the present arrangement, a crowd pressing against the closed doors on the inside renders it almost impossible to open them. In the new arrangement, pressure from within will force them open, and the current will keep them so, and many lives may thus be saved in case of accident or alarm. The notice affords ample time for making the necessary alterations, and the cost will be trifling.

Not Raftsmen.—A somewhat laughable story was told us yesterday of a well known brave and loyal French Canadian, who was going about the city on Wednesday last uttering complaints loud and deep against a certain newspaper for having presumed to designate the Union St. Joseph procession as a company of *raftsmen*. The complainant encountered one or two who had made money as raftsmen, and they therefore could not see any cause of complaint beyond the misnomer—raftsmen could be respectable if they chose as well as other people. But this did not satisfy the irate champion of the *union*; he went on complaining until he met with a gentleman who hunted up the paper for him, when it turned out that one letter had been omitted in the pronunciation, and that was the one which of raftsmen made *craftsmen*, but this was not satisfactory. The simple addition of one small letter to the objectionable word was not the thing required, something should be *taken away* from it. Craftsmen! He had never heard such a word,—it was not in his vocabulary. He would let Jenkins know that his friends should not be called improper names—they were respectable mechanics who were above a mean action and should not "stand under the adoption" of names they did not deserve. He was not a member of L'Union St. Joseph himself, but no matter, he would stand up for them. In this angry mood he was referred to a mutual friend, "a brother of the mystic tie," in whose office he was initiated into so much of the mystery of the ancient order of Free Masonry as sufficed to convince him that "craftsmen" was a very good word and one that his friends need never be ashamed of. Vive L'Union St. Joseph.

A COMPLEX CLOCK.

Breslau will be represented at the Paris Exhibition by a work of art which may not have its equal. It is an astronomical clock, made by a Breslau citizen, Herr E. Scholz, which has been admired by scholars as a real work of genius. The clock shows, on a large dial-plate, artistically decorated, the time of Breslau, and on a smaller plate immediately underneath, the British time, with seconds' stroke. On the back of the case, which is made of grey marble, and before which the pendulum swings, are, on the right and left, two vertical rows, each of twelve dial-plates, which show the corresponding time by hour and minutes of twenty-four of the most important towns in the world, viz:—Pekin, Sydney, Calcutta, Moscow, St. Petersburgh, Constantinople, Rome, Paris, Marseilles, London, New York, Washington, San Francisco, &c., &c. On these twenty-four dial plates the minute-hands only move, all at once, a minute on, after the lapse of a minute, with the stroke of the sixtieth second, but each plate shows, by a special index, also the time of the day. Under the dial-plates, and over a looking glass, stands a nicely finished globe of the earth, which completes its movement round its axis in exactly 24 hours. A hand fixed above points to the meridian, so that at one glance the different places on the surface of the earth may be read, in which, at the corresponding moment, a good watch must show the hour of noon. The weights which set the whole clock-work going are a very curious and interesting sight. By a clever mechanical combination they are united, and form a very tastefully ornamented whole, which carries, again, three hands, representing a complete almanac, one hand pointing to the month, another to the date, and a third to the day of the week; while, under the middle dial-plate, a ball, figuring the moon, represents the different phases of light of the earth's satelite. The mechanism by which it has been possible, independently of the clock-work, to create the combined various movements in the body of the weights is quite new and very ingenious. But Herr Scholz is not content with the different functions of his clock, such as we have described them. In the lens of the seconds pendulum he has introduced a carefully executed spring, or metal barometer; and, besides this he uses the pendulum itself as a thermometer.

—Ratify promises by performances. Rev. J. H. Cornell, N. Y. city, says in a letter: "I procured Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum for a relative. I am happy to say it prevented the falling off of the hair, and restored it from being gray, to its natural glossy and beautiful black." Sold by all druggists. Depot, 198 Greenwich St., N. Y.

THE FENIAN OUTBREAK IN IRELAND.

The Rising in Middleton, Castlemartyr, &c.

(From the Cork Examiner March 7th.)

Castlemartyr, Wednesday Night, March 6. —This town was, during the last few hours of yesterday and the first six of to-day, the scene of extraordinary and little expected excitement. The district, including Cloyne, Middleton, Castlemartyr and Ballymacoda has, from an early period of Fenianism, been known as one of its *greatest strongholds*, and the constabulary of the locality have long held the opinion that, if a rising did occur, it would be the scene of the first disturbances. In its own action, however, it has shown a *systematic* union of action that contrasts strongly with the late futile attempt in the county of Kerry. Last evening the constabulary here and elsewhere observed certain indications in the demeanor of the working men that excited the *suspicion* of something more than ordinary being "in the wind," and events proved the correctness of their surmises.

The first proceeding, in point of time, of an aggressive character, that I have learned, took place at Knockadoon, about six miles from Youghal, on the coast, where there was a coast-guard station, occupied by five men and a chief boatman. As early as five o'clock last evening, the coast-guard was attacked by a body of armed men, numbering about 60, led by a horseman. They were well armed. The coast-guards surrendered in the face of overwhelming numbers, and they were, with the exception of one sick man, taken prisoners and marched off, the Fenians carrying with them all the arms and ammunition in the station. They then marched toward Mogeely, on the Youghal Railway, a distance of fourteen *miles*, and there set their prisoners at liberty, proceeding themselves in a north-easterly direction. It is supposed they were joined at a place called Lady's Bridge, a short distance from Castlemartyr, by another party from that locality. Here they are also believed to have been joined by the Castlemartyr band.

The precise circumstances of the occurrence in Middleton are these: A few minutes before 11 o'clock the Fenians assembled in the main street of the town, as already stated; and, after the interview with the gentleman who mistook them for police, they moved down the bridge close by the National Bank, and here they drew up on the left side of the approach to the bridge. The patrol—consisting of Acting Constable Greany, sub-constables O'Donnell, Sheedy and O'Brien—passed on towards the bridge on the other side of the road. When they had passed slightly beyond the Fenians, they were challenged by, it is believed, Daly, their leader, and called upon to surrender in the name of the Irish Republic. The police were then close to Mr. Green's gate, and the Fenians were but a few yards away from them, assembled four deep. When the police did not obey the call, Daly seized sub-Constable O'Donnell's rifle, and presenting a revolver at his head, fired. O'Donnell at the same time pushed Daly slightly from him, and thus caused the pistol ball to glance round the back of his head, the powder singeing his hair. At the same moment the party of Fenians fired a volley. A ball entered Sub-Constable Sheedy's breast, down near the stomach, on the right side, and after running a short distance up the Chapel road, he fell and bled probably to death. The other policeman fled in the same direction, and O'Donnell, who was wounded in the head, took shelter in a house. As the others fled, the Fenians fired after them, and the Acting-Constable had a number of extraordinary escapes. Bullets grazed the back of his hand, passed through his cap, touched his knee, and cut the edge of his ammunition pouch. He, with Sub-Constable O'Brien, got round by Mr. Green's house, and, having taken shelter there till morning, got back to the station, escorted by Mr. Green, who has great influence and popularity in the town. *After* Sheedy fell he was stripped of his rifle and accoutrements. Daly took Sub-Constable O'Donnell's rifle with him. Greany and O'Brien retained theirs. The gate and wall in front of Mr. Green's residence were thickly marked with the volleys of bullets fired by the insurgents, and, subsequently, a dozen revolver cartridges were found on the footpath there, as well as two large hand grenades with fuses attached. The cartridges were patent make, manufactured by Gladstone & Co. of London. It is also said that the first assembly of the Middleton Fenians was at Cork road, where they formed in three divisions, but being there surprised by the police they scattered, and subsequently met at the house of a person of some position in the town, at the door of which a sentry was posted, and all persons entering closely scanned. Thence they are believed to have proceeded to the Bank Bridge. The police say they were only armed with pistols, but a gentleman who passed close to them says they had rifles and swords. After the encounter of the bridge, they are said to have gone by Ballinacurra towards Castlemartyr. The firing in Middleton is described as being as regular as that of disciplined troops. Another circumstance stated is that suspicious-looking strangers, wearing cloaks, were also seen in Middleton early in the evening, and they are believed to have come from the direction of Cork. Cars heavily laden are also known to have passed through the town about 1 o'clock. Constable Greany found near the bridge, a pike ten feet long, this morning.

Before leaving Middleton, I may mention that at 7 o'clock this morning, a mounted policeman (Thumble) was dispatched to Cork for troops. He performed the journey within one hour, and at 10½ o'clock, a company of the 14th Regiment, under command of Major Grogan, Captain Jackson, and Lieutenant Blois, and accompanied by Assistant-Surgeon Cherry, were despatched to Middleton. Eighty men of the 14th Regiment, under Captain Crosbie, were despatched to Castlemartyr. Mr. Duncan, County Inspector of Constabulary, also proceeded to Middleton. In the course of the day Head Constable Reardan and a party made three arrests in Middleton, of persons said to have been seen among the insurgents last night.

At Castlemartyr the arrival of the Fenians, who included the Middleton party (it is believed) took place about 2 o'clock this morning. A haggard belonging to Mr. Walker, near the village, was set on fire, it is believed as a *ruse*, but the police, five men under Constable O'Connell, having reconnoitered, thought they saw more than a mere fire in the affair, and declined to render any assistance, returning to their barracks, where they made every preparation to resist an attack. They had not long to wait for it, when a large body of men—some say as many as 500, but it was impossible to state accurately, the night was so dark—drew up before the station, after having been directed by some person, in stentorial tones, to go and attack the police station at once. Having arrived before the station, some persons called upon the police to surrender. The party had come in with baggage, all the men seemed to wear haversacks containing provisions, and as well as the police could see them through the windows, they had rifles and fixed bayonets, which they carried "sloped," in true military style. They knocked several times at the door of the barracks. Receiving no reply they commenced firing, the bullets entering pretty thickly through window shutters, etc. The Fenians called out to the villagers, who looked out of their windows, to keep in their heads. The police returned their fire with interest, and it is thought with effect. The Fenian leader, Timothy Daly, who had come on from Middleton, was found, when the crowd had departed, lying dead about 10 perches from the barrack, in the line of retreat. He would seem to have been shot through the body, near the heart. He wore grey trowsers, blue jacket and vest (all plain) and a square peaked cap. Round his waist were a leather belt and case, intended for a revolver, and over his shoulder was a strong canvas haversack, containing bread. It was fastened with a gilt button, bearing a harp. He had dropped a seven-chamber revolver where he was shot.

The party retreated immediately after Daly was shot, and were pursued toward the bridge by the police; but they made a stand, forming a breastwork at the bridge, and the police thought it more prudent to retire to their quarters.

The Fenians are then supposed to have retired towards Kileagh, in which direction the Ballymacoda party would also appear to have gone, failing to meet the Middleton men. Discouraged, it is supposed, at the failure of the attack on the Castlemartyr Station, the Ballymacoda and Lady's Bridge parties went off towards Killeagh, whither they were followed by the Middleton and Castlemartyr men, it is believed.

After leaving Castlemartyr, the Fenians called at the houses of Rev. Mr. Halloran, Mr. Newton, farmer, William Ahern and Thomas Gould, from all of whom they demanded and obtained arms. They took a pistol from a man named Thomas Hennesy, at Lady's Bridge.

The line of retreat of the united Fenian forces of this district is concluded to be over the hills south of Killeagh, near which station the railway telegraph wire was cut. The point for which the insurgents was supposed to have departed is Tallaight.

The two deaths which have occurred in this district leave fifteen children fatherless. Sub-Constable Sheedy had been twenty years in the service, and was a man of excellent character. He leaves a wife and seven children.

Daly, the Fenian leader who was shot, was a carpenter by trade. He was a well-built man, five feet seven inches high, and was a person of considerable intelligence. He had long been suspected of complicity in the Fenian movement. He leaves a wife and eight children.

MR. BRIGHT AND CONFEDERATION.

(From the London (Eng.) Standard.)

We could almost have wished with Mr. Watkin that the bill had met that same unanimous support and approbation in the House of Commons which it obtained from the Peers. The moral effect upon the colonies would doubtless have been greater; still we cannot regret that Mr. Bright took another occasion of demonstrating that his affections and sympathies are not with his native country, but with the Great Republic across the Atlantic. Mr. Bright denies that any American statesman or any political party dreams of annexing Canada. We will not dispute this statement. But taking it for correct, we must regard in him an Englishman more American than the most aggressive of Americans. The Americans may not desire to annex Canada. But Mr. Bright certainly desires that they should do so, and most people will find themselves compelled to discover the motive of his opposition to this bill in his conviction that the Confederation indefinitely postpones that, to him, so desirable consummation. The honorable gentleman said distinctly that it would be better to cut the connection with these colonies at once. It would be cheaper for us, he said, and less demoralising for them, if they were to be constituted into a really independent state; and, as the honorable gentleman knows, and Mr. Watkin well reminded him, the independence of our North American colonies would be only a prelude to their absorption in the United States. The Confederation is not, as Mr. Cardwell observed, a preliminary to separation. On the contrary, it is another and stronger tie between the colonies and the mother country, and as such it naturally is repugnant to politicians who, either out of a disinterested desire for the supremacy of foreign countries or from a theory that colonies are costly nuisances, would like England to withdraw entirely from North America and, indeed, surrender every one of her dependencies. The reason Mr. Bright gave for opposing the bill was that the people of Nova Scotia object to it. He talked about a petition which, strange to say, has been in London some time, but which does not seem to have yet been presented to Parliament, purporting to be signed by some thirty thousand Nova Scotian adults; and he denied the right of any Legislature to vote upon a measure of so much importance until the people had the question directly put to them at an election. The doctrine is a doubtful one, but as Sir John Pakington, and after him, with greater fulness, Mr. Watkin, showed, the people of Nova Scotia have had the question directly put to them. It was the question put to the electors of the colony in 1863, and their verdict confirming the votes of the previous Parliament was distinctly in favor of confederation. So all that Mr. Bright demands has been done. If we wait for another election in Nova Scotia we must wait for another in Canada, and again in New Brunswick—that is to say, postpone indefinitely the establishment of a Confederation, the object which Mr. Bright, who can discover no urgency in the measure, evidently wants, although he did not venture to say so. We have now a chance of effecting this object so generally desired, which can hardly occur again. Whilst the scheme to which Parliament is invited to give its sanction is the result of a voluntary agreement between the colonies, it contains no provisions injurious to the interests of the mother country, and none which, out of regard for the colonies themselves, Parliament, even if it were to act upon its old theories of guardianship could reasonably reject.

Sir John Pakington did the Canadians the justice due to them in protesting against Mr. Bright's aspersions upon their loyalty; but the crushing reply to the member for Birmingham came from a gentleman on his own side of the House, and almost as thorough a Radical—Mr. Watkin, the member for Stockport. Mr. Watkin repudiated for himself and his friends the truly un-English views of Mr. Bright. He showed that the severance of Canada and the sister provinces from England means the domination of the United States over the whole American Continent; he pointed out that even dealing with the question in its meanest aspect—the monetary one—this exclusion of England from America would be a continual loss and a constant peril; and he declared, with perfect truth, that not one per cent. of the people of England agree with Mr. Bright in his desire for the destruction of our colonial empire. The sucking statesmen who talk so glibly about that destruction as inevitable in a not remote future will do well to lay this truth to heart. England will let her colonies go if they demand the severance. As they will hardly make that demand unless unjustly governed—and we have gone beyond the days in which that misgovernment is possible—we trust that the connection will remain unbroken for centuries. But if she has to let them go it will be with many a pang, for the popular instinct rightly apprehends that our colonial empire is one of the main sources of our wealth and power; and it would be felt universally that with that parting the history of our decline and fall must distinctly commence.

BRUTALITY OF SPANIARDS.

If ever there was a brutal nation, says the *Cornhill Magazine*, it is the Spanish. They are by nature capable of every kind of refinement; but in the meantime there is an under current of brutality in them that is far less well covered over than the Tartar beneath the Russian skin. However the taint may have been originally shed into the blood, it is unquestionably kept up and fostered by the beloved bull fights, to which the aged or worn-out favorites of the gentry are consigned by their tender and affectionate masters, who make parties to go and see them tortured by the bull. We shall never forget the deep impression made upon ourselves at the only bull fight we have witnessed, of how deeply an absolute love of cruelty is imbued in them. There were some three or four ladies in the box with us, and two boys, one of five, the other six years old; they were gaily dressed, bright little fellows, full of joy at attending the exhibition. It happened after a time that one of the wretched horses was half-killed by the bull exactly beneath our box, and was left to lie there; whereupon these little petticoated boys nearly fell out of the box in the ecstatic clapping of their hands and screams of delight, as they minutely watched the still quivering bowels of the poor beast that lay spread on the ground; and, actually encouraged by their mother and her friends, mimicked the convulsive shivers that passed through the mangled carcase! Some of the younger women and girls certainly did screen their eyes from the horrid sight; but all the men, high and low, roared with delight over the fallen and dying creatures.

—A diamond valued at $16,300 has been found in the Tippecanoe river, Indiana.

—Teetotalism forbids a man touching anything that can intoxicate except a pretty girl's lips, which you may taste after signing the pledge, providing you do so discreetly and with moderation; but the "Canadian Pain Destroyer" is highly recommended and is a sure cure for colds, rheumatism, pains in side and back, tooth-ache, summer complaints, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers, at 25cts. per bottle.

Bryan's Wafers—The Great Public Remedy. Have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a pure, harmless, and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Heavy Storm.

Sandy Hook, March 23.—No vessels in sight bound in. It was the severest storm that has visited this section in five years, the wind blowing and the sea running very high. Pilots are all inside the Hook. One boat started out but was compelled to put back. The steamship *Ocean Queen*, for Aspinwall, anchored off Quarantine last night, where she remains at 10 this morning, on account of the storm.

Sufferings from the Recent Flood.

Louisville, March 21.—The destruction in the inundated districts on the Greene river is very great. People are suffering for the necessaries of life, and many are compelled to leave their homes. Beck City is entirely destroyed and Swanstown is submerged, and the wharf boat is crowded with unfortunate refugees.

Decision of the Supreme Court.

Nashville, March 22.—The Supreme Court has rendered a decision sustaining the franchise law of last session of the legislature, contrary to the expectations of the conservatives.

Shipments of Flour from California.

San Francisco, March 21. The steamship *Sierra Nevada* cleared for Mexican ports. Two Panama steamers have already secured cargoes of flour to New York.

The engagements for the *Colorado* for Hong Kong, on the 3rd April, are quite liberal.

Explosion and Loss of Life.

Memphis, March 21.—The Tennessee River at Danville is still six feet over the telegraph poles. A private despatch says a steamer, plying between Selma and Montgomery, blew up to-night. The express messenger was killed. No particulars.

Lawyers not Required to take the Test Oath.

St. Louis, March 21.—The State Supreme Court has rescinded the order requiring lawyers to take the test oath prescribed by the constitution.

Outrages by Coal Miners.

New York, March 22.—The *Times* says private advices represent the coal miners in Schuylkill Pit, Pa., are committing most serious outrages. The ruffians who are mainly Irishmen and known as Molly Maguires, are banded together in secret organisation for the purpose of controlling the mines, and resort to murder and robbery. It is impossible to punish them, as when arrested and tried the juries are packed with confreres and they escape. On Friday last Mr. Littlehules, a superintendent, was murdered with the hope of securing money he was supposed to have, but he had but very little with him at the time. Threats are made against superintendents, and all live momentarily in fear of violence. Gov. Geary has been applied to for protection.

—One thousand acres of land in Western New Jersey, situated within the corporate limits of the town of Hammonton, have been purchased by the "Hammonton Cranberry and Improvement Association," with the intention of making one vast cranberry meadow of it. Four hundred acres are to be prepared and planted out with vines the coming season.

—A novel mode of making change recently occurred at Hong Kong, in China. An American, having complained to a native judge of a tailor who had cheated him, the official sentenced the culprit to 50 blows with the bastinado—a sentence which was at once executed—and the American charged fifty cents costs. The judge not being able to change the dollar given him by the American, the latter humorously told him to take it out in the same manner. Accordingly the tailor was again tied down, and received fifty more blows, thus making up in his own person the required change.

"Fenian on the Brain!"—Under this heading, the St. Catherines *Journal* of last evening, has the following: "The Hamilton *Times* sent a reporter down here last week, for the purpose of gleaning a budget of Fenian news. After looking around for a while he unbosomed the object of his peregrinations to a 'friend' who told another 'friend,' and after half a dozen 'friends' had been made acquainted with the nature of his mission, they undertook to 'scare the young man with tall yarns, until he became so 'demoralized' as to 'double' on his original 'advance' and 'retire to his' base of operations to Hamilton by next train. When the *Times* again sends a reporter we advise them to provide him with a sheep pluck by way of protection.

DIVINE SERVICES in THE CITY CHURCHES ON SUNDAY.

Christ Church (Episcopal)—Sparks Street.
Rev J S Lauder, Rev Nesbit, Curate.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 7.

Chapel of Ease—Sussex Street.
Rev J S Lauder, Rev Nesbit, Curate.
Morning Service at 11; Evening at 7.
School House, New Edinburgh, 4½ p m. Assistant Rev T D Phillipps, M A.

St Alban's Parish—Daly Street—All Services Free
Rev Dr Jones.
Court House, Daly Street. Hours of service 11 a m, and 7 p m. Sunday School 3 p m. Holy Communion on First and Third Sundays of month at morning service. Daily Prayer at 11 a m, and 5 p m at the Chapel Room. Wednesday evening with lecture and choral practice, 7 p m.
Military Service at the Court House 9 a m, Rev T D Phillipps, M A, Chaplain.

Methodist Episcopal Church—Le Breton's Flats.
Rev E S Howard.
Services commence at 10½ a m; and 6½ p m. Sabbath School at 2 p m.

Congregational Church—Albert Street.
Rev Joseph Elliot.
Morning service commences at 11 o'clock, an evening services at 6½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 3 o'clock p m.

Baptist Church—Queen Street.
Rev D McPhail, Pastor.
Services at 11 o'clock, am, and 6½ p.m. Sabbath School at 9½ in the morning.

Free Church (Presbyterian)—Daly Street.
Rev. T. Wardrope.
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.
Rev. Mr. Moore.
Services will be held in the Church, Banks Street at 11 a.m., and 6½ p.m.

Kirk of Scotland—Wellington Street.
Rev. Dr. Spence.
Rev. Mr. McLardy, Assistant
Morning Service at 11 o'clock; Evening at 6½.

Wesleyan Methodist Church—Metcalfe Street.
Rev. J. Douse, Minister.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½.
Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

Meth. Epis. Church—Cor. York and Dalhousie Sts
Rev. S. G. Stone.
Morning Service at 10½ o'clock; Evening at 6½.
Sabbath School at 2 p.m.

St. Andrew's Church, (Roman Catholic.)
Rev. Mr. McGrath, P. P.
Hours of service—Sundays and Holidays:—Morning, at 8 and 10 a.m. Evening, at 7 p.m.

Cathedral Notre Dame.
Rev D. Dandurand, Vicar-General.
Hours of Service, 5, 8 and 10 a m, and 7 p. m., from Easter until St. Michael's Day; 6, 8 and 10 a. m., and 6 p.m. from St. Michael's until Easter.

St. Joseph's Church.
Rev. J. F. Guillard, P. P.
Hours of Service, Sundays and Holidays, Mass at 8 and 10 a.m., from Easter until the Feast of St. Michael. Vespers at 7 p.m.; from St. Michael to Easter, 6 p.m.; week days, 7½ p.m.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☞ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

This preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jas. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-d

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself.

Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.

September 24 237-y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Card of Thanks.

The undersigned begs to tender his sincere thanks to Messrs. Herrick, Brush & Co., Agents of the British America Assurance Company, for their prompt settlement of claims against the Company, for loss sustained by me on property in Fitzroy Harbor.

JOHN LEEVENS.

Ottawa, March 23. 390-3

MASSE & TETREAU,

Notaries Public, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.

J. A. Masse. N. Tetreau.

Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

VICTORIA SKATING CLUB.

SKATING

TOURNAMENT!

ON

THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1867.

COMMITTEE:

S. H. THOMPSON, ESQ.
CAPT. HALLOWES, 25th K. O. B.
ROBERT C. COWAN, ESQ.
DR. BREWSTER.

JUDGES:

CAPT. BLOOMFIELD.
T. F. G. HOWELL, ESQ.
W. E. MACKENZIE, ESQ.

FIRST PRIZE—CUP, Value $50. *Open to the World.* Competitors, not members of the Club, to be formally introduced by a member. Professional skaters excluded.

SECOND PRIZE—Value $20. Open to the members of the Club only, the winner of the First Prize being excluded.

THIRD PRIZE—Value $20. Open to Young Ladies, members of the Club, under fourteen years of age.

Competitors will please send their names to the Secretary (39 Little St. James-street) on or before the 26th inst.

W. F. GAIRDNER,
Secy.-Treasurer.

Montreal, March 21. 390td

BY AUTHORITY.

THE ANNUAL VOLUNTEER

AND

SERVICE MILITIA LIST

OF CANADA,

FOR 1867.

Price 25cts.

For sale by the Publisher,

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Cor. of Sparks and O'Connor-streets.

Ottawa, March 22. 389a

New Watches & Clocks,

New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

Messrs. Young & Radford would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

Piano-Forte Instruction.

Professor W. C. Clark, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also Mrs. W. C. Clark, Preceptoress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Mono-chromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 384-3m

CITY REPRESENTATION.

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions, and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

CORNS & BUNICNS
EXTRACTED
WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for ocular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr J. Burn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

☞ Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL CONGREGATIONS, or others owning Churches, and individuals, corporations and companies owning Halls, Theatres, or other Buildings used for the purpose of holding public meetings, or places of public resort or amusement, all the doors shall be so hinged that they may open freely outwards, on or before the 15th day of August, 1867, and any parties neglecting or refusing to do so will be prosecuted according to law.

THOS. LANGRELL,
Chief of Police.

Ottawa, March 22. 389tf

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, March 18. 385b

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

LIFE
ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS *are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's* PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME, *with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.*

The Policy-holder thus obtains
A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,
OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE
OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY, *without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.*

CANADA.—*MONTREAL,*—PLACE D'ARMES.
Directors.
David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen., C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Com. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (J. Redpath & Son.)
Solicitors,—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer,—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary,—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies,—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.
Honorary Directors.
Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.
Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.
Aylmer, ... Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior, ... Vacant
Almonte, ... Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham, ... Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville, ... Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke, ... Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale
OF
Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—
BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT,
THE CONTENTS OF
150 PACKAGES
New Spring Dry Goods,
Just received, consisting of
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.
—AND—
The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.
Sale each day at TEN o'clock.
BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 13. 382td

A CARD.
A. ROWE,
Principal Auctioneer of the City of Ottawa.

SALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION solicited. Valuation of Household Furniture and effects carefully attended to.

Principal Office and Sales Room No. 42 North Side of Rideau Street.

Mr. Rowe in referring to the above Card begs respectfully to say that he has completed arrangements for conducting sales this spring in a manner that must give general satisfaction.

Though favoured last year, and for some years past, with the management of most of the important Sales which have taken place in the city, and he is happy to say universal satisfaction has been given in every respect.

Some of the reasons for Mr. Rowe's great success in conducting sales are, his extensive acquaintance with the purchasers, both in the city and country, and also his experience has given him a thorough knowledge of the value of every article he offers for sale.

And the most essential part which he was the first to introduce is to close and cash a sale the second day after it takes place

Any number of references can be given if required.

Consignments of every description solicited.

Cash advances made on consignments for positive sale if required.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 386y

NOTICE.
O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,
No 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PH. DERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Jange & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Sets which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

RUSHING OFF
STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at
ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post* where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Ham, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wdm

New Spring Goods,
New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,
ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Fancy Dress Goods,
Black Mantle Cloths,
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings,
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

OVER 50 PACKAGES
NEW
SPRING DRY GOODS!
TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.
NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufactures.

Miltons,
Venetians,
Yest Patterns,
Cashmeres,
&c.,
Striped Tweeds,
Coatings,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins,
&c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Norma and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstoch, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.
Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!
— AT —
GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,
MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF
New Whitney and Horse Blankets!
OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 306-6m

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

IN THE PRESS,

And will be issued about 11th March,
THE
"Canadian Fruit Culturist,"
OR
"LETTERS TO AN INTENDING FRUIT-GROWER,"
ON THE
Proper Location, Soil, Preparation, Planting and After-Cultivation
OF
ORCHARDS, VINE-YARDS & GARDENS,
WITH DIRECTIONS
FOR THE BEST MODE OF CULTURE of each variety of Fruit; and select descriptive lists of the best varieties of the Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Grape, Peach, Nectarine, Apricot, Quince, Gooseberry, Currant, Blackberry and Strawberry,
Suitable for Upper and Lower Canada,
BY JAMES DOUGALL,
Windsor Nurseries, C. W.
Price: Stiff Paper Covers, 25c.; Bound in Muslin, 40c. For sale at the principal Book Stores.

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383a-12w2

C. BANSLEY & CO.
No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,
Santa Claus Depot.
TOYS! TOYS!
AND
Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.

Jewellery and Leather Goods, &c., China Ornaments, &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank
OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

Ætna Life Insurance Company.
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43 00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine
Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practicing in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

☞ Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.
LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.
Capital. - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:
London,.....Liverpool,.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.
JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance
COMPANY.
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets over liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.
OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 60	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.
Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.
ESTABLISHED 130.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,
1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,
For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-ctf

1867. TEA 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-Street,
Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,
(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)
SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA,
Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.
☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:
Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultanas,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brasil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.
Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange.
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.
Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:
English, American and Canadian.
Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.
Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:
Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:
DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.
Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.
Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:
Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.
ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, andles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.
PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.
Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.
Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codnsh, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.
Apply to
WILLIAM CLEGG.
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

TO LET.—To Let in Hesserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lot attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE,

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

TO LET.
TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—
THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of

MASKS.

ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also

Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Cards.

1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.

P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2c 3d.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.

Ottawa, March 19. 3-ctf

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
Aug. 16-300tf R. McGILLIVRAY.

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,
NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.
500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported. 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!
BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.
Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESS'NG.
AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET,
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

☞ All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18 385-3m

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24
Rideau Street.
Christmas & New Year are Past.
STILL WE PROGRESS.
OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Spring Medicine.
Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,
For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by
W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa.

377tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 650 Gallons of the best quality of winter pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one-third of which must be from new matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 34° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL-OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 50 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the Stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10-121

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.
THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!
AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.
THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY.

The 28th day of March next.
Dated this Twenty-sixth day of February, 1867.
W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.
Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.
The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.
For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.
Ottawa, March 12. 314y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office!
1st Door West of Bates',
AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, November 27. 292t

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.
March 380d

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy,
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.
PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS
Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 351w6m

NOTICE.
GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!
SO AS TO USE
COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas-Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil
WILL BE SUPPLIED AT
37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons: and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity
BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street.
Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

THO RUSSELL

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution *the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.
THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.
May 31, 1866. 139y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodion "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.
JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.
February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery
Within two miles of the city,
In Gloucester, Green Field

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbaceous Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.
MATHEW T. DeRINZY.
Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.
W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.
312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac,

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., a Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two housand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.
ALMIRA McDONELL,
Alexandria Park,
Portagedu Fort.
Januar 29, 1867 w6m

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints: **Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.**

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,
ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla: the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.
Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

Dr. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.
February 26th, 1867 358d9w9y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, 12th March, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT NOTICE to Navigators has been issued by the Government of Mauritius, in reference to a floating light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage to be substituted, to the harbour lights at the entrance of Port Louis, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By Command,
THOS. WORTHINGTON,
Asst. Com. of Customs and Excise.

Governor Sir H. Barkly to Lord Carnarvon.
Mauritius, 18th December, 1866.

Gov. Desp. No. 292, of 31 Oct., 1864. S.S. Desp. No. 361. of 27 April, 1865. My Lord,

With reference to the previous Correspondence, noted in the margin, on the subject of the substitution of a Floating Light at the entrance of the Harbour of Port Louis for the present Shore Lights, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board of Trade, the accompanying Copies of a Notice, announcing that the change in question will take effect from the 24th May next, and giving the necessary sailing directions for the guidance of vessels approaching the Port. (Enclosure 1. Notice.)

Copies of this Notice have been forwarded to the different countries enumerated in the enclosed list, bearing the signature of the Colonial Secretary, and I beg that information may be given to the other Governments mentioned in the accompanying Copy of a Letter from the Harbour Master, dated the 14th instant, as well as to any Departments of Her Majesty's Government whom the matter may concern. (Enclosure 2. Enclosure 3.)

I have, &c.,
(Signed.) HENRY BARKLY.
The Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon,
&c., &c., &c.

NOTICE.

On the 24th of May, 1867, the Harbour Lights at the entrance of Port Louis, Mauritius, will be done away with, and a Floating Light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage will be substituted.

The Floating Light Vessel will be moored a little to the N Ward of the present well known Bell Buoy, with the following bearings:
Extreme of land to the northward: N E B N.
Extreme of land to the westward: W S W.
Flagstaff on Fort George: S E ¼ S.
Depth of Water: 15 fathoms.

The Light Vessel will be painted white, which will enable her to be distinctly seen against the dark land during the day.

She will shew a "*flashing white Light*" from Sunset to Sunrise, which will be visible a distance of nine miles in every direction from Seaward, from the poop of a large vessel.

The fact of this being a flashing Light, at short intervals, will sufficiently distinguish it from the Revolving Light at Flat Island, even were a mistake possible.

Vessels from the northward, after rounding Cannonier Point, must be careful not to bring Cannonier Point Light to the Westward of Flat Island Light, till the Floating Light at the Bell Buoy is seen; they may then steer for the latter, on a S S W ½ W bearing, and anchor on that bearing, from ½ a mile to a mile from the Light.

Vessels approaching the Port from the Westward, may steer from the Floating Light on an E b N ½ N bearing, and either anchor ½ a mile from her on that bearing, or further northward as convenient.

The mooring chain of the Floating Light runs about 150 fathoms in a N N W direction, vessels must therefore be anchored in such a manner as to avoid hooking it.

The depths at the anchorage vary from 12 to 20 fathoms.

All the bearings are Compass bearings.
D. WALES,
Harbour Master.
Post Office, 14th December, 1866.

Circulars respecting Floating Light have been sent to
1 The Colonial Secretary, St. Helena.
2 The Colonial Secretary, Cape of Good Hope.
3 The Colonial Secretary, Natal.
4 The Colonial Secretary, Tasmania.
5 The Colonial Secretary, New Zealand.
6 Chief Secretary, South Australia.
7 Colonial Secretary, Western Australia.
8 Colonial Secretary, Queensland.
9 Chief Secretary, Victoria.
10 Secretary to the Government, New South Wales.
11 Colonial Secretary, Ceylon.
12 Secretary to the Government, Bengal.
13 Secretary to the Government, Bombay.
14 Secretary to the Government, Madras
15 Colonial Secretary, Hong Kong.
16 Civil Commissioner, Seychelles.
17 Secretary to the Government, Straits Settlement.
18 Secretary to the Government, Batavia.
19 Chief Commissioner, British Birmah.
20 Secretary to the Government, Manilla (Philipine Islands).
21 Political Resident, Aden.
22 Monsieur L'Ordonnateur, Reunion.
23 Police Magistrate, Rodrigues.
(Signed) FELIX BEDINGFELD,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Secretary's Office,
Mauritius, 17th December, 1866.

Harbour Master to Colonial Secretary.
Port Office, Mauritius, 14th December 1866.

Sir,

As it will be necessary to send intelligence to all parts of the world before substituting a Floating Light at the entrance of this Port for the present Harbour Lights, I have the honor to request that his Excellency the Governor will authorize the printing of the annexed sailing directions, and the forwarding of them by the mail of the 18th instant, to all parts of the world.

The rule is to allow such intelligence time to reach every important Port in the world, and give vessels that have left before its arrival time to reach the spot where the new Light is to be placed.

I have proposed therefore, to light up on the 24th of next May, the anniversary of Her Majesty's birth-day, subject to his Excellency's approval, thus allowing five months and one week for the transmission of intelligence, which ought to be sufficient, if no time is lost in sending it from England to North and South America.

I recommend that copies of the notice should be sent to the Governments of the following countries: —Russia, Holland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Belgium, France, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Austria, Prussia, Turkey, British North America, United States, Mexico, Brazil, Callao; also to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Admiralty, and the Trinity House, for transmission to English, Scotch, and Irish Ports; to the Australian Ports, Cape of Good Hope, the Indian Governments, the Straits Ports and Batavia, Manilla and China, together with any others that may be suggested, and that 100 copies may be sent to this office for distribution among the shipping.
I have, &c.,
(Signed.) D. WALES,
Harbour Master.
The Hon. the Colonial Secretary,
&c., &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. 1, 1867.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following amended notice of the erection of a Lighthouse on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, in correction of the notification given in Government Notice No. 121, 1866.

By His Excellency's Command.
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 4th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Lighthouse has been erected on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.

The Lighthouse is in latitude 29° 3' 35" E.

The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.

It is visible in all directions from north (round by the east and south), to S 59° W; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Aliwal shoal, which is 25 miles S, 53° W; from the Lighthouse; vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the southward and westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N 50° E,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River (about 9½ miles below the Lighthouse), when they must keep it more to the northward, as the land tends more to the eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about W N W; they can haul in to the northward for the anchorage, anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Lighthouse bearing S W to S W ¼ S, distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
Admiralty Surveyor,
N. B.—The above bearings are magnetic. 340tf

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:
Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude general character of the business carried on such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.
W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.
245-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.
The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.
By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to
J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.
Ottaw 23rd March. 1866 81-tf.

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 210, Ottawa. 384a

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.
Ottawa, November 1 270tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Febry., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,
FOR THE
WEST INDIES,
SOUTH AMERICA,
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT
Of the following rates by
CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side }	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. *via* Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand *via* New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "Too LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it ears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.
H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.
367dw9-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.
J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—
GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD
OF
Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c , &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.
d&w

NOTICE.
VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE
Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL
DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866
BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.
MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.
W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.
312tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by
Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.
BRYAN'S
PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeit. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.
JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.
Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief, when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.
NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W
So by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.
Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA!
IN QUART BOTTLES!
THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD
Is particularly recommended for use
DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVY.

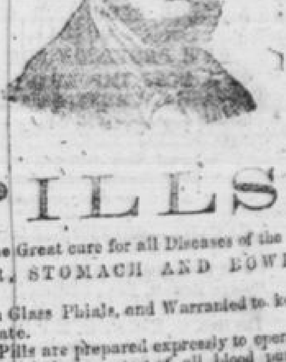
It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA.

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S
(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 391. | OTTAWA C. W. MONDAY, MARCH 25, 1867. | PRICE-3 CENTS.

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 4,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers especially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House. ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 126-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa. E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. Bouchette is regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MOSAT WRIGHT, B.A. B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. tf

P. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lake Garner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 14, 1867. 331y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the Rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 26. 47-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 14, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Lyon's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 16, 1866. 1-y

M. MCLEOD,
BARRISTER, &c., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Arthur and Buckingham, C. E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
Bonaventure, 7, 1865. 43-tf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, &c. OFFICE: Union Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN G. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, Bonaventure 7, 1866. 43-tf

EDWARD T. DAVENELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 17, 1866. 34-6m

LEGGO & NEELIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. LEGGO. THOS. F. NEELIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 289y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1 371y

DR. WOLFE,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s Grocery.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-tf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Heaton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Celebrated Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Musgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Musgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. A. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 4[illegible]tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February [illegible]

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Forwarding Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex street, Ottawa.
E. K. O'CONNOR. W. R. WALLER.
March 9. 375y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 15, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-tf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Good Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Furs, flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed, descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for Monumental Inscriptions and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Keefer, Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, November 4. 325-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Chamberlin, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed to Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
PROVINCIAL SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the Senate, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land Business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 24. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of the Gentlemen the Parliament Restaurant, Angle Store, Rideau Street, Close to the Suspension Bridge.
Mr. Miles's Celebrated Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. S. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Hecks patent and improved Reptile Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 21tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire, and is prepared to treat any disease on the horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 19. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-tf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given in trade by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11. 236tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c.,	&c., &c

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-tf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and Sussex Streets, (Mr. Odgers's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867 321y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, to the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. SOULIN.
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Pointe Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Courthouse Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This house is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
MCKAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters fresh daily.

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary to be a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 291tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. 309-1tf

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 29. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.30 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:00 p.m	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa booked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
Ottawa, November 26. SUPERINTENDENT. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do do at..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at..... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at.. 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
May 26. Managing Director. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 29th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con Stat Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL. 304tf

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Ottawa, December 27 Bearcroft Street. 214tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSKRINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.

COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

ALEX. DUFF, OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c, and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the great Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TIN BATHS painted in blue and varnished finish. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BALL HEAD—durable and strong. METAL BEDSTEADS and COT BEDSTEADS also "Forty's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Teapots, Egg Coddlers and Boilers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Bun Moulds, Soup Tureens, Cooking Stoves, Fish Kettles, Oval and Oblong Ice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Cooking Stoves, Fish Kettles, Roast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, and Coffee Urns, Some Ladles, Roast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Colanders, Pail, Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or worn out cannot be replaced.
TIN WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchants, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 3o3-w6-3m

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps.
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
264 Sparks Street.
J. ROOS.
Ottawa, February 26. 8y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
8tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 282 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlaz River, (about 2½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
337tf Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given or recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47tf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread..... 6d per loaf.
Mr. Sho

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Exchange Broker—Neil McKinnon.
Houses to Let—James Mathews.
City of Glasgow Life Assurance Co.—Neil McKinnon, Agent.
Riding Whip Lost—P. Buckley.
Proclamation—R. Lyon, Mayor.
American Invoices—Thos. Worthington.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 25, 1867.

There has been a new Government formed in Prince Edward Island as a consequence of the political changes brought about by the recent election. The following is the new Ministry: Hon. George Coles, President of the Council and Colonial Secretary; Hon. Joseph Hensley, Attorney-General; the other Members of the Council are, Hons. A. A. Macdonald, W. H. Lord, H. J. Davis, R. P. Haythorne, H. J. Calbec, Geo. Howlan and Alex. Laird. The Government organ, the *Examiner*, in sketching the new policy of the Government gives no hint as to any action on the subject of Confederation.

The Montreal *Gazette* calls attention to a piece of wholesale literary piracy of more than ordinary magnitude, which we think deserves the benefit of the fullest possible exposure. The Canadian public is no doubt fully aware that the American Government periodically devotes these Provinces to the investigations of a Commissioner, with the view to obtaining information concerning trade, resources, &c., &c. Sometimes this duty may be honorably discharged, as we think it was many years ago by a Mr. Taylor with especial reference to the North West; at other times, and more than once, it has been discharged in a more questionable way by one Mr. Hatch, and but very recently by a certain Mr. Derby, of whose doings we have some recollection of having heard in the Lower Provinces, in the way of trying to induce them to join the United States in a reciprocity without Canada. We cannot say how far Mr. Derby's mission helped to stiffen the backs of the anti-Confederates in the Maritime Provinces, for we were not sufficiently impressed with his importance to think his movements deserving of any special attention. He has done one thing, however, for which if we failed to give him prominent notice, we should think we had failed in our duty as an honest journalist.

Mr. Derby's commission if we mistake not referred particularly to the fisheries, and generally to the state of the British American Provinces. To satisfy this last general requirement Mr. Derby has reprinted word for word the statistical portion of "The Year Book," edited by Mr. Arthur Harvey of the Finance Department, and published by Messrs. Lowe & Chamberlin of Montreal. We are told, though we have not seen it, that a full third of Mr. Derby's book is printed from *The Year Book*. Mr. Harvey has, we learn, memorialized the United States Government in relation to the affair; but we fancy rather with the view of exposing the dishonesty of this precious Commissioner than with any hope of obtaining substantial redress. The case is somewhat interesting as shewing how easily United States Commissioners can sometimes earn their salaries. No doubt Mr. Derby's time thus saved, by applying the scissors to *The Year Book*, was profitably spent in indoctrinating the people of the Maritime Provinces as to the superiority of General Banks' bill over that of Lord Carnarvon—in proving that annexation was better than Confederation.

Mr. David Stirton, M. P. P., has suffered himself to be fully "organised." At the Reform Convention for the County of Wellington he came out "flat-footed" against Coalitions, declaring that he never had had much faith in them, and that his experience of the working of the existing Government had satisfied him more than ever that such combinations involved an abnegation of principle and were "utterly demoralising." Mr. Stirton was speaking from experience, and we are bound to admit that his evidence is in the highest degree credible in so far as it concerns himself. He claimed credit for having "faithfully" supported the Coalition which was, he said, "about to expire," and we must take it for granted that David Stirton feels "utterly demoralised" according to his own logic.

Dr. Parker at the same convention made an offering of incense on the altar of partyism, but he failed entirely in reaching that enthusiasm which characterised the member for the South Riding. The Dr. invited his auditory to take an example from the statesmen and politicians of England, which was certainly, under the circumstances, a bold thing for him to do, and he even told them he thought "that partyism could be carried too far"—which was certainly a very bold thing for him to say. But with all, he allowed himself to be carried along with the tide of party feeling, reserving, however, his right at a future day to discuss "the general "policy upon which the Government "ought to be conducted." We fear that the Doctor is not more than half reconstructed—though no doubts of his being a "Reformer" need be entertained, it is questionable indeed from the tone of his remarks whether he is willing to allow himself to be pulled by the nose, whithersoever it may be the pleasure of George Brown that he should be dragged.

It would be interesting to know whether Mr. David Stirton yet holds Mr. Brown in affectionate remembrance for the button holing of the last session, and which David at one time had the courage to denounce. Is he now taking a leaf from Mr. Brown's book, and riding the party horse for the sake of getting into Parliament, as Mr. Brown rode the patriotic steed that he might drive the "corruptionists" from power? Will his admiration for Mr. Brown—"who had been "justly thanked for his services"—last him beyond the campaign? These are questions we do not pretend to answer. But Mr. Stirton gives a picture of radical humiliation during the past two years and a half which is totally new to us and strangely at variance with the example of patriotism which we have been hitherto taught to believe their conduct exhibited to the admiration of the world. Mr. Stirton says, "He thought it was "in every way creditable to the Reform party "that in order to secure a measure of great "importance to the country they had *sacrificed their personal* interests, and voluntarily placed themselves in the *humiliating "position of supporting a Government which "they had no confidence in*, but maintained "in power merely to carry out Confedera-"tion." No confidence in the Government in which Mr. Brown held the honorable position of President of the Council! No confidence in the Government which was expressly formed by the advice and with the full sanction of the Reform party! No confidence in the Government which counts among its members three distinguished Reformers, whose fidelity to their principles has never yet been challenged by any one of the small spouters who have done the talking of the conventions! No confidence in a Government from whom the favors of patronage were unblushingly asked and by whom they were honestly bestowed! Oh! David Stirton! You may well seek credit for your "humiliating position." Perhaps the proceedings of the meeting at Fergus on the 19th instant were sufficiently satisfactory to Dr. Parker to warrant him in declaring that no attempt at interference with the free action of the North and Centre Ridings was contemplated by the wire-pullers who brought it about; but why, David Stirton, if you were satisfied with your chances in your own constituency—if you did not wish to "insinuate yourself on the Centre Riding"—why did you and your friends from Guelph betake yourselves to Fergus, to intermeddle in the affairs of those who themselves are thoroughly competent to deal with them?

It is something to be the leader of a party. Mr. Stirton has been too long in Parliament not to know the value of having a few followers at his command. Could he even get a couple of Members from Wellington who would look up to him for advice and instruction, his position in Parliament would be such as it never has been before. But Dr. Parker is not made of the stuff which can be converted into followers of men of the intellectual calibre of David Stirton. The Doctor has acquired a vicious habit of thinking for himself, which if not cured in time there is no telling where it might lead him. Therefore, the political magnates of the Town of Guelph must undertake the enlightenment of the benighted electors to the north of them; and Dr. Parker must be taught, and the Centre and North Ridings of Wellington must be taught, that "Mr. P. Gow, Mayor of Guelph," and Mr. David Stirton are the political guides in whose footsteps they should walk. These are the only authorities on the great political issues of the day and the two Northern Ridings of Wellington must understand in time that the men they elect to represent them in Parliament should be instructed to follow Mr. Stirton's leadership. For any other purpose than that of exercising an outside pressure on the Centre and North Ridings of Wellington by a few political wire-pullers of Guelph, the convention at Fergus on the 19th was a sham; and we shall now watch with some curiosity to see to what extent Mr. David Stirton and the Guelph coterie—who from local considerations are opposed to the best interests of these Ridings—shall succeed in bamboozling them into the election of tools to do the bidding of Mr. Stirton and his friends.

WAR AND THE MILITIA.

Such was the subject of a lecture delivered on Friday evening last at the Institut Canadien by M. Emmanuel Blain de St. Aubin, one of the French translators of the Legislative Assembly.

Although rather a dry subject, it could not but be a popular one at the present moment, when every one is interested in the establishment of a system of militia that may be made available, and prove effective with the least possible delay, and at the smallest reasonable cost to the country. No subject, however, when well understood and well handled (as this was by Mr. Blain) can fail to be interesting to an intelligent audience, such as was the large body who attended at the Institut Canadien, notwithstanding its remote situation. The lecture was divided into two parts, treating respectively of the above two subjects, War and Militia.

In the former, the lecturer gave a succinct history of the various implements of war used from the earliest period, the attack made by Cain on his brother Abel, to the introduction of the improved cannons, rifles and other deadly weapons of the present day. This large range included sticks, bludgeons, fisticuffs, batons of all sorts, pikes, tomahawks, battle axes, spears, bayonets, carbines, muskets, pistols and a variety of other warlike instruments down to the Enfield and Snider rifles, relative to the origin of the former of which very interesting details were given.

In the latter part of the discourse the lecturer alluded in glowing terms to the valor displayed on more than one occasion by the Lower Canada Militia—particularly the disposing of a large number of the American army at the battle of Chateauguay by a mere handful of French Canadians, commanded by the never-to-be-forgotten De Salabury. The good services rendered by a well organised militia in various countries, particularly in France, were clearly shown, by reference to historical records—while the fearful consequences that had resulted from the neglect of taking precautionary steps, in time of peace, for organising such a body were shown. The loss of Canada to the French Government was in great measure attributed by him to their refusal to accept the services of a few valorous early settlers in Canada, who had offered to organise such a corps.

The main object of the lecturer appeared to be to show the necessity of self-protection in a country like that, which he had adopted as his own, and where he prided himself as being enrolled in that protective force. Allusion was also made to the tribute of praise made to the loyalty and valour of the French Canadians, in a speech of the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, lately reported in the Ottawa Times.

—The pay and allowance of the gentlemen who wear stars and shoulder-straps in the U.S. Army, on its peace footing, are reported to be as follows:—Gen. Grant, $18,120; Lieut-Gen. Sherman, $14,814; Major-Gen. Halleck, $7,717; Major-Gen. Meade, $7,717; Major-Gen. Sheridan, $7,717; Major-Gen. Thomas, $7,717; Brig.-Gen. McDowell, $5,517; Brig.-Gen. Rosecrans, $5,517; Colonels, $4,500; Lieutenant-Colonels, $3,994; Majors, $3,765; Captains, $3,049; First Lieutenants, $2,712; and Second Lieutenants, $2,783.

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

Bitter Feeling between France and Prussia.

Berlin, March 23.—The recent conclusion of a treaty between the Kingdoms of Prussia and Bavaria and the Grand Duchy of Baden, whereby Prussia is to have command of the armies of the latter two countries in times of war, has engendered a bitter feeling in France. It is believed that the effort of the Emperor Napoleon to form a confederation of France, Holland, Belgium, and Switzerland, against Prussia, is traceable to this cause.

Turkey Refuses to Cede Candia.

Vienna, March 23.—Assent to the proposition of the Great Powers of Europe relative to the cession of the Island of Candia to the Grecian Government, has been emphatically refused by the Sublime Porte of Turkey.

Another Prussian Treaty.

Berlin, March 23.—King William of Prussia has just succeeded in effecting an offensive and defensive treaty with the Kingdom of Wurtemburg. It is understood that one of the features of the treaty is as in the treaties with Baden and Bavaria, that in times of war Prussia is to command the consolidated armies of both countries.

Declines the Alliance.

Brussels, March 23.—It is officially announced that King Leopold will not enter into the proposed confederation with France, Holland and Switzerland.

Financial and Commercial.

London, March 23—Evening.—Consols closed at 91 for money. 5-20s 74½. Ill. C. 78; Erie 39.

Liverpool, March 23—Evening.—Cotton closed quiet at 13¼d to 13½d for middling uplands. Breadstuffs closed quiet—Corn 41s. Provisions closed inactive—Pork firm; lard 50s 6d. Spirits of turpentine 37s 3d.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Passed Over the Veto.

Washington, March 23.—The President today sent to Congress his veto of the Supplement Reconstruction Bill. The Senate passed the bill over the veto by a vote of 40 to 7, and the House by a vote of 114 to 25.

Fatal Omnibus Accident.

Cincinnati, March 23.—The Newport and Alexandria, Ky., omnibus was thrown over an embankment about seven miles from Newport yesterday afternoon, instantly killing a passenger and seriously injuring four or five others.

The Fenians Preparing for the Canadian Campaign.

New York, March 23.—The Fenian Senate continued in session the greater part of to-day, and will probably not adjourn before Tuesday next. Nothing positive has transpired regarding their deliberations, but it is well understood that preparations for the coming Canadian campaign occupied the principal share of their attention. As yet nothing has come of the negotiations in progress, looking to the consolidation of the two sections of the organization.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 23, 1867.

An accident occurred at the McLean tank, Petrolia, by which a workman fell from a scaffolding and had his skull fractured.

The Queen's Own paraded at the drill shed last evening. They are improving rapidly in the use of the Spencer rifles.

A very large quantity of ammunition is being shipped from here to points on the Western frontier.

The city bakers have raised the price of the 4lb. loaf to tenpence—owing they say, to a rise in flour.

The weather is very mild.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 23, 1867.

The Hochelagas and the Montreal light infantry were to have a brigade parade to-day, but owing to the battalion not having yet mustered their required strength, it has been postponed.

The Prince of Wales' and Chasseurs Canadiens have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness for service.

The squadron of the 13th Hussars, in garrison here, were out manœuvring in the Champ de Mars yesterday. Their evolutions excited much interest.

It is said preparations are making on a very comprehensive scale for putting the Grand Trunk track in thorough order. The rails for the Eastern section are being imported from England.

The *Gazette* of this morning is very bitter on Mr. Derby, the United States Commissioner, for enquiring into Fisheries, &c. It accuses him of pirating fully one-third of his report from the "Year Book" published by that paper.

A lengthy and official correspondence on the subject of the Fenian invasion of Canada, published by order of the Imperial Parliament, has arrived by the last steamer. It gives a complete history of the whole matter, with reports, letters, &c.

A valuable team of horses was lost yesterday while endeavoring to cross from Laprairie to this city.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

New York Money Market.

New York, March 23.—The *Post's* financial article says, there has been very little doing in Wall-street. Stock market dull but firm. Governments in fair demand. Railroad shares quiet, except N. Y. C. and M. S. Foreign exchange quiet.

Theatre Burned.

New York, March 23.—A fire broke out in the cellar of the Winter Garden Theatre, this morning about 9 o'clock, and in fifteen minutes the theatre was a smouldering mass of ruins.

By the Winter Garden fire Mr. Booth loses his entire wardrobe, valued at from sixty to one hundred thousand dollars. The loss on theatre effects is about $60,000. The damage to the Southern Hotel is estimated from 10 to $15,000. The theatre was valued at $600,000 insured.

The Trial of Surratt.

Washington, March 23.—Surratt will not probably be tried before the next term of the Criminal Court in June. The prisoner and his counsel are anxious for a speedy trial, but for some unassigned reason his case is delayed.

News by the "Australasian."

New York, March 23.—The steamer *Australasian* brings Liverpool advices of the 9th, and Queenstown dates of the 10th. The Fenian movement was dying out. Wherever the Fenians appeared they were promptly faced by the troops and dispersed.

The London *Times* urges the arrest of every semi-American who may be found spreading treason among the people.

The remains of "Artemus Ward" were to be placed temporarily in Kensal Green Cemetry, whence they will be conveyed to America. He was insensible for nine days before he died. He leaves the bulk of his property to his mother, and showed his love for children by bequeathing an extraordinary number of legacies to persons of tender age. The property bequeathed to his mother is at her death to revert in trust to Horace Greeley, to be applied for the foundation of an Asylum for aged and infirm printers.

The *Cork Examiner* of the 9th says: The insurrection which had seemed to be suppressed has begun again to assume serious aspects in Limerick and Tipperary, and there were several thousand Fenians in the Galtese mountains, but they had no means of carrying on an offensive war, nor could they hold their ground against an attack. These men have been drawn from their homes, and when collected together found no provisions made to supply them with even the rudest weapons. Finding they had been drawn into grave peril without there being a possibility of them serving the cause, numbers of them had returned to their homes. This is the case also with those assembled in the Tipperary mountains. Much panic prevails, but it is unreasonable and unfounded. The entire North and West of Ireland remains tranquil.

LOCAL NEWS.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 23, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold during previous night, 18 above zero.

9 a. m., 29 above zero.
Noon, shade, 43 above zero.
Noon, sun, 58 above zero.
6 p. m., 40 above zero.

The Hon. M. Cameron on Temperance.—On Thursday last this worthy "Father Mathew" of Canada honored the village of Buckingham with one of his strongest lectures on this "speciality." For upwards of two hours he held, enrapt, an audience large and appreciative. Mr. Cameron has, we understand, done a good deal in this way during the winter throughout the country about Ottawa. He deserves all honor for the Samaritan work.

City of Glasgow Life Assurance.—In our advertising columns will be found the advertisement of the City of Glasgow Life Assurance Company. This company has been established twenty-nine years, its capital is £600,000 stg., and its annual revenue is over £120,000, offering the combined advantages of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. A very desirable feature in this company is that no extra charge is made for volunteers serving in the defence of the country. The agent for Ottawa is Mr. McKinnon, Sparks-street, opposite Magee and Russell's.

Lecture Before the Military.—On Friday evening last the weekly lecture to the military in St. Patrick's Hall was delivered by Mr. Mr. Joseph Lee of this city. The subject of the lecture was "The Genius of Tom Hood as Poet and Moralist." The lecturer having been duly introduced to the audience by the Rev. T. D. Phillipps, A. M., delivered an elegantly written oration full of passages of great eloquence and fine conception. He declared Hood to be a poet of the highest merit whose peculiarities of wit and fun never deteriorated from the high moral aim of the writer. Mr. Lee delivered with touching pathos and more than ordinary effect, "The Dream of Eugene Aram," "Miss Kilmansegg," "The Bridge of Sighs," and some of the author's minor poems; amidst the deep sympathy and applause of the audience. The Rev. Chaplain moved a vote of thanks to the talented lecturer, which was carried amidst great cheering.

Police Court.—Mary Ann Thompson and Mary Durnan, were charged with vagrancy and previous bad character. These apparently incorrigible women spend about three-fourths of their time in jail without the least sign of amendment. When out of prison they have no homes; their characters are so bad that no decent people will allow them to enter their houses, and they are compelled to seek shelter in dens of infamy, and even there, they cannot remain. In a short time they are ejected and again thrown upon the streets, where they are in danger in winter of being frozen to death. Their lives have no doubt been saved by their being arrested and sent to jail on several occasions. In the early part of this winter Mary Ann Thompson was found out of doors on a cold night with her feet badly frozen, and was committed to jail, where she was obliged to remain for want of a home until she was able to walk. In a few days after her discharge she is again arrested and again committed for three weeks. As soon as she comes out she will most likely pursue her old course. This woman is not a thief, and it is just possible that if some good Samaritan would take her in hand she might be reclaimed. The establishment of a Refuge for such persons, is a subject well worth the consideration of the various benevolent societies of this city. Much good has been accomplished in this way in other cities, and by united action something might be done here.

GENERAL ORDERS VOLUNTEER MILITIA.

Headquarters, Ottawa, March 22, 1867.

18th Prescott Battalion of Infantry, No. 3 Company.—To be Lieutenant: Lieutenant and Quarter Master S. M. Johnson, vice A. McNaughton, who exchanges to Quarter Master.

28th Perth Battalion of Infantry.—To be Assistant Surgeon: John Philip Jackson, Esquire.

41st Brockville Battalion of Rifles, No. 3 Company, Perth.—To be Captain: Lieut. Thomas Moffat, vice Spillman, whose resignation is hereby accepted. To be Lieutenant: Wm. W. Berford, Gentleman, M. S., vice Moffatt promoted. The resignation of Ensign Douglas is hereby accepted.

42nd Brockville Battalion of Infantry.—To be Surgeon: William Mostyn, Esquire, M. D.

43rd Carleton Battalion of Infantry.—To be Surgeon: Daniel Beatty, Esquire.

—A country editor, who, with a single boy, does all the work of his office, says he does not know how he can shorten his expenses unless he cuts off the boy's legs.

—The Madison *Argus* told a newly-married editorial friend that he would find a difference between the matrimonial and editorial experience. In the one case the devil cries for copy, and in the other the copy cries like the devil.

—A despatch passed through the telegraph office in Pittsfield, Mass., during the snow blockade, from some Western city, addressed to a gentleman in Lee, which ran thus: "My dear sir, I have every motive to go to Lee—except a locomotive."

—A singular custom prevails in some parts of Arabia, where upon the burial of the corpse of a man, his wife often keeps his skull, and makes it her constant companion. She carries it about in her hand when she goes anywhere on a visit.

—Ratify promises by performances. Rev. J. H. Cornell, N. Y. city, says in a letter: "I procured Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and Zylobalsamum for a relative. I am happy to say it prevented the falling off of the hair, and restored it from being gray, to its natural glossy and beautiful black." Sold by all druggists. Depot, 198 Greenwich St., N. Y.

—The yacht race around the Isle of Wight between Prince Alfred of England, Duke of Edinburgh, and James G. Bennett, Jr., will probably be indefinitely postponed. It is announced by the last foreign intelligence that the frigate *Galatea*, under command of the Duke of Edinburgh, has sailed from Plymouth to make the voyage round the world, and will be absent two years.

—The Roman Catholics of St. Louis contemplate erecting a cathedral, which when finished, is to surpass the one course of erection in New York, which was projected by Archbishop Hughes, as far as that will surpass the present cathedral at Philadelphia. The plot on which the new cathedral is to be erected is over four hundred feet long by one hundred and fifty feet wide, over 60,000 square feet. This will afford room for the largest church edifice in the United States, and as large as some of the celebrated cathedrals of Europe.

—London recently enjoyed the luxury of an aristocratic divorce case, in which the respondent, an officer of Her Majesty's Oxford Blues, was condemned to pay $50,000 damages and costs. Capt. Westcar seems to have taken possession of the pretty wife of his neighbour Major Maxwell, in the coolest manner imaginable. It appears that he had been an unsuccessful suitor before marriage. When the suit was commenced he told the solicitor that he was customed to that sort of thing, and withdrew his plea of connivance, lest it should defeat the suit, which he wished to succeed, though not probably to the tune of £10,000 damages, though even that sum, to a man with £7,000 a year, cannot be of much consequence.

THE FENIANS IN NEW YORK.

The Senate to Hold its Next Meeting on "Canadian Soil."

The following is from the New York *Tribune*—from the chief organ of the party of "great moral ideas." Mr. Horace Greeley must have fallen very low, thus to become chief touter for the Fenian rabble:

The Union Circle of the Constitutional section of the Fenian Brotherhood held a meeting last evening at the intersection of Eleventh-street, and First-avenue. The attendance was large, and the proceedings characterized by the greatest unanimity and enthusiasm. The Center, Mr. O'Flynn, having made a few brief remarks, introduced Mr. Gibbons of Philadelphia, President of the Fenian Senate. Mr. Gibbons delivered an able and eloquent address. He was glad to perceive that the cause of Irish freedom had such earnest and stalwart supporters as the men he saw before him. Perseverance in the good work was all that was requisite to enable the Irish people to avenge on the battle-field the wrongs inflicted on their country by England. It was the duty of all Irishmen to come forward in this, the crisis of their country's destiny, and aid the movement for liberty. The Fenian Brotherhood had already crippled the power and destroyed the influence of England in Europe, and the day of final retribution was not far distant.

Gen. Spear followed in an eloquent address, in which he depreciated divisions in the ranks of the Brotherhood, and urged that the plan laid down by President Roberts was the only one by which to effect the liberation of Ireland. Subsequently, other speakers addressed the meeting, after which several new members were enrolled, and a considerable amount subscribed toward the object of the organization.

THE FENIAN SENATE IN SESSION.

The Fenian Senate was yesterday in session, all the members of that body having arrived in this city on the previous day. The names of the Senators present are as follows: President, James Gibbons, Philadelphia, Pa.; Senators: J. C. O'Brien, Clerk of the Senate, Rochester, N.Y.; Frank B. Gallagher, Buffalo, N. Y.; Patrick J. Meehan, Editor *Irish American*, N. Y. City; John Carleton, Bordentown, N. Y.; Wm. J. Hensoy, Troy, N. Y., and Michael McGuirk, Norwich, Conn. President Roberts was not present at the meeting of the Senate, but received several important messages during the session from the body. The President of the Senate, Mr. Gibbons, presided over the deliberations of the Senate. The session will last for several days, and it is more than probable that when closed, it will adjourn to give the Senators an opportunity to meet again on Canadian soil or some other portion of British territory. Although the session is strictly secret, enough of the deliberations of the Senate are known to make it manifest that an early attempt will be made in very grave earnest against the British North American Provinces, as soon as arms can be furnished to the men preparatory to transportation. The movement of regulars toward the border by the United States Government is looked upon as a *ruse* to deceive the British Minister, and pacify Her Majesty's Cabinet. Assistance will be furnished to the men who are in insurrection if proof can be furnished that the rebellion is intended as a general and bona fide attempt to overthrow the English rule by its originators and abettors. At present there is no head or front to the insurrection in Ireland, and wherever a blow has been struck it has been struck wildly and without any evident practical purpose. To effect any success it will be necessary for all the circles deserted by Stephens to come into the organization of which Colonel Roberts and the Senate of the Fenian Brotherhood have control. The Senate while in session will receive communications tending to that result from all parties who may feel disposed to assist in the movement to free Ireland. To the foregoing the Senate is pledged sincerely. Col. Wolger, a prominent Fenian officer from California, reported to the Senate on his arrival in the city the state of the organization in his native State, and the preparations being made by the circles, who are working with untiring energy for a common cause. His report was received and filed. Nevada, Montana, Nebraska, Idaho, Oregon, and Dakota, and in fact all the Pacific coast is quite enthusiastic and eager to receive the order from President Roberts to move forward on the enemy's works. As the case stands at present, it is believed that a movement when it does commence, will extend all over the United States. It is stated that a contract was made a few days since by President Roberts, for 28,000 fatigue caps of the blue cloth United States pattern, with narrow green bands. The order will be filled in ten days. An address is in process of preparation by President Roberts, in which he will give his views advisory or otherwise, on the present Fenian situation, and recommend certain measures to be adopted. The Senate adjourned until this morning at 10 o'clock, when an interesting and important debate may be expected. Committees from Fenian circles, who desired to co-operate with President Roberts, but failed as yet to take any action, or who do not belong to the regular organisation, will be received by the Senate during the session.

IN BROOKLYN.

A meeting of the friends of Ireland was held last evening at No. 369 Fulton-street, Brooklyn, under the auspices of the Cahir O'Doherty Circle. John Kerr, Esq., occupied the chair, and introduced to the audience Mr. A. E. Costello, who spoke in the usual eulogistic strain of Irish valor and patriotism. He was followed by Prof. H. A. Keating, who spoke in a similar strain. At the conclusion of his remarks the meeting adjourned.

TAMMANY HALL.

Sale of the Democratic Headquarters for $175,000—History of the Building—Reminiscences.

Tammany Hall was yesterday sold to Charles A. Dana, once of the *Tribune*, and later, Assistant Secretary of War, for $175,000. The intention of Mr. Dana and his friends is said to be to turn this former headquarters of the democracy into an office, from which he will in time, issue that new morning Radical paper which has so often been the subject of premature prophecy as to the time of its birth. From present appearances the Radical bantling will begin to walk about the 1st of May, as at that date Mr. Dana takes possession. Thus the old Wigwam, which has been identified so long with the trials and triumphs of the Democracy of New York, and through that organization with the Democracy of the whole Union, passes into new hands and for a new and diametrically opposite purpose to the one that led to its construction and has characterized its existence.

Its sale or enlargement was a necessity. In these days of half a hundred thousand majority for the Democracy on this Island, and with all places of principal public resort far removed towards what is now the residential centre of the town, the small structure on the corner of Nassau and Frankfort-streets gave neither "room nor ample verge enough" to answer the needs it was built to subserve.

As the Wigwam, so far as the Democracy is concerned, is soon to become a matter of memory and not of activity, it is well to trace the history of the building and the society from which it takes its name:

The Tammany Society, Columbian Order, was formed May 12th, 1789. Till 1798 the Order occupied a room in the City Hall, then at the foot of Nassau-street, where it grew from few to many, and then removed to the old building, Manting's Long Room, on the corner of Spruce and Nassau-streets.

This quaint old building became the headquarters of the Jeffersonian Democracy of that day; but the place became too narrow and straight for the energies of the party, and after thirteen years' occupation, Colonel Rutgers succeeded, in those days of silver and bullion, in raising $28,000 for the purchase of the present site, and the erection of the present building. The corner-stone was laid May 13th, 1811, and the hall was completed early in the subsequent year.

Ever since that period the Wigwam has been the centre and soul of the party in this city, and has always been recognized, both in the State and national Conventions, as the regular organization of the party. Identified with such a history, the honored names of Jackson, Marcy, Wright, Clinton, Livingston, Cass, Buchanan, the Van Burens, the Hoffmans, and equally distinguished, others come up to mind with the mention of the place.

It is an illustration of the tremendous rise in the prices of property in New York when we consider that this building, site and all, cost, in 1811, only $28,000, has now, after fifty-six years of "occupation and use," in the most spirited sense of the term, been disposed of for $147,000 more than the original price.—*N. Y. World.*

OFFICIAL ACCOUNT OF THE DEATH OF DR. LIVINGSTONE.

The following official account of the death of Dr. Livingstone has been received by the State Department:

Consulate of the United States of America, Island of Zanzibar, Dec. 9, 1866.

Sir: It becomes my painful duty to report the death of Dr. David Livingstone, the celebrated African explorer who, as I wrote under date of May 9, 1866 (despatch No. 4), left here on the 9th of March last for the exploration of the River Rovuma and that region between the great lakes of Central Africa, of which as yet but little is known.

The sad intelligence was received here on the 5th inst., by the arrival of several native members of the expedition, from whom but little of importance could be elicited save the fact of Dr. Livingstone's death.

I am indebted to Dr. Kirk, H. B. M., Vice-Consul and formerly a member of the Livingstone Zambesi expedition, for the following particulars of this sad event, and as his accompanying remarks may be more interesting, I cannot do better than to give them in his own words:

The return of several of the Johanna-men who accompanied Dr. Livingstone, has made it certain that that distinguished traveller has fallen, and with him, half of his native followers.

* * * His present expedition may be briefly stated to have been an attempt to unite the magnificent discoveries of late years, and determine the limits and connections of the three great lakes, which reach from 14 deg. south, to 2 deg. north latitude, and flowing to the sea by the Zambesi and Nile, at the two extremities, but with an intermediate space, as yet unknown. Such was the geographical problem. But Dr. L. had in view to affect the present enormous East African slave trade, though pioneering the way which might lead to lawful commerce.

To have consolidated in one the successive discoveries achieved by himself on the "Nyassa:" Burton, on the "Sanganyika;" Speke and Grant on the "Victoria;" and Baker, on the "Albert Nyanza;" would have been a fitting triumph for one, who was the first to cross the African continent within the tropical zone, but these hopes have been wrecked by his untimely death.

* * * * * *

We last heard of Dr. L. at "N'doude," at the confluence of the Novuma and Niende. Here he met with kindness, but found the land desolated by the slave traders supplying the market of Zanzibar. We have information that he proceeded further West to "Mataka," a Miao chief, who gave presents of cattle and food. At this point the Indian Sepoys remained behind, and have since returned to Zanzibar. From Mataka to Alake was eight days march. On crossing a wide water in Canvas, they followed the border of the lake for several days and then struck inland. They were suddenly attacked in a bush country about 9 a.m. by a band of Marite. Dr. L. killed the most forward of the attacking party; but was surrounded and cut down by one blow of a battle axe, which cut half through his neck. Beyond this we have no details, for those who returned were the first to flee. Almost all who stood near Dr. Livingstone were killed, although they seem to have done considerable with their rifles.

This happened about six weeks ago, or about October 25. You see how very meagre our information is. Even with a personal knowledge of the lakes or the surrounding country, at least a short distance from the scene of this sad affair, and a knowledge of that very tribe of Zatees who are also called Mavite, Agite, Maozites, &c., &c., it has been quite impossible for me, as yet, to elicit anything from the impenetrable simplicity of the few who have returned, as to where the tragedy took place. But it was to the west of the Nyasa, is certain; but whether in the district we had already explored, or further to the north, is still uncertain.

That Dr. L. was killed by the same Mavite as he and I were amongst, together, is certain. They would have attacked us then it they had dared, but we were too strong for them. With such enemies, it comes to be a question of numbers as well as equipment. The death of a few will not break their charge; and a small party taken unawares have no chance.

Only one of the survivors saw Dr. L. fall but they buried his body at 3 p.m., when the Mavite had gone. They took off all the baggage, and also the upper clothing of the dead body, so that not even a note remains by which to trace the route.

It is hardly probable that any further particulars will ever be obtained in regard to Dr. Livingstone's death, as the Mavite are a wandering people, and it will be quite impossible to ascertain the particular tribe by whom Dr. Livingstone's party were attacked.

I have the honor to be sir,
Very respectfully your obedient servant,
Edward D. Hopes, U. S. Consul.
Hon. W. H. Seward, Secretary of State.
—*N. Y. World, March 22nd.*

—The people of Kansas expect a plague of grasshoppers. The country is filled with the eggs deposited by last year's swarms, and two months will hatch them out, to probably devour every green thing.

—It appears from the utterances of such men as Messrs. Charles O'Connor, Judge Daly, Jas. Kelly, Jas. Sadleir, Charles M. Connoly, and other leading Irishmen in the United States, who were present at the recent dinner in New York to Mr. Francis Maguire, M. P. for Cork that they are in favor of fighting Ireland's battles in the British Parliament as the only course which would bring peace and prosperity to their native land.

Bryan's Wafers—The Great Public Remedy. Have now been in use over twenty years, hence it cannot be said that they are on trial. They have been thoroughly tried, and pronounced (on the authority of those whose lives and health they have preserved) to be a pure, harmless, and eminently salutary preparation, and if taken in season will invariably cure colds, coughs, sore throat and all Bronchial affections. One fair trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

A Graphic Description of China.—A country where the roses have no fragrance and the women no petticoats; where the laborer has no Sabbath, and the magistrate no sense of honor; where the roads bear no vehicles and the ships no keels; where old men fly kites; where the needle points to the south, and the sign of being puzzled is to scratch the antipodes on the heel, where the place of honor is on the left hand, and the seat of intellect is in the stomach; where to take off your hat is an insolent gesture and to wear white garments is to put yourself in mourning; which has a literature without an alphabet, and a language without a grammar.

Arrested for Smuggling.—We learn from the Detroit papers that the custom house detectives of that city, had ascertained that large quantities of nutmegs were being smuggled into the country over the Canadian line. Though aware of the fact they could not for a long time discover the real culprit. Suspicion was at length fixed upon William Mara, an express agent on the Grand Trunk Railway between Toronto and Detroit. He purchased the nutmegs in Canada, in large quantities, and by means of the facilities afforded him as express agent, smuggled them across to Port Huron and sent them to various points south, realizing fifty cents per lb. by the transaction. These profits enabled him to live in splendid style, far beyond the limit of his legitimate income. Already it has been ascertained that he has smuggled 2,600 lbs. of nutmegs, and fresh discoveries are being made daily. Mara has been arrested, and is now in limbo awaiting his trial.

Temperature of Cream for Churning.—The temperature is very important in churning, for it is hard work to bring butter if the cream is above 70 degrees, or below 58 degrees F. The best temperature to begin churning with is at about 62 degrees, for the friction of the agitation will raise it a little, and 65 is as high as it should ever be at the close. The richness of the milk and cream depends upon the feed and upon the cow; salting the cows regularly, or having it always before them makes the butter come well, other things being equal. Butter comes easiest when the cream is slightly sour. Then look to the temperature, and make it right by setting the vessel holding cream in an outer vessel of hot or cold water, or lower a tin pail of water into the cream, stirring the cream until it is of a uniform and right temperature from top to bottom. Then, not filling the churn too full, churn steadily giving thorough agitation until the butter comes.

ORGANIZATION O' THE KIRK.

The auld Scottish Kirk in the matter o' praise,
Is growin' ashamed o' its auld fashioned ways;
An' her new fangled members a plan hae devised,
For ilka bit Kirky to be *organised*.

They're at war wi' the earnest an' auld orthodoxy,
Ower lazy to sing—so they worship by proxy;
To auld nick wi' the mongrel music; I ween,
My heart's no in tune wi' the singing machine.

The strains that gaed up on the mountain an' muir
Frae our brave Scottish worthies an' Martyrs were pure;
But the breath o' the bellows has caused a sensation.
An' the *organ* may yet cause disorganisation.

When I think o' the "Kist fu o' whustles" I feel
That a blast frae the Bagpipes wud answer as weel
For the drone and the chaunter tae Scotland are dear,
An' a spring on the bagpipes our spirits wud cheer,

While they gather the Bawbees we'll have a strathspey;
Will the minister chide us? Heck! that's no his way;
It's a slight innovation, but then gin we chuse it,
An' "pay for our whustle," I think we may use it.

On the harpin' o' David their claims they advance,
But the Royal Saunt didna' hae scruples to dance:
Sae our lads an' our lasses may do it as weel,
An' think it no sinfu' to hae a bit reel.

A. B.

—Teetotalism forbids a man touching anything that can intoxicate except a pretty girl's lips, which you may taste after signing the pledge, providing you do so discreetly and with moderation; but these Canadian Pain Destroyer" is highly recommended, and is a sure cure for colds, rheumatism, pains in side and back, tooth-ache, summer complaints, &c. Sold by all Medicine Dealers, at 25cts. per bottle.

A Really Good Article.—We would call the attention of all interested to an article of undoubted merit, and which we would advise all in want of to give a trial. We refer to Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine for horses now being extensively used by many of the largest horse dealers in the country; these men have discovered that it improves the condition of the horse by purifying the blood and removing from the lungs and liver all that prevents their healthy action; its effect is soon apparent in improved appearance of the animal, which is one great reason why horse dealers use it, as they are thus enabled to get better prices and at the same time give their customers sound and healthy horses. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.* is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C.W. proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all Medicine dealers.

COMMERCIAL

Grand Trunk Railway of Canada.—Return of traffic for week ending March 9th, 1867:

Passengers	34,640
Express Freight, Mails and Sundries	5,250
Freight and Live Stock	79,778
Total	$119,668
Corresponding week of 1866	123,940
Decrease	4,272

JOSEPH HICKSON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!

—AND—

HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing and renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor

W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-d

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself

Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 24. 237-y

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. Symptoms of Worms.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual waisting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞Each box contains the fac-simile signature of Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 250y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

N. McKINNON,

COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 25. 391y

LOST.—On Tuesday last, the 19th instant, an ENGLISH RIDING WHIP, silver mounted, between the Railroad Depot, on Sussex-street, or York-street. Any person leaving the same at Mr. P. Buckley's Livery Stable, Metcalfe-street, will be suitably rewarded.

Ottawa, March 25. 391-3

CITY OF GLASGOW

Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.

ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.

THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.

RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.

NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

AMERICAN INVOICES—DISCOUNTS.

Finance Department,
Customs, Quebec, 6th March, 1867.

IT IS DIRECTED BY THE HON. THE FINANCE MINISTER, that hereafter Weekly Notices be published and furnished to Collectors of Customs, as to the rate of discount to be allowed on American Invoices, which is to be in accordance with the price of gold as represented by Exchange, at a rate equal thereto. Such notices to appear every Saturday in the Canada Gazette.

R. S. M. BOUCHETTE.

Finance Department, Customs,
Ottawa, March 22, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ABOVE Order, notice is hereby given that the authorised discount is declared to be this day 25 per cent, which percentage of deduction is to be continued until next Weekly Notice, and to apply to all purchases made in the United States during that week.

THOMAS WORTHINGTON,
Assistant Commissioner of Customs.

HOUSES TO LET.—TWO two story frame Houses, situate on the North side of Queen-street near the Crown Timber Office, with Sheds attached, and good spring water; also Garden to each house. Possession from 1st May next. Apply to the proprietor, James Mathews, Corner of Bank and Biddy-streets.

Ottawa, March 25. 391-2awlM

PIANO-FORTE INSTRUCTION.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony, in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Monochromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 384-3m

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the City cleaned of all filth and nuisances; And whereas the introduction and spread of Cholera, Typhus and other contagious diseases is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city: And whereas

The Board of Health

Under and by virtue of the Powers conferred upon them by various Acts of Parliament, establishing "Boards of Health," and in accordance with various By-laws of the City of Ottawa, have deemed it advisable that immediate steps should be taken for cleansing the City.

Now Know Ye that I,

ROBERT LYON, Mayor of the City of Ottawa, do hereby order and direct, that all Yards, Cellars, Stables, Outhouses and other Buildings and Enclosures, Lanes or Alleys, shall be thoroughly cleansed of all Filth, Dirt, Nightsoil, or other impurities by the owners or persons occupying the same,

Before the 20th day of April,

1867: And I hereby give notice that the Chief of Police and the Constabulary of this City are enjoined to proceed, at once, to have all Privy Pits, Cesspools, &c., thoroughly cleansed, and to see this order carried into effect, and all and every person or persons disobeying or neglecting to observe the same, on or before the Twentieth day of April, 1867, will be punished according to law.

GIVEN under my hand at the City of Ottawa this 22nd day of March, A. D. 1867.

ROBERT LYON,
Mayor.

Ottawa, March 25. 391tf

Card of Thanks.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS TO TENDER his sincere thanks to MESSRS. HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., Agents of the British America Assurance Company, for their prompt settlement of claims against the Company, for loss sustained by me on property in Fitzroy Harbor.

JOHN LEEVENS.

Ottawa, March 23. 390-3

VICTORIA SKATING CLUB.

SKATING

TOURNAMENT!

ON

THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1867.

COMMITTEE:

S. H. THOMPSON, ESQ.
CAPT. HALLOWES, 25th K. O. B.
ROBERT C. COWAN, ESQ.
DR. BREWSTER.

JUDGES:

CAPT. BLOOMFIELD.
T. F. G. HOWELL, ESQ.
W. E. MACKENZIE, ESQ.

FIRST PRIZE—CUP, Value $50. Open to the World. Competitors, not members of the Club, to be formally introduced by a member. Professional Skaters excluded.

SECOND PRIZE—Value $30. Open to the members of the Club only, the winner of the First Prize being excluded.

THIRD PRIZE—Value $20. Open to Young Ladies, members of the Club, under fourteen years of age.

Competitors will please send their names to the Secretary (39 Little St. James-street) on or before the 26th inst.

W. F. GAIRDNER,
Secy.-Treasurer.

Montreal, March 21. 390td

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

Messrs. Young & Radford would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK,
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others.

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions, and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 383f

BY AUTHORITY.

THE ANNUAL VOLUNTEER

AND

SERVICE MILITIA LIST OF CANADA, FOR 1867.

Price 25cts.

For sale by the Publisher,
GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Cor. of Sparks and O'Connor-streets.

Ottawa, March 22. 389a

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL CONGREGATIONS, or others owning Churches, and individuals, corporations and companies owning Halls, Theatres, or other Buildings used for the purpose of holding public meetings, or places of public resort or amusement, all the doors shall be so hinged that they may open freely outwards, on or before the 15th day of August, 1867, and any parties neglecting or refusing, to do so will be prosecuted according to law.

THOS. LANGRELL,
Chief of Police.

Ottawa, March 22. 390tf

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants, where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, March 18. 385b

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

LIFE ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS *are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's* PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME, *with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.*

The Policy-holder thus obtains
A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,
OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE
OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY,
without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.

CANADA.—*MONTREAL.*—PLACE D'ARMES.
Directors.
David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E. Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen., C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Com. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (J. Redpath & Son.)
Solicitors,—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer,—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary,—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies,—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.
Honorary Directors.
Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.
Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.
Aylmer, ... Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior, ... Vacant
Almonte, ... Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham, ... Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville, ... Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke, ... Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale
OF
Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—

BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT.
THE CONTENTS OF
150 PACKAGES
New Spring Dry Goods,
Just received, consisting of
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.
—AND—
The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.
Sale each day at TEN o'clock.
BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 15. 382d

A CARD.

A. ROWE,

Principal Auctioneer of the City of Ottawa.

SALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION solicited. Valuation of Household Furniture and effects carefully attended to.

Principal Office and Sales-Room No. 42 North Side of Rideau Street.

Mr. Rowe in referring to the above Card begs respectfully to say that he has completed arrangements for conducting sales this spring in a manner that must give general satisfaction.

Though favoured last year, and for some years past, with the management of most of the important Sales which have taken place in the city, and he is happy to say universal satisfaction has been given in every respect.

Some of the reasons for Mr. Rowe's great success in conducting sales are, his extensive acquaintance with the purchasers, both in the city and country, and also his experience has given him a thorough knowledge of the value of every article he offers for sale.

And the most essential part which he was the first to introduce is to close and cash a sale the second day after it takes place.

Any number of references can be given if required.

Consignments of every description solicited.

Cash advances made on consignments for positive sale if required.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 386y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at
ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
47, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post* where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

New Spring Goods,

New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,

ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets.
Fancy Dress Goods.
Black Mantle Cloths.
New Designs in Prints.
Shirtings and Tickings.
Canadian Tweeds.
Halifax Cloths.
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 381y

OVER 50 PACKAGES
NEW
SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milletas, Striped Tweeds,
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 15. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Lahitsky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberistock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CORNS & BUNIONS
EXTRACTED
WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for ocular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McIlraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J. Barr, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

☞ Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

C. BANSLEY & CO.
No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!
AND
Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.
C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street.

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

MASSE & TÉTREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

Ætna Life Insurance Company,

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits $43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year 25.31
And each subsequent year 26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine
Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c.
W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

☞ Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital. - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:
London, ... Liverpool, ... Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa,

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance
COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Stocks	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 50	$ 20,766 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 01
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,465 43	1,128,394 30

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 130.

R. S. Cassels, Esq. ..... Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,
Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,
(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)
SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA,
Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.
☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:
Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.
Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.
Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety:
Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:
English, American and Canadian.
Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.
Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:
Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum.
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:
DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.
Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.
Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:
Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

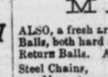
ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, candles,
Barley, Soap,
Sago, Tapioca,
Corn Starch, &c., &c. Ground Rice,
PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.
Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.
Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

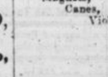
FOR SALE OR TO LET.



LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

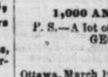
Apply to
WILLIAM CLEGG,
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d



TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

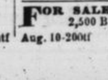
March 14. 382a



FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For farther information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE,

IN Duke-street, Chandiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of

MASKS,

ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also

Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Cards.

1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.

P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.

Ottawa, March 19. 386tf

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

Aug. 10-260tf E. McGILLIVRAY.

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases	Otard Brandy.	
50 "	Martell's	
150 "	Hennessey.	
75 "	United Vinegars	

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOODS LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOWS CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAWS SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAWS CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily.

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.
Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING,
AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET.
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

☞ All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.
OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by
W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

LIGHT HOUSE SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office until noon of FRIDAY, the TENTH OF MAY next, for the supply of 6400 Gallons of the best quality of winter-pressed SPERM OIL for the Provincial Lighthouses above Lachine, one third of which must be from head matter which will stand limpid at 30° Fahrenheit, and the other two-thirds at 40° subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and if required, to be measured out.

The whole to be furnished in iron-bound casks, containing fifty gallons each, in the best order, and to be delivered at the Contractor's risk, on such wharf, near the Lachine Canal Basin at Montreal, and on such day on or about the first day of July next as may be specified in the contract.

Tenders will also be received on the same day for the supply of 7500 Gallons of the best quality of non-explosive COAL OIL, to be furnished in iron-bound casks containing from 20 to 40 gallons each, subject to inspection and test before acceptance, and to be delivered at the contractor's risk at the time above stated at Montreal.

The casks, in each case, to be furnished by the contractor, and their cost included in the price of the oil.

—ALSO A—

STEAM VESSEL WANTED.

SEALED TENDERS will be received on the same day, for a Steam Vessel for the delivery of the annual Lighthouse supplies, consisting of about 180 casks of oil, and 40 tons of other articles, at the respective Lighthouse stations, situate on the River St Lawrence and inland Lakes; namely, on Lakes St. Louis, St. Francis, River St. Lawrence between Brockville and Kingston, Lakes Ontario, Erie, St. Clair and Huron, and on the Georgian Bay.

The crew of the vessel must assist in the delivery of the Stores.

Accommodations will also be required on board for the persons from this Department in charge of the stores, and the vessel will also be required to receive and transport from one station to another any such Stores as the Superintendent in charge may direct.

The vessel will be allowed to carry other freight, provided it does not interfere with the proper delivery of the Stores.

A bulk sum to be named for the performance of this service. Any further information can be obtained on application at this office.

Separate Tenders to be given for each service, and to be addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed respectively "Tender for Sperm oil" "Tender for Coal Oil," and "Tender for delivery of Light House supplies."

Parties tendering must give their names and address in full, also the signatures of two responsible persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order,
F. BRAUN,
SECRETARY.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 8th March, 1867. 376-w10-121

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & Co.

THOS BEAMENT,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO.,
25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.: Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 29dt

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application. For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
Barrister, Ottawa.

March 380d

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or thick secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural functions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the diseased vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HEATH, Successor to Hunt & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO.,
62 Sparks Street,

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

THOS. RUSSELL & SON

To H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON,
London and Liverpool.

May 31, 1866. 139y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON,
ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 387dw9 tf.

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Green-house Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late residence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac,

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., a Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two housand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL.
Alexandria Park,
Portagedu Fort.

Jan 29, 1867 wdm

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla: the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, 12th March, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT NOTICE to Navigators has been issued by the Government of Mauritius, in reference to a floating light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage to be substituted, to the harbour lights at the entrance of Port Louis, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.

By Command,
THOS. WORTHINGTON,
Asst. Com. of Customs and Excise.

Governor Sir H. Barkly to Lord Carnarvon.

Mauritius, 18th December, 1866.

Gov. Desp. No. 292, of 31 Oct., 1864. S.S. Desp. No. 361, of 27 April, 1865.

My Lord,

With reference to the previous Correspondence, noted in the margin, on the subject of the substitution of a Floating Light at the entrance of the Harbour of Port Louis for the present Shore Lights, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board of Trade, the accompanying Copies of a Notice, announcing that the change in question will take effect from the 24th May next, and giving the necessary sailing directions for the guidance of vessels approaching the Port. (Enclosure 1. Notice.)

Copies of this Notice have been forwarded to the different countries enumerated in the enclosed list, bearing the signature of the Colonial Secretary, and I beg that information may be given to the other Governments mentioned in the accompanying Copy of a Letter from the Harbour Master, dated the 14th instant, as well as to any Departments of Her Majesty's Government whom the matter may concern. (Enclosure 2. Enclosure 3.)

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) HENRY BARKLY.

The Honorable
the Earl of Carnarvon,
&c., &c., &c.

NOTICE.

On the 24th of May, 1867, the Harbour Lights at the entrance of Port Louis, Mauritius, will be done away with, and a Floating Light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage will be substituted.

The Floating Light Vessel will be moored a little to the N W ard of the present well known Bell Buoy, with the following bearings:

Extreme of land to the northward: N E B N,
Extreme of land to the westward: W S W.
Flagstaff on Fort George: S b ¼ S.
Depth of Water: 15 fathoms.

The Light Vessel will be painted white, which will enable her to be distinctly seen against the dark land during the day.

She will show a "*flashing white Light*" from sunset to sunrise, which will be visible a distance of nine miles in every direction from seaward, from the poop of a large vessel.

The fact of this being a flashing Light, at short intervals, will sufficiently distinguish it from the revolving Light at Flat Island, even were a mistake possible.

Vessels from the northward, after rounding Cannonier Point, must be careful not to bring Cannonier Point Light to the Westward of Flat Island Light, till the Floating Light at the Bell Buoy is seen; they may then steer for the latter, on a S S ½ W bearing, and anchor on that bearing, from ½ a mile to a mile from the Light.

Vessels approaching the Port from the Westward, may steer from the Floating Light on an E N ½ N bearing, and either anchor ½ a mile from her on that bearing, or further northward as convenient.

The mooring chain of the Floating Light runs about 30 fathoms in a N N W direction, vessels must therefore be anchored in such a manner as to avoid hooking it.

The depths at the anchorage vary from 12 to 20 fathoms.

All the bearings are Compass bearings.

D. WALES,
Harbour Master.

Port Office, 14th December, 1866.

Circulars respecting Floating Light have been sent to

1 The Colonial Secretary, St. Helena.
2 The Colonial Secretary, Cape of Good Hope
3 The Colonial Secretary, Natal.
4 The Colonial Secretary, Tasmania.
5 The Colonial Secretary, New Zealand.
6 Chief Secretary, South Australia.
7 Colonial Secretary, Western Australia.
8 Colonial Secretary, Queensland.
9 Chief Secretary, Victoria.
10 Secretary to the Government, New South Wales.
11 Colonial Secretary, Ceylon.
12 Secretary to the Government, Bengal.
13 Secretary to the Government, Bombay.
14 Secretary to the Government, Madras.
15 Colonial Secretary, Hong Kong.
16 Civil Commissioner, Seychelles.
17 Secretary to the Government, Straits Settlement.
18 Secretary to the Government, Batavia.
19 Chief Commissioner, British Birmah.
20 Secretary to the Government, Manilla (Philipine Islands).
21 Political Resident, Aden.
22 Monsieur L'Ordonnateur, Reunion.
23 Police Magistrate, Rodrigues.

(Signed) FELIX BEDINGFELD,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Mauritius, 17th December, 1866.

Harbour Master to Colonial Secretary.

Port Office, Mauritius, 14th December 1866.

SIR,

As it will be necessary to send intelligence to all parts of the world before substituting a Floating Light at the entrance of this Port for the present Harbour Lights, I have the honor to request that His Excellency the Governor will authorize the printing of the annexed sailing directions, and the forwarding of them by the mail of the 18th instant, to all parts of the world.

The rule is to allow such intelligence time to reach every important Port in the world, and give vessels that have left before its arrival time to reach the spot where the new Light is to be placed.

I have proposed therefore, to light up on the 24th of next May, the anniversary of Her Majesty's birth-day, subject to his Excellency's approval, thus allowing five months and one week for the transmission of intelligence, which ought to be sufficient, if no time is lost in sending it from England to North and South America.

I recommend that copies of the notice should be sent to the Governments of the following countries:—Russia, Holland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Belgium, France, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Austria, Prussia Turkey, British North America, United States, Mexico, Brazil, Callao; also to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Admiralty, and the Trinity House, for transmission to English, Scotch, and Irish Ports; to the Australian Ports, Cape of Good Hope, the Indian Governments, the Straits Ports and Batavia, Manilla and China, together with any others that may be suggested and that 100 copies may be sent to this office for distribution among the shipping.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) D. WALES,
Harbour Master.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary,
&c., &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. 1, 1867.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following amended notice of the erection of a Lighthouse on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, in correction of the notification given in Government Notice No. 144, 1866.

By His Excellency's Command.

D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office,
Natal, 4th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Lighthouse has been erected on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.

The Lighthouse is in latitude 29° 3′ 35″ E.

The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.

It is visible in all directions from north (round by the east and south), to S 59° W; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S. 53° W; from the Lighthouse: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the southward and westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N 59° E,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River (about 9½ miles below the Lighthouse), when they must keep it more to the northward, as the land tends more to the eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about W N W; they can haul in to the northward for the anchorage, anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Lighthouse bearing S W to S W ½ S, distant 1 mile.

W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
Admiralty Surveyor.

N. B.—The above bearings are magnetic. 390tf

At a Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29–30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us, for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March 1866 91-tf

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 216, Ottawa 384a

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-•

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama,	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side }	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign except Cuba and St Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province, posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States no credit is given for any partial pre payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN,
Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH,
Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning of the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,
Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 220y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "Pulmonic Wafers," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted to Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor,
New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 356dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agents for C. W

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350 dw

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

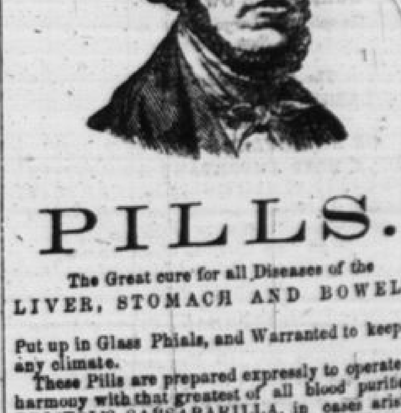
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

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THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only,	$6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line,	8c
All subsequent insertions, per line,	2c

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ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 64, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 366y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell Houses.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 42-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Ahmoutt's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒOPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M.D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 4tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 19, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. C. & T. W. KEIR,
ACCOUNTANTS, No. 3, Victoria Crescent, Upper Town, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 21, 1866. 79-y

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. y-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Flocks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire: and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319tf

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866. 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at SIX PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office: Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand). OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. COUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN.
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. 3v6-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS.

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
Ottawa, November 26. SUPERINTENDENT. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 5.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 2.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
May 26. Managing Director. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304td

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
309-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Ottawa, December 20 Bonsecours Street. 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., TWEEDS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, Do. WOOLLEN BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES.

ALEX. DUFF, OTTAWA, September 12. O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Coading Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea Trays, Coffee Urns, Spoons, Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Coree & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 362d-w8-3m

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew.
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
261 Sparks Street.
J. ROOS.
Ottawa, February 26. 268y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
5tf DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 56" S., and Longitude 31° 5' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely, until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59° E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9¼ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,) EDMUND HARRISON.
317tf

JUST ARRIVED!
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
62 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47utf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread ..... 9d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send your orders to the York Street Fancy Bakery.
Two Journeymen Bakers

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Surgeon Dentist—Dr. Charles A. Mondelet.

Notice—Joseph T. McCuaig.

THE POST-OFFICE—OTTAWA.

DELIVERING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

MAILS.	DELIV'RD.	CLOSED.
Eastern, Montreal, Quebec, &c	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	1.00 p. m.
Western, Toronto, Hamilton,	11.40 a. m.	7.20 a. m. and 1.00 p. m.
UNITED STATES.	11.40 a. m. and 6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Aylmer, and offices above, on North side of the Ottawa.	8.00 a. m. and 11.30 a. m.	11 30 a. m. and 5.50 p. m.
Arnprior, Sand Point, Renfrew, Pembroke; & Offices on S. side of the Ottawa.	6.00 p. m.	6.30 a. m.
Bell's Corners, Richmond, Perth, &c.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Buckingham, L'Orignal, Grenville and Lower Ottawa, by Stage.	8.00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Kemptville, Osgoode, & Line of Ottawa and Prescott Railway.	6.00 p. m.	7.20 a. m.
Chelsea, Wakefield, and Upper Gatineau.	5.30 p. m.	8.00 p. m.
Templeton and East Templeton	12.30 a. m.	12 30 p. m.

BRITISH MAILS.

British Mails close per Canadian steamer from Portland, every Thursday at 9 p. m.; per Cunard steamer every Saturday at 12.50 p. m. A supplementary mail per Canadian steamer will be closed at 12 noon every Friday.

Money orders on Money Order Offices in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, and Prince Edward Island can be obtained at this office. Also Postage and Bill Stamps.

Letters for New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. Island, *via* Portland, should be mailed before 1 p.m. on Wednesday and Saturday; and Newfoundland *via* Boston, before the close of each Cunard steamer's mail from that port.

☞ Office hours—8 a.m. to 7 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MARCH 26, 1867.

Hon. Messrs. GALT and LANGEVIN arrived out by the *Australasian*, which reached New York on Saturday. Mr. BECHER, of London, C. W., was also a passenger by the *Australasian*.

Preparations for the approaching elections are actively going on in the County of Prescott. The sitting Member, T. S. HIGGINSON, Esq., is in the field as a candidate for the representation of the County in the Canadian Commons, and will in all probability hold the seat against any opponent. Mr. RODDEN of Montreal, the owner of the Plantagenet Springs, and Mr. P. MCLAREN, are also spoken of as candidates for the House of Commons. A correspondent informs us that a requisition is in circulation calling upon ALBERT HAGAR, Esq., of Plantagenet Mills, to offer himself as a candidate, and that should he accept it "his return would be almost a certainty." Another informant says, Mr. HAGAR will offer for the House of Assembly of Ontario. We have already mentioned Mr. BOYD as being in the field for the Local Legislature, and we have now to add to the list of candidates for the same honor Messrs. JAMES CROSS of Caledonia, and WM. ALLISON of East Hawkesbury; the last named gentleman being an influential man and an ex-Warden of the United Counties.

We publish this morning the requisition calling upon the Mayor to institute an investigation concerning the insult offered to the feelings of the community by the carrying of an emblem of disloyalty in the procession on the 18th instant, and his Worship's reply thereto.

The "Sunburst" flag, which we have already described, was brought into the city in the forenoon, by a large party from the Township of Gloucester, who took part in the procession, marching behind their flag through the streets, and leaving the city at an early hour in the afternoon. The flag about which the dispute arose, as already stated by us, was the "Emmet" flag, to the carrying of which his Lordship the Roman Catholic Bishop very strongly objected, and there is no man in his right senses but must regret that the parties concerned did not respect the Bishop's request. With regard, however, to the "Sunburst," no objection against it was communicated to the processionists—or, if so, we have not heard of it, either on the part of the ecclesiastical or civil authorities; and it is hard to say, therefore, whether the Gloucester party really meant the offence which was taken by the loyal feeling of the city, while displaying a flag so very much like that which the Fenians carried in June last. Upon this point, as the civil authorities took no exception to it while it was on our streets, and before their eyes, we have no information and of course no opinion to express; but the conduct of those who persisted in defiance of the Bishop's remonstrance in carrying the "Emmet" flag, and to the disgust of many who otherwise would have joined the procession, would be deserving of the severest animadversion, were they of sufficient importance to attract any serious notice at all.

We may safely commit the prayer of the petition and his Worship's reply to the judgment of our readers. Though we believe that the time for objecting to the flag, and the time for taking civic action regarding it, was when it was upon our streets, there appears no other course left now but to allow the matter, as the Mayor promises, to "receive due consideration at the hands of the "proper authorities"!

The tone of the Nova Scotia press opposed to Confederation indicates that a fierce contest will be waged at the next general election, against those representatives of the people who have sustained the Government in carrying out the Confederation Scheme. Seeing that its accomplishment cannot be delayed, they are asking the electors to prepare for a contest to dissolve the connection. The signs are in fact indicative of an early agitation for the "repeal of the Union."

Unfortunately for the Nova Scotians, their public men representing different political parties have not been so unanimous upon this question as have those of Canada, or even New Brunswick. The influence of political leaders smarting under a sense of disappointment, may be made to tell on the approaching elections, and it would not perhaps be surprising to find that a considerable number of opponents to Confederation, or "repealers" as we suppose we must call them, will be returned from Nova Scotia to the Canadian Commons. But the total representation of nineteen allotted to that Province, even though comprising a majority of "repealers," cannot seriously interfere with the progress of business in a House of one hundred and eighty-one members, while the number of opponents to Confederation which will be returned from the Provinces of Quebec and Ontario will undoubtedly be less than that which voted against the Quebec resolutions in the Canadian Parliament.

The anti-Confederate party in the new Parliament will, therefore, be insignificant in numbers and utterly powerless to check the progress of events. While they adhere to the idea of "repeal," if they should adhere to it, they will be useless as an element of political strength in any combination which may in time be formed to oppose the Ministry—being against the Constitution they cannot render assistance to any party in carrying out the Constitution, and to suppose them capable of producing a "deadlock," or even a temporary obstruction to the progress of business, would be to suppose an evenness of balance between the numerical strength of the "ins" and the "outs" which is exceedingly unlikely to occur while the influences last under which the first Parliament will be elected. The Nova Scotian malcontents are therefore threatening to pursue a policy which will render them utterly powerless for good either to themselves or the country at large; they are committing themselves to a retrogressive policy not only impossible of achievement, but calculated in the highest degree to bring suspicion on the genuineness of their loyalty to the Crown under which they live. A repeal of the Union, or the withdrawal of any of the Colonies would surely be followed by more radical changes in their political relations, changes which could have but one termination—that contemplated by Mr. HOWE "in the general break up," when he predicts that the Pacific States and the Pacific Colonies will join and form one community, while "Maine and Massachusetts, Nova Scotia and "New Brunswick" would then be expected to form a like alliance. It is a senseless thing, therefore, on the part of a portion of the Nova Scotian press to distract the minds of their readers with inflammatory articles, and urge them on to abet an agitation for a measure at once undesirable in itself and beyond their power to accomplish. Far wiser would it be for them to invite the people to give the new Constitution a fair trial; to test its practical working before they pronounce against it, since their opposition can no longer prevent or even delay its adoption. Though they profess that a majority of the people of Nova Scotia are opposed to a political union with Canada, they cannot deny that a very large majority of their own Legislature voted in favor of union, and that the Imperial Government was bound by every consideration to accept that vote, as the deliberate will of the people constitutionally expressed. If the Legislature betrayed the people, which we do not for a moment believe, and if the approaching elections should result in the return of a majority opposed to Confederation, which we do not think at all likely, still the immediate commencement of an agitation for repeal would be a mere waste of political strength. Those of the Nova Scotians who have opposed Confederation are bound by every consideration of respect for Constitutional Government to submit loyally to the new Constitution, until they have so far tested its effect upon their special interests as will enable them to lay before the Imperial Government a statement of substantial grievance or injustice inflicted upon them before they commence their agitation for its repeal. If they will only do this; if they will only send men to Ottawa willing to give the new Government a fair trial, and to test by experience the principles upon which the Confederacy is constituted, they will then demonstrate the sincerity of their patriotic professions, and gain a title to consideration for any well founded grievance of which they may have to complain. In the present temper of the "antis" argument would be thrown away upon them, but we hope they will soon reach a calmer state of mind, though the leaders will, no doubt, "nurse their wrath to keep it warm" until after the elections.

The *Free Press* announces that Mr. A. P. MACDONALD will be a candidate for one of the Ridings of Middlesex.

Mr. GLASS of London has been presented with a numerously signed requisition asking him to become a candidate for the representation of West Middlesex in the Canadian Commons.

Conventions for the nomination of candidates, and other preparations for the approaching elections have become general throughout the Western Constituencies. Local or resident Candidates appear to have the preference.

A QUESTION OF AUTHORSHIP.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

DEAR SIR,—I find in this morning's issue of your paper, that the Montreal *Gazette* complains of certain dishonest practices pursued by a MR. DERBY, a United States citizen, with reference to their Year Book. And I find at the same time in your columns, a poetical trifle copied (I presume) from that much injured journal, originally published over the signature of "Cousin Sandie's Wee Brither," now published over the signature of "A. B.," they at the same time knowing it to be an uncompromising theft, (that's the word). The circumstances are these: I wrote the squib for the Montreal *Herald*,—the paper to which I am in the habit of contributing. The proprietors from prudential motives declined to accept it. It was afterwards (not by me) offered to the *Gazette's* twin brother, the *Telegraph*, but was likewise declined, and then published in fly sheets for general circulation. Judge my surprise when, on last Tuesday I saw the identical trifle published in the *Gazette* and *Telegraph* over the signature of "A. B." In your publication I entirely absolve you from any participation in the barefaced theft, but to those of your readers who feel some interest in fair play (and I presume that is a great majority) I would appeal to withhold their sympathy from a journal which while it exhibits its bleeding wounds, has not yet learned to assume a virtue if it has it not, or while it lives in glass houses has not yet learned to abstain from throwing stones.

Yours respectfully,
JOHN FRASER, (*Cousin Sandie*.)
Albion Hotel, Ottawa, March 25, 1867.

A BUNCH OF KEYS.—The key of the palace, lack-key; the key of the stable, jock-key; the key of the convent, mon-key; the key of the kitchen, tur-key; the key of the cellar, whiskey; the key for curing colds, frost-bites, sprains, bruises, burns, is the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at 25cts. per bottle. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.

Arrival of the "City of Washington."

NEW YORK, March 25.—The steamer *City of Washington* from Liverpool 13th *via* Queenstown, has arrived.

Congressional Bombast.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—In the Senate today Mr. Chandler moved that the Senate take up the bill to allow American citizens to sell vessels of war to friendly belligerents, and spoke at some length in favor of the bill, saying in the course of his remarks, that he was willing to let the *Alabama* claims rest for the present; he would be content to take the land on the Northern frontier for them. Great Britain, he said, had ceased to command the respect of the civilised world. The bill now presented was purely commercial in its character, and there ought to be no objection to it. Pass this bill, said he, and Great Britain will be begging in six months for permission to pay the *Alabama* claims.

Arrival of the S. S. "Nestorian."

PORTLAND, ME., March 25.—The steamship *Nestorian*, Capt. Dutton, which left Liverpool on the afternoon of the 14th and Londonderry on the 15th, arrived here to-day. She brings 183 passengers.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* says: We regret to say we have reason to believe that some recent overtures of Sir Frederick Bruce in behalf of his government in the matter of arbitration on the *Alabama* claims, have not been received in a conciliatory spirit by Mr. Seward. We do not understand that the offer of the British representative has been directly refused, but that at two interviews the subject has been evaded.

The Hudson River.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The Hudson River is open to Albany and Troy.

From Mexico.

GALVESTON, March 25.—Reports of a Liberal defeat near Queretaro reached here on the 22nd, and were extensively circulated by the local press of this city and Brownsville, but there is no truth in them. No news of a general engagement has been received in San Luis up to the 28th ult. Maximilian had moved out of Queretaro on the 24th, but had returned. The Liberals had advanced their lines within seven miles of Queretaro. Heavy guns had been sent to the front from San Luis; Juarez was still there. Rumors of an attempted arrangement by Maximilian with the Liberals are very rife. Quiriogo is said to have been defeated and taken prisoner. Juarez will soon issue a decree declaring that the relations of commerce and friendship between France and Mexico have ceased, and ordering the French residents to quit the country or to become naturalized. Cortina professes to acknowledge allegiance to the Liberal Government and has been ordered to the interior.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, March 25, 1867.

Navigation will be later than usual this season, owing to the large quantities of ice in the canals. Transactions as yet have been very few; shippers and vessel owners cannot come to terms till navigation opens.

A large contract has been made to carry lumber from Rondeau Lake to Ogdensburgh, at the rate of five dollars in gold per thousand feet.

On Saturday night a party of rowdies attacked a man named Smith, knocking him down and beating his head and face, and robbing him of his watch and ten or twelve dollars in cash. Four of the scoundrels have been caught.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 25, 1867.

The Court of Queen's Bench will open tomorrow. The trial which is expected to excite most interest is that of Lt.-Col. Brown, who ran away from here last summer with another man's wife, and a large amount of money belonging to the Militia Department.

Mr. Cartier will present himself for re-election in Montreal East, for the Confederate Parliament. It is said he will be opposed by the notorious Mederic Lanctot of *L'Union Nationale*. Mr. McGee is likely to be opposed for Montreal West by Mr. B. Devlin. Mr. Holton will try again for Montreal Centre. He will probably be opposed by David Torrance or Walter McFarlane. Mr. Rose is not mentioned as a probable candidate.

Two old silver goblets have recently been brought to light in the Seigniory of St. Ours. They bear the crest of the famous Marquis de Montcalm. The Seigneur Madame St. Ours has purchased them from the finder.

YESTERDAY'S CABLE NEWS

Official Correspondence on the Lamirande Case.

LONDON, March 24.—The Government has published the correspondence between the English and the French Cabinets in regard to the illegal extradition from Canada of the French forger, Lamirande, and the subsequent demand made by England for his surrender.

The Fenian Trials in Ireland.

DUBLIN, March 24.—The trial of Fenian prisoners will commence on April 9th, in this city.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, March 24.—The Cunard steamship *Asia*, from Boston, 13th, touched here this morning, and sailed for Liverpool. The extra Cunard steamship *Aleppo*, from New York, March 13th, also arrived to-day, and sailed for Liverpool.

SOUTHAMPTON, March 24.—The steamship *Western Metropolis* from New York 7th arrived to-day, and proceeded on her voyage to Bremen.

Arrival of the S. S. "New York."

NEW YORK, March 25. The steamer *New York* from Southampton 13th, has arrived.

The *Imperial Review* says the English Reform Bill will contain no clause in favor of household suffrage nor plurality of votes.

A special commission was to commence immediately to try the arrested Fenians. A few more arrests had been made and the disturbance was quieting rapidly.

—Marriage, said an unfortunate husband, is the graveyard of love. Yes, replied his wife, and you men are the grave diggers.

—Jones thinks that instead of giving credit to whom credit is due, the cash had better be paid. There is as much truth in this as wit.

—Punch says women first resorted to tight lacing to prove to men how well they could bear squeezing.

—In a list of premiums awarded at a country fair, a reporter gave under the head of "Domestic Articles—Best Bed Comforter, Miss Mary Hall."

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers"? Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

DIDN'T KNOW HIM.—We have heard of a man who owned a horse which has been for a long time afflicted with a chronic cough, and was otherwise in a poor condition; he at length resolved to sell him, and did so for a very trifling sum. Some five or six weeks afterwards, he met the person to whom he had sold him driving a beautiful horse, full of life, and concluded he had either exchanged him for this or purchased another; but judge of his surprise on learning that the horse was the same he had previously owned and considered of so little value. On enquiry as to what had effected so great a change, he was told that "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," had done it. This preparation has effected some remarkable cures. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

THE "SUNBURST" FLAG.

Requisition to Robert Lyon, Esq., Mayor of the City of Ottawa:

SIR,—A Fenian "Sunburst" Flag, reported to have been sent to this City by the Fenians of Ogdensburgh, having been carried in procession, (with other disloyal emblems,) through our streets on Monday last: We, Loyal Inhabitants of the Capital of Canada, request that you will take steps to discover in whose possession that flag now is; and to ascertain if we have in our midst, men, whose aim is to encourage and assist the Fenian Brotherhood—whose hands are already imbrued in the blood of our countrymen—in the invasion of this Province and the subversion of Her Majesty's Government.

Ottawa, March 23, 1867.

Hon James Skead, M L C, G Hay, N Sparks, Ald J Langford, Ald F Abbott, R Eaton, S Howell, A Campbell, T Isaac, A Brandon, A G Forrest, A Rankin, Wm R Bell, M D, Chas Cambie, A B Perkins, A Ross, G Beament, H N Bate, D W Coward, J Millan, J Skinner, H Allan, J Litle, W J Boyd, R Kenly, Jr, G S Orme, J R Booth, I Cluff, J Peacock, Jr, G Peacock, J Montgomery, T H McCaffey, E Lecky, J Latimer, J King, F Best, W Sweetman, A Bufton, J Simmins, J Featherston, R Woodland, T Nicoll, J Fotheringham, W Simpson, C Mason, E Lambert, A McRae, William H Sullivan, Richard McDonald, Henry Meirs, James Stutt, A McKenzie, M, D, Thos Beament, J J Gemmell, Thos Huckell, Jas Peacock, William E Lees, A Angus, S W Borbridge, W Peacock, R R Booth, J T Pennock, A S Woodburn, A Parsons, A H Taylor, W Porter, A Swalwell, jr., John P Robertson, Donald Sinclair, James Thompson, Wm S Martin, William Atkinson, Robert Johnston, J Sweetman, William Stanhope, William Litle, Abraham Wardell, C Hanksley, John R McLaren, Joseph Wilson, Thomas Hinchey, T Tewkes, H Cluff, D McPherson, Thomas Woodland, William White, Francis Magee, John G Bell, G G Johnson, James Nichol, Peter Robinson, Thomas Iliffe, Samuel Stiffe, Thomas Stiffe, jr., Richard Fleming, Andrew Davidson, Philemon Wright, J Green, John Lyon, Francis Hallandal, Patrick Coleman, James Douglass, George Sparks, Dudley Booth, Francis Link, J T Pennock, Robert Daniel, W R Wilson, A McIlhinny, Thomas Patterson, James Adams, Donald McLeod, John Peacock, Jno C Brennan, Samuel Evans, S Morton, Joseph S Lee, George R. Perry, E Armstrong, Godfrey S O'Brien, Edward Sait, F C Clemow, C E Perry, B Wallis, Thomas Nelson, G M Nelson, Wm Williscraft, C Stratton, H N Branclori, A Owen, James McEwen, H W Whiteside, C E Hirch, A Cawest, Wm Gray, Wm J Loucks, Alex Stuttauayer, J Bufton, A I Dunning, Jas Gillespie, Jas Stuttauayer, Thomas Bailey, John Holmes, Warden County of Carleton, Richard Bishop, M A Greenwood, J W Thorpe, H McCormick, John McCarthy, James L Gillespie, Wm McCormick, Edward B Hopper, Wm Pallack, Victor Harvie, Wm Pratt, Thos Sproule, R Sparks, A Pratt, J Pratt, A Graham, G H Russell, G A Buck, D Buck, J W Lacey, J M Garland, W H Smith, William Cherry, Neil Cameron, Henry Leving, Alex Sparks, Edward C Barber, Lawrence D Barber, Thomas Clarke, G M Holbrook, R Ross, A Mathewman, Wm Miller, S Hargott, D T Browne, R Hardy, John Stewart, Wm McBrowne, Wm Wilson, John Rankin, John Mercer, Joseph E Dwyre, John Allan, Samuel Dickson, J McLachlin, J Cummings, John Singleton, jr., R J Bowles, David Wilson, Alfred Codd, M D, Robert Graham, Robert Elliott, Hardy Litle, Peter Drummond Davidson, J H McGregor, Wm Garlick, Benj Huckell, Francis Preit, Charles Satchell, Frank Satchell, Robt Litle, Jas McAdam, Robert Henderson, Jas Raitt, Benj Huckell jr, E Crombie, Andrew Patterson, Thomas Armstrong, Wm Shaw, Robert Armstrong, George Shaw, Joseph Archer, David McElroy, Francis Bradley, Peter Dalglish, Elisha Graham, Wm M Bradbury, Patrick McKenna, David Petrie, Wm Heustone, Robert Irvine, W H Burns, John Litle, Duncan McGregor, Robert Stewart, Hugh Davis, James Ross, W B Howes, Wm Sutherland, Wm Allan, Angus Sutherland, John McIntyre, James McEwan, James McWatt, John M McIntire, John Hill, Henry Heney, Harry Avery, Wm Shields, Robert Whyte, J M Garland, W M Massey, D Kenly, R A Sheldon, James Radford, Jas W Russell, Chas Magee, A Bowie, W Hunton, W Wilson, F G Crosby, J Lumsden, C Huband, King Arnoldi, William Fraser, Wm Irvine, Thos McGilton, Francis Graham, John C Askwitt, Robert Monchan, Robert Gilpin, James Davidson, F Proderick, Wm Wills, Albert N McFarlane, J A Henderson, A Graham, A Bishop, James Cowan, Albert Tesdey, C T Routh, James Litle, John Graham, Alex McRea, Samuel Adams, C. Pennock, H J Borthwick, J H Dwyre, Archer Bayly, John How, Geo Clarke, Frank Armstrong, Geo C Holland, Walter Scott Stephenson, A C Beach, James Stewart, Wm Hay, A W Hill, C S Scott, J H Mount, M D.

Reply.

Messrs. A. Ross, J. Skead, A. Parsons, A. G. Forrest, and others:

GENTLEMEN,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your Requisition respecting the flags carried in the procession on the 18th instant, and in reply to state that the same will receive due consideration at the hands of the proper authorities.

Your obt. servt.
(Signed) ROBERT LYON, *Mayor.*

OTTAWA, March 25, 1867.

POLITICAL MEETING.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—On Saturday evening last a meeting was held in the Town Hall in this village, for the purpose of hearing Mr. A. I. Dunning's explanations on the course which he intends to pursue should he be elected to represent this county in the Parliament of Ontario.

On motion of Mr. Wm. Lough, jr., seconded by Mr. John Smith, G. G. Dunning, Esq., J. P., was called to the chair, and Mr. J. L. Grison requested to act as secretary.

The chairman having made a few remarks introduced to the meeting Mr. A. I. Dunning, who, in a long and eloquent address which was frequently interrupted by applause, explained the injustice which had hitherto been done to this part of the new Dominion, and stated that it was his intention to use all his power and abilities to obtain grants for the purpose of improving the roads in the county. He also referred to other local matters, and sat down amid loud applause.

The meeting was then addressed by Messrs. W. H. Dunning, A. C. Wilson and J. Ross. The electors were unanimously in favor of Mr. A. I. Dunning.

I am, sir,
Yours truly,
J. L. GRISON.

Osborne, March 23, 1867.

THE following lines were written consequent upon a bet made that the writer could not compose a verse, every word of which, together with the title, date, and signature, should commence with the letter S:

Sad Sorrowful Story.

Samuel Sant, saw sweet Sarah Simpson slide;
She smiled,—skating, she saw Samuel stride.
Sally simpered, she saw stately Silas Styles.
"She shan't," shrieked Sam, "shower such sweet smiles.
Shameful stimulants shewn some saucy scamp;"
Sally she'd storm, she'd swear, she'd stamp,
Such scandalous scenes she'd surely stop,
She'd strike Sam sure, she'd shun Sam's shop.
Sally, sighing sadly, sounded searching sobs,
She'd sweethearts swop—she'd snub such stupid snobs.

STEPHEN STANLEY, *Scripsit.*
Sherbrooke Street, Saturday,
September Seventh, Sixty-six.

—Rossini has composed a "hymn" for a military band for the Universal Exhibition to be opened on the 1st April next.

Disastrous Fire on Sussex Street.

Four Large Buildings Burned.

Loss Estimated at $40,000?

About eleven o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the large stone building on Sussex-street, in the grocery of Belcourt & Co. The building was owned by E. Griffin, Esq., and on which an insurance was effected of $2,400. We did not learn of there being any insurance on the stock. At the time the fire originated the wind was blowing slightly from the Southeast, and drove the flames down Sussex-street. The adjoining building was owned by John Heney, Esq., and occupied in two stores; the first one to the North by Wm. McKay, Esq., as a paint shop and paper store. The next by the owner of the building as a boot and shoe store. These, from the favorable breeze, and nature of the material in Mr. McKay's shop, were soon enveloped in flames.

Mr. Heney was insured on the buildings for $3,000 in the Royal, but had no insurance on his furniture or stock, and will consequently be a heavy loser.

Mr. McKay has about $3,000 insurance on his stock, also in the Royal, but this will fall far short of his loss, for he had a very large stock of paint oils, glass, paper hangings, etc., amongst the latter was included all the fancy stock for the completion of Rideau Hall, and which had but recently been imported.

The next building was owned by Mr. N. Germain, who occupied the upper part as a residence; the store was occupied by Mr. E. Martineau as a clothing store. This building was on fire several times, and was at one time given up as lost, but the Ottawa and Rideau Engine Companies stuck to their work heroically and were successful in their efforts. The pipemen of the Ottawa were several times driven back, but instantly returned to face the element with renewed vigor as soon as water could be obtained. At this juncture the wind suddenly veered round to the North, and the flames, which had been well kept back by the exertions of the Chaudiere and Queen Companies, caught hold of the building to the South, owned by Mr. J. Warnock, and occupied by D. R. Leavens as a coal oil, and sewing machine store, and I. Traversy as a clothing store.

Mr. Warnock has $4,000 insurance on the building in the Liverpool and London. Mr. Leavens has $2,000, insured on stock in the Hartford. We could not ascertain whether Mr. Traversy had any insurance on his stock.

As soon as the flames got a firm hold of the coal oil and light material in these two shops, the heat became intense, and the wind freshening up dense clouds of sparks and smoke swept up Sussex-street, and for a time threatened to extend to the blocks of building on the opposite side.

In a few minutes the roofs of these buildings came in, and the front wall fell into the street with a tremendous crash, thus cutting off all chance of the flames spreading any further.

The large brick building owned and occupied by P. A. Egleson & Son, as a wholesale and retail grocery, was several times in great danger, both from the intense heat and short supply of water. The building, however, being a very substantial one, fire-proof roofed, and well cased, resisted the progress of the devouring element. Mr. Egleson kept his building closed, and did not remove any of his stock, relying on its substantiality to resist the flames. His loss will be but trifling.

Mr. N. Germain had his building and furniture insured for $5,200 in the Hartford. The building is considerably damaged both by fire and water, and the furniture may be set down as a complete wreck.

The firemen, certainly worked manfully, and we must only confess our surprise that, with the appliances at their command, they were so successful in their efforts The Central and Lower Town Hook and Ladder Companies rendered special service in the rear part of the block tearing down stables, sheds, fences, and the galleries, by which the whole block was connected, and thus preventing the spread of the fire.

It is to be regretted that a city, where nature has done so much for the supplying of water for all purposes, should be left in the state that Ottawa is. No matter from what cause the deficiency arises, petty jealousy, party clique, or whatever it may be—fires break out, blocks are swept, and people are made to suffer, while the progress of the city is thus impeded. It is to be hoped that this spring will see steps taken to have water works proceeded with, and thus at least some security afforded against the devastating element of fire.

We must not omit to mention that Col. Campbell, turned out the whole of the men in barracks, a portion of whom were under arms and kept guard over the goods saved, whilst the other portion ably assisted in the removal of goods and in working the engines. In three hours from the time the fire orignated the block was a smouldering mass of ruins.

ANOTHER ALARM.—At three o'clock, a. m., just as we had closed the above remarks, the bells again pealed forth the dreaded alarm. On proceeding down Sussex-street, we discovered that Mr. Germain's building was again on fire. The fire companies were quickly on the ground, and the flames soon got under. The flames broke out in the second story, and strange to say the room in which they came from was found to have a quantity of coal oil on the floor, and the walls damped with the same inflamible material. Harry Lapine, branchman of the Queen, is deserving of special notice for the daring he exhibited in extinguishing the flames.

DEAR BREAD.—We are sorry to record that within the past week there was an advance in flour of fifty cents on the barrel—this is bad enough, but for those who have small means, and are obliged to eat bakers' bread, it is still worse to be charged a penny a loaf more for their bread. At the present price of the staff of life we fear many poor families will scarcely be able to procure a sufficient supply to satisfy their hunger.

PROGRAMME OF THE 100TH REGT. AT THE RINK.

1. March........Victoria..........Riviere
2. Overture.......Op Mirella......Gounoud
3. Waltz.........Rosalie..........Laroche
4. Polka.......Louis D'Or.......Schroeder
5. Selection....Le pres aux Clercs....Herold
6. Mazurka
7. Quadrille.........Cologne.........Coote
8. Galop....H. Corricolo....Durand de Grau

POLICE COURT.—Catherine Dodd, for being drunk and incapable on the public streets, was sent to jail for two weeks in default of a fine of $2 and costs.—Samuel Hudson, from the house on the Flats, which we noticed last week as the home of six wives with only two husbands, charged his mother with beating him. His Worship advised them to settle the quarrel amongst themselves, and dismissed the case with costs.

THE STORM.

[From the Buffalo Express, March 23.]

The poet who described Winter as lingering in the lap of Spring could have had no idea to what an extent the practice would grow upon the venerable sinner as time went on, and we imagine that very few poets, erratic as their morals too frequently are, would deny that this year the flirtation has been carried to an extent entirely unwarranted.

The weather report in our last morning edition stated that snow was falling, but it did not convey the very essential fact that each flake carried something like a barrel of water of the heaviest description, and was coated with glue to such an extent as to cause it to adhere to anything that it might come in contact with.

From all that can be learned, it would seem that Buffalo and the country round about for about sixty miles in all directions was selected for the display of this unique performance of the elements, and the operators in the telegraph office were delighted during the morning by receiving over the one wire at their command such announcements as the following:

UTICA, March 22.—Beautiful weather; sun shining.

RICHMOND, March 22.—May day parties.

BOSTON, March 22.—Rumored Wendell Phillips prostrated by sun stroke about nine o'clock last night.

As very few of our readers are aware, it began to snow at an early hour Thursday morning, changing to rain and hail several times during the day, which was thoroughly uncomfortable throughout. It was Thursday night that the larger part of the foot of paste now on the ground fell.

As we write there appears to be a suspension of the storm, and various public spirited, but highly mistaken philanthropists are engaged in clearing their sidewalks. That the performance is to be continued, may be predicated with as much certainty as it could of a *Ledger* story.

THE TELEGRAPH.

The brunt of the battle seems to have been borne by the telegraph wires, which were found in the morning to be down in all directions. One wire, however, was left untouched along the line of N. Y. Central, and business was consequently transacted with ease, a message for Dunkirk being sent through New York City, Philadelphia and Pittsburg, a singular example of the extent to which the country has been webbed by the electric spider.

OVER HEAD.

The tremendous weight thus suddenly thrown upon the roofs of large buildings caused speedy exertion on the part of proprietors, and we are able to allay the apprehensions indulged by many. So far as is known no accidents occurred.

With awnings the case was different, several instances of bad breaks being reported. In front of Callender's grocery store, on Main-street, a wooden roofing extended half way across the sidewalks. The cheap and by no means ornamental structure caved in at an early hour, a fact which would not be regretted had not considerable injury been done to the property of enterprising firms on either side. It is but a short time since several persons were badly injured in New York by the fall of similar structures, under the weight of snow. The lesson is worth something, and we trust the city authorities will see to it that our principal thoroughfare is not disgraced by the re-erection of this shed. The exhibition of potatoes and pop-corn on the side-walk hardly calls for a covering equal to that constructed for the Paris exhibition.

STREET RAILROADS.

Just how many horses are required for a snow plow, we are unable to state. One of our reporters saw four, six and eight tried at different times, but confesses his inability to decide the problem. The latter number were enabled to draw the plow a few feet, but the accumulation of snow in front brought them up standing, or rather soon sent them flying at right angles with the line of direction. It was evidently hard work, but Mr. Fillmore, the President of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals was not on hand, and they were kept at it until success was finally achieved. By the way the S. F. T. P. O. C. T. A., above mentioned, might have found several cases calling for their interference, had the members been around at an early hour in the morning.

About noon the Niagara-street Railroad was in running order, to the great delight of dwellers in the rural districts around Black Rock. At what hour the Main-street cars made their appearance over the hill, and like a needed Alexandrine dragged their slow lengths along, we are unable to state.

STAGE LINES.

The drivers of stages on the various lines report the roads in horrible condition on Thursday night, a condition which will not be improved by the present storm. All the stages left at the usual hour yesterday afternoon, the managers being determined to fight it out on their respective lines, no matter how long it takes. Swollen streams and consequent damages are most to be apprehended just now in the country towns.

AN INCIDENT.

The special meeting of the Common Council on Thursday night, which seems to have been discovered by no other morning paper, was not concluded till after midnight, a fact which throws considerable mystery over the fate of some of the Aldermen residing in the 11th, 12th and 13th Wards. The storm was at its height when the adjournment took place, and of course no street cars were able to run, so that a walk of many miles was necessary over a pavement which seemed at every step to be sliding away from the pedestrian. Nothing has since been heard of the Aldermen residing in these distant countries. It is hoped—we should say feared, that they may have perished, and we suggest the appointment of a swinging committee of seventy-five to discover their fate.

FISH AND GAME.

We are glad to see indications that more heed is being given to the enforcement of the game laws throughout Upper and Lower Canada. This is as it should be. Under the indiscriminate system of fishing and shooting, which formerly obtained, and does yet to a far greater extent than it should, our woods were fast being depleted of game, and our rivers and creeks of fish. In some of the older settled districts, this is actually the case already—few of the streams containing a fish worth angling for, and as for game, you may search the woods for it in vain. The principal cause of this state of matters, has been the fact that the spawn of the fish have been destroyed by allowing injurious substances to be put into the streams, and by persons systematically using the rod and the gun "out of season." Sporting during "the close season" must be put down with a strong hand, if Canada is to retain within its bounds anything worth hunting for, and every encouragement of associations having this end in view. Since recent alterations in the game law, not a few of these societies have been formed in various localities. Some of these perform their duties energetically, and do a great deal of good; but we fear that the larger number of them do not act with sufficient vigor in enforcing the Act to make their influence much felt. The cause of this is a dislike on their part to act as "informer." We can understand how an individual might have a repugnance to take part in bringing a neighbor to punishment. But a society in its corporate capacity, should have no such feeling, and we hope that we will not much longer see the game laws set at defiance under the very nose of such organizations. It would be better to have no fish and game association at all in a locality, than that it should do nothing to effect the end had in view at its formation. The best way to ferret out delinquents who break the laws in question, is for societies to appoint some individual for that purpose, whose duty it will be to bring up such cases before the local magistrate. This is the only course which will effectually check the reprehensible practice of fishing and shooting out of season, and prevent our streams and forests from being completely depleted of their inmates. Those who desire to keep up our supply of fish and game—and who does not?—should lend every assistance in their power, to those who endeavor to see that the game laws are enforced.—*Trade Review.*

—Opium eating is frightfully prevalent in the Sandwich Islands.

—A Vermont man recently bought twenty-six railroad tickets, intending to take his wife and twenty-four children to the West. Among the two dozen are eleven pair of twins—all boys.

LOCAL NEWS.

DENTISTRY.—The advertisement of Dr. C. A. Mondelet will be found in another column.

PERSONAL.—We have to acknowledge the receipt of a number of late English papers from Mr. A. MUTCHMOR of the firm of GARLAND MUTCHMOR & Co., of this city, who was a passenger by the Cunard steamship *Australasian*, and arrived home yesterday.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

"OTTAWA, March 24, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold during previous night, 27 above zero.

9 a. m., 42 above zero.
Noon, shade, 46 above zero.
6 p. m., 41 above zero.

MARCH 25TH.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 33 above zero.

9 a.m. 39 above zero.
Noon, shade, 45 above zero.
Noon, sun, 61 above zero.
6 p.m. 30 above zero.

STREETS AND SIDEWALKS WORSE AND WORSE.—Notwithstanding the incessant complaints of nearly all we meet, the sidewalks continue all but impassable. "The hills of ice and pools of water" still continue. There has been no effort to abate the nuisance, and there is no public authority to appeal to in the matter. When there was a streets and improvements committee to complain of there was a vent for public indignation, but now they do not exist and there is no mark to fire at, the public can only go about the streets uttering maledictions against the sidewalks and asking who's to blame? As to the streets they are in a horrible plight, neither fit for wheels nor runners; and their condition, whilst it is the business of everybody in general, it is nobody's in particular. Give us back the old Streets and Improvements Committee with all their shortcomings, or something in their stead.

CITY COUNCIL.

Special Meeting.

CITY HALL, March 25, 1867.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, Martineau and Langford.

A number of petitions were received and referred to the appropriate committees.

Reports of committees were presented.

The council then adjourned.

For further particulars see our official report in a future issue.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

St. Patrick's Day Riots in New York.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The police surgeon reports on the riot on St. Patrick's Day, 33 police were injured, 9 of them seriously. All are reported to be improving.

The Fenian Senate.

The Fenian Senate adjourned on Saturday to meet this morning at 10 o'clock. The Session is still secret, but it is understood that the chief work before the body is the appointment of a Secretary of War, in the place of Gen. Sweeney, the former occupant of the position.

Jeff Davis to be Released.

The *Times'* special says: If Congress adjourns Tuesday or Wednesday, as is now almost certain, the President will issue on the day of adjournment a proclamation calling on an extra session of the Senate for Executive business. The President has been urged by prominent Republicans and others to release Jeff Davis upon his own recognisance. There is good reason for saying that within ten days Davis will be released.

Cholera.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—Queenstown dates of the 14th ult. state that the cholera had made its appearance at that place.

Sailing of the North American.

PORTLAND, March 24.—The *North American*, Capt. Kerr, sailed for Liverpool this morning.

"Might is Right."

NEW YORK, March 25.—The *Herald's* Panama correspondence says, a British frigate appeared off Carthagena on the 27th of February, and the Captain addressed a note to the President, insisting that the British Consul should receive the mails before they were sent to the local post office, and that the President should apologise for past offences in respect to the matter. The President evaded a decided answer to these proposals. A war steamer in the service of Mosquera came into port meanwhile and was seized by the Englishman. The demands were repeated with threats of taking other measures in the event of non-compliance, and the President fearing bombardment succumbed and apologised, promising to do better in future.

The War in South America.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Chili advices state Peru has never thought of peace on the basis proposed by the mediating powers. Latest advices respecting the Argentine revolution is important. A division under Loa after a bloody engagement lasting two hours was defeated by Gen. Panners at Los Lords, with a loss of 300 killed and many wounded. Two other revolutionary divisions undertook to avenge this defeat, and were themselves routed meeting with much heavier losses than Loa. Panners then quietly continued his retreat to form a junction with Mitre.

A $75,000 Fire in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, PA., March 24.—A destructive fire occurred this morning in South Pittsburgh, opposite this city, by which the machinery works of Robinson, Rea & Co., were entirely destroyed including a large stock of patterns; loss about $75,000, fully insured. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

COMMERCIAL.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(*Compiled expressly for the* TIMES.)

TIMES OFFICE, OTTAWA, March 25, 1867.

FLOUR—Extra	9 00	@	10 00
No. 1	7 75	@	8 00
No. 2	6 25	@	6 75
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	4 37½	@	4 50
" Spring "	3 62	@	3 75
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
WHEAT—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 70	@	1 85
Spring " "	1 50	@	1 55
CORN—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs.	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs.	0 30	@	0 32
Beans " 60 lbs.	1 00	@	1 50
PORK—Mess—per barrel	19 00	@	20 00
Prime Mess per do.	15 00	@	16 00
Hog per 100 lbs.	6 00	@	6 12½
Hams	0 12	@	0 12½
Beef	6 00	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	@	0 08
Lamb—per qr.	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 00	@	0 62
Turkeys—Each	0 00	@	1 30
Fowl—Per pair	0 00	@	0 40
BUTTER—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 00
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 18	@	0 20
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	0 00
VEGETABLES, &c.—Potatoes	0 35	@	0 40
HAY—Per ton	9 00	@	11 00
WOOD—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do.	2 50	@	2 75

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge.*

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself
Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 24 237-y

BIRTH.

Near Chelsea, Hull, on the 24th inst., the wife of the Rev. H. J. Borthwick, of a son.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

THE BYTOWN DIVISION, NO. 224, S. of T., will hold a Public Meeting on TUESDAY EVENING, the 26th of MARCH, at the Congregational Church (Rev. Mr. Elliott's).

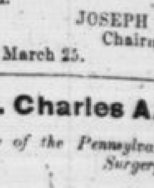
An Essay will be read by the Rev. Mr. Brethour, and the meeting will be addressed by the Hon. Malcolm Cameron, and Allan N. Ross, Esq.

The chair will be taken by George Hay, Esq., at half-past seven. The public are cordially invited to attend.

JOSEPH T. McCUAIG,
Chairman of V. Committee.
Ottawa, March 25. 392-1

Dr. Charles A. Mondelet,

"Fellow of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery,"

SURGEON  DENTIST.

OFFICE—Corner of Sparks and Elgin-streets. Special attention paid to the regulating of children's teeth. Office hours from 8 a m to 6 p m.
Ottawa, March 26. 392-2

N. McKINNON,

COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

LOST.—On Tuesday last, the 19th instant, an ENGLISH RIDING WHIP, silver mounted, between the Railroad Depot, on Sussex-street, or York-street. Any person leaving the same at Mr. P. Buckley's Livery Stable, Metcalfe-street, will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa, March 25. 391-3

CITY OF GLASGOW

Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.

ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.

THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.

KINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.

NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

PIANO-FORTE INSTRUCTION.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony, in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Monochromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.
Ottawa, March 384-3m

Card of Thanks.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS TO TENDER his sincere thanks to MESSRS. HERRICK, BRUSH & CO., Agents of the British America Assurance Company, for their prompt settlement of claims against the Company, for loss sustained by me on property in Fitzroy Harbor.

JOHN LEEVENS.
Ottawa, March 23. 390-3

VICTORIA SKATING CLUB.

SKATING

TOURNAMENT!

ON

THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1867.

COMMITTEE:

S. H. THOMPSON, ESQ.
CAPT. HALLOWES, 25TH K. O. B.
ROBERT C. COWAN, ESQ.
DR. BREWSTER.

JUDGES:

CAPT. BLOOMFIELD.
T. F. G. HOWELL, ESQ.
W. E. MACKENZIE, ESQ.

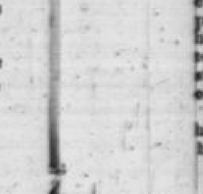
FIRST PRIZE—CUP, Value $50. *Open to the World.* Competitors, not members of the Club, to be formally introduced by a member. Professional Skaters excluded.

SECOND PRIZE—Value $30. Open to the members of the Club only, the winner of the First Prize being excluded.

THIRD PRIZ —Value $20. Open to Young Ladies, members of the Club, under fourteen years of age.

Competitors will please send their names to the Secretary (39 Little St. James-street) on or before the 26th inst.

W. F. GAIRDNER,
Secy.-Treasurer.
Montreal, March 21. 390td

New Watches & Clocks, 
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of

MASKS,

ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also
Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Cards.

1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.

P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.
GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.
Ottawa, March 19. 3setf

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
E. McGILLIVRAY.
Aug. 10-200tf

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

BY AUTHORITY.

THE ANNUAL VOLUNTEER

AND

SERVICE MILITIA LIST OF CANADA, FOR 1867.

Price 25cts.

For sale by the Publisher,
GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Cor. of Sparks and O'Connor-streets.

Ottawa, March 22. 389a

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants, where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, March 18. 385b

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS.
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND.

FOUNDED 1838, FOR

LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:

PLACE D'ARMES.....MONTREAL.

INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A. THE BONUSES

Are paid in Money to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made every year in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 62½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy-holders during their own lives.

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES

Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a

Most Important Provision in Old Age

to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a

VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £560, making the sum assured £2560, instead of £1000.

Or, he may then exchange this large Bonus Addition for one Cash Payment of about £1000 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £102 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM

Can anything like the same amount of benefits be obtained, whether as regards increase of sum Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment or Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year in Class B. will receive, at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than a later Entrant—the difference being probably so much as £40 in a £1000 policy.

The 18th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WARDLAW,
SECRETARY.

Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,.....Mr. A. DRISCOLL
Arnprior,.....Vacant
Almonte,.....Mr. JAMES ROBAMOND
Buckingham,.....Mr. A. McNAUGHTON
Kemptville,.....Mr. R. LESLIE
Pembroke,.....Mr. A. IRVING

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-9A

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale

OF

Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—

BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT.

THE CONTENTS OF

150 PACKAGES

New Spring Dry Goods,

Just received, consisting of

A GENERAL assortment.

—AND—

The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.

Sale each day at TEN o'clock.

BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 13. 382td

A CARD.

A. ROWE,

Principal Auctioneer of the City of Ottawa.

SALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION solicited. Valuation of Household Furniture and effects carefully attended to.

Principal Office and Sales Room No. 42 North Side of Rideau Street.

Mr. Rowe in referring to the above Card begs respectfully to say that he has completed arrangements for conducting sales this spring in a manner that must give general satisfaction.

Though favoured last year, and for some years past, with the management of most of the important Sales which have taken place in the city, and he is happy to say universal satisfaction has been given in every respect.

Some of the reasons for Mr. Rowe's great success in conducting sales are, his extensive acquaintance with the purchasers, both in the city and country, and also his experience has given him a thorough knowledge of the value of every article he offers for sale.

And the most essential part which he was the first to introduce is to close and cash a sale the second day after it takes place.

Any number of references can be given if required.

Consignments of every description solicited.

Cash advances made on consignments for positive sale if required.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 388y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way or the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post* where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10wdm

New Spring Goods,

New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,

ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets.
Fancy Dress Goods,
Black Mantle Cloths,
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings.
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

OVER 50 PACKAGES

NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Millons,
Venetians, Striped Tweeds,
Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 15. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. P. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up.....$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,.....$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,.....$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866.....$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,....$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shown above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CORNS & BUNIONS EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for occular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J Barn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

☞ Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware. China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

MASSE & TETREAU,

NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.

J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.

Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

Ætna Life Insurance Company

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.....25.31

And each subsequent year.....26.74

Which payment is subject to farther reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 1,400 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.

R. SMITH, Agent.
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine

Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

☞ Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of,

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA,

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins.
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.

Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, andles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOUSES TO LET.—TWO two story frame Houses, situate on the North side of Queen-street near the Crown Timber Office, with Sheds attached, and good spring water; also Garden to each house. Possession from 1st May next. Apply to the proprietor, James Mathews, Corner of Bank and Biddy-streets.

Ottawa, March 25. 391-2aw1M

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

Apply to WILLIAM CLEGG.
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing 6 apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379d

FOR SALE,

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES

On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill.

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES

On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

To Let, AT AYLMER.

THE COMMODIOUS AND pleasantly situated house and premises on the Court House Square, corner of Main-street—8 rooms besides kitchen and pantry, stabling for four horses, large outbuildings. Rent £35. A good piece of land in rear may also be leased.

Apply, if by letter postpaid, to

THOMAS McCORD, ESQ.,
MONTREAL.
Or to JAMES COLMAN, ESQ.,
AYLMER.

377-eodM1

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported. 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 19. 223tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESS'NG,

AT NO. 57,

RIDEAU-STREET,

Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

☞ All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD

THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

PHŒNIX Mutual Life Insurance COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1851, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.

OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO., OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds.....	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock.....	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company.....	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums.....	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages.....	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued.....	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company.....	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment.....	68,599 88
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860.....	$ 37,887 36	$ 20,786 20
1861.....	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862.....	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863.....	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864.....	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865.....	773,815 65	451,222 96
1866.....	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, } Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES WILSON, }
SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, }

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,

AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandize at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-ctf

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the City cleaned of all filth and nuisances: And whereas the introduction and spread of Cholera, Typhus and other contagious diseases is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city; And whereas

The Board of Health

Under and by virtue of the Powers conferred upon them by various Acts of Parliament, establishing "Boards of Health," and in accordance with various By-laws of the City of Ottawa, have deemed it advisable that immediate steps should be taken for cleansing the City.

Now Know Ye that I,

ROBERT LYON, Mayor of the City of Ottawa, do hereby order and direct, that all Yards, Cellars, Stables, Outhouses and other Buildings and Enclosures, Lanes or Alleys, shall be thoroughly cleansed of all Filth, Dirt, Nightsoil, or other impurities by the owners or persons occupying the same,

Before the 20th day of April,

1867: And I hereby give notice that the Chief of Police and the Constabulary of this City are enjoined to proceed, at once, to have all Privy Pits, Cesspools, &c., thoroughly cleansed, and to see this order carried into effect, and all and every person or persons disobeying or neglecting to observe the same, on or before the Twentieth day of April, 1867, will be punished according to law.

GIVEN under my hand at the City of Ottawa this 22nd day of March, A. D. 1867.

ROBERT LYON, Mayor.

Ottawa, March 23. 391tf

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL CONGREGATIONS, or others owning Churches, and individuals, corporations and companies owning Halls, Theatres, or other Buildings used for the purpose of holding public meetings, or places of public resort or amusement, all the doors shall be so hinged that they may open freely outwards, on or before the 15th day of August, 1867, and any parties neglecting or refusing to do so will be prosecuted according to law.

THOS. LANGRELL, Chief of Police.

Ottawa, March 22. 389tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & Co.

THOS BEAMENT, 25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!
AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO., 25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS, Secretary and Treasurer, Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

Office Hours from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT, 56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 293t

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, Barrister, Ottawa.

March 380d

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL.

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO., 62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

THO RUSSELL & SON

To H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution *the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lup Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds.
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE, Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON, ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

county of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range

Litchfield, County of Pontiac.

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., a Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two housand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL, Alexandria Park, Portagedu Fort.

Jan 29, 1867 wdm

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what complaints* I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine*. I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa*. Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness*. If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach and expel worms*. They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism*. Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

☞ Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 28th, 1867 368d3w9y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, Ottawa, 12th March, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT NOTICE to Navigators has been issued by the Government of Mauritius, in reference to a floating light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage to be substituted, to the harbour lights at the entrance of Port Louis, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.

By Command, THOS. WORTHINGTON, Asst. Com. of Customs and Excise.

Governor Sir H. Barkly to Lord Carnarvon.

Mauritius, 18th December, 1866.

Gov. Desp. No. 292, of 31 Oct., 1864. S.S. Desp. No. 361, of 27 April, 1865.

My Lord,

With reference to the previous Correspondence, noted in the margin, on the subject of the substitution of a Floating Light at the entrance of the Harbour of Port Louis for the present Shore Lights, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board of Trade, the accompanying Copies of a Notice, announcing that the change in question will take effect from the 24th May next, and giving the necessary sailing directions for the guidance of vessels approaching the Port.

Enclosure 1. Notice.

Copies of this Notice have been forwarded to the different countries enumerated in the enclosed list, bearing the signature of the Colonial Secretary, and I beg that information may be given to the other Governments mentioned in the accompanying Copy of a Letter from the Harbour Master, dated the 14th instant, as well as to any Departments of Her Majesty's Government whom the matter may concern.

Enclosure 2. Enclosure 3.

I have, &c., (Signed,) HENRY BARKLY.

The Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, &c., &c., &c.

NOTICE.

On the 24th of May, 1867, the Harbour Lights at the entrance of Port Louis, Mauritius, will be done away with, and a Floating Light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage will be substituted.

The Floating Light Vessel will be moored a little to the N Ward of the present well known Bell Buoy, with the following bearings:

Extreme of land to the northward: N E B N.
Extreme of land to the westward: W S ...
Flagstaff on Fort George: S E ¼ S.
Depth of Water: 15 fathoms.

The Light Vessel will be painted white, which will enable her to be distinctly seen against the dark land during the day.

She will shew a "*flashing white Light*" from Sunset to Sunrise, which will be visible a distance of nine miles in every direction from Seaward, from the poop of a large vessel.

The fact of this being a flashing Light, at short intervals, will sufficiently distinguish it from the Revolving Light at Flat Island, even were a mistake possible.

Vessels from the northward, after rounding Cannonier Point, must be careful not to bring Cannonier Point Light to the Westward of Flat Island Light, till the Floating Light at the Bell Buoy is seen; they may then steer for the latter, on a S S W ¼ W bearing, and anchor on that bearing, from ¼ a mile to a mile from the Light.

Vessels approaching the Port from the Westward, may steer from the Floating Light on an E N ¼ N bearing, and either anchor ¼ a mile from her on that bearing, or further northward as convenient.

The mooring chain of the Floating Light runs about 50 fathoms in a N N W direction, vessels must therefore be anchored in such a manner as to avoid hooking it.

The depths at the anchorage vary from 12 to 20 fathoms.

All the bearings are Compass bearings.

D. WALES, Harbour Master.

Post Office, 14th December, 1866.

Circulars respecting Floating Light have been sent to

1 The Colonial Secretary, St. Helena.
2 The Colonial Secretary, Cape of Good Hope.
3 The Colonial Secretary, Natal.
4 The Colonial Secretary, Tasmania.
5 The Colonial Secretary, New Zealand.
6 Chief Secretary, South Australia.
7 Colonial Secretary, Western Australia.
8 Colonial Secretary, Queensland.
9 Chief Secretary, Victoria.
10 Secretary to the Government, New South Wales.
11 Colonial Secretary, Ceylon.
12 Secretary to the Government, Bengal.
13 Secretary to the Government, Bombay.
14 Secretary to the Government, Madras.
15 Colonial secretary, Hong Kong.
16 Civil Commissioner, Seychelles.
17 Secretary to the Government, Straits Settlement.
18 Secretary to the Government, Batavia.
19 Chief Commissioner, British Birmah.
20 Secretary to the Government, Manilla (Philippine Islands).
21 Political Resident, Aden.
22 Monsieur L'Ordonnateur, Reunion.
23 Police Magistrate, Rodrigues.

(Signed) FELIX BEDINGFELD, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Mauritius, 17th December, 1866.

Harbour Master to Colonial Secretary.

Post Office, Mauritius, 14th December 1866.

SIR,

As it will be necessary to send intelligence to all parts of the world before substituting a Floating Light at the entrance of this Port for the present Harbour Lights, I have the honor to request that his Excellency the Governor will authorize the printing of the annexed sailing directions, and the forwarding of them by the mail of the 18th instant, to all parts of the world.

The rule is to allow such intelligence time to reach every important Port in the world, and give vessels that have left before its arrival time to reach the spot where the new Light is to be placed.

I have proposed therefore, to light up on the 24th of next May, the anniversary of Her Majesty's birth-day, subject to his Excellency's approval, thus allowing five months and one week for the transmission of intelligence, which ought to be sufficient, if no time is lost in sending it from England to North and South America.

I recommend that copies of the notice should be sent to the Governments of the following countries: —Russia, Holland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Belgium, France, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Austria, Prussia, Turkey, British North America, United States, Mexico, Brazil, Callao; also to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Admiralty, and the Trinity House, for transmission to English, Scotch, and Irish Ports; to the Australian Ports, Cape of Good Hope, the Indian Governments, the Straits Ports and Batavia, Manilla and China, together with any others that may be suggested, and that 100 copies may be sent to this office for distribution among the shipping.

I have, &c., (Signed,) D. WALES, Harbour Master.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary, &c., &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. 1, 1867.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following amended notice of the erection of a Lighthouse on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, in correction of the notification given in Government Notice No. 122, 1866.

By His Excellency's Command.

D. ERSKINE, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office, Natal, 4th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Lighthouse has been erected on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.

The Lighthouse is in latitude 29° 3' 35" E.

The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.

It is visible in all directions from north (round by the east and south), to S 59° W; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S, 53° W; from the Lighthouse: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the southward and westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N 59° E,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlasi River (about 9½ miles below the Lighthouse), when they must keep it more to the northward, as the land tends more to the eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about W N W; they can haul in to the northward for the anchorage, anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Lighthouse bearing S W to S W ¼ S, distant 1 mile.

W. E. ARCHDEACON, Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.

N. B.—The above bearings are magnetic. 386tf

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be subject, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feby, 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient, Humble Servant,

(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command, (Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &c.

Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 210, Ottawa. 384a

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DEPARTMENT ORDER.

NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama,	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Gulf of Mexico side }	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it ears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read, themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN, Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command, E. A. MEREDITH, Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "Pulmonic Wafers," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

So by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in tawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

☞ USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK, ☜

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

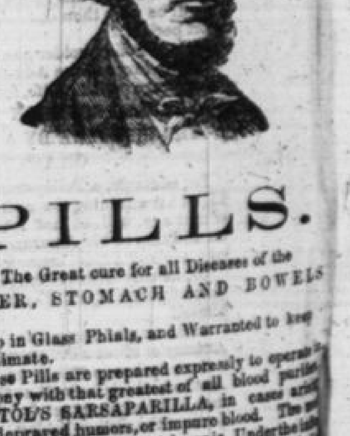
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS.

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep in any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere. Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H. F. McCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) at the office of GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 393. | OTTAWA C. W. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(*Published every morning, Sundays excepted.*)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00

Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c

All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—*Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and 10 State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the* OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 365y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House. ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law. OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Culner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICE: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c. OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c.
(RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. WOLFF,
LATE of Quebec. Residence—City Hall Square. Dec. 18 '65. 1-y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350z

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Musgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Musgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 430tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 23. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
R. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 10, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Scotch Whisky; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W.

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 5. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References, unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street. 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use. 1.1.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c. promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some wet situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. S. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN, GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleck's patent and improved Turbine Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa.
21tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 19. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-tf

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & CO. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateurs who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21. 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 19, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!

Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN,
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 13, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has repainted and newly-furnished throughout the commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and quietness, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Prince Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa; John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game, etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara's old stand. Jy5-178t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.30 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:30 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Nood, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ..... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ..... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 29th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified;
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con Stat Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge,*" and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER, SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for present.
JAMES D. SLATER, Supt. R. Canal.
369-td

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON, Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAMBERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
O'MEARA & CO.
ALEX. DUFF,
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN,
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Poachers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Candlesticks, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea Moulds, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Coffee Urns, Cake Cutters, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Colanders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or worn out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Build ng and Sheet Iron Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality. Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and cent-al for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363d-w9-3m

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
356 Sparks Street.
J. ROOS.
Ottawa, February 25. 358y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment.
DUVERNAY BROS.
Ottawa, February 7, 1867.

Finance Department, Customs.
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE, Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office, Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S. 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E.—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlaz River, (about 9¼ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON, Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.
337tf

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,) EDMUND HARRISON.
317tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 16 Rideau Street
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47utf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread ..... 9d per loaf.
M

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Cook and Laundress Wanted.
Auction Sale of Real-Estate—H. McLean.
Corporation Notice—Wm. P. Lett.
Furnished House to Rent.
The "Big Little Woman."
Dry Goods Clerk Wanted—Magee & Russell.
Money Wanted—W. H. Walker.
Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.
Card of Thanks—I. M. Traversy.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 27, 1867.

The "British North America Bill" was read a third time and passed in the House of Commons on the evening of Friday the 8th instant. We may presume, therefore, that it has already received the Royal sanction, unless that final step may have been delayed until the passage of the Intercolonial Guarantee Bill, which is a necessary consequence of the Confederation Act.

The latest advices by mail from England, indicate that in all probability the HON. JOHN A. MACDONALD did not leave on the 23rd with the other Delegates, it having been deemed advisable that he should remain in England until the passage of the bill providing for the Imperial guarantee for the loan to be raised to aid in the construction of the Intercolonial Railway. Though symptoms of active opposition to this measure were freely manifested on the discussion of the Confederation Act, there is no ground for a reasonable doubt of its adoption by a large majority in the House of Commons.

It is believed that Messrs. MACDOUGALL and HOWLAND will also postpone the date of their departure from England for the same reason as that which has led to Mr. MACDONALD's remaining there for a longer time than was previously intended. Messrs. MACDONALD, MACDOUGALL and HOWLAND, will therefore probably not reach Canada until towards the end of April.

We understand that COL. GOWAN has accepted the requisition presented to him, asking him to become a candidate for the representation of North Leeds and Grenville in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, and will shortly make arrangements to meet the electors in the various municipalities within the Riding. COL. GOWAN will be a strong man in the Riding, and should he be opposed, which is not very likely, will no doubt command majorities in every one of the seven municipalities comprised in it, viz.:—Oxford, Kitley, Wolford, Elmsley, South Gower, Kemptville and Mirickville. Mr. JONES has already met the electors at several points in the constituency and received most encouraging assurances of support in his candidature for the Canadian House of Commons. No doubt COL. GOWAN will represent the constituency in the first Legislative Assembly of Ontario.

We alluded a few days ago to election matters in North Lanark with reference to the probability of an opposition being offered to the Hon. Mr. MACDOUGALL. We have since seen an extract from the Perth *Courier* which fully confirms what we then said as to Mr. MACDOUGALL's standing with his constituents. The *Courier* has now to confess that the PROVINCIAL SECRETARY, as well as Mr. MORRIS, are too strong in their respective Ridings to make it worth the while of any "organised" Reformer to attempt to dislodge them. In its issue of the 22nd, after referring to the prospects of the "Reform party" in the West, it says, "Nothing has yet been done in this part "of the country, which is no doubt owing to "the general conviction that no suitable ma"terial can be got to successfully oppose Mr. "MORRIS in the South Riding, and Mr. "MACDOUGALL in the North. *It may there"fore be taken for granted that these gen"tlemen will be returned for the House of "Commons."* Very little doubt of it, for the testimony of the *Courier* may be accepted as quite disinterested since it would gladly see both of them beaten, and has already tried to induce some one to enter the field, but without success. We may therefore conclude that opposition to the sitting members for North and South Lanark has been abandoned. We are glad of it, for both gentlemen deserve sufficiently well of their constituents to be returned unopposed to the first Parliament of the Confederation, in the bringing about of which they have each played so prominent a part.

For the Local Legislature the *Courier* mentions the name of Mr. GALBRAITH for the North Riding, stating that his election is about equally certain, "public opinion hav"ing generally settled on that gentleman as "preeminently fitted for the important duty." Mr. GALBRAITH is the Warden of Lanark, an intelligent and popular farmer, and will go to the Legislature as one of the "unorganised." The *Courier* mentions Mr. MCARTHUR of Carleton Place, as candidate for the South Riding in the Local Legislature, and speaks highly of his qualifications, but as yet we have reason to believe that no decided action has been taken in the way of bringing him out. The field is yet open and perhaps another candidate may be selected.

A correspondent calls our attention to a probable danger to the timber lands and new settlements, during the approaching summer, from fires, and he grounds his fears on the following considerations:

"The parties prospecting for gold and other minerals during the spring and summer, on the different streams from the Madawaska to the Indian River, and back to the Ottawa, will necessarily be compelled to camp out during a portion of the time employed by them in their explorations. As a consequence they will also kindle camp fires, and perhaps carelessly leave them to be spread by the winds, whereby incalculable damage may be done to the woods. Our correspondent, who writes from Pembroke, says he knows of several parties already organising for the purpose of gold hunting in the regions indicated, and it is very probable that many more will engage in the same occupation in the neighborhood of the Madoc district, so that the danger from camp fires is really one which it may be prudent to take some precautions to avert, if possible. Our correspondent thinks that a small expenditure by the Government might be judiciously incurred in sending out a few men acquainted with the different localities to keep a look out.

We cannot say whether the danger is such as to impose the necessity of instituting a fire watch in the woods, but we give the matter publicity in the hope that if nothing else is done, exploring parties will at all events exercise due care in extinguishing their camp fires, as the practice of ordinary prudence on their part would remove all cause of alarm. It is impossible to estimate the loss which a fire, once beyond the power of human control, in these regions might inflict on the country, but it is certain that its magnitude would be such as to warrant the expenditure of a considerable amount in order to prevent its occurrence. The difficulty, however, in instituting an effective watch is to be found in the vast extent of country that may probably be traversed by enthusiastic seekers after gold and other mineral wealth, and the uncertainty of the direction which some of them may take. We can only appeal, therefore, to the press to circulate a warning to all intending explorers to be careful to extinguish their camp fires, so that a certain source of wealth may not be exposed to destruction by their venturous search after that which is as yet an uncertainty. Whatever discoveries they may make in the way of mineral riches will be all the more valuable that the woods are not destroyed in their neighborhood.

Mr. BROWN CHAMBERLIN, of the Montreal *Gazette*, appears to be carrying all before him in the county of Missisquoi. Mr. O'HALLORAN does not offer again, and Mr. CHAMBERLIN's only opponent is a Mr. BAKER, but it is doubtful whether the latter will go to the polls.

From the Lindsay *Warder* we learn that there are quite a number of candidates offering for the representation of Victoria. For the North Riding our contemporary says, "Many, very many of the electors would pre"fer their own friend JOHN CAMERON, Esq., to "any others that are spoken of." Among the other names mentioned are THOMAS MATCHELL and HECTOR CAMERON, Esqs.

LOCAL NEWS.

POLICE COURT.—Robert Burns was charged with drunkenness. Dismissed with costs.

VISITING COMMITTEE.—Mrs. Augustus Keefer and Mrs. McLean are the appointed visitors to the Protestant Orphans' Home for the month of April, and are authorised to receive donations of money, clothing, &c., for the above charitable institution.

A WONDERFUL WOMAN.—There is nothing strange in the announcement of "a wonderful woman," especially in this age of wonders. The wonderful woman, whose advertisement will be found in another column, affords ample scope for the student of nature. She is indeed a phenomenon.

SALE OF LOTS.—The attention of parties desirous of obtaining building lots, is directed to the advertisement in another column, announcing the sale, by auction, of a number of eligible building lots on Victoria Terrace and LeBreton's Flats. The sale takes place at the Russell House on Tuesday, 16th April.

LOSS BY THE FIRE.—Mr. Alderman Traversy estimates his loss by the fire on Monday night at from $7,000 to $8,000. Up to the time when his last policy expired he had been insured for $6,000, but afterwards on account of the coal oil store being opened next door, the company refused to risk more than $2,000, which was the amount of his insurance at the time of the fire.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, March 26, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 14 above zero.

9 a.m. 20 above zero.
Noon, shade, 28 above zero.
Noon, sun, 59 above zero.
6 p.m. 31 above zero.

THE ST. PATRICK'S DINNER COMMITTEE.—This committee we understand have satisfactorily wound up their business, and before separating conveyed to Mr. Kavanagh of the "Queen" Saloon, their hearty thanks for the handsome manner in which he had furnished the dinner on the 18th inst., as well as for his liberal and courteous dealings with the committee in carrying out the arrangements. Mr. Kavanagh was particularly successful in getting up the dinner, and no doubt every gentleman who partook of it will heartily endorse the thanks of the committee.

ROBBERY OF A CHURCH.—On Monday night the basement of the Congregational Church on Albert-street was broken into, and the money belonging to the Sabbath-school stolen. The outer door was forced open with a jimmy, the marks of which are left on the door. An inner door and closet was also broken open before the money-box was reached. The job was a small one, but in every other respect quite professional. The burglars were probably disturbed, for several of their tools were left behind. The sum of money contained in the box is supposed to have been about ten dollars.

THE DWELLERS IN THE CHIGNON.—Some fair one having shaken her *chignon* over a seidlitz powder box until a few millions more or less of its microscopic inhabitants found there a "local habitation," she considerately had the box sent to Dr. Van Cortlandt, the learned curator of the Ottawa Natural History Society, that they might also secure "a name." The curious are therefore advised to call at Mr. Hearn's drug store, where, through the intervention of the microscope, they may become acquainted with "the dwellers in the *chignon*," and lest any misapprehension should occur, Dr. Van Cortlandt has left the following "card of introduction" to his newly found colony of the *pediculi*: [N. B. This should not be read until after breakfast, and the visit made in case of a weak stomach only when an emetic is required]. "ANOPLURA.—Parasitic in"sects of the family *pediculus*, or lice. CHAR"ACTERS.—*Segments* from 8 to 12.—3 belong"ing to the trunk, or thorax, each having a "pair of short legs, terminated by stout claws. "*Stigmata*, very distinct. *Antennæ*, short, one "or two *ocelli* on each side of the head. Nearly "500 different forms, all having the type of "the human louse, have been described and "illustrated by Mr. Denny in his *Anoplura Bri"tannica*." Ugh! Ugh!!

DEFENSIVE PRECAUTIONS.—We learn that on Friday a large quantity of arms of the Snider-rifle pattern, with suitable ammunition, were despatched from the Citadel for the use of the volunteer force in Upper Canada, which will be fully prepared for any service of a military nature that may be required of them. With good men, armed with superior weapons, the enemy might expect at least a few tolerably hard knocks.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.

FROM EUROPE.

Marine Disasters.

LIVERPOOL, March 26.—The bark *Tuscano*, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, has been abandoned at sea.

QUEENSTOWN, March 26.—The ship *Rosalie*, Captain Baromaker, from New Orleans for Liverpool, has put into Cork harbor, leaking badly, having sustained much damage in a gale at sea. The ship *Confidence*, Captain Johnson, from Charleston for Liverpool, is ashore near Wexford, and will probably be a total wreck.

Sailing of the Great Eastern.

LIVERPOOL, March 26.—The leviathan steamship *Great Eastern*, sailed from this port at noon to-day for New York, which city she will leave on the 16th of April, on her first trip to Brest. As the *Great Eastern* was about to sail the stern capstan accidentally slipped, instantly killing two men and wounding several others.

The Lamirande Case.

LONDON, March 26—Evening.—The English Government has decided not to persist in claiming the return of Lamirande, the French forger, who was taken from Canada under the extradition treaty, as it was claimed illegally, but reserves the right to do so should it hereafter decide to renew the demand.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

A Fenian Meeting in Norwich, Conn.

NORWICH, CONN., March 26.—A large and enthusiastic Fenian meeting was held in the city this evening, at which Senator McQuirk of the Fenian Senate, presided; speeches were delivered by Col. Walsh and Senator Meehan. A company of Fenians in uniform were present, and afterwards paraded the streets.

Riots in North Carolina.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Accounts of lawless outrages in North Carolina are still reported. A band of outlaws have been organised since the establishment of martial law. A party of citizens recently attacked them, and captured several.

Election Meeting and Riot in Charleston.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 26.—A mass meeting to ratify the Republican platform lately adopted by the union league here, was held this afternoon. Four or five thousand negroes of both sexes and all ages were present. Four white and several colored speakers delivered addresses of a radical character. The meeting was followed by a negro torch-light procession to-night. The negroes made several attacks upon the street cars and took possession of one of them. The cars are now guarded by policemen. Considerable excitement prevails throughout the city, and grave apprehensions of further trouble.

The Negro Vote in the South.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The *Herald's* Richmond correspondence says: The press are all turning their attention to securing the negro vote, and Hunnicutt's paper warns the colored people against voting for rebels. In Louisiana similar efforts are being made by the politicians, who, a month ago, were defiantly bent on not voting at all if the negro did, and their leaders did not. Now, they call upon their leaders to sacrifice themselves, and the negro to vote with their old masters and best friends. The first act of General Sheridan, under his new authority, it is reported, will be the removal of Mayor Monroe and the Secession Municipal Government. Governor Wells and General Sheridan, who have been enemies since the riots, have resumed amicable relations.

Doings in Congress.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The *Post's* special says, the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations recommend the rejection of the nomination of Frank P. Blair as Minister to Austria.

The *Commercial's* special says—The Judiciary Committee will probably report in favor of Senator Wilson's resolution to release Jeff. Davis. It is also believed Congress will adopt the resolution, and Davis be released within a week.

More Fighting in Mexico.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 22.—From Caeronavaco on the 6th inst., Gen. Alvares, senior, writes, it is rumored here that the traitor Gen. Mendeze's forces were routed in battle by Gen. Escobedo's command. Mendeze was among the killed. Miramon attempted to effect a junction with Mendeze before the battle, but was routed and lost both legs in the engagement by a cannon ball. Gen. Parfereia Diaz was threatening the city of Puebla with 6,000 men. From the tenor of letters received from well informed parties it is confident that no further engagements of consequence will occur between the contending forces. They believe that Maximilian has concentrated the best of his forces in a body with a view of making terms with the Liberal Government, preparatory to leaving the country.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, March 26, 1867.

A numerously attended meeting was held at the Corn Exchange to-day, at which resolutions were passed highly commending the action of the Montreal Telegraph Company in making arrangements to extend their lines this season to Halifax and the Eastern Provinces generally, so as to ensure direct communication with all parts of the Confederation, also applauding the intention of the company to make a considerable reduction in the charges for telegraphing, which in the opinion of the meeting would result in a great increase of business.

Col. Wolsely has left for Montreal *en route* for England. His departure is much regretted by the volunteer force by whom it was entirely unexpected.

The exhibition of fine arts is in full progress and is daily improving in the number of articles exhibited.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 26, 1867.

The trial of Broneucher at Sorel for poisoning his paramour's husband still continues.

Col. Brown was arraigned at the Court of Queen's Bench to-day, and pleaded not guilty. He seemed perfectly composed and altogether unaffected by his position in the criminal's dock. His trial will commence on Tuesday next.

Mr. Mederic Lanctot has been delivering an incendiary speech to the workingmen of this city, on the subject of Trades' Unions and Class Legislation. Fortunately his audience did not exhibit any particular approbation of his views.

YESTERDAY'S CABLE NEWS

Kossuth Protesting Against the Austro-Hungarian Arrangement.

TURIN, March 25.—Kossuth who is now residing in this city, has written a letter protesting against the arrangement made between Hungary and the Emperor of Austria.

Wreck on the Irish Coast.

LIVERPOOL, March 25.—The bark *Wild Horse*, from New York bound to Liverpool, is reported lost on the Irish coast.

Arrival Out of the Steamship "Peruvian."

LIVERPOOL, March 25.—The steamship *Peruvian*, which left Portland on the 9th inst., arrived on Sunday.

The Reform Bill Debate Resumed.

LONDON, March 25—Midnight.—In the House of Commons to-night the debate on the Reform Bill was resumed. Mr. Gladstone made a speech, in which he declaimed against the Government plan of reform, and opposed the second reading of the Reform Bill.

—The foliage of pine trees in Austria has been made into a fibre that is good for stuffing chairs and mattresses, and from which are woven successfully bed covering and similar substitutes for heavy woolens.

—The London *Saturday Review* says: "So long as there are mothers left with daughters to be married, so long will matchmaking continue to be pursued; and it must obviously be pursued the more energetically to keep pace with the growing disinclination of bachelors among the upper and middle classes to face the responsibilities of married life."

POLITICAL MEETING AT FITZROY.

Messrs. Holmes and Gibson Nominated.

We have received from an attentive correspondent the following account of a meeting held at Fitzroy on the 14th inst.:

J. O'Neil, Esq., Reeve, being called to the chair, stated that he understood from the advertisement which appeared in the TIMES, that the object of the meeting had reference to the representation of what he had the pleasure of announcing, was the Metropolitan County of the Dominion of Canada. It was called, he believed, to afford an opportunity to the electors of Fitzroy of expressing their views before the issuing of the writs, as to who should and who should not, receive their support at the coming election. This was done not to exclude any man who might covet the honor of representing the county from coming forward, but to show that they as free and enlightened men, were capable of managing their own affairs; there were men in Carleton as capable of representing it, as any that could be imported. He for one would support local candidates, it made no difference if they were poor men, worth is the only requisite that ever has or will be acknowledged in the county. Carleton has demonstrated and is prepared to demonstrate again that it cannot be bought.

Mr. Harris was then called on. He said that as this was the first opportunity that had been afforded the electors of the Township, (since the resignation of their late member,) to give public expression to their appreciation of his services, he would beg leave to move that this meeting fully recognizes the valuable services rendered by our late member—Sherriff Powell—to the Conservative interest while in Parliament. The motion he thought would speak for itself, it was the least tribute they could pay to a man who had spent the best part of a lifetime in battling for the interests of this part of Canada. Yes, and we are now reaping the benefits accruing from his successful efforts in placing Central Canada in a position to vie, in the march of improvement with either west or east. To him (he continued) they were in a great measure indebted for their county being the Metropolitan County. He did not think that it was necessary for him to bring under review Mr. Powell's Parliamentary career, but he would challenge any man to prove from the records of the province, that their late member had ever given a vote adverse to the interests of the county or of the country at large. Sheriff Powell showed himself the right man in the right place, and he, Mr. Harris, hoped he would long be spared to enjoy the reward to which he was justly entitled.

Wm. Owens, Esq., said he had much pleasure in seconding the motion, which was then put to the meeting and carried by acclamation.

Moved by Wm. Wilson, seconded by Mr. R. Armstrong, that it is the opinion of this meeting that there should be united action taken by the Conservatives of the county to return to Parliament the men of their choice without incurring any expense on their candidates.—Carried.

Moved by Wm. Dean, Esq., seconded by Wm. Storey, Esq., and *Resolved*, that conscientiously believing as we do, that in the present as in the past, the moral, political, and material progress of the age, as well as the genuine loyalty of the country is to be found in the Conservative party; that the time will soon arrive when a general election to both the Local and Federal Parliaments must be held, we pledge ourselves to use every legitimate means to strengthen the party and advance its interests and secure the election to the several Parliaments of men who will faithfully represent our principles and policy.—Carried.

Mr. Robert Storey, Deputy Reeve, said that it was his good fortune to be the mover of a resolution which he felt sure would be well received, not only in this township but in every township in the county; it had reference to his friend Mr. Holmes, a gentleman for whom he entertained the greatest respect. He had known him intimately for a number of years, and always admired his honesty and uprightness. Of his fitness for the position to which he now aspired he (Mr. S.) did not think it necessary for him to say anything. As Warden Mr. Holmes had proved himself capable of managing municipal affairs with credit to himself and to the county. He hoped that he (Mr. H.) would receive that generous support to which he was entitled. He commended Mr. Holmes for the courage he displayed in placing himself before the county. Further remark he thought would be out of place and he would at once move,

That as there is already one gentleman in the field of tried Conservative principles—namely, John Holmes, Esq., County Warden—this meeting is of the opinion, that the said John Holmes is entitled to the entire support of the Conservatives of this county. The motion was seconded by Wm. McGuiley.

It was moved in amendment by Wm. Wilson, seconded by John Howe, that this meeting do not pledge itself to support Mr. Holmes in the event of a man better qualified for the position presenting himself.—Lost.

The original motion was then put and carried.

The chairman then called upon John Holmes, Esq. Mr. Holmes believed that Carleton should represent itself; acting upon that belief he had placed himself in the field. He had no doubt, but that outside the county there were many men only too ready to offer themselves, if they thought they could do so with any chance of succeeding, but those men he believed would think twice before attempting to palm themselves off on a constituency that could bring men just as capable, if not more so than themselves; they might not, it is true, have the polish, but they had those sterling qualities that would come out of the wear and tear of political strife the brighter for the friction. He would not be understood to throw any imputation upon gentlemen residing outside of the county, but he spoke thus, from a conviction that it was time that Carleton should look to itself for a representative, and acting upon that conviction he offered himself, and he felt sure that he would receive from the electors a hearty support. He did not wish to overrate his abilities, there were men better qualified he had no doubt of it, and if the people brought such a man forward, he would willingly resign, and do all in his power to secure his return, but he would have them to understand that that man, whoever he might be, must be a resident of the county.

Mr. Harris again took the floor and spoke of the necessity of united action. It was no use, he contended, for men to hold back and profess to be independent in politics; there was no such thing, as in the party warfare brought to a close by confederation, men had either to profess themselves Conservatives or Liberals. So doubtless in the new order of things, party lines would be again drawn. Carleton is Conservative, and will not be imposed upon. Let the party work together, and they will be represented in the first Confederate Parliament by a man of known and tried principles, and that man will be John Holmes.

Moved by James Shaw, Esq., seconded by Francis O'Neil, Esq., J. P., that J. O'Neil, Reeve, R. Storey, Deputy Reeve, R. Harris, Esq., J.P., Wm. Owens, Esq., and Wm. Storey, J. P., together with the mover and seconder, be a committee to draw up a requisition to Dr. Gibson, requesting him to consent to come forward as a Candidate to represent the County of Carleton in the Local Parliament of Ontario.

Mr. Shaw having spoken at some length in favor of the motion, it was put to the meeting and carried.

Captain Frazer having been called on regretted that more notice had not been given of the meeting. He entered into explanations of the course he intended to pursue in reference to his company, that owing to the treatment he received there was no other course open to him but that of tendering his resignation. He would, however, should the Fenians again threaten invasion, shoulder his musket and fight in the ranks. He hoped his confrere, Captain Holmes, would be successful in the bloodless campaign in which he was now engaged. At the conclusion of a lengthy speech Captain Frazer was warmly applauded.

The Chairman then called upon Mr. Cars, who remarked much had been said of which he approved, but he thought some rather hard things had also been said. Among the latter he would speak of one that seemed pointed at himself, Mr. Harris had stated that in politics a man had to be something or nothing. Now, he, Mr. Cars, would have it known that there is a class of men known as independents, a numerous and intelligent class, and to that class he had the honor to belong. As far as he was concerned, were he a member of Parliament (an office to which he did not aspire), he would vote for measures, not men, and that he conceived was the honest course for any man to pursue.

Mr. Harris disclaimed having had any reference to Mr. Cars.

Mr. Shaw could not conceive how any man could flatter himself that he could fill an independent stand without exposing himself to being made the butt of both parties. A good measure would receive the support of every conscientious man irrespective of his party ties.

A vote of thanks was then moved to the Chairman, who, in replying, congratulated the meeting on the orderly and dignified manner in which the business had been conducted.

MAILS BY THE AUSTRALASIAN.

The mails by this steamship are to the 9th inst., from which we take the following items:

CONFEDERATION OF BRITISH AMERICA.

The British North America Bill was read a third time and passed in the House of Commons on the evening of the 8th inst. It lead to no discussion.

NAPOLEON'S FOREIGN POLICY.

Emile de Girardin has been fined 5,000f. for writing an elaborate attack on the Emperor Napoleon's foreign policy, in the course of which he affirmed and professed to prove that, whatever territorial advantages France may have gained by her foreign policy, they have been now more than balanced by the price she was forced to pay for them; that her influence as a great power was so feeble that she could not even save the Poles from a single cruelty of the many inflicted upon them by their oppressors; that she has lost, by her war with Russia in defence of Turkey, and with Austria in defence of Italy; that at home she has lost her liberties, and has gained nothing but the impunity of workmen's strikes; and what, perhaps, is worse still, that the only plausible reason put forth by the Emperor for the *Coup d'Etat* of December was utterly groundless; that all his pretexts alleged in his justification were utterly futile, and could not bear a moment's examination; and finally, that France was at this moment weaker than she was before 1851 in respect of her foreign relations; and that at home she was enslaved to such a degree that she not only could not prevent the irreparable faults which her rulers have committed, but that she is powerless to prevent those that may yet be committed.

LATEST FROM THE SCENE OF THE RISING.

Writing from Limerick Junction on the evening of the 7th March, the *Times'* correspondent says:

It was difficult in passing through Dublin to-day to believe that the city had but yesterday been threatened by an armed insurrection. The banks were open, the jewellers' shops displayed their richest stores, and business seemed to be carried on as if the Fenians had been "menacing" Dublin as usual from New York instead of from their "camp at Tallaght," within half a dozen miles of Dublin. You saw no anxious, preoccupied faces, and no eager groups talking over the events of yesterday. The inhabitants seemed disposed to treat the outbreak as a failure which would forever dispose of Fenian pretensions. "They have done their best and their worst, these people, and have shown some power of mischief, along with a still greater power of making themselves and their cause ridiculous." This was the prevailing opinion among those with whom one had an opportunity of talking. Everybody knew that when the Fenians rose they would be defeated: but few even of those who most despised the Fenian movement, thought that the rising would be so very contemptible as it has proved in the neighborhood of Dublin. I had no time to visit the prisoners, but am told that they are mostly lads of from 17 to 18 and upwards—apprentices, shop assistants, clerks, and a dirty, ragged following, with which a soldier would be loth to march through Coventry, much less Dublin. The most manly and the best set-up amongst them are the Irish-Americans. It does not appear, however, that they showed the spirit that might have been expected from men who claim to have fought in the New World, not without glory. When "General" Massey was arrested by a policeman on the platform *here he swooned away and remained in a faint for ten minutes*, only reviving after liberal applications of cold water. Massey is said to have been the Generalissimo-designate of the Fenian army. He had two revolvers in his pockets when captured; and of course he may have swooned, not from mortal fright, but from mortification at so ignominious an end to his martial career.

THE COMPLETE BREAK-DOWN OF THE MOVEMENT.

The Cork correspondent of the same journal writing on the same day, further says:—During the last 24 hours the aspect of the insurrection in the south has been completely altered. Of the large and formidable force which began the outbreak on Tuesday night there now remain only a few disorganized and disheartened bands, fleeing before small detachments of military and police sent in pursuit of them. A large number of the men who left this city on Tuesday night to join the insurgents at Carrignavar have already returned to their homes within the last twelve hours. They are chiefly laboring men employed in stores, with a few drapers' clerks and shopmen, who acted as leaders in the business. In the Middleton band the desertions have also been numerous. Out of the 60 men who left the town of Middleton on the night the insurrection began 30 have come back. Some of the Cloyne contingent have also returned. The united bands of Cloyne, Middleton, and Killeagh were led by Captain M'Clure, an Irish-American officer, who had, as his subordinates, Daly, the carpenter, shot dead at Castlemartyr, and a laboring man named Joyce—a fellow over six feet high, who at the last Cork Assizes was tried for the murder of a farmer named Walsh, of whose wife he was the paramour. He was acquitted by the jury, but such was the sense of his guilt that the Crown made his departure to America a condition of his release. He went to Liverpool and shortly afterwards returned to Cloyne, where he was until lately employed as a laborer. The Cork contingent was under the direction of another Yankee officer, Francis Lomas, who, in a pass which he gave to a gentleman to secure his house from molestation, described himself as "commanding the 2nd Division of the Cork Infantry of the Irish Republican army." His force numbered 500 men, armed with guns and pikes, in the proportion of two-thirds of the former, and a third of the latter. This band has, it is believed, been completely broken up by the skirmish with the 67th on Bottlehill. Such of the Middleton contingent as still hold together, have retreated through Tallow to the mountainous parts of the county of Wexford.

The rebel party in Kilmallock—the chief band in the county Limerick—has, like the rest, become quite disorganized, and is being followed by detachments of troops and police. Intelligence has just been received that a body of the rebels, of which the Kilmallock band may have formed part, was overtaken at Bansha this morning and fired upon. One of the rebels was killed and 31 captured. Among the prisoners was a man who is known as the "Special," and who was in command. The rest of the insurgents decamped, throwing away their arms. There are still numerous predatory bands in Clare, Limerick and Tipperary, but the militant force of the insurrection there has already melted away.

The cities of Cork, Limerick and Waterford, remain perfectly tranquil, and in the county Kerry the only outrage which has been committed was the destruction of the telegraph wires at Mill-street.

Mr. Bourne, the manager of the Union Bank, who was shot by the Fenians at Kilmallock, was suspected by them of having given the information which led to the arrest of a hotelkeeper named Sullivan in the town early on Tuesday evening, before the rising took place. He still lies in a precarious condition.

The Correspondence Respecting the Fenian Aggression.

The following extracts from this correspondence will be read with interest:

[Mr. Seward to Sir F. Bruce.]

"Paraphrase of a Telegraphic Message in cypher received from Sir F. Bruce at 2 o'clock, a. m., June 12, 1866.

"I am directed by the President to inform you that, according to statements which have been made to the General commanding the United States troops on the frontier, the United States territory has been entered by British soldiers in pursuit of the Fenians under Spear; that prisoners were captured in the State of Vermont, and that threats have been made by persons in the British service that fugitives so taken, as well as Fenians made prisoners in Canada, would be summarily put to death without any forms of law. Though it is probable that these reports may not prove to be accurately true, the Government of the United States will be much disturbed if measures of needless rigour, not justified by existing laws, are taken against Fenian criminals; and the President desires me to say that he earnestly trusts that such persons will only be proceeded against in due course of law, and he even hopes that they will be treated with signal moderation. The United States Government believe that the United States and Congress will agree completely with the sentiments which I have expressed."

[Reply of the Governor-General of Canada to the above.]

"If British troops have violated the territory of the United States, they have done so against strict orders, and I much regret it. Any prisoners proved to be taken by them on the territory of the Republic shall be liberated at once.

"The civil power holds all persons captured up to this time, and the wishes of the United States Government cannot be permitted to interfere with the administration of justice in this Province.

"That Government is entitled to my thanks, which I beg you will convey to them for vigorously and faithfully putting their laws in force against the Fenians *after the invasion of Canada had actually taken place.*"

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

The Cental System Abandoned.

DETROIT, March 25.—The Board of Trade have abandoned the cental system.

Shocking Murder in Portland.

PORTLAND, ME., March 25.—Geo. Rolfe was murdered on Sunday morning by Eben Williams, who shot him through the heart with a rifle and then cut off his head with an axe. Williams is imbecile.

James Stephens, C. O. I. R., Luxuriating in Paris.

NEW YORK, March 26.—A Paris correspondent of the London *Sunday Gazette* says: Stephens and a number of American officers are in Paris, quite innocent of the rising in Ireland which took them by surprise.

French Opinion on American Matters.

The *Opinione Nationale* has an article on the Fenian movement, in which it hints that the United States Government connived at the rebellion in the interest of Russia, as a means of embarrassing England at a critical moment of her diplomatic correspondence on the Eastern question.

More Southern Trouble Apprehended.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The *Tribune's* special says, the postponement of action on the adjournment of Congress, was caused by anticipated trouble in the South, and that General Grant advised against an early adjournment. Trouble is also anticipated in Maryland during the sitting of the convention, which is to frame a new constitution for the State. Prominent radicals are at Washington asking aid from Congress. On Saturday the Adjutant-General enrolled 500 men in the regular army.

Liberal Donation.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Appleton & Co. have donated one hundred thousand school books to the trustees of the Peabody educational fund.

The Movement in Mexico.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The *Herald's* special denies the report of the defeat of the Liberals near Queretaro by Maximilian's forces. The Liberal lines are within seven miles of that place.

The *Herald's* Chihuahua correspondent says: The hatred of the people towards Americans grows more intense every day.

The Cretans Again Victorious.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The *Tribune's* Crete correspondence says: The insurgents have been successful in two important battles, and the whole Island was again in arms. The people were more determined than ever to be satisfied with nothing short of annexation to Greece.

WITCHCRAFT IN WALES.

A noted quack in South Wales, calling himself "Dr. Harris," has just got into trouble. He was brought before the magistrates at Rhayader a day or two since, and the following evidence was given against him:—Thomas Mynor Jones said he arrived in England, from America, on the 5th of November last; he had been ill for a long time, and, having heard of Dr. Harris consulted him. He met the doctor, was examined, and paid £2 down and £2 on the 21st of November. The doctor told him that he had been "witched" by a woman in America, wrote something on a piece of paper which he sewed in a bag, and told witness to wear it round his neck, but on no account to let the bag fall to the ground or the charm would be broken. The doctor promised to show him in a glass the woman who had "witched" him, but he did not do so. He was no better, and though he had received medicine it had done him no good. Edwin Jones, brother to last witness, said he too had consulted Doctor Harris, who made him lie down on a bed, and examined his chest, right knee, and right arm, which he said were out to joint, and that he too had been bewitched. He paid him about £6 altogether, and Dr. Harris gave him a paper to wear, upon which was written, "The fourth is Maynom, one of the powers who hath the ability of superficient administration and protection, that is at one and the same time to be present with many. His presence must be sought by humility and prayer. The fifth good genius is Gaomum, an angel of celestial brightness, who hath the peculiar ability of rendering his pupil invisible to any evil spirit whatsoever." The witness added that he saw Dr. Harris write the inscription, and the doctor told him there was not such a man as he in England, Scotland, or Wales, but there was one in France who possessed the same powers. Samuel Phillips, of Builth, had been duped and paid several instalments of ten shillings. The doctor told him that if he did not give him more money he would "see him in hell," as he was master of "hell and the devils." He said he had been bewitched by a woman on Christmas-day. Inspector Jones said the prisoner's name did not appear in the "Medical Register" for 1867, and that he had issued circulars calling himself "Doctor," and the reason he apprehended him was his obtaining money by false pretences as a medical man without a proper diploma. The magistrate committed the prisoner to take his trial at the next Radnorshire assizes.—*Liverpool Courier.*

NEWS ITEMS.

—There is forty feet of snow at several points in Bridger's Pass, Utah.

—"Stuffing" in this country develops the fair as well as the fowl.

—The lady wearing the largest waterfall is considered the Niagara of fashion.

—The Legislature of Alabama has just created a new county and named it "Dixie."

—Lead worth $7,700,000 has been taken from two sections of land in Grant county, Wis.

—An Ohioan who lost $12,000 in working a Mississippi plantation, says "the colored men may fight nobly, but they don't work worth a——."

—Josh Billings says there is nothing more touching in this life than to see a poor but virtuous young man struggling with a moustache.

—A sweet potato from the Azores, weighing thirteen and a quarter pounds, and thirty inches in circumference, is on exhibition in Boston.

—A little girl eight years of age is performing the duties of engineer, at a well on Bennehoff Run. She is paid $3 a day, the salary of the best engineers.

—The first gold coins called "guineas" were struck in the reign of Charles II., and received the name because they were coined from gold brought from Guinea.

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and dressing, the great unequalled preparations for restoring, invigorating, beautifying and dressing the hair. Sold by all druggists.

—The wreck of the old rebel ram *Merrimac*, a constant terror to steamers and other vessels passing to and from Norfolk in the night-time, is shortly to be removed by means of torpedoes.

—The great desert in Sahara is in process of transformation into a garden. Every day new oases are produced by the multiplication of artesian wells, which supply vast quantities of water.

A BUNCH OF KEYS.—The key of the palace, lack-key; the key of the stable, jock-key; the key of the convent, mon-key; the key of the kitchen, tur-key; the key of the cellar, whiskey; the key for curing colds, frost-bites, sprains, bruises, burns, is the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at 25cts per bottle. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge.*

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself
Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 24 237-y

MARRIED.

On the 26th instant, at Christ Church, Ottawa, by the Rev. J. S. Lauder, M. A., William Duck, Esq., Barrister, Pembroke, to Annie, third daughter of Mr. F. P. Rubidge, of the City of Ottawa.

DIED.

In this city, on the 26th inst., Harriet Ann, third daughter of Mr. Robert Stanley.

The funeral will leave her father's residence, Wellington-street, Upper Town, at 4 o'clock this p m, Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Money Wanted!

$4,000 Wanted forthwith, on first-class unencumbered real estate security, situate within two miles of this city. Apply to
W. H. WALKER,
Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 27, 1867. 393-a

Wanted!

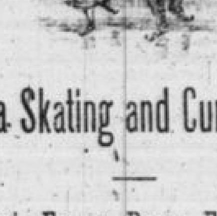
A Salesman for a Dry Goods Store in Pembroke. Apply to
MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, March 27, 1867. 393-3

Wanted,

IN A SMALL FAMILY, A GOOD COOK and LAUNDRESS. Apply to 61, Daly-street.
March 27. 393tf

Card of Thanks.

I. M. TRAVERSY BEGS TO express his sincere gratitude to the Officers and Men of the 100th Regiment for the valuable services rendered by them in recovering from the wreck of his property such portions thereof as were not destroyed by the late disastrous fire on Sussex-street. Mr. Traversy would also return his best thanks to the firemen for their brave exertions to extinguish the fire on the above occasion.
March 27. 393-1



Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

The Last Fancy Dress Entertainment OF THE SEASON.

A GRAND FANCY DRESS ENTERTAINMENT will take place

AT THE RINK,

ON

Tuesday evening, 2nd April.

This being the last of the season, the Directors intend using every exertion to make it a complete success. The Rink will be handsomely decorated for the occasion.

LADY PATRONESSES:

MRS. ROBT. LYON, MRS. STEELE,
MRS. WADE, MRS. ROSS.

COMMITTEE:

J. M. CURRIER, ESQ., M. P. P. — ROBT. LYON, ESQ.
C. T. BATE, ESQ., — W. WADE, ESQ.
B. BATSON, ESQ., — J. LEB. ROSS, ESQ.,
W. H. AUMOND, ESQ.

None but those in Costume will be allowed on the Ice. Non-Subscribers must be introduced by Subscribers.

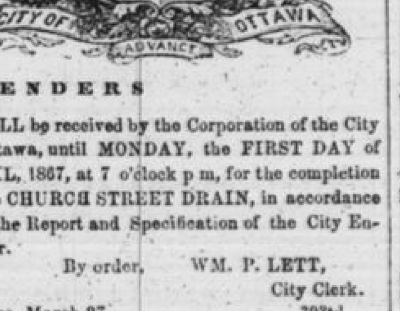
ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

MR. G. W. LESTER has over 40 beautiful Costumes to let out at very low prices.

MR. DETLOR, Superintendent O. & P. Railway, has kindly consented to carry parties coming to the Entertainment, and return, AT ONE FARE.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

March 27. 393td



TENDERS

WILL be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the FIRST DAY of APRIL, 1867, at 7 o'clock p m, for the completion of the CHURCH STREET DRAIN, in accordance with the Report and Specification of the City Engineer.

By order, WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
Ottawa, March 27. 393td

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY!

GREAT ATTRACTION

AT HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL IN TOWN OF

THE "BIG LITTLE WOMAN."

SHE WEIGHS THE ENORMOUS Weight of 516 POUNDS; Measures around the body 7 feet 9 inches, (no Hoops); around the arm, 27 inches; around the calf, 38 inches; and yet is only 5 feet 1 inch tall, only 13 inches across the shoulders, and however incredible, wears with ease a number 6 glove, and a number 3 shoe.

These are facts which must be seen to be believed, and when seen, you are tempted to doubt the reality still!

Her affable and pleasing manner in conversation, supported by a liberal endowment of intellect and wit from Nature, makes her entertainments the most attractive of the kind.

Up to the age of twenty she was very small and delicate, weighing at the time only 105 pounds. She is now thirty-six years old, enjoys the best of health, and seems perfectly contented with her lot in this world, which certainly is a "big one."

ADMISSION 15cts. - CHILDREN 10cts.

Open from 9 a m to 10 o'clock p m.
March 27. 393a

EXTENSIVE SALE OF REAL ESTATE By Auction.

H. McLEAN

HAS RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS from the HEIRS of the late

Capt. John LeBreton,

TO SELL ON THE 16TH OF APRIL,

AT THE

RUSSELL HOUSE,

IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA,

At 11 O'Clock, a. m.,

The following Lots, situated on the

Flats and Victoria Terrace.

No. 4, in Block A; No. 2, in Block D; No. 14, in Block E, with a nice Cottage thereon; Nos. 1, 2, 15 and 17, in Block F; Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6 and 10, in G; Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 8 and 9, in I; No. 3, in Block J; Nos. 4 and 6, in Block K; Nos. 3 and 11, in Block L; Nos. 15, 18 and 24, in Block M, Victoria Terrace; Nos. 5, 7, 8 and 10, in Block N, Richmond Road; No. 2, in Block Q; No. 1, in Block S.

Also, at the same time and place,

57 Acres of Lot No. 40,

In the 1st Concession Nepean, R. Front, to be sold in Lots to suit purchasers.

Plans to be seen in my office until the day of Sale.

Terms, one-fourth cash; balance in three equal annual instalments.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, March 27. 393td

To Rent,

A DESIRABLE FURNISHED HOUSE in Centre Town. Apply at this office.
March 27. 393a

Dr. Charles A. Mondelet,

"Fellow of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery,"

SURGEON DENTIST.

OFFICE—Corner of Sparks and Elgin-streets. Special attention paid to the regulating of children's teeth. Office hours, from 8 a m to 6 p m.
Ottawa, March 26. 392-2

LOST.—On Tuesday last, the 19th instant, an ENGLISH RIDING WHIP, silver mounted, between the Railroad Depot, on Sussex-street, or York-street. Any person leaving the same at Mr. P. Buckley's Livery Stable, Metcalfe-street, will be suitably rewarded.
Ottawa, March 25. 391-3

CITY OF GLASGOW

Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.

ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 STG.

THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.

RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.

NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

VICTORIA SKATING CLUB.

SKATING

TOURNAMENT!

ON

THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1867.

COMMITTEE:

S. H. THOMPSON, ESQ.
CAPT. HALLOWES, 25TH K. O. B.
ROBERT C. COWAN, ESQ.
DR. BREWSTER.

JUDGES:

CAPT. BLOOMFIELD.
T. F. G. HOWELL, ESQ.
W. E. MACKENZIE, ESQ.

FIRST PRIZE—CUP, Value $50. *Open to the World.* Competitors, not members of the Club, to be formally introduced by a member. Professional Skaters excluded.

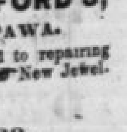
SECOND PRIZE—Value $20. Open to the members of the Club only, the winner of the First Prize being excluded.

THIRD PRIZE—Value $20. Open to Young Ladies, members of the Club, under fourteen years of age.

Competitors will please send their names to the Secretary (39 Little St. James-street) on or before the 26th inst.

W. F GAIRDNER,
Secy.-Treasurer.
Montreal, March 21. 390td

New Watches & Clocks,



New Fancy Goods,

New Gold & Silver Jewellery,

New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,

30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class Astronomical Clock such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.
December 1, 1866. 296y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of

MASKS.

ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also

Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Cards.

1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.

P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.
Ottawa, March 19. 386tf

FOR SALE.
2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.
E. McGILLIVRAY.
Aug. 10-200tf

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others.

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions, and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare add advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384f

BY AUTHORITY.

THE ANNUAL VOLUNTEER AND SERVICE MILITIA LIST OF CANADA, FOR 1867.

Price 25cts.

For sale by the Publisher,
GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Cor. of Sparks and O'Connor-streets.

Ottawa, March 22. 389a

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants, where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, March 18. 385b

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 385-3m

LIFE ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,

FOUNDED 1838. FOR
LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:
PLACE D'ARMES.....MONTREAL.
INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A, THE BONUSES
Are paid in Money to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made *every year* in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 62½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy-holders during their own lives!

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES
Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a

Most Important Provision in Old Age

to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £1560, making the sum assured £2560, instead of £1000.

Or, he may then exchange his large Bonus Addition for One Cash Payment of about £1000 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £102 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM
Can anything like the same amount of benefits be obtained, whether as regards increase of sum Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment or Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year in Class B. will receive at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than later Entrants—the difference being probably so much as £40 on a £1000 policy.

The 28th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WARDLAW,
Secretary.

Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,.....Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior,.....Vacant
Almonte,.....Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham,.....Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville,.....Mr. R. Lemon
Pembroke,.....Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

AUCTION SALES.

Important Catalogue Sale
OF
Bankrupt Stock and New Spring DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have received instructions from WM. WALKER, ESQ., Official Assignee to the Estate of P. Couture & Co., of Quebec, to sell at their stores, St. Francois Xavier-street, on

Wednesday, the 27th March,

And following days, the whole of the STOCK-IN-TRADE belonging to the above Estate, forming a very complete and general assortment of

First-Class Dry Goods,

in every variety, the greater portion of the goods having been purchased within the last six months.

The Inventory amounts to over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. Purchasers desirous of purchasing Dry Goods, will find the above a rare opportunity of assorting their Stocks, as the whole will be sold without reserve.

—ALSO,—
BY THE PACKAGE AND LOT.
THE CONTENTS OF
150 PACKAGES
New Spring Dry Goods,
Just received, consisting of
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT.
—AND—
The contents of TWENTY-THREE PACKAGES READY-MADE CLOTHING, FLANNEL SHIRTS, &c.

TERMS LIBERAL.
Sale each day at TEN o'clock.
BENNING & BARSALOU.

Montreal, March 15. 382td

A CARD.
A. ROWE,
Principal Auctioneer of the City of Ottawa.

SALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION solicited. Valuation of Household Furniture and effects carefully attended to.

Principal Office and Sales Room No. 42 North Side of Rideau Street.

Mr. Rowe in referring to the above Card begs respectfully to say that he has completed arrangements for conducting sales this spring in a manner that must give general satisfaction.

Though favoured last year, and for some years past, with the management of most of the important Sales which have taken place in the city, and he is happy to say universal satisfaction has been given in every respect.

Some of the reasons for Mr. Rowe's great success in conducting sales are, his extensive acquaintance with the purchasers, both in the city and country, and also his experience has given him a thorough knowledge of the value of every article he offers for sale.

And the most essential part which he was the first to introduce is to close and cash a sale the second day after it takes place

Any number of references can be given if required.

Consignments of every description solicited.

Cash advances made on consignments for positive sale if required.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 386y

NOTICE.
O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,
No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Sets, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at
ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post* where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

New Spring Goods,
New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,
ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Fancy Dress Goods,
Black Mantle Cloths,
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings,
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

OVER 50 PACKAGES
NEW
SPRING DRY GOODS!
TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Miltons,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
Cassimeres,
&c., &c.
G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal School, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.
Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!
—AT—
GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,
MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF
New Whitney and Horse Blankets!
OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up.....$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,.....$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,.....$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866.....$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,....$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shown above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CORNS & BUNIONS
EXTRACTED
WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for occular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J Burn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

☞ Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

C. BANSLEY & CO.
No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!
AND
Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware,
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:
Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.
M. P. HAYES,
Agent.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $36, and without profits.....$43.00
In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.....25.31
And each subsequent year.....26.74
Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent.
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine
Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

☞ Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:
London,.....Liverpool,.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DeLISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 3c6-3m

PHŒNIX
Mutual Life Insurance
COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Dividend Fifty per Cent., Applied in Reduction of Premiums.

THIS COMPANY, ESTABLISHED IN Hartford in 1831, is one of the oldest and most reliable wholly Mutual Life Companies in the United States, and has been uniformly successful. By the last report of the Insurance Commissioners of Massachusetts the surplus or assets *over* liabilities was proportionably greater than any Insurance Company in the United States. The Company being purely Mutual, all the profits go to the Insured, and it insures at the lowest possible rates.

Parties contemplating LIFE INSURANCE will serve their interests by insuring with this company; nearly double the amount of Insurance can in most cases be obtained in it for the same outlay in other companies.

The undersigned, having been appointed agent for Ottawa, will furnish prospectuses and full information.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE,
AGENT.

W. J. HENRY, M. D.,
MEDICAL EXAMINER.
OFFICE:—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa.

Ottawa, February 23. 366d

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1ST, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 36	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,196 69
1862	168,269 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, } Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES WILSON, }
SAMUEL L. TALCOTT,
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.
OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.
Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-tf

1867. FRESH TEAS 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-Street,
Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,
(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:
Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultanas,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.
Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel.

CHEESE:
English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kilfend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.
Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:
Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:
DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.
Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy,
Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:
Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, andles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 6. 372tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOUSES TO LET.—TWO two story frame Houses, situate on the North side of Queen-street near the Crown Timber Office, with Sheds attached, and good spring water; also Garden to each house. Possession from 1st May next. Apply to the proprietor, James Mathews, Corner of Bank and Biddy-streets.

Ottawa, March 25. 391-2awlM

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

Apply to
WILLIAM CLEGG,
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

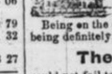
TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.



NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

TO LET.

TWO BRICK HOUSES
On Stuart-street, Sandy Hill,

CONTAINING Nine Rooms, and a Kitchen each, having good wells in the yards, and pumps in the Kitchens.

—ALSO,—

THREE NEW HOUSES
On the North side of Rideau-street,

CONTAINING Seven Rooms and a Kitchen each. Possession given on the 1st of April, if required. Rent moderate.

Apply to
R. H. McGREEVY,
Or to D. O'CONNOR,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 2. 372tf

PIANO-FORTE INSTRUCTION.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony, in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Mono-hromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 1. 384-3m

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,
NOW ON SALE -
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 1¼ lb each, 4s 2d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessy.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.
Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 16. 225tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING,
AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET,
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

☞ All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24
Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.
STILL WE PROGRESS.
OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD
THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by
W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa.

377tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 368tf

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the City cleaned of all filth and nuisances: And whereas the introduction and spread of Cholera, Typhus and other contagious diseases is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city: And whereas

The Board of Health

Under and by virtue of the Powers conferred upon them by various Acts of Parliament, establishing "Boards of Health," and in accordance with various By-laws of the City of Ottawa, have deemed it advisable that immediate steps should be taken for cleansing the City.

Now Know Ye that I,

ROBERT LYON, Mayor of the City of Ottawa, do hereby order and direct, that all Yards, Cellars, Stables, Outhouses and other Buildings and Enclosures, Lanes or Alleys, shall be thoroughly cleansed of all Filth, Dirt, Nightsoil, or other impurities by the owners or persons occupying the same,

Before the 20th day of April,

1867: And I hereby give notice that the Chief of Police and the Constabulary of this City are enjoined to proceed, at once, to have all Privy Pits, Cesspools, &c., thoroughly cleansed, and to see this order carried into effect, and all and every person or person disobeying or neglecting to observe the same, on or before the Twentieth day of April, 1867, will be punished according to law.

GIVEN under my hand at the City of Ottawa this 22nd day of March, A. D. 1867.

ROBERT LYON, Mayor.

Ottawa, March 25. 391tf

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL CONGREGATIONS, or others owning Churches, and individuals, corporations and companies owning Halls, Theatres, or other Buildings used for the purpose of holding public meetings, or places of public resort or amusement, all the doors shall be so hinged that they may open freely outwards, on or before the 15th day of August, 1867, and any parties neglecting or refusing to do so will be prosecuted according to law.

THOS. LANGRELL, Chief of Police.

Ottawa, March 22. 389tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership, the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT, 25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope, by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO., 25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 343y

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS, Secretary and Treasurer, Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE HOURS from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC:

Servants' and Laborers' Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT, 56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 293

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, Barrister, Ottawa.

March 380d

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*: also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, NEWCASTLE, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dwtm

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO., 62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

THO^S RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139v

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE, Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON, ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

county of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Ornamental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plants, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculents Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac.

200 ACRES EACH,

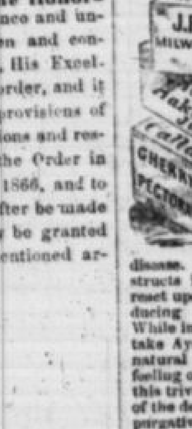
Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., a Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two housand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL, Alexandria Park, Portagedu Fort.

Jan 29, 1867 w6m



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you *what* complaints I have *cured* with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Billious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains*, which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 28th, 1867 368d3w9y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, Ottawa, 12th March, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT NOTICE to Navigators has been issued by the Government of Mauritius, in reference to a floating light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage to be substituted, to the harbour lights at the entrance of Port Louis, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.

By Command,

THOS. WORTHINGTON, Asst. Com. of Customs and Excise.

Governor Sir H. Barkly to Lord Carnarvon.

Mauritius, 18th December, 1866.

Gov. Desp. No. 292, of 31 Oct., 1864. S.S. Desp. No. 361, of 27 April, 1865.

My Lord,— With reference to the previous Correspondence, noted in the margin, on the subject of the substitution of a Floating Light at the entrance of the Harbour of Port Louis for the present Shore Lights, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board of Trade, the accompanying Copies of a Notice, announcing that the change in question will take effect from the 24th May next, and giving the necessary sailing directions for the guidance of vessels approaching the Port. (Enclosure 1. Notice.)

Copies of this Notice have been forwarded to the different countries enumerated in the enclosed list, bearing the signature of the Colonial Secretary, and I beg that information may be given to the other Governments mentioned in the accompanying Copy of a Letter from the Harbour Master, dated the 14th instant, as well as to any Departments of Her Majesty's Government whom the matter may concern. (Enclosure 2. Enclosure 3.)

I have, &c.,

(Signed,) HENRY BARKLY.

The Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, &c., &c., &c.

NOTICE.

On the 24th of May, 1867, the Harbour Lights at the entrance of Port Louis, Mauritius, will be done away with, and a Floating Light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage will be substituted.

The Floating Light Vessel will be moored a little to the N Ward of the present well known Bell Buoy, with the following bearings:

Extreme of land to the northward: N E B N.
Extreme of land to the westward: W b W.
Flagstaff on Fort George: S b ½ S.
Depth of Water: 15 fathoms.

The Light Vessel will be painted white, which will enable her to be distinctly seen against the dark land during the day.

She will shew a "*flashing white Light*" from Sunset to Sunrise, which will be visible a distance of nine miles in every direction from Seaward, from the poop of a large vessel.

The fact of this being a flashing Light, at short intervals, will sufficiently distinguish it from the revolving Light at Flat Island, even were a mistake possible.

Vessels from the northward, after rounding Cannonier Point, must be careful not to bring Cannonier Point Light to the Westward of Flat Island Light, till the Floating Light at the Bell Buoy is seen; they may then steer for the latter, on a S S W ½ W bearing, and anchor on that bearing, from ½ a mile to a mile from the Light.

Vessels approaching the Port from the Westward, may steer from the Floating Light on an E b N ½ N bearing, and either anchor ½ a mile from her on that bearing, or further northward as convenient.

The mooring chain of the Floating Light runs about 50 fathoms in a N N W direction, vessels must therefore be anchored in such a manner as to avoid hooking it.

The depths at the anchorage vary from 12 to 20 fathoms.

All the bearings are Compass bearings.

D. WALES, Harbour Master.

Post Office, 14th December, 1866.

Circulars respecting Floating Light have been sent to

1 The Colonial Secretary, St. Helena.
2 The Colonial Secretary, Cape of Good Hope.
3 The Colonial Secretary, Natal.
4 The Colonial Secretary, Tasmania.
5 The Colonial Secretary, New Zealand.
6 Chief Secretary, South Australia.
7 Colonial Secretary, Western Australia.
8 Colonial Secretary, Queensland.
9 Chief Secretary, Victoria.
10 Secretary to the Government, New South Wales.
11 Colonial Secretary, Ceylon.
12 Secretary to the Government, Bengal.
13 Secretary to the Government, Bombay.
14 Secretary to the Government, Madras.
15 Colonial secretary, Hong Kong.
16 Civil Commissioner, Seychelles.
17 Secretary to the Government, Straits Settlement.
18 Secretary to the Government, Batavia.
19 Chief Commissioner, British Birmah.
20 Secretary to the Government, Manilla (Philipine Islands).
21 Political Resident, Aden.
22 Monsieur L'Ordonnateur, Reunion.
23 Police Magistrate, Rodrigues.

(Signed) FELIX BEDINGFELD, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Mauritius, 17th December, 1866.

Harbour Master to Colonial Secretary.

Port Office, Mauritius, 14th December 1866.

SIR,

As it will be necessary to send intelligence to all parts of the world before substituting a Floating Light at the entrance of this Port for the present Harbour Lights, I have the honor to request that his Excellency the Governor will authorize the printing of the annexed sailing directions, and the forwarding of them by the mail of the 18th instant to all parts of the world.

The rule is to allow such intelligence time to reach every important Port in the world, and give vessels that have left before its arrival time to reach the spot where the new Light is to be placed.

I have proposed therefore, to light up on the 24th of next May, the anniversary of Her Majesty's birth-day, subject to his Excellency's approval, thus allowing five months and one week for the transmission of intelligence, which ought to be sufficient, if no time is lost in sending it from England to North and South America.

I recommend that copies of the notice should be sent to the Governments of the following countries—Russia, Holland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Belgium, France, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Austria, Prussia, Turkey, British North America, United States, Mexico, Brazil, Callao; also to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Admiralty and the Trinity House, for transmission to English, Scotch, and Irish Ports; to the Australian Ports, Cape of Good Hope, the Indian Governments, the Straits Ports and Batavia, Manilla and China, together with any others that may be suggested, and that 100 copies may be sent to this office for distribution among the shipping.

I have, &c.,

(Signed,) D. WALES, Harbour Master.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary, &c., &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. 1, 1867.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following amended notice of the erection of a Lighthouse on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, in correction of the notification given in Government Notice No. 124, 1866.

By His Excellency's Command.

D. ERSKINE, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office, Natal, 4th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Lighthouse has been erected on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.

The Lighthouse is in latitude 29° 3' 35" E.

The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.

It is visible in all directions from north (round by the east and south), to S 59° W; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Aliwal shoal, which is 25 miles S, 53° W; from the Lighthouse: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the southward and westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N 59° E,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River (about 9½ miles below the Lighthouse), when they must keep it more to the northward, as the land tends more to the eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about W N W; they can haul in to the northward for the anchorage, anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Lighthouse bearing S W to S W ½ S, distant 1 mile.

W. E. ARCHDEACON, Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.

N. B.—The above bearings are magnetic. 386tf

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted—that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude general character of the business carried on such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
CARNARVON.

(Signed)

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,

(Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &C. Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 210, Ottawa 384a

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-tf

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PRINTED MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil (Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro)	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America (Costa Rica, Guatemala)	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba (Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe)	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua, Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua, Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela (Laguayra, P. Cabello)	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad.	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid-rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid—or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid—thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid—9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN, Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY OF OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH, Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries. Patent Medicines Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Losenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine be known by the name BRYAN being stamped WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

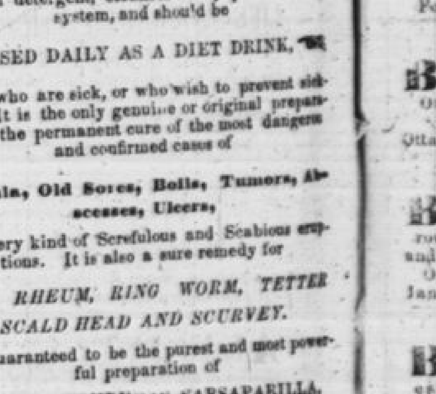
The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350,dw



BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

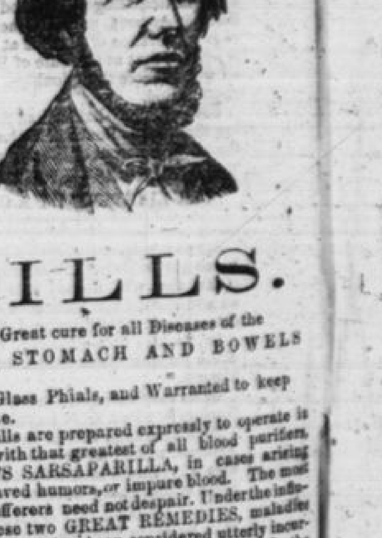
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer.

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 394. | OTTAWA C. W. THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys THE LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $5 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2

Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New-York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES.

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 296tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 28, 1867. 56fy

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing Office: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALBERT PARSONS. H. LAVERGNE ROSS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 35-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
R. B. HAYCOCK. H. H. HAYCOCK.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employers, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices: Hall and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
JAS. COLMAN. W. MOWAT WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

F. J. BUCKLEY, LL.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Carmer's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c.
Office: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. Office: Hume's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 13, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. Offices: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
Attends in all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1867. 43-utf

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
Office: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
Office: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-tf

CLEGG & NEILLS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
Office: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NEILLS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c. (RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 331y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer.
Ottawa, 1866. 1-y

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office: In Hume's Block. Can be found over his office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawsonce, Ormo; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Musgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Musgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 3. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43tf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. *The cure guaranteed.*
Ottawa, April 14. 190-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 23. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
P. R. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. Office: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 15, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 13, 1865. 1-y

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 73-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Reed's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
Office: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
Office: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver, Esq., Elgin-street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Victoria Terrace, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. Office: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c., Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships of the Ottawa.
Office: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. R. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleeks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa.
219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319tf

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 28. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Song, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
Office Hours:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 43-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET
ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. CORSETS.
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 29, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand). OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 13, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance.
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 242tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET,
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand.
Jy6-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.

Ottawa and Prescott Railway.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" 1:50 p.m.	" 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 28. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.

GOING SOUTH AND EAST.

Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond ..... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ... 10.10 P.M.
Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Terminus and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 28. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the articles known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
376tf Clerk Executive Council.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "*Tender for Bridge,*" and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
369-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Bezserer Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, as that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES.

O'MEARA & CO.
ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers. Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!

Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" *Arctic* Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26, 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363d-w8-3m

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
J. R OS.
Ottawa, February 26. 98y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa our assortment
DUVERNAY BROS.
tf

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E.,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S: W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

JUST ARRIVED!
AND
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
59 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47utf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article in the trade can be obtained of the best quality and at the lowest prices.
Bread ..... 5d per loaf.
Mr. Shouldis is ready to wait on all who may favor him with their custom, and furnish them daily with such bread as they may require.
Please send

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Thanks—P. A. Egleson & Son.
House to Let—James Wadsworth.
Court of Revision—John Fenton.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 28, 1867.

We regret to learn that Col. De Salaberry, Deputy Adjutant-General of Militia for Lower Canada, an office which he has filled since 1848, died at his residence, Quebec, on Tuesday last the 26th inst.

We learn from *La Minerve* of yesterday that a despatch had been received from Halifax, announcing the arrival at that port of the Hon. Mr. Henry the last of the Nova Scotia Delegates, and also the Hon. Mr. Tilley of New Brunswick. All the Delegates from the Maritime Provinces have now returned. *La Minerve* also states that the bill guaranteeing the Intercolonial Railway loan, was to have been introduced at an early day and may probably now have passed. It mentions that the Hon. Mr. Cartier had left London for Rome accompanied by Hon. Mr. Cauchon, and that the three Upper Canada Ministers are already on their way home, but this last statement we have every reason to believe is incorrect, as the latest advices received here indicate that they will not leave London for a couple of weeks yet.

The *Globe* has another story about the Crown Lands Department, which, like a great many other of the *Globe's* grievances, is the joint production of the editor and "a correspondent." We have only to say in brief that it is not true that one of the Crown Lands agents has possessed himself of "a thousand acres of mineral land at the price of settlers' lands," nor at any other price whatever. It is time the *Globe* were shamed out of this infamous practice of circulating misstatements (*Anglice—lies*) upon the assurances or insinuations of anonymous correspondents. It puts other people, who would prefer employing their time at something else, to the trouble of making corrections, the benefit of which the *Globe* seldom gives its readers—or, if it does, they will be found, as in a recent instance, in the first column of the *fourth* page, instead of receiving the editorial prominence with which these unfounded accusations are first circulated.

We are happy to learn that it is in contemplation to proclaim the Madoc region a Gold Mining District under the Act. The District will comprise all the portions of the several adjoining Counties in which symptoms of gold have been discovered, under the title of the "Quinte Mining District." Arrangements are being made for the organisation of a Mounted Police force for duty in the District during the ensuing season. These prompt measures are precisely in accordance with the course which we indicated as being the proper one, in reply to some remarks which recently appeared in the Kingston *News* with reference to the policy of the Department in regard of the Madoc gold region. No doubt an efficient force of police will be required to keep order in that section of country, as mines not unfrequently attract lawless characters; but we have reason to believe that the measures taken by the Government will be found ample for the maintenance of peace and will give general satisfaction.

We copy the following very flattering notice of the Colonial Delegates from the London (England) *Morning Star* of Monday, March the 11th. Our readers will not be surprised to notice that the commanding talents of the Attorney-General West have attracted special admiration in England, nor to learn that he is to be recommended for some of the higher grades of the Order of the Bath; neither will they think it at all remarkable that his honorable colleague the Attorney-General East should, also, have been singled out from among his *confreres* as worthy of a special tribute to his distinguished abilities. The *Star* says:—

"The delegates from Canada, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, who have been in conclave at the Westminster Palace Hotel for the last three months, maturing the scheme of confederation, have begun to disperse, the bill ratifying their scheme being now certain to receive the Queen's assent within a week or so. The Nova Scotian and New Brunswick delegates sailed by the mail steamer last week. Mr. Darcy McGee has gone to Paris, where he represents the Government of Ottawa at the Exhibition. Mr. J. A. Macdonald and Mr. Cartier remain here to watch the progress of the International Railroad Bill through Parliament. The delegation in general has left a most favorable impression of the ability and purpose of the statesmen who will have to take part in binding the new State of British America, on all whom they have come in contact. Mr. Macdonald, in particular, is a man who will be notable in any Cabinet or Parliament, uniting a tact, dexterity, and polished manner of a European diplomatist with the rapid judgment and brawny vigour of the politician of the New World. Mr. Cartier, long the leader of the French Canadians, is, perhaps, the most representative man of that section that could be found or conceived. With all the *élan* and epigrammatic brilliancy of the old Gallic stock, he blends that peculiar astuteness which is as characteristic of the Frenchman of the New World as it is of the Scot. It is said to be the intention of Lord Derby to recommend for one of the higher grades of the Order of the Bath Mr. Macdonald, on whom, as Chancellor of the University of Oxford, his lordship conferred the degree of D. C. L. during Mr. Macdonald's last visit to England."

The *Canadian News* (London) of the 14th copies the above from the *Star*, and says: "We understand it is the intention of the noble Earl to bestow a like honor on Mr. Cartier."

The *Globe* has taken great consolation to itself from the fact that the St. Thomas *Despatch*—a respectably conducted Conservative journal—has entered the lists in the advocacy of "party" Government, and has denounced what it calls the "truckling dishonest *no party* cry." So far as we have witnessed the controversy in the press we have been unable to distinguish anywhere an advocate of "no partyism," so that the thunders of the *Despatch* as well as of the *Globe* are expended on nothing when directed against the "no party" cry. Nobody disputes the existence of party—it is not worth anybody's while even to deny its necessity, because there it is before our eyes, and we could not extinguish it if we would. So far there is no dispute, in fact there can be none; and we desire to be put down as agreeing with the *Globe* and that "candid Conservative" who holds its certificate of character from the *Globe*—the St. Thomas *Despatch*—that a cry of "no party" is a humbug. We will even go further and say, that with human nature as it is in this country, or anywhere else for that matter, we believe there always will be parties, as there always have been, whether under the constitutional or any other system of government. If we knew how to put the party idea in stronger language we should willingly do so, if only for the sake of getting at a basis of common understanding with our *confreres*, whether Conservative or Radical, who preach the doctrine of reorganisation.

The question then is, not one of "no party," but of *new* parties—an idea essentially different and infinitely more progressive. Are the *Despatch* and the *Globe* prepared to deny what history has time and again proved that political parties change in their constituent elements in accordance with the changes of circumstances under which they are placed? Will they deny as a matter of *fact* that the Canadian Coalition of 1854 produced a very great change in parties, not alone in the *personnel* of their leadership, but in their policy, their means and even their mode of political warfare? Will they pretend that the Reform party as led by Baldwin and Hincks up to '54, was the same Reform party led by Mr. Brown from '54 to '61? Mr. Baldwin did not think so, neither did Mr. Hincks nor many others of the best men of that party whose testimony has been given on the subject. We say, therefore, the Coalition of 1854 made a change of parties and the Coalition of 1864 has done the same—this is a matter of fact, patent to the whole world and beyond the reach of argument. Even the *Globe* and all others, whether Conservatives or Reformers, who advocate "a return to old party lines" virtually confess the truth of this. If the "old party lines" had never been departed from, wherefore in the name of common sense comes the call to "return" to them? and if the old parties have been existing these last two years on the *old* conditions wherefore the invitation to "reorganise?" Either the appeal for organisation as made by Mr. Brown is an appeal for politicians to place themselves as they were before the formation of the last Coalition, or it is utter nonsense. It is for a return to the party organisation existing *before* the Coalition, then it is not against "no party," but against the existing Coalition party that the cry is raised. This is a very material point in the controversy—in fact it is the whole point involved, and the one which the *Globe*, for its own purposes, conveniently manages to ignore. We have not known this country a day nor an hour without party, nor do we ever remember any party that received such a lavish amount of praise from the Hon. George Brown, and called forth so many expressions of his admiration as the Coalition party of '64, of which he once was an honored member. This is the party he now seeks to destroy by his organisation scheme, and it is upon this ground that we and others have joined issue with him.

But we are surprised at the *Globe's* verdancy in being caught by the logic of the *Despatch*. Our St. Thomas *confrere* appears to have been playing upon words in a way which ought not to have escaped the critical eye of the *Globe*. Says the *Despatch*, "it does not follow that opposition (i. e. party opposition) means censure of the present administration; but on the contrary it means on the part of Conservatives *a desire to retain the present administration*, which we hold to be essentially Conservative." What is the sense of this except that the *Despatch* on behalf of its party is satisfied with the existing Coalition? But to make its meaning plainer it says, "Reformers will most assuredly break up the existing Coalition if they can!" Now we have only one objection to the *Despatch's* position, and it is to the use made of the words "Conservatives" and "Reformers." By the former he evidently includes all the members of the Government and their supporters; by the latter—George Brown and his followers. We object to this for two reasons—1st. The "Reform" members of the Cabinet and their supporters are the natural inheritors of the party name, and have done nothing to forfeit its use so long as they choose to claim it; 2nd. To allow Mr. Brown and his followers the use of the title, as the *Despatch* does, is an injustice to those above mentioned, and a concession to which neither he nor they can lay any just claim. The *Despatch* is in fact abetting an imposition while it recognises Mr. Brown and his party as "Reformers," and it is doing injustice to one half the Ministerial party in calling them Conservatives. With this explanation the remarks of the *Despatch* are equally sound and intelligible, and we make the *Globe* welcome to all the consolation it can draw from them.

Mr. Brown has no right to the title of "Reformer" as a party title—he forfeited that when he left the Coalition. He joined it in 1864, at the request of the Reform party formally made in caucus of its representatives, thereby assuming a trust on its behalf which he failed to perform. He left the Government without the consent of his party, thereby voluntarily cutting himself off from its ranks. From that day he became an Anti-Coalitionist, but as a party man he ceased to be a Reformer. As such the party treated him, for the vacancy created by his desertion was filled up by another, and by this very fact his place as a leader was acknowledged to have been forfeited. Mr. Brown is now trying to get Reformers to do what they would not before—to follow him out of the Coalition as they followed him into it, and to do this he perpetrates the absurdity of seeking a return to the old party *status*, though the circumstances which established that *status* have been happily removed. Mr. Brown's policy is, therefore, not only not "Reform," it is essentially reactionary and retrogressive; he is seeking to destroy the existing party arrangements, by a return to the condition of affairs which they supplanted; but he cannot frighten the country into the perpetration of such an absurdity, by ringing the changes on the "no party" cry—a cry which he himself has put into other peoples' mouths.

We have received by the last mail a printed statement of the subscriptions received by the London Relief Committee in aid of the sufferers by the Quebec fire. The total amounted to £23,806 13s. 11d. sterling; the printing, advertising and petty expenses to £299 17s. 10d.; authorised to be drawn by the Mayor of Quebec £21,000 0s. 0d., leaving on the 11th March a balance of £930 18s. 1d. then to be remitted to the Mayor of Quebec. This subscription list is a noble monument to the generosity of the capital of the British Empire.

The export duty put upon "pine or spruce saw logs and shingle bolts," by the tariff of last Session of Parliament is interpreted as not including "masts, spars, bridge timber or square timber" exported; nor to round timber commonly called "pail wood," when of less dimensions than 16 inches diameter; "pail wood" of larger dimensions is deemed to be liable to duty as shingle bolts.

The Madoc *Mercury* in an article on political affairs in Hastings, urges strongly the running of M. P. Hayes, Esq., the Agent of the Royal Canadian Bank in this City, as representative of North Hastings in the House of Assembly of Ontario. Mr. Hayes' long residence in that section as Crown Lands Agent, renders him thoroughly familiar with the wants and requirements of that new locality, and the *Mercury* thus enlarges on the reasons which should induce the electors to run Mr. Hayes, should he consent to accept the candidature: "There, (in the Local Parliament) much that they have at stake will in future be decided; for the local Parliament will in a short time have sole control of the Crown Lands. The future of this section—gold or no gold—will depend greatly upon the judicious management of our Wild Lands. We want to improve and simplify our lumbering system, by which the Province loses annually a large source of revenue. We want speculators to be prevented from buying large tracts of land on time or in any other way; and as no doubt we shall eventually have railway communication with the front, we want to encourage settlement by a judicious expenditure upon our roads of part of the money the local government will raise from the sale of our lands. And as, in addition, all questions of local interest will have to be settled in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario, we want, most of all, a man of talent and ability to represent us there. We shall need not only a man of sound common sense and liberal ideas, but one who further possesses the philosophical turn of mind and the command of words to present them in a clear and convincing light. Equally essential is it that, if possible, we should secure the services of a man whose personal influence and manners would conciliate rather than excite opposition. For ourselves, we have made up our mind, that if M. P. Hayes, Esq., our late Crown Land Agent, could be persuaded to come forward as a candidate for North Hastings, he is the very man we want. Will any one deny that he possesses all the qualifications we have above indicated as desirable? He resided long enough among us to gain full knowledge of our local wants; and although he no longer resides here, he is still far more of a local man than any of the aspirants for Parliamentary honors who live in Belleville. Can we not all, then, on the simple ground of his personal fitness and popularity, join in a requisition to him to consent to become our representative in the Legislative Assembly? From this village, at any rate, to whose onward progress he gave so great an impulse, we anticipate but one response."

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A Man and His Wife Drowned.

On Tuesday last a man with his wife and child was crossing the St. Lawrence from Cornwall to St. Regis in a cutter, and guided by an Indian. Having got so far across the man thought he had no further need of the Indian's services and so dismissed him. The Indian had not gone far on his way home when he looked back, and seeing nothing of the cutter or its occupants immediately retraced his steps, and following the track for some distance he discovered a hole in the ice with the child lying by the side of it. The man and woman with the horse and cutter had been carried away by the swift current beneath; and the poor mother on realising the fearful plunge they were about to make had doubtless thrown the infant on the ice in the hope that its life would thereby be saved, which providentially happened by the return of the Indian. We did not learn the names of the parties who thus suddenly met such a terrible death.

"THE DWELLERS IN THE CHIGNON."

Vindication of the "Little Strangers."

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—As a great deal has been said and done lately by the scientific men of this city and other places, respecting *chignons* being infested by Gregarines, Protozoa & Co., and as I have been engaged in the manufacture of Hair Work for the last fifteen years, as well as being intimately acquainted with the hair importers in the United States and most of the European cities, I thought it would be as well to say a few words defending the importers against the attacks that are so frequently made against them.

I can assure you that no hair work is ever manufactured out of human hair until it has been subjected to a boiling solution of alkali, and afterwards baked in an oven—therefore it is impossible that insects of either the Protozoa or Ectozoa species could exist in the hair even in their embryo state. As regards the insects to be seen at Mr. Hearn's, I have examined them myself, and have arrived at the conclusion that the *chignon* upon which they were found, has been deposited in some place where insects of the like abound, consequently they would nestle and congregate in vast quantities.

I think it would be nothing but fair play if a number of the fair sex would get possession of a gentleman's wig, and lay it aside in some damp corner for a couple of weeks. I have no doubt it would afford them some amusement with the microscope to discover to what tribe the inhabitants of said wig belonged.

Will you please insert the above in your valuable paper and oblige,

Yours &c.,
J. Curtiss.

Ottawa, March 27, 1867.

[If *chignons* do not go out of fashion soon, we see nothing for it but to make it a fashionable game to hunt for *anoplura* with the microscope! Ladies wishing to become *experts* should apply at once to the Curator of the Ottawa Natural History Society for instructions. Fashionable circles are *alive* on the question of colonising the *pediculi* family, and we think it very desirable that the microscope should accompany the *chignon*.—Printer's D—l.]

Fatal Railroad Accident.

New York, March 27.—The express mail train on the Erie railway which left Buffalo at 2:20 p.m., yesterday, when near Westhope this a.m., about two o'clock, ran on a piece of road which was under repairs and several of the cars were badly smashed. The engineer, Mr. Elwood, was killed and the fireman scalded. None of the passengers were killed, though several were considerably bruised.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

London Money Market.

London, March 27.—Consols closed at 91¼ for money; U. S. 5-20s 74; Ill. C. 78¼; Erie 38¾.

The New German Constitution.

Berlin, March 27.—The North German Parliament has accepted a constitution, the points of which are mainly in accordance with the plan proposed by Count Von Bismarck.

A Royal Visitor.

London, March 27—Eve.—A despatch from the East states that the Servian Prince is about to depart from Belgrade for Constantinople, on a visit to the Sultan.

All Quiet on the Island of Candia.

Accounts received from Athens report that there has been no fighting on the Island of Candia for two months past.

Marine.

Galway, Ireland, March 27.—The steamship *Pennsylvania*, from New York for Liverpool, arrived here this afternoon under sail with her screw broken and out of coal.

Queenstown, March 27.—The steamship *City of Boston*, which left New York on the 16th instant, touched here this evening, and sailed again for Liverpool.

Second Reading of the Reform Bill.

London, March 27.—In the House of Commons last evening the Reform Bill was passed to the second reading without a dissenting voice. The debate on the question has been fixed for April 8th; April 4th has been designated as the day of debate on the budget.

Arrival Out of the Steamship Louisiana.

Queenstown, March 27—Noon.—The steamship *Louisiana*, from New York 8th, has arrived here *en route* to Liverpool.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

A New Interoceanic Railroad.

New York, March 27.—The Costa Rica Interoceanic Railroad Co., have contracted with Col. Edward McGovern of Pennsylvania, to superintend the survey of the route conceded to them by the Costa Rica Government. The new enterprise looks to the construction of a new railroad connecting the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, having excellent harbors at the termination and passing through a healthy, productive and populated section.

Fidelity of the Police in Ireland.

New York, March 27.—The *Herald's* Dublin correspondent says: Considerable anxiety was felt at the commencement of the outbreak lest Fenianism should cause a desertion from the police and military force. This has not been the case—no single instance of sympathy with insurgents has been observed. The authorities are loud in their praise of the fidelity and valor shown by both branches of the service.

The Policy of the South.

New York, March 27.—The Richmond *Times* confirms the statement of the Richmond despatches, and says Robert E. Lee has thrown the ponderous influence of his great name in favor of a speedy, energetic and thorough preparation for the duties imposed upon us by the inexorable facts of our present situation. He does not believe that our honor will be compromised by our citizens taking every step which may be necessary for the preservation of the supremacy of the white race in Virginia, and as a convention cannot be avoided, we owe it to our wives and children to see that it is not controlled by the worst instead of the best elements of our population.

"Extreme Solicitude!"

Washington, March 27.—In the House today Mr. Banks reported a joint resolution declaring that the people of the U. States cannot regard the proposed confederation of provinces on the northern frontier of this country without extreme solicitude; that a confederation of States on the continent extending from ocean to ocean, established without consulting the people of the provinces, and founded on the monarchical principle, cannot be considered otherwise than as in contradiction of the traditions and constantly declared principles of the Government, endangering the most important interests, and tending to increase and perpetuate the embarrassments already existing between the two Governments. After some discussion between Messrs. Banks, Brooks, Wood, and Chandler, the joint resolution was passed without division. Mr. Banks, also from the same committee, reported a resolution declaring that this House extend its sympathy to the people of Ireland and Canada in all just efforts to maintain the independence of States, to elevate the population and to extend the principle of liberty.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 27, 1867.

Mr. McMichen, Stipendiary Magistrate at Clifton, has issued a circular that a party of police will be stationed there, to prevent imposition and ill-treatment of strangers. The police will when requested witness agreements between visitors and guides, hackmen, &c., and furnish any information, without charge.

The gunboat *Heron* is being prepared for sea, and will shortly leave for a cruise on the lake.

A portion of the Hussars are to be removed to Brantford.

The volunteer corps in this city, have received orders to drill twice a week. An allowance of 50cts. per drill will be paid to each man.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 27, 1867.

It is reported on what appears to be good authority, that the Hon. Messrs. Cartier and Macdonald were created Baronets, and K.C.B.s on the 19th inst.

Hon. Mr. Galt arrived at Sherbrooke yesterday, and met with quite an ovation.

Hon. Mr. Langevin has arrived at Quebec.

The people of Griffintown are preparing for another flood.

There was a grand scene in the City Council last night, shewing the necessity of a radical change in its composition. One member charged another with having received a large bribe to vote for giving a heavy contract to a certain joint stock company. The member admitted having been offered the bribe, but stated that he had not accepted it. He, however, acknowledged he had subsequently voted for the contract. Great confusion followed, but ultimately a committee was appointed to investigate the matter.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Exposure During the Recent Irish Campaign.

New York, March 27.—The *Herald's* Queenstown, Ireland, correspondence says, quite a number of British infantry soldiers have been invalided by the duties of the campaign, and many cavalry horses have died from fatigue and exposure to the extremely cold weather. A fight occurred between the British forces near Cork—Fenianism being the exciting cause. The men of the 72nd Regiment of infantry (Scotch) sided with the Irish, when many members of an English Lancer Regiment were severely handled. The people of Cork cheered the Scotch soldiers next day.

Carrying Out of the Military Reconstruction Bill.

New York, March 27.—The *Herald's* telegram says: General Sheridan's order assuming command of the fifth military district, comprising Louisiana and Texas, has been published. He declares the Governments of those States to be provisional only, and proposes to make no removals from office unless the present incumbents impede the carrying out of the provisions of the law.

The Adjournment of Congress.

The *Times'* telegram says: The two Houses of Congress having failed to agree upon a day of adjournment, it becomes the duty of the President under the constitution to order an adjournment, fixing the day himself.

The U. S. Revenue.

New York, March 27.—The *Tribune's* Washington telegram contains official statistics, which show that the total receipts of the Government for the year 1866 were, $523,977,189, nearly $50,000,000 more than those of any other year; $300,000,000 were raised by Internal taxation, and $180,000,000 from imports. The total expenditures in the year were $322,085,215, and while part of the balance has been used in payment of the debt much is reserved as a basis of specie payment.

Arrival of the Steamship China.

Boston, March 27.—The steamship *China* from Liverpool, *via* Halifax, arrived here at 8:30 this a.m. The cable has anticipated the main features of the news by the *China*.

CORPORATION NOTICES.

[Translation.]

To the Editor of the Times:

Sir,—As I am a French Canadian, and do not read the English journals, I have only learned by chance that the Mayor of this city has issued a proclamation, requiring that all the courts, back yards, &c., of the city, be cleared out before the month of April.

Now, as the French Canadians have a journal of their own in the capital, called *Le Canada*, I think the least that the municipal council could do, would be to publish in that journal as well as in the English journals, all advertisements and proclamations which interest the public generally, and it is to be hoped that the French Canadian members of the city council will feel it to be their duty to attend to this matter and demand that justice be done to their fellow citizens of French origin.

I am, Mr. Editor,
Your ob'dt. servant,
Un Canadien.

Ottawa, March 27th, 1867.

[Our correspondent evidently takes a correct view of the matter. Few corporations in Canada confine their announcements to one paper, where all are printed in the same language, and in the case of Ottawa, we think it proper in every respect that the French residents should have the opportunity of reading corporation notices in their own tongue.—Ed. Times.]

LOCAL NEWS.

Reduction in Prices.—Mr. Crane, of Sparks-street News Depot, has just received a fresh supply of xxx oysters, at such rates as enable him to make a reduction in the price—38 cents per can being the figure now asked.

Harper's Magazine, April, 1867.—Mr. Crane, of the News Depot, Sparks-street, has received Harper for April, and though we have not had time to examine its contents, we presume it is up to the mark. Mr. Crane is always supplied with the latest periodicals and newspapers, Canadian and American.

Personal.—We have to acknowledge the receipt of London and Liverpool papers of the 14th inst., from Mr Thos. Hunton of this city, who has just returned from making his Spring purchases in Europe. Mr. Hunton was a passenger by the S.S. *Nestorian*, which sailed from Liverpool on Friday the 15th, and he arrived here yesterday (27th) at noon.

Chaudiere Gold Mines.—Another large nugget, weighing 4 lbs. 2 ozs. 10 dwts. 22 grs. and of the estimated value of about $900 was taken out on the 21st instant of a pit on the left bank of the Gilbert river, on 16 in the DeLery concession of the Seigniory of Rigaud Vaudreuil. Though heavier and consequently more valuable than the nugget previously found, it does not appear so large, being thicker and more oval or egg shape.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 27, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 18 above zero.
9 a.m. 28 above zero.
Noon, shade, 35 above zero.
6 p.m. 32 above zero.

Blackwood's Magazine, March, 1867.—New York, Leonard Scott Publishing Company, Ottawa, J. Durie & Son. The contents of the present number are—The Army, Part 2; Ferrier; Hymns of the Populace; The History of Scotland; The Innermost Room; Co-operative Societies; Cornelius O'Dowd; Brownlows, Part 3; The Ministerial Resolutions. A cursory glance at the number before us, warrants us in saying that the present number is more than usually interesting.

A Daughter Robs Her Father.—Yesterday, a man in Lower Town, who could not read well enough to decipher the denomination of some bank bills in his possession, called in a constable to take his daughter in charge for robbing him of two dollars in silver. The money had been deposited in a box with three bills, a $10 and two $5's. The notes, the old man said, had not been touched, his trouble was about the $2 in silver. On investigation by the constable, it was found that instead of a ten and two fives, the bills produced were *three ones*. This announcement was a severe blow to the poor father. The daughter was requested to confess and tell what she had done with the treasure, this she did, and gave quite a fancy inventory of goods purchased with it. To do justice to the girl's judgment, however, it should be mentioned that she purchased several articles very much needed both by herself and sister, who shared the spoils without the odium attached to stealing. The man was informed that if he wished to have the girl punished he must lodge the necessary information. This he has not yet done, and it is believed that no steps jail-ward will be taken.

Runaway.—Yesterday we witnessed one of the ugliest runaways on Dalhousie-street near the railway, which has ever come under our notice. A boy was driving a one-horse sleigh very quietly along the street, when on a sudden the driver gave the horse a severe thwack with a pretty large stick, and, no sooner said than done, the horse reared, struck out with his hind feet, and the boy who had been standing on the sleigh fell prostrate on his back; the reins were jerked out of his hands and the horse plunged from one side of the street to the other as if he had not quite made up his mind what course to pursue. The boy, who had not been kicked as we thought he had, tried to recover the lines, which, however, were under the horse's feet. The animal was now perfectly unmanageable and the boy's shouts and curses served only to exasperate him: he started off across the sidewalk, plunged down into an open lot, and sunk into the snow where he fell, but continued to struggle violently until he was exhausted. The young driver, who had managed to continue on the sleigh, was fortunately uninjured, and with some assistance succeeded in leading his horse out to the street and jogged off as quietly as at first.

Two Questions Easily Answered.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

Didn't Know Him.—We have heard of a man who owned a horse which has been for a long time afflicted with a chronic cough, and was otherwise in a poor condition; he at length resolved to sell him, and did so for a very trifling sum. Some five or six weeks afterwards, he met the person to whom he had sold him driving a beautiful horse, full of life, and concluded he had either exchanged him for this or purchased another; but judge of his surprise on learning that the horse was the same he had previously owned and considered of so little value. On enquiry as to what had effected so great a change, he was told that "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," had done it. This preparation has effected some remarkable cures. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

No. 5.

THE B. N. A. PROVINCES AND CONFEDERATION.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—At the time when my second letter (which related to the capabilities and resources of the North-western Territory) was written, I had not had an opportunity of perusing the reports of Mr. Jas. W. Taylor of St. Paul, Minnesota, who was appointed by the United States Government in 1861, as a special agent, to report on the commercial relations "between the United States and the Districts of Central British America, extending from Canada to the Rocky Mountains." His reports have recently come into my hands, and they afford such valuable information as to the fertility and productive capabilities of the territory in question, that I am tempted to revert to the subject, in order to avail myself of the testimony they supply as to the correctness of the accounts furnished by British explorers. Bearing in mind the fact, that the entire trade of the North-west has now for some years been carried on through St. Paul, Minnesota, it is evident that Mr. Taylor had opportunities for practical information and enquiry that give additional weight to his statements.

Referring to the extent of the territory within the above mentioned limits, he estimates that there is "an inhabitable area of 300,000 square miles," or taking in the country lying between the Rocky Mountains and the Pacific, including Vancouver Island, 506,200, "an area that would constitute *twelve States of the size of Ohio*." "All of British America without these divisions (he adds) is surrendered to the sterility of an Arctic climate; but the absence of agriculture may be compensated by mineral resources."

With a carefully prepared sketch of the different districts which comprise this area, collated from official documentary sources, he gives also much valuable information in regard to climate, geological formation, soil, productiveness, &c.,—information gathered from every available source, and illustrated by meteorological and other comparative data. Vancouver Island is shewn to have the littoral climate of Ireland, while the southern districts of British Columbia are not unlike England, and the analogy between the Atlantic coast of Europe and the Pacific coast of North America will hold from Sonora to Sitka, the climate of Sitka (in Russian America) being similar to that of Glasgow. The territory east of the Rocky Mountains, comprising Central British America, is contrasted with a similar area of European Russia. "Draw a line from St. Petersburgh," (says Mr. Taylor) "20 degrees east, and another 10 degrees south, extending them into the form of a parallelogram, and a region is described whose area corresponds with that between Lakes Superior and Winnepeg on one side, and the Rocky Mountains on the west, and extending from latitude 44° to 54°." No two sections of the respective continents more closely resemble each other than do those above delineated.

The temperate region of Russia (included within the above limits) has a mean annual temperature of from 40° to 50°, and embraces the finest and most populous portion of the empire, though even there the thermometer has a very wide range, the summer heat, which suffices to grow melons, &c., in the open fields, being often succeeded by very rigorous winters: apples, pears, and plums, are successfully cultivated, up to the 53rd parallel; and still further south, peaches, apricots, &c., flourish: the northern limit of rye is 65°, of barley 67°, and of oats even further north. Wheat is cultivated in Norway as far north as Drontheim, in latitude 64°; in Sweden, to latitude 62°: in Western Russia, to the environs of St. Petersburgh, latitude 60° 15'; while in central Russia the limit of cultivation appears to coincide with the parallel of 58° or 59°. It is well understood that the growth of the cerealia, and of the most useful vegetables, depends chiefly on the intensity and duration of the summer heats, and is comparatively little influenced by the severity of the winter cold. The north shore of Lake Huron has the mean summer heat of Bordeaux, in Southern France; and Cumberland House, on the Saskatchewan, exceeds in this respect Brussels or Paris; while the prairies south of 55° enjoy milder winters than the more eastern districts. Taking all these well ascertained facts into consideration, Mr. Taylor expresses his conviction that potatoes and the hardier garden vegetables, oats, rye, and barley, can be profitably cultivated as far north as 54° in the Saskatchewan district,—that wheat and various kinds of fruits, are safe as far as 52°, and maize to latitude 50°; while the country between 44° and 51° is as nearly as possible the counterpart of the temperate zone of European Russia, and capable, with a proper system of canalage and railway communication, of sustaining a denser population. The united testimony of various explorers, British and American, who have traversed these regions in the spirit of scientific inquiry, missionary zeal, or adventurous enterprise,—tends to shew their general productiveness, as proved by actual observation, and the abundance of game of all kinds to which they afford shelter and sustenance.

The Red River valley lies on the edge of the Fertile Belt, in close proximity to the Arctic declivity of Hudson's Bay, and is by far the oldest part of the whole basin of the Winnepeg; its climate is characterised by greater extremes of temperature than any other part of the continent. Its annual mean temperature is 34° 38',—that of Montreal being 42° 3', and Ozenburg (Russia) 35° 6': the excessive cold in winter tends greatly to reduce this mean, as regards the Red River valley, where the mean for the three winter months is 6° 85', against 16° 3' in Montreal. The summer mean, on the other hand, is 67° 76', and exceeds that of Toronto, which is only 63° 98'; it exceeds, indeed, the summer mean of Canada West, northern Illinois, western Wisconsin, and northern New York, and therefore affords an ample supply of summer heat for ripening the fruits of the earth. A practical proof of the productiveness of this region is furnished by Mr. Taylor, in the following comparison of the yield of wheat in the Red River valley, with that of the best wheat districts of the United States:

Red River produces 40 bushels to the acre.
Minnesota........ 20 " " "
Wisconsin........ 14 " " "
Pennsylvania..... 15 " " "
Massachusetts.... 16 " " "

This may be accounted for on the principle laid down by Forrey, that cultivated plants are found to yield the greatest product near the Northernmost limits of their possible growth. Blodgett refers to this principle as especially applicable to wheat; Central Russia, the Baltic districts, the British Islands, the Canadas, and the Northern parts of New York and Pennsylvania, and the upper belt of the North-western States lying upon the cold borders of the wheat range, are the seats of its maximum production. "Probably (he says) the plains of the Saskatchewan and the Pacific coast, near Puget's sound, will furnish similar districts. This *a priori* inference is fully borne out by facts, which prove, moreover, that the basin of the Winnepeg is the seat of the greatest average wheat product on this continent, and probably in the world."

Barley is a favorable alternate of wheat at Red River, and yields enormous returns, with a weight, per bushel, of 48 to 55 lbs. Oats thrive well. Potatoes are particularly distinguished for their excellent quality and large yield. "The grasses (says Forrey) are proverbially in perfection only in Northern and cool regions. It is in the North alone that we raise animals from meadows, and are enabled to keep them fat and in good condition with grain." While Taylor adds, that "in none of the prairie districts of North America are the native grasses so abundant and nutritious as in these Northern valleys."

The whole of the foregoing is collated from the valuable reports of Mr. Taylor to the Treasury Department at Washington; these reports are eminently practical in their character, and pervaded by a friendly spirit, and a due recognition of international rights. The writer points out the great obstacles in the way of communicating with this region from other parts of British America, that have compelled its trade to seek an outlet by way of St. Paul, Minnesota. "By the Minnesota route (he says) *soon to consist of Railway to the Red River, and steamers by Lake Winnepeg and the Saskatchewan to the Rocky Mountains*, a great natural highway exists, so advantageous in all respects as to suggest an apprehension among English writers that the destiny of the Selkirk and Saskatchewan district is indissoluble from the Mississippi States." Nevertheless there is not a word said about "manifest destiny," but on the contrary, in the true spirit of international comity, the writer strongly recommends the Congress of the United States and the Parliament of Great Britain to unite in a liberal subsidy for the transmission of a weekly mail from the limits of navigation on the Mississippi and the British coast of Lake Superior, by an international route, to the centres of the gold districts of British Columbia and Washington Territory.

While we in Canada, and our fellow-subjects in Great Britain have been practically ignorant of the true value of this vast central territory, it is significant and suggestive that its value should be so much better understood by a foreign and rival government, that is doubtless prepared to bid high for the prize we hold in such light estimation. I trust we may open our eyes to the situation ere it be too late. The passage of the "North America Confederation Bill" through the Imperial Parliament, with a provision for including within its scope the whole of the Western Provinces, and the recent action on the part of the inhabitants of British Columbia and Vancouver, in favor of a speedy union with the Canadian Provinces, afford an opportunity for the development of the intermediate territory that must not be neglected, if we would save it for the British Crown. If it be once lost to us, the integrity of British America is destroyed, as a union with the Pacific Colonies would then become impossible, and we must remain in a condition of isolation, to become, sooner or later, an easy prey to our acquisitive neighbors. I trust that the Canadian press will take up the matter, and urge upon our statesmen the importance of completing our communications with the Red River settlement without further delay, as a first step towards opening up the great highway, by land and water to the Pacific Colonies, that is essential for the consolidation of British American interests, both political and commercial.

A British Canadian.

THE TREATMENT OF TREE SEEDS

(From the American Agriculturist.)

Our people are at last waking up to the importance of trees, whether for fuel, timber, or shelter; indeed, so many have been the inquiries in regard to the subject, that we have offered a large premium (Oct. No.) to bring out the greatest amount of experience relating to it. The subject is already beginning to have a literature, as we last month noticed the *Forest Tree Culturist* of Mr. Fuller. Upon looking over our correspondence we find a great many queries as to the proper method of treating particular tree seeds, and we can best answer these queries in a lump. These seeds may be divided into two classes, one including those that must be sown as soon as ripe, and the other those that with proper care may be kept until the following spring. Of those that are to be sown as soon as ripe, the Elm and the Red and White (or Silver) Maples ripen their seed in the spring. As we have shown in a former number, the failure with these seeds is due to want of knowledge of the fact that they ripen in June, and that they must be sown at that time. If kept until the following spring, these seeds lose their vitality and fail, but if sown as soon as mature, they make strong young plants the first year. Other seeds needing immediate sowing ripen in autumn, and these are to be treated as nearly as possible as nature treats them. If late in autumn, we look beneath the fallen leaves of an oak tree, a plenty of acorns will be found from which the radicle has protruded, showing that germination has already commenced. This will give the hint as to the proper treatment of acorns, which are to be planted shallow and the bed protected with a good covering of leaves, or other mulch. Chestnuts, Horse Chestnuts, and Buckeyes, Tulip Tree, Hickories and Walnuts are treated in the same way. Hickories and Walnuts are said to do well if kept mixed with earth in a cool cellar during winter, and we have succeeded perfectly well with Horse Chestnuts put in a box of earth and exposed to the weather all winter.

Seeds that are kept over winter should be preserved at a low and even temperature, and of course be quite dry before they are put away, to prevent mould. The following are among the commonly planted seeds that are usually to be had of seed dealers: Honey Locust, Osage Orange, the Ashes, Larch, Deciduous Cypress, Maples (except Red and White), Spruces, Pines and other evergreens. Honey Locust, if fresh, will grow without preparation, but if old, it should be scalded. Osage Oranges must be sprouted; the others merely need to be sown in a light rich soil. Evergreens are very tender when young, and are apt to be sunscorched. These are best sown in beds where they can be shaded by a lattice work screen made of laths.

Young trees, like other young plants, require care, and no one need sow the seeds with the expectation that they will take care of themselves. Weeding, cultivation, and thinning must be duly attended to, and if the little trees are likely to suffer from drouth, the ground should be covered with a good mulch of saw-dust. If they are left in the seed-bed over the first winter, they will need to be covered with leaves.

NEWS ITEMS.

—At Danville Station, in the Tennessee valley, the water stands six feet above the top of the telegraph poles.

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and dressing, the great unequalled preparations for restoring, invigorating, beautifying and dressing the hair. Sold by all druggists.

—An English statist has found that since 1821 Mexico has had twenty-three Presidents, seven Dictators, two Emperors, one Vice-President, and one Generalissimo, or an average of one ruler every sixteen months. Maximilian has had the longest reign of any of them.

A Bunch of Keys.—The key of the palace, lack-key; the key of the stable, jock-key; the key of the convent, mon-key; the key of the kitchen, tur-key; the key of the cellar, whis-key; the key for curing colds, frost-bites, sprains, bruises, burns, is the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at 25cts per bottle. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

—Mohammed Emir Pasha, Turkish Minister of Police, died recently at the advanced age of 109 years. He started in the service as a private Janissary, and gradually worked himself up to the post he occupied at the time of his death. Notwithstanding his great age, he retained his full faculties and much of his bodily vigor to the last, and continued to labor, on the average ten hours a day. He was carried off by a stroke of appoplexy, while in the active performance of his official duties.

COMMERCIAL

OTTAWA MARKETS.

(Compiled expressly for the Times.)

Times Office, Ottawa, March 27, 1867.

The Markets during the present week have, on the whole, been better supplied than for some time. This has arisen in a great measure from a desire on the part of Farmers to bring as much of their produce as possible to market before the weather breaks up the present mode of travel.

Oats are in very good demand at our quotations, with an upward tendency.

Of hay there has been this week an average supply, and an advance of $1.00 per ton.

Wheat, as will be seen, has followed the advance of flour.

Flour—Extra	0 00	@	10 00
No. 1	8 25	@	8 50
No. 2	6 75	@	7 00
Bags—Fall per 100 lbs.	0 00	@	5 00
" Spring "	0 00	@	4 25
Oatmeal—per 200 lbs.	5 00	@	5 50
Indian Meal "	3 75	@	4 00
Rye—per bushel 56 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Barley " 48 lbs.	0 50	@	0 00
Wheat—Fall—per bushel, 60 lbs.	1 80	@	1 85
Spring " "	1 70	@	1 75
Corn—Per bushel, 56 lbs	0 60	@	0 70
Peas " 60 lbs	0 75	@	0 80
Oats " 34 lbs	0 30	@	0 32
Beans " 60 lbs	1 00	@	1 50
Pork—Mess—per barrel	19 00	@	20 00
Prime Mess per do	15 00	@	16 00
Hog per 100 lbs	6 00	@	6 12½
Hams	0 12	@	0 12½
Beef	6 00	@	6 50
Mutton—per lb by the qr.	0 7	@	0 10
Lamb—per qr.	0 07½	@	0 08½
Geese—Each	0 40	@	0 45
Turkeys—Each	0 60	@	1 00
Fowl—Per pair	0 50	@	0 70
Butter—Choice Table	0 15	@	0 17
No. 1 Firkin	0 12½	@	0 00
No. 2 do	0 00	@	0 00
Eggs	0 13	@	0 14
Apples—per brl	0 00	@	0 00
Vegetables, &c.—Potatoes	0 35	@	0 40
Hay—Per ton	10 00	@	12 00
Wood—Per cord	3 50	@	3 50
Green do	2 50	@	2 75

THANKS.

P. A. EGLESON & SON

Return their heartfelt thanks to their many kind friends, to the Chaudiere and Queen Fire Companies, and to the Central Hook and Ladder Company, for their kind assistance and strenuous exertions, by which their property (No. 80 Sussex-street) was saved from destruction by fire on the morning of the 26th inst.

March 27. 394-1

TO LET FOR A TERM of years that large and commodious three-story stone building on Sparks-st., Central Town, known as Johnston Brown's corner. One of the best business stands in the city. It is newly finished. Possession given the first of May. Terms liberal. Apply to the proprietor, Ottawa-st.

JAMES WADSWORTH.

March 28. 394-1M

COURT OF REVISION.

Notice is hereby given, that the first meeting of the COURT OF REVISION for the

Township of Huntley,

WILL BE HOLDEN

IN THE TOWN HALL,

AT THE CARP VILLAGE,

ON

Monday, the 6th day of May next.

At the hour of Ten o'clock forenoon.

Any persons intending to appeal against their assessments are required to leave their statements in writing with the Clerk at least 14 days previous to the above date.

JOHN FENTON,
Township Clerk.

Huntley, March 28, 1867. w13c

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY

GREAT ATTRACTION

AT HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL IN TOWN OF

THE "BIG LITTLE WOMAN."

She weighs the enormous Weight of 516 POUNDS; Measures around the body 7 feet 9 inches, (no Hoops); around the arm, 27 inches; around the calf, 38 inches; and yet is only 5 feet 1 inch tall, only 13 inches across the shoulders, and however incredible, wears with ease a number 6 glove, and a number 3 shoe.

These are facts which must be seen to be believed, and when seen, you are tempted to doubt the reality still!

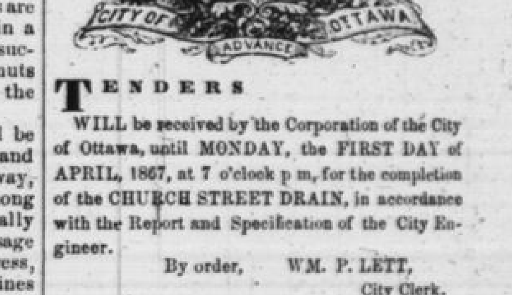
Her affable and pleasing manner in conversation, supported by a liberal endowment of intellect and wit from Nature, makes her entertainments the most attractive of the kind.

Up to the age of twenty she was very small and delicate, weighing at the time only 105 pounds. She is now thirty-six years old, enjoys the best of health, and seems perfectly contented with her lot in this world, which certainly is a "big one."

ADMISSION 15cts. - CHILDREN 10cts.

Open from 9 a m to 10 o'clock p m.

March 27. 393a



TENDERS

WILL be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the FIRST DAY of APRIL, 1867, at 7 o'clock p m, for the completion of the CHURCH STREET DRAIN, in accordance with the Report and Specification of the City Engineer.

By order, WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, March 27. 393td

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

The Last Fancy Dress Entertainment OF THE SEASON.

A GRAND FANCY DRESS ENTERTAINMENT will take place

AT THE RINK,

ON

Tuesday evening, 2nd April.

This being the last of the season, the Directors intend using every exertion to make it a complete success. The Rink will be handsomely decorated for the occasion.

LADY PATRONESSES:
MRS. ROBT. LYON, MRS. STEELE.
MRS. WADE, MRS. ROSS.

COMMITTEE:
J. M. CURRIER, ESQ., M. P. P., ROBT. LYON, ESQ.
C. T. BATE, ESQ., W. WADE, ESQ.
B. BATSON, ESQ., J. LeB. ROSS, ESQ., W. H. AUMOND, ESQ.

None but those in Costume will be allowed on the Ice. Non-Subscribers must be introduced by Subscribers.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

MR. G. W. LESTER has over 40 beautiful Costumes to let out at very low prices.

MR. DETLOR, Superintendent O. & P. Railway, has kindly consented to carry parties coming to the Entertainment, and return, AT ONE FARE.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

March 27. 393td

VICTORIA SKATING CLUB.

SKATING

TOURNAMENT!

ON

THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1867.

COMMITTEE:
S. H. THOMPSON, ESQ.
CAPT. HALLOWES, 25th K. O. B.
ROBERT C. COWAN, ESQ.
DR. BREWSTER.

JUDGES:
CAPT. BLOOMFIELD.
T. F. G. HOWELL, ESQ.
W. E. MACKENZIE, ESQ.

FIRST PRIZE—CUP, Value $50. *Open to the World.* Competitors, not members of the Club, to be formally introduced by a member. Professional Skaters excluded.

SECOND PRIZE—Value $20. Open to the members of the Club only, the winner of the First Prize being excluded.

THIRD PRIZE—Value $20. Open to Young Ladies, members of the Club, under fourteen years of age.

Competitors will please send their names to the Secretary (39 Little St. James-street) on or before the 26th inst.

W. F. GAIRDNER,
Secy.-Treasurer.

Montreal, March 21. 390td

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK,
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY,

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others.

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions, and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

Money Wanted!

$4,000 Wanted forthwith, on first-class unencumbered real estate security, situate within two miles of this city. Apply to

W. H. WALKER,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 27, 1867. 393-a

Wanted!

A **Salesman for a Dry Goods Store** in Pembroke. Apply to

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, March 27, 1867. 393-3

To Rent,

A **DESIRABLE FURNISHED HOUSE** in Centre Town. Apply at this office.

March 27. 393a

Wanted,

IN A SMALL FAMILY, A GOOD COOK and LAUNDRESS. Apply to 61, Daly-street.

March 27. 393tf

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.
S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

CITY OF GLASGOW

Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.

ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.

THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.

RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.

NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25. 391y

LIFE ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS *are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's* PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME, *with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.*

The Policy-holder thus obtains
A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,
OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE
OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY,
without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.

CANADA.—*MONTREAL,*—PLACE D'ARMES.
Directors.
David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E. Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen., C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Com. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (J. Redpath & Son.)
Solicitors,—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer,—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary,—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies,—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.
Honorary Directors.
Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.
Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.
Aylmer,.....Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior,.....Vacant
Almonte,.....Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham,.....Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville,.....Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke,.....Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

AUCTION SALES.

EXTENSIVE SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE
By Auction.

H. McLEAN

HAS RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS from the HEIRS of the late

Capt. John LeBreton,

TO SELL ON THE 16TH OF APRIL,

AT THE

RUSSELL HOUSE,

IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA,

At 11 O'Clock, a. m.,

The following Lots, situated on the

Flats and Victoria Terrace.

No. 4, in Block A; No. 2, in Block D; No. 14, in Block E, with a nice Cottage thereon; Nos. 1, 2, 15 and 17, in Block F; Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 10, in G; Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 8 and 9, in I; Nos. 3, 4, in Block J; Nos. 4 and 6, in Block K; Nos. 3 and 11, in Block L; Nos. 15, 18 and 24, in Block M, Victoria Terrace; Nos. 5, 7, 8 and 10, in Block N, Richmond Road; No. 2, in Block Q; No. 1, in Block S.

Also, at the same time and place,

57 Acres of Lot No. 40,

In the 1st Concession Nepean, S. Front, to be sold in Lots to suit purchasers.

Plans to be seen in my office until the day of Sale.

Terms, one-fourth cash; balance in three equal annual instalments.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 27. 393td

A CARD.

A. ROWE,

Principal Auctioneer of the City of Ottawa.

SALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION solicited. Valuation of Household Furniture and effects carefully attended to.

Principal Office and Sales Room No. 42 North Side of Rideau Street.

Mr. Rowe in referring to the above Card begs respectfully to say that he has completed arrangements for conducting sales this spring in a manner that must give general satisfaction.

Though favoured last year, and for some years past, with the management of most of the important Sales which have taken place in the city, and he is happy to say universal satisfaction has been given in every respect.

Some of the reasons for Mr. Rowe's great success in conducting sales are, his extensive acquaintance with the purchasers, both in the city and country, and also his experience has given him a thorough knowledge of the value of every article he offers for sale.

And the most essential part which he was the first to introduce is to close and cash a sale the second day after it takes place.

Any number of references can be given if required.

Consignments of every description solicited.

Cash advances made on consignments for positive sale if required.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 386y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL, & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,

No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in FRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and ulsaware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way or the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,

Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post* where he is now prepared to execute all orders for BOOKBINDING,

PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 381y

BY AUTHORITY.

THE ANNUAL VOLUNTEER

AND

SERVICE MILITIA LIST OF CANADA, FOR 1867.

Price 25cts.

For sale by the Publisher,

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Cor. of Sparks and O'Connor-streets.

Ottawa, March 22. 389a

New Spring Goods,

New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,

ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets.
Fancy Dress Goods,
Black Mantle Cloths,
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings,
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

OVER 50 PACKAGES

NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milton,
Venetians,
Vest Patterns,
Cassimeres,
Striped Tweeds
Coatings,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins,
&c., &c.

G. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 15. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'

FAMED

Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitsky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. P. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Pated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-8m

OLD ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867,	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months,	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CORNS & BUNIONS

EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for occuler proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J. Burs, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

C. BANSLEY & CO.

No. 42½ Sparks Street,

Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!

AND

Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants, where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, March 18. 385b

Royal Canadian Bank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine

Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,

28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 383y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of

MASKS,

ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also

Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Cards.

1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.

P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.

Ottawa, March 19. 386tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE

Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:

London,.....Liverpool,.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN RENPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

Ætna Life Insurance Company.

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For Instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.....25.31

And each subsequent year.....26.74

Which payment is subject to farther reduction as the business of the Company increases.

Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.
R. SMITH, Agent,
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

HOME INSURANCE CO.,

OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	358,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Montgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,759 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 57,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 60	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, } Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES WILSON, }
SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, }
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Company!

FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX

FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y

OF LONDON.

Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 10, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-tf

1867. FRESH TEAS 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,

No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,

(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultana,
In boxes, halves and qrs.

Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.
Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.
Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, candles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

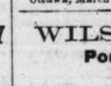
Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Blosters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.



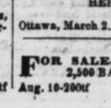
HOUSES TO LET.—TWO two story frame Houses, situate on the North side of Queen-street near the Crown Timber Office, with Sheds attached, and good spring water; also Garden to each house. Possession from 1st May next. Apply to the proprietor, James Mathews, Corner of Bank and Biddy-streets.

Ottawa, March 25. 391-2aw1M

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

Apply to
WILLIAM CLEGG.
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d



TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Out-houses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thomson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE.

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.,) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 3783m

PIANO-FORTE INSTRUCTION.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony, in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Monochromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 384-3m

WILSON & CO.,

Pork Packers,

TORONTO,

(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

FOR SALE.

2,500 BAGS LIVERPOOL SALT.

Aug. 10-200tf B. McGILLIVRAY.

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

Very Choice and Superior

TEAS,

NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!

The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada.

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS.

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOODS LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 224tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING,

AT NO. 57,

RIDEAU-STREET,

Opposite the Rideau Hotel,

All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD

THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla.

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the City cleaned of all filth and nuisances: And whereas the introduction and spread of Cholera, Typhus and other contagious diseases is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city: And whereas

The Board of Health

Under and by virtue of the Powers conferred upon them by various Acts of Parliament, establishing "Boards of Health," and in accordance with various By-laws of the City of Ottawa, have deemed it advisable that immediate steps should be taken for cleansing the City.

Now Know Ye that I,

ROBERT LYON, Mayor of the City of Ottawa, do hereby order and direct, that all Yards, Cellars, Stables, Outhouses and other Buildings and Enclosures, Lanes or Alleys, shall be thoroughly cleansed of all Filth, Dirt, Nightsoil, or other impurities by the owners or persons occupying the same,

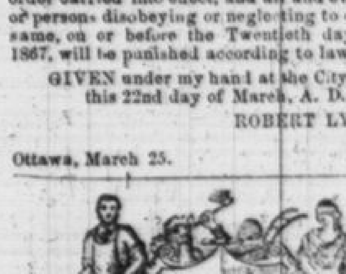
Before the 20th day of April,

1867: And I hereby give notice that the Chief of Police and the Constabulary of this City are enjoined to proceed, at once, to have all Privy Pits, Cesspools, &c., thoroughly cleansed, and to see this order carried into effect, and all and every person or persons disobeying or neglecting to observe the same, on or before the Twentieth day of April, 1867, will be punished according to law.

GIVEN under my hand at the City of Ottawa this 22nd day of March, A. D. 1867.

ROBERT LYON, Mayor.

Ottawa, March 25. 391tf



NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL CONGREGATIONS, or others owning Churches, and individuals, corporations and companies owning Halls, Theatres, or other Buildings used for the purpose of holding public meetings, or places of public resort or amusement, all the doors shall be so hinged that they may open freely outwards, on or before the 15th day of August, 1867, and any parties neglecting or refusing to do so will be prosecuted according to law.

THOS. LANGRELL, Chief of Police.

Ottawa, March 22. 389tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT, 25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO., 25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 343y

Ottawa and Gloucester Road COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the Directors of the Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company have this day made a further call of

Ten per Cent.

Of the Capital Stock of the said Company, which call they require the holders of such Stock to pay to the undersigned at the office of W. M. MATHESON, ESQ., in the City of Ottawa,

ON THURSDAY,

The 28th day of March next.

Dated this Twenty sixth day of February, 1867.

W. H. FALLS, Secretary and Treasurer, Ottawa and Gloucester Road Company.

OFFICE HOURS from 10 to 12 a. m., and from 2 to 4 p. m. 370td

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'

Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT, 58, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 293t

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application.

For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, Barrister, Ottawa.

March 380d

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy,

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the muscle, membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 359 1w6m

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO., 62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

THO RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and *caution the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139v

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such farther regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lep Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Aniline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE, Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due.
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON, ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

County of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac.

200 ACRES EACH,

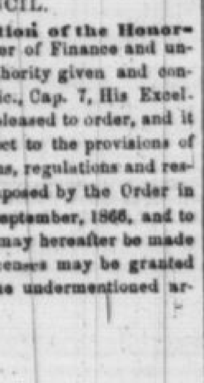
Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., a Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two housand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL, Alexandria Park, Portagedu Fort.

Jan 29, 1867 w6m



AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

Are you sick, feeble, and complaining? Are you out of order, with your system deranged, and your feelings uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the prelude to serious illness. Some fit of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and obstructs its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering, and disease. While in this condition, oppressed by the derangements, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint, is also true in many of the deep-seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangements of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly, and many of them surely, cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills, will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure.

Statements from leading physicians in some of the principal cities, and from other well known public persons.

From a Forwarding Merchant of St. Louis, Feb. 4, 1856.

DR. AYER: Your Pills are the paragon of all that is great in medicine. They have cured my little daughter of ulcerous sores upon her hands and feet that had proved incurable for years. Her mother has been long grievously afflicted with blotches and pimples on her skin and in her hair. After our child was cured, she also tried your Pills, and they have cured her.

ASA MORGRIDGE.

As a Family Physic.

From Dr. E. W. Cartwright, New Orleans.

Your Pills are the prince of purges. Their excellent qualities surpass any cathartic we possess. They are mild, but very certain and effectual in their action on the bowels, which makes them invaluable to us in the daily treatment of disease.

Headache, Sick Headache, Foul Stomach.

From Dr. Edward Boyd, Baltimore.

DEAR BRO. AYER: I cannot answer you what complaints I have cured with your Pills better than to say *all that we ever treat with a purgative medicine.* I place great dependence on an effectual cathartic in my daily contest with disease, and believing as I do that your Pills afford us the best we have, I of course value them highly.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 1, 1855.

DR. J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been repeatedly cured of the worst *headache* any body can have by a dose or two of your Pills. It seems to arise from a foul stomach, which they cleanse at once.

Yours with great respect, ED. W. PREBLE, *Clerk of Steamer Clarion.*

Bilious Disorders—Liver Complaints.

From Dr. Theodore Bell, of New York City.

Not only are your Pills admirably adapted to their purpose as an aperient, but I find their beneficial effects upon the Liver very marked indeed. They have in my practice proved more effectual for the cure of *bilious complaints* than any one remedy I can mention. I sincerely rejoice that we have at length a purgative which is worthy the confidence of the profession and the people.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, D. C., 7th Feb., 1856.

SIR: I have used your Pills in my general and hospital practice ever since you made them, and cannot hesitate to say they are the best cathartic we employ. Their regulating action on the liver is quick and decided, consequently they are an admirable remedy for derangements of that organ. Indeed, I have seldom found a case of *bilious disease* so obstinate that it did not readily yield to them. Fraternally yours, ALONZO BALL, M. D., *Physician of the Marine Hospital.*

Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Relax, Worms.

From Dr. J. G. Green, of Chicago.

Your Pills have had a long trial in my practice, and I hold them in esteem as one of the best aperients I have ever found. Their alterative effect upon the liver makes them an excellent remedy, when given in small doses for *bilious dysentery and diarrhœa.* Their sugar-coating makes them very acceptable and convenient for the use of women and children.

Dyspepsia, Impurity of the Blood.

From Rev. J. V. Himes, Pastor of Advent Church, Boston.

DR. AYER: I have used your Pills with extraordinary success in my family and among those I am called to visit in distress. To regulate the organs of digestion and purify the blood, they are the very best remedy I have ever known, and I can confidently recommend them to my friends. Yours, J. V. HIMES.

WARSAW, Wyoming Co., N. Y., Oct. 24, 1855.

DEAR SIR: I am using your Cathartic Pills in my practice, and find them an excellent purgative to cleanse the system and *purify the fountains of the blood.*

JOHN G. MEACHAM, M. D.

Constipation, Costiveness, Suppression, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Dropsy, Paralysis, Fits, etc.

From Dr. J. P. Vaughn, Montreal, Canada.

Too much cannot be said of your Pills for the cure of *costiveness.* If others of our fraternity have found them as efficacious as I have, they should join me in proclaiming it for the benefit of the multitudes who suffer from that complaint, which, although bad enough in itself, is the progenitor of others that are worse. I believe *costiveness* to originate in the liver, but your Pills affect that organ and cure the disease.

From Mrs. E. Stuart, Physician and Midwife, Boston.

I find one or two large doses of your Pills, taken at the proper time, are excellent promotives of the *natural secretion* when wholly or partially suppressed, and also very effectual to *cleanse the stomach* and *expel worms.* They are so much the best physic we have that I recommend no other to my patients.

From the Rev. Dr. Hawkes, of the Methodist Epis. Church.

PULASKI HOUSE, Savannah, Ga., Jan. 6, 1856.

HONORED SIR: I should be ungrateful for the relief your skill has brought me if I did not report my case to you. A cold settled in my limbs and brought on excruciating *neuralgic pains,* which ended in *chronic rheumatism.* Notwithstanding I had the best of physicians, the disease grew worse and worse, until by the advice of your excellent agent in Baltimore, Dr. Mackenzie, I tried your Pills. Their effects were slow, but sure. By persevering in the use of them, I am now entirely well.

SENATE CHAMBER, Baton Rouge, La., 5 Dec. 1855.

DR. AYER: I have been entirely cured, by your Pills, of *Rheumatic Gout*—a painful disease that had afflicted me for years. VINCENT SLIDELL.

Most of the Pills in market contain Mercury, which, although a valuable remedy in skilful hands, is dangerous in a public pill, from the dreadful consequences that frequently follow its incautious use. These contain no mercury or mineral substance whatever.

Price, 25 cents per Box, or 5 Boxes for $1.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS, Ottawa, 12th March, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT NOtice to Navigators has been issued by the Government of Mauritius, in reference to a floating light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage to be substituted, to the harbour lights at the entrance of Port Louis, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.

By Command, THOS. WORTHINGTON, Asst. Com. of Customs and Excise.

Governor Sir H. Barkly to Lord Carnarvon.

Mauritius, 18th December, 1866.

Gov. Desp. No. 292, of 31 Oct., 1864. S.S. Desp. No. 361. of 27 April, 1865.	My Lord, With reference to the previous Correspondence, noted in the margin, on the subject of the substitution of a Floating Light at the entrance of the Harbour of Port Louis for the present Shore Lights, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board of Trade, the accompanying Copies of a Notice, announcing that the change in question will take effect from the 24th May next, and giving the necessary sailing directions for the guidance of vessels approaching the Port.
Enclosure 1. Notice.	
Enclosure 2. Enclosure 3.	Copies of this Notice have been forwarded to the different countries enumerated in the enclosed list, bearing the signature of the Colonial Secretary, and I beg that information may be given to the other Governments mentioned in the accompanying Copy of a Letter from the Harbour Master, dated the 14th instant, as well as to any Departments of Her Majesty's Government whom the matter may concern.

I have, &c., (Signed,) HENRY BARKLY.

The Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, &c., &c., &c.

NOTICE.

On the 24th of May, 1867, the Harbour Lights at the entrance of Port Louis, Mauritius, will be done away with, and a Floating Light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage will be substituted.

The Floating Light Vessel will be moored a little to the N Ward of the present well known Bell Buoy, with the following bearings:

Extreme of land to the northward: N ½ B N.
Extreme of land to the westward: W S W.
Flagstaff on Fort George: S E ¼ S.
Depth of Water: 15 fathoms.

The Light Vessel will be painted white, which will enable her to be distinctly seen against the dark land during the day.

She will shew a "*flashing white Light*" from Sunset to Sunrise, which will be visible a distance of nine miles in every direction from Seaward, from the poop of a large vessel.

The fact of this being a flashing Light, at short intervals, will sufficiently distinguish it from the Revolving Light at Flat Island, even were a mistake possible.

Vessels from the northward, after rounding Cannonier Point, must be careful not to bring Cannonier Point Light to the Westward of Flat Island Light, till the Floating Light at the Bell Buoy is seen; they may then steer for the latter, on a S S W ¼ W bearing, and anchor on that bearing, from ½ a mile to a mile from the Light.

Vessels approaching the Port from the Westward, may steer from the Floating Light on an E b N ¼ N bearing, and either anchor ½ a mile from her on that bearing, or further northward as convenient.

The mooring chain of the Floating Light runs about 50 fathoms in a N N W direction, vessels must therefore be anchored in such a manner as to avoid hooking it.

The depths at the anchorage vary from 12 to 20 fathoms.

All the bearings are Compass bearings.

D. WALES, Harbour Master.

Port Office, 14th December, 1866.

Circulars respecting Floating Light have been sent to

1 The Colonial Secretary, St. Helena.
2 The Colonial Secretary, Cape of Good Hope.
3 The Colonial Secretary, Natal.
4 The Colonial Secretary, Tasmania.
5 The Colonial Secretary, New Zealand.
6 Chief Secretary, South Australia.
7 Colonial Secretary, Western Australia.
8 Colonial Secretary, Queensland.
9 Chief Secretary, Victoria.
10 Secretary to the Government, New South Wales.
11 Colonial Secretary, Ceylon.
12 Secretary to the Government, Bengal.
13 Secretary to the Government, Bombay.
14 Secretary to the Government, Madras
15 Colonial secretary, Hong Kong.
16 Civil Commissioner, Seychelles.
17 Secretary to the Government, Straits Settlement.
18 Secretary to the Government, Batavia.
19 Chief Commissioner, British Birmah.
20 Secretary to the Government, Manilla (Philipine Islands).
21 Political Resident, Aden.
22 Monsieur L'Ordonnateur, Reunion.
23 Police Magistrate, Rodrigues.

(Signed) FELIX BEDINGFELD, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Mauritius, 17th December, 1866.

Harbour Master to Colonial Secretary.

Port Office, Mauritius, 14th December 1866.

SIR,

As it will be necessary to send intelligence to all parts of the world before substituting a Floating Light at the entrance of this Port for the present Harbour Lights, I have the honor to request that his Excellency the Governor will authorize the printing of the annexed sailing directions, and the forwarding of them by the mail of the 18th instant, to all parts of the world.

The rule is to allow such intelligence time to reach every important Port in the world, and give vessels that have left before its arrival time to reach the spot where the new Light is to be placed.

I have proposed therefore, to light up on the 24th of next May, the anniversary of Her Majesty's birth-day, subject to his Excellency's approval, thus allowing five months and one week for the transmission of intelligence, which ought to be sufficient, if no time is lost in sending it from England to North and South America.

I recommend that copies of the notice should be sent to the Governments of the following countries: —Russia, Holland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Belgium, France, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Austria, Prussia, Turkey, British North America, United States, Mexico, Brazil, Callao; also to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Admiralty, and the Trinity House, for transmission to English, Scotch, and Irish Ports; to the Australian Ports, Cape of Good Hope, the Indian Governments, the Straits Ports and Batavia, Manilla and China, together with any others that may be suggested, and that 100 copies may be sent to this office for distribution among the shipping.

I have, &c., (Signed,) D. WALES, Harbour Master.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary, &c., &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. 1, 1867.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following amended notice of the erection of a Lighthouse on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, in correction of the notification given in Government Notice No. 122, 1866.

By His Excellency's Command, D. ERSKINE, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office, Natal, 4th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Lighthouse has been erected on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.

The Lighthouse is in latitude 29° 3' 35" E.

The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.

It is visible in all directions from north (round by the east and south), to S 59° W; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S, 53° W; from the Lighthouse: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the southward and westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N 59° E,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River (about 9½ miles below the Lighthouse), when they must keep it more to the northward, as the land tends more to the eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about W N W; they can haul in to the northward for the anchorage, anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Lighthouse bearing S W to S W ½ S, distant 1 mile.

W. E. ARCHDEACON, Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.

N. B.—The above bearings are magnetic. 388tf

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

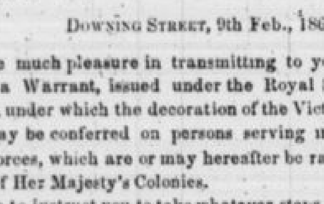
2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf



PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient, Humble Servant,

(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Nativetribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command, (Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &c. Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 210, Ottawa 384a

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with full board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES,

SOUTH AMERICA,

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	LETTERS RATE PER ½ OZ.	NEWSPAPERS EACH.	PAMPHLETS, MAGAZINES AND PATTERN MATTER.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil: Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America: Costa Rica, Guatemala	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba: Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Puerto Principe	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama,	18	5	....
Nicaragua: Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua: Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela: Laguayra, P. Cabello	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN, Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away:—Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command, E. A. MEREDITH, Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide, on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire

16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS!

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABLISHED in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine can be known by the name BRYAN being stamped on each WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 359dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 359dw

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated

PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 45otf

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the TIMES Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 395. | OTTAWA C. W. FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1867. | PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
All subsequent insertions, per line, ... 2c
Yearly advertisers specially contracted with, and liberal allowance made.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. AS MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 399tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 356-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
February 7, 1866. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be prepared to attend promptly to any business the Government employes, and the public generally may entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
AS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A.B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Luke Cusner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Ammoni's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1866. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-ut

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Orignal.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c. (RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.) SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350a

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.B.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11-

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February -tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
N. S. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
N. S. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 70-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 26, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 33, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 3, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Lavar Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.

C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-1.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. K. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleeks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 11 233tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.

FLORIDA WATER.	SOZODONT.	
HAIR BRUSHES.	COMBS.	
NAIL BRUSHES.	CLOTHES BRUSHES,	
&c.,	&c.,	&c

Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Good, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared. J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 20-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and William Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., dail

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE McADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 92-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Block,
Rideau Street, Ottawa.
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR, Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on th line.
T. S. DETLOR, SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P.M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M., Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ..... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake Georg, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ...10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES, Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be enclosed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER, SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER, Supt. R. Canal.
309-6d

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandem
Silver Mounted Harnesses.
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON, Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
they would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Made, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
☞ They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS, BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do. TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS.
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN Do. BUCK, MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,

O'MEARA & CO.
ALEX. DUFF. 227tf
OTTAWA, September 12.

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers.
Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS; also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Steepans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Steak Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Fish Forks, Basting Spoons, Cullenders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. ☞ Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c, No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL BELL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa.
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363d-w8-3m

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
☞ Remember the Place,
26½ Sparks Street.
J. R OS.
Ottawa, February 26. 358y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
DUVERNAY BROS.

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE, Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE, Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office, Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59. E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlasi River, (about 9½ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can haul in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S: W. ½ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON, Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.
337tf

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the London Gazette, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,) EDMUND HARRISON.
317tf

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47utf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY.
And where every article in the trade

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Bazaar in aid of Christ Church Parsonage Debt—J. S. Lauder.

St. Patrick's Literary Association—H. Gallagher.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA. MARCH 29, 1867.

The Hon. Messrs. Campbell and Cockburn left the city yesterday, for their respective homes. The Hon. Mr. Blair is the only Minister now in town.

The Montreal *Gazette* of yesterday says:—"Many of our readers will be interested to "learn that, by private advices received from "Mr. Tache, all the Canadian goods for the "Paris Exhibition had arrived in time."

We understand that the Mounted Police force for the "Quinte Gold Mining District," the contemplated formation of which we announced yesterday morning, will at first consist of twenty-five men, to be increased or diminished according to circumstances. The force is being organised at Belleville by the agent of the Crown Lands Department. Its headquarters will be at Madoc. The new district will comprise the Northern portions of Addington, Hastings, and Peterboro.

La Minerve of yesterday says that the mission of the Delegates from New Brunswick to Ottawa, (Canada?) was to make arrangements with the Canadians for the importation of building stone from the Maritime Provinces instead of that from Ohio.

Our *confrere* also concludes that as the London journals had announced that the Hon. Mr. Henry would remain in London to watch the debates on the Loan Bill, and as that gentleman has now returned, therefore the bill must have already passed, though no mention has been made of it by the cable despatches, a circumstance not to be wondered since the cable brought no intelligence of the third reading of the Confederation Bill. The speculations of *La Minerve* on this subject may probably prove correct.

The citizens of Ottawa have more than once within the past twelve months had their attention forcibly directed to the very inefficient means at hand for the extinction of fires. We may say in fact that if the united exertions of the firemen and the military with such help as the citizens may give, succeed in confining the fire to the block in which it originated, they have achieved a great success. The only means for the supply of water in general use at fires in this city may be conveniently described as the "man-horse-and-puncheon" apparatus; and this to the credit of the parties, be it said, is generally worked with energy and zeal, but we need hardly say that in many cases the water so supplied if used for any other purpose than that of confining the fire within a certain limit would be worse than useless—if poured in small quantities on a dense mass of fire, every experienced fireman knows that it only stimulates the destructive element to greater activity. And this apparatus, though apparently a cheap one, is sometimes not so economical as people would imagine, for though the man and the puncheon generally escape without injury, it frequently happens that the poor horse is either seriously hurt or killed outright, and a bill of damages against the corporation very properly follows as a matter of course. It is something over fourteen months since this water supply question was fully discussed in the columns of the Times, with especial reference to its bearing on the rate of insurance; and from time to time, as fires have been chronicled in our pages, the cardinal deficiency in the supply of water has been commented on, and the hope expressed that something might soon be done to remedy it. Upon that point we shall therefore say no more at present.

But instead of any improvement within the past year in the means for extinguishing fires, we regret to have to state that we have only had an increase of dangerously inflammable material stored in the very centres of business, so that fires threaten to become more disastrous than ever. We allude to the multiplication of coal oil depots, where large quantities of the several kinds of petroleum, oils and other inflammable fluids are stored to the manifest danger of the city, as was so emphatically illustrated on Tuesday morning last. We need not refer to the influence of Mr. Leaven's stock of coal oil in contributing to the spread of the flames and the consequent destruction of property. Any one will understand that it must have been immense, while the very belief that there is a stock of such highly inflammable material in a burning building paralyses the action of the firemen and others, as there is always more or less dread of an explosion. One of the losers by that fire, Mr. Traversy, had formerly an insurance of $6,000 on his stock; he lost about $8,000 worth; but because of the establishment of the oil store beside him, his insurance had been reduced to $2,000. Does not this one fact demonstrate the injustice of allowing coal oil or any like dangerous material to be stored in the heart of the city?

The corporation have, in these premises, a simple but imperative duty before them. Let them provide by by-law for one or more magazines or storehouses in an isolated situation, where dealers should be compelled to keep their stocks, only withdrawing therefrom such quantities as may be from time to time required to supply the daily wants of trade. It is true that such a procedure will necessarily entail some expense and a little extra labor, but it is better that these should be increased than that the city should be continually exposed to the great risks it now runs in having such stocks stored indiscriminately throughout the very centres of business, and in such close proximity to some of the most valuable buildings of which the city can boast. We doubt if there is any other city in Canada so poorly prepared to resist the progress of fire as Ottawa, and it would at least be a prudent step to remove as much as possible the causes which make fires so disastrous.

While on this subject it may not be out of place to direct attention to the disadvantages under which our zealous and energetic fire companies labor for the want of a controlling officer with authority to command, and experience to direct their movements. We have never heard that our firemen failed in doing all that it was possible for men to do with such appliances as are available for their use; but without the direction of a Chief Engineer, how can they be expected to work so effectively as they would with such an officer at their head? We are almost puzzled at the bare idea of the existence of a Fire Brigade, without a chief officer to command it; it seems like placing an army in the field to oppose a well organised enemy with no higher officers than the captains of companies. In this age of devotion to military tactics any one proposing such a proceeding would be set down at once as a madman or an imbecile; and we beg of the corporation to consider whether there is any wisdom or prudence, in allowing our Fire Brigade to face *their* enemy who is always well organised, without the necessary complement of officers to render their action uniform and efficient.

We are aware that the members of the corporation were elected under promises of the most rigid economy. But there is such a thing as "penny wise and pound foolish" economy; or to put it in still more homely phrase, there is a danger of sometimes "saving at the spigot and losing at the bunghole," and this we think is precisely the position of the corporation in regard to the means or rather the want of means, provided for the prevention of fires. It cannot be supposed for a moment that the intelligent ratepayers of the city would object to the removal of all the highly combustible articles of commerce to a safe place of storage, seeing that their presence indiscriminately throughout the city adds so much to the cost of insurance, as well as to the destructiveness of fire when it does break out. Nor would the firemen or citizens do otherwise than welcome the appointment of an efficient Chief Engineer of the Fire Brigade, as an improvement of great importance and emphatically a "step in the right direction." As to the larger question of a water supply, though immediate action on a great scale may be out of the question, we think it would not be difficult, at a small cost to considerably increase the quantity available for the extinction of fires in some portions of the city. We commend these suggestions to the early consideration of our City Fathers.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

Toronto, March 28, 1867.

The Queen's Own were inspected last evening by General Sisted. After inspection the General addressed the regiment, highly complimenting them on their soldierly appearance, and the efficiency of their drill, also on the pluck displayed by them in the affair of June last, and said if they had been rather too precipitate in attacking an enemy it was an error on the right side, and deprecated the amount of unnecessary blame attached to Col. Peacock, who was considered a most promising officer, not only by the commander of the forces but also by the Horse Guards.

The Volunteer Monument Committee announce that a design has been adopted, but the funds are yet insufficient. They hope to receive such additional subscriptions as will enable them to lay the foundation stone on the anniversary of the fight at Ridgeway.

Kennedy, the person recently arrested as a Fenian spy, has been set at liberty, the authorities being satisfied with the account he gives of himself. The petition signed by the jury who tried his son, one of the Fenian prisoners, was produced, and he said the map and list of names found on him were to guide him to the parties therein mentioned, and whom he required to see in connection with the matter.

FROM MONTREAL.

Montreal, March 28, 1867.

The Legislature of Nova Scotia has passed a resolution by a large majority, approving of the action of their delegates with regard to confederation. It is understood that immediately after Sir John A. Macdonald's return to this country, writs will issue for elections for Confederate and Local Parliaments. The Insurance Bond robbers were released from jail yesterday, having come to some arrangement with the Royal.

THE CHIGNON HORROR CONTRADICTED.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Dear Sir,—I beg to send you an extract from the London *Weekly Times* contradicting the absurd assertions with regard to chignons, &c. If those *imaginary* creatures are so plentiful in ladies' head dresses, how is it they are not now, *or ever have* been found in gentlemen's wigs, which are made of imported hair as well as ladies' head dresses. I am prepared to submit any of my hair work to any scientific person for microscopic or other examination. By inserting the above remarks with the accompanying extract in your valuable paper you will greatly oblige,

Sir,

Yours faithfully,

E. Miles.

Ottawa, March 27, 1867.

[Extract.]

"We are happy, however, to be able to relieve our fair readers from the horror which must necessarily follow a belief in this *gregarine* doctrine. We have it from the best authority that the whole thing from beginning to end, is the pure invention of some scientific dabbler, who, knowing a little on the subject, guesses the rest. One of the largest dealers in hair—backed by the opinions of men of science, who have examined the hair with the most powerful microscopes—declares that nothing of the sort exists except in the imagination of the originator of the idea. Human hair, in chemical properties, resembles horn, nails, &c., and there is the same likelihood of a spontaneous generation through the wearing of false hair as there would be in wearing combs or any horny fabric; but we all know that wherever moisture, grease, and dirt, with heat are associated, organic life is a certain result; therefore, cleanliness in any case is a preventive of any evil consequences under any circumstances."

[Our friends the hair dressers are evidently taking alarm at what many people have regarded as a joke, both a good and a justifiable one, if only it will lead to the abandonment of a fashion which disfigures the fair sex, and makes their heads hideous to look upon. They should see, however, that in putting the gentleman's wig on the same list with the lady's *chignon*, they are only investing the former with horrors innumerable without at all freeing the latter from the charges made against it, so that as a consequence of this discussion, not only will the *chignon* be shunned as an unclean thing, but venerable gentlemen will cast away their wigs as an abomination, and ever after make their voyage on the ocean of life under *bare polls!*—Ed.]

The Adjournment of Congress.

Washington, March 28.—The House has adopted a resolution to adjourn at 3 o'clock to-morrow till Wednesday, June 5th, when unless quorums of both Houses be present the presiding officers shall further adjourn their respective houses till Wednesday Sept. 11th, when if there be no quorum present the House shall be further adjourned till the first Monday in December.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

Arrest of Ex-Governor Eyre.

London, March 28.—Ex-Governor Eyre of Jamaica, has been arrested and is now under examination.

London Money Market.

London, March 28—Noon.—Consols opened at 91¼, for money; the following are the opening rates for American securities: Erie 38¼; Ill. C. 78¼; U. S. 5-20 bonds 74¼.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

Fenianism in the Nevada Senate.

San Francisco, March 28.—Resolutions declaring sympathy with Ireland, and asking the Government to recognise that country as belligerents have been adopted in the Nevada Senate.

Fire and Loss of Life.

Cleveland, March 28.—The house of Mr. Heckel, with five of his children, was burned last night at Suffolk, Centre Ohio.

Destitution in the South.

New York, March 28.—The Southern famine relief commission yesterday sent 12,000 bushels of corn to Charleston. The people are suffering terribly in Northern Georgia. The commission is informed from a reliable source that many of the people have no bread and nothing to buy it with. Dealers in corn and bacon will not sell either without the cash to pay for it, and money in small sums cannot be procured short of 5 per cent. a month on the best security. In one family near Dalton four children actually died of starvation.

Extermination in Mexico.

New Orleans, March 28.—Rio Grande dates to the 23rd, have been received. There are no new features in the Mexican position. It is said that the Liberals have cut the aqueduct for supplying Queretaro with water. Gen. Miramon has issued a proclamation declaring a war of extermination. The following is the closing paragraph: "Soldiers—The gauntlet has been thrown at us for a duel to death. Let us do our coward enemy the honor to pick it up. But listen to the voice of the unfortunate Gen. Osola who in 1858 said, 'woe to the vanquished.'"

Vera Cruz papers say Ponfirio Diaz has only 3,000, and is almost besieged at Huamantla. He ordered the shooting of Mr. Franco, an Imperial commissioner, and several other prisoners. The garrison at the capital is said to be 12,000 men.

Puebla correspondence states that the Imperial garrison at Puebla is at least 6,000 men.

REPRESENTATION OF RUSSELL.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Sir,—There are many persons spoken of for this County, but the right man has not yet been introduced to us. We have been thinking very seriously in this neighbourhood of calling on E. McGillivray, Esq., to represent us in the Commons of Canada, and for the following reasons: First, because we require to have our roads improved between this place and the city, and we know of no person so able to undertake the task as he is. Next, we want a practical, sober, honest man, who knows the wants of the farmers. From our transactions with that gentleman for the last twenty years, we feel satisfied he would best represent our interests.

We know how much our prosperity is affected by the obtaining of good roads, and Mr. McGillivray has certainly been the most active and the most successful in carrying out road enterprises. We believe that he will be the most efficient man that can represent us in Parliament, and connecting him more closely with the County, we hope to show our approval of what he has already done.

An Osgoode Voter.

Metcalfe, Osgoode Township, Co. Russell, March 25, 1867.

THE LATEST CHAUDIERE GOLD NUGGETS.

Mr. Glover, director of the DeLery Mining Company, called at the *Mercury* office this morning to favor us with a sight of the two large lumps of Chaudiere gold, recently found on the tributaries of that stream. In shape and size they may be best described as resembling a lady's hand, thick, round and narrow at one end, as forming the wrist, and tapering thinly at the other as forming the fingers. The lesser nugget was of the value of $800 and the larger of $1,000, which Mr. Pope, the Government Inspector, writes us by to-day's mail, was on Thursday last, taken out of a pit sunk on the Gilbert River, on lot 16 in the DeLery concession of the seignory Rigaud Vaudreuil, at a depth of 18 feet, and weighs fifty and a half ounces. Five hundred pounds have been offered for these specimens.—*Quebec Mercury, March 25.*

NEWS ITEMS.

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and dressing, the great unequalled preparations for restoring, invigorating, beautifying and dressing the hair. Sold by all druggists.

A Bunch of Keys.—The key of the palace, lack-key; the key of the stable, jock-key; the key of the convent, mon-key; the key of the kitchen, tur-key; the key of the cellar, whis-key; the key for curing colds, frost-bites, sprains, bruises, burns, is the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at 25cts. per bottle. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

Two Questions Easily Answered.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

Didn't Know Him.—We have heard of a man who owned a horse which has been for a long time afflicted with a chronic cough, and was otherwise in a poor condition; he at length resolved to sell him, and did so for a very trifling sum. Some five or six weeks afterwards, he met the person to whom he had sold him driving a beautiful horse, full of life, and concluded he had either exchanged him for this or purchased another; but judge of his surprise on learning that the horse was the same he had previously owned and considered of so little value. On enquiry as to what had effected so great a change, he was told that "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," had done it. This preparation has effected some remarkable cures. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

A Poor Boy Inherits Fifty Thousand Dollars.—About eight years ago, says the Memphis *Bulletin* of March 13th, a youth named Timothy Griffin left his mother's house in Toronto, in company with two other lads, for a tour in the United States. Not one of them had at the time attained his fourteenth year, but they thought they were well able to go forth and seek their fortunes among the Yankees. The three young adventurers first visited Detroit, where they got situations as "bell boys" in a hotel, and after staying a short time, they left for pastures new. Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, and other places, were visited, and when the war broke out they became separated. Griffin continued to follow the pursuits of a civil life, and at the termination of the war he found his way to Memphis, and the first that was really known of him here was that he, after seven years' wanderings, had settled down to steady employment, and had obtained a situation on the Memphis and Ohio railroad as a brakesman. He pursued his calling dilligently, saving up all the money that was in his power, not having the slightest idea that fortune was about to play a pleasant freak upon him. There was, however, good fortune in store for him who had so early wandered from home, for on Monday he received a letter from his mother, requesting his immediate return to Canada, as his grandfather had died and left him a legacy of fifty thousand dollars. He immediately tendered his resignation, and yesterday left by train for the Queen's dominions to secure his legacy.

FENIANISM AND OTHER MATTERS AT ST. PAUL, MINN.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

Dear Sir,—The news which has recently come over the lines in regard to another threatened invasion of Canada by the Fenian robbers and vagabonds, has aroused the Canadians here, and should such an invasion take place and assume any magnitude, you will hear of a rush of Canucks to Canada, as in the two cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis alone, there are one hundred and four men, most of whom are old volunteers and proficient in drill, while others are *now secretly drilling*, and all preparing to start as soon as necessary to assist in the defence of our not-yet-forgotten and "beloved Canadian Home," and to keep unsullied the honor of that glorious banner of Old England, the *true* emblem of liberty. The St Patrick-Fenian demonstration here was a very contemptible affair, there being only about fifty who joined in the procession and they of very doubtful character. We rejoice with you over the expected passage of the Confederation Bill, and have no doubt of its ultimate success, when we hope a liberal policy will be adopted in regard to settlers in opening out roads, building bridges, granting homesteads, &c., and in my estimation as valuable a railroad as can be built, would be one to Red River and make that magnificent country a tributary to Canada.

I had, last night, the privilege and pleasure of hearing that eloquent orator, Fred. Douglass, deliver a lecture on "The sources of danger to the Republic." Some fifteen hundred persons were present, and it was a very pleasing and instructive lecture. Among other good things that he said was—"The negro has no cause to thank the American Government for his freedom, for he was only freed when their banner was trailing in the dust, soaked in the blood of thousands of the loyal North, when every house was a house of woe, every church in the land draped in mourning for the fallen, and the God of battles refusing to crown them with victory, because they would not let the negro go—only then did the Government hold out its hands and piteously exclaim—"Pompey help us or we sink." I thought there was more truth than poetry in the sentiment, and although it is a bitter pill for the American people, I hope they will gracefully take it, and cease their abominable and despicable habit of lauding themselves to the skies, which makes them ridiculous in the eyes of other nations. Mr. Douglass would not be received into the hotels here *on account of his color*, and it was with great difficulty a private house could be found where he could stay, and this morning I saw him wending his way across the bridge to the depot on foot and *alone*. May it be recorded and ever held in remembrance against St. Paul that her best citizens invited a gentleman—the second best orator in the land—to lecture before a literary association, and because of his color permitted him to leave in that style; it is contemptible to say the least.

Business is very dull now; old merchants say, duller than it has been for 12 years, the memorable '57 not excepted. Weather cold and very disagreeable; sleighing bad.

Respectfully,

A Canadian.

St. Paul, Minn., March 20, 1867.

LOCAL NEWS.

Special Meeting.—The members of the St. Patrick's Literary Association are requested to attend a Special Meeting this evening in the Hall, Sussex-street.

The Hull Iron Mines.—We yesterday saw a casting of about six tons weight on its way to the Hull Iron Mines to form part of the powerful machinery for crushing ore. Most of the machinery we understand is on the ground, and is now in process of erection. It is of the most improved kind, being we believe, similar to the best used in Glasgow.

Christ Church Parsonage.—We beg to call the attention of our fair readers to the advertisement which appears in to-day's issue relative to a Bazaar in aid of the debt on the handsome parsonage of Christ Church. We understand that the ladies rendered good service in its erection, and we hope they will not relax their efforts until it is entirely free from debt.

Meteorological Observations.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

Ottawa, March 28, 1867.

Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 20 above zero.

9 a.m. 27 above zero.
Noon, shade, 33 above zero.
Noon, sun, 60 above zero.
6 p.m. 34 above zero.

A Music Hall.—A meeting of a few influential gentlemen and capitalists was held in the parlor of the Russell House last evening, for the purpose of considering the measures necessary to be taken in order to secure the erection of a Music Hall, to which should also be attached committee and lodge rooms for Masons and other societies. Mr. Zollikoffer who takes an active interest in the matter was present and gave valuable information. No definite conclusions were arrived at last evening, but arrangements were made for another meeting and gentlemen appointed to collect information in the interim.

Probable Incendiarism.—At about eleven o'clock on Wednesday night as the chief of police was making his rounds, he discovered a small shed on fire on St. Andrew-street. He called assistance, and with some exertions the fire was extinguished without giving a general alarm. On investigation Mr. Langrell came to the conclusion that the shed had been fired wilfully, and it is suspected to have been done by a person interested in calling out the engines and putting the corporation to an expense of some forty or fifty dollars. The Lower Town Hook and Ladder and the Queen were on the ground, but their services were not needed.

Something Beautiful.—Mr. E. Miles, of the Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon, has just received another consignment of those beautiful Organs and Melodeons, direct from the Manufactory, Toronto. It affords us pleasure to note the fact that the demand for these very superior instruments is daily increasing. The encouragement thus given to home manufacture speaks well for the public taste, and we hope to hear of its still increasing. We say by all means encourage native industry, even where the product is not quite as good as that imported, but these instruments are unequalled, and deserving of the high enconiums bestowed upon them by the best practical musicians in the country.

Police Court.—William Beaton was charged with exhibiting a show contrary to the By-law of this Corporation in such case made and provided. Defendant pleaded ignorance of the law, and appeared quite unconscious of the fact, known to half the city, that he has been for some weeks past a great nuisance. His stupid speeches at the door of his exhibition about his dancing-bear and his own sword-swallowing exploits, have been the cause of detaining wondering little boys from school, and in some cases of inducing them to give the fellow their coppers to "walk in." The police have had on many occasions to drive away children who hung about the *show* in the evening when they should have been at home with their mothers. The case was adjourned till this morning.—Robert Spence, who had been summoned to answer a charge of selling liquor without license, did not appear. A warrant for his apprehension was then asked for, which was granted and placed in the hands of the officers.

THE FENIAN RISING.

[Correspondence of the London Daily Telegraph, March 14.]

Dublin, March 12.

Dublin is gradually coming to its senses, and the conviction that the great Fenian rising is a "tinpot" affair after all is impressing itself finally upon the minds of all thinking men. I have no doubt I shall give offence by refusing positively to believe that an insurrection which has gone out like a damp rocket can be treated as if it were a serious revolution. But at the same time, I think every one who reads what I say impartially, will perceive that I drew a distinction between the potential and the actual importance of the recent outbreak. I am not prepared to assert that this abortive, contemptible, childish attempt at insurrection is not a symptom of grave disorder in the body politic. On the contrary, I believe it to be so even more seriously than most Irishmen with whom I meet; but I also hold that to dignify this outbreak, as the Dublin papers do, with the phraseology befitting a formidable revolution, is to stultify both England and Ireland. I do not complain of the good people of this city because they were ready to believe any "gobemouche" story of the day after the rising. Except in sensation dramas, sentimental novels, and romantic songs, insurgents are very unpleasant and objectionable customers at the best. Garibaldian volunteers, Cretan patriots, Secesh raiders, Polish insurgents, Mexican free lances—all persons, in fact, who take up arms to overthrow a settled government, whether their cause be good or bad—are people who are pleasanter at a distance than at home; and I do not wonder that even courageous men felt a pang of alarm when they heard that the Fenians were "out." Insurrection means murder, rapine, and arson; and I, for one, if I had had home or friends near Dublin, should have felt extremely uncomfortable on that black Ash-Wednesday. I do not profess to be braver than the rest of the world; and I think the measures taken by the Government, however disproportionate they proved to the actual resistance to be suppressed, were fully justified. It is quite possible, though I think not probable, that the insurrection may break out again to-night or to-morrow, in such proportions as to become a real rising; but this would not affect my argument. What I complain of is the absurd persistence of the Dublin press in magnifying the character of the petty incidents which have formed the staple of the "inglorious three days" of the Fenian revolution.

Unless you have moved about the disturbed district as I have done till to-day, and shall be doing again to-morrow, and have been at the scene of all the supposed movements and counter-movements, it is impossible to realise the extent to which molehills are magnified into mountains. Let me cite one instance out of last night's experience. On passing Limerick Junction I spoke to the officer in command of the station, and learned from him that there was absolutely no news of any kind as to any fresh rising or disturbance. I telegraphed the fact to you, and went on my way, thinking that I could lose nothing in going to Dublin. In the carriage with me there was an excited Irishman, who let down the window at every station—the cold when he did so was something terrible—and called to the police to know if there was anything stirring. "Everything perfectly quiet" was the invariable answer till we reached a station—I think it was called Monasterevan. There one of the constabulary came forward in obedience to my fellow-traveller's summons, and informed him that there had been an attack the night before at the neighboring town of Mountmellick; that the police had killed two of the marauders; but the main body of the Fenians had escaped, owing to the darkness, and the impetuousness with which their onslaught was repulsed. Nothing could exceed the delight of my acquaintance, who in other respects seemed to be a kindly man enough. "Shoot 'em down; the more the better; that is the only way to cure them," and so on, were the sort of phrases with which he interlarded his inquiries after the details of the affair. Here, I thought, was very decisive testimony of a serious outbreak in a part of the country hitherto tolerably free from Fenianism. If an armed band had really attacked Mountmellick barracks the insurrection was obviously spreading, and I had an idea of stopping on purpose to telegraph to you this important news. Fortunately, my tendency to scepticism on all Irish intelligence saved me from a disaster. I recollected how odd it was that the commanding officer at Limerick Junction should have heard nothing of so great an occurrence; and I resolved to wait till the morning. To-day, on taking up the papers, I find that the Mountmellick affair was all a mistake. A drunken man fired off a pistol at the barracks; the police naturally enough returned the fire, thinking an attack was coming, wounding the drunkard severely, and killed an innocent bystander. I don't know that they were to blame in any way. I only allude to the fact, to show how impossible it is to obtain reliable news, even close to the places where the riots are supposed to have occurred. The Fenian army existed only in the imagination of the people at Monasterevan; and the story of the attack on the barracks, which was circulated throughout Ireland, was a simple invention.

So day by day we discover that some item in the astounding farrago of sensation paragraphs, which the Dublin papers vied with each other in producing, turns out to be erroneous. In the whole of this Hibernian rising, as far as I can gather, not half-a-dozen people—if so many—have been killed by the Fenians; and the two most important persons killed by the regular forces have been innocent lookers-on. There is every cause to be thankful that so little blood has been shed; but to talk of this well-nigh bloodless rising as an important insurrection is a misuse of language.

Dublin, Wednesday, March 13.

The city and neighborhood of Dublin are perfectly quiet and peaceful. The subsidence of the "rising" in the provinces, and the perfect confidence which has always been felt in the power of the authorities to crush any movement which the Fenians might venture to make, has prevented the public from paying much attention to the various rumours in circulation. I believe I may truly say that, notwithstanding the sensation paragraphs in some of our local journals, there is no real feeling of alarm entertained by the citizens. The executive here, I can assure you, has no fear of a "rising" on St. Patrick's day, or any other day. Last night the performances at the Theatre Royal were by "command." The Lord-Lieutenant, the Marchioness of Abercorn, several members of their family, and Lord Strathnairn were present. The audience was exceedingly large. The reception given to his Excellency was most enthusiastic, the people cheering him again and again with the utmost fervour. His Excellency has made himself most popular with the citizens of Dublin, and the freedom and confidence with which he and the Marchioness move about through the city have had an excellent moral effect.

Yesterday morning the troops in garrison, under the command of General M'Murdo, assembled on the esplenade in front of the Royal Barracks for the purpose of hearing read the several sentences passed on three prisoners recently convicted by a general court-martial of complicity with Fenianism. Private Simpson was sentenced to penal servitude for life, and immediately on hearing the words of the sentence he took off his cap and, by way of bravado, shouted, "Three cheers for the Irish Republic." He was at once checked by one of the escort on duty. Private Cavanagh was sentenced to seven, and Private Murtagh to five years' penal servitude. The prisoners were subsequently placed in Mountjoy Convict Prison.

Arrests have been made in Drogheda, Cork, Limerick, Belfast, and other places. The most important of them is believed to be that of Edward Duffy, one of the persons who was arrested along with James Stephens at Sandymount on the morning of Nov. 11, 1865, but who was subsequently liberated on bail on account of the critical state of his health. He returned to his evil practices, and has latterly been engaged in Limerick, Clare, and Roscommon in organising the revolt. He is said to have been one of the principal pay-masters of the Fenians, and when captured in Boyle, on Monday last, he had a considerable sum of money in his possession. He has been committed to Mountjoy Prison on a charge of high treason. A young man, described as Duffy's secretary, was arrested with him, and is still detained in custody without commitment. Yesterday six prisoners, who are understood to have been concerned in the late attack on the constabulary in Kilmallock, arrived in Dublin by mid train from Cork, and were lodged in Mountjoy Prison. They were apprehended on Monday at Queenstown while endeavouring to make their escape to America by a vessel which was to leave yesterday morning. There is no news of importance from the provinces; all is quiet in Limerick, Cork, and Tipperary.

Dublin, Wednesday night.

Accounts received from the country to-day report everything quiet.

A report reached town that a Fenian demonstration took place last night in the neighborhood of Arklow, and that large bodies of men were seen in the vicinity of the Wicklow mountains, which are covered with snow.

Respectable people stated positively that they saw the Fenians in force on the Dublin mountains to-day, but they must have been deceived.

The 89th Regiment arrived this day from Aldershot.

Four gunboats are to be placed in the river Liffey.

It is reported that Government will close the public-houses in town from Saturday evening until Monday morning, because of Sunday being St. Patrick's Day.

CITY COUNCIL.

Special Meeting.

City Hall, March 25, 1867.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, Martineau, Langford.

Ald. Abbott presented the petition of Robt. Gilpin for the removal of an old storehouse from the end of Sussex-street (Little) at the canal basin.

Moved by Ald. Abbott, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the petition of Robt. Gilpin, just read be received, and that the Chief of Police be authorised to have the building in Little Sussex-street, mentioned in the petition, removed forthwith.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy presented the petition of Charles Landriau for remuneration for damages sustained in working at a fire.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the petition of Charles Landriau just read be received and referred to the Fire Committee.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of Messrs. Harvey and White for the grading of Wirtemberg-street.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the petition of Messrs. Harvey and White be received and referred to the City Engineer.—Carried.

Ald. Bate presented the petition of A. Drummond for the removal of a nuisance on Sparks-street, and that of Mary Hurley.

Moved by Ald. Bate, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the petition of A. Drummond be received and referred to the Board of Health.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Bate, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the petition of Mary Hurley be received and referred to the Committee on Assessment.—Carried.

Ald. Bate presented the petition of Mr. Geo. Shouldice, complaining that his cellar is full of water from the by-wash.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the petition of Mr. Shouldice be received and placed on file.—Carried.

Ald. Goulden presented the communication of Henry Gough, offering to place gravel on street.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the communication of Mr. Gough be received and referred to the City Engineer.—Carried.

Ald. Martineau presented the petition of J. B. Parent, respecting Church-street drain.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the petition of J. B. Parent, respecting Church-street drain, just read, be received and referred to the City Engineer.

His Worship the Mayor presented a copy of the City Chamberlain's Accounts of Quebec.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the copy of the Treasurer's accounts, and other documents from the Corporation of the City of Quebec is thankfully accepted, and that the City Clerk is hereby directed to acknowledge the receipt of the same.—Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of Mrs. Margaret O'Connor, for a six feet sidewalk on the east side of King-street between Wilbrod and Stewart-streets, and that of the Rev. Mr. Guillard, for a six feet sidewalk on the south side of Wilbrod between King and Cumberland-streets.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the petitions of Margaret O'Connor and of the Rev. Mr. Guillard be received and referred to the City Engineer, and that he report on the probable cost thereof at the next regular meeting of this council.—Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented the account of L. Perkins for gravel, &c.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the account of L. Perkins be referred to a special committee composed of Ald. Robinson, Bangs and Goulden, to be reported on to this council.—Carried.

Ald. Traversy presented a number of accounts which were read.

Moved by Ald. Traversy, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the accounts of Pierre Poulin, Ulric Peltier and Antoine Lefrage just read, be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

His Worship the Mayor presented report No. 3 of the Assessment Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

Your Court of Revision and Assessment Committee beg to submit their third report for 1867 as follows: Having received petitions from the several parties hereinafter named, your committee have decided to remit and deduct the following assessments on account of manifest errors in the rolls, viz:—Damase Cocker, Ottawa Ward, Roll No. 147, $16.03; John Robertson, St. George's, 1048, $5.33; Mary Raitt, By Ward, 239, $10.68; E. P. Dorion, St. George's, 477, $10.17. The following on account of extreme poverty and sickness, viz:—Ann Cox, Victoria Ward, Nos. 227 and 228, $15.30; Patrick Coleman, Wellington, 794, $15.25; W. L. Gane, Wellington, 570, $4.58; Widow of Joseph Gautheir, St. George's, 547, $13.75; Mary Bryant, St. George's, 564, $6.10; John Boyle, St. George's, 382, $6.10; R. F. Johnston, Ottawa Ward, 290, $17.23; and to reject the following petitions for want of jurisdiction, viz: Joseph Bouchette, Duncan Graham, W. H. Duffill and Martha Jones. Your committee would recommend that the Mayor be authorised to sign cheques in favor of D. O'Connor for $5.51 and of Thomas G. Burns for $15.82, the former having been twice assessed for income, and the latter being income tax of a tenant of the applicant, who left without paying his rent. Also in favor of Alfred Laurin for $2 wrongly assessed for statute labor; of Alex. Hawley for $6.21, paid in error, and of A. J. Russell for $9.46, wrongly remaining in arrear against his lots Nos. 14 and 16, South side of Victoria Terrace. Your Committee must reject the petition of P. LeSueuer, he being a tenant, and the cause of complaint a matter solely between him and his landlord. As to the application of R. W. Scott, your committee recommend that the Chamberlain be instructed to receive the receipt given by Thomas Costello, for 1862, on Lot No. 2, North side of Ottawa-street, numbered 868 on the Collector's roll of that year for Ottawa Ward; and to deduct the amount not returned therein as paid with the percentage accrued thereon, and discharge said lot from taxes on payment to him of all other arrears against the same.

On investigating the complaint of Thomas C. Keefer, your committee find that the numerous warrants issued by the Collector for taxes, arose from the fact that in all but one case the properties were assessed in the several names of J. McKay, the estate of Thomas McKay and Ann McKay, and that in the exceptional case the properties were in different wards and on separate rolls, which was the cause of issuing separate warrants; and as no application was made to the Court of Revision for the year complained of, to have the property placed on the rolls in the name of one person, your committee cannot recommend any reduction of the amounts in arrear.

Considering the number of applications by widows and others, for exemption from taxes, on the ground of poverty and other causes which, if brought before the Court of Revision, whilst revising the assessment roll, might have been omitted from the Collector's roll, thereby saving the clerk, collector and your committee a great deal of extra trouble and annoyance, your committee would recommend that your council do appoint the 15th day of April next as the latest day for the completion of the assessment rolls for the current year, and that the clerk be authorised in the meantime to give notice in the city newspapers, and by posters, that no claims for exemption by widows or others, on the grounds of poverty or other causes of complaint against the assessment, will be entertained by the Court of Revision after finally revising the rolls, nor unless brought before the court by notice given to the clerk within fourteen days thereafter, pursuant to the statute.

Robert Lyon, Chairman.
James Cunningham,
Eugene Martineau,
H. J. Friel.

Ottawa, March 25, 1867.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Friel, that report No. 3 of the Assessment Committee, be received and adopted.—Carried.

Ald. Goulden presented a report from the Special Committee on Improvements.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Special Committee appointed at the last meeting of the council beg leave to report, that having duly considered the petition of Samuel Goldthrite, and others, for payment for a sidewalk laid down by themselves on Slater-street, the committee cannot recommend payment, of it, it not being constructed according to the By-law. The estimate of the city engineer for the completion of the Church-street drain, they herewith beg to submit.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

James Robinson,
C. W. Bangs,
Chas. Goulden.

Ottawa, March 25, 1867.

Moved by Ald. Goulden, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that the report of the Special Committee, and the report of the city engineer on the Church-street drain, be received, and that as claims for damages must arise if said drain is not completed the city clerk be directed to advertise for tenders for the said work to be received at the next regular meeting of this council.—Lost by amendment.

Moved in amendment by Ald. Abbott, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that that portion referring to the petition of Mr. Goldthrite, be referred back to the Special Committee for further consideration, and that the report as so amended do pass.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the city clerk advertise for tenders to be received at the next meeting of this council for the completion of the Church-street drain, in conformity with the report of the city engineer now before this council.—Carried.

Yeas.—Rochester, Cunningham, Bate, Featherston, Abbott, Friel, Goulden, Guerard, Traversy, Heney, Martineau.

Nays.—Langford.

Ald. Friel presented report No. 1 of the Market Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Market Committee in this their first report beg leave to report, that in reference to the petition of Mrs. Ann Owens praying for a three months license for a butcher's stall in Rideau-street, in consequence of the poverty of her family, and herself, caused by the imprisonment of her husband, your committee recommend that the prayer of the petition be granted. In reference to the petition of Patrick McKeever and other butchers praying for reduction of rent of stalls in By Ward Market, your committee cannot recommend granting the prayer thereof, as By-laws Nos. 213 and 223 render such proceedings illegal.

The whole respectfully submitted,

Henry J. Friel,
James G. Robinson,
John Langford.

Ottawa, March 25, 1867.

Moved by Ald. Friel, seconded by Ald. Langford, that the Report of the Market Committee be received and adopted.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the Monthly Returns of the Chamberlain for January and February be received and referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bate, that the statement of the chief of police shewing the amount collected for rent of market stalls and shops for the quarters ending 31st December, 1866, and 31st March, 1867, be referred to the Finance Committee.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Guerard, that a Special Committee, to consist of Ald. Goulden, Bangs and Robinson, be appointed to inspect and report upon the state of Ottawa, Wilbrod and Stewart-streets, and should there be absolute necessity for immediate action, the committee be empowered to expend a sum not exceeding $20.—Carried.

Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Rochester, that the By-law Committee be directed to prepare and bring in a By-law to establish a Board of Works.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Inundation of the Mississippi Valley.

New Orleans, March 27.—Reports from points above on the river, state that the levees are giving way and the whole lower valley will probably be inundated.

News by the China.

New York, March 27.—The *China's* mails arrived to-night. English papers have a rumor that the United States Government have through Mr. Adams called the attention of the British Government to the neglected condition of Ireland, and pointed out measures which in their opinion are best calculated to allay disaffection, and also the irritation which exists among the Irish population in America.

The Duke of Persigny made a speech in the French Legislature. He was silent on the French policy, but said but for ministerial responsibility the British Government would have broken up the American Republic long ago. Emile Oliver had made a speech urging that France should honestly accept the transformation which had taken place in Germany, and which he said was not directed against the French.

La France says the basis of an understanding between France, Russia and England on the Eastern question exists, which permits the hope of speedy solution. *La France* says there exists at the present moment in the foreign policy of France no single question capable of embarrassing her diplomatic action abroad, or of disquieting public opinion at home.

It is stated the Emperor has sanctioned a bill for the introduction of trial by jury in Austria.

The Impeachment Business.

The *Herald's* Washington special says, "As to the impeachment matter, the oldest member of the Judiciary Committee both in parliamentary experience and in years, has said within the last twenty-four hours, that the committee will notify all persons to bring forward their evidence, and intimated that there was none such before the committee at present, and this seems to be the opinion of all who have the most intimate relations with the chairman of that committee."

The Resolution on Jeff Davis.

The *Tribune's* Washington special denies the statement that Mr. Wilson's resolution to release Jeff Davis will be reported favorably upon by the Judiciary Committee. The resolution was not referred to any committee, but lies on the table of the Senate.

Two Prize Fights in Prospect.

New York, March 28.—Aaron Jones has challenged Mike McCoole, of St. Louis, to fight within two or three months for one thousand dollars. It is rumored that John C. Heenan and Joe Coburn are to fight for ten thousand dollars and the championship of America.

Robbery and Murder.

Dayton, March 28.—David Tate, jr., a well known flour merchant of this city, was waylaid last evening near his mills. He was shot down and robbed, and it is thought he cannot recover. There is no clue to the murderers.

Southern Emigration to Brazil.

New York, March 28.—It is said a large number of emigrants for Brazil, from the South, are expected here shortly, and that some 500 will soon sail from Mobile to settle at Para, on the Amazon, a location referred to by Prof. Agassiz as remarkably well adapted for the cultivation of cotton, sugar, spices, &c. The emigration agency expect that about 2,000 persons will leave this country during the spring for Brazil.

New York Money Market.

New York, March 28.—Gold, 134¼. The *Commercial's* financial article says: Gold is in active demand for custom duties, but otherwise quiet. Money rather easier than yesterday, but the rate continues firm at 2 on stocks and 6 on Governments. Governments rather more active and firmer. Gold bonds stronger, 10-30's in active demand. Speculating in railroad shares continues quiet, but firm. Foreign exchange active and firmer for Saturday's steamer.

The *Commercial's* special says: Secretary Stanton has telegraphed to General Sheridan an approval of his conduct in changing officials at New Orleans.

LINES ON A LADY'S NOSE.

The following lines were suggested from an incident in which a beautiful girl exhibited that eccentric caprice which excites so much amusement when proceeding from a witty and charming woman. The lady in this instance offered to give a beautiful specimen of her work to the person who should write the best verses upon "her nose." We need scarcely add that the following was the "prize poem" in this novel competition:

Let me sing of that feature of Miss Izabelle,
Which serves her so aptly to sneeze, and to smell,
Altho' it can't be called Roman, or Greek,
It stands sentinel over a mouth that can speak,
With such wit, and such humour, and bright repartee,
As fill young men with love, and old men with glee.
This exquisite feature is never turned up—
Except in contempt of some impudent pup,
Who pretends to make conquests of every fair,
But whose boasts, like his head, are as empty as air.
It is charming to see this fine feature dilate,
At the doom of the patriot whose unhappy fate
'Twas to yield his young life for liberty's claim;
Or to see its contempt as they hold up to shame,
The profligate man who neglects his poor wife;
Or the barbarous husband who makes sad her life;
Or affections abused where the heart most confided;
Or some fond mother's love by her own child derided.
But how sweet 'tis to witness its gentle repose,
As the generous acts of some friend you disclose.
Then, may no violent sneezes, or cold in the head
Make this eloquent feature with soreness look red;
May no scent assail it whose odors disclose
A less delicate fragrance than that of the rose;
In fine, may wit, wisdom, elegance, grace,
Combined in herself, find its fit resting-place,
And be as patent to all as the nose on her face.

G. M.

—Mr. John Fraser (Cousin Sandy) of Ottawa, writes a letter to a paper in that city, to complain that while we find fault with Mr. Derby for piracies from the *Year Book*, we have published a "poetical trifle" of his, over the signature of "A.B." We can have no hesitation in making to Mr. Fraser, instant *amende*. We did not know he was the author. We happened to copy it from another paper with no further knowledge of the authorship, than was afforded by the letters "A.B." at the bottom.—*Montreal Gazette*.

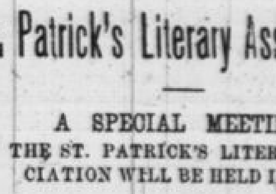
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Bazaar in Aid of Christ Church Parsonage Debt.

AT THE URGENT REQUEST OF A number of Ladies who are anxious to work for this object, I beg most respectfully to invite a general meeting of the Ladies of the Parish, for the purpose of organizing a Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, APRIL 3rd, at 3 o'clock, in the Chapel, Sussex-street.

J. S. LAUDER.

March 29. 394d



St. Patrick's Literary Association.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE ST. PATRICK'S LITERARY ASSOCIATION WILL BE HELD IN THE

ST. PATRICK'S HALL, THIS FRIDAY EVENING.

At Half-past 7 O'Clock.

By order,

HUGH GALLAGHER,

Asst.-Recording Secretary.

March 29. 395-1

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY

GREAT ATTRACTION

AT HAMILTON'S HOTEL,

YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL IN TOWN OF

THE "BIG LITTLE WOMAN."

SHE WEIGHS THE ENORMOUS Weight of 516 POUNDS; Measures around the body 7 feet 9 inches, (no Hoops); around the arm, 27 inches; around the calf, 38 inches; and yet is only 5 feet 1 inch tall, only 13 inches across the shoulders, and however incredible, wears with ease a number 6 glove, and a number 3 shoe.

These are facts which must be seen to be believed, and when seen, you are tempted to doubt the reality still!

Her affable and pleasing manner in conversation, supported by a liberal endowment of intellect and wit from Nature, makes her entertainments the most attractive of the kind.

Up to the age of twenty she was very small and delicate, weighing at the time only 105 pounds. She is now thirty-six years old, enjoys the best of health, and seems perfectly contented with her lot in this world, which certainly is a "big one."

ADMISSION 15cts. - CHILDREN 10cts.

Open from 9 a m to 10 o'clock p m.

March 27. 393a

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

The Last Fancy Dress Entertainment OF THE SEASON.

A GRAND FANCY DRESS ENTERTAINMENT will take place

AT THE RINK, ON Tuesday evening, 2nd April.

This being the last of the season, the Directors intend using every exertion to make it a complete success. The Rink will be handsomely decorated for the occasion.

LADY PATRONESSES:

MRS. ROBT. LYON, MRS. STEELE.
MRS. WADE, MRS. ROSS.

COMMITTEE:

J. M. CURRIER, ESQ., M. P. P., ROBT. LYON, ESQ.
W. WADE, ESQ.
C. T. BATE, ESQ., J. LEB. ROSS, ESQ.,
B. BATSON, ESQ., W. H. AUMOND, ESQ.

None but those in Costume will be allowed on the Ice. Non-Subscribers must be introduced by Subscribers.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

MR. G. W. LESTER has over 40 beautiful Costumes to let out at very low prices.

MR. DETLOR, Superintendent O. & P. Railway, has kindly consented to carry parties coming to the Entertainment, and return, AT ONE FARE.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

March 27. 393d

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MISTAKE took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others:

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions, and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384tf

TENDERS

WILL be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the FIRST DAY of APRIL, 1867, at 7 o'clock p m, for the completion of the CHURCH STREET DRAIN, in accordance with the Report and Specification of the City Engineer.

By order, WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, March 27. 393d

FOR SALE.

PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,

AT

YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

Messrs. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.

ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.

THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.

RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.

NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25. 391y

LIFE ASSOCIATION of SCOTLAND!

INVESTED FUNDS UPWARDS OF ONE MILLION POUNDS STERLING.

This Institution differs from other Life Offices in that THE BONUSES FROM PROFITS *are applied on a special system for the Policy-holder's* PERSONAL BENEFIT AND ENJOYMENT DURING HIS OWN LIFETIME, *with the option of Large Bonus Additions to the Sum Assured.*

The Policy-holder thus obtains
A LARGE REDUCTION OF PRESENT OUTLAY,
OR A PROVISION FOR OLD AGE
OF A MOST IMPORTANT AMOUNT IN ONE CASH PAYMENT, OR A LIFE ANNUITY, *without any expense or outlay whatever beyond the ordinary Assurance Premium for the original Sum Assured, which remains intact for the Policy-holder's heirs, or other purposes.*

CANADA.—*MONTREAL,*—PLACE D'ARMES.

Directors.

David Torrance, Esq., (D. Torrance & Co.)
George Moffatt, Esq., (Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.)
Alexander Morris, Esq., M.P.P., Barrister.
The Hon. G. E. Cartier, M.P.P., Atty. Gen., C.E.
T. Kirby, Esq., Manager, Com. Bank of Canada.
Peter Redpath, Esq., (J. Redpath & Son.)

Solicitors,—Messrs. Torrance & Morris.
Medical Officer,—R. Palmer Howard, Esq., M.D.
Secretary,—P. Wardlaw.
Inspector of Agencies,—James B. M. Chipman.

THE 28th ANNUAL BALANCE will be made on 5th APRIL, 1867.

Previous Entrants will rank for Profits as of *One Year's Longer Standing than later Entrants.*

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.

Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.

Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents,—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,.....Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior,.....Vacant
Almonte,.....Mr. James Rosamond
Buckingham,.....Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville,.....Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke,.....Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 389-5A

AUCTION SALES.

EXTENSIVE SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE
By Auction.

H. McLEAN

HAS RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS from the HEIRS of the late

Capt. John LeBreton,

TO SELL ON THE 16TH OF APRIL,

AT THE

RUSSELL HOUSE,
IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA,
At 11 O'Clock, a. m.,

The following Lots, situated on the

Flats and Victoria Terrace.

No. 4, in Block A; No. 2, in Block D; No. 14, in Block E, with a nice Cottage thereon; Nos. 1, 2, 15 and 17, in Block F; Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 10, in G; Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 8 and 9, in I; Nos. 3, 4, in Block J; Nos. 4 and 6, in Block K; Nos. 3 and 11, in Block L; Nos. 15, 18 and 24, in Block M, Victoria Terrace; Nos. 5, 7, 8 and 10, in Block N, Richmond Road; No. 2, in Block Q; No. 1, in Block S.

Also, at the same time and place,

57 Acres of Lot No. 40,

In the 1st Concession Nepean, R. Front, to be sold in Lots to suit purchasers.

Plans to be seen in my office until the day of Sale.

Terms, one-fourth cash; balance in three equal annual instalments.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 27. 393td

A CARD.

A. ROWE,
Principal Auctioneer of the City of Ottawa.

SALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION solicited. Valuation of Household Furniture and effects carefully attended to.

Principal Office and Sales Room No. 42 North Side of Rideau Street.

Mr. Rowe in referring to the above Card begs respectfully to say that he has completed arrangements for conducting sales this spring in a manner that must give general satisfaction.

Though favoured last year, and for some years past, with the management of most of the important Sales which have taken place in the city, and he is happy to say universal satisfaction has been given in every respect.

Some of the reasons for Mr. Rowe's great success in conducting sales are, his extensive acquaintance with the purchasers, both in the city and country, and also his experience has given him a thorough knowledge of the value of every article he offers for sale.

And the most essential part which he was the first to introduce is to close and cash a sale the second day after it takes place.

Any number of references can be given if required.

Consignments of every description solicited.

Cash advances made on consignments for positive sale if required.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 386y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,
No. 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in PRODERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. W. Bangs & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have this day received one hhd. of China Tea Setts, which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Woollen ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 5. 374y

Money Wanted!

$4,000 Wanted forthwith, on first-class unencumbered real estate security, situate within two miles of this city. Apply to

W. H. WALKER,
Barrister, &c.

Ottawa, March 27, 1867. 393-a

Wanted!

A Saleman for a Dry Goods Store in Pembroke. Apply to

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, March 27, 1867. 393-3

To Rent,

A DESIRABLE FURNISHED HOUSE in Centre Town. Apply at this office.

March 27. 393a

Wanted,

IN A SMALL FAMILY, A GOOD COOK and LAUNDRESS. Apply to 61, Daly-street.

March 27. 393tf

RUSHING OFF

STOVES,

Of every description at any price, to make way for the largest and best assorted summer stock ever imported to Ottawa.

LAMPS, OILS, & TINWARE.

All very cheap at

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street

Ottawa, March 15, 1867. 383y

BY AUTHORITY.

THE ANNUAL VOLUNTEER
AND
SERVICE MILITIA LIST OF CANADA, FOR 1867.

Price 25cts.

For sale by the Publisher,

GEORGE E. DESBARATS,
Cor. of Sparks and O'Connor-streets.

Ottawa, March 22. 389a

New Spring Goods,
New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,
At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S.

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,

ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS:

Black Silk Mantle Velvets,
Fancy Dress Goods,
Black Mantle Cloths,
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings,
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. H. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

OVER 50 PACKAGES
NEW
SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Milton's Striped Tweeds.
Venetians, Coatings,
Vest Patterns, Broadcloths,
Cassimeres, Doeskins,
&c., &c.

O. M. HOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 12. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St. James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitsky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. P. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 360d-w3-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!
24, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.
Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!
—AT—
GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4,075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents.
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CORNS & BUNIONS
EXTRACTED
WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or at having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for occular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J. Barr, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

C. BANSLEY & CO.
No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!
AND
Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c., &c.
All new and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 208y

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants, where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-Street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, March 18. 385b

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine

Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of

MASKS,

ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also

Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Cards.

1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS.

P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.

Ottawa, March 19. 386tf

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.

Capital, - - - $5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:
London,.....Liverpool,.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:

Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.

OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

Ætna Life Insurance Company,
ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.....25.31

And each subsequent year.....26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.

R. SMITH, Agent.
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	258,485 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 32
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid.
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	168,289 49	92,130 89
1863	256,973 55	160,434 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 96
1866	1,475,405 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.

DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, } Vice-Presidents.
CHARLES WILSON,
SAMUEL L. TALCOTT,

W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.

Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Cassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all descriptions of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 16, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-utf

1867. TEA 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,
(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:

Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd. do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultanas,
In Boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.

Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:

English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Patos, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:

Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:

DeKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.
Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.

Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:

Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, andles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings, Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codfish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO LET FOR A TERM of years that large and commodious three-story stone building on Sparks-st., Central Town, known as Johnston Brown's corner. One of the best business stands in the city. It is newly finished. Possession given the first of May. Terms liberal. Apply to the proprietor, Ottawa-st.

JAMES WADSWORTH.

March 28. 394-1M

HOUSES TO LET.—TWO two story frame Houses, situate on the North side of Queen-street near the Crown Timber Office, with sheds attached, and good spring water; also Garden to each house. Possession from 1st May next. Apply to the proprietor, James Mathews, Corner of Bank and Biddy-streets.

Ottawa, March 25. 391-2aw1M

LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York-street, and 65 feet on King-street.

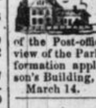
Apply to

WILLIAM CLEGG.
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

TO LET.—To Let in Besserer street, a Stone Dwelling house, containing ten apartments. House next to Mrs. Besserer's. Apply to JOHN GRAHAM, Albion Hotel.

March 14. 382a



FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outhouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets.

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel-keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings, and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE,

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.) that elegant Stone Building, (Store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenants therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to MR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,
BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe-street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post* where he is now prepared to execute all orders for **BOOKBINDING,**

PAPER-RULING, or

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,
NOW ON SALE

AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.
700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY
100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.
150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:

ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St

Ottawa, September 10. 226tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESS'NG.
AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET.
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD *THROUGH* 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

PIANO-FORTE INSTRUCTION.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony, in Albert College, Belleville, intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Painting in Water Colors, Oils, Monochromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 384-3m

WILSON & CO.,
Pork Packers,
TORONTO,
(Late of Chicago.)

HEAVY MESS, Prime Mess, extra Prime Pork, guaranteed Chicago standard; Sugar-cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed agents for Messrs. Wilson & Co., all orders will be promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
3, Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, March 2. 372-10w6m

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the City cleaned of all filth and nuisances: And whereas the introduction and spread of Cholera, Typhus and other contagious diseases is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city: And whereas

The Board of Health

Under and by virtue of the Powers conferred upon them by various Acts of Parliament, establishing "Boards of Health," and in accordance with various By-laws of the City of Ottawa, have deemed it advisable that immediate steps should be taken for cleansing the City.

Now Know Ye that I,

ROBERT LYON, Mayor of the City of Ottawa, do hereby order and direct, that all Yards, Cellars, Stables, Outhouses and other Buildings and Enclosures, Lanes or Alleys, shall be thoroughly cleansed of all Filth, Dirt, Nightsoil, or other impurities by the owners or persons occupying the same,

Before the 20th day of April,

1867: And I hereby give notice that the Chief of Police and the Constabulary of this City are enjoined to proceed, at once, to have all Privy Pits, Cesspools, &c., thoroughly cleansed, and to see this order carried into effect, and all and every person or persons disobeying or neglecting to observe the same, on or before the Twentieth day of April, 1867, will be punished according to law.

GIVEN under my hand at the City of Ottawa this 22nd day of March, A. D. 1867.

ROBERT LYON, Mayor.

Ottawa, March 25. 391tf

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL CONGREGATIONS, or others owning Churches, and individuals, corporations and companies owning Halls, Theatres, or other Buildings used for the purpose of holding public meetings, or places of public resort or amusement, all the doors shall be so hinged that they may open freely outwards, on or before the 15th day of August, 1867, and any parties neglecting or refusing to do so will be prosecuted according to law.

THOS. LANGRELL, Chief of Police.

Ottawa, March 22. 389tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT, 25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!
AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO., 25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by
W. HEARN,
MARKET DRUG STORE,
York-street, Ottawa

377tf

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by
JOHN DURIE & SON,
10, Sparks Street,
Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC!

Servants' and Laborers'
Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT,
56, Sparks Stree

Ottawa, November 27. 292t

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application. For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, Barrister, Ottawa.

March 380d

DARLEY'S
Arabian Heave Remedy
AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick* and *Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to HURD & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
NEWCASTLE, C.W.,
Proprietors for the Canadas.

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

awa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!
SO AS TO USE
COAL OIL.

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil
WILL BE SUPPLIED AT
37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO., 62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

THOS RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution the public against being imposed upon by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulpharic "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE,
Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their
Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON, ASSISTANT AUDITOR.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

county of Carleton, calls the attention of the inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant, for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 83-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of th Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac.

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., a Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two housand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL,
Alexandria Park,
Portagedu Fort.

Jan 29, 1867 wfm

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints: **Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.**

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,
Ottawa, 12th March, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT NOtice to Navigators has been issued by the Government of Mauritius, in reference to a floating light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage to be substituted, for the harbour lights at the entrance of Port Louis, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.

By Command,
THOS. WORTHINGTON,
Asst. Com. of Customs and Excise.

Governor Sir H. Barkly to Lord Carnarvon.

Mauritius, 18th December, 1866.

Gov. Desp. No. 292, of 31 Oct., 1864. S.S. Desp. No. 361. of 27 April, 1865.

My Lord,

With reference to the previous Correspondence, noted in the margin, on the subject of the substitution of a Floating Light at the entrance of the Harbour of Port Louis for the present Shore Lights, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board of Trade, the accompanying Copies of a Notice, announcing that the change in question will take effect from the 24th May next, and giving the necessary sailing directions for the guidance of vessels approaching the Port. (Enclosure 1. Notice.)

Copies of this Notice have been forwarded to the different countries enumerated in the enclosed list, bearing the signature of the Colonial Secretary, and I beg that information may be given to the other Governments mentioned in the accompanying Copy of a Letter from the Harbour Master, dated the 14th instant, as well as to any Departments of Her Majesty's Government whom the matter may concern. (Enclosure 2. Enclosure 3.)

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) HENRY BARKLY.

The Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, &c., &c., &c.

NOTICE.

On the 24th of May, 1867, the Harbour Lights at the entrance of Port Louis, Mauritius, will be done away with, and a Floating Light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage will be substituted.

The Floating Light Vessel will be moored a little to the N Ward of the present well known Bell Buoy, with the following bearings:

Extreme of land to the northward: N E B N.
Extreme of land to the westward: W S b.
Flagstaff on Fort George: S E ¼ S.
Depth of Water: 15 fathoms.

The Light Vessel will be painted white, which will enable her to be distinctly seen against the dark land during the day.

She will shew a "*flashing white Light*" from Sunset to Sunrise, which will be visible a distance of nine miles in every direction from Seaward, from the poop of a large vessel.

The fact of this being a flashing Light, at short intervals, will sufficiently distinguish it from the Revolving Light at Flat Island, even were a mistake possible.

Vessels from the northward, after rounding Cannonier Point, must be careful not to bring Cannonier Point Light to the Westward of Flat Island Light, till the Floating Light at the Bell Buoy is seen; they may then steer for the latter, on a S S W ½ W bearing, and anchor on that bearing, from ¼ a mile to a mile from the Light.

Vessels approaching the Port from the Westward, may steer from the Floating Light on an E b N ¼ N bearing, and either anchor ¼ a mile from her on that bearing, or further northward as convenient.

The mooring chain of the Floating Light runs about 150 fathoms in a N N W direction, vessels must therefore be anchored in such a manner as to avoid hooking it.

The depths at the anchorage vary from 12 to 20 fathoms.

All the bearings are Compass bearings.

D. WALES, Harbour Master.

Post Office, 14th December, 1866.

Circulars respecting Floating Light have been sent to

1 The Colonial Secretary, St. Helena.
2 The Colonial Secretary, Cape of Good Hope.
3 The Colonial Secretary, Natal.
4 The Colonial Secretary, Tasmania.
5 The Colonial Secretary, New Zealand.
6 Chief Secretary, South Australia.
7 Colonial Secretary, Western Australia.
8 Colonial Secretary, Queensland.
9 Chief Secretary, Victoria.
10 Secretary to the Government, New South Wales.
11 Colonial Secretary, Ceylon.
12 Secretary to the Government, Bengal.
13 Secretary to the Government, Bombay.
14 Secretary to the Government, Madras
15 Colonial secretary, Hong Kong.
16 Civil Commissioner, Seychelles.
17 Secretary to the Government, Straits Settlement.
18 Secretary to the Government, Batavia.
19 Chief Commissioner, British Birmah.
20 Secretary to the Government, Manilla (Philipine Islands).
21 Political Resident, Aden.
22 Monsieur L'Ordonnateur, Reunion.
23 Police Magistrate, Rodrigues.

(Signed) FELIX BEDINGFELD, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Mauritius, 17th December, 1866.

Harbour Master to Colonial Secretary.

Port Office, Mauritius, 14th December 1866.

SIR,

As it will be necessary to send intelligence to all parts of the world before substituting a Floating Light at the entrance of this Port for the present Harbour Lights, I have the honor to request that his Excellency the Governor will authorize the printing of the annexed sailing directions, and the forwarding of them by the mail of the 18th instant, to all parts of the world.

The rule is to allow such intelligence time to reach every important Port in the world, and give vessels that have left before its arrival time to reach the spot where the new Light is to be placed.

I have proposed therefore, to light up on the 24th of next May, the anniversary of Her Majesty's birth-day, subject to his Excellency's approval, thus allowing five months and one week for the transmission of intelligence, which ought to be sufficient, if no time is lost in sending it from England to North and South America.

I recommend that copies of the notice should be sent to the Governments of the following countries: —Russia, Holland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Belgium, France, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Austria, Prussia, Turkey, British North America, United States, Mexico, Brazil, Callao; also to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Admiralty, and the Trinity House, for transmission to English, Scotch, and Irish Ports; to the Australian Ports, Cape of Good Hope, the Indian Governments, the Straits Ports and Batavia, Manilla and China, together with any others that may be suggested, and that 100 copies may be sent to this office for distribution among the shipping.

I have, &c.,
(Signed,) D. WALES, Harbour Master.

The Hon. the Colonial Secreta y, &c., &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. 1, 1867.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following amended notice of the erection of a Lighthouse on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, in correction of the notification given in Government Notice No. 122, 1866.

By His Excellency's Command.

D. ERSKINE, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office, Natal, 4th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Lighthouse has been erected on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.

The Lighthouse is in latitude 29° 3' 35" E.

The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.

It is visible in all directions from north (round by the east and south), to S 59° W; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Allwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S, 53° W; from the Lighthouse: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the southward and westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N 59° E,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River (about 9½ miles below the Lighthouse), when they must keep it more to the northward, as the land tends more to the eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about W N W; they can haul in to the northward for the anchorage, anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Lighthouse bearing S W to S W ¼ S, distant 1 mile.

W. E. ARCHDEACON, Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.

N. B.—The above bearings are magnetic. 386tf

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29-30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shown to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to th e magnitud general character of the business carried o n such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR.
(Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,
(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,
(Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &C.
Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf.

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 210, Ottawa. 384a

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with ful board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-9

DEPARTMENT ORDER,
NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers,
&C. &C.,
FOR THE
WEST INDIES,
SOUTH AMERICA,
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND
Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT
Of the following rates by
CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Pnted Matter.
	Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco	10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall	10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia	34	5	5 p oz
Brazil { Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador	34	5	5 p oz
Central America { Costa Rica, Guatemala }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso	34	5	5 p oz
Cuba { Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Pu rtoPrincipe }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras	34	5	....
Mexico	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama	18	5	....
Nicaragua { Pacific side }	10	2	2 p 4oz
Nicaragua { Gulf of Mexico side }	34	5	....
Panama	10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima	22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet	10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana	34	5	5 p oz
Venzuela { Laguayra, P. Cabello }	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.	34	5	
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month	22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "Too Late" to shew that the letter was posted too late for he Mail of the day of which it ears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN, Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA,

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD
OF
Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,
E. A. MEREDITH, Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.
VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE
Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL
DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866
BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT,
Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, on the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation:

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Photographic Sundries,
Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.
Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Losenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, ree of all charge, monthly, by

Burgoyne, Burbridges and Squire
16 COLEMAN ST., LONDON. 229y

RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.
BRYAN'S
PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine be known by the name BRYAN being stamped WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP, & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W

So by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in tawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BRISTOL'S
SARSAPARILLA!
IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers,

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S
(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated

PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the
LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate harmony with that greatest of all blood purifier BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arisi from depraved humors, or impure blood. The m helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the in ence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, mala that have heretofore been considered utterly in able, disappear quickly and permanently. In following diseases, these Pills are the safest quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared should be at once resorted to:

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headach and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists every where Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48t

THE OTTAWA TIMES.—Printed and Published every morning, (Sundays excepted) by GEORGE COTTON, Proprietor, at the Times Steam Printing Works, No. 60, Sparks Street, in the City of Ottawa, County of Carleton, C.W.

The Times

VOL. II. NO. 396. OTTAWA C. W. SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1867. PRICE—3 CENTS

THE

Ottawa Daily Times,

(Published every morning, Sundays excepted.)

George Cotton, Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY AND WEEKLY TIMES NOW enjoys the LARGEST CIRCULATION of any paper published in the Ottawa Valley—issuing of the Daily over 2,000! and Weekly over 4,000! making a total circulation in the week of over 18,000! thus outstripping all competitors, and affording the best medium for business men to advertise in.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in the Daily at the following rates:

Business Cards of from 3 to 6 lines, per annum—payable in advance only, ... $6 00
Transient Advertisements, first insertion per line, ... 8c
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ADVERTISING AGENCY—Messrs. S. M. Pettengill & Co., 54, Park Row, New York, and State Street, Boston, General Advertising Agents, are hereby authorized to receive Advertisements for the OTTAWA TIMES

LEGAL.

MASSE & TETREAU,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, Hull, C. E., near the Post-office.
J. A. MASSE. N. TETREAU.
Ottawa, March 23. 390tf

LAPIERRE & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNIES-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers and Notaries Public, corner of Sussex and York-streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, February 26, 1867. 368y

WILLIAM MOSGROVE,
LAW, Chancery and Conveyancing. OFFICE: Mosgrove's Block, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W. 366-tf

ROSS & PARSONS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. Office: Elgin Street, opposite the Russell House.
ALEXANDER ROSS. ALBERT PARSONS.
Ottawa, July 28. 189-6m

D. O'CONNOR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. OFFICE: Union Buildings, Ottawa.
February 21, 1866. 55-y

HAYCOCK & HAYCOCK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c. OFFICE: Post Office Building, Elgin Street, Ottawa.
E. B. HAYCOCK. R. H. HAYCOCK.
ebruary 7, 1865. 43-utf

A. F. BOUCHETTE,
ADVOCATE. Office: No. 17, St. Peter Street, Quebec. Mr. Bouchette will always be repared to attend promptly to any business the government employes, and the public generally ay entrust him. Mr. B. attends regularly the circuit in and for the district of Quebec.
December 28, 1865. 9-y

COLMAN & WRIGHT,
ADVOCATES, Barristers, and Attorneys-at-Law.
OFFICES: Hull and Aylmer, C. E.
Mr. Wright will attend at Hull on Tuesdays and Fridays of every week.
AS. COLMAN. W. MCKAY WRIGHT, B.A. B.C.L.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

P. J. BUCKLEY, L.L.B.,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, and Notary Public. Office, over Mr. Lake Cazner's Boot and Shoe Store, Rideau Street, Ottawa, C. W.
January 17, 1867. 334y

AUGUSTUS KEEFER,
BARRISTER and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office: Opposite Post Office, Elgin Street, in the rooms lately occupied as the Custom House.
Ottawa, March 30. 87-tf

J. F. BOULTON,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, Solicitor-in-Chancery, &c. OFFICE: Aumond's Buildings, Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Jan. 12, 1866. 21-y

W. MARSHALL MATHESON,
BARRISTER, Attorney, Solicitor, &c. OFFICE: Horne's Buildings, corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

M. McLEOD,
BARRISTER, Etc., for Lower Canada. OFFICES: Court House, Aylmer and Buckingham, C.E.
☞ Attends to all Law Courts in the District of Ottawa.
February 7, 1866. 43-at

LEES & GEMMELL,
BARRISTERS, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.
OFFICE: In the Court House, Ottawa, C. W.
ROBERT LEES. JOHN J. GEMMELL.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

EDWARD T. DARTNELL,
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney, and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Crown Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell.
OFFICE: In the Court House, L'Original.
January 27, 1866. 34-6m

CLEGG & NELLIS,
BARRISTERS and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c.
OFFICE: Telegraph Building, Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.
WM. CLEGG. THOS. F. NELLIS.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

MEDICAL.

W. R. BELL, A.M., M.D., C.M., &c. (RECENTLY FROM ENGLAND.)
SURGERY and Residence, George Street.
Ottawa, November 13. 280y

DR. DORION,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon, and Accoucheur, Clarence Street, Ottawa.
March 1. 371y

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sparks Street, Central Ottawa.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. C. A. MARTIN,
DENTIST. Office: Sussex Street, over Messrs. Campbell & Co.'s, Grocers.
Ottawa, January 27, 1866. 34-utf

DR. JOHN LEGGO,
DENTIST, Hunton's Block, Sparks Street. ☞ Teeth extracted without pain by means of the Ethereal Spray Producer. 350z

GEO. LOGAN, M.D., L.C.H.E.,
HOMŒPATHIC Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
OFFICE: In Horne's Block. Can be found over the office at night.
References: Rev. George Lawrence, Orono; Rev. John Smith, Bowmanville; Rev. George Riddell, Clarke; Duncan Campbell, M.D., M.R.C.S.E., Toronto; John Hall, M.D., J. Adams, M.D., Toronto.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

DR. C. LEGGO,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Office: Hunton's Block, Sparks Street.

JOHN SWEETLAND, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, attending Physician to the Protestant Hospital. Office and residence, corner of Rideau and Mosgrove Streets, nearly opposite Workman & Griffin's. Entrance on Mosgrove Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 11

DR. W. J. HENRY,
SPARKS Street, entrance next door to W. W. Brown's Barber Shop.
Ottawa, December 8. 43utf

DR. O'REILLY,
YORK Street, opposite Matthews' Hotel.
Ottawa, February 43

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. O. C. WOOD,
PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur Ottawa. Day office opposite Magee & Russell's, Sparks Street, Center Town; Night Office at his Residence, Maria Street, Center Town.
CANCERS CURED, without the use of the knife, by a new, but certain, speedy, and almost painless process. References given to parties successfully treated, if required. The cure guaranteed.
Ottawa, April 14. 100-y

N. McKINNON,
COMMISSION and Exchange Broker, and Insurance Agent, Sparks-street, opposite Magee & Russell's, Ottawa, C. W.
Ottawa, March 25. 391y

O'CONNOR & WALLER,
EXCHANGE Brokers, Fire, Life and Accidental Insurance, Commission and Collecting Agents. Office, No. 27, Sussex-street, Ottawa.
S. E. O'CONNOR. W. H. WALLER.
March 9. 378y

J. P. MACPHERSON,
BARRISTER, &c., Ottawa. Office: Telegraph Buildings, Metcalfe Street.
Ottawa, March 10, 1866. 76-y

SIDNEY B. FRIPP,
ARCHITECT. OFFICE: Wellington Street, opposite St. Andrew's Church.
Ottawa, February 7, 1866. 43-utf

MACDONALD & BRO.,
AUCTIONEERS, and General Commission Exchange and Real Estate Agents, No. 40, Sussex Street.
Ottawa, December 18, 1865. 1-y

H. McLEAN'S
AUCTION Rooms, No. 19, Sparks Street, Centre Town, Ottawa, opposite Hope's Stationery Store.
The sale of Real Estate at Auction or Private Sale promptly attended to. Consignments received for positive sale. Parties wishing to purchase Real Estate will receive all information FREE OF CHARGE by calling at the office.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

A. MORTIMER,
BOOK-BINDER and Paper-Ruler, corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets, over the City Registrar's Office. Account books made to order for any branch of business, paged and bound in the best style of the art.
RULING done to any pattern.
Particular attention paid to Map Mounting.
Ottawa, December 19, 1865. 2-y

GEO. H. PERRY,
CIVIL ENGINEER, Union Buildings, corner of Sussex and York Streets.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-*

R. H. McGREEVY,
CONTRACTOR and Builder. Office: North side York street, second door from Sussex Street.
Ottawa, March 20, 1866. 78-y

B. MULLIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR, 34, Sparks Street.
Ottawa, May 5. 118-y

MR. H. R. FRIPP,
ORGANIST of Christ Church Teacher of the Organ, Piano-Forte, &c.
Ottawa, Feb. 7, 1866. 43-utf

S. CHRISTIE,
COMMISSION Merchant and General Agent. Sole agent for Read's Highwines and Proof Whiskey; also, Dawes' Lachine Ales and Porter. Pork, Flour, &c., for sale.
OFFICE: No. 5, Sparks Street, near the Russell House, Ottawa city, C. W. y

C. E. ZOLLIKOFER,
Draughtsman Modeller, &c., &c.
DRAWINGS FOR LETTERS PATENT of invention neatly executed; descriptions and specifications drawn up, and working Models of appropriate materials prepared; Designs for monuments furnished and Monuments erected; Ornamental Work in Stone, Plaster of Paris, Composition, &c., designed and executed upon the shortest notice.
☞ OFFICE: At the Rooms of Augustus Laver Esq., Elgin Street, opposite the Post Office.
Ottawa, December 4. 298-3m

R. SPARKS,
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, Draughtsman, &c., (commissioned for Upper and Lower Canada.) Office and residence, Gloucester, near Ottawa. Surveys of every description executed with accuracy. Communications addressed Ottawa City, (post-paid), will receive prompt attention.
Ottawa, February 21, 1866. 55-y

PARLIAMENTARY AGENCY.
C. J. BOUCHETTE,
P. L. SURVEYOR and Draughtsman, Mining, Land, and General Parliamentary Agent. References unexceptionable. OFFICE: Wellington Street, next to British Hotel, and nearly opposite the banks, Ottawa.
P. S.—Special attention given with despatch to Public Land business, adjusting disputed claims, and securing Patents.
Ottawa, May 22. 132-y

E. MILES,
PARLIAMENT Hair Dressing Saloon, Under the Patronage of His Excellency the Governor-General, Angus' Block, Rideau Street, 4 doors from Sappers Bridge.
☞ Camp's Rotary Hair-Brushing Apparatus, the only one on the Continent in use.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1.t.

MESSRS. THISTLE & BALDWIN,
PROVINCIAL Land Surveyors, Canada East and West, Real Estate Agents, &c. Particular attention devoted to the sale and protection of the Lands of Absentees. Applications to the Crown Lands Department for Mining Lands, &c., promptly attended to.
They have now on hand and for sale some well situated City and Villa Lots, in Upper and Lower Canada; and an immense quantity of Farming Lands in the Townships on the Ottawa.
OFFICE: Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets.
W. K. THISTLE, P. L. S.
F. A. BALDWIN, P. L. S.
Ottawa Dec. 28, 1865. 9-y

CHARLES ESPLIN,
Millwright and Engineer
MECHANICAL DRAUGHTSMAN,
GRIST AND SAW MILLS BUILT ON the most recent and improved principles. Agent for Fleoks patent and improved Taylor Water Wheel, and Vulcan Iron Works, Montreal. Address Chas. Esplin, Ottawa. 219tf

JAMES HARRIS,
VETERINARY SURGEON, is again at the old stand, Clarence Street, which was destroyed by the late fire; and is prepared to treat any disease of the Horse with promptness and skill.
Ottawa, December 29. 319d

JOHN MERCER,
Teacher Piano-Forte, Violin, &c.
THOROUGH BASS.
AYLMER, C. E.
VISITS OTTAWA TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
Orders left at Union House will be punctually attended to.
Ottawa, July 26. 187tf

MUSIC! MUSIC!! FRENCH AND English Songs, Sacred Music, Polkas, Valses &c., &c.
DUVERNAY BRO

QUEBEC BANK
A SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
Has been opened at this Branch, and interest will be allowed on Deposits of
Four Dollars and Upwards.
☞ OFFICE HOURS:—From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
H. V. NOEL, Manager.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 48-ut

Champagne Manufactured in Ottawa.
LAROQUE & Co. CHURCH STREET ARE NOW MANUFACTURING A WINE CALLED
Canadian Champagne!
WHICH IS EXCELLENT, and WHICH they can sell at $3 PER DOZEN. Amateur who have tasted the wine, consider it a very good article, and superior to what is supposed to be imported. Hotel keepers and dealers in Wines would do well to call on LAROQUE & CO., and give them orders.
☞ Bottles of every description, excepting oil bottles, wanted, and one penny per dozen more given than by any other party for the same.
LAROQUE & CO.
Ottawa, September 21 235tf

DRUGGISTS.

The New Drug Store,
41 RIDEAU STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity of thanking his many friends and customers for the patronage extended to him since he commenced business. He begs to inform them that he
HAS REMOVED
To the premises situated next door EAST,
SIGN of the GOLD MORTAR
Where, under his own supervision, the wants of his many Patrons will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
CHAS. AUSTIN,
Apothecary, Rideau St., Ottawa.
Ottawa, July 10, 1866. 96-y

MORTIMER'S
Apothecaries Hall!
41 Sussex Street,
Is the Place to Buy Your Medicines!
PROPERLY COMPOUNDED
AND FREE FROM ADULTERATION!
Just Received!
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS, I beg respectfully to announce that I have now received my stock for the Summer Trade. It comprises all the best and purest
English & French Chemicals,
DRUGS, PERFUMERY,
TOILET ARTICLES, &c
Please call and examine the Stock. It is the largest and best ever imported.
☞ All the reliable PATENT MEDICINES on hand.
ICE CREAM SODA FOUNTAIN.
With eight different Syrups, manufactured on the premises. It is a healthy and cooling beverage.

OTTAWA
DRUG WAREHOUSE,
RIDEAU STREET
1866. SEEDS. SEEDS. 1866.
A LARGE STOCK OF FRESH GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, just arrived and on Sale. All Seeds warranted Fresh.
A large importation of English and French PERFUMES will arrive next week.
FLORIDA WATER. SOZODONT.
HAIR BRUSHES. COMBS
NAIL BRUSHES. CLOTHES BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c.
Just being opened up.
JOSEPH CARVEY, M.D.
P. S.—Advice to the poor gratis.
Ottawa, April 11. 97-y

DOMESTIC DYES.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF DYES in this city on sale at the
Ottawa Drug Warehouse.
A fresh Lot of Gold, Cheap PERFUMES just received.
N. B.—Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared.
J. CARVEY, M. D.
Ottawa, Feb. 12, 1866 47-utf

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

HOLT'S HOTEL,
AYLMER, C. E., Livery and General Stage Office. Alfred Moses Holt, Jr., Prop'tr.
December 21, 1865. 4-y

JAS. JOHNSTON'S
UNION HOUSE, North Gower. Good Stabling and an attentive Hostler.
January 11, 1866. 29-y

DUIGNAN'S
PRIVATE HOTEL, Sparks Street, Ottawa, C. W. A few gentlemen can obtain superior apartments.
Ottawa, Dec. 20, 1865. 3-y

A. J. LEMON,
RESTAURANT, corner of George and C. W. Streets, (P. O'Meara's old stand).
☞ OYSTERS in every style, at all hours.
Ottawa, January 9, 1867. 327y

THE RUSSELL HOUSE,
LATE CAMPBELL'S HOTEL, Ottawa, C. W. The undersigned, proprietor of the above-named Hotel, begs leave to acquaint his numerous friends and the travelling public, that he has re-painted and newly-furnished throughout this commodious establishment, in the management of which by strict attention to business and guests, he hopes to deserve encouragement and support.
JAMES E. GOUIN,
Lately, and for many years connected with Russell's Hotel, Palace Street, Quebec.

THE ALBION HOTEL,
NICHOLAS Street, Court-House Avenue, Ottawa, John Graham, Proprietor.
This House is conveniently situated, and still maintains its character as a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. Considerable additions have recently been made to the premises, and it has been entirely repainted and renovated. No pains will be spared to accommodate and please.
OMNIBUSES to and from the cars and boats free of charge. There is a FIRST-CLASS LIVERY STABLE attached to the Hotel.
Ottawa, Dec. 18, 1865. 1-y

THE "QUEEN" RESTAURANT,
M. KAVANAGH, Proprietor, Corner of Metcalfe and Wellington Streets, opposite the main entrance to the Government buildings.
The "QUEEN" comprises all the requisites for a first-class Restaurant. The House has been refitted and refurnished throughout. The BAR contains the choicest Brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be found on the table. The proprietor's best efforts will be directed to the comfort of his guests and patrons.
☞ Oysters, Game etc., daily

JOHN MALTMAN,
LATE MEADAM'S, Commercial Hotel, Packenham.
The above Hotel, one of the oldest and best known in Packenham, has been leased by the undersigned and thoroughly overhauled and refitted for the special accommodation of guests. THE TABLE AND BAR will at all times be furnished with the very best the market affords.
GOOD STABLING and a careful Hostler always in attendance
JOHN MALTMAN.

TORONTO HOUSE.
MRS. TROTTER, PROPRIETRESS, No. 71, Sparks Street, Desbarats' Building, opposite the Parliament Buildings. The Toronto House comprises everything necessary in a first-class Restaurant. The house has been thoroughly and elegantly fitted up throughout. The BAR contains the choicest brands in Wines and Liquors, and every delicacy of the season will be secured for the Table. No pains or trouble will be spared the accommodate the guests and patrons.
☞ Mrs. Trotter is now prepared to take DAY BOARDERS.
Ottawa, April 5, 1866. 97-

THE METROPOLITAN,
Aumond's Hotel,
Rideau Street, Ottawa,
P. O'MEARA, PROPRIETOR.
Ottawa, November 27. 292tf

MRS. GRANT'S SALOON,
GEORGE STREET.
Choice Wines & Liquors, Prime Cigars
☞ Remember the place, P. O'Meara old stand. Jy6-170t

Private Boarding House.
PRIVATE BOARD, WITH GOOD AND comfortable accommodation, for six or seven persons, can be obtained at
MRS. J. McARTHUR,
Clarence Street.
Ottawa, October 20. 260tf

RAILROADS,

CHANGE of TIME.
Ottawa and Prescott Railway.
ON and after TUESDAY, the 27th November, 1866, and until further notice trains will run as follows:

DEPARTURE.	ARRIVAL.
From Ottawa, 7.50 a.m.	At Ottawa, 11:00 a.m.
" " 1:50 p.m.	" " 5.20 p.m.

The time of these Trains has been so arranged as to ensure connection with night and day trains on Grand Trunk, east and west.
N. B.—These Trains run on Montreal Time.
Baggage to and from Ottawa checked through from and to all stations on Grand Trunk Railway.
Returns tickets to Prescott, Kemptville and Ottawa at reduced rates can be had at the principal stations on the line.
T. S. DETLOR,
SUPERINTENDENT.
Ottawa, November 26. 1-y

Grand Trunk Railway Company
OF CANADA.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 14th, Trains will leave Bonaventure Station as follows:
GOING WEST.
Day Express for Ogdensburgh, Ottawa, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville, Toronto, Guelph, London, Brantford, Goderich, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago, and all points West, at ..... 8.00 A.M.
Night do do at ..... 8.15 P.M.
Accommodation Train for Kingston and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 9.40 A.M.
Trains for Lachine at 7 A.M., 9.00 A.M., 12.00 Noon, 3.00 P.M., 5.00 P. M., and 6.30 P.M.
The 3.00 P.M. Train runs through to Plattsburgh.
GOING SOUTH AND EAST.
Express by Railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also with the Lake Champlain Steamboats for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., &c. 5.30 A.M.
Accommodation Train for Island Pond and Intermediate Stations, at ..... 6.45 A.M.
Express for Boston and Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with the Vermont Central Railroad, at ... 8.30 A.M.
Mail for Portland, stopping over night at Island Pond, ... 2.00 P.M.
Express by railway throughout for New York, Boston, and all Intermediate Points, connecting at St. Johns with Vermont Central Railroad, at Burlington with the Rutland and Burlington Railroad, also at Rouse's Point with Lake Champlain Steamers for Lake George, Saratoga, New York, &c., at ..... 3.30 P.M.
Night Express for Three Rivers, Quebec, Riviere du Loup and Portland, at ..10.10 P.M.
☞ Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains, Baggage checked through.
For further information, and time of arrival and departure of all trains at Termini and Way Stations, see the Grand Trunk Railway Book of Time Tables.
C. J. BRYDGES,
Managing Director.
May 26. 135-y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
WEDNESDAY, 20th Feb., 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the 28th Chap. of the Con. Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to Order, and it is hereby ordered that the Bridge recently erected over the River Gatineau, in the Township of Hull, by the Department of Public Works, be and the same is hereby transferred, conveyed and made over to the municipality of the said Township of Hull, and that the following Schedule of the rates of Toll be levied and collected on the said Bridge, that is to say—
For each span of horses and double wagon, six cents.
For each horse and cart or single wagon, three cents.
For each horse, cow, or ox, two cents.
For each sheep, pig or calf, one cent.
W. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,
OTTAWA, Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1867.
PRESENT:
HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.
WHEREAS it is expedient that the article known as Lock Spindle Iron, used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, should, though unenumerated in any of the Schedules to the Act, 29th and 30th Victoria, Cap. 6, be held and deemed to be and be included in the exemption from Customs duty created in favor of Rod Iron, with which the same should properly be classified.
His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance, and under the authority conferred by the 17th Chap. Con. Stat. Can. has been pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that square Rod Iron used in the manufacture of Spindles for Door Locks, shall be and the same is hereby declared to have been since the passing of the Act first above mentioned, exempt from the payment of Customs duty on importation into this Province.
WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Executive Council.
376tf

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
TENDERS
WILL BE RECEIVED
Until Monday, the 24th Instant,
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A
Wooden Bridge with Swing
To be built across the Rideau Canal at Long Island, on the Town Line between Gloucester and Osgoode.
Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Rideau Canal Office, on and after MONDAY, the 17th INST. The lowest or any Tender will not necessarily be accepted.
Tenders to be endorsed "Tender for Bridge," and addressed to
JAMES D. SLATER,
SUPERINTENDENT RIDEAU CANAL.
Ottawa, December 11, 1866. 304d

POSTPONEMENT.
The time for receiving tenders for the above Bridge has been extended. Contractors will be duly notified of the time, and therefore need not send in their tenders for the present.
JAMES D. SLATER,
360-td Supt. R. Canal.

HARNESS FOR SALE.
AN IMPORTED SET, SINGLE, DOUBLE and Tandom
Silver Mounted Harnesses,
To be seen at the Stable of
M. CAMERON,
Besserer Street.
Ottawa, December 27 314tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.
O'MEARA & CO.,
NO. 50, SPARKS STREET,
Importers of Dry Goods.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING!
ARE NOW OFFERING A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which they will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.
TO THEIR CLOTHING DEPARTMENT
They would call particular attention, as they have now on hand every novelty of cut and pattern in Ready-Mades, that is fashionable for the season, and as their stock is large and varied they DEFY COMPETITION.
They are also prepared to take orders for Clothing, which they guarantee to make up in the latest styles and fashion, and as they are under the superintendence of experienced cutters, they are WARRANTED TO FIT.

Cloths and Clothing.

PILOTS, BEAVERS, PETERSHAMS, DEVONS, WHITNEYS, IRISH FRIEZE, CANADIAN DO., BROADCLOTHS,
BLACK DOESKINS, SILK MIXTURE OF COATINGS, Do. do., TROWSERINGS, BEDFORD CORDS, CHAUDIERE TWEEDS, BANNOCKBURN DO., HALIFAX DO., KERSEYS, FLANNELS,
COATS, PANTS, VESTS, SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SMOCKS, SOCKS, MITTS, WOOLLEN, Do. BUCK,
MOCCASINS, BUCK, BAGS, LINEN, Do., TRAVELLING, COTONS, STRIPED, Do., BLUE, Do., GREY, TRUNKS, VALISES,
BLANKETS.

ALEX. DUFF.
OTTAWA, September 12.
O'MEARA & CO. 227tf

M. SPARROW & Co.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Groceries, Liquors,
AND PROVISIONS,
Wholesale and Retail.
SPARROW'S BUILDING,
Corner of Sussex and Murray Streets
OTTAWA.
August 1, 1866. 55-y

"Capital" Stove Depot!
"Capital" Tinware Depot!
"Capital" Housefurnishing Depot!
AND THE CAPITAL CENTRE OF ATTRACTION OF THE CONFEDERATE CAPITAL,
IS AT NO. 35, SUSSEX-STREET.
H. MEADOWS & CO.,
DESIROUS OF RETAINING AND DESERVING THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE hitherto accorded them by the public of the "CAPITAL," beg to intimate they have lately added some new and improved machinery to their manufacturing department, and are now enabled to offer extra inducements for the manufacture of all kinds of articles made from Sheet Metals, such as TIN PLATES, Galvanized, English and Russia SHEET IRON, COPPER, &c., and are prepared to take orders for the manufacture of all kinds of MILITARY STORES, in the above line, such as CANTEENS, SOUP KETTLES, CAMP KETTLES, DISH PANS, &c., &c. Also
Farmers' and Lumberers' Supplies.
Mill Lamps. Oil Cans. Bake Pans. Sugar Kettles. Milk Pans and Strainers.
Agricultural Furnaces and Stoves!
Water Coolers! Water Coolers! Water Coolers!
Water Filters! Water Filters! Water Filters!
We would particularly draw attention to our Water Filters and Coolers, by which all impurities are taken away from the water. They are constructed on undoubted scientific principles, being simple in their operation, and not liable to get out of order. The filtering substance is the same as used by the best Water Works Companies in England, and recommended by the medical faculty as the best known combination of ingredients for removing all foreign matter, and making the water pure, sparkling and healthy. We make different sizes and styles, so as to bring them within the reach of all. No family should be without one, especially where there are children.
BATHS! BATHS!! BATHS!!!
Plunge Baths, Sponge Baths, Hip Baths, Sitz Baths, Foot Baths, Children's and Infant's Baths, various sizes. TOILET SETTS painted in new and beautiful designs. IRON BEDSTEADS—IRON BEDSTEADS—double and single. REFRIGERATORS and ICE CHESTS: also "Torry's" Arctic Ice Cream Freezer, warranted to freeze the cream in four minutes.
CULINARY UTENSILS.
Jelly Moulds, Pudding Moulds, Jelly Cake Pans, Pie Plates, Melon Moulds, Brass, Tinned and Enamelled Kettles and Saucepans, Stewpans, Egg Coddlers and Slicers, Ice Cream Moulds and Freezers, Rice Moulds, Soup Tureens, Chafing Dishes, Oval Side Dishes, Dish Covers, Round, Oval and Oblong Tea and Coffee Urns, Soup Ladles, Toast Forks and Racks, Wire Vegetable Boilers, Gridirons, Egg Beaters, Skewers, Mincing Knives, Paste Cutters, Cake Turners, Flesh Forks, Basting Spoons, Culienders, Patty Pans, Gravy Strainers, Nursery Lamps, &c., &c.
STOVES. STOVES. STOVES.
In this branch we keep the best and most reliable. ☞ Our Cooking Stoves are now the favorites. We can always furnish any part of a Stove that is bought from us—a fact intending purchasers would do well to note, as many Stoves sold are of foreign make, and when separate Plates are broken or burnt out cannot be replaced.
JOB WORK in all its branches carefully attended to by competent and experienced mechanics. All kinds of Building and Steamboat Work done on the shortest notice.
BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES—A variety of beautiful patterns. COAL OIL, of standard quality, Canadian and American. Lamps, Chimnies and Wicks. Inspection invited.
H. MEADOWS & Co.
Ottawa, March 11, 1867. 62-y

MONTREAL CARDS.

J. C. FRANCK & Co.,
IMPORTERS of Groceries, Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c., 25, Hospital Street, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

JOHN DOUGALL & Co.,
PRODUCE and Leather Commission Merchant, Montreal.
☞ Best Cod Liver Oil always on hand.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

S. H. MAY & Co.,
SUCCESSORS to Corse & May, Importers and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c., No. 474, St. Paul Street, opposite their old store, Montreal.
Montreal, May 26. 135-y

J. SMITH,
CENTRAL FACTORY
Bank St., Ottawa,
IS AGAIN PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE all descriptions of
Carriages, Sleighs, &c.
And hopes by strict attention to business to have a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him before.
Ottawa, September 15. 230y

P. GORMAN'S HOTEL,
Clarence Street,
Opposite the Market.
THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has now re-opened his new three-story Hotel, which has been refurnished, and will be found comfortable and central for travellers.
☞ The best of Wines, Liquors, &c., kept constantly on hand.
P. GORMAN.
Ottawa, February 20, 1867. 363d-wb3m

TOBACCOS.

Tobaccos and Cigars
J. G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Metcalfe and Sparks Sts.,
Keeps on hand a good stock of imported
Tobaccos and Cigars,
Meerschaum & Briar Pipes,
Fancy Goods, &c.; &c.
Also, an assortment of
Cloth, Fur and Felt Hats and Caps,
Which will be sold at low prices.
JOHN G. ZIMMERMAN,
Corner of Sparks and Metcalfe Streets
Ottawa, February 7, 1867. 352tf

SPARKS STREET
CIGAR AND TOBACCO DEPOT
J. Roos, - - Proprietor.
JUST RECEIVED, a fresh importation of the choicest brands of
Pure Virginia Honeydew,
And Natural Leaf,
The best Smoking Tobacco ever imported into Canada.
☞ CIGARS of every choice brand. Meerschaum, Briar, and Fancy Clay Pipes, all at prices to suit the times.
☞ Remember the Place,
261 Sparks Street.
J. R OS.
Ottawa, February 26. 68y

PRAYER BOOKS, English and French, of every kind. We call the attention of the Ladies of Ottawa to our assortment
DUVERNAY BROS.
5tf

Finance Department, Customs,
OTTAWA, 14th January, 1867.
NOTICE TO MARINERS.
The following important notice to Navigators has been issued from the Colonial Office, Natal, in reference to a Light House, erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of the Port of Natal, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.
By command,
R. S. M. BOUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.
No. 122, 1866.
HIS EXCELLENCY the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following Notice of the erection of a Light House on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal.
By His Excellency's command,
D. ERSKINE,
Colonial Secretary.
Colonial Office,
Natal, 20th October, 1866.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.
A Light House has been erected on the Bluff, at the South side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.
The Light House is in Latitude 29° 52' 50" S., and Longitude 31° 3' 35" E.
The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.
It is visible in all directions from North (round by East and South), to S. 59° W.; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.
The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S., 53° W., from the Light House: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the Southward and Westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N. 59 E., —which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River, (about 9¼ miles below the Light House), when they must keep it more to the Northward, as the land tends more to the Eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about E. N. E., they can hauf in to the Northward for the anchorage: anchoring in 8¼ to 10 fathoms, with the Light House bearing S. W. to S. W. ¼ S., distant 1 mile.
W. E. ARCHDEACON,
Master R. N.,
337tf Admiralty Surveyor.

At the Court at Windsor, the 10th day of November, 1866.
PRESENT:
The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.
WHEREAS, by the "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852, it is provided that whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that due facilities are or will be given for recovering or apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of any Foreign Power, Her Majesty may by order in Council, stating that such facilities are or will be given, declare that seamen not being slaves, who desert from merchant ships belonging to such Powers, when within Her Majesty's dominions, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships, and may limit the operation of such Order, and may under the operation thereof subject to such conditions and qualifications, if any, as may be deemed expedient; and whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that due facilities are given for recovering and apprehending seamen who desert from British merchant ships in the territories of their Majesties the Kings of Siam.
Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by the said "Foreign Deserters' Act, 1852," and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order and declare, and it is hereby ordered and declared, that from and after the publication hereof in the *London Gazette*, seamen, not being slaves, who, within Her Majesty's dominions, desert from merchant ships belonging to the Kingdom of Siam, shall be liable to be apprehended and carried on board their respective ships:
Provided always, that if any such deserter has committed any crime in Her Majesty's dominions he may be detained until he has been tried by a competent Court and until his sentence (if any) has been fully carried into effect.
And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, the Right Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, the Right Honorable Viscount Cranborne, and the Right Honorable Spencer Horatio Walpole, three of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.
(Signed,)
317tf EDMUND HARRISON.

JUST ARRIVED!
—AND—
FOR SALE CHEAP!
A large and excellent assortment of
LEATHER, TRUNKS SHOE-FINDINGS
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Of every description suitable for the season, including Buff, Calf, Kid, Cloth and Felt Goods and Rubbers, for Ladies', Gents' and Children's wear.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
at G. HOWE & SON,
69 Sussex Street, and 10 Rideau Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 17, 1866. 257-47utf

BREAD.
MR. GEORGE SHOULDIS, IN RETURNING thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which he has received for many years, begs to state that for the future his business will be carried on in YORK STREET, where his premises are known as the
YORK STREET FANCY BAKERY,
And where every article

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

On no occasion will the names of Old Advertisements be inserted here.

Stoves—Lamps—Esmonde Bros.
St. George's Society—Thomas Painter.
Tenders for Cord Wood—Thos. Watson.
Situation Wanted.

The Ottawa Times

City and County Official Paper.

OTTAWA, MARCH 30, 1867.

"The London papers have a telegram from Montreal, dated March 1st, stating that the first meeting of the Canadian representatives will declare the United Provinces to be a Kingdom, under the rule of Prince Arthur."

The above is going the rounds of the press as an item of English news. It is not difficult, however, to discover its paternity. The same inventive genius who telegraphed from Montreal to New York that PRINCE ARTHUR was to be the first King of the "new Kingdom," will no doubt feel that to him belongs the honor of giving the English public information in advance of what will be done at "the first meeting of the Canadian Parliament." The Constitutional revolution effected by Confederation covers, we believe, as much ground as ought to be taken in at one step, and the "Canadian Parliament" will doubtless conceive itself amply burthened with the solution of the many practical questions with which it will have to deal, for years to come, without taking up its attention with the consideration of "constitutional" questions, either as to the composition of the Legislative or the Executive branches of Government. When we have doubled or trebled the number of Provinces within the Union, and counted the millions of our population by tens instead of units, and if PRINCE ARTHUR, or any other eligible member of his illustrious family may then be willing to accept the cares and honors of a Crown, perhaps the Canadian Parliament may take the question up. But there are so many things to be done before that step would commend itself to the sober sense of the best friends of British America, that no one would now venture to predict the date when such a bound into complete and separate national existence would be either prudent or profitable.

There is one contingency, and only one which can force this question to an early and a definite issue, and that is, if we should have the alternative presented to us which WM. H. SEWARD offered to some of his audiences on the occasion of PRESIDENT JOHNSON's ever memorable tour—"Which will you have—PRESIDENT or KING?" And we know that the people of British America would answer "King!" with one accord. As for "President" either now, or at any future period of our history we will have none of it. We have seen the institution in operation at a convenient distance for intelligent observation, and we do not like it.

The following despatch from Halifax was published in the Montreal papers:

"HALIFAX, 27th March.
"The Provincial Secretary of Nova Scotia "has introduced a bill to prevent persons "having seats in the Local Legislatures from "holding seats in the General Parliament or "Senate of Canada."

There is evidently a mistake in the wording of the despatch, or a serious blunder has been perpetrated by the Nova Scotian Government. It may be premised that the existing Provincial Government of the Sister Colony has no possible authority to Legislate respecting "the General Parliament or Senate of Canada," a Legislative body not yet in existence, and which when it comes into being will have control of the qualifications of its members subject to the provisions of the Act of Union. All that the Legislature of Nova Scotia can do is to provide by way of amendment to its existing constitution that any member of either branch of the Legislature of Nova Scotia will forfeit his seat in such Legislature by being nominated to the Canadian Senate, or elected to the House of Commons. This will practically have the same effect as the measure sketched above in so far as excluding the Local Representatives of that Province from the General Parliament, but it is absurd to speak of the Nova Scotian Legislature passing an act "to prevent" anybody from sitting in the Confederate Legislature, for the reason that it has no authority in the matter.

Assuming that the action of the Provincial Secretary has been misrepresented in the despatch above quoted, we may infer from it that it is the intention of the Nova Scotian Government to disqualify members of the Local Legislature of Nova Scotia from holding seats in the Confederate Parliament, which is all that they have the power to do. In this the Nova Scotians have adopted a policy not contemplated by the constitutions of Quebec and Ontario, and a line of action which is not likely to be followed by the people of these Provinces, at all events, at the first general election. In Lower Canada (Quebec) especially, we hear of many constituencies wherein the same member is spoken of as likely to represent them in both Legislatures; and in others we hear of members intending to run in one constituency for the Local and in another for the Confederate Parliament. In Upper Canada (Ontario) though this idea does not apparently meet with so much favor, yet there is a strong desire on the part of the public to see the leading politicians elected to both Legislatures.

We can very well understand the reasons for this discrepancy. It arises from a difference of circumstance, which we had occasion to point out before when alluding to the provisions of the Quebec scheme in relation to the Local Constitutions—viz: in Canada the Local Governments are the new Governments, whereas in the Maritime Provinces it is the General Government which is new. It is the Conservative instinct (stronger, perhaps, in Quebec than in Ontario) that has suggested the propriety of putting the new machinery into the most experienced and trustworthy hands. This Conservative instinct pervades the entire Constitution of Quebec, which is in fact an exact copy of the Constitution of United Canada before any innovations were made upon it, except that the Constitution of Quebec is a little more Conservative. That of Ontario has but half the Legislative machinery, though in other respects it is as near the original as possible. Still there is a certain degree of anxiety as to how the new Local Constitutions will work, and it is because of this anxiety that the Local and the General Parliaments are alike open to the same men, so that in both fields of Legislative labor the people may secure the services of their most trusted politicians.

To Nova Scotia, however, the General Government is the new one, and there as well as here if any dread exists it is of the new Government, and springs, where it is not actuated by motives of personal aggrandisement, from the same Conservative instincts. The people of Nova Scotia have their Local Legislature, and are bound to preserve it; If they have any fear, it is that the General Government (to them the *new* one) will encroach upon their privileges. If the members of their Local Parliament were allowed to sit in the General Parliament, the greater dignity of the latter might, it is feared, lead them to undervalue the importance of the Local Government; therefore they take the precaution to render their representatives ineligible for both Parliaments.

We cannot blame the Nova Scotians for taking this precautionary measure to preserve the dignity and importance of their Local Legislature. On the contrary we believe they are aiming at the same end as that which the people of Canada hope to reach by pursuing the exactly opposite course. And we do not think that even in Quebec and Ontario the system of holding seats in both Legislatures will survive, in practice, the term of a single Parliament. The Local Legislatures when they come into existence will soon begin to assert their individuality, and probably in a few years similar legislation may be witnessed in Ontario and Quebec upon this subject as that which we are informed, somewhat confusedly, is now being enacted in Nova Scotia. The reason which, in Canada, suggests the propriety of electing the same men to both Parliaments is special and temporary; it will pass away when the new Local Constitutions get into thorough working order, and when people become familiarised with them; though for the sake of their getting a favorable start we sincerely hope that the first general election will result in the return of many of our experienced politicians to the Local Parliaments, even should they but hold their seats there for a few sessions.

LOCAL NEWS.

POLICE COURT.—Robert Spence was charged with selling liquor without license, and fined $20 and costs.

GRINDING THE SLABS.—Machinery is being put into some of the saw mills in the neighborhood for doing away with a long complained of nuisance, by grinding up the slabs.

PLAN OF OTTAWA.—The large and valuable plan of the capital, drawn by Mr. Perry, for the corporation, will be exhibited in his new office in the City Hall building as soon as it shall be completed.

MILITARY ARRIVALS.—Major Von Straubenzee arrived in town yesterday, to take the place in the 100th Regiment of Major Cleary, cashiered. Mr. Anstruther, of the P.C.O. Rifle Brigade, is on a visit to the capital.

OPENING OF NAVIGATION.—Preparations are beginning to be made in the direction for the opening of navigation. Engineers and other hands usually employed on steamers and barges are being engaged, and necessary repairs made.

INSURANCE FORFEITED.—We understand that Mr. McKay, who was burnt out by the fire on Sussex-street on Monday night, loses his insurance, $2,400 in the "Royal," in consequence of keeping coal oil and benzine in his store contrary to the terms of his policy. It is said that the articles were necessary in his business.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.—Furnished by Mr. W. Hearn, Optician and Druggist, Market Drug Store, York-street:

OTTAWA, March 29, 1867.
Greatest degree of cold registered during the previous night, 15 above zero.
9 a.m. 24 above zero.
Noon, shade, 27 above zero.
6 p.m. 33 above zero.

IMPROVEMENTS ON THE OTTAWA RIVER.—Lumber merchants in this locality are engaged constructing piers for booms opposite the city. One, if not more, will probably be ready by the breaking up of the ice; they are being built for saw logs, of which a greater quantity have been made this winter than for some years past.

THE LUMBERMEN.—The winter just passing away has been considerably longer than the lumbermen generally expected. Some of the horses of those who have "caught up" with the hewers are coming down. Lumber merchants will generally be able to get all the winter's produce of the forest to the lakes and streams in good time to take advantage of the breaking up of the ice.

COMMENDABLE ENTERPRISE.—We understand that some of our American millmen at the Chandiere have bought the spot known as Perkins' gully, which is crossed by Pooly's bridge, and are building wharves on either side for storing and shipping lumber in the spring. Having lately extended their timber limits by purchase, it became necessary to have greater facilities for their operations here. Already there are quantities of lumber piled up at the wharves ready for shipping.

BURGLARS AND PICKPOCKETS.—On Wednesday we mentioned the fact of the Congregational Church on Albert-street having been burglariously entered and some ten dollars being stolen therefrom. We were also aware of the fact, with all its particulars, of the Chapel of Ease on Sussex-street having been broken into. We knew besides that there were some juvenile pickpockets operating on the market, but not wishing to throw an obstacle in the way of the police, we refrained from giving the alarm. We are enabled now, however, to state that all the parties have left the city. Ottawa is not a safe place for such gentry to ply their vocation in.

POLICE COURT—AFTERNOON SESSION.—Adeline Labelle was charged with stealing 23 feather beds and 123 feather pillows from widow Martineau, at the time of the fire on Murray-street last Sunday week, when she was burnt out. Mrs. Martineau and two female servants swore to thirteen pillows produced in court. One or two were particularly identified by their having marks of blood on them, which could not be removed by washing. One of the witnesses had seen prisoner's nephew, a boy, who resided with his aunt, about Mrs. Martineau's house at the time of the fire. Prisoner's sister and mother were called by Mr. Dunning for the defence, who testified to the pillows produced having been in the house for five years and to their having been made in the house, and that the tick was brought home by prisoner's husband, also that he brought the feathers from the neighborhood of the shanties where he hunted. The marks of blood on two of the pillows were accounted for by shewing that they were used on the occasion of a *post-mortem* operation performed on the husband of prisoner's sister, about a year ago. Some blood marks were also found on some of the other pillows which, it was stated in evidence, were from the bleeding of prisoner's little boy. A large number of persons resided in the same house, prisoner's brother being the master. Mr. O'Neill testified that he learned from Mrs. Martineau that she had lost a large quantity of beds and bedding, and proceeded to the prisoner's house, where he found a good many more pillows than seemed necessary for the beds there, and took away thirteen, leaving what was considered sufficient for the beds. Constable Berichon, who accompanied O'Neill to the prisoner's house, corroborated his testimony. There being several other witnesses for the defence, his worship adjourned the case till 3 o'clock this afternoon.

THE CHIGNON (HOAX) CONTROVERSY.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—As a termination to the great sensational *chignon* hoax, that has been so freely discussed in the newspapers of this city, especially referring to the recent discovery of the happy family sent to the Natural History Society, I beg to state positively, that proof can be given to all desirous of ascertaining the fact, that the tribe referred to were picked off the snow, and that such, at this season of the year, when the sun shines warmly, can be gathered any day. I have at my establishment, a large quantity of hair work, and a powerful microscope, where these desirous, can examine for their gratification.

Yours respectfully,
E. MILES,
Parliamentary Hair Dressing Saloon.
Ottawa, March 29, 1867.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

SIR,—As a resident of one of the streets so highly favored I was much gratified to see in the proceedings of the city council a motion, brought forward by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Guerard, appointing a committee (special) composed of Aldermen Robinson, Bangs and Goulden, to inspect and report upon the state of Stuart, Wilbrod and Ottawa streets, and should there be *absolute* necessity for immediate action, the committee be empowered to expend a sum not exceeding TWENTY DOLLARS. The first thing that occurred to me upon reading the above item, was that the council were placing too much power in the hands of three of their number, but when I recollected that the committee (special) was composed of the same stuff as that other committee (special,) who reported upon the petitions of Mr. Goldthrite and others, I felt that the money would not be expended unless it was *absolutely* necessary. Residents of Ottawa, Stuart and Wilbrod streets hold up your heads, you have been thought of by the City Fathers, and if "found absolutely necessary a sum not *to exceed twenty dollars*" will be expended (after the special have reported,) to save you from buying stilts and canoes.

STUART STREET.
Ottawa, March 29, 1867.

THAT CIVIL SERVICE REGIMENT AGAIN.

To the Editor of the Ottawa Times:

MR. EDITOR,—By the 13th section of the Militia Act of 1865 (29th Vic. cap. 6), it is enacted,

"That the service militia, or any company "or battalion thereof, or any part of any company "or battalion, or any of the officers of "the service militia, may at any time in each "year be called out by GENERAL ORDER of the "Commander in Chief, for drill or instruction, "within each Regimental Division, for a period *not exceeding six days*, under and pursuant "to such rules and regulations in that behalf "as may be prescribed in such general order, "&c., &c."

By the ordinary interpretation, a "day's drill" is four hours at the most, so that militiamen are by law bound to undergo twenty-four hours drill in the course of a year, and *no more*.

Now, the Civil Service Rifle Regiment was organised in April 1866, and drill commenced in the month of October following, since which time to the 1st of April next, say seven months or about thirty weeks, each company of the C. S. R. R. has had, either in the loft of the Public Works Dept., or at the drill shed, at least an hour and a half's drill each week, that is forty-five hours drill for the year commenced April 1, 1866. According to this statement common sense and justice would, in accordance with the law, seem to require that the officers of the C. S. R. R. should now give some rest to the men, leaving them to complete during the Winter evenings, (1867-68) better suited to that amusement than the coming Summer weather, the 24 hours drill required by law.

But the vanity and petty interests of the gentlemen officers lead them to another conclusion.

1. The officers are particularly fond of *playing at soldiers* and in parading the streets of the capital with a very inoffensive sword dangling at their heels, and they talk of having a grand parade on the Queen's Birthday, on the 24th of May next. This is the reason they say why, contrary to law, and to every sense of justice, the drill of the C. S. R. R. is continually becoming more frequent.

2. By the display of a zeal and loyalty (which a little modesty would compress within narrower limits) the officers of the C. S. R. R. no doubt think they are rendering themselves very agreeable to the Ministry, and hope to derive from their subserviency some material advantage.

3. Lastly—According to the notion of the officers of the C.S.R.R. there is always some Fenian ghost about to swallow us all up. With all possible respect for the military authorities, I must say, Mr. Editor, that on the above three points, the officers of the C. S. R. R. are completely in error, as I am prepared to show.

I. To do anything well a good opportunity must be taken. If the C. S. R. R. really intend to parade on the Queen's Birthday, they will be exposing their regiment to the most perfect ridicule, for it is impossible for them to have properly learnt in 45 or 50 hours drill the whole of the military exercise, and they would do much better to remain at home and to wait till next year, to display their loyalty, which has never been nor can be doubted.

II. It is more than likely that the Ministers who framed the Militia Act are very sincere, and feel it incumbent for them to carry out the provisions of that Act, but they cannot wish that it should be so strained in its interpretation as to fatigue and weigh heavily on intelligent and devoted public servants, who cannot but be disgusted with such child's play. It is even surprising that the Government employees have not already petitioned the Executive to have an end put to such abuses.

III. As to the imaginary or real danger to which the country is now exposed, there is one thing certain, that should an invasion be attempted the young soldiers of the civil service will be always ready to handle their muskets and to defend their homes, without the officers, who, perhaps, know less of soldiering than their men, boring them with their childish parades. In a word, sir, the officers of the C. S. R. R. have no right to make the volunteers attend constant drills, as they have fully satisfied the terms of their engagement and of the laws for the current year.

I have the honor, &c.
AN OLD MILITIA OFFICER.
Ottawa, March 28, 1867.

A BUNCH OF KEYS.—The key of the palace, lack-key; the key of the stable, jock-key; the key of the convent, mon-key; the key of the kitchen, tur-key; the key of the cellar, whis-key; the key for curing colds, frost-bites, sprains, bruises, burns, is the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," at 25cts. per bottle. Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(Per Atlantic Cable and Montreal Line.)

FROM EUROPE.

The Intercolonial R.R. Bill Passed.

LONDON, March 29—Noon.—In the House of Commons last night, the proposition of the Government to guarantee the Canadian Railroad Loan was agreed to.

Coronation of the King of Hungary.

PESTH, March 29.—The coronation of Francis Joseph the Emperor of Austria, as King of Hungary, will take place at this capital in July next.

Abandoned at Sea.

LIVERPOOL, March 29—Eve.—The ship *Frederick*, Capt. Farmer, from New York, Feb. 16th, was abandoned at sea and in a sinking condition; the crew were saved and have arrived at an English port.

Terrible Storm in the Black Sea.

LONDON, March 29—Evening.—A despatch from Odessa reports a terrible storm in the Black Sea, in which several vessels were wrecked with some loss of life.

A Royal Marriage in Prospect.

It is announced that the King of Greece is soon to marry a niece of Queen Victoria.

Arrivals Out.

QUEENSTOWN, March 29—Noon.—The steamship *Queen* from New York, has arrived.

LONDONDERRY, March 29—Noon.—The steamship *Nova Scotian* from Portland 16th, has arrived.

London Money Market.

LONDON, March 29.—U. S. 5-20's 75; Erie 39; Ill. C. 78¼; Consols 91¼.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES.

A Duel in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, March 29.—A duel occurred this morning between the manager of the National Theatre and the editor of the *Fenian Gazette*, the latter was seriously and probably fatally shot, at the third fire. The weapons were revolvers. The cause of the encounter was an actress.

American Negroes Colonizing Africa.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Fifteen hundred freedmen have applied to the American Colonization Society, to be sent to Africa within eight months, of whom 600 have embarked.

Jeff. Davis' Trial.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—It is rumored that the trial of Jeff. Davis will take place in May next.

The Adjournment of Congress.

Both Houses of Congress will meet at ten o'clock to-morrow morning, in order to close up their business by noon, at which time the recess will be taken till July.

Daring Bank Robbery.

LOUISVILLE, March 29.—A party of burglars in disguise, entered the office of the Paymaster of the Jeffersonville Railroad Company, at Jeffersonville this morning, and stole a tin box containing $20,000 and some records and memorandums. The night watchman was bound and gagged and guarded while the robbery was being perpetrated. No arrests were made.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS

To the Ottawa Times.

FROM TORONTO.

TORONTO, March 29, 1867.

There are large quantities of grain awaiting shipment at all points East and West.

A rumor prevails to-day, that the 17th regiment is to be removed, and that it will leave this country on the opening of navigation.

A vessel has arrived at Hamilton from Oswego with a cargo of salt. The first vessel out this season. She had a very rough passage.

The 10th Royals had parade drill under the new order last evening, and made a very fine muster.

Thirty thousand dollars were paid over yesterday to Richardson and Powell, by Lombard and Hardin of Chicago. On the Richardson mine the balance is to be paid as soon as the suit is decided. They intend setting things to work at once.

FROM MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, March 29, 1867.

The grand skating match at Victoria Rink came off last evening. There was a very large and fashionable attendance. The first prize for a silver cup of twenty dollars, open to young ladies under 14, was won by Miss Wheeler. The second and chief prize, a silver cup worth fifty dollars and the championship of Canada, was awarded to Mr. J. G. Geddes. Mr. Haycock of Ottawa was counted second, but the decision gave a good deal of dissatisfaction. It was said that Mr. Haycock should have received the prize, and that undue partiality had been shown in favor of Mr. Geddes. The third prize was won by Mr. Bonser. It was a cup for twenty dollars and open only to members of the Rink.

Mr. Dunlop, agent for the powder manufacturers, has been indicted for a nuisance in storing a vast quantity of powder in dangerous proximity to the city. The case will be tried on Monday next.

A trial has lately been had of the Peabody and Westley Richard Rifles by several officers of the regular and volunteer forces. The result has not been made public. It is believed that the Peabody rifle was the most rapid in firing but less effective than Westley Richard's in other respects.

POLITICAL MEETING.

A meeting of the electors of New Edinburgh was held in the schoolhouse on Thursday the 28th instant, when Mr. Jas. Blackburn was called to the chair, and Mr. T. Tubman appointed Secretary. The meeting was convened for the purpose of hearing Mr. A. I. Dunning, a candidate for the representation of the County of Russell in the Parliament of Ontario, express his views on the various questions that are likely to be brought before the "wiseacres of Ontario," and the course he intends to pursue with reference to the same, if he be elected. Mr. Dunning, we should judge from the frequent bursts of applause during the delivery of his eloquent remarks, not a little surprised the electors of the "ambitious little village." In fact we never heard Mr. Dunning to better advantage, and if his creed and eloquence be the same during the remainder of his hitherto successful tour, opposition to him will be worse than useless.—[*Communicated.*]

A CANADIAN EXPRESS COMPANY.

The London *Free Press* remarks:—"With the colonial union under Confederation, a good opportunity presents itself for establishing a Canadian Express Company, the object of which would be to conduct the express business incident to ourselves. The charges made under existing arrangements, have been long a standing ground of complaint, but there seems to be no good reason why the Provincial railway companies should not facilitate the operations of a Canadian Express Company, so as to remove the objections. Now is the time for a well-knit, wide-spread effort to adopt all measures, commercial as well as political, to promote a Canadian feeling, and thus lay the basis for a northern nation, which will perpetuate its own institutions, and foster its own ideality. If this is not the heart and soul of Confederation, it is little else than a huge mockery, a gigantic sham."

—Mr. Whitworth of the Whitworth gun, writes to the London *Times* that a long course of experiments to determine the best form and best material for the penetration of different substances has convinced him that the flat-fronted form was superior to all others for the penetration of armor-plating at various angles, and that it was the only form that would penetrate through water. This shell should be made of sound well tempered steel. Conical-headed shot, he admits, are effective if they strike an obstruction at right angles; but commanders of armor-plated vessels always manœuvre so as to be struck, if at all at oblique angles; and as they always have the perfect power to do this, he thinks the shot which is most effective in that position is the best one. He concludes his letter by stating that he is prepared to maintain the reputation of his flat-fronted shell, which was the first that penetrated armor, against all rivals.

MR. JONES AMONG HIS CONSTITUENTS.

On Wednesday morning Mr. Jones proceeded to New Bliss in Kitley, where he was met by a number of the electors.

The meeting was presided over by William Moran, Esq., James H. Kelly, Esq., acting as Secretary.

Mr. Jones addressed the meeting for about two hours and a half in his usual eloquent manner, when the following resolution was carried unanimously:

Moved by John Wright, Esq., seconded by John Mulloy, Esq., that having heard the full and satisfactory explanations given by our worthy member, Francis Jones, Esq., in relation to his votes and proceedings in the Legislative Assembly, we feel well pleased to have such an able advocate of our rights in the Assembly, and we shall use our best exertions in order to secure his triumphant return at the approaching election, as a member of the new Confederate Parliament, and we hereby pledge him our undivided support. Three hearty cheers were then given for the Queen, and three more for Francis Jones, Esq., when the meeting dispersed, well pleased with the proceedings.

At three o'clock, p. m., Mr. Jones addressed a large meeting in the Town Hall, Toledo, Lina Lyman, Esq., presiding, and Wm. Moran, Esq., acting as Secretary. After hearing a most satisfactory explanation from Mr. Jones respecting the manner in which he represented our interests in Parliament, it was moved by John Hunter, Esq., seconded by Ervin Stone, Esq., and resolved, that this meeting fully approve of the proceedings of Mr. Jones in behalf of his constituents and the people of this province in general, and hereby tender him a vote of thanks for the same.

On the same day at 7 o'clock, p.m., a public meeting was held in the Robinson Hall, Frankville. Hiram McCrea, Esq., Warden of the united counties, was called to the chair, and Robert Hornick, Esq., appointed secretary. Mr. Jones addressed the meeting for upwards of two hours, on the leading political questions of the day, when the following resolution was carried unanimously:

Moved by Wm. Hunton, Esq., seconded by George Stratton, Esq., that having heard the full and satisfactory explanations given by our worthy member, F. Jones, Esq., regarding his votes and proceedings in the Assembly, we are well pleased to have such an able representative of our interests in Parliament. Three enthusiastic cheers were then given for the Queen, three for F. Jones, Esq., and three more for the Warden.

On Thursday the 21st inst., Mr. Jones proceeded to Lombard's Corners, in South Elmsley, where a large meeting was assembled in the Town Hall.

James Tweedy, Esq., was called to the chair and John Ferguson, Esq., appointed secretary.

Mr. Jones addressed the meeting for about two hours with his usual eloquence, when the following resolution was adopted:

Moved by George Williamson, Esq., seconded by John Moorhouse, Esq., that the thanks of this meeting are due, and are hereby tendered to our worthy member, F. Jones, Esq., for the full and satisfactory explanations given by him in regard to his votes and proceedings in the Legislative Assembly, and we are well pleased to have such an able advocate of our interests in Parliament.—Carried unanimously.

Mr. Jones then proceeded to Mirrickville, where a dense and influential meeting assembled in the Town Hall, at 7 o'clock, p.m.

E. H. Whitmarsh, Esq., Reeve, was called to this chair, and J. H. Kelly, Esq., appointed secretary.

Mr. Jones addressed this large assembly for upwards of two hours, on the leading political questions of the day, and refuted, in the most conclusive manner, the false statements which had been made respecting him by the Mirrickville *Chronicle*. At the conclusion of the address, it was moved by W. C. Read, Esq., and seconded by David Mosier, Esq., and resolved, that the thanks of this meeting are due and are hereby tendered to our worthy member, Francis Jones, Esq., for the satisfactory explanations given in regard to his votes and proceedings in the Legislative Assembly.—Carried unanimously.

From Mirrickville Mr. Jones proceeded to Burritt's Rapids, where a large number of electors assembled in Johnston's Hall. J. K. Read, Esq., was called to the chair, and J. H. Kelly, Esq., appointed secretary. The chairman introduced Mr. Jones to the meeting in a brief speech highly complimentary to that gentleman. Mr. Jones then proceeded to address the meeting for over two hours in an able and eloquent speech, at the conclusion of which it was moved by Alex. Gibson, Esq., and seconded by Wm. Kidd, Esq., that having heard the full and satisfactory explanations given by our able representative, Francis Jones, Esq., in reference to the leading questions of the day, we feel well pleased at having such an able representative of our interests in the House of Assembly, and shall use our best endeavors to elect him triumphantly as a member of the Confederate Parliament.—Carried unanimously.

From Burritt's Rapids Mr. Jones proceeded to Oxford Mills, where a large and influential meeting awaited his arrival. The meeting was organized by calling John McEvoy, Esq., to the chair, and by appointing John Ferguson, Esq., Secretary.

After an able and eloquent address from Mr. Jones, the following resolution was adopted:

Moved by James Maley, Esq., seconded by Joseph Todd, Esq., that having heard the able explanations of our talented representative Mr. Jones respecting his votes and proceedings in the House, we feel perfectly satisfied with the course he has pursued and are well pleased at having so able an advocate of our interests in the House of Assembly, and we hereby tender him our support should he offer himself as a candidate for a seat in the Confederate Parliament, or House of Commons of Canada.—Carried unanimously.

The meetings were all large and influential, and the feeling of enthusiasm manifested in behalf of Mr. Jones was such as is seldom equalled and never excelled. At every one of the meetings Mr. Jones stated that he was not a candidate for the Local Legislature, neither would he be; but for the Confederate Parliament, or House of Commons, and that only.

NORTH RIDING.

THE RICHARDSON MINE.

Messrs. Lombard & Hardin, of Chicago, yesterday paid Mr. Richardson, the owner of the famous Richardson Mine, $15,000, and Mr. Powell, who was interested with Mr. Richardson, $12,000. The balance of the purchase money, $5,000, has been secured to Mr. Richardson. We congratulate Messrs. Richardson and Powell upon their good fortune, for whatever may be the result of the Chancery suit, they at all events are safe. It is presumed that by taking this step the Chicago gentlemen are well satisfied that they will gain the suit. It is rumored that they intend to go on working the mine at once, but we cannot vouch for the truth of the report.—*Belleville Intelligencer.*

—Immense beds of coal have been discovered in Africa, where the geologists said there was none. It is very discouraging to men of science this constant refutation of their theories by the vulgar process of producing antagonistic facts.

DIDN'T KNOW HIM.—We have heard of a man who owned a horse which has been for a long time afflicted with a chronic cough, and was otherwise in a poor condition; he at length resolved to sell him, and did so for a very trifling sum. Some five or six weeks afterwards, he met the person to whom he had sold him driving a beautiful horse, full of life, and concluded he had either exchanged him for this or purchased another; but judge of his surprise on learning that the horse was the same he had previously owned and considered of so little value. On enquiry as to what had effected so great a change, he was told that "Darley's Arabian Heave Remedy and Condition Medicine," had done it. This preparation has effected some remarkable cures. Remember the name, and see that the signature of *Hurd & Co.*, is on each package. *Northrop & Lyman*, Newcastle, C. W., proprietors for the Canadas. Sold by all medicine dealers.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

Maximilian Cornered.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Despatches from San Luis Potosi report that there was good reason to believe that Maximilian, finding himself cornered, Liberal troops being in front and rear of him, and his main dependence for supplies being on the meagre crops in his neighborhood has offered to surrender. The answer was a refusal to treat with traitors.

Political.

The *Herald's* South Carolina correspondent, who has recently made a trip of some length through the State, says the people are generally disposed to feel reckless in regard to the consequences of reconstruction, and work themselves into a fit of passion when talking about it. He believes that there is some sly artifice concealed beneath the professions of friendship. The negroes talk very differently in private. Even the most fanatical express themselves anxious to co-operate with Gen. Schofield.

The *World's* Washington special says: Philip Dorsheimer, jr., has been confirmed as U. S. District-Attorney for Western New York.

The *Herald* says: Gen. Sherman has obtained permission to visit the Holy Land the coming summer.

NEW YORK, March 29.—The *Tribune* says: It is rumored that Mr. Chandler, Assistant-Secretary of the Treasury, who will soon be relieved from his position by resignation, will be tendered the Austrian mission.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, March 29.—Gold 134⅛. The *Post's* financial article says: The loan market is active and easy at 7. Stock market unsettled. Governments better, and railroad shares opened with an improvement and closed dull and drooping.

CURIOUS CASE OF DAMAGES.

A case was heard yesterday before Mr. Justice Stuart, in the Circuit Court, in which the plaintiff, a man named Poulin, claimed $200 from the defendant, Rev. Mr. Tremblay, of the parish of Beauport. Poulin, it appears, was some time ago employed as chorister in the Beauport church. According to the rules of the church in question every one employed about it was obliged to communicate at least once a year, and to be a man of good moral character. Poulin did not comply with these rules, and on being remonstrated with by the Rev. Mr. Tremblay and threatened with expulsion from the choir, he positively refused, and became noisy and impertinent. The Rev Mr. Tremblay carried his threat into effect and Poulin was expelled the choir. He then took up a position in one of the aisles of the church and every Sunday during mass and vespers, with the aid of a pair of strong lungs and stentorian voice, he completely drowned the voices of the singers in the choir. This so annoyed the *Cure* and the congregation, that at last he was forced to speak of the matter from the pulpit, cautioning his flock to avoid Poulin's company, and to give him no countenance whatever. Another altercation appears to have taken place between the *Cure* and Poulin, in which the former ejected the latter by force from the interior of the church. For this assault, and alleged slander, Poulin has brought his action claiming $200 damages. Bartholomew Conrad Augustus Gugy appeared as advocate for the plaintiff, and addressed the Court for five mortal hours. At the rising of the Court he expressed a desire to continue his address, stating that it would not occupy him more than two or three hours longer. Of course so trivial a matter could scarcely offer food for an eight hours' speech, but the opportunity was seized to indulge in a tirade of abuse against the worthy *Cure*, and the church in general, for the edification of a few brainless boys who style themselves lawyers.—*Quebec News.*

NEWS ITEMS.

—The United States Consul at Queenstown writes to the Federal State Department that cholera has prevailed at that port all winter.

—Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Hair Restorer and dressing, the great unequalled preparations for restoring, invigorating, beautifying and dressing the hair. Sold by all druggists.

—"I would not be a woman, for then I could not love her," says Montague. Lady M. W. Montague says: "The only objection I have to be a man is that I should then have to marry a woman."

—There are only about 280,000 Mormon souls in the world. This allows about 50,000 adult men, a poor and ignorant body, whose sole strength is that they are all obedient to Brother Brigham.

—Stock-raising in Illinois has grown to enormous proportions. During the year 1866 there were sent from this State to the New York market 165,287 head of cattle, being more than was sent from all the other States combined. The estimated value of them was twenty millions of dollars.

—Madame St. Ours of the village of St. Ours recently purchased from an old farmer two silver goblets black and rusty, which on being cleaned were found to bear an inscription with the coat of arms of the Marquis De Montcalm. A reference to the archives of the Government has proved the genuineness of these relics, of one of the heroes of the Plains of Abraham.—*La Minerve.*

—Mr. Silas Duggan's daughter, of Maine, being sick, her father and brother hunted all one afternoon, a short time since, to obtain a partridge, which the patient particularly desired for food, and came home without one. Soon after their return, their little dog which had accompanied them during the afternoon, but did not return with them, came home bringing a partridge by the neck, which he had caught and killed especially for the patient.

—Mr. John Fraser, the author of certain verses under the nom de plume of "Cousin Sandie," accuses this journal of barefaced theft in publishing some lines that recently appeared in the *Telegraph*, signed A. B. The verses were sent to us by a gentleman of this city with a signature as they appeared, with the request that we would oblige many friends by inserting them. We knew nothing of their origin, but supposed they came either directly or indirectly from the author. Mr. Fraser can have this gentleman's name on application and settle with him the question of despoiling him of his literary property.—*Telegraph.*

—We regret to receive, from private sources, confirmation of the reports that the cholera has broken out in the island of Jersey, with virulence. Out of eleven cases of attack at the time our informant wrote, ten had proved fatal. As there are ships loading at the island, for Gaspe, it is to be hoped the government will take prompt and efficient steps to ensure the enforcement of the strictest system of quarantine from the opening of navigation. It is unnecessary to dwell on the importance of this, and all other possible precautions, in looking towards the protection of the province from this terrible scourge.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance. Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds, tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

—The Archbishop of Canterbury has given notice that there will be a Council of Bishops at Lambeth Palace on the 14th of September. It is to bear the title of "The General Anglican Council," and is to include not only the Archbishops and Bishops of the Province of Canterbury and York, but the Archbishops of the two provinces of Ireland, the Primus and Bishops of the Episcopal Church of Scotland, the Colonial and Missionary Bishops, the Bishops of the Episcopal Church in the United States of America, and the Bishops of any other Churches which hold communion with the Church of England.

ADVICE TO A BRIDE.—I beg to remind my new daughter that the husband has a thousand elements of disturbance in his daily avocations to which the wife is an utter stranger; and it will be her privilege and her title to the respect of all whose respect is worth having to make his own fireside the most attractive place in the universe for the calm repose of a wearied body or excited mind. The minor comforts, which are the most valuable because the most constantly in requisition, will depend more upon her looks, her manner, and the evidences of her forethought, than upon all the other occurrences of life.—*William Wirt.*

THE BANK OF COMMERCE.

A satisfactory proof of the unusual amount of capital in the Province seeking investment, and consequently of the renewed prosperity of the country, is afforded in the case of the new Bank of Commerce, the headquarters of which are soon to be opened in this city. It is hardly two months since the subscription list was opened; no prospectus holding out golden hopes to future shareholders has been published; no extraordinary effort has been made to fill the pages of the new stock-book;—and yet, notwithstanding the absence of these usual preludes to the commencement of a banking institution, the whole amount of capital required, one million of dollars, has been subscribed within the short period mentioned. Moreover, so plentiful is the supply of money that within the past two days, since the closing of the subscription list, over one hundred thousand dollars have been offered in excess of the required amount by parties anxious to invest in the stock of the bank. A meeting of the shareholders is called for the 18th prox., to be held in this city, for the p[illegible] ing directors under the provisions of the Act of Incorporation, and it is ex[illegible] bank will begin operations on the 1st of May. It will commence under auspices as favorable as have attended the birth of any banking enterprise in the country, and, if managed even with ordinary ability and discretion—and that it will be there is no reason whatever to doubt—it may be congratulated upon having before it a long and prosperous career.—*Leader.*

THE WILL OF THE LATE ARTEMUS WARD.—We append the following as the substance of Mr. Browne's bequests. Mr. Hingston, his agent, was formerly with Professor Anderson, and is well-known to many of our readers: "To the children of Mr. Hingston (his agent,) two in number, he leaves each $500. To his mother he leaves a life interest in the whole of his real estate, the value of which is at least $25,000, and at her death it passes into the hands of Horace Greeley, as trustee, for the purpose of founding an asylum for decayed printers. His library is to be competed for by boys at present receiving their education at the school in which Mr. Browne was educated. The rest of his personalty is devoted to the object of providing for the education of George Stevens, an intelligent youth of 14, who has been his constant attendant for the last two years. The will provides for his apprenticeship for two years in a printing office, and then his removal to college for the perfection of his education. Mr. Browne stated that his object in wishing George to go first into a printing office was, 'that he might ascertain how little he knew, and how important it was to learn.'"

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Mitchell's Dandruff Embrocation!
—AND—
HIGHLY APPROVED HAIR DRESSING.

THIS preparation for the Hair has received from numerous gentlemen and ladies of this city very flattering recommendations. They testify that DANDRUFF and SCURF have been removed with but few applications; that it imparts to the hair that *softness and brilliancy*, and to the skin that *coolness and flexibility* not experienced in the use of any other dressing. It prevents the hair from falling, gives it a richness of color, and removes all obstructions to its growth. It should be on every lady's and gentleman's toilet both as a *dressing* and *renovator*.

To be had of the following Chemists and Druggists of this city: Messrs. Jos. Skinner, Henry F. McCarthy, Jas. Brown, John Roberts and George Mortimer. Also, of the Proprietor
W. H. MITCHELL,
Hair Dresser, Wellington St.,
Opposite Montreal Bank, Upper Town.
Ottawa, Jan. 1, 1867.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of nervous weakness, early decay, diseases of the urinary and seminal organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*.

Please enclose an envelope, addressed to yourself
Address,
JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House,
New York City.
September 29 237-y

Who is Mrs. Winslow?—As this question is frequently asked, we will simply say that she is a lady who, for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a female physician and nurse, principally among children. She has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic—giving rest and health, and is, moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are DAILY sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its timely use, and that millions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little ones, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Try it, mothers—try it now.—*Ladies' Visitor*, New York City.

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents a bottle. 291-d

Mothers Read This!—Holloway's Worm Lozenges are a certain and safe remedy for Worms in Children and Adults.—As it is a well-known and melancholy fact that one great cause of death among children is from Worms alone, it cannot be too deeply impressed upon the minds of parents the necessity of closely watching their children. By so doing; and understanding the symptoms and true cause of the disease, thousands of children might be saved from early graves. SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.—The following are a few of the very numerous symptoms and diseases which are caused by Worms: deranged appetite, emaciated extremities, offensive breath, frequent picking at the nose, grinding of the teeth during sleep, hardness of the belly, with frequent slimy stools, and sometimes convulsive fits; itching of the arms, pain in the head and stomach, unquiet sleep, faintings, tremblings, coughs, indigestion, low spirits, frightful dreams, and a gradual wasting away of flesh.

They are palatable and self-administered to the child—drive out the worms thoroughly without pain and completely cleanse the stomach—thereby doing away with the necessity of administering Castor Oil or other unpleasant cathartics—as in the use of other Worms.

☞ Each box contains the fac-simile signature of NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., who are the sole proprietors.

N. B. Ask for *Holloway's Worm Lozenges*, ☞ and take no other. ☜ Sold by all the druggists in Ottawa, and medicine dealers everywhere. 350y

DIED.

In this city, on the 29th instant, at seven p. m., after twenty-six hours' sickness, Mary Ann Noel, at the advanced age of 87, widow of the late Pierre Trudel, of Quebec.

⁂ Quebec papers (French and English) please copy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

St. George's Society.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE above Corporation, for the purpose of

ELECTING OFFICERS
FOR THE ENSUING YEAR,

The Adopting of Revised By-Laws, and for the transaction of other and important business, will be held at SALMON'S HOTEL, York-street, on

Tuesday ev'g. next, 2nd of April,

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

☞ A full attendance is particularly requested.

By order,
THOMAS PAINTER,
Secretary.
March 30. 396-3

TENDERS FOR CORD WOOD.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE OFFICE OF THE

Canada Iron Mining & Manufacturing Company,

UNTIL THE

10TH DAY OF APRIL NEXT

FOR PART OR WHOLE OF

Two Thousand Cords of

HARD WOOD!

To be delivered at the Company's Works during the ensuing summer.

March 30. THOS. WATSON. 396d

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN OF several years' experience in the Dry Goods business, a situation as Clerk. Speaks both French and English fluently. Best of references given. Apply at this office.
March 30. 396-2

Stoves,
Stoves,
Stoves,
Lamps,
Lamps,
Lamps,
CHEAP.

ESMONDE BROS.,
Opposite Ontario Bank,
43, Sparks-street
March 30, 1867. 396y

Bazaar in Aid of Christ Church Parsonage Debt.

AT THE URGENT REQUEST OF A number of Ladies who are anxious to work for this object, I beg most respectfully to invite a general meeting of the Ladies of the Parish, for the purpose of organizing a Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, APRIL 3rd, at 3 o'clock, in the Chapel, Sussex-street.

J. S. LAUDER.
March 29. 394d

Money Wanted!

$4,000 Wanted forthwith, on first-class unencumbered real estate security, situate within two miles of this city. Apply to

W. H. WALKER,
Barrister, &c.
Ottawa, March 27, 1867. 393-a

Wanted,

IN A SMALL FAMILY, A GOOD COOK and LAUNDRESS. Apply to 61, Daly-street.
March 27. 393tf

Ottawa Skating and Curling Club.

The Last Fancy Dress Entertainment OF THE SEASON.

A GRAND FANCY DRESS ENTERTAINMENT will take place

AT THE RINK,

ON

Tuesday evening, 2nd April.

This being the last of the season, the Directors intend using every exertion to make it a complete success. The Rink will be handsomely decorated for the occasion.

LADY PATRONESSES:

MRS. ROBT. LYON,	MRS. STEELE.
MRS. WADE,	MRS. ROSS.

COMMITTEE:

J. M. CURRIER, ESQ., M. P. P.	ROBT. LYON, ESQ.
	W. WADE, ESQ.
C. T. BATE, ESQ.	J. LeB. ROSS, ESQ.,
B. BATSON, ESQ.,	W. H. AUMOND, ESQ.

None but those in Costume will be allowed on the Ice. Non-Subscribers must be introduced by Subscribers.

ADMISSION 25 CENTS.

MR. G. W. LESTER has over 40 beautiful Costumes to let out at very low prices.

MR. DETLOR, Superintendent O. & P. Railway, has kindly consented to carry parties coming to the Entertainment, and return, AT ONE FARE.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

March 27. 393td

ONTARIO COLLEGE

PICTON, C. W.

PRESIDENT:
The Lord Bishop of Ontario.

COUNCIL:
THE PRESIDENT.
VEN. ARCH PATTON, D. C. L.
JAMES A. HENDERSON, Esq., D. C. L.
J. CARTWRIGHT, Esq., M. A., Ball. Coll. Oxon.
CAPTAIN DOWNES.
THE HEAD MASTER.

MASTER:
F. C. EMERSON, Esq., B. A., Oxon., late open scholar and Greek Exhibitioner of Wadham Coll., Oxford. 1 class classic, 2 cl. math. in Moderations, 1 class Lit. Hum. in Final Schools.

FELLOWS:
CLAUDE LONG, Esq., B. A., Exeter Coll. Oxon. A University Graduate in Holy Orders.
M. DE ST. REMY, Professor of French.
Professor of Drawing, GEORGE ACKERMAN, Esq.
Teacher of Drilling and Fencing, Mr T. O'BRIEN.
Bursar, Captain DOWNES, Picton, C. W.

FEES—Per term, inclusive of Tuition, $16. Board $52.
EXTRAS—Drawing $5; German, $5; Music, $7 50.

THE YEAR IS DIVIDED INTO three terms; the total cost per annum, including stationery, will be $204.

Arrangements have been made whereby the pupils may take the double journey from and to Picton by Rail or Steamboat at a single fare. The object of this School is to train boys for the Universities, the Civil Service, Army, &c., so that they may compete without disadvantage with those in England. The system emulated will be that perfected by Dr. Arnold at Rugby.

The upper forms are separated into two divisions, the Classical and the Modern. In the latter the study of Modern Languages, Book-keeping, &c., is substituted for that of Latin, Verse and Greek.

The services of a Matron as well as that of a Master in Holy Orders are being secured.

The School opens on May 1st next.

The School is beautifully situated on the Bay of Quinte at Picton. The building cost $20,000. There are 100 acres of land attached.

There will be a Library, Cricket Field, Gymnasium and Play Ground; good Bathing or Skating, Boating and Fishing.

Application for admission to be made to Capt. Downes, the Head Master, Picton, C. W., and Rev. T. A. Parnell, Kingston.

March 12. 386F

NOTICE.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO BY MIStake took away from the Russell House, on Thursday night, A MINK CAP, will oblige by returning the same.

Ottawa, February 23, 1867. 366tf

CITY REPRESENTATION

REQUISITION

—TO—

Edwd. McGillivray, Esq.

SIR,—

The undersigned Electors of the City of Ottawa invite you to offer yourself as a **CANDIDATE FOR ITS REPRESENTATION IN THE FIRST COMMONS OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA,** and pledge themselves to your support by their votes, influence and active exertions.

JAMES SKEAD,
H. F. BRONSON,
HENRY McCORMICK
JOSEPH AUMOND,
JAMES GOODWIN,
DONALD DOW,
DAVID MOORE,
And others.

Ottawa, March 15.

REPLY.

To Hon. James Skead, H. F. Bronson, Esq., H. McCormick, Esq., J. Aumond, Esq., J. Goodwin, Esq., Donald Dow, Esq., David Moore, Esq., and others.

GENTLEMEN,—

I have much pleasure in accepting your requisition, so respectably and numerously signed.

From my experience in commercial transactions, and long residence amongst you, it would not, I trust, be considered presumptuous in me to say that I have a deep interest in the welfare and advancement of this section of the country, and lay claim to a thorough practical acquaintance with its trade, its wants, its resources, and the mode of their best development.

Should I be the choice of the people I pledge myself to devote my best energies to the advancement of our County generally, but more especially to all that will contribute to the prosperity of our rising City, and that great staple trade so closely identified with the progress and prosperity of the Ottawa valley.

I remain,
Yours respectfully,
E. McGILLIVRAY.

Ottawa, March 16. 384f

New Watches & Clocks,
New Fancy Goods,
New Gold & Silver Jewellery,
New Plated Ware,
AT
YOUNG AND RADFORD'S,
30, SPARKS ST., OTTAWA.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. ☞ New Jewellery made to order.

Special Notice.

MESSRS. YOUNG & RADFORD would beg leave to inform their friends and the public that they have imported from London, England a first-class **Astronomical Clock** such as are used in all the Royal Observatories, and on which the public can depend for accurate time.

Parties wishing to have the true time are invited to call.

December 1, 1866. 296y

CITY OF GLASGOW
Life Assurance Company.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
CAPITAL, £600,000 Stg.
ANNUAL REVENUE OVER £120,000 Stg.

THIS COMPANY OFFERS TO THE public the combined advantage of perfect security, moderate premiums and liberal participation in profits. No extra charge for Volunteers in defence of the country.

RINTOUL BROS., Montreal, General Agents for Canada.

NEIL McKINNON, Agent,
Sparks-street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25. 391y

LIFE
ASSOCIATION OF SCOTLAND,
FOUNDED 1838, FOR
LIFE ASSURANCE AND ANNUITIES.
HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:
PLACE D'ARMES.....MONTREAL.
INVESTED FUNDS ONE MILLION AND FIFTY THOUSAND POUNDS STG.

Assurers have the choice of two separate Classes of Assurance.

IN CLASS A. THE BONUSES
Are paid to Money to the Policy-holder himself, commencing at an early stage of the Policy.

AN ALLOCATION OF PROFIT IN Cash is made *every year* in this Class to all policies of not less than five years' standing at the preceding Annual Balance, and each Policy-holder's share is applied in payment of his next annual premium. The outlay required for the policies has, thus, for many years been only from 52½ cts. to 75 cts. per $1 of the premiums according to standing, and commencing with those due at the end of the sixth year.

CASH PROFITS of more than £300,000 sterling have been distributed in this manner to the Policy-holders during their own lives.

IN CLASS B. THE BONUSES
Are unusually LARGE ADDITIONS to the SUM ASSURED, and may be exchanged for a

Most Important Provision in Old Age
to the Policy-holder himself.

At the Division for the 5th December, 1865, the large Bonus Addition of £4 per cent. on the Sum Assured was declared for every Premium paid on each participating policy, and payable along with the Sum Assured, provided the Life attain the average expectation of persons at his age of entry. It is evident that at this rate of Bonus the Sum Assured will be more than doubled in a comparatively short period.

But the Policy-holder has the option of exchanging these large Bonus Additions when he reaches the average period of life, for an equivalent in a VALUABLE PROVISION FOR HIS OWN AFTER-LIFETIME BY A CASH PAYMENT OR ANNUITY.

For example, a Policy-holder for £1,000 at age 25, on his attaining the average period of persons of that age, will, at that rate of Bonus, have had an addition to his Assurance of £1560, making the sum assured £2560, instead of £1000.

Or, he may then exchange this large Bonus Addition for One Cash Payment of about £1909 to himself.

Or he may exchange the Bonus Addition for an Annuity of about £162 payable during his life.

Such exchange will in no respect affect the sum Assured, which, as well as the right to future Bonuses will remain intact for the Heirs or other purposes of the Policy-holder.

UNDER NO OTHER SYSTEM
Can anything like the same amount of benefit be obtained, whether as regards increase of sum Assured, or an equivalent in Cash Payment or Life Annuity.

An Assurer during the current year in Class B. will receive, at next Division, One-Fifth more Bonus than later Entrants—the difference being probably so much as £40 on a £1000 policy.

The 28th Annual Balance will be made on 5th April, 1867. Previous entrants will rank for profits as of one year's longer standing than later entrants.

P. WANDLAW,
SECRETARY.

OTTAWA.

Honorary Directors.
Hon. W. McDougall, M.P.P., Provincial Secretary.
J. C. Tache, Esq., M.D., Dep. Min. of Agriculture.
M. K. Dickinson, Esq., Merchant.
T. C. Keefer, Esq., C.E.

Medical Officer,—J. Garvey, Esq., M.D.
Agents.—Messrs. J. T. & W. Pennock.

AGENTS IN VICINITY.

Aylmer,.....Mr. A. Driscoll
Arnprior,.....Vacant
Almonte,.....Mr. James Robertson
Buckingham,.....Mr. A. McNaughton
Kemptville,.....Mr. R. Leslie
Pembroke,.....Mr. A. Irving

Ottawa, February 27, 1867. 369-5A

AUCTION SALES.

EXTENSIVE SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE
By Auction.

H. McLEAN

HAS RECEIVED INSTRUCTIONS from the HEIRS of the late

Capt. John LeBreton,

TO SELL ON THE 16TH OF APRIL,

AT THE

RUSSELL HOUSE,
IN THE CITY OF OTTAWA,
At 11 O'Clock, a. m.,

The following Lots, situated on the

Flats and Victoria Terrace.

No. 4, in Block A; No. 2, in Block D; No. 14, in Block E, with a nice Cottage thereon; Nos. 1, 2, 15 and 17, in Block F; Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 10, in G; Nos. 2, 3, 5, 6, 8 and 9, in I; Nos. 3, 4, in Block J; Nos. 4 and 6, in Block K; Nos. 3 and 11, in Block L; Nos. 15, 18 and 24, in Block M, Victoria Terrace; Nos. 5, 7, 8 and 10, in Block N, Richmond Road; No. 2, in Block Q; No. 1, in Block S.

Also, at the same time and place,

57 Acres of Lot No. 40,

In the 1st Concession Nepean, E. Front, to be sold in Lots to suit purchasers.

Plans to be seen in my office until the day of Sale.

Terms, one-fourth cash; balance in three equal annual instalments.

HECTOR McLEAN,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 27. 393d

A CARD.

A. ROWE,

Principal Auctioneer of the City of Ottawa.

SALES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION solicited. Valuation of Household Furniture and effects carefully attended to.

Principal Office and Sales Room No. 42 North Side of Rideau Street.

Mr. Rowe in referring to the above Card begs respectfully to say that he has completed arrangements for conducting sales this spring in a manner that must give general satisfaction.

Though favoured last year, and for some years past, with the management of most of the important Sales which have taken place in the city, and he is happy to say universal satisfaction has been given in every respect.

Some of the reasons for Mr. Rowe's great success in conducting sales are, his extensive acquaintance with the purchasers, both in the city and country, and also his experience has given him a thorough knowledge of the value of every article he offers for sale.

And the most essential part which he was the first to introduce is to close and cash a sale the second day after it takes place.

Any number of references can be given if required.

Consignments of every description solicited.

Cash advances made on consignments for positive sale if required.

A. ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, March 18, 1867. 386y

NOTICE.

O. WARDELL & Co.

BEING about to leave this city beg to return their sincere thanks to the citizens of Ottawa for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business here. As they intend remaining here only till the first of March there will be great bargains to be had. They intend selling off their entire stock before leaving, so now is your time to buy your goods cheap. They sell at private sale during the day, and at auction at night.

☞ Call and see for yourselves.

NO. 34, SUSSEX STREET,

Where they will sell at public auction every evening at seven o'clock.

SIGN OF THE LARGE FLAG.

O. WARDELL & CO.

Ottawa, February 11, 1867. 355y

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

TO AVOID REMOVAL.

AT THE VARIETY HALL,
No 54, Sussex Street.

TO MEET THE INCREASING DEmands of my business, and to keep pace with the times, I have leased the large store and premises in FREDERICK'S BLOCK, next door to C. Wedgings & Co., where I shall remove to next month, and until that time I shall give every inducement to intending purchasers, for the purpose of reducing my present large stock, which is very complete and comprises the best patterns of White and Colored Granite Ware, White and Gold China, Colored China and Glassware, of all descriptions. I have his day received one hhd. of China Tea Sets which I shall sell at $4 per set to close the consignment. Also 1 case of beautiful Punch and Fruit Bowls; with a large variety of Furniture, of all kinds; Wooden ware of all kinds; a very large variety of Carpets; and a large assortment of new and second-hand Cooking Stoves, all of which will be sold at the most reasonable prices. I have also opened an order-book for the benefit of those who should require any particular pattern of China or Glassware, not obtainable here at present. All orders left previous to the 25th of this month will have immediate attention.

JOSEPH BOYDEN,
General Agent, and
Commission Merchant.

Ottawa, March 6. 374y

To Rent,

A DESIRABLE FURNISHED HOUSE in Centre Town. Apply at this office.

March 27. 392a

TENDERS

WILL be received by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, until MONDAY, the FIRST DAY OF APRIL, 1867, at 7 o'clock p m, for the completion of the CHURCH STREET DRAIN, in accordance with the Report and Specification of the City Engineer.

By order,
W. M. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

Ottawa, March 27. 393d

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY

GREAT ATTRACTION

AT HAMILTON'S HOTEL,
YORK-ST., OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL IN TOWN OF

THE "BIG LITTLE WOMAN."

SHE WEIGHS THE ENORMOUS Weight of 516 POUNDS; Measures around the body 7 feet 9 inches, (no Hoops); around the arm, 27 inches; around the calf, 58 inches; and yet is only 5 feet 1 inch tall, only 13 inches across the shoulders, and however incredible, wears with ease a number 8 glove, and a number 3 shoe.

These are facts which must be seen to be believed, and when seen, you are tempted to doubt the reality still!

Her affable and pleasing manner in conversation, supported by a liberal endowment of intellect and wit from Nature, makes her entertainments the most attractive of the kind.

Up to the age of twenty she was very small and delicate, weighing at the time only 100 pounds. She is now thirty-six years old, enjoys the best of health, and seems perfectly contented with her lot in this world, which certainly is a "big one."

ADMISSION 15cts. - CHILDREN 10cts.

Open from 9 a m to 10 o'clock p m.

March 27. 392a

New Spring Goods,

New Spring Goods,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

At CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY'S,

1 CASE STRAW BONNETS,
1 CASE STRAW HATS,
1 CASE MANTLE CLOTHS,
1 CASE COATS' SPOOLS,
1 CASE HERROCKSES SHRITING,
1 CASE PRINTS,
1 CASE DRESS GOODS,

ARE NOW OPENED OUT AND READY FOR INSPECTION.

No. 14, Rideau Street.

OTTAWA, MARCH 18, 1867. 385y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED THE FOLLOWING NEW GOODS

Black Silk Mantle Velvets.
Fancy Dress Goods,
Black Mantle Cloths,
New Designs in Prints,
Shirtings and Tickings.
Canadian Tweeds,
Halifax Cloths,
Alexandre Kid Gloves.

G. M. & Co. take this opportunity of stating that their Stock this Season will be larger and better assorted than heretofore, and will compare favorably in extent, variety, and cheapness with any in Central Canada.

MR. MUTCHMOR, although earlier in the European markets than any other buyer from Ottawa, remained later, so as to take every advantage, as regards prices, and to procure the latest novelties of the season.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

No. 20, Sparks-street.

OTTAWA, March 16. 384y

OVER 50 PACKAGES
NEW
SPRING DRY GOODS!

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK.

☞ Ladies and others interested will please make a note of the above.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

OTTAWA, MARCH 12. 380y

PEG TOP DEPOT.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED BY DIRECT importation of SPRING GOODS, comprising the

NEATEST PATTERNS

That are this year produced in ENGLISH, SCOTCH, FRENCH and CANADIAN manufacture.

Striped Tweeds
Coatings,
Vest Patterns,
Broadcloths,
Doeskins,
Gassimeres,
Satinets,
Venetians,
&c., &c.

G. M. BOLBROOK,
Peg Top Depot,
Opposite the Post Office.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

R. S. WILLIAMS'
FAMED
Organs & Melodeons

TESTIMONIALS.

I TAKE PLEASURE IN PRESENTING THE PUBLIC THE TESTIMONIALS OF our Organists' opinions, which cannot be gainsaid:—

We, the undersigned Organists and Professors of Music in the City of Toronto, have examined the VICTORIA ORGANS, HARMONIUMS, and MELODEONS manufactured by R. S. WILLIAMS, TORONTO, and consider them fully equal to any manufactured.

John Carter, Organist, Cathedral Church, St James, Toronto; George W. Strathey, Doctor of Music, Professor of Music at the University of Trinity College; Henry Martin, Organist of St. George's Church, Toronto; W. Labitzky, Organist of St. Michael's; H. F. Sefton, Professor of Music at the Normal and Model Schools, Toronto, and Director of the Toronto Church Choral Society; E. A. Hastings, Organist of Richmond-street W. M. Church; Mrs. T. C. Fletcher, Organist of Bond-street Congregational Church, Toronto; E. Mason, Organist of Zion Church, Toronto; J. G. Lawson, Organist of Berkeley-street Wesleyan Church, Toronto; M. Haberstock, Organist of St. Patrick's Church; J. D. Humphrey's, Professor of Singing; F. Reynolds, Organist of Yorkville W. M. Church; R. Blackburn, Organist of Elm-street W. M. Church; T. L. Wyne, Organist of Primitive M. Church.

E. MILES, Agent in Ottawa.

☞ *N. B.—An Assortment on hand. INSPECTION INVITED.*

OTTAWA, February 16, 1867. 350d-w8-3m

SHEFFIELD HOUSE!

21, SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

E. K. MacGILLIVRAY & Co.

Watchmakers and Jewellers,

Importers of the celebrated Sewill and Hargrave Watches, in Gold and Silver Cases, Fine Gold, Silver, Steel, and Jet Jewellery, Electro-Plated Ware, Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Parlor Croquet, &c.

Particular attention paid to the Repairing Department. Also to the Manufacturing of Presentation Sets, Cups, Medals, Masonic Jewels, &c.

Designs Furnished on the Shortest Notice.

OTTAWA, January 23. 310y

New Dress Goods, Millinery and Mantles!

—AT—

GRANT & HENDERSON'S.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED OUT SEVERAL CASES CONTAINING

New Dress Goods, Wincies, Shawls, French Merinos, Shirtings,

MANTLES, CLOTHS, TWEEDS, &c., &c.

SPLENDID VALUE.

A LARGE STOCK OF

New Whitney and Horse Blankets!

OFFERING AT CHEAP PRICES.

Sussex Street, 1st December, 1866. 296-6m

OLD ÆTNA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated 1819.—Charter Perpetual.

CASH CAPITAL, all paid up	$3,000,000.00
ASSETS, at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS at 1st January, 1867	$4,478,100.74
ASSETS, at 1st July, 1866	$4 075,830.55
Increased Assets in 6 months	$ 402,270.19

This Old and Favorite Company being NON-TARIFF continues to insure, as HERETOFORE, at the lowest rates commensurate with the Risks incurred.

Private Dwellings, detached, their contents and Farm Property Insured for three years at greatly Reduced Rates.

For financial strength, liberal treatment of Policy Holders, and promptness in the settlement of Losses,

THE ÆTNA OCCUPIES A FOREMOST POSITION.

☞ *The large assets of the Company have, within the last six months, been increased by a sum exceeding $400,000 as shewn above.*

All Losses paid promptly in Canada Bankable Funds.

J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Agents,
SPARKS STREET, OTTAWA.

OTTAWA, February 22, 1867. 365-3m

CORNS & BUNIONS
EXTRACTED
WITHOUT PAIN.

MR. BANSLEY respectfully informs the citizens of Ottawa and vicinity that, at the solicitation of many persons upon whom he has operated, he has been induced to announce that he is now prepared to EXTRACT, WITHOUT PAIN or bleeding, the worst CORNS, BUNIONS, or other protuberances, that may inflict pain or impede locomotion. He would also intimate that he does not come before the public with a humbug announcement of Professorship, or as having graduated at an (Isle of Sky) classical academy, but at the same time submit the names of the following gentlemen, to whom they may refer for ocular proof:

Mr. Peter Logan, Mr. Rodney, Mr. Samuels, Mr. P. Hamilton, Mr. T. McGraw, Mr. M. Cassidy, Mr. J. Burn, Mr. Jas. Foster; and also to Mrs. John Hamilton.

☞ Orders left at Mr. Bansley's, Sparks-street, opposite the Ontario Bank, will be punctually attended to, and no charge will be made unless satisfaction is given. Charges within the bounds of reason.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

C. BANSLEY & CO.
No. 42½ Sparks Street,
Ottawa, opposite Ontario Bank,

Santa Claus Depot.

TOYS! TOYS!
AND
Useful Ornaments for the Million!

WE are now in receipt of an endless and beautiful variety of goods from the manufacturers in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna, got up expressly for the Holiday season, consisting of

Toys, Fancy and Cabinetware.
China Ornaments.
Jewellery and Leather Goods,
&c., &c.
Albums and Novel.

C. BANSLEY & CO.,
42½ Sparks Street

Ottawa, December 24. 268y

Notice of Removal.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to notify his customers and the public generally, that he has removed from his former stand to the premises on Wellington-street, for many years occupied by Messrs. Workman & Griffin, Hardware Merchants, where as usual he will keep constantly on hand a choice selection of FAMILY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c., at lowest CASH PRICES.

HUGH ROSS,
Grocer, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
Wellington-street,
Upper Town.

Ottawa, March 18. 385b

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life Insurance.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
Insurance Company.

Capital. - - - £5,000,000.

HEAD OFFICES:
London.....Liverpool.....Montreal.

DIRECTORS FOR CANADA:

Chairman—WM. WORKMAN, Esq., President City Bank.

JOHN REDPATH, Esq., Vice Pres. Bank of Montreal. BENJAMIN H. LEMOINE, Esq., Cashier la Banque du Peuple. ALEX. M. DELISLE, Esq.

GENERAL AGENTS:
Messrs. SIMPSON & BETHUNE, 104 St. Francois Xavier St., Montreal.

☞ For Prospectus and Rates apply to the undersigned, agent for Ottawa.

JOHN C. T. COCHRANE.
OFFICE—Elgin-street, opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, February 23. 366-3m

Ætna Life Insurance Company.

ESTABLISHED, A. D. 1820.

Capital and Assets, 1st Jan., 1867, $4,401,833.86.

THIS MOST SUCCESSFUL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY divides the *whole* of the Profits, every year, among the insured, reducing the cost to about one-half the figures usually charged.

For instance, the annual payment, at the age of 30, in most Companies, to insure $2000 is, with profits, about $50, and without profits.....$43.00

In the Ætna, $2000, to a person 30 years of age, costs the first year.....25.34

And each subsequent year.....26.74

Which payment is subject to further reduction as the business of the Company increases.

☞ Endowment policies on equally favorable terms.

The fact that the Ætna has, during the past 12 months, insured over 14,000 persons, from among the best business men of the Continent, is the best possible testimonial to the soundness of the Company, and the excellence of its method of doing business.

J. GARVEY, ESQ., M. D.,
Medical Referee.

R. SMITH, Agent.
Office: Over Scott's Confectionery.

Ottawa, March 13. 381y

HOME INSURANCE CO.,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Cash Capital, - $1,000,000

INSURES against Loss or Damage by Fire and Inland Transportation, on terms adapted to the hazard and consistent with sound and reliable underwriting.

ASSETS, JANUARY 1st, 1867.

United States and State Bonds	$453,200 00
National Bank Stock	398,480 00
Real Estate owned by the Company	75,000 00
Loans on Mortgages, Stocks and on Call	54,444 16
Cash on hand, in Bank, in Agents' hands and due for Premiums	364,818 06
Bills Receivable and Fire and Inland Salvages	58,739 79
Interest and Rents accrued	44,561 52
All other property belonging to the Company	30,868 27
	$1,440,116 60
Losses unpaid and in process of adjustment	68,599 86
	$1,371,516 74

Statement of Premiums received and Losses paid during each year since the organization of the Company:

	Prem. recv'd.	Losses paid
1860	$ 37,887 30	$ 20,786 20
1861	81,230 00	46,190 69
1862	108,289 49	92,159 89
1863	256,973 55	160,454 30
1864	470,473 78	278,488 04
1865	773,815 68	451,292 99
1866	1,475,495 43	1,128,394 29

D. R. SATTERLEE, President.
DANIEL TROWBRIDGE, CHARLES WILSON, SAMUEL L. TALCOTT, } Vice-Presidents.
W. S. GOODELL, Secretary.

OTTAWA—W. WADE, Agent.
Feb. 23, 1867. 366-tf

BRITISH-AMERICA
Assurance Company!
FIRE AND MARINE.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

R. S. Oassels, Esq.....Consulting Director.

THE ABOVE FIRST-CLASS COMPANY is prepared to insure all description of property against loss or damage by fire.

HERRICK, BRUSH & CO.,
AGENTS,
Aumond's Buildings.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

PHŒNIX
FIRE ASSURANCE COMP'Y
OF LONDON.
Established in 1782

GILLESPIE, MOFFATT & CO,
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

THIS COMPANY HAVING INVESTED, in conformity with the Provincial Act,

1 Hundred Thousand Dollars,

For the special security of Policy-holders in Canada,

Is prepared to accept Risks on Dwelling-houses, Household Goods and Furniture, and General Merchandise at the lowest current rates.

JOHN DURIE,
Agent Ottawa,
No. 16, Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Feb. 12 1866. 47-ttf

RoyalCanadianBank

OTTAWA AGENCY:

Office—Desbarats' Building, 77 Sparks St.

M. P. HAYES,
AGENT.

Ottawa, June 21. 157tf

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received a fine assortment of genuine

Farina Cologne, in basket and plain,
Lubin's Perfumes,
Piver's Perfumes,
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Dressing Combs,
Toilet Soaps,
Bath Sponges,
Turkish Towels,
&c., &c., &c.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

MEDICAL HALL,
28, Sparks-Street.

The Subscriber begs to call the attention of Physicians practising in the country to his large and complete stock of

Drugs, Chemicals, and Pharmaceutical Preparations.

☞ Country Merchants will be supplied with Oils, Perfumes, Patent Medicines, Dyestuffs, etc., at wholesale prices, and on the most favorable terms.

W. M. MASSEY,
Family and Dispensing Chemist,
28, Sparks-street.

March 14. 382y

JUST IN TIME FOR THAT FANCY Dress Entertainment, a fine lot of

MASKS.

ALSO, a fresh arrival of FANCY GOODS, such as Balls, both hard and soft, for Base Balls, and Gold Return Balls. Also

Steel Chains,
Magnets,
Canes,
Violins,
Dolls,
Whistles,
Round Combs,
Rubber Rings,
Playing Cards.

1,000 AND 1 OTHER THINGS,

P. S.—A lot of fine oysters at 2s 3d.

GEORGE W. CRANE,
56 Sparks-street, and
Wellington-street.

Ottawa, March 19. 386tf

1867. FRESH TEAS. 1867.

INDIA WAREHOUSE,
No. 16, Rideau-Street,

Next door to Cunningham and Lindsay's.

THE PROPRIETORS of the INDIA WAREHOUSE having completed their Stock of Goods, respectfully invite an inspection of the same, being satisfied that such a varied assortment of delicacies have never before been offered in this city, and which they will sell at unusually low prices.

The Stock consists in part of

TEAS,
(Varying in prices from 30c per lb. upwards.)

SUGARS
COFFEE,
CHOCOLATE,
COCOA.

Molasses, Golden Syrup, Amber Syrup.

☞ SPICES of all kinds found on the premises.

FRUITS:
Layer Raisins,
Malaga do.,
Bunch'd, do.,
Seedless do.,
Sultanas,
In boxes, halves and qrs.
Eleme Figs,
Oranges,
Lemons,
Currants,
Almonds,
Walnuts,
Filberts,
Brazil Nuts.

Crosse & Blackwell's Extracts & Syrups.
Lemon,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Ginger,
Strawberry and Orange,
Peaches,
Cherries,
Prunes,
Plums,
Greengages,
Currants.

Marmalade, Jellies and Jams, in great variety; Lemon, Orange and Citron Peel

CHEESE:
English, American and Canadian.

Sardines, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Kiffend Herrings, Lochfyne Herrings, in Kegs; Mackerel, in kegs and barrels.

Strasbourg Pates, Potted Meats, Fish, &c.

BRANDY:
Hennessy's, Martel's and Otards—very old.
Old Jamaica Rum,
Old Rye and Proof Whiskey.

GIN:
DuKeyper's, Booth's Old Tom—in wood and bottles.
Port Wine, Sherry Wine,
Champagne, Claret, &c., &c.
Cherry Brandy.
Ginger Wine, Lemon Syrup, &c.—in wood & bottles.

PORTER:
Hibbert's London Porter,
Guinness's Dublin do.,
Daw's Lachine do.

ALE, CIDER, VINEGAR, CRACKERS, andles, Soap,
Barley, Tapioca,
Sago, Ground Rice,
Corn Starch, &c., &c.

PATENT BARLEY, GROATS, OATMEAL, INDIA MEAL, SPLIT PEAS.

Pastry Flour, Buckwheat Flour,
Graham Flour.

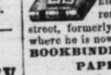
Sugar-cured Hams, Roll Bacon, Digby Herrings Portland Bloaters, Salmon Trout, Scotch Ling, Dry Codish, Labrador Herrings, &c.

N. B.—MESS PORK, and No. 1 Flour constantly on hand and for sale by

BROWNE & HARDY.

March 1. 372tf

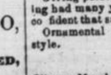
FOR SALE OR TO LET.



TO LET FOR A TERM of years that large and commodious three-story stone building on Sparks-st., Central Town, known as Johnston Brown's corner. One of the best business stands in the city. It is newly finished. Possession given the first of May. Terms liberal. Apply to the proprietor, Ottawa-st.

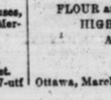
JAMES WADSWORTH.

March 28. 394 1M



HOUSES TO LET.—TWO two story frame Houses, situate on the North side of Queen-street near the Crown Timber Office, with sheds attached, and good spring water; also a garden to each house. Possession from 1st May next. Apply to the proprietor, James Mathews, Corner of Bank and Biddy-streets.

Ottawa, March 25. 391-2awlM



LOTS FOR SALE.—Two Lots immediately adjoining the Gas Works, Nos. 29 and 30, York-street, having a frontage of 210 feet on York street, and 65 feet on King-street.

Apply to

WILLIAM CLEGG,
Or JAMES INGLIS, Montreal.

Ottawa, March 15. 383d

FOR SALE.—A new Brick Cottage, with full Lot and Outbouses, situated in a pleasant locality, within ten minutes' walk of the Post-office, and commanding a beautiful view of the Parliament Buildings. For further information apply to D. O'CONNOR, ESQ., Thompson's Building, corner of Sussex and York-streets

March 14. 382d

VICTORIA HOTEL—TO LET.

NO more eligible chance could be offered to any party in the Hotel keeping line than the lease of the above FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

Being on the eve of Confederation, and Ottawa being definitely settled upon as its capital,

The Victoria Hotel

could not fail to be made to pay.

It is built on the most modern style of architecture, of cut stone; has large plate-glass windows, and is four stories high, exclusive of the basement. It is finely situated on the corner of Wellington and O'Connor-streets, immediately opposite the Parliament Buildings and has three vacant lots attached, so that the Buildings could be enlarged to any required capacity.

Applications, (postpaid) to be addressed to

FRANCIS CLEMOW, ESQ.,
Ottawa, C. W.

Ottawa, March 11. 379tf

FOR SALE,

IN Duke-street, Chaudiere, Ottawa, (the capital of B. N. A.,) that elegant Stone Building, (store, Dwelling, &c., &c., &c.) occupied by Mr. King, &c. And adjoining it is

TO SELL OR LET,

A commodious Stone Cottage of 11 rooms; a Flat of 5; and a suite of Photographic apartments, &c., &c., &c. To see which enquire of the tenant therein. And for terms, &c., apply BY LETTER to DR. JOHN MACAULAY, Hull Village, County Ottawa, C. E.

Ottawa, March 9. 378-3m

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

A. MORTIMER,

BOOKBINDER,
Metcalfe-street,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE TO his friends and patrons that he has removed to the building on Metcalfe street, formerly occupied by *The Evening Post* where he is now prepared to execute all orders for

BOOKBINDING,
PAPER-RULING, or
BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURING,

Of every description, in the neatest and most durable style.

Giving personal attention to all work, and having had many years practical experience, he feels confident that satisfaction will be given.

Ornamental Binding done in the most artistic style.

A. MORTIMER,
Metcalfe-street.

Ottawa, March 16. 384y

FOR SALE.
PORK, MESS and PRIME MESS,
FLOUR and OATMEAL,
HIGHWINES and WHISKEY,
ALES and PORTER,
ANCHORS and CHAINS.

S. CHRISTIE.

Ottawa, March 15. 383-3m

FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Very Choice and Superior
TEAS,
NOW ON SALE
AT THE

1,000 CHESTS UNCOLORED JAPAN.

500 Chests very choice and superior YOUNG HYSON.

700 Chests Good Strong TWANKAY

100 Chests old fashioned BREAKFAST SOUCHONG.

150 Caddies MANDERIN MIXTURE.

☞ This is the finest BLACK TEA ever imported, 5s per pound; in small Caddies, about 14 lb each, 4s 9d.

COFFEE!
The Pure Mountain Berry

"Without exception the finest Coffee in the world."—*London Times, March 16.*

We are constantly receiving supplies of this truly beautiful and delicious COFFEE, *roasted daily on our premises by*

Dakins' Patent Silver Cylinder

By which peculiar process, the aroma is preserved and renders it the FAVORITE WITH ALL COFFEE DRINKERS.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

☞ As it is imported by no other firm in Canada

ROBINSON & CO.,
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Wines, Spirits & Liquors

ROBINSON & CO. would especially call the attention of families to their stock of

ALES, WINES & SPIRITS

100 cases Otard Brandy.
50 " Martell's
150 " Hennessey.
75 " United Vinquels

We have a most delicious

DINNER SHERRY

Which we are selling at 8 shillings per gallon.

GUINESS & CO.

DUBLIN STOUT!

BLOOD'S LONDON STOUT.
BARCLAY'S LONDON PORTER.
ALLSOP'S PALE ALE.
BASS' EAST INDIA.
DOW'S CELEBRATED MONTREAL ALE
DAW'S SUPERIOR LACHINE ALE.
DAW'S CELEBRATED PORTER & STOUT

PRESERVED MEATS.

Just Received from England:
ROAST HARE.
CURRIED DO.
JUGGED DO.
STEWED DO.
ROAST PHEASANTS.
ROAST GROUSE.
ROAST PARTRIDGE.

ALL GOODS DELIVERED FREE by our own Waggons to any part of the City daily

ROBINSON & CO.
THE TEA POT,
OTTAWA.

Establishments—Sussex St. and Rideau St.

Ottawa, September 10. 225tf

Messrs. Curtis & McIntosh

BEG RESPECTFULLY to ANNOUNCE that they have opened SEPARATE ROOMS for ladies and gentlemen, for

HAIRCUTTING AND DRESSING
AT NO. 57,
RIDEAU-STREET,
Opposite the Rideau Hotel.

☞ All kinds of HAIR-WORK, WIGS, &c., kept on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

N. B.—This is the only establishment in this city where there are separate rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen.

Ottawa, March 18. 385-3m

AT THE SIGN OF THE

24 24

Rideau Street.

Christmas & New Year are Past.

STILL WE PROGRESS.

OUR MOVEMENTS ARE ONWARD THROUGH 1867.

SUCH BEING the fact, and as a matter of consequence, new buildings will have to be erected, it is of every importance to know where to get

CHEAP HARDWARE.

Not wishing to engross all public attention to this point, I beg to announce that I have now on hand the largest and most complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

Ever offered to the public in this city, comprising every article in the trade. Call and examine, and you will get bargains, as the present stock must be cleared off to make room for the Spring stock.

☞ **Coal Oil and Lamps Cheap.**

THOMAS BIRKETT,
Successor to James Starke.

Ottawa, January 5, 1867. 324y

PIANO-FORTE INSTRUCTION.

PROFESSOR W. C. CLARK, Graduate of Maple Wood Musical Seminary, Connecticut, and Teacher of Piano, Voice and Harmony, in Albert College, Belleville; intends removing to Ottawa. Also MRS. W. C. CLARK, Preceptress of Albert College, Belleville, Teacher of Drawings and Paintings in Water Colors, Oils, Mono-bromatic.

Particulars learned by enquiring at James Hope & Co., J. L. Orme & Son's Music Store, and of John Durie & Son, Sparks-street, where orders can be left.

Ottawa, March 384-3m

**WILSON

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it will greatly conduce to the health and comfort of the Citizens of Ottawa generally, to have the City cleaned of all filth and nuisances: And whereas the introduction and spread of Cholera, Typhus and other contagious diseases is, and will certainly be influenced by the sanitary condition of the city: And whereas

The Board of Health

Under and by virtue of the Powers conferred upon them by various Acts of Parliament, establishing "Boards of Health," and in accordance with various By-laws of the City of Ottawa, have deemed it advisable that immediate steps should be taken for cleansing the City.

Now Know Ye that I,

ROBERT LYON, Mayor of the City of Ottawa, do hereby order and direct, that all Yards, Cellars, Stables, Outhouses and other Buildings and Enclosures, Lanes or Alleys, shall be thoroughly cleansed of all Filth, Dirt, Nightsoil, or other impurities by the owners or persons occupying the same,

Before the 20th day of April,

1867: And I hereby give notice that the Chief of Police and the Constabulary of this City are enjoined to proceed, at once, to have all Privy Pits, Cesspools, &c., thoroughly cleansed, and to see this order carried into effect, and all and every person or persons disobeying or neglecting to observe the same, on or before the Twentieth day of April, 1867, will be punished according to law.

GIVEN under my hand at the City of Ottawa this 22nd day of March, A. D. 1867.

ROBERT LYON, Mayor.

Ottawa, March 25. 391tf

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL CONGREGATIONS, or others owning Churches, and individuals, corporations and companies owning Halls, Theatres, or other Buildings used for the purpose of holding public meetings, or places of public resort or amusement, all the doors shall be so hinged that they may open freely outwards, on or before the 15th day of August, 1867, and any parties neglecting or refusing to do so will be prosecuted according to law.

THOS. LANGRELL, Chief of Police.

Ottawa, March 22. 389tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having admitted MR. GEORGE BEAMENT into partnership the business will be carried on under the style and firm of THOS. BEAMENT & CO.

THOS BEAMENT, 25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 2, 1867.

Referring to the above we beg respectfully to tender our best thanks for the liberal support experienced at the hands of the public of Ottawa, and have reason to hope by a diligent attention to the wants of our customers to merit a still larger share of their patronage. Our stock of

Gents' and Youths' Outfitting!

AND FANCY GOODS,

Is still very complete, and we respectfully invite a call.

THOMAS BEAMENT & CO., 25 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 4, 1867. 323y

Spring Medicine.

Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla,

For Purifying the Blood, Promoting Digestion, and Regulating the Liver, Bowels, and System Generally.

THIS PREPARATION, PRICE 75cts. PER BOTTLE, will be found to possess far more medicinal virtue and strength than most of the American dollar preparations, without the injurious substances contained in some of them.

Mr. S. Skinner, Housekeeper Legislative Council Buildings, Ottawa, says of this medicine: "It has had a surprising effect on my wife in raising her up from a state of great weakness and debility, and I would strongly recommend its use to persons suffering from indigestion and general weakness."

Prepared and sold by

W. HEARN, Market Drug Store, York-street, Ottawa

377tf

The Latest in Books.

"HUNTED TO DEATH;" a Novel. "Played Out;" by the author of "Theo. Leigh," &c. "Idalia," by Ouida, author of "Strathmore." "The Last Warning Cry;" by Dr. Cumming. The Gentle Life, 1st and 2nd series. The Volunteer's Active Service Manual, by Major Dixon. A Geological Map of the Madoc Gold Regions, by White. Oliver & Boyd's Almanac, for 1867. The Nautical Almanac, for 1867.

BOOKS ON AGRICULTURE, &c.:

Gardening for Profit. Breck's New Book of Flowers. Bee Keeping, by Quinby. The Fruit Garden, by Rivers. The American Horticultural Annual, for 1867. The American Agricultural Annual, for 1867.

The new Diamond Edition of Dickens' Works.

For sale by

JOHN DURIE & SON, 10, Sparks Street, Opposite the Russell House.

Ottawa, March 12. 314y

NOTICE to the PUBLIC:

Servants' and Laborers' Registry Office!

1st Door West of Bates',

AT CRANE'S NEWS DEPOT, 56, Sparks Street

Ottawa, November 27. 29tf

Money to Loan.

THE TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA have funds for investment on the security of first-class town and farm property, and are also prepared to purchase good mortgages.

The rate of interest on loans is 8 per cent. No commission charged, and expenses reduced. The loans are usually for five years, but can be made payable in yearly or half-yearly instalments, if desired by Borrowers.

A deposit of $10 required with each application. For further information apply at the Company's Office in Kingston, or to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, Barrister, Ottawa.

March 380d

DARLEY'S

Arabian Heave Remedy

AND CONDITION MEDICINE

IS POSITIVELY SUPERIOR TO ANY or all other preparations for the cure of *Heaves, Coughs, Thick and Broken Wind*, and all diseases which affect the *Wind of Horses*; also, as a *Condition Medicine*, surpassing everything of the kind; is easy to give, sure to cure, and safe in all cases and at all times, and does not prevent the horse from being worked while using it.

It cleanses the breathing apparatus, by removing from the air-cells the coagulable lymph, or that secretion which in heaves clogs them, causing a difficulty in breathing, and by its action on the diseased part, causing the mucous membrane to resume its natural dimensions, thus equalizing the circulation of the blood, and restoring the distended vessels to their natural size; by its use the horse's appetite is improved, all derangements of the digestive organs corrected, softening the skin, and giving to the coat a sleek and shining appearance.

D. W. HURD, Successor to Hurd & Co., Maiden Lane, New York, Sole Proprietor for the United States.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W., *Proprietors for the Canadas.*

PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Sold by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, Henry F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

NOTICE.

GAS SUPERSEDED!

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the public that having been applied to by a large number of the citizens of Ottawa to have their

GAS FIXTURES CHANGED!

SO AS TO USE

COAL OIL,

They have made arrangements to do so at a small cost per burner, and without injuring the Gas Burner or Chandelier.

Having altered 4 or 5 dozen Burners during the past week, which give great satisfaction in all cases, they can with confidence recommend this change.

Good Canada Rock Oil

WILL BE SUPPLIED AT

37½ cts. per Gallon.

In cans containing Five Gallons; and Chimneys by the dozen very low.

Pennsylvania Rock Oil

Which stands unrivalled, supplied in any quantity

BEACH & CO., 62 Sparks Street.

Ottawa, January 28, 1867. 322-3m-dw

THO. RUSSELL & SON

TO H.M. THE QUEEN

WE have appointed Mr. J. LESLIE, Sparks Street, sole Agent for sale of above Watches, and caution *the public against being imposed upon* by Watches marked "Makers to the Queen," but which are not manufactured by us.

THOMAS RUSSELL & SON, *London and Liverpool.*

May 31, 1866. 139y

GOVERNMENT HOUSE,

OTTAWA, 20th February, 1867.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29, 30 Vic., Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that subject to the provisions of the said Act, to the conditions, regulations and restrictions established and imposed by the Order in Council of the 24th day of September, 1866, and to such further regulations as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond, the undermentioned articles, that is to say:

Acetic Acid,
Acetic Ether,
Butyric "
Chloric "
Nitrous "
Sulphuric "
Chloroform "
Collodian "
Hoffman's Anodyne,
Talapin,
Podophyllin,
Lip Tandrin,
Spirits Ammonia Aromatic,
Compound Spirits of Lavender,
Do do of Juniper,
Medicinal Tinctures of all kinds,
Cordials,
Bitters,
Syrups,
Compounding of Brandies,
Gin (commonly called old Tom) other Gin and Scotch and Irish Whiskeys,
Proprietary preparations,
Patent Medicines,
Resinoids,
Chemicals,
Pharmaceutical Preparations,
Auline Dyes,
Hair Oils,
Hair Washes,
Powders.

WM. H. LEE, Clerk Executive Council.

376tf

To all Whom it May Concern

AUDIT OFFICE, Ottawa, February 19, 1867.

COMPLAINT having been made that certain

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES

Not incorporated by any Statute of this Province, have not published the statement of their

Assets and liabilities;
Amount of Capital Stock;
Amount paid thereon;
Nature of Assets;
Amount of losses;
due and unpaid;
adjusted and not due,
in suspense and waiting for further proof;
resisted, and for what cause;
Amount of all other claims against the company;
Amount of premiums earned and unearned during the past year;

The whole as required by the Act 23 Vic., cap. 33, sec. 11.

NOTICE is hereby given that INSURANCE COMPANIES not complying with the said Act are liable to the

PENALTY OF $1,000,

For such default, as provided in the said Act.

JOHN SIMPSON, Assistant Auditor.

February 23, 1867. 367dw9 tf

LOOK HERE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED 1 acres of land, on which he intends starting a

Garden & Nursery

Within two miles of the city,

In Gloucester, Green Field

county of Carleton, calls the attention of the Inhabitants of the City of Ottawa, and surrounding country. He will fulfill orders for all sorts of Fruit Trees, Oramental and Lawn Trees, Flowing Shrubs with a choice lot of Bulbs, and Bedding-out Plant for Borders; also Herbecious Plants and Esculent Roots. He has also on hand a large stock of Greenhouse Plants, a quantity of Garden, Field, and Flower Seeds of the best description. Parties wanting grounds laid out in the newest style of land-keeping, together with Grafting, Budding, and Planting will be promptly attended to. He also will have sorts of Plants in season for sale, at the late dence of Clement Bradley, Esq.

MATHEW T. DeRINZY.

Ottawa, March 4, 1866 85-tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS IT HAS BEEN REPRESENTED to the Governor General in Council that much inconvenience has been, and is experienced by certain of the inhabitants of this Province residing in the vicinity of the Canadian Frontier line, by reason of their being deprived of the privilege heretofore enjoyed by them of having their grain produce ground at Mills situate on the American side of the Frontier, and re-importing the same into Canada free of Customs duty, in cases where the closer proximity of such Mills to the residences of such inhabitants, or their greater capacity made it expedient to resort to them:—

Whereupon, and on the recommendation of the Honorable the Acting Minister of Finance and under the provisions of the seventeenth chapter of the Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that any flour or meal, or other produce of any wheat or grain grown in and taken out of this Province into the United States to be ground, and brought back into this Province within one week after such wheat or grain has been so taken out to be ground, shall be, and the same is hereby exempted from the payment of Customs duties; provided always that such grain be first duly reported outwards at the nearest Custom House before exportation for the special purpose herein referred to, and that the identity of the flour or meal, the produce thereof, be sworn to on its importation into this Province.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

CAUTION.

WHEREAS CERTAIN LOTS KNOWN as Lots 11, 12, 13, and 14, Fifth Range Litchfield, County of Pontiac,

200 ACRES EACH,

Are advertised for sale by H. V. NOEL, ESQ., a Assignee for the Estate of COLL McDONELL, this is to caution intending purchasers that I have

A Dower of Two housand Pounds

Against said Lots, and no proper title can be obtained without my signature.

ALMIRA McDONELL, Alexandria Park, Portagedu Fort.

Jan 29, 1867 w6m

AYER'S

Sarsaparilla

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration of the uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes, "A dangerous ovarian tumor on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla: the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M Massey, H F McCarthy and Skinner in Ottawa.

February 26th, 1867 368d3w9y

FINANCE DEPARTMENT, CUSTOMS,

Ottawa, 12th March, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE FOLLOWING IMPORTANT NOtice to Navigators has been issued by the Government of Mauritius, in reference to a floating Light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage to be substituted, to the harbour lights at the entrance of Port Louis, to which the attention of all concerned is specially directed.

By Command,

THOS. WORTHINGTON, Asst. Com. of Customs and Excise.

Governor Sir H. Barkly to Lord Carnarvon.

Mauritius, 18th December, 1866.

Gov. Desp. No. 292, of 31 Oct., 1864. S.S. Desp. No. 361. of 27 April, 1865.

My Lord,

With reference to the previous Correspondence, noted in the margin, on the subject of the substitution of a Floating Light at the entrance of the Harbour of Port Louis for the present Shore Lights, I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Board of Trade, the accompanying Copies of a Notice, announcing that the change in question will take effect from the 24th May next, and giving the necessary sailing directions for the guidance of vessels approaching the Port. (Enclosure 1. Notice.)

Copies of this Notice have been forwarded to the different countries enumerated in the enclosed list, bearing the signature of the Colonial Secretary, and I beg that information may be given to the other Governments mentioned in the accompanying Copy of a Letter from the Harbour Master, dated the 14th instant, as well as to any Departments of Her Majesty's Government whom the matter may concern. (Enclosure 2. Enclosure 3.)

I have, &c.,

(Signed,) HENRY BARKLY.

The Honorable the Earl of Carnarvon, &c., &c., &c.

NOTICE.

On the 24th of May, 1867, the Harbour Lights at the entrance of Port Louis, Mauritius, will be done away with, and a Floating Light at the Bell Buoy Anchorage will be substituted.

The Floating Light Vessel will be moored a little to the N W ard of the present well known Bell Buoy, with the following bearings:

Extreme of land to the northward: N E B N.
Extreme of land to the westward: W S W.
Flagstaff on Fort George: S E ½ S.
Depth of Water: 15 fathoms.

The Light Vessel will be painted white, which will enable her to be distinctly seen against the dark land during the day.

She will show a "*flashing white Light*" from Sunset to Sunrise, which will be visible a distance of nine miles in every direction from Seaward, from the poop of a large vessel.

The fact of this being a flashing Light, at short intervals, will sufficiently distinguish it from the Revolving Light at Flat Island, even were a mistake possible.

Vessels from the northward, after rounding Cannonier Point, must be careful not to bring Cannonier Point Light to the Westward of Flat Island Light, till the Floating Light at the Bell Buoy is seen; they may then steer for the latter, on a S S W ½ W bearing, and anchor on that bearing, from ½ a mile to a mile from the Light.

Vessels approaching the Port from the Westward, may steer from the Floating Light on an E N ½ N bearing, and either anchor ½ a mile from her on that bearing, or further northward as convenient.

The mooring chain of the Floating Light runs about 150 fathoms in a N N W direction, vessels must therefore be anchored in such a manner as to avoid hooking it.

The depths at the anchorage vary from 12 to 20 fathoms.

All the bearings are Compass bearings.

D. WALES, Harbour Master.

Post Office, 14th December, 1866.

Circulars respecting Floating Light have been sent to

1 The Colonial Secretary, St. Helena.
2 The Colonial Secretary, Cape of Good Hope.
3 The Colonial Secretary, Natal.
4 The Colonial Secretary, Tasmania.
5 The Colonial Secretary, New Zealand.
6 Chief Secretary, South Australia.
7 Colonial Secretary, Western Australia.
8 Colonial Secretary, Queensland.
9 Chief Secretary, Victoria.
10 Secretary to the Government, New South Wales.
11 Colonial Secretary, Ceylon.
12 Secretary to the Government, Bengal.
13 Secretary to the Government, Bombay.
14 Secretary to the Government, Madras
15 Colonial secretary, Hong Kong.
16 Civil Commissioner, Seychelles.
17 Secretary to the Government, Straits Settlement.
18 Secretary to the Government, Batavia.
19 Chief Commissioner, British Birmah.
20 Secretary to the Government, Manilla (Philipine Islands).
21 Political Resident, Aden.
22 Monsieur L'Ordonnateur, Reunion.
23 Police Magistrate, Rodrigues.

(Signed) FELIX BEDINGFELD, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Mauritius, 17th December, 1866.

Harbour Master to Colonial Secretary.

Port Office, Mauritius, 14th December 1866.

Sir,

As it will be necessary to send intelligence to all parts of the world before substituting a Floating Light at the entrance of this Port for the present Harbour Lights, I have the honor to request that his Excellency the Governor will authorize the printing of the annexed sailing directions, and the forwarding of them by the mail of the 18th instant, to all parts of the world.

The rule is to allow such intelligence time to reach every important Port in the world, and give vessels that have left before its arrival time to reach the spot where the new Light is to be placed.

I have proposed therefore, to light up on the 24th of next May, the anniversary of Her Majesty's birth-day, subject to his Excellency's approval, thus allowing five months and one week for the transmission of intelligence, which ought to be sufficient, if no time is lost in sending it from England to North and South America.

I recommend that copies of the notice should be sent to the Governments of the following countries: —Russia, Holland, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Belgium, France, Spain, Portugal, Italy, Austria, Prussia, Turkey, British North America, United States, Mexico, Brazil, Callao; also to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the Admiralty, and the Trinity House, for transmission to English, Scotch, and Irish Ports; to the Australian Ports, Cape of Good Hope, the Indian Governments, the Straits Ports and Batavia, Manilla and China, together with any others that may be suggested, and that 100 copies may be sent to this office for distribution among the shipping.

I have, &c.,

(Signed,) D. WALES, Harbour Master.

The Hon. the Colonial Secretary, &c., &c., &c.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE NO. 1, 1867.

His Excellency the Administrator of the Government directs the publication, for general information, of the following amended notice of the erection of a Lighthouse on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, in correction of the notification given in Government Notice No. 122, 1866.

By His Excellency's Command.

D. ERSKINE, Colonial Secretary.

Colonial Office, Natal, 4th January, 1867.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

A Lighthouse has been erected on the Bluff, at the south side of the entrance of Port Natal, at an elevation of 292 feet above high water, a light from which will be exhibited on the 23rd January, 1867.

The Lighthouse is in latitude 29° 3' 35" E.

The building is an iron tower, in the form of a frustrum of a cone, 81 feet high, painted white; centre of light being 70 feet above the base, exhibiting a revolving white light of the second class (dioptric), attaining its greatest brilliancy once every minute.

It is visible in all directions from north (round by the east and south), to S 59° W; and can be seen from a ship's deck 24 miles in clear weather.

The above light is not visible from the Aliwal Shoal, which is 25 miles S, 53° W; from the Lighthouse: vessels should not, therefore, when coming from the southward and westward, approach the shore nearer than 4 miles, or shoal their water under 40 fathoms, using the lead freely until they make the light well out from the deck, when they may stand in until it bears N 69° E,—which bearing will keep them outside all known danger—until they are abreast of the Umlazi River (about 9½ miles below the Lighthouse), when they must keep it more to the northward, as the land tends more to the eastward, giving the shore a good berth of a mile, and when the light bears about W. N W; they can haul in to the northward for the anchorage, anchoring in 8½ to 10 fathoms, with the Lighthouse bearing S W to S W ½ S, distant 1 mile.

W. E. ARCHDEACON, Master R. N., Admiralty Surveyor.

N. B.—The above bearings are magnetic. 386tf

At Council held in the City of Quebec on Monday, the 24th day of September, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under and in virtue of the authority given and conferred by the Act 29–30 Vic. Cap. 7, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following Regulations respecting the manufacture of the undermentioned dutiable goods in Bond, be and the same are hereby adopted —that is to say:

1. That subject to the provisions of the Act above cited, to these Regulations, and to such further Regulations, as may hereafter be made by competent authority, Licenses may be granted to manufacture in Bond the articles herein enumerated, viz:

Drugs—including Essences and Extracts,
Perfumery,
Vinegar,
Varnishes,
Starch.

2. That any Bonded manufactory licensed under the above recited Act, may be closed and the License forfeited, whenever it is shewn to the satisfaction of the Minister of Finance that there is just cause for believing that frauds upon the Revenue are perpetrated in connection with such manufactory.

3. That in addition to the License fee named in the Act above cited, every person to whom a "Bonded Manufacturing License" is granted, shall pay to the Collector of Inland Revenue, in monthly instalments, such sums of money as shall be sufficient for the payment of the expenses incurred by the Finance Department for the effective supervision of the manufactures carried on under such license, and for taking account of the dutiable articles consumed in such manufacture, and of the articles produced therefrom. And the maximum sum to be so paid by the party aforesaid shall be from time to time determined by the Minister of Finance, as he may deem necessary, and shall, as nearly as may be, be in proportion to the magnitude and general character of the business carried on under such license.

4. That goods manufactured in Bond shall be removed from the apartments of the manufactory wherein they are manufactured as soon as the whole process of manufacture is completed, and shall then be placed in apartments or store-rooms set apart for that purpose, wherein they shall be bonded in the manner required by the Excise Bonding Regulations made by Order in Council, dated the 17th day of May, 1865; and they shall be dealt with, in respect of their subsequent removal, exportation or entry for consumption, in accordance with the said Regulations.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

245-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

CIRCULAR. (Copy.)

DOWNING STREET, 9th Feb., 1867.

I have much pleasure in transmitting to you a Copy of a Warrant, issued under the Royal Sign Manual, under which the decoration of the Victoria Cross may be conferred on persons serving in the Local Forces, which are or may hereafter be raised in any of Her Majesty's Colonies.

I have to instruct you to take whatever steps may appear to you most likely to give publicity to this Warrant.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient,
Humble Servant,

(Signed) CARNARVON.

The Officer Administering the Government of Canada.

WARRANT for extending the Victoria Cross to the Local Forces in New Zealand and in the Colonies, and their Dependencies generally.

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting:

WHEREAS, by a Warrant under Our Royal Sign Manual, countersigned by one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, and bearing date at Our Courts at Buckingham Palace, the 29th day of January, 1856, in the nineteenth year of Our Reign, We did constitute and create a new Naval and Military Decoration, to be styled and designated the Victoria Cross, which Decoration We expressed Our desire should be highly prized and eagerly sought after by the Officers and Men of Our Naval and Military Services, and did also make, ordain, and establish the Rules and Ordinances therein set forth for the government of the same, to be thenceforth inviolably observed and kept:

And whereas during the progress of the operations which We have undertaken against the Insurgent Native tribes in our Colony of New Zealand, it has happened that persons serving in the Local Forces of Our said Colony have performed deeds of gallantry, in consideration of which they are not, according to the strict provisions of Our said recited Warrant, eligible for this high distinction:

Now know ye, that We of our especial Grace, certain knowledge, and mere motion, have thought fit hereby to signify Our Royal Will and Pleasure that the said Decoration may be conferred on such persons aforesaid, who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances made, ordained, and established by Us for the government thereof, by Our said recited Warrant, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that it shall be competent for such persons aforesaid to obtain the said Decoration in the manner set forth in the Rules and Ordinances referred to, or in accordance with such further Rules and Ordinances as may hereafter be made and promulgated by Us, Our Heirs and Successors, for the government of the said Decoration, provided that it be established in any case that the person was serving with Our Troops, under the Orders of a General or other Officer, under circumstances which would entitle an Officer or Soldier of Our Army to be recommended for the said Decoration, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and provided also such person shall be recommended for it by such General or other Officer:

And We do further for us, Our Heirs and Successors, ordain and appoint that the said Decoration may also be conferred, in accordance with the Rules and Ordinances prescribed in Our said recited Warrant, and subject to the provisions aforesaid, on such persons who may be qualified to receive the same in accordance with the said Rules and Ordinances, as may hereafter be employed in the Local Forces raised, or which may be raised in Our Colonies and their Dependencies, who may be called upon to serve in co-operation with Our Troops in military operations which it may be necessary to undertake for the suppression of Rebellion against Our Authority, or for repelling invasion by a foreign enemy.

Given at Our Court, at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, this first day of January, 1867, in the thirtieth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,

(Signed) J. PEEL.

Money to Lend

AT MODERATE RATES ON FIRST-CLASS CITY or FARM PROPERTY. Apply to

J. PENNINGTON MACPHERSON, BARRISTER, &C.

Montreal Telegraph Buildings, Ottawa.

Ottaw 23rd March, 1866 81-tf

BOARD WANTED by a Lady and Gentleman in a private family, near the Post-Office. Address, stating terms, &c., G. N. C., Box 210, Ottawa. 384a

BOARD.—MRS. TROTTER, OF THE Toronto House, can accommodate a few gentlemen with rooms and breakfast, or with ful board. Can also take a few day boarders.

Ottawa, November 1 270tf

BOARDING.—MRS. REYNOLDS, "THE Cottage" Book and Fancy Store, York Street, 3 doors from Sussex Street, begs to announce that she is prepared to accommodate six or eight boarders. 122-*

DEPARTMENT ORDER, NO. 70.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, OTTAWA, 12th Feby., 1867.

Letters, Newspapers, &C. &C.,

FOR THE

WEST INDIES, SOUTH AMERICA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND

Via New York.

1.

LETTERS, Newspapers, &c., for the above-named destinations may be forwarded from Canada by way of New York in the Mails made up daily for that City at the Post-offices of Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, Kingston, Toronto and Hamilton,

ON PREPAYMENT

Of the following rates by

CANADIAN POSTAGE STAMPS.

COUNTRIES, &c.		Letters Rate per ½ oz.	Newspapers Each.	Pamphlets, Magazines and Printed Matter.
		Cents.	Cents.	Cents.
Acapulco		10	2	2 p 4oz
Aspinwall		10	2	2 p 4oz
Bolivia		34	5	5 p oz
Brazil	Bahia, Para, Pernam, Rio Janeiro	10	2	2 p 4oz
Ecuador		34	5	5 p oz
Central America	Costa Rica, Guatemala	10	2	2 p 4oz
Chili—Valparaiso		34	5	5 p oz
Cuba	Cardenas, Havana, Matanzas, Pu rtoPrincipe	10	2	2 p 4oz
Honduras		34	5	....
Mexico		10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana		34	5	5 p oz
New Grenada, except Aspinwall & Panama		18	5	....
Nicaragua	Pacific side	10	2	2 p 4oz
	Gulf of Mexico side	34	5	....
Panama		10	2	2 p 4oz
Peru—Callao, Lima		22	5	5 p oz
St. Thomas, U. S. packet		10	2	2 p 4oz
Do. via Havana		34	5	5 p oz
Venezuela	Laguayra, P. Cabello	10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies—British—Bahamas, Nassau, Barbadoes, Demerara, Dominica, Essequibo, Grenada, Jamaica, Nevis, St. Kitts, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Tobago, Trinidad,		10	2	2 p 4oz
West Indies,—Foreign, except Cuba and St. Thomas—Guadaloupe, Hayti, St. Domingo, Martinique, Porto Rico, Santa Cruz.		34	5	....
Australia and New Zealand via New York and Panama, by steamer leaving New York on the 11th of each month		22	5	5 p oz

Letters forwarded by this route can be registered as far as New York on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of an additional 5 cents per letter.

All Letters, Newspapers, &c., for the above places intended for the New York Route should be addressed (*via New York.*)

A Postmaster having letters, &c., so addressed to mail, will mail them for whichever of the six City Offices above named, may best suit the purpose as regards the relative position of his own Office and New York.

Registration of Newspapers and Books for United Kingdom.

2. A Packet of Newspapers, or of Books, addressed to the United Kingdom may be sent *registered* on pre-payment by Postage Stamp of the same registration charge as on letters for the same destination, namely, 8 cents in addition to the regular postage.

Partially Prepaid Letters.

3. In applying the 7 cent unpaid rate to letters passing within the Province posted unpaid or not fully prepaid—Postmasters will observe that a letter passes either as prepaid at 5 cents per ½ oz., on condition that the whole postage due be fully prepaid —or at 7 cents per ½ oz. if posted unpaid, or only partly prepaid—in the latter case the full rate of 7 cts. per ½ oz. should be marked and a deduction made therefrom of the amount which may have been paid —thus on an ounce letter prepaid 5 cents only—the rate will be 14 cents and crediting the 5 cents paid —9 cents will remain to be charged, and collected on delivery.

The object of the 7 cent unpaid rate, is to induce pre-payment and thereby relieve the Post Office from cost and trouble of account and collection, but this object is equally defeated whether the letter be wholly unpaid, or but partially prepaid—and therefore the 7 cent rate applies to the whole charge upon the letter in both cases.

In the case of letters to or from the United States, no credit is given for any partial pre-payment of the 10 cent rate—By the United States Post Office Law, any amount of partial pre-payment is forfeited and the letter rated as if wholly unpaid.

Bill, Law and Registration Stamps.

4. Postmasters intrusted with the sale of Bill, Law, or Registration Stamps (stamps to be used in Lower Canada in paying fees on Deeds, &c., in Registry Offices) are required to be careful to keep their accounts and remittances connected with such sales, and the applications for further supplies of such stamps, entirely distinct from their accounts, remittances, and applications in connection with Postage Revenue, Postage Stamps, or Money Order business.

Notice to Public of Office and Mail Hours.

5. Postmasters are reminded that, at every Post Office, a printed or written notice stating the time at which the Mails arrive and close, and the hours for opening the Office in the morning and closing in the evening, should be put up for the information of the public.

Letters posted without Address, &c.

6. When letters are posted without address, or for any other reason, cannot be forwarded by Mail, they are to be sent by first post to the Postmaster General, but before doing so Postmasters should see that they are postmarked, and that the reason for sending them to the Postmaster General is written upon them.

Too late Letters.

7. When a letter is posted at an office after the despatch of the Mail for which it is intended, but on the same day, the Postmaster should mark it opposite the post mark, either by stamp or with pen and ink "TOO LATE" to shew that the letter was posted too late for the Mail of the day of which it bears the post mark.

Newspapers for delivery not to be read in Post Offices.

8. Postmasters should be careful not to open or read themselves, nor to suffer to be opened or read by any other than the person addressed, any Newspaper or Periodical passing through their Offices or coming to their Offices, for delivery. The practice of allowing Newspapers or Periodicals to be so opened or read, is very reprehensible, and leads to abuses and complaints, even when the irregularity is alleged to take place with the permission of the person to whom the Newspaper or Periodical may be addressed.

Book—Manuscript and Printers' Proofs.

9. In Department Order No. 65, dated 24 Nov., 1863, permission was given for Book—Manuscript, and Printers' Proofs, whether corrected or not, to pass at the printed matter rate of one cent an ounce, and it now appears to be necessary to explain to Postmasters, that by Book—Manuscript, was meant the written sheets of any Book, and the intention was to encourage literary productions, by affording facilities for Authors to send and receive such matter to and from their publishers by Post. Printers' Proofs are the printed impressions taken by a Printer, for correction or examination, of any matter passing through his Press. Under former regulations the written marks correcting such proofs rendered them liable to letter postage when sent by Mail, and the intention of the Department Order referred to was, to relax the rule in favor of such proofs, and allow them when corrected, to retain their character as printed matter, and pass at printed matter rates of charge.

H. L. LANGEVIN, Postmaster-General.

367dw9-tf

PROVINCE OF CANADA,

J. MICHEL.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.,

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may concern—

GREETING:

WHEREAS, DURING THE NIGHT of the eighteenth day of January, now last past, or thereabouts, the office of William H. Campbell, the Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Distributor of Law Stamps in the town of Brockville, in and for the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville in our province of Canada, (the said office then being in the Court House of the said United Counties,) was clandestinely entered by some evil disposed person or persons, and a quantity of Law Stamps, of a large value, as well as a sum of money, then and there being, were then and there feloniously stolen, taken and carried away: Now know ye, that

A REWARD

OF

Two Hundred Dollars

of the current money of our said province, will be paid to any person or persons, not being the actual offender or offenders, who will give such information as will lead to the discovery, apprehension and conviction of the perpetrator or perpetrators of the offence above described.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of our said province of Canada to be hereunto affixed: WITNESS, Our Trusty and Well-Beloved SIR JOHN MICHEL, K. C. B., Administrator of the Government of our province of Canada, and Lieutenant General Commanding our Forces therein, &c., &c., &c. At our Government House, in our CITY of OTTAWA, in our said province of Canada, the EIGHTH day of FEBRUARY, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and in the thirtieth year of our Reign.

By Command,

E. A. MEREDITH, Asst. Secretary.

d&w

NOTICE.

VOLUNTEERS

AND OTHERS INTERESTED, ARE notified that the Executive Council have authorized the

ISSUE OF THE

Pensions and Gratuities,

Which have been recommended in accordance with the terms of an

ORDER IN COUNCIL

DATED 21st AUGUST, 1866

BY THE

Board of Officers assembled to Investigate and Report upon Claims for Pensions and Gratuities, on account of Volunteers Killed or Disabled by Wounds and Sickness, on Actual Service.

A list of the names has this day been published in the *Canada Gazette*, by the Receiver-General, who will pay the several persons entitled to receive the amounts awarded, upon compliance with the requirements of the Act 22 Vic., Chap. 6, Consolidated Statutes of Upper Canada.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT, Ottawa, February 2, 1867. d353-w7tf

At a Council held in the City of Montreal on Saturday, the 8th day of December, 1866.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF the Hon. the Commissioner of Public Works, and under and in virtue of the eighty-fifth section of the twenty-eighth chapter Consolidated Statutes of Canada, His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the following tolls be imposed, levied and collected on saw logs and timber passing down the slides at Ranney's Falls, Middle Falls and Bealy's Falls, or the works of the River Trent, that is to say: one cent per saw log of thirteen feet in length, and a proportionate sum on pieces of greater length, passing down each of the above mentioned slides respectively. And that the above toll of one cent per saw log be collected and paid for each such slide on all such saw logs, and of one dollar per crib on all such cribs of square timber as have passed down the River Trent from the beginning the present season of navigation.

W. A. HIMSWORTH, Asst. C. E. C.

312tf

DRUGS, &c.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries,

Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Drugs, Paints, Glassware, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries.

Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Dye Goods, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Veterinary Sundries.

Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by

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RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES.

BRYAN'S

PULMONIC WAFERS

THE ORIGINAL MEDICINE ESTABlished in 1837, and first article of the kind ever introduced under the name of "*Pulmonic Wafers*," in this or any other country; all other Pulmonic Wafers are counterfeits. The genuine be known by the name BRYAN being stamped WAFER.

Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Hoarseness.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Spitting of Blood, Pains in the Chest.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Incipient Consumption, Lung Diseases.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve Irritation of Uvula and Tonsils.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Relieve the above complaints in ten minutes.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are a blessing to all Classes and Constitutions.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are adapted for Vocalists and Public Speakers.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are in simple form and pleasant to the taste.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Not only relieve but effect rapid and lasting cures.
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Are warranted to give satisfaction to every one.
No family should be without a box of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in the house.
No traveller should be without a supply of
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
in his pocket.
No person will ever object to give for
Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers
Twenty-five Cents.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor, New York.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C.W.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, W. M. Massey, H. F. McCarthy, and Joseph Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa Feb. 5, 1867. 350dw6m

Among the most important of modern Medical Discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER HAS now been before the public for a length of time, and whenever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions are properly followed; but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it; Physicians order and use it; and no family will without it after once trying it.

Price twenty-five cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, C. W., General Agents for C. W.

So by Geo. Mortimer, John Roberts, W Massey H. F. McCarthy, and J. Skinner, in Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 5, 1867. 350ydw

BRISTOL'S

SARSAPARILLA!

IN QUART BOTTLES!

THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD

Is particularly recommended for use

DURING THE SPRING AND SUMMER

WHEN THE BLOOD IS THICK, THE circulation clogged, and the humors of the body rendered unhealthy by the heavy and greasy secretions of the winter months. This safe, though powerful detergent, cleanses every portion of the system, and should be

USED DAILY AS A DIET DRINK,

By all who are sick, or who wish to prevent sickness. It is the only genuine or original preparation for the permanent cure of the most dangerous and confirmed cases of

Scrofula, Old Sores, Boils, Tumors, Abscesses, Ulcers;

And every kind of Scrofulous and Scabious eruptions. It is also a sure remedy for

SALT RHEUM, RING WORM, TETTER SCALD HEAD AND SCURVEY.

It is guaranteed to be the purest and most powerful preparation of

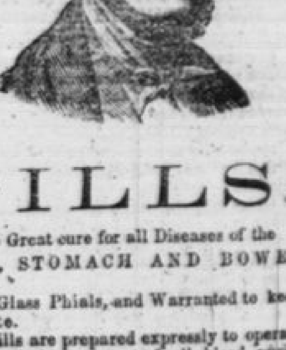
GENUINE HONDURAS SARSAPARILLA,

And is the only true and reliable cure for Syphilis, even in its worst forms.

It is the very best medicine for the cure of all diseases arising from a vitiated or impure state of the blood, and particularly so when used in connection with

BRISTOL'S

(Vegetable) Sugar-Coated



PILLS.

The Great cure for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH AND BOWELS

Put up in Glass Phials, and Warranted to keep any climate.

These Pills are prepared expressly to operate in harmony with that greatest of all blood purifiers, BRISTOL'S SARSAPARILLA, in cases arising from depraved humors, or impure blood. The most helpless sufferers need not despair. Under the influence of these two GREAT REMEDIES, maladies that have heretofore been considered utterly incurable, disappear quickly and permanently. In the following diseases, these Pills are the safest, the quickest, and the best remedy ever prepared, and should be at once resorted to;

Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Liver Complaints, Constipation, Headache, and Piles.

Bristol's Sarsaparilla, and Bristol's Sugar-Coated Pills are for sale by all Druggists everywhere Sold in Ottawa by John Roberts, Dr. Garvey, H.F. MacCarthy, J. Jennings, W. M. Massey, and Geo. Mortimer. 48utf

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